# RECITATION QUESTIONS APRIL 17

Question 1: rotational dynamics fundamentals

A light cable is wound around a cylindrical spool fixed in place of radius 50 cm and mass 10 kg. One end of the cable is attached to a motor, which pulls with a constant force of 20 N on the cable. When the

otor is switched on, the force exerted by the cable causes the spool to rotate faster and faster.	
1. What is the moment of inertia of the spool?	
2. What is the torque applied to the spool by the motor?	
3. What is the angular acceleration of the spool?	
4. How long will it take for the spool to make a full revolution?	
5. After five seconds, how fast is the cable moving?	
6. After five seconds, what is the kinetic energy of the spool?	
7. What is the work done by the motor in five seconds?	

### Question 2: on torque

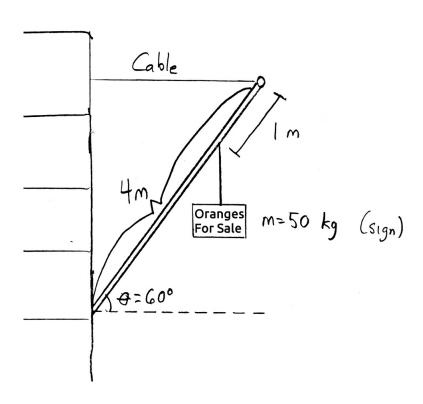
A unicyclist rides at a constant speed of $5 \text{ m/s}$ ; she and her unicycle have a combined mass of $70 \text{ kg}$ . The wheel of her unicycle has a radius of $50 \text{ cm}$ . At this speed, air resistance exerts a force of $80 \text{ N}$ on her.
1) What is the angular velocity of the wheel?
2) As you know, the force that wheeled vehicles use to propel themselves forward is static friction. What is the size of this force?
3) What torque must she apply to the wheel to maintain her speed?

4) Suppose the pedals are attached to a crank with a radius of 25 cm. What force must she apply to the pedals to maintain her speed?
5) What power does she apply to the pedals? What power does the air resistance apply?

### Question 3: on static equilibrium

This problem appears on your next homework set as well, and on Friday's recitation. It is here just so you can start thinking about it if you finish the others. If you don't finish, don't worry – you'll start with this on Friday.

A 4m-long pole of mass 80 kg extends from the side of a building, angled at 60 degrees above the horizontal. One meter from the end of the pole, a sign of mass 50 kg is attached. To support the pole, a horizontal cable runs from the end of the pole to the building. (See the attached figure.)



a) Draw a force diagram, showing all of the elements needed to help you compute the tension in the support cable. Indicate your choice of pivot point.			

b) Complete the following table, letting you calculate the torque from every force in the problem.

Name	Distance to pivot $(r)$	Size of force (F)	$\sin \theta$	+ or -	Torque
			(angle between $\vec{F}$ and $\vec{r}$ )		

c) Comput	e the	tension	in	the	cable
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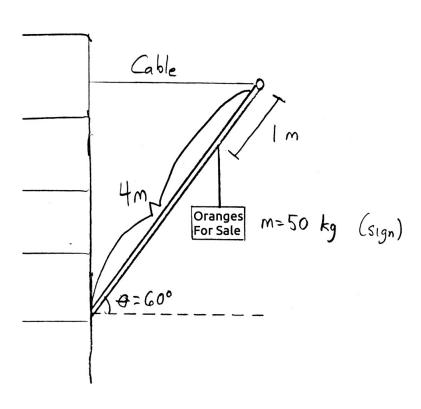
d) Suppose now that the store owner wanted to attach the cable to a different point on the building in order to minimize its tension. What angle between the cable and the horizontal would support the pole with the minimum tension?

## RECITATION QUESTIONS APRIL 19

### Question 1: on static equilibrium

This problem appears on your next homework set as well. If you finish it here, you can staple your recitation work to your homework and write a note that says "see attached".

A 4m-long pole of mass 80 kg extends from the side of a building, angled at 60 degrees above the horizontal. One meter from the end of the pole, a sign of mass 50 kg is attached. To support the pole, a horizontal cable runs from the end of the pole to the building. (See the attached figure.)



a) Draw a force diagram, showing all of the elements needed to help you compute the tension in the support cable. Indicate your choice of pivot point.			

b) Complete the following table, letting you calculate the torque from every force in the problem.

Name	Distance to pivot $(r)$	Size of force (F)	$\sin \theta$	+ or -	Torque
			(angle between $\vec{F}$ and $\vec{r}$ )		

c) Comput	e the	tension	in	the	cable
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d) Suppose now that the store owner wanted to attach the cable to a different point on the building in order to minimize its tension. What angle between the cable and the horizontal would support the pole with the minimum tension?

### Question 2: on rotational dynamics

A flywheel (a large, spinning disc) of mass m and radius r is rotating at angular velocity  $\omega$ . The machine operator wishes to bring it to rest using a friction brake. When the brake is engaged, two brake pads on either side of the disc are pressed against it from either side, two-thirds of the way from the center to the outer edge; each brake pad exerts a normal force  $F_N$ .

If the coefficient of friction between the brake pads and the disc is  $\mu_k$ , how long does it take the brake to bring the flywheel to a stop?

### Question 3: on linked objects

A bucket of mass m hangs from a string wound around a pulley (a solid cylinder) with mass M and radius r. When the bucket is released, it falls, unwinding the string.

1. Draw force diagrams for the bucket and the pulley. Note that since the pulley rotates, you will need to draw an extended force diagram for it, drawing the object and labeling where each force acts.

2. In terms of the forces in your force diagrams, write an expression for the net torque on the pulley.

3. Write down Newton's laws of motion  $-\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$  for translation, and  $\sum \tau = I\alpha$  – for each object. (One object moves, and the other turns...)

4.	What is the relationship between the angular acceleration $\alpha$ of the pulley and the linear acceleration $a$ of the bucket? (The answer may be different depending on how you have drawn your pictures and your choice of coordinate system.)
5.	Calculate the acceleration of the bucket in terms of $m$ and $M$ .
6.	Suppose that the pulley were a hollow cylinder with the same mass. How would this acceleration change?