

UNIVERSITY OF DAR ES SALAAM
COLLEGE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



CS332 OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAM DESIGN AND ANALYSIS
PROJECT TITLE: STOCK CONTROL SYSTEM

| Name | Reg No. | Programme |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Helela Robinson | 2015-04-02575 | BsCS |
| Rwegasira, Lucy M. | 2015-04-02460 | CEIT |
| Kamando, Frank G. | 2015-04-02451 | CEIT |
| Mbele, Amina J. | 2015-04-07033 | CEIT |
| Christopher, Emmanuel | 2015-04-07051 | BsCS |
| Temu, Prosper W. | 2015-04-02455 | CEIT |
| Mugoro, Claire F. | 2015-04-07049 | BsCS |
| Jonas, Fred E. | 2015-04-07050 | BsCS |
| Mbuba, Haruna T. | 2015-04-02574 | BsCS |
| Faustine, Walter V. | 2015-04-08507 | BsCS |

STOCK CONTROL SYSTEM

1. PROJECT OVERVIEW AND OBJECTIVE

1.1. OVERVIEW

Stock control is the process of ensuring that appropriate amount of stock is maintained by the business, so as to be able to meet customer demands without delay while keeping the overall cost to a minimum. Stock control process involves having the right level of stock to satisfy customer needs and identify excess and old stock.

During stock control it is not advised to run stock too low but also having too much stock can cost a lot of money. The estimated cost of holding stock which includes storage cost, insurance, keeping accurate records and controlling to avoid theft are estimated to be ten to thirty percent of the overall stock value.

Currently management of stock in the business is done through manual method. The use of paper-based system to record all information associated with stock always lead to the wastage of time, excessive inventory in stock and unable to move it quickly as well as misplacement of information during the process of receiving and delivering stock product.

1.2. MAIN OBJECTIVE

The main objective of the project is to develop a stock control system which will keep record of all products in formation and give notification.

1.3. GOALS

The goals of the stock control system are: -

- i. To make sure that customers always have access to products when they need.
- ii. To avoid excess inventory by balancing the fine line between too much and too little.
- iii. To move goods efficiently by quickly receiving and storing products as they come in and when they go out.
- iv. To determine current stock level and value of stock by tracking the individual items
- v. Looking at sales records to find which items are highly sold, slow moving and which are seasonal items.
- vi. To maximize profit margins.

2. SYSTEM FUNCTIONS

2.1. MAIN PROCESSES

- i. Management of product
 - a) Input of the purchased products
 - b) Categorize products
- ii. Inventory control
 - a) Categorize products
 - b) Evaluate inventory flow
 - c) Provide notification
 - d) Updating the inventory information
- iii. Management of product dispatch
 - a) Record moving out of products
 - b) Update product information

2.2. FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

| Ref# | Functions | Category |
|------------|---|----------|
| R.1 | Management of purchased products | |
| R.1.1 | The system should allow categorization of products | Evident |
| R.1.2 | The system should allow registering of product based on their categories. | Evident |
| R.1.3 | The system should calculate the total number products | Hidden |
| R.1.4 | The system should update the inventory information | Hidden |
| R.2 | Management of product dispatch | |
| R.2.1 | The system should allow recording of the moving out of products | Evident |
| R.2.2 | The system should update the inventory information | Hidden |
| R.3 | Inventory control | |
| R.3.1 | The system should allow setting of parameters | Evident |
| R.3.2 | The system should track the rate of output of products | Hidden |

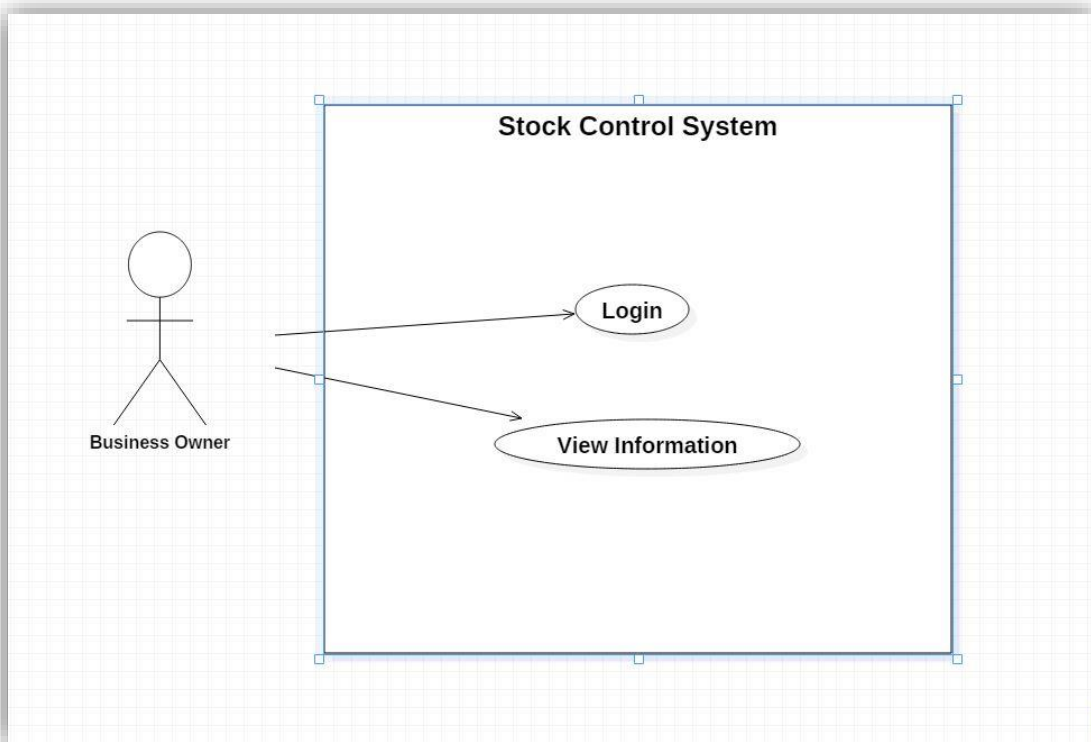
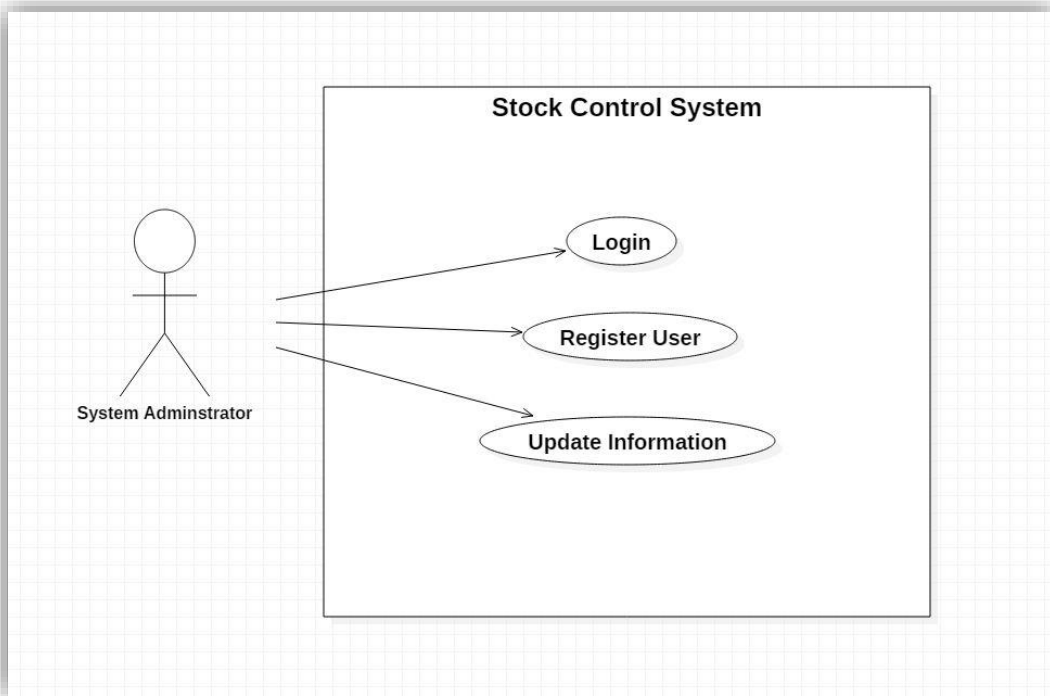
| | | |
|------------|---|---------|
| R.3.3 | The system should provide notification about product status | Evident |
| R.4 | Management of User | |
| R.4.1 | The system should allow registering of user | Evident |
| R.4.2 | The system should allow adding of user roles | Evident |
| R.4.3 | The system should update user information | Hidden |

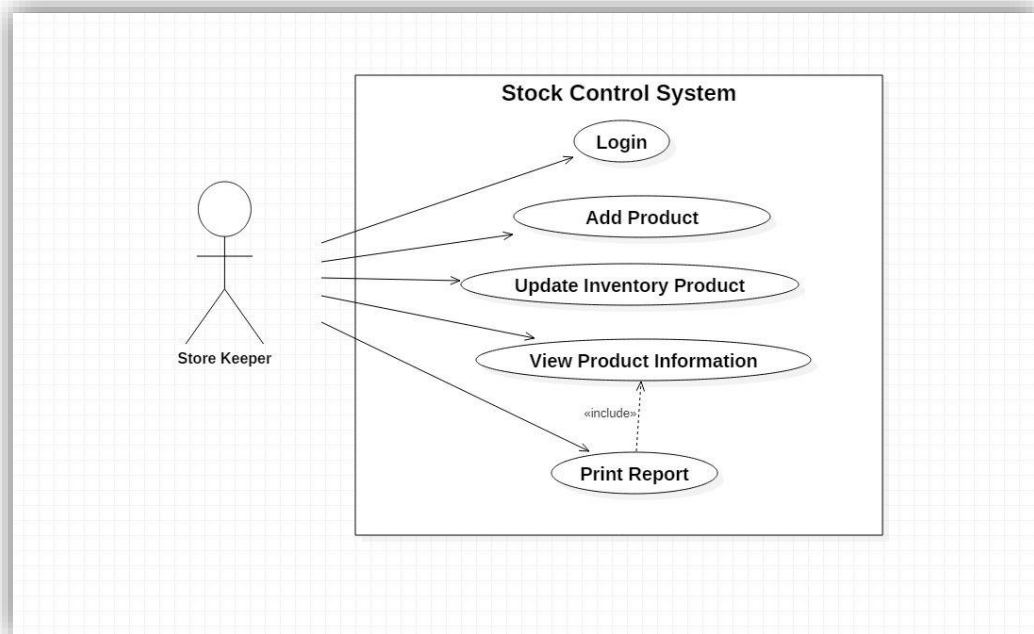
2.3. NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

| Attributes | Constraints |
|------------------------|---|
| Usability | The system will be easy to use, learn and adapt. Users will become skillful while using it. |
| Correctness | The system must guarantee the correct result for the correct input data to obtained required results. |
| Security | <p>System will provide security and protection of information through the following: -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. The system will sign-off user automatically when the system is idle for more than fifteen minutes. b. In order to use the system, system will authenticate user by asking them to enter credentials i.e. username/email and password c. All emails registered to the system will be verified in order to prevent user to enter unregistered email that will help password recovery process whenever is forgotten. |
| Scalability | The system will be able to allow scalability by allowing the integration with other technologies and new inputs depending on the existing potential technology in stock control. |
| Reliability | System will guarantee no inconvenience, unnecessary waiting time and be able to recover to its stable state after experiencing downtime. |
| Maintainability | The system should be easy to maintain to avoid unnecessary maintenance costs. |

3. USE CASES

3.1. Use Case Diagram





3.2. Use Description

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Use Case: | Register product |
| Actors: | Storekeeper |
| Short Description: | A use case allows a storekeeper to record a new product to the stock |
| Pre-Condition: | A product to be recorded is present and its properties are described well |
| Post- condition: | Product will be added to the stock and stock level will increment |
| Main Flow: | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A new product has been imported to the stock. 2. Storekeeper browse a system, and a list of products will display with their properties. 3. Storekeeper record a product in the system according to its category and specification. 4. A system will increment a stock level. |
| Alternative Flow: | If the product does not being recorded the system will prompt to re-record again. |
| Exception Flow: | If the product to be recorded is present exception handling. |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Use Case: | Product dispatch |
| Actors: | Storekeeper |
| Short Description: | A use case allows a storekeeper to dispatch products quantity from the stock |
| Pre-Condition: | A product to be dispatched is present and its properties are described well |
| Post- condition: | Product will be dispatched to the stock and product level will be decremented |
| Main Flow: | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Storekeeper browse a system, and a list of products will display with their properties. 2. Storekeeper search for the product to be dispatched in the system according to its category and specification. 3. Storekeeper will dispatch the quantity required by decrementing current value. 4. System will decrease the product quantity in the stock. |
| Alternative Flow: | If the product is not being recorded/known by the system, will prompt to register that product. |
| Exception Flow: | If the storekeeper wants to dispatch more than the current value present. |

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Use case: | Update product |
| Actors: | Storekeeper |
| Short descriptions: | This use case allow storekeeper to keep update of product in and out the stock |
| Pre-condition: | Transaction must occur in a stock (either addition of the product or the remove of the product) |
| Post-conditions: | A number of product balance has calculated and system update product information. |
| Main flow | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Storekeeper invokes a page for registering products and a system displays a page for entering a product information. 2. Storekeeper enter type and amount of product involved in the transaction and submits. 3. System tracks the information of the specified product type and perform calculation depending on the transaction type and amount of the product. 4. System validate the new amount of the product and update the product information. 5. System send a notification that the product information has updated successfully |
| Alternative flow(s): | <p>In item (3), if the product information doesn't exist in the system, system will</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) notifies user that the product information does not exist and (ii) then system prompt user to register a new product |
| Exception flow(s): | In item (4) if the new amount is less than zero the system displays a message 'invalid amount', amount cannot be less than zero. |

4. Conceptual Modelling

4.1. Concepts

- a. Business owner
- b. System Administrator
- c. Store Keeper
- d. Product
- e. Product Category
- f. Notification
- g. Store
- h. Stock

4.2. Concept Diagram

