Sparse covariance estimation

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1 Motivation

After decorrelation with the information of the historical data, the correlation between the covariate is reduced. However, there are still some correlation coefficients are large. That may suggest that after using the historical data, the decorrelated data still is not uncorrelated. But the correlation structure becomes a sparse and symmetric. Therefore, we could apply another decorrelation to further reudce the non-zero correlation, so that we may have a better performance on the following variance estimation procedure.

2 Simulation

2.1 Simulation procedure

2.1.1 Standardization will not change total variance

- 1. Standardize the X $\tilde{Z}_m = (X \mu)A_1$
- 2. Generate the interaction based on the $\tilde{Z}_{int} = \tilde{Z}_m * \tilde{Z}_m$ without the square terms and set $\tilde{Z}_t = (\tilde{Z}_m, \tilde{Z}_{int})$
- 3. Generate the Y based on the \tilde{Z}_t
- 4. Estimate the $Var(\tilde{Z}_t\beta_t)$ by $Z=\tilde{Z}_tA_2$, where A_2 is for decorrelation

Note that the $Var(\tilde{Z}_t\beta_t)=Var(Z\gamma), A_2=\hat{\Sigma}_h^{-1/2} \text{ or } A_2=\hat{\Sigma}_h^{-1/2}\hat{\Sigma}_s^{-1/2}$

2.2 Decorrelation steps

2.3 two steps decorrelation

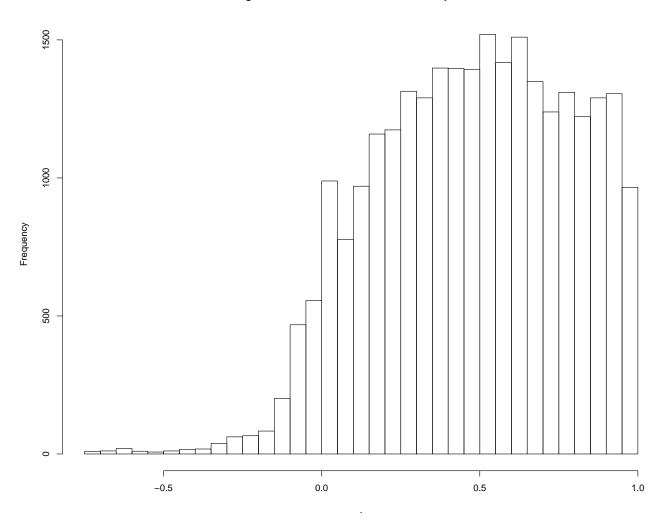
1. Decorrelation by covariance matrix estimated by historical data

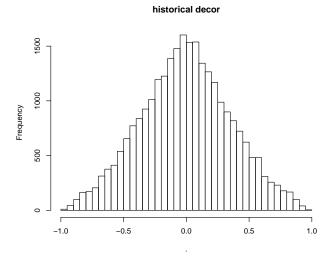
2. If after the step 1, the correlation is still large, then we may need a second decorrelation by sparse precision method

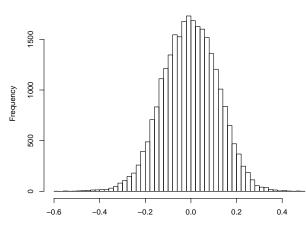
2.4 Dpglasso: The Graphical Lasso: New Insights and Alternatives

- 1. An Alternatives for Glasso
- 2. Glasso works on W the covariance matrix, but its alg cannot make sure the precision matrix Θ is positive definite.
- 3. Dpglasso can provide both W and Θ be positive definite

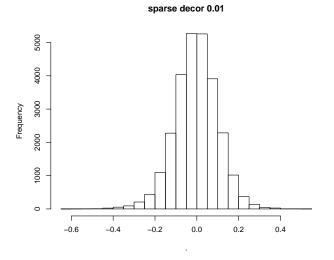
Histogram of correlations of PCBs with sample size 150

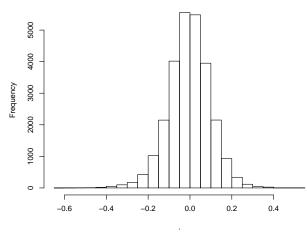






sparse decor 0.1





sparse decor 0.005

2.5 PCB

2.5.1 None

```
var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect
1: 8 2
  structure decor x_dist
1: un FALSE 1999
     n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method
1: 100 206
          112 21
                           3 EigenPrism
2: 100 153
           108
                            O GCTA
                    18
                   25
3: 150 304
           112
                           0 EigenPrism
4: 150 278
                           O GCTA
          149
                   23
                           O EigenPrism
O GCTA
5: 231 276
            83
                   25
6: 231 217
                23
NaN
             86
          NA
166
NA
113
7: 500 NaN
                           100 EigenPrism
8: 500 472
                   29
                           O GCTA
9: 1000 NaN
                           100 EigenPrism
                   {\tt NaN}
                  31
10: 1000 495
                           O GCTA
```

2.5.2 Hist

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 1: 8 2 0.62 structure decor x_dist un TRUE 1999 n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method 1: 100 31 32 11 3 EigenPrism 2: 100 22 22 11 O GCTA 3: 150 26 26 11 O EigenPrism 21 11 20 11 4: 150 21 O GCTA O EigenPrism
O GCTA 5: 231 19 6: 231 14 14 11 NA NaN 31 12 NA NaN 39 13 7: 500 NaN NaN 100 EigenPrism NA 39 8: 500 31 O GCTA 9: 1000 NaN 100 EigenPrism 10: 1000 44 1 GCTA

2.5.3 Hist + sparse

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 0.62 structure decor x_dist un TRUE 1999 n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total 1: 100 14.6 14.68 11.4 0 EigenPrism 2: 100 14.0 14.11 11.2 0 GCTA
 2:
 100 14.0
 14.11
 11.2

 3:
 150 8.6
 7.91
 10.4
 O EigenPrism 4: 150 6.9 6.78 10.8 5: 231 11.6 7.42 9.2 6: 231 5.2 4.37 10.3 O EigenPrism

O GCTA

7:	500	${\tt NaN}$	NA	NaN	100	EigenPrism
8:	500	3.1	1.53	10.0	0	GCTA
9:	1000	NaN	NA	NaN	100	EigenPrism
10:	1000	2.4	0.99	10.1	1	GCTA

2.6 Chi

2.6.1 None

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 2 1.8 structure decor x dist un FALSE chi 1: n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method 1: 100 108 67 20 3 EigenPrism 2: 100 77 17 68 0 GCTA 3: 200 213 90 25 7 EigenPrism 4: 200 189 109 23 0 5: 500 NaN NA ${\tt NaN}$ 100 EigenPrism 6: 500 131 31 24 0 7: 1000 NaN 100 EigenPrism NANaN 8: 1000 134 20 24 0 GCTA

2.6.2 hist

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 1.8 structure decor x_dist un TRUE chi 1: n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method 1: 100 23.4 21.5 12 0 EigenPrism 2: 100 18.5 16.5 12 0 3: 200 15.5 12.9 12 0 EigenPrism O GCTA 4: 200 9.3 8.2 13 5: 500 NaN NA ${\tt NaN}$ 100 EigenPrism 6: 500 4.1 2.8 13 0 GCTA 7: 1000 NaN 100 EigenPrism NA ${\tt NaN}$ 8: 1000 3.0 1.3 12 1

2.6.3 hist + sparse

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect structure decor x_dist un TRUE chi n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total 1: 100 27.7 27.6 14 0 EigenPrism 2: 100 26.9 27.1 14 O GCTA 3: 200 12.4 10.7 12 0 EigenPrism 4: 200 8.9 8.8 13

${\tt EigenPrism}$	100	NaN	NA	${\tt NaN}$	500	5:
GCTA	0	12	2.5	4.5	500	6:
${\tt EigenPrism}$	100	NaN	NA	NaN	1000	7:
GCTA	0	12	1.8	4.1	1000	8:

3 Mimic the histrocial covariance situation

Based on the previous simulation, we found that if the historical data is from extact the same distribution, then the sparse decorrelation may not be neccessary. That is after doing the second step of decorrelation the variance estimation does not get much improvement. So to mimic the situation situation we change the simulation so that there is historical covariance is not perfect.

3.1Simulation setup

- p=21• $X\sim\chi_1^2$ Cor(X) is the sample covariance of subset of standardized PCB data with n=150

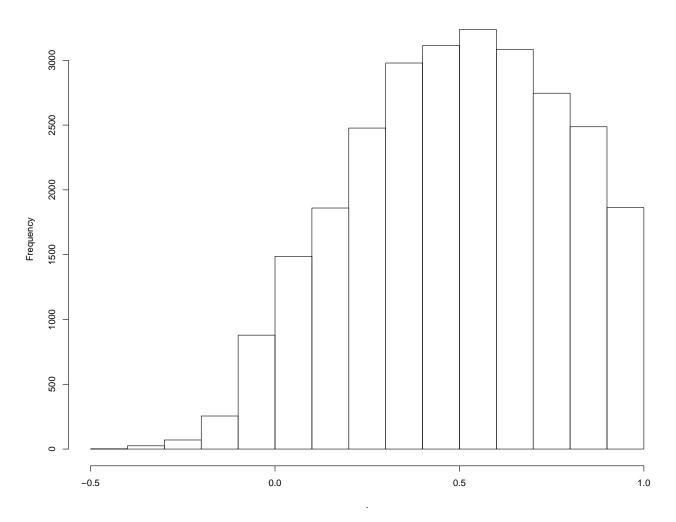
•
$$X_h = XB$$
, where $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots \\ 0 & & 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots \\ 0 & & & 1 & 1 & \dots \\ 0 & & & & 1 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$. So that the X_h is a column transfromation of X , therefore

the its covariance is different from the true value.

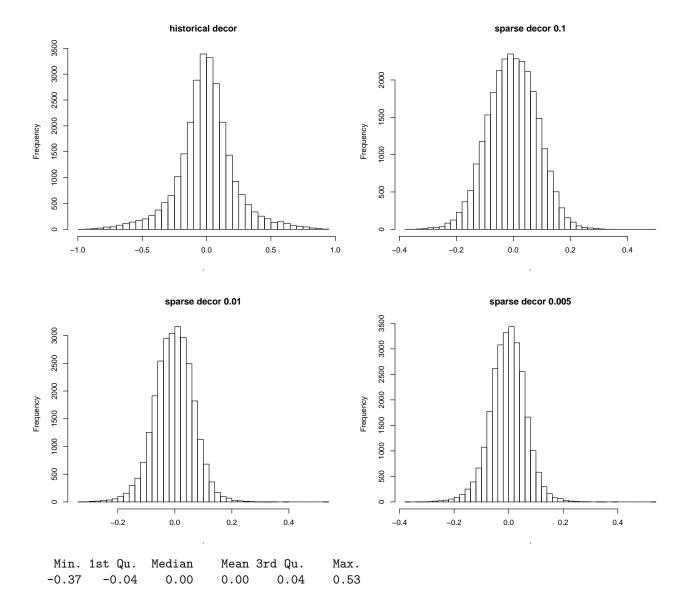
3.2 Decorrelation result

3.2.1 $X_h = X$

sample covariance n = 150

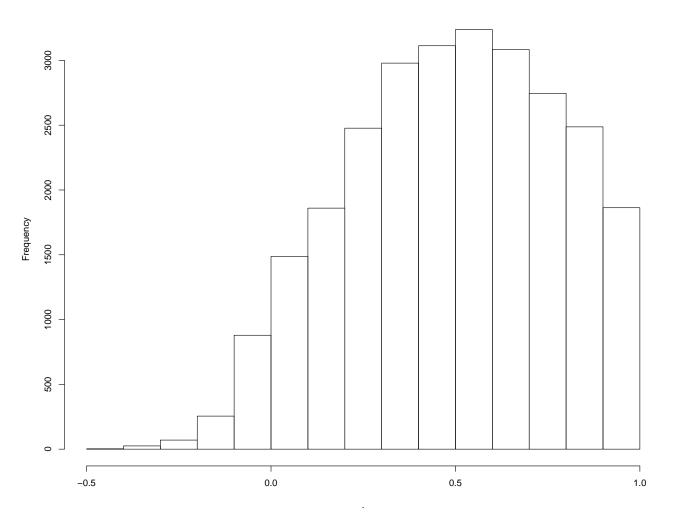


Min. 1st Qu. Mean 3rd Qu. ${\tt Median}$ ${\tt Max.}$ -0.42 0.29 0.50 0.49 0.72 1.00 Min. 1st Qu. Mean 3rd Qu. Median Max. -0.96 -0.11 0.00 0.00 0.11 0.94 Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. -0.37 -0.06 0.00 0.00 0.06 0.48 Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. -0.33 -0.05 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.54

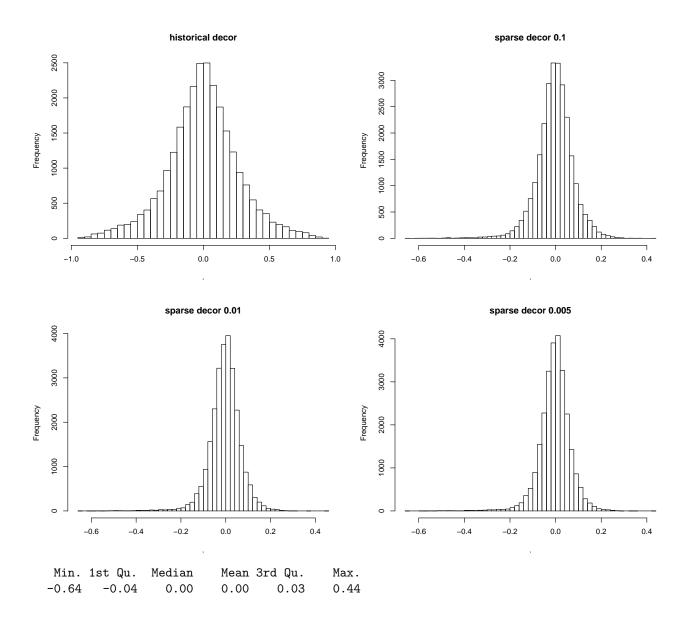


3.2.2 $X_h = XB, t = 8$

sample covariance n = 150



Min. 1st Qu. Mean 3rd Qu. Median Max. -0.42 0.29 0.50 0.49 0.72 1.00 Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. -0.93 -0.15 0.00 0.00 0.15 0.91 Min. 1st Qu. Mean 3rd Qu. Median Max. -0.65 -0.04 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.42 Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. -0.64 -0.04 0.00 0.04 0.44 0.00



3.3 Simulation result on the variance estimation process

3.3.1 None

	var_ma	ain_	effect v	ar_inter	_effect co	ov_main_inte	r_effect	var_total_effect
1:			8		2		1.8	14
	struct	ture	decor 3	c_dist				
1:		un	FALSE	chi				
	n M	MSE	est_var	est_mean	NA_total	method		
1:	100 1	108	67	20	3	EigenPrism		
2:	100	77	68	17	0	GCTA		
3:	200 2	213	90	25	7	EigenPrism		
4:	200 1	189	109	23	0	GCTA		
5:	500 N	NaN	NA	NaN	100	EigenPrism		
6:	500 1	131	31	24	0	GCTA		
7:	1000 N	NaN	NA	NaN	100	${\tt EigenPrism}$		

8: 1000 134 20 24 0 GCTA

3.3.2 Hist

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 2 1.8 structure decor x_dist 1: un TRUE chi n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method 1: 100 32 27.3 11 0 EigenPrism 2: 100 25 18.1 11 O GCTA 3: 200 29 22.8 11 O EigenPrism 4: 200 19 13.4 11 O GCTA 100 EigenPrism 5: 500 NaN NaN NA 6: 500 14 O GCTA 3.5 10 7: 1000 NaN 100 EigenPrism NA ${\tt NaN}$ 8: 1000 15 2.9 10 O GCTA

3.3.3 Hist + Sparse

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 2 1.8 structure decor x_dist 1: un TRUE chi n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method 1: 100 19.8 20.0 14 0 EigenPrism 2: 100 22.0 22.0 13 O GCTA 3: 200 13.6 8.5 11 O EigenPrism 6.9 4: 200 7.7 13 O GCTA NaN 5: 500 NaN NA 100 EigenPrism 6: 500 6.0 1.5 12 O GCTA 7: 1000 NaN 100 EigenPrism NA ${\tt NaN}$ 8: 1000 10.1 0.9 11 1

3.3.4 Perfect Hist

var_main_effect var_inter_effect cov_main_inter_effect var_total_effect 1.8 2 structure decor x_dist un TRUE chi 1: n MSE est_var est_mean NA_total method 1: 100 23.4 21.5 12 0 EigenPrism 2: 100 18.5 16.5 12 O GCTA 3: 200 15.5 12.9 12 0 EigenPrism 4: 200 9.3 8.2 13 O GCTA 5: 500 NaN NA ${\tt NaN}$ 100 EigenPrism 6: 500 4.1 O GCTA 2.8 13 7: 1000 NaN NA NaN 100 EigenPrism 8: 1000 3.0 1.3 1 GCTA 12