

Important Points of (First Year)

1. The first Governor General of Pakistan was Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah
2. The last Viceroy of India was Lord Mount batten
3. Pakistan Resolution was passed on 23rd March 1940 at Lahore.
4. The name Pakistan was coined / invented by Chaudhri Rahmet Ali in 1933.
5. Quaid-i-Azam founded the newspaper called “Dawn”.
6. The population of Pakistan was seventy million at the time of independence.
7. Pakistan was the greatest Muslim and fifth largest nation of the world.
8. Birkenhead was a troopship which was carrying soldiers and their families to South Africa.
9. There were 630 people on the Birkenhead of which 170 were women and children.
10. Birkenhead struck with hidden rock 64 Km in away from Cape Town on 25th Feb 1851 at 2 O'clock in early morning.
11. After collision the front part of split ship sank first.
12. There were only three life boats in useful condition on Birkenhead. Each of which could carry 60 passengers.
13. 436 men died in Birkenhead tragedy.
14. Birkenhead Drill is the rule followed on all the ships that are in danger. It means women and children first.
15. The United Nation was formed in April 1945 after the second world war.
16. UN Day is celebrated on 24th October every year.
17. Principal organ of UN is General Assembly where every member nation is represented.
18. Security Council is made up of 15 members.
19. There are five permanent members of Security Council i.e. USA, UK, China, France, Russia.
20. Every permanent member of Security Council has a Veto.
21. The Chief Officer of UN is Secretary General. He is selected for five years by General Assembly.
22. The Head Quarter of UN is in New York. The working staff is about 3500 there. There is staff of about 3500 working there.
23. UNICEF works for children.
24. WHO works in the field of Health.
25. FAO deals with hunger.
26. UNESCO works in the field of education science and culture.
27. The author Stephen Leacock wanted to deposit 56 dollars in the bank.
28. His salary was raised to 50 dollars.
29. He made the mistake of writing 56 dollars instead of writing 6 dollars.
30. There was roar of laughter when he left the bank.
31. James Clerk Maxwell discovered the principles of wireless communication.
32. According to Maxwell the speed of light and wireless waves was 299792.5 Km/sec.
33. Henrich Hertz discovered wireless waves.
34. Wireless waves were once called Hertzian waves.
35. Marconi invented radio.
36. 1903 a ship used radio waves for the first time to sent distress signals.

37. Radar can locate the position of an object using radio waves.
38. Radio telescope can detect far away galaxies and stars.
39. Pilatre de Rozier went up in a hot air balloon for the first time in history on October 15, 1783.
40. German Scientist Otto invented internal combustion engine in 1876.
41. The first Human flight by Aero plane was conducted on 17th December 1903 by two brothers named Orville and Wilbur Wright.
42. Reconnaissance aero plane finds out what is happening in enemy's territory.
43. Salem wrote to David on the advice of his father Mr. Salem.
44. Carols are traditional Christmas songs.
45. Easter is celebrated in April.
46. Governess knew about the real story of Carnogates family because she herself was a Carnogate.
47. Governess Amalie fell ill after Christmas.
48. Wovels howl on the death of a member of Gernogratz family.
49. Anglo Saxon or old English remained the language of England from 450 AD to 1150 AD.
50. Middle English is also used as standard English.
51. Besides English Irish, Welsh and Scottish are also spoken in Britain.
52. Yacht is a Dutch word.
53. Experiment is practical way of testing fact.
54. Robbery and murder was committed in Newcastle.
55. Count of Morcerf was tried in Chamber of Duptyes for handing over the fortress of Yanina to Turles.
56. The real name of Count of Morcerf was Fernand Mondego.
57. The real name of Countess of Morcerf was Mercedes.
58. The real name of count of Monte Cristo was Edmand Dantes.
59. Albert was son of count of Morcerf.
60. Beuchamp was a news paper editor and a friend of Albert.
61. Duel was a fight two person to settle old disputes.
62. Albert and count of Monte Cristo were supported to fight a duel.
63. Beuchamp act as Albert's second and Morel as Count of Monte Cristo's second.
64. Count of Morcerf lived at Rue de Helder and Count of Monte Cristo at Champ Elysses in Paris.
65. Professor Henry Corrie was brother of Mr. Meldon. Her son was Eddie. Eddie was killed in Ware.
66. Professor Henry Corrie invented a bomb. He was a scientist.
67. The real name of Mr. Meldon was Charlotte.
68. Mr. Meldon killed her brother because he refused to suppress his invention.
69. 'Under the Greenwood Tree' is written by William Shakespeare.
70. 'Character of Happy Man' is written by Thomas Watton.
71. 'Lucy Gray' and 'Sonnet Composed upon West Minster Bridge' are written by William Words Worth.
72. 'The Lay of the Last Minstrel' is written by Sir Walter Scott.
73. Abou Ben Adhem is written by Leigh Hunt.
74. 'Lines from Deserted Village' is written by Goldsmith.

75. 'Incident of French Camp' is written by Robert Browning.

Important Points of (Inter)

1. Twenty Minutes with Mrs. Oakentubb is written by Frank Arthur.
2. The scene of drama is set in a railway waiting room.
3. The woman in waiting room was Mrs. Oakentubb.
4. He wanted to Kill Mrs. Oakentubb because she Killed his wife and children.
5. They spent 20 minutes in waiting room because train for Straintherop was late.
6. He identified the woman in waiting room as Mrs. Oakentubb through label attached on her suitcase.
7. Reflection on the Reawakening of East is written by Bertrand Russell.
8. According to Russell there has been alternation of power between East and West.
9. Russell asked Asian Countries to avoid communism.
10. Russell is in favour of industrialization.
11. Russell is against joining any block.
12. Russell is not in favour of over mechanization.
13. 'The day the Dam Broke' is Written by James Thuber.
14. The rumour of dam break spread on 12th March 1913 in Columbus city.
15. The rumour started at High street at 12 O'Clock in the noon.
16. The rumour was quashed and order restored by the help of Militia Man.
17. Dr. Mallory mistook the sound of roller skates as sound of gushing water.
18. 'Pakistan and The Modern World' was a speech delivered by former Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan.
19. His Speech was delivered in 1950 at Kansas University .
20. Liaquat Ali Khan Says Muslims demanded a separate country of their own because they were different religiously, socially and economically from Hindu.
21. Pakistan had to start from scratch as it had neither flag nor army.
22. He put two duties of west i.e. to protect the new democracies and share their fund of knowledge.
23. 'The world As I See It' is written by Albert Einstein.
24. Einstein say we consume the labour of others so must give some thing return.
25. His ideals are truth, beauty and goodness.
26. He favours democracy. Einstein is against war.
27. 'The Devoted Friend' is written by Oscar Wilde.
28. Hans was devoted and sincere and Hugh the miller was selfish.
29. Miller promised to give a wheel barrow to little Hans.
30. Miller always sends Hans on his work but he never gave him promised wheel barrow.
31. Hans could not look after his garden.
32. Hans went to fetch doctor for Millers injured son.
33. Hans died because Miller refused to give him his lantern.
34. The Novel "Prisoner of Zenda" is written by Anthony Hope Hopkins.
35. Rudolf Rassendyll was an English gentleman.
36. Rassendyll had red hair and pointed nose.
37. Rudolf Rassendyll resembled the crown prince of Ruritania i.e. Rudolf Elphberg.
38. Rudolf Rassendyll went to Ruritania to attend the coronation ceremony of the crown prince.
39. Rudolf Rassendyll stayed in Zenda.
40. Rudolf Rassendyll and Rudolf Elphberg met in the forest of Zenda.
41. Duke Michael was half brother of Rudolf Elphberg.
42. Duke Michael could not get the throne of Ruritania because he was from morganatic marriage.
43. Rudolf Rassendyll was asked by Colonel Sapt to impersonate the king because Rudolf Elphberg was kidnapped by Michael.
44. Rudolf Rassendyll fell in love with Princess Flavia who was cousin of Rudolf Elphberg.
45. She was also next heir to throne.
46. Duke Michael sent his men to Kill Rudolf Rassendyll in summer House.
47. The letter was sent by De Mauban to Rassendyll.
48. Rupert was head of six killers hired by Michael.
49. Rudolf Elphberg was the 'Prisoner of Zenda'.
50. Michael was killed by Rupert who eyed De Mauban.
51. Rudolf Rassendyll freed the King and went to his country.

52. 'The Seven Ages of Man' is written by William Shakespeare. Shakespeare the world with stage every person plays seven different roles.
53. 'The Man Of Life Upright' is written by Thomas Campion.
54. 'Samson Agonists' is written by John Milton.
55. 'Elegy WRITTEN IN A COUNTRY CHURCH YARD' is written by Thomas Gray.
56. 'Solitary Reaper' is written by William words word.
57. 'Lines from Ulysses' is written by Alfred Lord Tennyson.
58. 'Music when soft voices Die' is written by Percy Bysshe shelly.
59. 'Say Struggle not Availth' is written by Arthur Hugh clough.
60. 'The Lost Star' is written by G. Allana