

### Elliptic curves: homework 11

Mastermath / DIAMANT, Spring 2019

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**Deadline: 30 April**

Hand in exercises 1 and 2.

1. Let  $E(\mathbb{C})$  be the group of points of a complex elliptic curve. Show that  $E(\mathbb{C})$  contains subgroups  $H$ , each of countably infinite cardinality, such that:

- (a)  $H$  is a torsion group and  $H/2H$  is trivial;
- (b)  $H$  is torsion-free and  $H/2H$  is trivial;
- (c)  $H$  is torsion-free and  $H/2H$  is infinite.

2. Let  $E$  be the elliptic curve over  $\mathbb{Q}$  defined by

$$y^2 = x(x^2 + 13).$$

Find a minimal set of generators for  $E(\mathbb{Q})/2E(\mathbb{Q})$ .

3. Let  $E$  be the elliptic curve over  $\mathbb{Q}$  defined by

$$y^2 = x(x^2 + 17).$$

Try (hard) to find a minimal set of generators for  $E(\mathbb{Q})/2E(\mathbb{Q})$ . Describe the problem you encounter.

4. (Cassels §14, Exercise 3) Let

$$E : y^2 = x(x^2 + ax + b), \quad E' : y^2 = x(x^2 + a_1x + b_1)$$

be two elliptic curves over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , with  $a_1 = -2a$  and  $b_1 = a^2 - 4b$ .

- (a) Show that the groups  $E(\mathbb{Q})$  and  $E'(\mathbb{Q})$  have isomorphic odd-order torsion.
- (b) Assuming the Mordell–Weil theorem, show that  $E(\mathbb{Q})$  and  $E'(\mathbb{Q})$  have the same rank.
- (c) Give an example to show that the 2-power torsion groups of  $E(\mathbb{Q})$  and  $E'(\mathbb{Q})$  need not be isomorphic.

5. Consider the equation

$$2Y^2 = X^4 - 17Z^4 \tag{1}$$

which appeared during exercise 3.

- (a) Show that, if (1) has a non-zero integer solution  $(x, y, z)$ , then we may assume that  $x, z$  are coprime and that  $y$  is positive.
- (b) Given such a solution, show that 17 does not divide  $y$ .
- (c) Use quadratic reciprocity to show that, if  $p \neq 17$  is an odd prime dividing  $y$ , then  $p$  is a square modulo 17. Deduce that  $y$  is a square modulo 17.
- (d) Show that 2 is not a fourth power modulo 17, and conclude that (1) has no non-zero integer solutions.