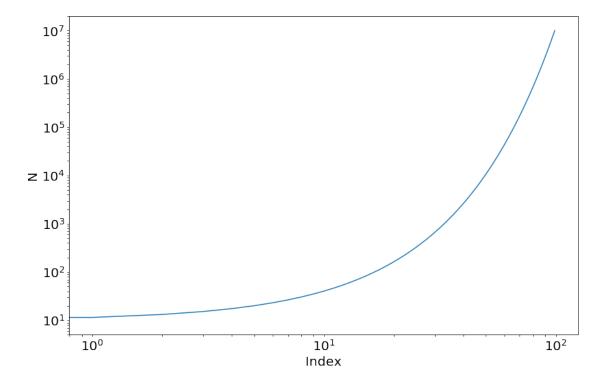
Estudo da converg?ncia valores m?dios

August 21, 2018

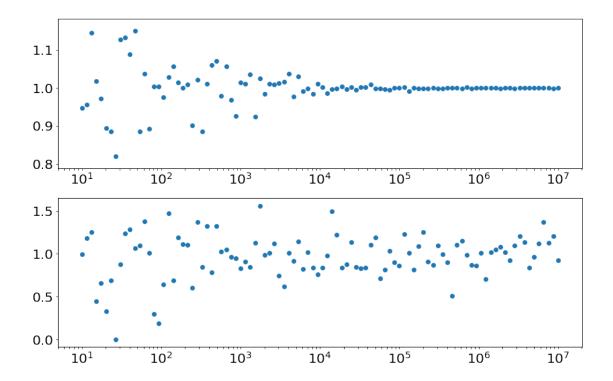
```
In [44]: %matplotlib inline
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         from astroscripts import customplots as cplot
         from astroscripts import util
In [49]: cplot.init_plotting()
In [18]: #test
         N = np.geomspace(10, 10**7, 100)
         print(N)
         plt.yscale('log')
         plt.xscale('log')
         plt.plot(N)
         plt.xlabel('Index')
         plt.ylabel('N')
[1.00000000e+01 1.14975700e+01 1.32194115e+01 1.51991108e+01
 1.74752840e+01 2.00923300e+01 2.31012970e+01 2.65608778e+01
 3.05385551e+01 3.51119173e+01 4.03701726e+01 4.64158883e+01
 5.33669923e+01 6.13590727e+01 7.05480231e+01 8.11130831e+01
 9.32603347e+01 1.07226722e+02 1.23284674e+02 1.41747416e+02
 1.62975083e+02 1.87381742e+02 2.15443469e+02 2.47707636e+02
 2.84803587e+02 3.27454916e+02 3.76493581e+02 4.32876128e+02
 4.97702356e+02 5.72236766e+02 6.57933225e+02 7.56463328e+02
 8.69749003e+02 1.00000000e+03 1.14975700e+03 1.32194115e+03
 1.51991108e+03 1.74752840e+03 2.00923300e+03 2.31012970e+03
 2.65608778e+03 3.05385551e+03 3.51119173e+03 4.03701726e+03
 4.64158883e+03 5.33669923e+03 6.13590727e+03 7.05480231e+03
 8.11130831e+03 9.32603347e+03 1.07226722e+04 1.23284674e+04
 1.41747416e+04 1.62975083e+04 1.87381742e+04 2.15443469e+04
 2.47707636e+04 2.84803587e+04 3.27454916e+04 3.76493581e+04
 4.32876128e+04 4.97702356e+04 5.72236766e+04 6.57933225e+04
 7.56463328e+04 8.69749003e+04 1.00000000e+05 1.14975700e+05
 1.32194115e+05 1.51991108e+05 1.74752840e+05 2.00923300e+05
 2.31012970e+05 2.65608778e+05 3.05385551e+05 3.51119173e+05
 4.03701726e+05 4.64158883e+05 5.33669923e+05 6.13590727e+05
```

```
7.05480231e+05 8.11130831e+05 9.32603347e+05 1.07226722e+06
1.23284674e+06 1.41747416e+06 1.62975083e+06 1.87381742e+06
2.15443469e+06 2.47707636e+06 2.84803587e+06 3.27454916e+06
3.76493581e+06 4.32876128e+06 4.97702356e+06 5.72236766e+06
6.57933225e+06 7.56463328e+06 8.69749003e+06 1.00000000e+07]
```

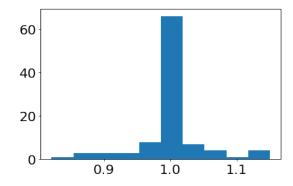
Out[18]: Text(0,0.5,'N')

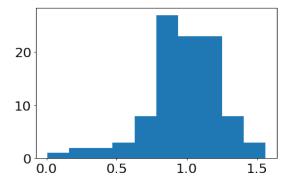


```
In [22]: _mean = np.zeros(len(N))
         _robust_mean = np.zeros(len(N))
         for i in range(len(N)):
             x = np.random.normal(1,1,int(N[i]))
             _{mean[i]} = np.mean(x)
             robust_mean[i] = 0.5* (np.max(x)+np.min(x))
In [25]: plt.subplot(211)
         plt.xscale('log')
         plt.scatter(N,_mean)
         plt.subplot(212)
         plt.xscale('log')
         plt.scatter(N,_robust_mean)
Out[25]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x116488668>
```



In [36]: plt.subplot(221)
 plt.hist(_mean)
 plt.subplot(222)
 plt.hist(_robust_mean)





1 Vamos aumentar a quantidade de distribuições por cada tamanho amostral:

```
In [47]: repetitions = 100
           _{mean} = []
           _robust_mean = []
           _{new_N} = []
           for i in range(len(N)):
                for k in range(repetitions): #temos 100 repetiçoes de sorteio de amostra para cad
                     x = np.random.normal(1,1,int(N[i]))
                     _mean.append(np.mean(x))
                     _robust_mean.append(0.5* (np.max(x)+np.min(x)))
                     _new_N.append(N[i])
                util.update_progress((1+i)/len(N))
Percent: [#######] 100% Done...
In [54]: plt.subplot(211)
           plt.xscale('log')
           plt.scatter(_new_N,_mean,alpha=0.1)
           plt.ylabel(r'\$\mu\$ = mean(x)')
           plt.subplot(212)
           plt.xscale('log')
           plt.scatter(_new_N,_robust_mean,alpha=0.1)
           plt.ylabel(r'\$\mu = \frac{1}{2}\$ (\min(x)+\max(x))')
Out[54]: Text(0,0.5,'\$\mu = \frac{1}{2}\$ (min(x)+max(x))')
        2.0
     1.5 mean (×)
        0.5
               101
                            10<sup>2</sup>
                                                                  105
                                                                               10<sup>6</sup>
                                        10<sup>3</sup>
                                                     10^{4}
                                                                                            10<sup>7</sup>
       = \frac{1}{2} \left( \min(x) + \max(x) \right)
          2
           1
          0
               10<sup>1</sup>
                           10<sup>2</sup>
                                        10<sup>3</sup>
                                                     10^{4}
                                                                  10<sup>5</sup>
                                                                               10<sup>6</sup>
                                                                                            10^{7}
```

```
In [51]: plt.subplot(221)
        plt.hist(_mean)
        plt.subplot(222)
        plt.hist(_robust_mean)
Out[51]: (array([
                   6., 37., 173., 1027., 3808., 3823., 930., 157.,
                   4.]),
         array([-0.33956469, -0.07165176, 0.19626117, 0.4641741, 0.73208704,
                 0.99999997, 1.2679129, 1.53582583, 1.80373876,
                                                                   2.0716517 ,
                 2.33956463]),
         <a list of 10 Patch objects>)
                                        4000
    8000
                                        3000
    6000
                                        2000
    4000
                                        1000
    2000
```

2.0

0

0

1

2

0

0.5

1.0

1.5