

# Authentication and Identity Providers

## Use Case 10

Add two different identity providers and authenticate users from both communities.

#hub-spoke-model #fleet-management #Authentication #Authorization #identity



Red Hat  
OpenShift



Red Hat Advanced  
Cluster Management



# Access Your cluster!

## X.509 Certificate

```
$ export KUBECONFIG=/home/user/auth/kubeconfig
$ oc get nodes
```

you can use the `--kubeconfig` option of the `oc` command.

```
$ oc --kubeconfig /home/user/auth/kubeconfig get
nodes
```

## Kubeadmin

After installation completes, OpenShift creates the `kubeadmin` virtual user.

```
...output omitted...
INFO The cluster is ready when 'oc login -u
kubeadmin -p XYZ'
...output omitted...
```

## Deleting `kubeadmin` [Virtual User]

A `kubeadmin` user with cluster-admin role needs to be deleted after you configure your providers and grant cluster-admin role to user[s].

```
38 $ oc delete secret kubeadmin -n kube-system
```

## Identity Providers

### The Authentication Operator

It runs an OAuth server

An identity provider must be configured and available to the OAuth server.

Multiple providers can be configured at the same time

Examples: HTPasswd, LDAP, and OpenID Connect

```
$ htpasswd -c -B -b /tmp/htpasswd user1 redhat123
$ htpasswd -b /tmp/htpasswd user2 redhat1234
```

```
$ oc create secret generic htpasswd-secret \
  --from-file htpasswd=/tmp/htpasswd -n openshift-config
```

Update the OAuth CRD instance and wait for OAuth pods to restart.

```
apiVersion: config.openshift.io/
v1
kind: OAuth
metadata:
  name: cluster
spec:
  identityProviders:
    - name: my_htpasswd_provider
      mappingMethod: claim
      type: HTPasswd
      htpasswd:
        fileName:
          name: htpasswd-secret
```



# Use Case Catalog

## Day 1

1. [UC01](#): Cluster as a service
2. [UC02](#): VM as a service
3. [UC03](#): Namespace as a service
4. [UC04](#): Container as a service
5. [UC05](#): Cloud native as a service
6. [UC06](#): VM migration as a service
7. [UC07](#): Baseline Configuration
8. [UC08](#): Custom Policies
9. [UC09](#): Control Policy Scope
10. [UC10](#): AuthN and Identity Providers
11. [UC11](#): Authorization and RBAC
12. [UC12](#): Zero Trust enforcement
13. [UC13](#): Workload network policies

## Day 2

14. [UC14](#): Cross provider connectivity
15. [UC15](#): Hybrid workload
16. [UC16](#): Workload scalability
17. [UC17](#): Cluster autoscaling
18. [UC18](#): Metrics and Logging
19. [UC19](#): Network graphs
20. [UC20](#): Policy violation dashboard
21. [UC21](#): Day 2 Operations
22. [UC22](#): Cluster upgrades
23. [UC23](#): Developer onboarding
24. [UC24](#): Trusted SW supply chain

## Day 3 (hands-on workshop)

25. [UC25](#): Node Resiliency
26. [UC26](#): Cluster and site resiliency
27. [UC27](#): Backup & Restore

### Hands-on labs

1. [UC02](#): VM as a service
2. [UC04](#): Container as a service
3. [UC06](#): VM migration as a service
4. [UC11](#): Authorization and RBAC
5. [UC12](#): Zero Trust enforcement
6. [UC16](#): Workload scalability
7. [UC24](#): Trusted SW supply chain

