

FEEMProbit

October 24, 2016

R topics documented:

FEEMProbit 1

Index 3

| | |
|------------|---|
| FEEMProbit | <i>Estimate the individual fixed effects expectation-maximization probit model in Chen (2016)</i> |
|------------|---|

Description

Function to estimate the individual fixed effects expectation-maximization estimator in Chen (2016)

Usage

```
FEEMProbit(formula, data, tol = 1e-9, show.progress = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|---|
| formula | A symbolic description of the model to be estimated. The formula has three parts, the dependent variable, the independent variable and the fixed effect. For example, $y \sim x_1 + x_2 \mid id$, where id is the fixed effect |
| data | A <code>data.frame</code> . |
| tol | Tolerance level to use for the EM algorithm. Lower tolerances increase computation time. |
| show.progress | If TRUE, print the norm between parameter vectors in between each iteration. |

Value

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| <code>call</code> | The function call. |
| <code>coefficients</code> | The estimated coefficients. |
| <code>fixed.effects</code> | The estimated individual fixed effects. |
| <code>fitted.values</code> | The fitted values of the model. |
| <code>residuals</code> | The model's residuals. |
| <code>model</code> | The data.frame used to estimate the model. |

Examples

```
library(data.table)
set.seed(1)

# Create data:
N <- 200
nT <- 50
df <- data.table(id = rep(1:N, each = nT),
                 t = rep(1:nT, N))

# Individual fixed effects:
alpha <- (1:N - N/2)/(N/2)
df[, alpha := rep(alpha, each = nT)]

# Explanatory variable:
df[, x := rnorm(N * nT, mean = -2, sd = 0.5)]

# Coefficient to be estimated:
beta <- 0.5

# Latent variable:
df[, ystar := beta * x + alpha + rnorm(N * nT)]

# Observed variable:
df[, y := as.numeric(ystar > 0)]

# Estimate the model:
FEEMProbit(y ~ x | id, data = df, tol = 1e-6)
```

Index

FEEMProbit, [1](#)