

Building developer tooling with



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<https://github.com/waf/>

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for 'waf / CSharpRepl'. The repository is public and has 11 watchers, 853 stars, and 28 forks. The main branch is 'main'. The repository contains several files and folders, including '.github', '.vscode', 'CSharpRepl.Services', 'CSharpRepl.Tests', and 'CSharpRepl'. The 'About' section describes the project as a command line C# REPL with syntax highlighting, designed for exploring the language, libraries, and NuGet packages interactively. It also mentions the 'global-tool' tag and the 'MPL-2.0 License'.

waf / CSharpRepl Public

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Code Issues 6 Pull requests Discussions Actions Security Insights

main Go to file Add file Code

About

A command line C# REPL with syntax highlighting – explore the language, libraries and nuget packages interactively.

cli csharp dotnet repl global-tool

Readme

MPL-2.0 License

File/Folder	Description	Time
.github	update release GitHub Action script	2 months ago
.vscode	Fix project/solution references on non-windo...	3 months ago
CSharpRepl.Services	add unit tests for dotnet installation locator	2 months ago
CSharpRepl.Tests	add unit tests for dotnet installation locator	2 months ago
CSharpRepl	Release version 0.3.4	2 months ago

Roslyn

The .NET Compiler Platform

- Microsoft's compiler for C# and Visual Basic (.NET)
- Released in 2014
- <https://github.com/dotnet/roslyn>

— — —

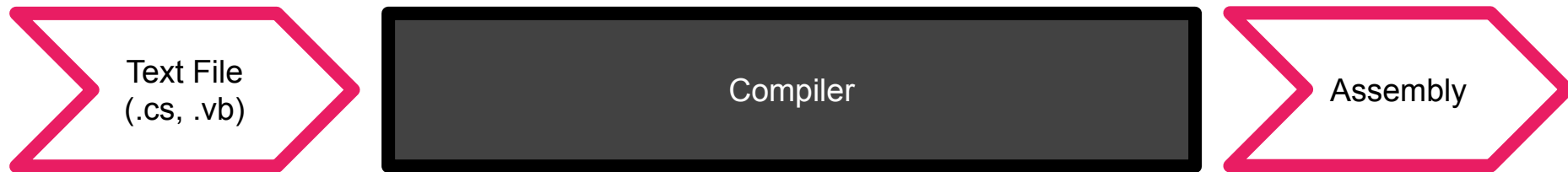
this presentation

- Overview of various Roslyn APIs
- How to use these APIs to create your own tooling

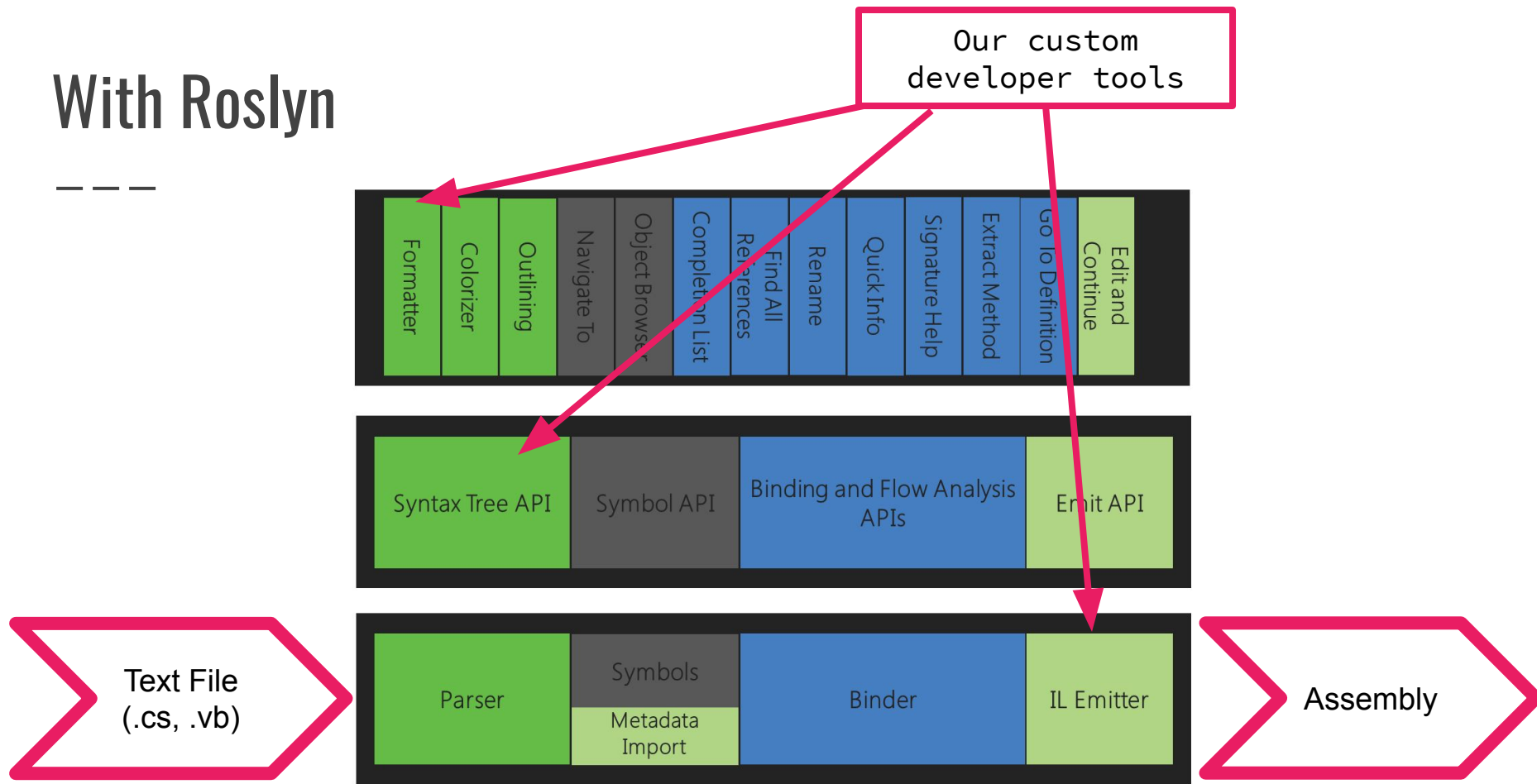
— — —

Before Roslyn

— — —



With Roslyn



With Roslyn

— — —

Compiler API

Analyze, modify, and compile code

Workspace API

Analyze, modify, and compile solutions

Diagnostic API

Create your own compiler warnings and suggested fixes

Scripting API

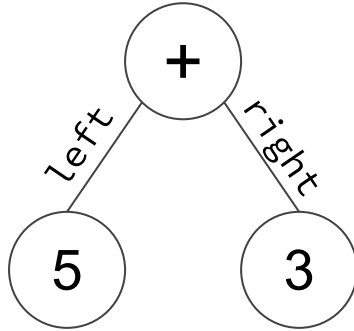
Run C# code as a script (e.g. C# Interactive)

Compiler API

We saw this in the previous Source Generator presentation!
([link](#))

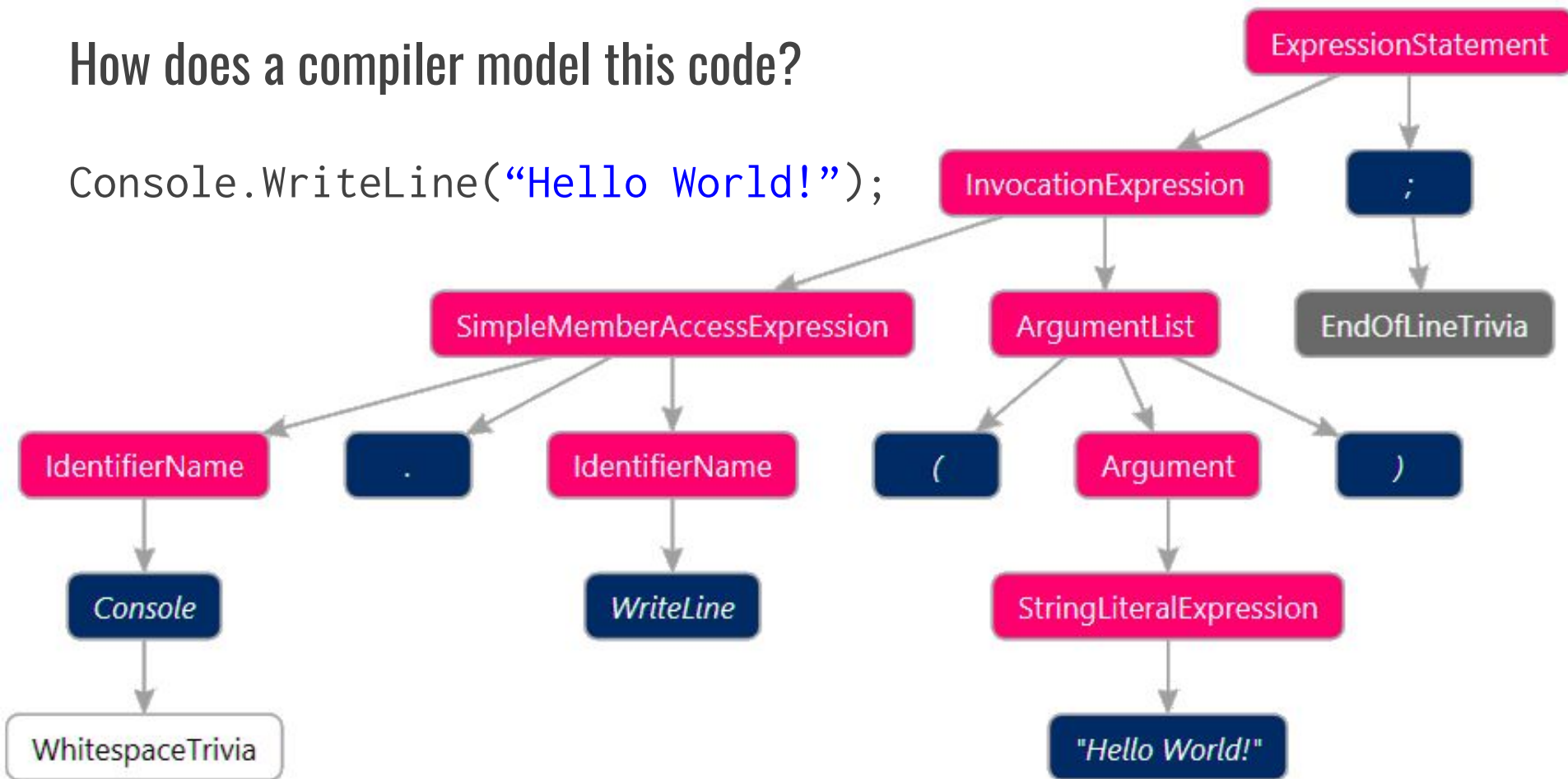
How does a compiler model this code?

5 + 3



How does a compiler model this code?

`Console.WriteLine("Hello World!");`



sharplab.io

**We can use Roslyn's understanding of our code, along with LINQ,
to query our program's structure.**

A simple program analysis: What message are we printing?

— — —

```
SyntaxTree tree = CSharpSyntaxTree  
    .ParseText(@"Console.WriteLine(""Hello World!"");");
```

```
SyntaxNode root = tree.GetRoot();
```

```
var message = root  
    .DescendantNodes()  
    .OfType<LiteralExpressionSyntax>()  
    .Single();
```

```
message.Token.ValueText
```

```
“Hello World!”
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Hello World!");
```



```
Console.WriteLine("Hello Roslyn!");
```

```
var message = ... // old message from previous slide
```

```
var newMessage = SyntaxFactory.LiteralExpression(  
    SyntaxKind.StringLiteralExpression,  
    SyntaxFactory.Literal("Hello Roslyn!")  
);
```

```
SyntaxNode newProgram = root.ReplaceNode(message, newMessage);
```

```
string output = newProgram.ToFullString();
```

```
"Console.WriteLine(\"Hello Roslyn!\");"
```

How have we used the Compiler API?

— — —

```
public class FlightType
{
    public static readonly FlightType OneWay =
        new FlightType("OneWay", someConfigData);

    public static readonly FlightType Return =
        new FlightType("Return", otherConfigData);

    // other flight types defined, too.
}

// in some other class...
if (selectedFlightType == FlightType.OneWay)
{
    // do a one-way flight search
}
```


How have we used the Compiler API?

- Test data for unit tests used to be a bit of a mess

```
var flight = new Flight
{
    Airline = someAirline,
    FlightNumber = flightNumber,
    Price = somePrice
}
```



```
var flight =
    TestFlight.Build(...)
```

How have we used the Compiler API?

- <https://github.com/Jetabroad/NUnitToXunit>
- [CSharpSyntaxRewriter](#)

```
[TestFixture]
```

```
public class MyTest
```

```
{
```

```
    [SetUp]
```

```
    public void MySetupMethod()
```

```
    {
```

```
        // some setup code here
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```



```
public class MyTest
```

```
{
```

```
    public MyTest()
```

```
    {
```

```
        // some setup code here
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

The Pareto Principle is your friend when making changes across a large codebase.

The hardest 20% of the code takes 80% of the time

Automating only 80% of the work across a large code base is still a huge win.

Workspace API

Workspace API

— — —

```
string solutionPath = @"path\to\MySolution.sln";  
var solution = await MSBuildWorkspace  
    .Create()  
    .OpenSolutionAsync(solutionPath);  
  
var files =  
    from project in solution.Projects  
    from document in project.Documents  
    select $"{project.Name}: {document.Name}";
```

“Find All References”

— — —

```
Document document = solution.Projects.First().Documents.First();
```

```
// get the first method declaration
```

```
MethodDeclarationSyntax method = document  
    .GetSyntaxRoot().DescendentNodes()  
    .OfType<MethodDeclarationSyntax>()  
    .First();
```

```
// find all references to that method in the solution
```

```
var model = await document.GetSemanticModelAsync();
```

```
var methodSymbol = model.GetSymbolInfo(method);
```

```
var references = await SymbolFinder.FindReferencesAsync(methodSymbol, solution);
```

How have we used the Workspace API?

```
public class Serializer
{
    public byte[] Serialize(object obj) => ...
}
```

```
#if UNIT_TEST
public class SerializerTests
{
    [Fact]
    public void Serialize_WithNull_ThrowsException => ...
}
#endif
```

Syntax Highlighting

— — —

- [Classifier API](#)
- Demo

Diagnostic API

```
const string a = "hello";  
const string b = "world";  
string message = string.Format("{0} {1}!", a, b);
```

Replace string.Format with interpolated string ▶

Convert to interpolated string

```
...  
const string b = "world";  
string message = string.Format("{0} {1}!", a, b);  
string message = $"{a} {b}!";  
...
```

[Preview changes](#)

How to use it?

- DiagnosticAnalyzer and CodeFixProvider
- Can be distributed as a NuGet package or a Visual Studio Extension
- Great documentation:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/roslyn-sdk/tutorials/how-to-write-csharp-analyzer-code-fix>

Scripting API

Demo: Build your own REPL

Enhancements for our REPL

— — —

- Add a nice set of default usings and assembly references.
- MetadataReferenceResolver: support referencing assemblies, nuget libraries, projects, solutions via "#r" syntax.
- SourceReferenceResolver: support importing files via "#load" syntax
- Synchronize our typed code with the Workspace API to provide:
 - Syntax Highlighting
 - Intellisense documentation
- Use the Semantic API to "power-up" our REPL's understanding of the code.

Interested? Check out these projects

— — —

- <https://github.com/waf/CSharpRepl>
 - C# command line REPL with syntax highlighting
- <https://github.com/dotnet/interactive>
 - Run C# code interactively (e.g. via notebooks). Powers <https://github.com/jonsequitur/dotnet-repl>
- <https://github.com/filipw/dotnet-script>
 - Run C# code as a script
- <https://github.com/OmniSharp/omnisharp-roslyn>
 - C# support for various editors (like vs code and vim) powered by roslyn

