

Green University of Bangladesh

Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

Faculty of Sciences and Engineering, Semester: Spring, Year: 2024, B.Sc. in CSE (weekend)

Lab Report # 01

Course Title: Object Oriented Programming

Course Code: CSE-202

Section: 223 E1

Student Details

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Date	: 23-02-2024

Submission Date : 08-03-2024

Course Teacher's Name : Abdullah Al Farhad

Assignment Status						
Marks:	Signature:					
Comments:	Date:					

Title: 1. Implement checking of odd and even numbers.

2. Implement summation of factorial odd number series below this series.

Sum =
$$\frac{x^2}{1!} + \frac{x^4}{3!} + \frac{x^6}{5!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{(n-1)!}$$

1. Introduction:

This program demonstrates two functionalities in Java:

- Checking if a number is even or odd: This is a common task used in various applications for data validation, filtering, and manipulation.
- Calculating the sum of the factorials of a series of odd numbers: This can be useful in mathematical calculations or specific problem-solving scenarios.

2. Objective:

This Java program defines three functions:

- **checkOddEven(num)**: This function checks if a given number is even or odd and returns a string indicating the result.
- **factorial(num):** This function calculates the factorial of a given number.
- factorialSumOddSeries(n and x): This function calculates the sum of factorials of the x and n odd series.

Example: Below this series

Sum =
$$\frac{x^2}{1!} + \frac{x^4}{3!} + \frac{x^6}{5!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{(n-1)!}$$

3. Use Case:

- Checking Odd/Even Numbers:
 - 1. Determines whether an integer is odd or even.
 - 2. Commonly used in various programming applications, data structures, and algorithms.
 - 3. Can be implemented using the modulo operator (%) in most programming languages.
- Factorial Summation of Odd Numbers:
 - 1. Calculates the sum of the factorials of an odd number series.
 - 2. Has specific use cases in mathematics and computer science, such as generating odd perfect numbers or exploring properties of odd factorials.

4. Implementations and Output:

• Problem 1:

Code:

```
■ factorialSum.java
                                                     ■ evenOddCheck.java ×
                                 Lab_Report1 > ■ evenOddCheck.java > ...
    \sim OOP LAB UNIVERSITY
                                        import java.util.Scanner;
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    Lab_Report1

                                        public class evenOddCheck {
         evenOddCheck.class
                                           Run|Debug
public static void main(String[] args){
           evenOddCheck.java
                                               Scanner inputNumebr = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print(s:"Enter a number: ");
           factorialSum.class
          factorialSum.java
                                                int num = inputNumebr.nextInt();
         Main.class
                                                if(num%2==0){
         Main.java
                                                    System.out.println(""+num+" is a even number.");
                                                    System.out.println(""+num+" is odd number.");
                                                inputNumebr.close();
    > OUTLINE
    > TIMELINE
    > JAVA PROJECTS
                                                                                                   Type here to search
```

Output:

```
Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University
$ cd "/d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1/" && javac evenOddCheck.java && java evenOddCheck
Enter a number: 10
10 is a even number.

Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1
$ cd "/d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1/" && javac evenOddCheck.java && java evenOddCheck
Enter a number: 15
15 is odd number.

Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1
$ "

Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1
$ "

Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1
```

• Problem 2:

Code:

```
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         evenOddCheck.class
                                                 import java.util.Scanner;
          evenOddCheck.java
                                                public class factorialSum {
         factorialSum.class
                                                     public static long calculateFact(int num) {
   if (num == 0 || num == 1) {
          factorialSum.java
          Main.class
          Main.java
                                                              return num * calculateFact(num - 1);
1
                                                     Run|Debug
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                          Scanner inputNumebr = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print(s:"Enter a number X: ");
                                                          int x = inputNumebr.nextInt();
                                                          System.out.print(s:"Enter a number N: ");
                                                          int n = inputNumebr.nextInt();
                                                          double result = 0;
for (int i = 1; i <= n-1; i += 2) {
    double power = Math.pow(x, i + 1);</pre>
                                                               long fact = calculateFact(i);
                                                               result += (power / fact);
                                                          System.out.println("The Odd Factorail Series Answer is: " + result);
                                                          inputNumebr.close();
> OUTLINE
     > TIMELINE
     > JAVA PROJECTS
```

Output:

```
Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1/Report 1 codes (main)
$ cd "/d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1/Report 1 codes/" && javac factorialSum.java && java factorialSum Enter a number X: 4
Enter a number N: 7
The Odd Factorail Series Answer is: 92.8

Waliullah@Waliullah MINGW64 /d/OOP Lab University/Lab_Report1/Report 1 codes (main)
$ | |
```

5. Limitations:

- Integer Overflow: The factorial function can lead to integer overflow for large numbers. Consider using long or a specialized library for big integer calculations.
- Performance: Repeatedly calculating factorials within the loop can be computationally expensive for large limit values. Explore alternative approaches like pre-computing and storing factorials.
- Negative Input: The code doesn't handle negative input for checking odd/even and series calculation. Consider adding checks for valid input ranges.

6. Conclusion:

This program successfully implements functions to check odd and even numbers and calculates the sum of factorials of odd numbers within a given limit. It demonstrates basic Java control flow, looping, and mathematical operations, providing a valuable solution for these functionalities.