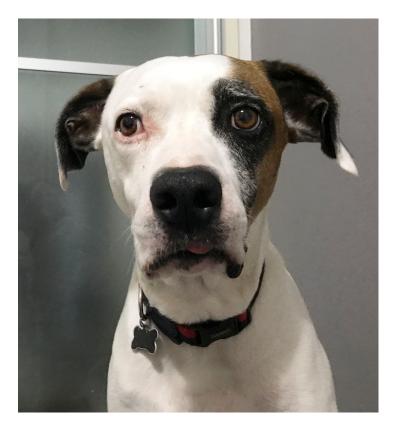
RECITATION QUESTIONS April $_{\mathrm{APRIL}}$ $_{3}$

1.	length L. too big to	Ohana is sitting on a tree swing, consisting of a light platform suspended by two ropes of Her exceptionally friendly dog Rum (pronounced "room"), who is half her mass and far to be a lap-dog but doesn't know it, runs toward her and then jumps in her lap. The dog causes her to recoil backwards, and the swing swings upward to an angle of the dog causes.
	before coi	ming back down.
	(ii) r	w cartoons of three relevant moments in time: (i) right before his dog jumps in his lap right after his dog jumps in his lap, and (iii) when the swing is at its highest point. Laberant things, in particular the velocities of moving objects.
	` '	at physical principle can you use to relate the velocity of the dog before she jumps in his larger artoon (i) to the velocity of the person plus dog afterwards in cartoon (ii)?
		at physical principle can you use to relate the velocity of the person and dog in cartoon (ii) ne swing angle θ in cartoon (iii)?

(d) Using the principle you identified in (b), find a relation between Rum's initial velocity of Rum and Ohana after he jumps in her lap.	eity and the
(e) What is the work done by gravity during the motion here? You will need to this about geometry.	ak carefully
(f) How fast was the dog running when she jumped in his lap? Find an answer in ter and g .	rms of L , θ ,



Rum the Physics Dog wants you to study hard.

Unless you have snacks for him.

Then he wants snacks.

2.	A firecracker is launched straight upward. It is traveling upward at 30 m/s when it explodes, fracturing into two pieces. The larger piece is twice as massive as the smaller piece; after the explosion, it is traveling horizontally at 50 m/s. What is the velocity of the smaller piece after the explosion? Give its magnitude and direction.

3. A Yo-Yo consists of a cylinder of mass m and radius r. A thin slot is cut in the middle of the cylinder such that the inner radius is only $r_{\rm in}=0.4r$, and a string is wound around the middle. (If you don't know what a Yo-Yo is, there is an animation on Wikipedia.) The moment of inertia of a cylinder is $I=\frac{1}{2}mr^2$. Suppose that a Yo-Yo has a string of length L=1.2 m, and its handler winds up the string, holds one end, and then drops the Yo-Yo. It will fall, unwinding its string, until it falls 120 cm and runs out of string.

In this problem, you'll use the conservation of energy to find how fast the Yo-Yo is moving when it reaches the bottom.

(a) Write down the work-energy theorem for the Yo-Yo as it falls. Note that the tension here does no work; there are several explanations for why, but the one based on the things that you know so far is that the *string is stationary*. The point of contact between the string and the Yo-Yo doesn't slip; you can think of the spool "rolling down" the string, much like a ball rolls down a hill.

(b) What is the relation between the angular velocity ω and the translational velocity v of the Yo-Yo? Call your TA/coach over to check your work on this part.

(c)	Find its velocity when it reaches the bottom. has been simply <i>dropped</i> the same distance.	Compare this to the velocity of an object that
(d)	Does the slot in the middle of the Yo-Yo simply some other purpose? Explain this to your TA/o	