# Longitudinal Data Analysis

Case study of Trenal.XLS using Linear Mixed Effect Model

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### Data description

### Backgrounds of the data

The dataset Trenal.XLS contains information on patients who received renal graft(kidney transplant). The patients have been followed for at most 10 years.

People with end-stage kidney disease who receive a kidney transplant generally live longer than people with ESRD who are on dialysis. However, kidney transplant recipients must remain on immunosuppressants (medications to suppress the immune system) for the rest of their life to prevent their body from rejecting the new kidney. The long-term immunosuppression puts them at risk for infections and cancer. Haematocrit level ## Initial Exploratory Analysis ### Import data Trenal.XLS

```
library(readxl)
library(knitr)
trenal <- read excel("Trenal.XLS") # summary(trenal)</pre>
trenal= trenal[,-18] #remove a noninformative column const
# Continuous or discrete variables
trenal$id = as.factor(trenal$id)
trenal$j = as.factor(trenal$j)
#trenal$time = as.factor(trenal$time)
trenal$male = as.factor(trenal$male)
trenal$cardio = as.factor(trenal$cardio)
trenal$reject = as.factor(trenal$reject)
# Change the name of respons
colnames(trenal)[19] <- "Hc"</pre>
trenal.long = trenal[,13:20] # long table form
# Remove j
trenal.long = trenal.long[,-6]
trenal.long.unique <- trenal.long[match( unique(trenal.long$id), trenal.long$id),]
trenal.long.noNA <- na.omit(trenal.long)</pre>
# Wide table form
trenal.wide = as.data.frame(subset(trenal,trenal$j=="1"))[,1:18] # 1160 x 18
```

#### **Data Organization**

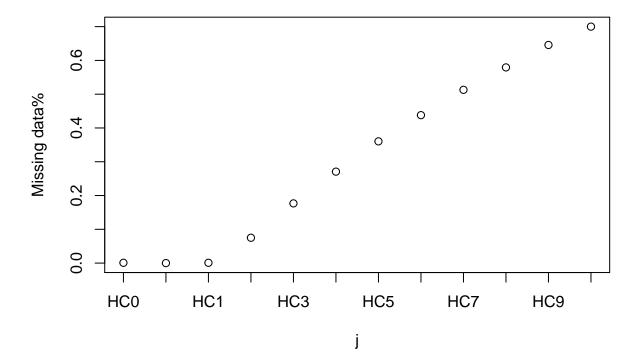
- The input data:
  - id: total 1160 persons
  - age to perform the operation: from 15 to 76 years old, average is 46.43 years old
  - male: we observe 494 females and 666 males
  - cardio: 953 persons has experienced a cardio-vascular problem during the years preceding the transplant, 207 did not.
  - reject: 793 patients shown symptoms of graft rejection during the first three months after the transportation, 367 has not.
- The response variable Hc level: continuous from min 14% to max 65%. The Hc level is dependent on the measured time, individual's age to perform the operation, gender, cardio history and reject history

#### Missing Data

Table 1: Missing data for each measurement

	HC0	HC06	HC1	HC2	НС3	HC4	HC5	HC6	HC7	HC8	HC9	HC10
Hc.NA	1.000	0	1.000	87.000	205.000	314.000	418.00	508.000	595.000	672.000	749.000	812.0
Hc.NA.percen	ta <b>ge</b> 01	0	0.001	0.075	0.177	0.271	0.36	0.438	0.513	0.579	0.646	0.7

```
plot(Hc.NA.percentage, xaxt="n", xlab ="j", ylab="Missing data%")
axis(side=1,at=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12), labels=colnames(trenal.wide)[1:12])
```



```
# Conclusion could be at the first three measurements, there are almost full data
# More people tends to miss the measurements when time increases

##Second We can extract all NA data from the long table to analyse their construction
trenal.long.NA = trenal.long[is.na(trenal.long$Hc),]
#t = unique(trenal.long.NA$id) # 821 individuals
```

trenal.long.NA.unique <- trenal.long.NA[match( unique(trenal.long.NA\$id), trenal.long.NA\$id),]
summary(trenal.long.NA.unique)</pre>

##		id	age	${\tt male}$	cardio	reject	Нс
##	1	: 1	Min. :15.00	0:327	0:669	0:588	Min. : NA
##	2	: 1	1st Qu.:39.00	1:494	1:152	1:233	1st Qu.: NA
##	4	: 1	Median :50.00				Median : NA
##	7	: 1	Mean :48.31				Mean :NaN
##	14	: 1	3rd Qu.:59.00				3rd Qu.: NA
##	18	: 1	Max. :76.00				Max. : NA

```
## (Other):815 NA's :1
## time
## Min. : 0.000
## 1st Qu.: 3.000
## Median : 5.000
## Mean : 5.638
## 3rd Qu.: 8.000
## Max. :10.000
## ##
```

Exploratory Data Analysis for longitudinal data

## Multilevel Data Analysis

Two stage model

Linear Mixed effects model