CSE 465- COMPUTER ASSIGNMENT 2 NAIVE BAYES SPAM DETECTION (DUE DATE: APRIL 17'17)

- 1. The dataset used in this assignment is a subset of 2005 TREC Public Spam Corpus. The data is found in the data.zip.
 - Each line in the train/test files represents a single email with the following space-delimited properties: the first is the email ID (in the form /xxx/yyy), the second is whether it is 'spam' or 'ham' (non-spam), and the rest are words followed by their occurrence numbers. (Note that numbers may be words, so don't worry if a line contains multiple numbers in a row). The data has been pre-processed to remove non-word characters.
- 2. Using the training data, compute the prior probabilities P(spam) and P(ham). What is P(spam)?
- 3. Determine the vocabulary and compute the conditional probabilities $P(w_i|spam)$ and $P(w_i|ham)$ using the Laplace smoothing discussed in class. In this context we consider each word as a training example, so n is the total number of words (in either ham or spam documents) and n_c is the number of times w_i appeared in those documents (including multiple occurrences in the same email).
 - What are the 5 most likely words given that a document is spam? What are the 5 most likely words given that a document is ham?
- 4. Use these probabilities to classify the test data and report the accuracy (i.e. the percentage of correct classifications).
- 5. If you were a spammer, how would you modify your emails to beat the classifiers we have learned above?
- 6. Submit:
 - (a) A high-level description on how your code works.
 - (b) The accuracies you obtain.
 - (c) If all your accuracies are low, what have you tried to improve and what do you suspect is failing.
 - (d) Your code