Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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OVERVIEW

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

Directions

- 1. Rename this file <FirstLast>_A03_DataExploration.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 5. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.

The completed exercise is due on Friday, Oct7th @ 5:00pm.

Set up your session

- 1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset, being sure to set string columns to be read in a factors. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
- 2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.

```
# 1
getwd()
```

[1] "/Users/ariellam/Desktop/EDA-Fall2022/Assignments"

[1] 9737 20

```
colnames (EPA_03_2018)
    [1] "Date"
    [2] "Source"
##
##
   [3] "Site.ID"
   [4] "POC"
##
##
   [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
  [6] "UNITS"
##
  [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA CODE"
## [14] "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
glimpse(EPA_03_2018)
## Rows: 9,737
## Columns: 20
                                           <fct> 03/01/2018, 03/02/2018, 03/03/201~
## $ Date
## $ Source
                                           <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS~
## $ Site.ID
                                           <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ POC
                                           <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.043, 0.046, 0.047, 0.049, 0.047~
## $ UNITS
                                           <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                           <int> 40, 43, 44, 45, 44, 28, 33, 41, 4~
## $ Site.Name
                                           <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                           <int> 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 1~
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                           <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                           <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
                                           <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                           <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_CODE
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                           <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ STATE_CODE
                                           <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
                                           <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ STATE
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                           <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                           <fct> Alexander, Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                           <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                           <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
# Ozone in 2019
dim(EPA_03_2019)
## [1] 10592
                20
colnames (EPA_03_2019)
```

[1] "Date"

```
[2] "Source"
##
   [3] "Site.ID"
  [4] "POC"
##
## [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
##
   [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY AQI VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
glimpse(EPA_03_2019)
## Rows: 10,592
## Columns: 20
                                          <fct> 01/01/2019, 01/02/2019, 01/03/201~
## $ Date
## $ Source
                                          <fct> AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, AirNow, A~
                                          <int> 370030005, 370030005, 370030005, ~
## $ Site.ID
## $ POC
                                          <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ~
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration <dbl> 0.029, 0.018, 0.016, 0.022, 0.037~
## $ UNITS
                                          <fct> ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm, ppm~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          <int> 27, 17, 15, 20, 34, 34, 27, 35, 3~
## $ Site.Name
                                          <fct> Taylorsville Liledoun, Taylorsvil~
                                          <int> 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 2~
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                          <dbl> 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100, 100~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                          <int> 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201, 44201~
                                          <fct> Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone, Ozone~
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                          <int> 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860, 25860~
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                          <fct> "Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC", "~
## $ CBSA_NAME
## $ STATE CODE
                                          <int> 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 37, 3~
## $ STATE
                                          <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, N~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                                          <int> 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, ~
## $ COUNTY
                                          <fct> Alexander, Alexander, ~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                          <dbl> 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.9138, 35.913~
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                                          <dbl> -81.191, -81.191, -81.191, -81.19~
# PM 25 in 2018
dim(EPA_PM25_2018)
## [1] 8983
colnames (EPA_PM25_2018)
## [1] "Date"
                                         "Source"
  [3] "Site.ID"
                                         "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY AQI VALUE"
                                         "Site.Name"
```

```
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
                                  "PERCENT COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                  "AQS PARAMETER DESC"
                                  "CBSA NAME"
## [13] "CBSA CODE"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                  "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
                                  "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE LATITUDE"
                                  "SITE LONGITUDE"
glimpse(EPA_PM25_2018)
## Rows: 8,983
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                              <fct> 01/02/2018, 01/05/2018, 01/08/2018, 01/~
## $ Source
                              ## $ Site.ID
                              <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
## $ POC
                              ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 2.9, 3.7, 5.3, 0.8, 2.5, 4.5, 1.8, 2.5,~
## $ UNITS
                              <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                              <int> 12, 15, 22, 3, 10, 19, 8, 10, 18, 7, 24~
                              <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                              ## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                              ## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                              <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                              <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA CODE
                              ## $ CBSA_NAME
                              ## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                              <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY CODE
                              ## $ COUNTY
                              <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                              <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
                              <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
# PM 25 in 2019
dim(EPA_PM25_2019)
## [1] 8581
colnames (EPA_PM25_2019)
##
  [1] "Date"
                                  "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
                                  "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                  "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
                                  "PERCENT COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                  "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                  "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                  "STATE"
                                  "COUNTY"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                  "SITE_LONGITUDE"
glimpse(EPA_PM25_2019)
## Rows: 8,581
## Columns: 20
## $ Date
                              <fct> 01/03/2019, 01/06/2019, 01/09/2019, 01/~
## $ Source
                              <fct> AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, AQS, ~
## $ Site.ID
                              <int> 370110002, 370110002, 370110002, 370110~
```

```
## $ POC
                         ## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration <dbl> 1.6, 1.0, 1.3, 6.3, 2.6, 1.2, 1.5, 1.5,~
## $ UNITS
                         <fct> ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC, ug/m3 LC,~
                         <int> 7, 4, 5, 26, 11, 5, 6, 6, 15, 7, 14, 20~
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Site.Name
                         <fct> Linville Falls, Linville Falls, Linvill~
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                         ## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                         <int> 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 88502, 8850~
## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
                         <fct> Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass,~
## $ CBSA_CODE
                         ## $ CBSA_NAME
                         ## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                         <fct> North Carolina, North Carolina, North C~
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                         ## $ COUNTY
                         <fct> Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Avery, Aver~
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                         <dbl> 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235, 35.97235,~
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                         <dbl> -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93307, -81.93~
```

Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change date to date
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS_PARAMETER_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
EPA_03_2018$Date <- as.Date(EPA_03_2018$Date,</pre>
    format = \%m/%d/\%Y)
EPA_03_2019$Date <- as.Date(EPA_03_2019$Date,</pre>
    format = "\%m/\%d/\%Y")
EPA_PM25_2018$Date <- as.Date(EPA_PM25_2018$Date,</pre>
    format = "\%m/\%d/\%Y")
EPA_PM25_2019$Date <- as.Date(EPA_PM25_2019$Date,</pre>
    format = \%m/\%d/\%Y")
# 4
EPA 03 2018 <- EPA 03 2018 %>%
    select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
        COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPA_03_2019 <- EPA_03_2019 %>%
    select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
        COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPA_PM25_2018 <- EPA_PM25_2018 %>%
    select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
        COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPA_PM25_2019 <- EPA_PM25_2019 %>%
    select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
        COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
# 5
EPA PM25 2018$AQS PARAMETER DESC <- "PM2.5"
```

```
EPA_PM25_2019$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC <- "PM2.5"

# 6
setwd("~/Desktop/EDA-Fall2022")
write.csv(EPA_03_2018, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(EPA_03_2019, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_processed.csv")
write.csv(EPA_PM25_2018, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv")
write.csv(EPA_PM25_2019, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv")</pre>
```

Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include all sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site, aqs parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be $14,752 \times 9$.
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair_O3_PM25_NC1718_Processed.csv"

```
air quality <- rbind(EPA 03 2018, EPA 03 2019,
   EPA PM25 2018, EPA PM25 2019)
air_quality <- filter(air_quality, Site.Name %in%
    c("Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett",
        "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School",
        "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.",
        "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne",
        "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School")) %>%
    group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
        COUNTY) %>%
    summarise(mean AQI = mean(DAILY AQI VALUE),
        mean Lat = mean(SITE LATITUDE), mean Long = mean(SITE LONGITUDE)) %>%
   mutate(Month = month(Date)) %>%
   mutate(Year = year(Date))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS_PARAMETER_DESC'.
## You can override using the `.groups` argument.
air.quality.spread <- spread(air_quality, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,</pre>
   mean AQI)
# air.quality.spread <-
```

```
# pivot_wider(air_quality, names_from =
# AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, values_from =
# mean_AQI)

# 10
dim(air.quality.spread)

## [1] 8976 9
# 11
setwd("~/Desktop/EDA-Fall2022")

write.csv(air.quality.spread, row.names = FALSE,
    file = "./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_PM25_NC1718_Processed.csv")
```

Generate summary tables

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where a month and year are not available (use the function drop_na in your pipe).
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

```
# 12a
EPA_Air_Quality_Summary <- air.quality.spread %>%
    group_by(Site.Name, Month, Year) %>%
    summarise(Mean_Ozone_AQI = mean(Ozone), Mean_PM2.5_AQI = mean(PM2.5))

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override
## using the `.groups` argument.

# 12b
EPA_Air_Quality_Summary <- EPA_Air_Quality_Summary %>%
    drop_na(Mean_Ozone_AQI, Mean_PM2.5_AQI)

# 13
dim(EPA_Air_Quality_Summary)
```

[1] 101 5

14. Why did we use the function drop_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: The function na.omit works to remove the rows in which at least any one column has an NA value. Drop_na is different in that you can specify which column to search for NAs in in order to remove the whole row if an NA in the specified column is detected.