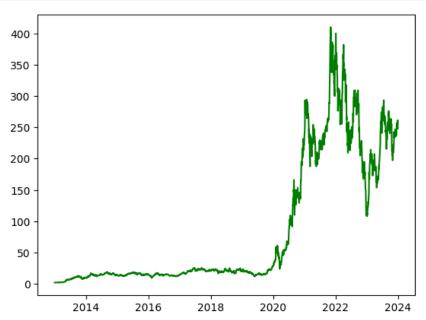
Importing the Modules

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import yfinance as yf
from neuralprophet import NeuralProphet
```

Reading and processing the Data

```
stock = input("Enter the stock symbol: ")# e.g 'TSLA',GOOG,APPL
start = input("Enter the start date (YYYY-MM-DD): ")#'2013-01-01'
end = input("Enter the end date (YYYY-MM-DD): ")#'2023-12-31'
data = yf.download(stock, start, end)
data.reset_index(inplace=True)
print(data.head())
Date
                                                                                          High
                                                                                                           Clo
                                                                                 0pen
                                                                                                    Low
    0 2013-01-02 2.333333 2.363326 2.313666 2.357333
                                                     2.357333 17920650
    1 2013-01-03 2.345333 2.363333 2.316666
                                           2.318000
                                                     2.318000
                                                              11129115
    2 2013-01-04 2.320000 2.320000 2.261333 2.293333
                                                    2.293333 10109895
    3 2013-01-07 2.320000 2.320000 2.260000 2.289333
                                                     2.289333
                                                              6628635
    4 2013-01-08 2.300000 2.300000 2.207333 2.245333
                                                     2.245333 19259775
stocks = data[['Date', 'Close']].copy()
stocks.columns = ['ds', 'y']
plt.plot(stocks['ds'], stocks['y'], label='actual', c='g')
plt.show()
```



Training the Model

```
model=NeuralProphet()
model.fit(stocks,freq="D")
```

```
WARNING - (NP.forecaster.fit) - When Global modeling with local normalizatio
WARNING:NP.forecaster:When Global modeling with local normalization, metrics
INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Major frequency B corresponds to 96.
INFO:NP.df_utils:Major frequency B corresponds to 96.351% of the data.
INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Defined frequency is equal to major
INFO:NP.df_utils:Defined frequency is equal to major frequency - D
INFO - (NP.config.init_data_params) - Setting normalization to global as onl
INFO:NP.config:Setting normalization to global as only one dataframe provide
INFO - (NP.utils.set_auto_seasonalities) - Disabling daily seasonality. Run
INFO:NP.utils:Disabling daily seasonality. Run NeuralProphet with daily_seas
INFO - (NP.config.set_auto_batch_epoch) - Auto-set batch_size to 64
INFO:NP.config:Auto-set batch_size to 64
INFO - (NP.config.set_auto_batch_epoch) - Auto-set epochs to 80
INFO:NP.config:Auto-set epochs to 80
WARNING - (NP.config.set_lr_finder_args) - Learning rate finder: The number
WARNING:NP.config:Learning rate finder: The number of batches (44) is too sm
Finding best initial Ir: 100%
                                              236/236 [00:20<00:00, 105.77it/s]
Epoch 80: 100%
 80/80 [00:00<00:00, 192.02it/s, loss=0.0165, v_num=1, MAE=16.60, RMSE=29.70, Loss=0.016
4
______
                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
AttributeError
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/IPython/core/formatters.py in
__call__(self, obj)
   339
                      pass
   340
                  else:
--> 341
                      return printer(obj)
   342
                  # Finally look for special method names
   343
                  method = get_real_method(obj, self.print_method)
                               11 frames —
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/io/formats/html.py in
get columns formatted values(self)
           def _get_columns_formatted_values(self) -> list[str]:
   609
   610
               # only reached with non-Multi Index
--> 611
               return self.columns._format_flat(include_name=False)
   612
           def write_style(self) -> None:
   613
AttributeError: 'Index' object has no attribute '_format_flat'
                    RMSE
                              Loss RegLoss epoch
   292.387268 366.695374 0.627483 0.0
                                                a
   212.726746 261.808380 0.429042
1
                                       0.0
                                                1
   155.634094 181.975479 0.283018
                                      0.0
                                                2
   111.178246 124.770927 0.178203
3
                                       0.0
    70.952400 83.252281 0.095542
4
                                       0.0
                                                4
               ... ...
                                       . . .
75 16.453461 29.451195 0.016358
                                   0.0 75
76 16.392015 29.376080 0.016280
                                       0.0 76
77
   16.484745 29.435890 0.016472
                                       0.0
```

Next steps: Explain error

Model Making the Prediction

```
prediction = model.make_future_dataframe(stocks,periods = 100)

forecasting = model.predict(prediction)
    real_prediction = model.predict(stocks)

plt.plot(real_prediction['ds'],real_prediction['yhat1'],label = "Prediction" , c = 'r')
    plt.plot(forecasting['ds'],forecasting['yhat1'],label = 'Future_prediction',c='b')
    plt.plot(stocks['ds'],stocks['y'],label ='actual' ,c='g')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Major frequency B corresponds to 96. INFO:NP.df_utils:Major frequency B corresponds to 96.351% of the data. INFO - (NP.df utils. infer frequency) - Defined frequency is equal to major INFO:NP.df_utils:Defined frequency is equal to major frequency - B INFO - (NP.df_utils.return_df_in_original_format) - Returning df with no ID INFO:NP.df_utils:Returning df with no ID column INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Major frequency B corresponds to 99. INFO:NP.df utils:Major frequency B corresponds to 99.0% of the data. INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Defined frequency is equal to major INFO:NP.df_utils:Defined frequency is equal to major frequency - B INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Major frequency B corresponds to 99. INFO:NP.df_utils:Major frequency B corresponds to 99.0% of the data. INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Defined frequency is equal to major INFO:NP.df_utils:Defined frequency is equal to major frequency - B Predicting DataLoader 0: 100% 1/1 [00:00<00:00, 120.74it/s] INFO - (NP.df_utils.return_df_in_original_format) - Returning df with no ID

INFO:NP.df_utils:Returning df with no ID column

INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Major frequency B corresponds to 96. INFO:NP.df_utils:Major frequency B corresponds to 96.351% of the data.

INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Defined frequency is equal to major INFO:NP.df_utils:Defined frequency is equal to major frequency - B

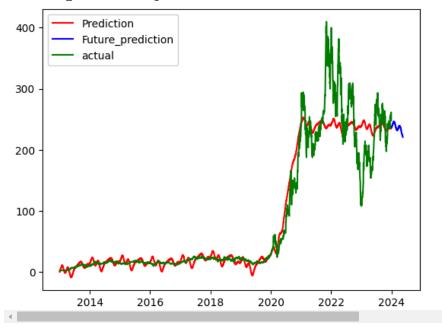
INFO - (NP.df_utils._infer_frequency) - Major frequency B corresponds to 96. INFO:NP.df_utils:Major frequency B corresponds to 96.351% of the data.

INFO - (NP.df utils. infer frequency) - Defined frequency is equal to major INFO:NP.df utils:Defined frequency is equal to major frequency - B

Predicting DataLoader 0: 100%

3/3 [00:00<00:00, 85.07it/s]

INFO - (NP.df_utils.return_df_in_original_format) - Returning df with no ID INFO:NP.df_utils:Returning df with no ID column



TRENDS

model.plot_components(forecasting)

WARNING - (NP.plotting.log_warning_resampler_switch_to_valid_env) - Warning: WARNING:NP.plotting:Warning: plotly-resampler not supported for the environm

