

Programming for E&BI 2025 Exam

Short-Answer Questions (5 points)

Question 1 (2 points)

Write an R command that calculates the following:

$$\frac{|-3| + \log_3(9)}{2}$$

where $|x|$ is the absolute value of x .

Provide both the numerical answer and the R command.

Question 2 (1 point)

Write an R command in the box below that repeats the sequence (3, 2, 1) one hundred times.

The resulting vector should be of the form (3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, ..., 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1) and have 300 elements.

Question 3 (1 point)

The vector `x` is the sequence (1, 2, ..., 19, 20). This can be created in R with the command:

```
x <- 1:20
```

Write an R command in the box below *using indexing* that returns all the even numbers from `x`. That is, your command should be of the form `x[???`] where `???` indexes the even elements of `x`. The output should have 10 elements.

Question 4 (1 point)

The variable `x` is a single number. Write an R command in that box below that returns `TRUE` if `x` is in the interval (2, 3) and `FALSE` otherwise. The interval (2, 3) includes all numbers between 2 and 3 but not including 2.0 and 3.0. That is, it returns `TRUE` if $x > 2$ AND $x < 3$ and `FALSE` otherwise.

Data Analysis (8 points)

Download the dataset [ranking-clicks.csv](#). The dataset contains information on the weekly number of clicks products receive in an online web store. The variable descriptions are:

- **product_id**: The product ID (1 to 25).
- **week**: The week number (1 to 6).
- **ranking**: The position ranking of the product on the web store (1 is at the top of the webpage, 25 is at the bottom of the webpage).
- **price**: The price of the product.
- **clicks**: The total number of clicks the product received in the week.

When reading the dataset into R, assign it to `df`.

Question 5 (2 points)

What is the median of the variable `price`?

Provide both the numerical answer and the R command required to obtain the answer (if the dataframe is assigned to `df`).

Question 6 (2 points)

Calculate the total number of clicks product 1 received over the entire 6 weeks.

Provide both the numerical answer and the R command required to obtain the answer (if the dataframe is assigned to `df`).

Question 7 (2 points)

Create a scatter plot with `ranking` on the horizontal axis and `clicks` on the vertical axis. Make the color of the points vary with the product's price.

Based on your plot, answer the following 2 questions.

Part (a): Choose the correction option from the following:

- Products higher on the webpage on average receive *more* clicks than products further down the webpage.
- Products higher on the webpage on average receive *fewer* clicks than products further down the webpage.
- Products higher on the webpage on average receive *the same number* clicks compared products further down the webpage.
- The optimal position on the webpage to receive the most clicks is roughly *half-way* down the webpage.

Part (b): Choose the correction option from the following:

- Products with a higher price on average receive *more* clicks.
- Products with a higher price on average receive *fewer* clicks.

Question 8 (1 point)

Write an R command in the box below using the `aggregate()` function that returns the total number of clicks for each product.

Question 9 (1 point)

Write an R command in the box below to reshape the data such that there are 25 rows, one for each product, and the columns are:

- The product ID.
- The number of clicks for the product in week 1.
- The number of clicks for the product in week 2.
- The number of clicks for the product in week 3.
- The number of clicks for the product in week 4.
- The number of clicks for the product in week 5.
- The number of clicks for the product in week 6.

The output should be the following:

	product_id	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	1	4934	4545	4742	5380	4653	4750
2	2	4440	4463	4609	4125	4795	4199
3	3	4439	4951	4358	4998	4631	4992
4	4	3858	3699	3529	3642	3888	3526
5	5	3552	3625	3569	3491	4082	3362
6	6	4157	4441	4293	4135	3950	4798
7	7	3080	3137	3839	3013	3705	3360
8	8	3205	3167	3000	3001	3418	3166
9	9	3145	2940	3321	2907	3129	3694
10	10	2701	2937	2909	3134	2804	2678
11	11	3996	3247	3696	4167	3303	3959
12	12	2141	2539	2513	2306	2013	2290
13	13	3136	2455	2267	2654	2332	2491
14	14	3521	2795	3109	2881	2980	2817
15	15	2332	3162	2562	2533	3194	2559
16	16	2614	2383	2644	2624	2468	2265
17	17	2066	2291	1596	1343	1785	1412
18	18	1779	2364	1692	1806	1939	2032
19	19	2097	1862	3196	2151	2242	2803
20	20	1586	2258	1926	2258	2282	2102
21	21	1927	2291	2488	1792	1519	1862
22	22	1140	1295	1837	1191	1237	1231
23	23	2085	1852	1616	2355	1842	1930
24	24	2658	1944	2501	2194	2634	2629
25	25	2195	1833	2229	2371	1736	1509

Hint: Load the `reshape2` package using the command `library(reshape2)`.

You do not need to include loading this package in your answer.

Data Cleaning (4 points)

Download the dataset [sales-oct-2025.csv](#). The dataset contains information on total number of units sold for a store throughout October 2025. The variables are:

- **date**: The date in US format (month-day-year).
- **day_of_week**: The (abbreviated) day of the week.
- **sales**: The total number of units sold on that day.

When reading the dataset into R, assign it to `df`.

Question 10 (1 point)

Write an R command in the box below using the `as.Date()` function that will correctly format the `date` variable to an R date.

```
df <- read.csv("sales-oct-2025.csv")
df$date <- as.Date(df$date, format = "%m/%d/%y")
```

Question 11 (3 points)

Perform the following cleaning steps:

- Part (a): Write an R command in the box below that will replace the values of `sales` on Saturdays and Sundays with the value `NA` (i.e. replace "Closed" with `NA`).
- Part (b): Write an R command in the box below that will convert the variable `sales` from character to numeric.
- Part (c): Write an R command in the box below that will drop all rows in `df` with missing observations. The resulting dataframe should have 23 rows.

Optimization (3 points)

The following 3 questions will involve working with the following mathematical function defined over all real numbers x :

$$f(x) = 10 + 4x - 2x^2$$

Question 12 (1 point)

Plot the function between the x values -3 and $+5$. Choose the answer below which best describes the shape of this function:

- Straight line

- Flat
- U shape
- Inverted U shape (upside-down U)

Question 13 (1 point)

Use R to find the value of x at an extreme point of this function.

Type this value of x in the box below.

Question 14 (1 point)

What value does the function take at the extreme point?