# Efficient Trouble-Shooting

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## Trouble-Shooting Tips

What should you do if things go wrong?

- Identify the problem: Read messages from R
- Locate the problem: Where does it occur?
  - · Clear, clear, clear
  - Run your code from the start and check where it breaks
- Seek assistance
  - Search engine (Google, Bing)
  - Large Language Model (e.g., ChatGPT)
  - Human (e.g., me)

### Read Error Messages

You have not loaded your data.

```
d
```

```
## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'd' not found
```

You have not loaded your package.

```
d <- read_csv("vdem_1984_2022_external.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Error in read_csv("vdem_1984_2022_external.csv"): could not find functi
```

# The First Things to Check

When you start coding, here are the first things to check:

- Have you loaded the data you need?
- Have you loaded the packages you need?

#### Note:

- R console and Render are two separate systems.
- That things work in one of them does not guarantee they work in the other.

# Other Messages: Loading Packages

When you load a package, the printed output shows you information about the package.

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse
## v ggplot2 3.3.6
                 v purrr 1.0.1
                 v dplyr 1.1.1
## v tibble 3.2.1
## v tidvr 1.3.0 v stringr 1.5.0
## v readr 2.1.2 v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ------
                                             tidyverse_confl
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

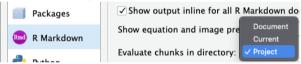
### Other Messages: Loading Data

```
d <- read csv(" DataPublic /vdem/1984 2022/vdem 1984 2022 external.csv")
## Rows: 6789 Columns: 211
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (3): country name, country text id, histname
## dbl (207): country_id, year, project, historical, codingstart, codinge:
## date (1): historical date
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show col types = FALSE` to quiet thi
```

### Aside: Where to Place Your Data Files

#### Recap of my previous advice

- Start an R project
- In Rmarkdown, evaluate code chunks in the document from the project directory



- Open the R project every time you continue working on it
- How to open the R project?
  - File -> "Open Project"
  - Click the .Rproj file in your R project folder.

### Aside: Where to Place Your Data Files

- How to know that you are working from the project?
  - Execute getwd() and it is the path of your project
  - DO NOT use setwd() to force R to set a working directory ad hoc.
- Why use an R project
  - Better organization
  - **Relative path:** However you move your project folder, as long as the *relative* locations of different files remain the same, your code will work.
  - Replicability

### Locate the Problem: Clear, clear, clear

#### What may happen:

- You get an error message but can't figure why
- You don't get an error message but just can't knit the document.

Why? Your current *Environment* is filled with trash!

Solution: Clear and start over

### Locate the Problem: Clear, clear, clear

- Do not save your Environment to a .Rdata file. If it is already saved. Delete it!
- Set your project preference so that Rstudio remember not to save your Environment.
- Frequently clear your Environment and start over
  - to avoid confusion
  - to mimic how your code will run in the *Render* environment.



### Locate the Problem: Clear, clear, clear

- Make sure your environment is completely empty
- To empty the environment
  - Method 1: Execute rm(list = ls()) in the Console
  - Method 2: Click the broomstick in the Environment panel
  - Method 3: Close and restart Rstudio
- Differences between the three methods: 1 and 2 clear loaded objects but not packages. Loaded packages remain in your R console. 3 clear loaded objects, packages, and free up memory. Consider Method 3 a "deep clean."

# Locate the Problem: Run Your Program

• "Run All Chunks Above" and "Run All" are handy tools.



- The program will run until error occurs.
- Where the error occurs is where you should double-check carefully.

# Seek Assistance: Search Engine

- "R" + package name (e.g., tidyverse) + function's name
- Include the error message
  - Remove the part that is specific to your case (file name, object name)
  - Example: Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'd' not found
  - **Example:** Error in read\_csv<del>("vdem\_1984\_2022\_external.csv"):</del> could not find function

## Seek Assistance: Large Language Model

- Similar to search engine: Clearly indicate the programming language, package, function's name, and the error message.
- Doesn't harm to start with pasting your whole chunk of code and ask the model to find mistakes for you.

### Seek Assistance: Human

- Provide a description of the problem using a similar way with the previous approach: package name, function, and error message.
- Provide the part of code where error occurs.
- Preferably, make your code replicable.
  - Make it in a way that the person who tries to assist you can copy the code to their R, run it, and see the problem.
  - It uses some data? Include some toy/ example data. It can come from the data you
    are working on. Or you can use some of R's default datasets.

### Seek Assistance: Human

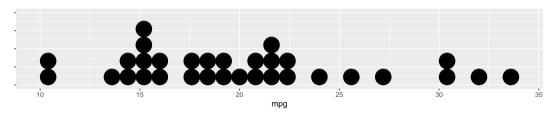
Example: A (very well-written) question on CampusWire about geom\_dotplot could have been asked with the following example by R's default dataset mtccars:

```
ggplot(mtcars, aes(x = mpg)) +
   geom_dotplot(method="histodot", binwidth = 1.5)
```

#### Seek Assistance: Human

Then, the person who gives an answer copy the code to their R, suggest changes, and send the code back.

```
ggplot(mtcars, aes(x = mpg)) +
  geom_dotplot(method="histodot", binwidth = 0.8) +
  theme(axis.text.y = element_blank(), axis.title.y = element_blank())
```



# Tips

- The "clean and start over" strategy helps more than you would expect.
- If you don't get any relevant answer, it is rarely the case that the problem you get is unique. It is more likely that you have asked the wrong question.
- Do not code for long hours
  - It will be counter-productive.
  - You will get grumpy and dizzy.

# One more thing...

These slides are made with Rmarkdown.

- Check out my code on our course Github repo. Play with it.
- Prefer different themes, colors, and fonts?
   https://deic.uab.cat/~iblanes/beamer\_gallery/index.html
- A general introduction to making slides with Rmarkdown https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/lesson-11.html
- A cool theme for Rmarkdown presentation https://github.com/yihui/xaringan