MATHEMATICS
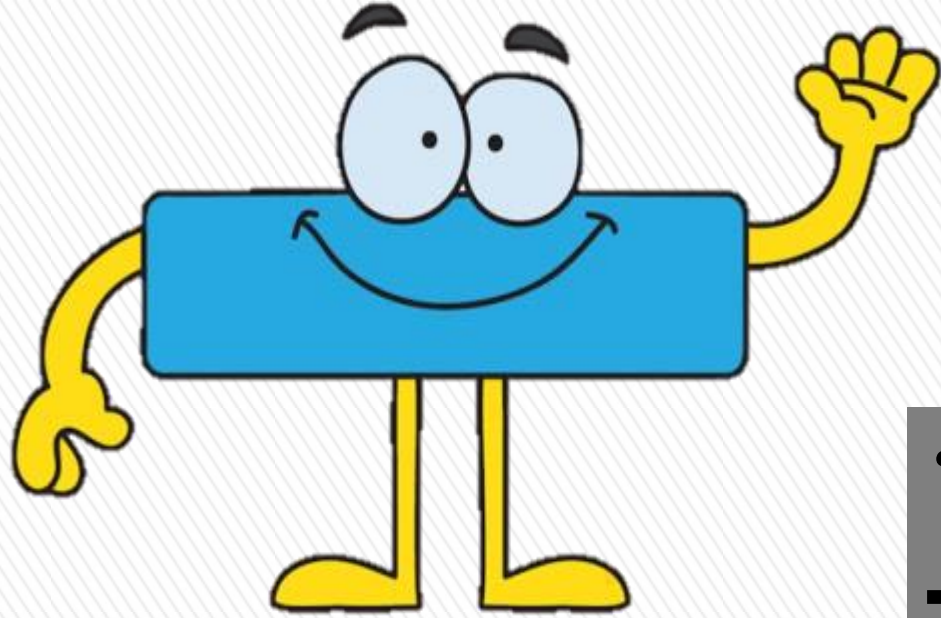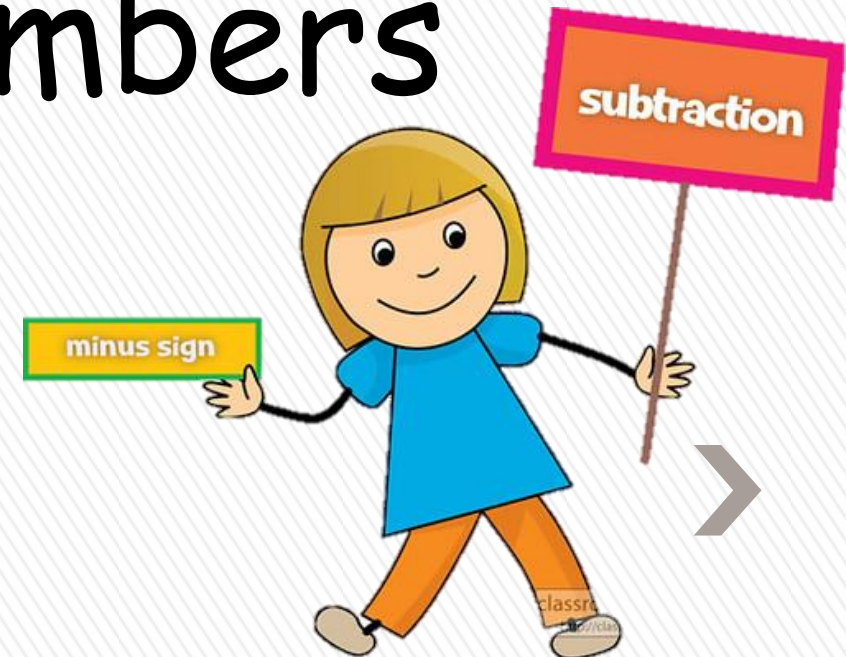
CLASS 1

LESSON # 45

Lesson Code 1M45

Topic:

- Subtraction of numbers

❑ **SUBTRACTION MEANS TO TAKE AWAY ONE NUMBER FROM ANOTHER**
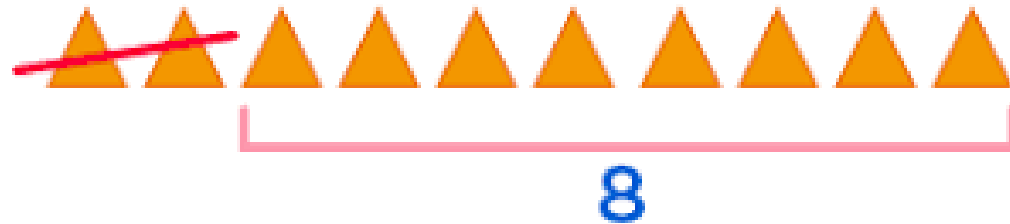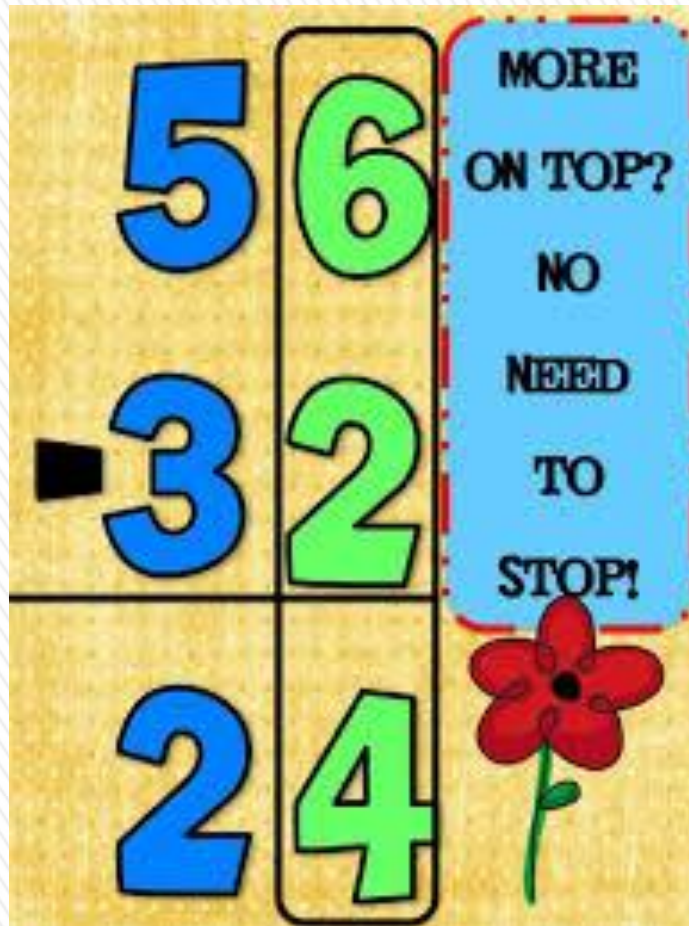
❑ **SIGN OF SUBTRACTION IS**

Example

$$10 - 8 = 2$$
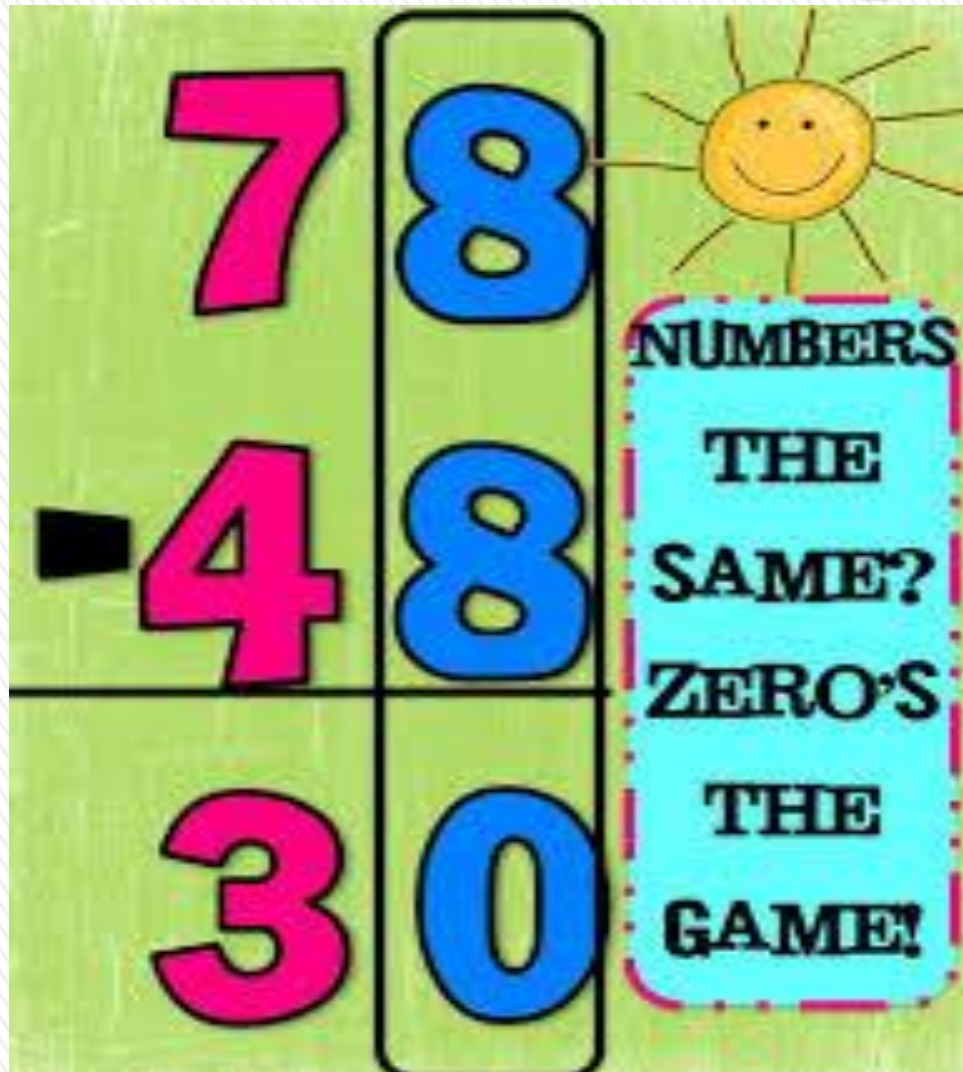
Subtraction Rules

First, look at the ones place

First, look at the ones place

First, look at the ones place

Activity: 47 – 15   **=**   **32**

T	O
4	7
- 1	5
3	2

Subtraction of 2- Digit Numbers With Regrouping(With borrow) :

Question#1   85-67   =   **18**

T	O
~~8~~ ⁷	5 10 **15 ones**
− 6	7
1	8

Subtract 39 from 79.

Always write bigger number first!

Tens	Ones
7	9
- 3	9
4	**0**

Step 1:
9ones – 9ones
= 0ones

Step 2:
7tens - 3tens
= 4tens

79 - 39 = 40

Take away 36 from 40.

Always write bigger number first!

Tens	Ones
³ 4̶	¹0
- 3	6
0	**4**

40 - 36 = 4

38 less than 91

Always write bigger number first!

Tens	Ones
8 ~~9~~	1 1
- 3	8
5	**3**

91 - 38 = 53

80 minus 70

Always write bigger number first!

Tens	Ones
8	0
- 7	0
1	**0**

80 - 70   =   10

What to do here?

| 50 | Subtract 1 | 49 |

| 11 | Subtract 1 | 10 |

| 91 | Subtract 1 | 90 |
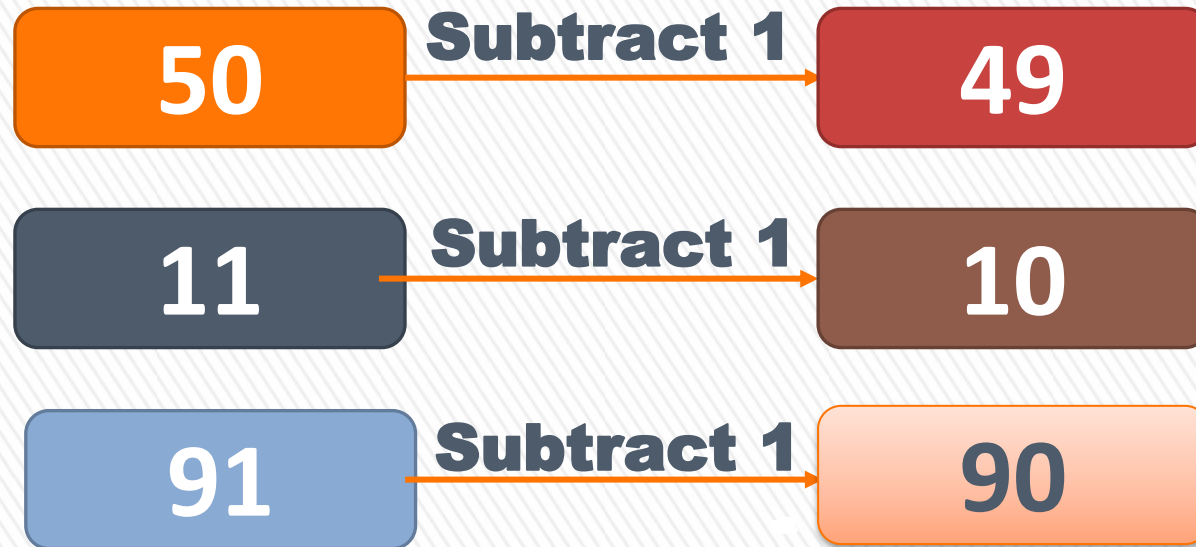
Count backwards

What to do here?

70	Subtract 10 →	**60**
10	Subtract 10 →	**0**
45	Subtract 10 →	**35**

Remember?

Whenever we subtract 10 from a number, our tens place changes

Now, look at this

80

Subtract 1 → 79

Subtract 10 → 70
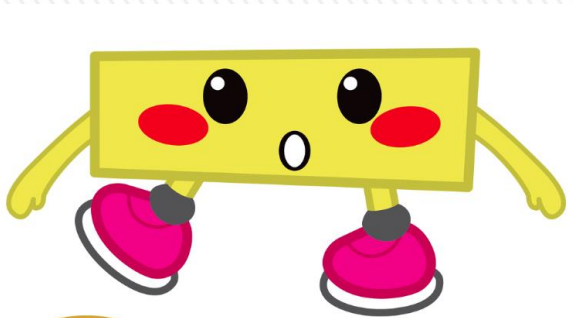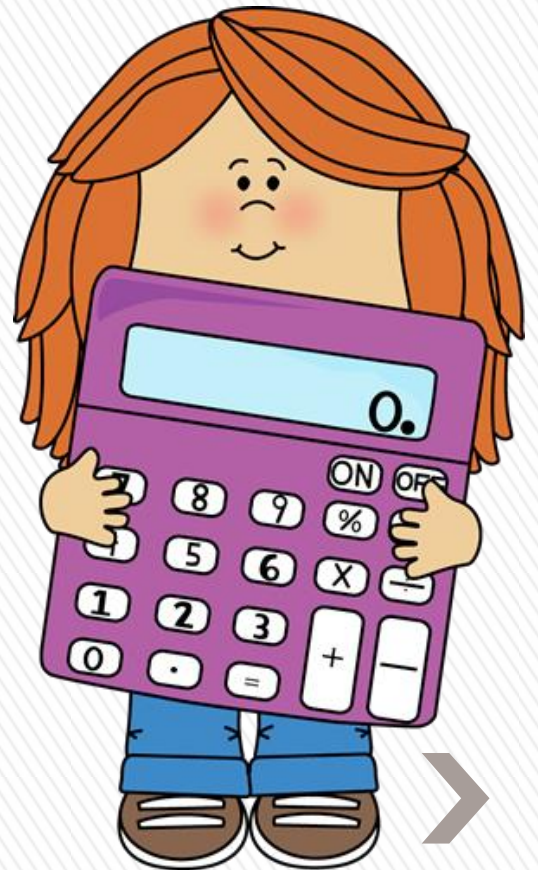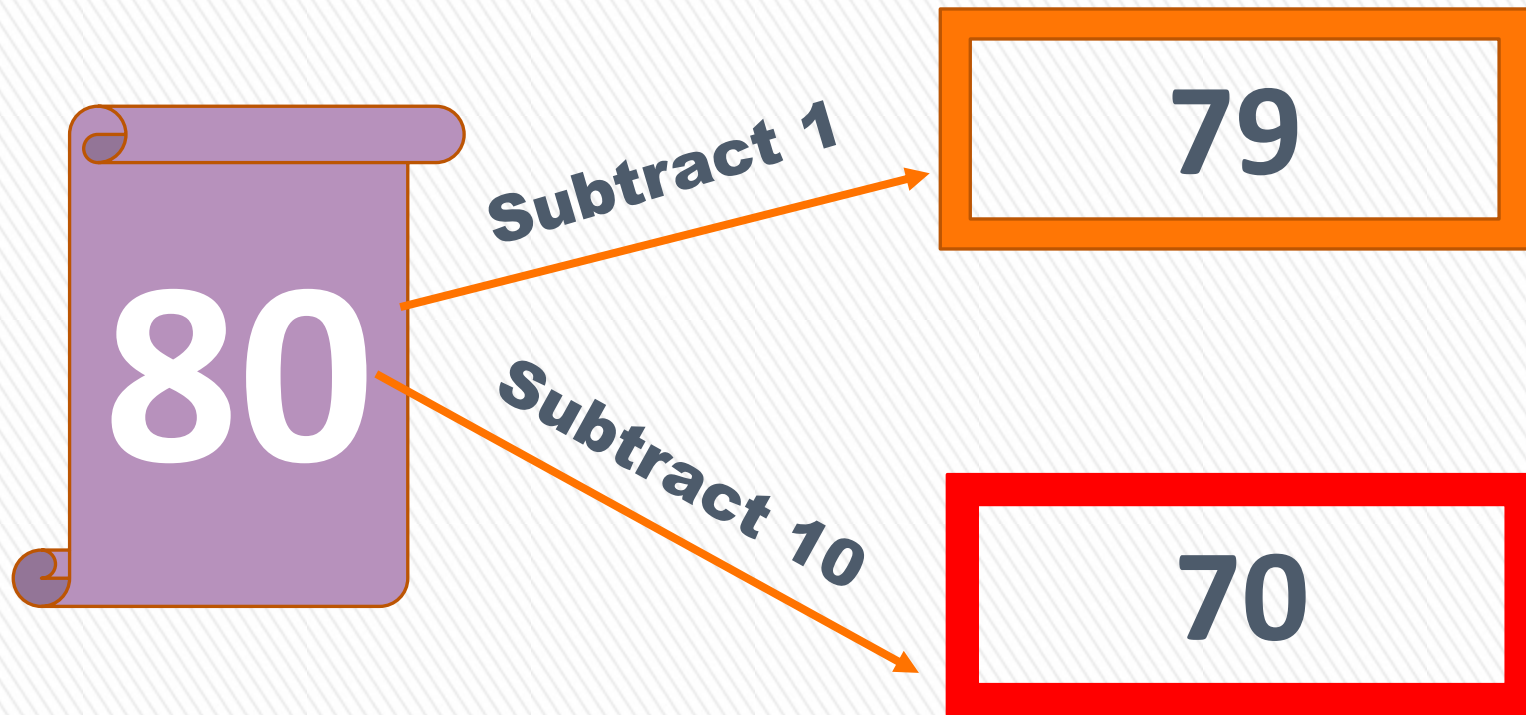
Do you know?

Sign/Symbol of Addition

Sign/Symbol of Subtraction

Solve

89

Subtract 10

98

99

Add 1

100

Subtract 1

Add 10

109

Solve

$$27 - 5 = \boxed{22}$$

$$90 - 3 = \boxed{87}$$

$$55 - 9 = \boxed{46}$$