

# Sum vs XOR

Given an integer  $n$ , find each  $x$  such that:

- $0 \leq x \leq n$
- $n + x = n \oplus x$

where  $\oplus$  denotes the [bitwise XOR](#) operator. Return the number of  $x$ 's satisfying the criteria.

## Example

$n = 4$

There are four values that meet the criteria:

- $4 + 0 = 4 \oplus 0 = 4$
- $4 + 1 = 4 \oplus 1 = 5$
- $4 + 2 = 4 \oplus 2 = 6$
- $4 + 3 = 4 \oplus 3 = 7$

Return 4.

## Function Description

Complete the sumXor function in the editor below.

sumXor has the following parameter(s):

- *int n*: an integer

## Returns

- *int*: the number of values found

## Input Format

A single integer,  $n$ .

## Constraints

- $0 \leq n \leq 10^{15}$

## Subtasks

- $0 \leq n \leq 100$  for 60% of the maximum score.

## Output Format

## Sample Input 0

5

### Sample Output 0

2

### Explanation 0

For  $n = 5$ , the  $x$  values **0** and **2** satisfy the conditions:

- $5 + 0 = 5$ ,  $5 \oplus 0 = 5$
- $5 + 2 = 7$ ,  $5 \oplus 2 = 7$

### Sample Input 1

10

### Sample Output 1

4

### Explanation 1

For  $n = 10$ , the  $x$  values **0**, **1**, **4**, and **5** satisfy the conditions:

- $10 + 0 = 10$ ,  $10 \oplus 0 = 10$
- $10 + 1 = 11$ ,  $10 \oplus 1 = 11$
- $10 + 4 = 14$ ,  $10 \oplus 4 = 14$
- $10 + 5 = 15$ ,  $10 \oplus 5 = 15$