

Introduction

I had a chance to work with graduate mentor for research project at the spring semester of 2019. It was such a great opportunity to practice with solving practical problems with everything that I have learned. After discussed with graduate mentor, we decided to focus on what factors that cause TEC line jump points. The reason that I chose this topic, because it's basic for aerospace area and it can be used for Machine Learning to collect the data and analyze why it causes these jump points. About what is TEC is Total Electron Content. Why we want to do this, because the global positional system is a wide applied tool and it investigates the earth's ionosphere. That's why we want to do this.

As for the Figure 1, this is the TEC line jump point picture from Sep 1st, 2018 in G02 satellite. As for x-axis is the Time, y-axis is the TEC. As seen from the Figure, the orange scattered point is the TEC line jump point at the end of the line.

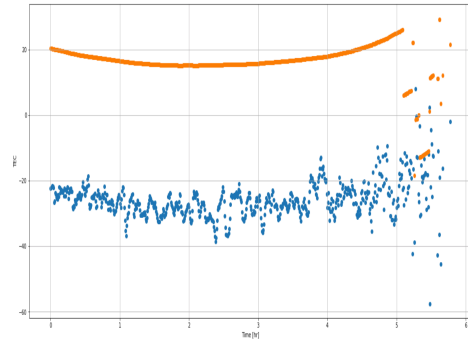


Figure 1

Research Objectives

My research topic is Analysis of Phase Jump Occurrence in IGS Station Data. I'm going to focus on factors about why jump point occurred. As seen from Figure 1, I used the difference between Pseudorange for dual frequency.

Equations

Method

For this research, there are four subsections for this research.

First, I called it as **Plot Jump Point**.

The first part is about plot the TEC line and check what is be the reasons cause it. I use the difference between dual frequency signal from satellite receiver and use the equation above to plot it. Here is the example of the plot. The left one is satellite G01 from Sep 3rd, 2018 (see Figure 2). The right one satellite G05 from Sep 3rd, 2018 (see Figure 3).

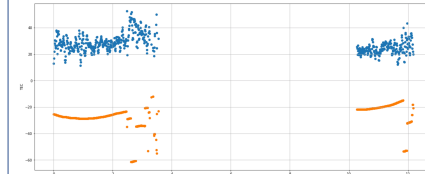


Figure 2

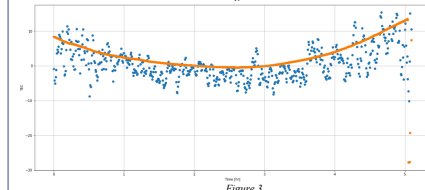


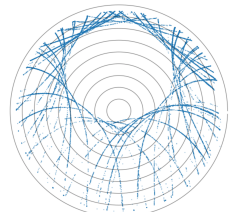
Figure 3

In the third step, I'm going to use Azimuth and Elevation to get the sky Plot. I called it as **Sky Plot by Azimuth and Elevation**. I'm going to get the Azimuth and Elevation for each station and export it in the csv file too (see Figure 5).

A	B	C	D	E
data_id	station_id	satellite_id	azimuth	elevation
20170801_001	G01	48.21344601	48.31870634	
20170801_001	G01	-130.5054476	15.09877074	
20170801_001	G01	132.2048087	13.45646405	
20170801_001	G01	132.4480758	12.96139411	
20170801_001	G01	132.3421779	12.68647332	
20170801_001	G01	-133.0351353	12.31292551	
20170801_001	G01	-133.1811862	11.14880878	
20170801_001	G01	134.6177844	11.66044162	
20170801_001	G01	-134.6278479	10.52853338	
20170801_001	G01	135.0570562	10.54205052	
20170801_001	G01	135.7892146	9.239154641	
20170801_001	G01	135.9112059	8.379550233	
20170801_001	G01	-136.6176024	8.282141334	
20170801_001	G01	137.3016837	6.174264087	
20170801_001	G01	144.5620504	2.77733841	
20170801_001	G01	144.0058728	8.141795886	
20170801_001	G01	-53.0448051	13.05813362	
20170801_001	G01	-53.0138687	10.29781315	
20170801_001	G01	52.8982136	11.02484144	
20170801_001	G01	52.2393767	12.22250805	
20170801_001	G01	-51.62583811	11.53981487	
20170801_001	G01	-51.05868405	11.38077029	
20170801_001	G01	-49.1853427	11.61305644	
20170801_001	G01	-49.0510187	12.20212638	
20170801_001	G01	-48.92403879	22.79263748	
20170801_001	G01	-100.0708051	8.84717874	
20170801_001	G01	170.3151547	4.89153846	
20170801_001	G01	31.5102082	5.75073288	
20170801_001	G05	62.6161067	1.08637382	
20170801_001	G05	-48.62137306	9.09255695	
20170801_001	G05	-53.8371151	9.39845785	

(see Figure 5)

And then, I'm going to use it to make sky plot to show the jump point in the sky plot. It can directly show where jump occurrence in the universe (see Figure 6). This figure is for station yell, which located on Yellowknife city in Canada, for 2017 whole year. We can see the jump point occur in the similarity on the different dates.



(see Figure 6)

The second part is about **auto download the data and plot the data**. In this research project, I have to check many data for the similarity. For example, I go through the data from satellite G02 about 1 or 2 year's data. It will take long if I plot each data manually, so that's why we work on how to auto download the data from the website to get the observation data and how to auto plot it. After that, I will automatically save it in my laptop as picture. And then, I will check for difference and similarity.

The next step is that I have to check how many jump point occurring at each satellite in whole year. I called this step as **count for How many Jump point**. The same problem is that I have to check the data as much as possible. It could automatically do the calculation on what I will work on it. I use threshold to compare with each data and then export it as .csv file. It's very important because we have to use these data to find out the Azimuth and elevation to make sky plot. Here is the example about how the table in .csv file like (see Figure 4).

A	B
Name of Satellite Station	Number of Jump Point
20170821_G10	7
20170821_G13	10
20170821_G15	7
20170821_G16	6
20170821_G18	5
20170821_G20	2
20170821_G21	1
20170821_G24	10
20170821_G27	11
20170821_G29	2
20170821_G32	1
20170821_G08	8
20170821_G14	15
20170821_G11	18
20170821_G31	2
20170821_G01	15
20170821_G25	10
20170821_G22	3
20170821_G12	3
20170821_G03	8
20170821_G26	5
20170821_G23	0
20170821_G09	5

(see Figure 4)