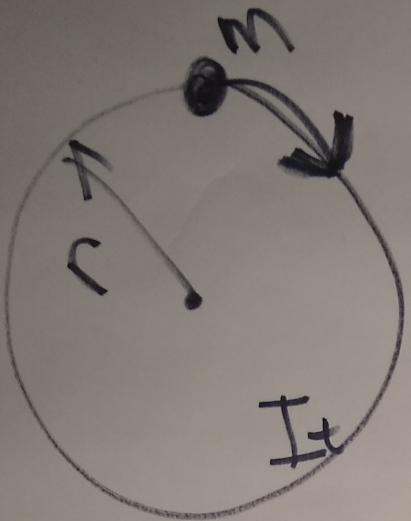


Angular momentum conserved

$$I_i \omega_i = I_f \omega_f$$

$$I_0 \omega_0 = 4I_0 \omega_f \Rightarrow \omega_f = \frac{\omega_0}{4}$$



angular mom,
conserved

$$L_0 = 0 = L_f = I_p \omega_p + I_t \omega_t$$

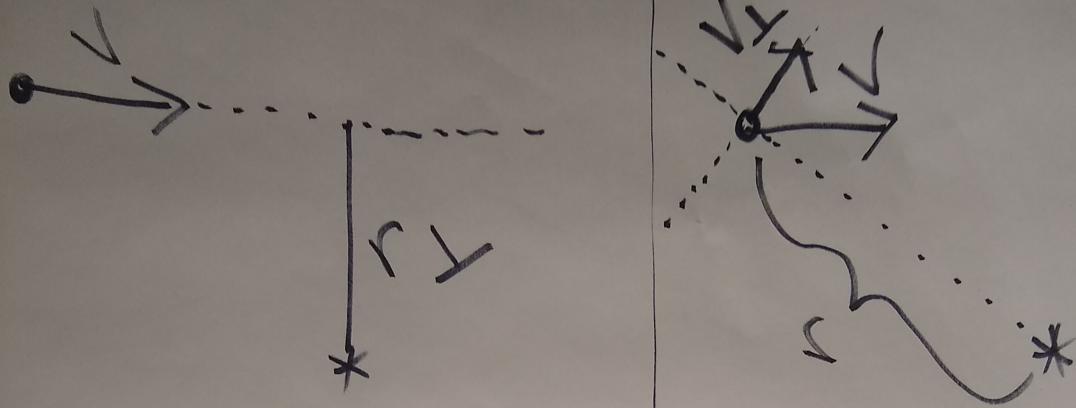
$$I_p = mr^2$$

$$\omega_p = v_p/r = \frac{1.5 \text{ m/s}}{2 \text{ m}} = 0.75 \text{ rad/s}$$

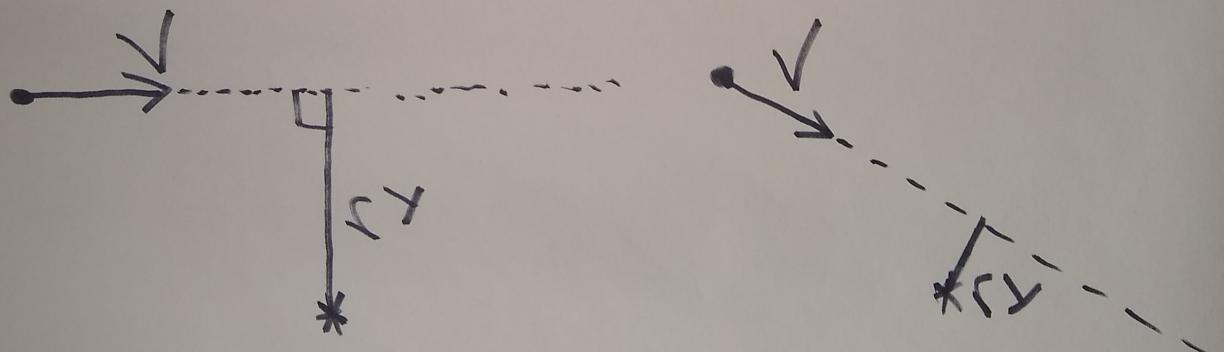
$$0 = mr\cancel{\omega_p} + I_t \omega_t$$

$$\omega_t = -\frac{mr v_p}{I_t} = -0.36 \text{ rad/s}$$

Two ways:



$$\sqrt{r_\perp^2} = \sqrt{r_\parallel^2}$$



p3