

NCKU Programming Contest Training Course STL (vector, map) 2016/03/02

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Outline

vector

map

Hash





- Array
 - Unable to dynamically modify the data
- vector
 - Dynamic array
 - Insert/Erase an element at the specific index
- When
 - Sparse matrix
 - Adjacency list
 - **–** ...





Useful member functions

- operator[]
- push_back()
- begin()
- end()
- size()
- empty()
- clear()
- erase()
- insert()
- ... C++ reference





- insert(), erase()

```
1  #include <vector>
2
3  int a[5] = {0, 1, 3, 4, 5};
4  vector<int> v(a, a + 5); // 0, 1, 3, 4, 5
5
6  v.insert(v.begin() + 2, 2); // 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
7  v.erase(v.begin() + 5); // 0, 1, 2, 3, 4
```





Multi-dimension

```
1  #include <vector>
2
3  vector<int> v[2];
4
5  v[0].push_back(0);
6  v[1].push_back(1);
7  v[1].push_back(2);
8
9  for (int i = 0; i < v.size(); ++i) {
10  for (int j = 0; j < v[i].size(); ++j) {
11  printf("%d ", v[i][j]);
12  }
13  putchar('\n');
14 }</pre>
```

0 1 2





Outline

vector

map

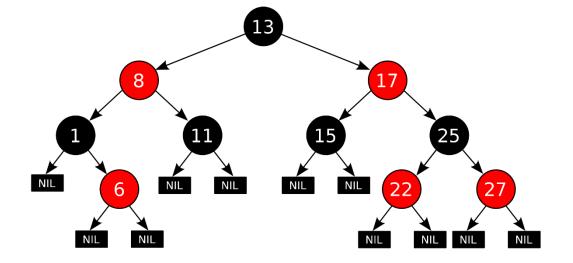
Hash





map

- When
 - Key Value
 - Wide range
 - 10000 numbers in $2^30 \sim 2^31 1$
 - **–** ...
- Red-black tree
- Ordered







map

• Useful member functions

- begin()
- end()
- size()
- empty()
- operator[]
- clear()
- erase()
- find()
- ... C++ reference





map

operator[], find(), erase(), begin(), end()

```
#include <map>
      map<char, int> m;
 4
      map<char, int>::iterator it;
      m['a'] = 50;
     m['b'] = 100;
      m['c'] = 150;
10
      it = m.find('b');
11
    | if (it != m.end()) {
12
          m.erase(it);
13
14
15
    for (it = m.begin(); it != m.end(); ++it) {
16
          printf("%c => %d\n", it->first, it->second);
17
```





Outline

vector

map

Hash







Quickly locate a data record





Hash

string... hash function string length a not, c

	Hash Table	
1	a, g, e, q, k	
2	at, or, am, pi	
3	not, can, you, she	
	•••	
n	•••	





Hash

• map + vector \rightarrow hash table

```
#include <vector>
#include <map>

int hash_function(Object);

int address;
Object object;
map<int, vector<Object> > hash_table;

address = hash_function(object); // find the address of bucket
hash_table[address].push_back(object); // put the object into the bucket
```







- vector
 - UVa 10895
- map
 - POJ 2503
 - UVa 10391
- hash
 - UVa 642
 - UVa 11991

