

# Project Report

**Project Title:** AI-Enhanced Sudoku

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**Course:** AI Lab

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## 1. Executive Summary

### a. Project Overview:

- i. This project focuses on developing an AI-enhanced Sudoku game that combines traditional Sudoku with AI-driven features. The game uses Reinforcement Learning (RL) for difficulty adjustment based on player performance and a basic backtracking algorithm for solving puzzles. It offers players a dynamic experience with hints, freezing cells, and adaptive puzzle difficulty.

## 2. Introduction

### a. Background:

- i. Sudoku is a classic puzzle game involving a 9x9 grid where players must fill each cell with digits from 1 to 9 without repeating in any row, column, or 3x3 sub-grid. This project enhances the conventional Sudoku game by incorporating AI for puzzle generation, solving, and adaptive gameplay.

### b. Objectives of the Project:

- i. Develop an AI model to generate and solve Sudoku puzzles.
- ii. Implement an adaptive difficulty system using Reinforcement Learning.
- iii. Allow players to interact with the puzzle using hints and cell-freezing mechanics.

## 3. Game Description

### a. Original Game Rules:

- i. Sudoku is a number puzzle where players must fill a 9x9 grid with numbers 1 to 9 without any repetition in rows, columns, or 3x3 boxes.

### b. Innovations and Modifications:

- i. Reinforcement Learning-based difficulty adjustment.
- ii. Interactive gameplay with hints, freezing cells, and a shifting mechanic for added challenge.

#### **4. AI Approach and Methodology**

- a. AI Techniques Used:**
  - i.** Reinforcement Learning (Q-learning) for adaptive difficulty.
  - ii.** Backtracking algorithm for puzzle solving.
- b. Algorithm and Heuristic Design:**
  - i.** RLAgent uses Q-learning to select difficulty based on player performance (speed and accuracy).
  - ii.** Backtracking is used for puzzle solving, ensuring a valid puzzle structure.
- c. AI Performance Evaluation:**
  - i.** The RL agent adapts difficulty based on player mistakes and time taken.
  - ii.** Puzzle-solving algorithm has a near-instantaneous solution generation time.

#### **5. Game Mechanics and Rules**

- a. Modified Game Rules:**
  - i.** Hints: Players can reveal the correct number in an empty cell.
  - ii.** Freeze Cells: Players can freeze certain cells, making them unchangeable.
  - iii.** Shift Mechanic: Every 5th correct move will trigger a cell-shifting event, rearranging some cells.
- b. Turn-based Mechanics:**
  - i.** Players interact with the game using keyboard and mouse inputs.
  - ii.** The game continuously updates, providing real-time feedback.
- c. Winning Conditions:**
  - i.** The player wins when the grid is correctly filled without any mistakes.

#### **6. Implementation and Development**

- a. Development Process:**
  - i.** The game was developed using Python and the Pygame library.
  - ii.** The RL agent was designed using basic Q-learning principles, adjusting difficulty based on player performance.
- b. Programming Languages and Tools:**
  - i.** Programming Language: Python
  - ii.** Libraries: Pygame, time, random
- c. Challenges Encountered:**
  - i.** Balancing difficulty using Reinforcement Learning.

- ii. Ensuring puzzle validity during generation.
- iii. Shifting the cells and maintaining the solution

## 7. Team Contributions

- a. Wajih Hyder:
  - i. Game UI(Board and Stats)
  - ii. Shifting cells
  - iii. Power ups(Freeze and Hints)
- b. Ali Ahmed
  - i. Game logic
  - ii. RL algorithm
  - iii. Solver and generator

## 8. Results and Discussion

- a. AI Performance:
  - i. The RL agent adjusted difficulty effectively, making the game more challenging for experienced players.
  - ii. Puzzle generation and solution were instantaneous.

## 9. References

- a. Pygame Documentation: <https://www.pygame.org/docs/>
- b. RL Q-Learning Guide: (Provide other references used)