

## Algebraic Geometry II: Third set of hand-in exercises

Please hand in your solutions as a pdf file sent to Stefan van der Lugt at the email address [s.van.der.lugt@math.leidenuniv.nl](mailto:s.van.der.lugt@math.leidenuniv.nl). Deadline: **April 26, 2019**. This assignment will count for 10% of the grade.

**Exercise 1.** Let  $X$  be a scheme. Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be an  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -module with the property that there exists an open covering  $\{U_i\}_{i \in I}$  of  $X$  with affine open subsets such that for all  $i \in I$  there exists an isomorphism  $\mathcal{F}|_{U_i} \cong \widetilde{M_i}$  of  $\mathcal{O}_X|_{U_i}$ -modules with  $M_i$  a *finitely generated*  $\Gamma(U_i, \mathcal{O}_X|_{U_i})$ -module. Let  $\text{Supp } \mathcal{F} = \{x \in X : \mathcal{F}_x \neq (0)\}$ .

- (a) Show that  $\text{Supp } \mathcal{F}$  is a closed subset of  $X$ . Hint: let  $x \in X$  with  $\mathcal{F}_x = (0)$ . Show there exists an open neighborhood  $U$  of  $x$  such that  $\mathcal{F}|_U = (0)$ .
- (b) Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an invertible sheaf on  $X$ , and let  $s \in \Gamma(X, \mathcal{L})$  be a global section of  $\mathcal{L}$ . Write  $X_s$  for the set of  $x \in X$  such that the germ  $s_x$  of  $s$  at  $x$  generates  $\mathcal{L}_x$  as an  $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$ -module. Show that  $X_s$  is an open subset of  $X$ . Hint: consider the quotient sheaf  $\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{L}/(\mathcal{O}_X \cdot s)$ .

**Exercise 2.** Let  $k$  be a field, and let  $Z$  be the  $k$ -scheme  $\text{Spec}(k \times k) = \text{Spec}(k) \sqcup \text{Spec}(k)$ . Let  $X = \mathbb{P}_k^1$ . The free rank-one  $k \times k$ -module  $k \times k$  together with the pair of elements

$$((1, 0), (0, 1)) \in (k \times k)^2$$

defines a 2-decorated invertible sheaf on  $Z$  and hence by Exercise 10 of Lecture 9 a morphism  $i: Z \rightarrow X$ .

- (a) Show that  $Z$  is a reduced scheme. Show that the image of  $Z$  is the disjoint union of two closed points, and that the morphism  $i^\#: \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow i_*\mathcal{O}_Z$  is surjective. Conclude that  $i$  is a closed immersion.

The scheme  $Z$  can be loosely referred to as “the disjoint union of the closed points  $(1 : 0)$  and  $(0 : 1)$  of  $\mathbb{P}_k^1$ , endowed with its reduced subscheme structure.”

- (b) Show that the map  $\Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \rightarrow \Gamma(X, i_*\mathcal{O}_Z)$  induced from  $i^\#$  is not surjective.

Let  $S = k[X_0, X_1]$ , and let  $I \subset S$  be the homogeneous ideal  $(X_0X_1)$  generated by  $X_0X_1$ . Let  $M = S/I$ , equipped with its natural structure of graded  $S$ -module.

- (c) Show that  $\widetilde{M}$  and  $i_*\mathcal{O}_Z$  are isomorphic as  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules.
- (d) Show that  $\widetilde{I}$  is the ideal sheaf of  $Z$ . You may freely use the facts mentioned in Exercise 1 of Lecture 10.
- (e) Calculate  $\dim_k M_d$  and  $\dim_k \Gamma(X, \widetilde{M} \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(d))$  for every  $d \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ . Hint for the latter: the sheaf  $\widetilde{M} \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(d)$  is zero outside  $Z$ , and can be viewed as an invertible sheaf on  $Z$ .
- (f) Find all  $d \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$  such that the natural  $k$ -linear map  $\alpha_d: M \rightarrow \Gamma(X, \widetilde{M} \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(d))$  as discussed in Lecture 10 is not an isomorphism.