

integer, float, boolean, string, bytes

## Base Types

```
int 783 0 -192 0b010 0o642 0xF3
float 9.23 0.0 -1.7e-6
bool True False
str "One\nTwo"
bytes b"toto\xfe\775"
```

zero binary octal hexa  
Multiline string:  
escaped new line  
escaped ' escaped tab  
hexadecimal octal  
☞ immutables

ordered sequences, fast index access, repeatable values

## Container Types

```
list [1,5,9] ["x",11,8.9] ["mot"]
tuple (1,5,9) 11,"y",7.4 ("mot",)
```

Non modifiable values (immutables) ☞ expression with only commas → tuple  
☞ ordered sequences of chars / bytes  
key containers, no a priori order, fast key access, each key is unique  
dictionary dict {"key": "value"} dict (a=3, b=4, k="v")  
(key/value associations) {1: "one", 3: "three", 2: "two", 3.14: "pi"}  
collection set {"key1", "key2"} {1, 9, 3, 0} set ()  
☞ keys=hashable values (base types, immutables...) frozenset immutable set empty

for variables, functions, modules, classes... names

## Identifiers

a...zA...Z\_ followed by a...zA...Z\_0...9  
☐ diacritics allowed but should be avoided  
☐ language keywords forbidden  
☐ lower/UPPER case discrimination  
☐ a toto x7 y\_max BigOne  
☐ &y and for

## Variables assignment

= assignment ⇔ binding of a name with a value  
1) evaluation of right side expression value  
2) assignment in order with left side names  
x=1.2+8+sin(y)  
a=b=c=0 assignment to same value  
y,z,r=9.2,-7.6,0 multiple assignments  
a,b=b,a values swap  
a,\*b=seq } unpacking of sequence in  
\*a,b=seq } item and list  
x+=3 increment ⇔ x=x+3 and  
x-=2 decrement ⇔ x=x-2 \*=  
x=None « undefined » constant value /=  
del x remove name x %=  
...

type(expression) Conversions

```
int("15") → 15
int("3f",16) → 63 can specify integer number base in 2nd parameter
int(15.56) → 15 truncate decimal part
float("-11.24e8") → -1124000000.0
round(15.56,1) → 15.6 rounding to 1 decimal (0 decimal → integer number)
bool(x) False for null x, empty container x, None or False x; True for other x
str(x) → "..." representation string of x for display (cf. formatting on the back)
chr(64) → '@' ord('@') → 64 code ⇔ char
repr(x) → "..." literal representation string of x
bytes([72,9,64]) → b'H\t@'
list("abc") → ['a','b','c']
dict([(3,"three"),(1,"one")]) → {1:'one',3:'three'}
set(["one","two"]) → {'one','two'}
separator str and sequence of str → assembled str
':'.join(['toto','12','pswd']) → 'toto:12:pswd'
str splitted on whitespaces → list of str
"words with spaces".split() → ['words','with','spaces']
str splitted on separator str → list of str
"1,4,8,2".split(",") → ['1','4','8','2']
sequence of one type → list of another type (via list comprehension)
[int(x) for x in ('1','29','-3')] → [1,29,-3]
```

for lists, tuples, strings, bytes...

## Sequence Containers Indexing

negative index	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	Items count
positive index	0	1	2	3	4	len(lst) → 5
	10	20	30	40	50	☞ index from 0 (here from 0 to 4)
positive slice	0	1	2	3	4	
negative slice	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	

Access to sub-sequences via lst[start slice: end slice: step]  
 lst[: -1] → [10, 20, 30, 40] lst[: : -1] → [50, 40, 30, 20, 10] lst[1:3] → [20, 30] lst[:3] → [10, 20, 30]  
 lst[1: -1] → [20, 30, 40] lst[: : -2] → [50, 30, 10] lst[-3: -1] → [30, 40] lst[3: ] → [40, 50]  
 lst[: : 2] → [10, 30, 50] lst[: ] → [10, 20, 30, 40, 50] shallow copy of sequence  
 Missing slice indication → from start / up to end.  
 On mutable sequences (list), remove with del lst[3:5] and modify with assignment lst[1:4]=[15,25]

## Boolean Logic

Comparisons : < > <= >= == != (boolean results)  
 a and b logical and both simultaneously  
 a or b logical or one or other or both  
 ☞ pitfall : and and or return value of a or of b (under shortcut evaluation).  
 ⇒ ensure that a and b are booleans.  
 not a logical not  
 True False } True and False constants

## Statements Blocks

parent statement:  
statement block 1...  
parent statement:  
statement block 2...  
next statement after block 1  
☞ configure editor to insert 4 spaces in place of an indentation tab.

## Modules/Names Imports

module truc ⇔ file truc.py  
 from monmod import nom1,nom2 as fct → direct access to names, renaming with as  
 import monmod → access via monmod.nom1...  
 ☞ modules and packages searched in python path (cf sys.path)

## Conditional Statement

statement block executed only if a condition is true  
 if logical condition:  
statements block  
 Can go with several elif, elif... and only one final else. Only the block of first true condition is executed.  
 with a var x:  
 if bool(x)==True: ⇔ if x:  
 if bool(x)==False: ⇔ if not x:  
 if age<=18:  
state="Kid"  
 elif age>65:  
state="Retired"  
 else:  
state="Active"

floating numbers... approximated values

Operators: + - \* / // % \*\*  
 Priority (...) × ÷ ↑ ↑ a<sup>b</sup>  
 integer ÷ ÷ remainder  
 @ → matrix × python3.5+numpy  
 (1+5.3)\*2 → 12.6  
 abs(-3.2) → 3.2  
 round(3.57,1) → 3.6  
 pow(4,3) → 64.0  
 ☞ usual order of operations

angles in radians

## Maths

```
from math import sin,pi...
sin(pi/4) → 0.707...
cos(2*pi/3) → -0.4999...
sqrt(81) → 9.0 ✓
log(e**2) → 2.0
ceil(12.5) → 13
floor(12.5) → 12
modules math, statistics, random, decimal, fractions, numpy, etc. (cf. doc)
```

Signaling an error:

raise ExcClass(...)  
 Errors processing:  
 try:  
normal processing block  
 except Exception as e:  
error processing block

## Exceptions on Errors

normal processing block  
 error processing block  
 finally block for final processing in all cases.