1解. 计算可得

(5)
$$x dx = \frac{1}{2} d(x^2)$$
,

(7)
$$e^{2x} dx = \frac{1}{2} d(e^{2x}),$$

(9)
$$\sin \frac{3x}{2} dx = -\frac{2}{3} d(\cos \frac{3x}{2}),$$

(11)
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{x} = -\frac{1}{5} \,\mathrm{d}(3 - 5 \ln|x|),$$

(14)
$$\frac{x \, dx}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} = -1 \, d\left(\sqrt{1 - x^2}\right)$$
.

2.(1) 解. 计算可得

$$\int e^{5t} dt = \frac{1}{5} \int e^{5t} d(5t) = \frac{1}{5} e^{5t} + C.$$

2.(4) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\sqrt[3]{2-3x}} = \int (2-3x)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \, \mathrm{d}x = -\frac{1}{3} \int (2-3x)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \, \mathrm{d}(2-3x)$$
$$= -\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{2} (2-3x)^{\frac{2}{3}} + C = -\frac{1}{2} (2-3x)^{\frac{2}{3}} + C.$$

2.(6) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \frac{\sin \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{t}} dt = 2 \int \sin \sqrt{t} d\sqrt{t} = -2 \cos \sqrt{t} + C.$$

2.(10) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \frac{3x^3}{1-x^4} \, \mathrm{d}x = -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{1-x^4} \, \mathrm{d}(1-x^4) = -\frac{3}{4} \ln|1-x^4| + C.$$

2.(11) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \frac{x+1}{x^2+2x+5} \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+2x+5} \, \mathrm{d}(x^2+2x+5) = \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2+2x+5) + C.$$

2.(13) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^3 x} dx = \int \cos^{-3} x \cdot \sin x dx = -\int \cos^{-3} x d\cos x$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos^{-2} x + C = \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 x + C.$$

2.(15) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \tan^{10} x \cdot \sec^2 x \, dx = \int \tan^{10} x \, d \tan x = \frac{1}{11} \tan^{11} x + C.$$

2.(34) 解. 计算可得

$$\int \frac{dx}{(x+1)(x-2)} = \frac{1}{3} \int \left(\frac{1}{x-2} - \frac{1}{x+1}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\ln|x-2| - \ln|x+1|\right) + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \ln\left|\frac{x-2}{x+1}\right| + C.$$