4. Gradient Descent

Consider the PDE

$$-u'' + u^3 = 0,$$
 $u(0) = 0,$ $u(1) = 1$

Note that this is nonlinear because of the u^3 term.

1. Find a discretization of this PDE with a standard three point finite difference stencil for the second derivative. This should give you a system of the form

$$AU + U^3 = 0 (E)$$

for some matrix A and vector $U \in \mathbb{R}^m$, where $U^3 = [U_1^3, \dots, U_m^3]$.

2. Show that if U is a minimum of the optimization problem

$$\min_{U \in \mathbb{R}^m} \frac{1}{2} U^T A U + \frac{1}{4} \sum_i U_i^4 \tag{M}$$

then U is a solution of (E).

Hint: Calculate the partial derivatives $\frac{\partial}{\partial U_i}$ for each component U_i .

3. Write down a gradient descent method to solve the minimization problem (M).