

# Weighted Uniform Strings

A weighted string is a string of lowercase English letters where each letter has a *weight*. Character weights are 1 to 26 from *a* to *z* as shown below:

a	1				
b	2				
c	3				
d	4				
e	5				
f	6				
g	7				
h	8				
i	9				
j	10				
		k	11		
		l	12		
		m	13		
		n	14		
		o	15		
		p	16		
		q	17		
		r	18		
				s	19
				t	20
				u	21
				v	22
				w	23
				x	24
				y	25
				z	26

- The *weight of a string* is the sum of the weights of its characters. For example:

apple	$1 + 16 + 16 + 12 + 5 = 50$
hack	$8 + 1 + 3 + 11 = 23$
watch	$23 + 1 + 20 + 3 + 8 = 53$
cccc	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15$
aaa	$1 + 1 + 1 = 3$
zzzz	$26 + 26 + 26 + 26 = 104$

- A *uniform string* consists of a single character repeated zero or more times. For example, `ccc` and `a` are uniform strings, but `bcb` and `cd` are not.

Given a string, *s*, let *U* be the set of weights for all possible uniform contiguous substrings of string *s*. There will be *n* queries to answer where each query consists of a single integer. Create a return array where for each query, the value is `Yes` if *query*[*i*] ∈ *U*. Otherwise, append `No`.

**Note:** The ∈ symbol denotes that *x*[*i*] is an *element of* set *U*.

### Example

*s* = 'abbccddddd'  
*queries* = [1, 7, 5, 4, 15].

Working from left to right, weights that exist are:

string	weight
a	1
b	2
bb	4
c	3

c	6
cc	9
d	4
dd	8
ddd	12
dddd	16

Now for each value in *queries*, see if it exists in the possible string weights. The return array is `['Yes', 'No', 'No', 'Yes', 'No']`.

## Function Description

Complete the *weightedUniformStrings* function in the editor below.

*weightedUniformStrings* has the following parameter(s):

- *string s*: a string
- *int queries[n]*: an array of integers

## Returns

- *string[n]*: an array of strings that answer the queries

## Input Format

The first line contains a string *s*, the original string.

The second line contains an integer *n*, the number of queries.

Each of the next *n* lines contains an integer *queries[i]*, the weight of a uniform substring of *s* that may or may not exist.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq \text{length of } s, n \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq \text{queries}[i] \leq 10^7$
- *s* will only contain lowercase English letters, `ascii[a-z]`.