

#### **REPORT:**

Library Management System with a combination of stacks and queues for book issuing and returning.

### Submitted by:

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#### **Introduction:**

The Library Management System is designed to efficiently manage the issuing and returning of books using data structures: stacks and queues. The system allows users to issue books, return them, and view issued and returned books. This project is implemented in C and utilizes a stack to manage issued books and a queue to handle returned books.

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#### **Objectives:**

- To implement an efficient book issuing and returning mechanism.
- To maintain the sequence of book returns using a queue.
- To provide a simple user interface for library operations.

#### System Design: The system employs two key data structures:

- **Stack**: Used to store issued books in a Last-In-First-Out (LIFO) manner.
- **Queue**: Used to store returned books in a First-In-First-Out (FIFO) manner.

#### **Functionalities**: The system provides the following functionalities:

- 1. **Issue a Book**: Adds a book to the issued stack.
- 2. **Return a Book**: Removes a book from the issued stack and adds it to the returned queue.
- 3. **View Issued Books**: Displays the books currently issued.
- 4. **View Returned Books**: Displays the books that have been returned.
- 5. Exit: Closes the

**FIGURE:** Library Management System with a combination of stacks and queues for book issuing and returning

#### **Features**

- Book Issuing and Returning
- View Issued Books and Returned Books
- User-Friendly Menu
- Efficient Storage

# **Input:** The implementation is done in C programming language with the following key components:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 5 // Maximum capacity of stack and queue
typedef struct {
    char title[50];
} Book;
typedef struct {
   Book books[MAX];
    int top;
} Stack;
typedef struct {
   Book books[MAX];
    int front, rear, count;
} Queue;
void push(Stack *s, Book book);
Book pop(Stack *s);
void enqueue(Queue *q, Book book);
Book dequeue(Queue *q);
void displayIssuedBooks(Stack *s);
void displayReturnedBooks(Queue *q);
void menu();
int main() {
    Stack issuedBooks = {.top = -1};
    Queue returnedBooks = {.front = 0, .rear = -1, .count = 0};
    int choice;
       menu();
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &choice);
    Book book;
    switch (choice) {
            if (issuedBooks.top == MAX - 1) {
                printf("Issue limit reached! Cannot issue more books.\n");
                printf("Enter book ID: ");
                scanf("%d", &book.id);
                printf("Enter book title: ");
                scanf(" %[^\n]", book.title); // Read string with spaces
                push(&issuedBooks, book);
                printf("Book issued successfully.\n");
            break;
        case 2:
            if (issuedBooks.top == -1) {
                printf("No books issued yet!\n");
                book = pop(&issuedBooks);
                enqueue(&returnedBooks, book);
                printf("Book '%s' returned successfully.\n", book.title);
            break;
        case 3:
            displayIssuedBooks(&issuedBooks);
            break:
            displayReturnedBooks(&returnedBooks);
            break;
        case 5:
            printf("Exiting the system...\n");
            break;
        default:
            printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");
} while (choice != 5);
return 0;
```

```
void push(Stack *s, Book book) {
    s->top++;
    s->books[s->top] = book;
Book pop(Stack *s) {
    return s->books[s->top--];
void enqueue(Queue *q, Book book) {
    if (q->count == MAX) {
        printf("Return queue is full!\n");
        return;
    q \rightarrow rear = (q \rightarrow rear + 1) \% MAX;
    q->books[q->rear] = book;
    q->count++;
Book dequeue(Queue *q) {
    if (q->count == 0) {
        printf("No returned books available.\n");
        Book empty = {-1, "None"};
        return empty;
    Book book = q->books[q->front];
    q \rightarrow front = (q \rightarrow front + 1) \% MAX;
    q->count--;
    return book;
void displayIssuedBooks(Stack *s) {
    if (s->top == -1) {
        printf("No books issued yet.\n");
        return;
    printf("Issued Books (Most recent first):\n");
    for (int i = s \rightarrow top; i >= 0; i--) {
```

```
printf("ID: %d, Title: %s\n", s->books[i].id, s->books[i].title);
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void displayReturnedBooks(Queue *q) {
    if (q->count == 0) {
        printf("No books returned yet.\n");
        return;
    printf("Returned Books (Oldest first):\n");
    int index = q->front;
    for (int i = 0; i < q \rightarrow count; i++) {
        printf("ID: %d, Title: %s\n", q->books[index].id, q->books[index].title);
        index = (index + 1) \% MAX;
void menu() {
   printf("\n=== Library Management System ===\n");
    printf("1. Issue a Book\n");
    printf("2. Return a Book\n");
    printf("3. View Issued Books\n");
    printf("4. View Returned Books\n");
    printf("5. Exit\n");
```

#### **Structures Used:**

- Book: Represents a book with an ID and title.
- Stack: Manages issued books.
- Queue: Manages returned books.

#### **Key Functions:**

- Push (Stack \*s, Book book): Issues a book by adding it to the stack.
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- Pop (Stack \*s): Returns a book by removing it from the stack.
- Enqueue (Queue \*q, Book book): Adds a returned book to the queue.
- Dequeue (Queue \*q): Removes a returned book from the queue.
- DisplayIssuedBooks (Stack \*s): Displays all issued books.
- DisplayReturnedBooks (Queue \*q): Displays all returned books.
- Menu (): Displays the main menu options.

**Code Overview**: The following is an overview of the main logic of the system:

- A stack (issuedBooks) is initialized to store issued books.
- A queue (returnedBooks) is initialized to store returned books.
- The main () function provides an interactive menu for user actions.
- The system ensures that books are issued up to a maximum capacity and returned in the correct sequence.

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
=== Library Management System ===

1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter book ID: 1
Enter book title: DATA STRUCTURE
Book issued successfully.
=== Library Management System ===
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Issued Books (Most recent first):
ID: 1, Title: DATA STRUCTURE
=== Library Management System ===
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Issued Books (Most recent first):
ID: 1, Title: DATA STRUCTURE
=== Library Management System ===
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: |
```

```
Enter your choice: 3
Issued Books (Most recent first):
ID: 1, Title: DATA STRUCTURE

=== Library Management System ===
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Book 'DATA STRUCTURE' returned successfully.

=== Library Management System ===
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Returned Books
6. View Returned Books
7. View Returned Books
8. View Returned Books
9. View Returned Books
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Returned Books (Oldest first):
ID: 1, Title: DATA STRUCTURE

=== Library Management System ===
1. Issue a Book
2. Return a Book
3. View Issued Books
4. View Returned Books
5. Exit
Enter your choice: |
```

#### **Results and Observations:**

- The system successfully maintains book issuing and returning operations.
- The stack ensures that the most recently issued book is the first to be returned.
- The queue maintains the correct order of returned books.
- The system prevents issuing beyond the maximum capacity and returning from an empty stack.

#### **Conclusion:**

This project demonstrates an efficient Library Management System using stacks and queues. It provides a structured way to manage book transactions, ensuring proper tracking of issued and returned books. Future enhancements may include database integration and user authentication for improved functionality.

#### **Future Enhancements:**

- Implementing a database for permanent storage.
- Adding a graphical user interface (GUI) for better usability.
- Introducing user authentication to track individual borrowers.
- Expanding the system to handle multiple categories of books.