

# Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars

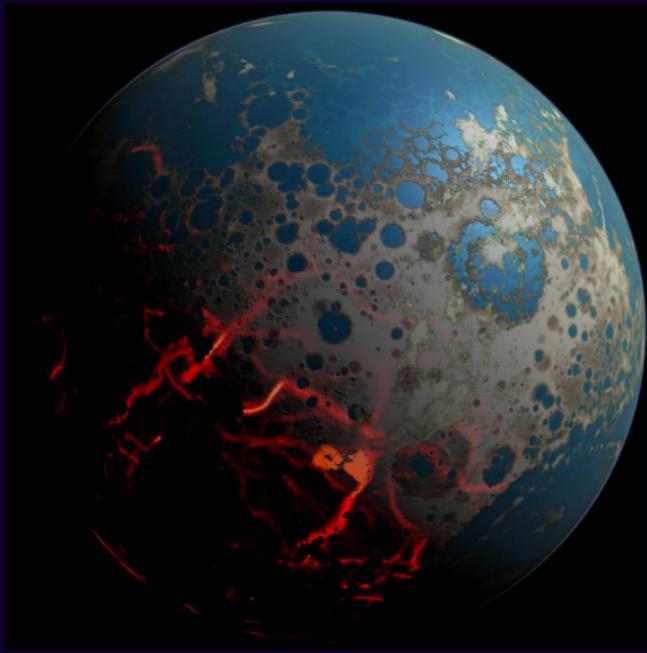
Astronomy 101  
Syracuse University, Fall 2019  
Walter Freeman

November 14, 2019

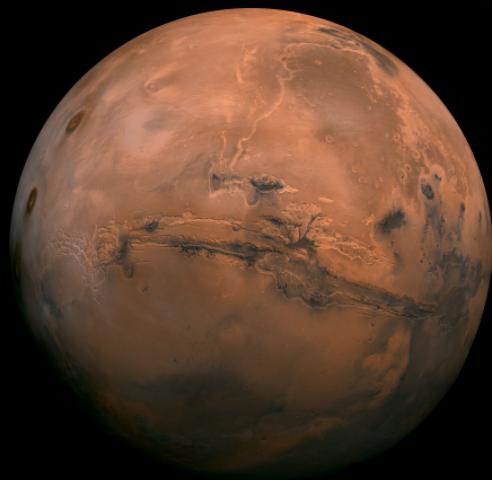
# Announcements

- Paper 2 due Friday to your TA's mailbox before the building closes
- Also email a copy to `suast101projects@gmail.com`
- Prelab 10 is posted; paper copies available after class
- Think about / start on your final projects
- If you've not started on your take-home lab, do that yesterday!

# That dress meme...



How do we get from there to here?



# A few things to keep in mind

- Asteroids: any unprotected object gets hit repeatedly (more in early solar system)
- Our atmosphere is thick enough to burn up many, but not all, asteroids
- Volcanism:
  - Hot rocks melt
  - Molten things flow
  - If the core of a planet is hot, it has volcanic activity
  - Radioactive decays of uranium sustain internal heat of planets over billions of years

	Orbit (AU)	Radius (km)	Temp (actual)	Temp (pred.)	Volcanism?
Mercury	0.39	2440	700 / 100 K	439 K	Long ago
Venus	0.72	6051	740 K	321 K	Yes
Earth	1	6378	290 K	273 K	Yes
Mars	1.52	3397	220 K	222 K	In the past

	Orbit (AU)	$\Delta$ Temp	Atmosphere	Atmospheric pressure
Mercury	0.39	small	None	None
Venus	0.72	+419 K	CO <sub>2</sub>	92 atm
Earth	1	+17 K	N <sub>2</sub> ; O <sub>2</sub> ; CO <sub>2</sub> ; H <sub>2</sub> O	1 atm
Mars	1.52	-2 K	CO <sub>2</sub> ; N <sub>2</sub> ; Ar	0.006 atm

Mercury, the fleet messenger god, whizzing around the Sun...



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CilfBWvCSXI>

# Agile, lively Mercury...

Mercury's surface is pockmarked with craters. This tells us:

- It clearly has been hit by asteroids.
- It didn't have an atmosphere when this happened
- No weathering, geologic activity, or the like has taken place since

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- Mercury is a dead rock. It's interesting if you like rocks...

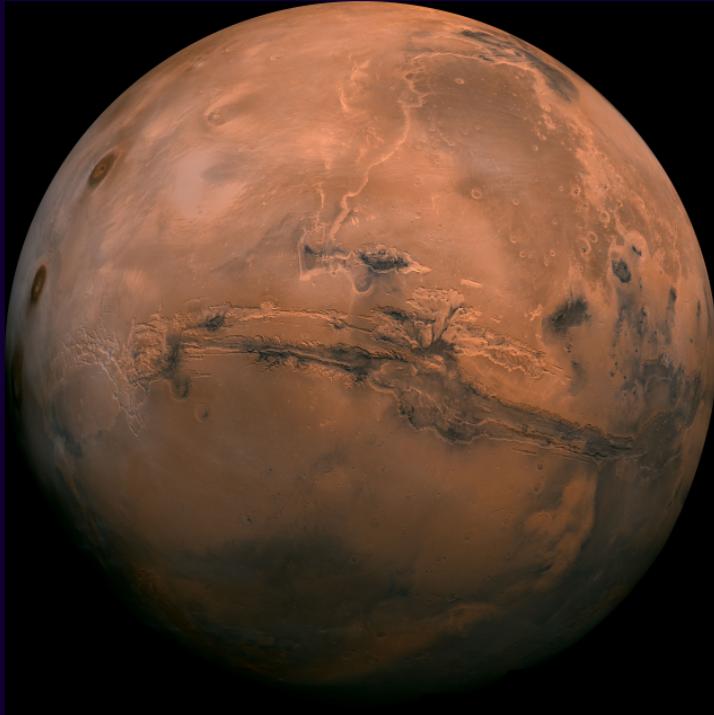
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Mars, the cruel god of war...



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cX0anvv4plU>

# Bloodthirsty, violent Mars...

We've sent robots to Mars that have explored it some detail. We find:

- Rocks with rust in them, making it red
- Only a thin atmosphere, mostly CO<sub>2</sub>
- Large volcanoes, none active
- Evidence of interior heat, but not like Earth and Venus
- Evidence that liquid water once ran on its surface
- Evidence that it once had an atmosphere of water and CO<sub>2</sub>
- Evidence that was once much warmer than it is today

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- Evidence that it once had an atmosphere of water and CO<sub>2</sub>
- Evidence that was once much warmer than it is today
- ... what happened?

# Rusty, peaceful Mars...

- Something happened around three billion years ago
- Mars lost its atmosphere
  - Decline in interior heat → less volcanism?
  - Solar wind stripping the atmosphere away?
  - Still an area of active research
- This caused it to cool (no more greenhouse effect!)

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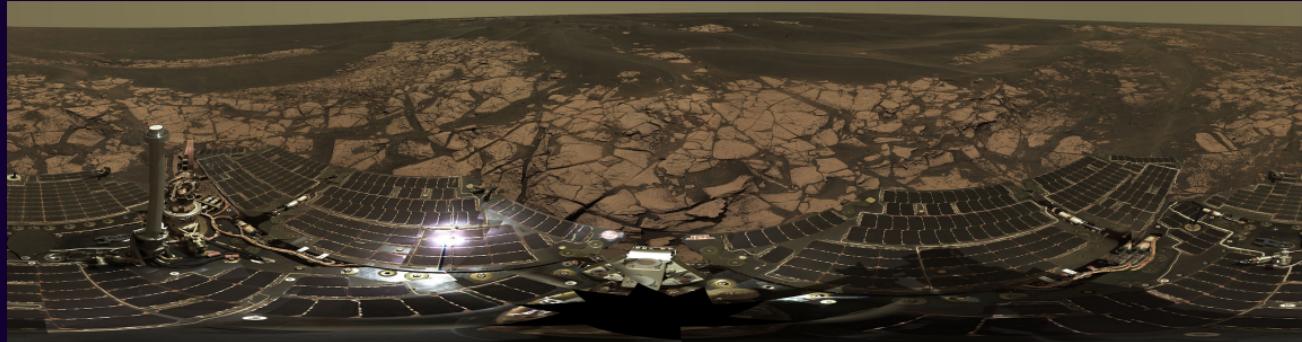
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- Now Mars' surface mostly contains memories...
- ... and robots!

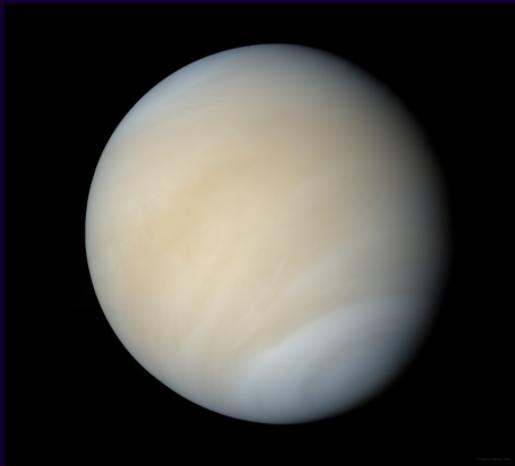
# Mars, the robots' domain...

NASA sent two small rovers to Mars that landed in 2004.

- These two little robots, named *Spirit* and *Opportunity*, were supposed to last 90 sols...
- *Spirit*: stuck after 2274 Martian days (6.4 years).  
<https://xkcd.com/695/>
- *Opportunity*: unresponsive after a dust storm after 5,250 Martian days (14.7 years)



Venus, the goddess of love and beauty...



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PyBkzZoMYN4>

# Beautiful, lovely Venus...

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- The atmospheric pressure is high enough to crush bone
- ... if there is a Hell in our solar system, it is Venus. What in Hell – literally – happened?

# Horrifying, poisonous Venus...

- Visible light doesn't go through this atmosphere well
- ... radar does!
- We've used radar to map the Venusian surface
- It has some interesting geology
- You can read about it in your book



Earth, cradle of life...



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MbHQ6eWANIo> (not by Holst!)

# Earth, our home...

- Active volcanism throughout its history
- Large amounts of liquid water on surface
- Stable climate: most of surface between 273 K and 373 K (freezing/boiling) for a long time
- Atmosphere with significant oxygen, nitrogen, some CO<sub>2</sub>

# Earth, our home...

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- Large amounts of liquid water on surface
- Stable climate: most of surface between 273 K and 373 K (freezing/boiling) for a long time
- Atmosphere with significant oxygen, nitrogen, some CO<sub>2</sub>
- Surface covered by self-replicating, reactive, diverse, beautiful, *aware* machines, made of carbon compounds: *life!*
- Atmospheric oxygen from the byproducts of plant metabolism
- Hot core generates a magnetic field that shields atmosphere from solar wind

# Our large Moon...

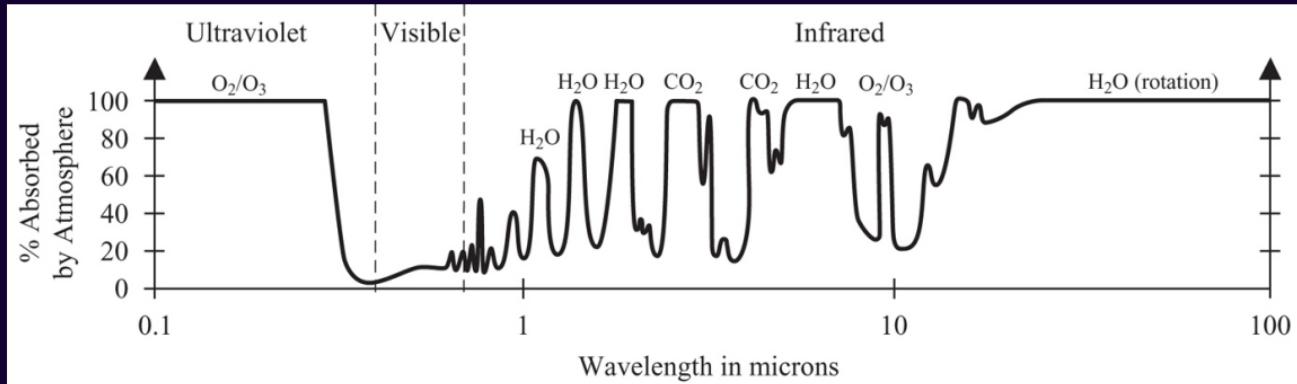
- The Moon appears to have similar composition to Earth
- ... but it lacks active geology or an atmosphere

# Our large Moon...

- The Moon appears to have similar composition to Earth
- ... but it lacks active geology or an atmosphere
- Shortly after the formation of Earth, something the size of Mars hit us
- Some of the resulting fragments broke off and orbited the Earth
- They coalesced into the Moon



# The greenhouse effect



- As you saw/will see in lab this week: planets' temperature set by radiation balance:
  - Incoming thermal radiation from Sun – visible
  - Outgoing thermal radiation from planet – infrared
- What happens if you have an atmosphere that reflects IR, but not visible light?
- The outgoing thermal radiation is greatly reduced!

This is called the *greenhouse effect*.

# The greenhouse effect

Venus has a *tremendously thick* atmosphere and a powerful greenhouse effect.

- Its atmosphere contains a great deal of CO<sub>2</sub>, which reflects IR strongly
- The thermal radiation that would carry heat away from Venus can't get out
- It is over 400 K hotter than was predicted by the calculation you are doing this week

Earth has a *thinner* atmosphere.

- Nitrogen doesn't absorb strongly at any relevant wavelengths
- H<sub>2</sub>O and CO<sub>2</sub> are strong greenhouse gases, but they are only a bit of the atmosphere
- We are about 20 K warmer than predicted by that crude math
- These gases are very important for determining Earth's temperature!

# The greenhouse effect

Complete *Lecture Tutorials* pp. 105-110.