

Directory Permission Bits

Following up from lecture on Tuesday, what impact does directory read and execute bits have? Here's my experiment:

• Create two directories: **test-no-r** and **test-no-x**.

Create one file in each directory, hello.txt.



```
$ ls -la

d-wx--x--x 2 waf waf 4096 Nov 3 11:20 test-no-r

drw-r--r-- 2 waf waf 4096 Nov 3 11:20 test-no-x
```



\$ ls test-no-r

ls: cannot open directory 'test-no-r': Permission denied

\$ 1s test-no-x

ls: cannot access 'test-no-x/hello.txt': Permission denied hello.txt



\$ cat test-no-r/hello.txt

Hello world!

\$ cat test-no-x/hello.txt

cat: test-no-x/hello.txt: Permission denied



Directory Permission Bits

• r bit:

• x bit:





Caching is critical across all parts of computer systems. We have already seen two forms of caching already:

1.

2







```
GET /lecture.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n
[...]
```



```
GET /lecture.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n
[...]
```



```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
Date: Wed, 03 Nov 2021 16:31:20 GMT\r\n
Last-Modified: Tue, 01 Sep 2020 17:07:47 GMT\r\n
ETag: "8073356a8280d61:0"\r\n
Content-Length: 25725\r\n
```

 $[\ldots]$



```
GET /lecture.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n
If-None-Match: "8073356a8280d61:0"\r\n
[...]
```



```
GET /lecture.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n
If-None-Match: "8073356a8280d61:0"\r\n
[...]
```

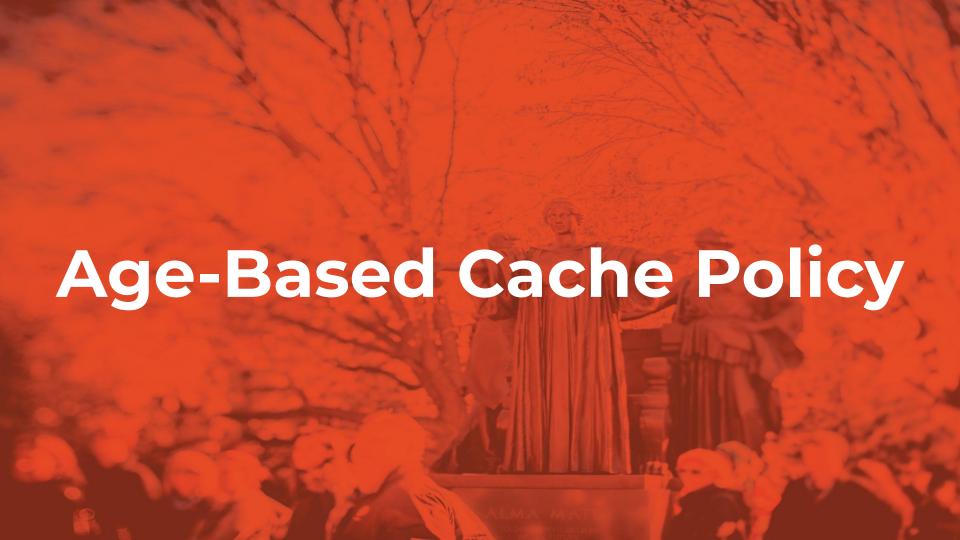


```
HTTP/1.1 304 Not Modified\r\n
[...]
```



Q: If you visit a webpage 100 times a day, how many times would you need to check the ETag?





```
GET /lecture.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n
[...]
```



```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
Cache-Control: public, max-age=31919000\r\n
Age: 6745054\r\n
[...]
```



```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
Cache-Control: public, max-age=31919000\r\n
Age: 6745054\r\n
[...]
```



Q: If you visit a webpage 100 times a day, how many times would you need to request the cached file?



ETag Caching	Age-Based Caching
Best Used For:	Best Used For:
Drawbacks:	Drawbacks:
T	



Usage Category	Cost
o GiB - 1 GiB	\$0.00
	First GiB is free!
1 GiB - 10 TiB	\$0.09 per GiB

Suppose you're running a website that sends 100,000 HTTP packets /day where your average packet headers of 0.1 KiB and the content is 200 KiB.



1. How much bandwidth would be used in a 31-day month?



2. How much would that bandwidth cost on AWS?



3. You implement ETag caching and you find that your server has a cache-hit rate of 50%. How much bandwidth and money would you save?



4. You implement age-based caching and you find that your server has a cache-hit rate of 50%. How much bandwidth and money would you save?

