

lamp_quick_start

October 10, 2024

1 Quick Start

In this vignette we will demonstrate how to use `lamp` python package.

1.1 1. Setup

To use `lamp`, the first step is to import some python libraries including `lamp`.

```
[1]: import os
import pandas as pd
import lamp
from lamp import anno, stats, utils
```

1.2 2. Data Loading

Here we use a small example data set with TSV format. Load it into python:

```
[2]: # data set
d_data = "./data/df_pos_2.tsv"
data = pd.read_table(d_data, header=0, sep="\t")
data
```

```
[2]:
```

	name	namecustom	mz	mzmin	mzmax	rt	\
0	M151T34	M150.8867T34	150.886715	150.886592	150.886863	34.152700	
1	M151T40	M151.0402T40	151.040235	151.040092	151.040350	39.838172	
2	M152T40	M152.0436T40	152.043607	152.043451	152.043737	40.303700	
3	M153T34	M152.8838T34	152.883824	152.883678	152.883959	34.174647	
4	M153T36	M153.0195T36	153.019474	153.019331	153.019633	35.785847	
..	
395	M283T339	M283.2646T339	283.264583	283.264341	283.264809	338.763489	
396	M284T60	M284.1953T60	284.195294	284.194939	284.195536	59.593561	
397	M284T108	M284.2235T108	284.223499	284.223156	284.223692	108.406389	
398	M284T339	M284.268T339	284.267962	284.267634	284.268204	338.725056	
399	M285T34	M284.775T34	284.775031	284.774635	284.775287	34.079641	

	rtmin	rtmax	npeaks	X210	X209	\
0	33.637595	35.465548	97	97	...	4.224942e+06	3.946599e+06	
1	37.556072	40.532315	95	95	...	1.419062e+06	1.251606e+06	
2	38.092678	40.909428	81	81	...	1.203919e+05	9.970442e+04	

3	33.637595	35.465548	98	98	...	5.592065e+06	5.761380e+06
4	34.130244	36.287354	98	98	...	7.284938e+06	1.083289e+07
..
395	338.398380	339.165948	94	94	...	3.509767e+05	4.117633e+05
396	58.844217	60.107058	59	59	...	NaN	NaN
397	107.880510	108.971046	72	72	...	7.477652e+04	7.482219e+04
398	338.268300	339.370098	84	84	...	3.697604e+04	5.398264e+04
399	33.667172	35.198181	97	97	...	3.439330e+06	3.359842e+06

	X208	X207	X206	X205	X204 \
0	3.668948e+06	3.754321e+06	3.853724e+06	3.787350e+06	3.584464e+06
1	1.214826e+06	8.143028e+05	5.331963e+05	1.930928e+06	1.479001e+06
2	9.384000e+04	4.186335e+04	NaN	2.115447e+05	1.285713e+05
3	5.845419e+06	5.576013e+06	5.552878e+06	6.132789e+06	5.891378e+06
4	1.140072e+07	8.220552e+06	9.255154e+06	7.648211e+06	7.723814e+06
..
395	3.948000e+05	4.338804e+05	5.335221e+05	6.224684e+05	7.009340e+05
396	NaN	NaN	NaN	2.558004e+04	4.020517e+04
397	3.399667e+04	7.233564e+04	1.043879e+05	2.506785e+04	2.753769e+04
398	5.340109e+04	6.557698e+04	7.656575e+04	1.040606e+05	1.063727e+05
399	3.375577e+06	3.789056e+06	3.478506e+06	3.391588e+06	5.067802e+06

	X203	X202	X201
0	3.499711e+06	3.623205e+06	4.145770e+06
1	1.076354e+06	9.293218e+05	5.298062e+05
2	9.389346e+04	7.163655e+04	4.916483e+04
3	5.418082e+06	5.036840e+06	5.733794e+06
4	5.571163e+06	5.362560e+06	9.259675e+06
..
395	3.005173e+05	3.133173e+05	8.204783e+05
396	NaN	3.162670e+04	5.446684e+04
397	NaN	NaN	NaN
398	NaN	3.059370e+04	1.358056e+05
399	3.497546e+06	3.316025e+06	3.906000e+06

[400 rows x 110 columns]

This data set includes peak list and intensity data matrix. `lamp` needs to indicate the locations of peak name, m/z value, retention time and starting points of data matrix. Here they are 1, 3, 6 and 11, respectively.

```
[3]: cols = [1, 3, 6, 11]
      # get the input data set for `lamp`
      df = anno.read_peak(d_data, cols, sep='\t')
      df
```

```

[3]:
      name      mz      rt      QC9      QC5 \
0    M151T34  150.886715  34.152700  3.664879e+06  3.735147e+06
1    M151T40  151.040235  39.838172  7.406381e+05  7.524075e+05
2    M152T40  152.043607  40.303700  6.105241e+04  5.335546e+04
3    M153T34  152.883824  34.174647  5.141479e+06  5.496344e+06
4    M153T36  153.019474  35.785847  5.336758e+06  5.558265e+06
..    ...
395  M283T339  283.264583  338.763489  7.330602e+05  8.243956e+05
396  M284T60  284.195294  59.593561  2.310932e+04      NaN
397  M284T108  284.223499  108.406389  3.748444e+04  2.993283e+04
398  M284T339  284.267962  338.725056  1.161886e+05  1.476514e+05
399  M285T34  284.775031  34.079641  4.063268e+06  3.807148e+06

      QC4      QC3      QC26      QC25      QC24 \
0    5.190263e+06  2.742966e+06  3.824723e+06  3.722932e+06  3.804188e+06
1      NaN  6.429245e+05  1.167016e+06  1.175981e+06  1.122533e+06
2      NaN      NaN  6.875157e+04  7.807399e+04  8.943068e+04
3    8.335846e+06  3.860588e+06  5.316874e+06  5.988232e+06  5.844917e+06
4    1.118557e+07  6.876715e+06  9.967314e+06  9.073822e+06  9.328573e+06
..    ...
395      NaN  1.159506e+06  4.294760e+05  4.641813e+05  4.570657e+05
396      NaN      NaN  1.759336e+04  2.645392e+04  2.727266e+04
397      NaN      NaN  3.175596e+04  3.879604e+04  4.299529e+04
398      NaN      NaN      NaN  6.753490e+04  5.436219e+04
399  4.645099e+06  2.232221e+06  4.576754e+06  4.533339e+06  4.559356e+06

      ...      X210      X209      X208      X207 \
0    ...  4.224942e+06  3.946599e+06  3.668948e+06  3.754321e+06
1    ...  1.419062e+06  1.251606e+06  1.214826e+06  8.143028e+05
2    ...  1.203919e+05  9.970442e+04  9.384000e+04  4.186335e+04
3    ...  5.592065e+06  5.761380e+06  5.845419e+06  5.576013e+06
4    ...  7.284938e+06  1.083289e+07  1.140072e+07  8.220552e+06
..    ...
395  ...  3.509767e+05  4.117633e+05  3.948000e+05  4.338804e+05
396  ...      NaN      NaN      NaN      NaN
397  ...  7.477652e+04  7.482219e+04  3.399667e+04  7.233564e+04
398  ...  3.697604e+04  5.398264e+04  5.340109e+04  6.557698e+04
399  ...  3.439330e+06  3.359842e+06  3.375577e+06  3.789056e+06

      X206      X205      X204      X203      X202 \
0    3.853724e+06  3.787350e+06  3.584464e+06  3.499711e+06  3.623205e+06
1    5.331963e+05  1.930928e+06  1.479001e+06  1.076354e+06  9.293218e+05
2      NaN  2.115447e+05  1.285713e+05  9.389346e+04  7.163655e+04
3    5.552878e+06  6.132789e+06  5.891378e+06  5.418082e+06  5.036840e+06
4    9.255154e+06  7.648211e+06  7.723814e+06  5.571163e+06  5.362560e+06
..    ...
395  5.335221e+05  6.224684e+05  7.009340e+05  3.005173e+05  3.133173e+05

```

```

396          NaN  2.558004e+04  4.020517e+04          NaN  3.162670e+04
397  1.043879e+05  2.506785e+04  2.753769e+04          NaN          NaN
398  7.656575e+04  1.040606e+05  1.063727e+05          NaN  3.059370e+04
399  3.478506e+06  3.391588e+06  5.067802e+06  3.497546e+06  3.316025e+06

```

```

          X201
0    4.145770e+06
1    5.298062e+05
2    4.916483e+04
3    5.733794e+06
4    9.259675e+06
..      ...
395   8.204783e+05
396   5.446684e+04
397          NaN
398   1.358056e+05
399   3.906000e+06

```

[400 rows x 103 columns]

Data frame `df` now includes only `name`, `mz`, `rt` and intensity data matrix.

1.3 3. Metabolite annotation

To performance metabolite annotation, users should provide their own reference file. If not, `lamp` will use its default reference file for annotation.

```

[4]: ppm = 5.0
     ion_mode = "pos"

     ref_path = ""      # if empty, use default reference file for matching

     # load refernce library
     cal_mass = False
     ref = anno.read_ref(ref_path, calc=cal_mass)
     ref

```

```

[4]:      compound_id molecular_formula      compound_name \
0          1638          C10Cl100          Chlordecone
1          38485          C10H10Br202      Dibromothymoquinone
2          32427          C10H10BrN02      Brofoxine (USAN/INN)
3          39834          C10H10Cl2N20      Fenmetozole (USAN)
4          10156          C10H10Cl203  4-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)butyric acid
...      ...      ...      ...
31639      80256          H5010P3          PPPi
31640      37374          H6N09P3      (Diphosphono)Aminophosphonic Acid
31641      32626          H9N204P      Ammonium phosphate (NF)
31642          735          HN03          Nitrate

```

31643	40762	HN03	Peroxynitrite
-------	-------	------	---------------


```

exact_mass
0      485.683441
1      319.904755
2      254.989491
3      244.017018
4      248.000700
...
31639  257.909557
31640  256.925542
31641  132.029994
31642   62.995643
31643   62.995643

```

[31644 rows x 4 columns]

The reference file must have two columns: `molecular_formula` and `compound_name`. The `exact_mass` is optional. if absent, `lamp` will calculate it based on NIST database. If your reference file has `exact_mass` and want to calculate it using NIST database, set `calc` as `True`. The `exact_mass` is used to match against a range of `mz`, controlled by `ppm` in data frame `df`.

```
[5]: match = anno.comp_match_mass(df, ppm, ref)
      match
```

```
[5]:
```

	id	mz	compound_id	molecular_formula	\
0	M152T40	152.043607	19682	C4H12N2S2	
1	M153T40	153.055906	3589	C4H12N03P	
2	M154T37	154.062402	7777	C8H1003	
3	M154T37	154.062402	3920	C8H1003	
4	M154T37	154.062402	13366	C8H1003	
..	
128	M278T42_2	278.153135	9966	C16H2204	
129	M278T42_2	278.153135	10947	C16H2204	
130	M280T38	280.124684	32692	C14H20N2O2S	
131	M281T35	281.036224	11165	C14H13Cl2NO	
132	M283T47	283.110871	31572	C16H14FN3O	

	compound_name	exact_mass	ppm_error
0	cystamine	152.04	-3.84
1	N-Dimethyl-2-aminoethylphosphonate	153.06	2.78
2	2,6-Dimethoxyphenol	154.06	-3.84
3	4-Hydroxy-3-methoxy-benzenemethanol	154.06	-3.84
4	Hydroxytyrosol	154.06	-3.84
..
128	Dibutyl phthalate	278.15	4.77
129	Diisobutyl phthalate	278.15	4.77
130	Azabon (USAN)	280.12	0.48

131	2-Amino-1,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethanol	281.04	-4.25
132	Afloqualone (JP15/INN)	283.11	-4.30

[133 rows x 7 columns]

`match` gives the compound matching results. `lamp` also provides a mass adjust option by adduct library. You can provide your own adducts library otherwise `lamp` uses its default adducts library.

The default adducts library are:

```
[6]: path = 'lib/adducts.txt'
      filename = os.path.join(
          os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(lamp.__file__)), path
      )
      lib_df = pd.read_csv(filename, sep="\t")
      lib_df
```

```
[6]:
```

	label	exact_mass	charge	ion_mode
0	[M+H] ⁺	1.007276	1	pos
1	[M+NH ₄] ⁺	18.033826	1	pos
2	[M+Na] ⁺	22.989221	1	pos
3	[M+Mg] ⁺	23.984493	1	pos
4	[M+K] ⁺	38.963158	1	pos
5	[M+Fe] ⁺	55.934388	1	pos
6	[M+Cu] ⁺	62.929049	1	pos
7	[M+2H] ⁺	2.015101	1	pos
8	[M+3H] ⁺	3.022926	1	pos
9	[M+NaFormate]	67.987400	1	pos
10	[M+NaFormate+NaFormate]	135.974800	1	pos
11	[M+NaCl]	57.958600	1	pos
12	[M+Formic acid]	46.000500	1	pos
13	[M+Acetonitrile]	41.026500	1	pos
14	[M+CaFormate]	84.960300	1	pos
15	[M-H] ⁻	-1.007276	1	neg
16	[M+35Cl] ⁻	34.969401	1	neg
17	[M+Formate] ⁻	44.998203	1	neg
18	[M+Acetate] ⁻	59.013853	1	neg
19	[M+NaFormate]	66.979600	1	neg
20	[M+NaFormate+NaFormate]	134.967000	1	neg
21	[M+NaCl]	56.950800	1	neg
22	[M+Formic acid]	44.992700	1	neg
23	[M+Acetonitrile]	40.018700	1	neg
24	[M+CaFormate]	83.952500	1	neg

```
[8]: ion_mode = "pos"
      # if empty, use default adducts library
      add_path = ""
```

```
lib_add = anno.read_lib(add_path, ion_mode)
lib_add
```

```
[8]:
```

	label	exact_mass	charge
0	[M+H] ⁺	1.007276	1
1	[M+NH ₄] ⁺	18.033826	1
2	[M+Na] ⁺	22.989221	1
3	[M+Mg] ⁺	23.984493	1
4	[M+K] ⁺	38.963158	1
5	[M+Fe] ⁺	55.934388	1
6	[M+Cu] ⁺	62.929049	1
7	[M+2H] ⁺	2.015101	1
8	[M+3H] ⁺	3.022926	1
9	[M+NaFormate]	67.987400	1
10	[M+NaFormate+NaFormate]	135.974800	1
11	[M+NaCl]	57.958600	1
12	[M+Formic acid]	46.000500	1
13	[M+Acetonitrile]	41.026500	1
14	[M+CaFormate]	84.960300	1

Now use this function to match compounds:

```
[9]: match_1 = anno.comp_match_mass_add(df, ppm, ref, lib_add)
match_1
```

```
[9]:
```

	id	mz	compound_id	molecular_formula	\
0	M151T40	151.040235	18293	C ₂ H ₇ O ₃ P	
1	M152T40	152.043607	1138	C ₅ H ₈ N ₂ O ₂	
2	M152T40	152.043607	3613	C ₅ H ₈ N ₂ O ₂	
3	M152T40	152.043607	125	C ₅ H ₈ N ₂ O ₂	
4	M153T36	153.019474	4021	CH ₅ O ₄ P	
...	
1698	M283T60	283.191869	35629	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ N ₀	
1699	M284T60	284.195294	37078	C ₁₁ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₆	
1700	M284T108	284.223499	6237	C ₁₉ H ₂₆ N ₂	
1701	M284T108	284.223499	18303	C ₁₆ H ₃₄	
1702	M284T108	284.223499	18302	C ₁₆ H ₃₄	

	compound_name	exact_mass	\
0	ethylphosphonate	151.04	
1	5,6-Dihydrothymine	152.04	
2	alpha-Amino-gamma-cyanobutanoate	152.04	
3	gamma-Amino-gamma-cyanobutanoate	152.04	
4	Hydroxymethylphosphonate	153.02	
...	
1698	Diphenylpyraline (INN)	283.19	
1699	2-[3-(2-Hydroxy-1,1-Dihydroxymethyl-Ethylamino...	284.19	
1700	(-)-Quebrachamine	284.22	

1701	3-methyl-pentadecane	284.22
1702	hexadecane	284.22

	adduct	ppm_error
0	[M+Acetonitrile]	3.01
1	[M+Mg] ⁺	3.52
2	[M+Mg] ⁺	3.52
3	[M+Mg] ⁺	3.52
4	[M+Acetonitrile]	2.79
...
1698	[M+2H] ⁺	-4.23
1699	[M+2H] ⁺	3.89
1700	[M+2H] ⁺	-4.23
1701	[M+NaCl]	-4.05
1702	[M+NaCl]	-4.05

[1703 rows x 8 columns]

1.4 4. Correlation analysis

Next step is correlation analysis, based on intensity data matrix along all peaks. All results are narrowed down by the correlation coefficient, p-values and retention time difference. That is: keep correlation results in a retention time differences/windows (such as 1 seconds) with correlation coefficient larger than a threshold (such as 0.5) and their correlation p-values less than a threshold (such as 0.05).

`lamp` uses one of correlation methods, either `pearson` or `spearman`. Also parameter `positive` allows user to select only positive correlation results.

```
[10]: thres_rt = 1.0
      thres_corr = 0.7
      thres_pval = 0.05
      method = "spearman" # "pearson"
      positive = True

      utils._tic()
      corr = stats.comp_corr_rt(df, thres_rt, thres_corr, thres_pval, method,
                               positive)
      utils._toc()
      corr
```

Elapsed time: 1.4457974433898926 seconds.

	name_a	name_b	r_value	p_value	rt_diff
0	M151T34	M153T34	0.80	1.267076e-23	0.02
1	M151T34	M155T34	0.71	1.752854e-16	0.20
2	M151T34	M161T34	0.78	1.869949e-21	0.14
3	M151T34	M171T34	0.75	5.545024e-19	0.25

4	M151T34	M181T34	0.73	3.471998e-18	0.53
..
865	M281T287	M282T287	0.99	1.570424e-99	0.04
866	M282T61	M283T61	0.95	1.362657e-50	0.01
867	M283T34_1	M285T34	0.82	5.937139e-26	0.08
868	M283T60	M284T60	0.86	1.033010e-29	0.15
869	M283T339	M284T339	0.91	4.031333e-39	0.04

[870 rows x 5 columns]

Based on the correlation analysys, we can extract the groups and their size by:

```
[11]: # get correlation group and size
corr_df = stats.corr_grp_size(corr)
corr_df
```

```
[11]:
```

	name	cor_grp_size	\
0	M231T34	35	
1	M216T35	35	
2	M215T35	35	
3	M217T35	35	
4	M239T34	34	
..	
264	M158T37_1	1	
265	M279T233	1	
266	M255T275	1	
267	M280T233	1	
268	M206T573	1	

	cor_grp
0	M233T34::M239T34::M241T34::M249T33::M256T35::M...
1	M217T35::M218T35::M219T34::M219T35::M221T34::M...
2	M216T35::M217T35::M218T35::M219T34::M219T35::M...
3	M218T35::M219T34::M219T35::M221T34::M223T34::M...
4	M241T34::M249T33::M256T35::M259T35::M261T35::M...
..	...
264	M156T37
265	M280T233
266	M256T275
267	M279T233
268	M208T573

[269 rows x 3 columns]

1.5 5. Summarize results

The final step gets the summary table in different format and save for the further analysis.

```
[12]: # get summary of metabolite annotation
sr, mr = anno.comp_summ(df, match)
```

This function combines peak table with compound matching results and returns two results in different formats. `sr` is single row results for each peak id in peak table `df`:

```
[13]: sr
```

```
[13]:
```

	name	mz	rt	compound_id	exact_mass	ppm_error	\
0	M151T34	150.886715	34.152700	NaN	NaN	NaN	
1	M151T40	151.040235	39.838172	NaN	NaN	NaN	
2	M152T40	152.043607	40.303700	19682.0	152.04	-3.84	
3	M153T34	152.883824	34.174647	NaN	NaN	NaN	
4	M153T36	153.019474	35.785847	NaN	NaN	NaN	
..	
395	M283T61	283.068474	60.739869	NaN	NaN	NaN	
396	M284T108	284.223499	108.406389	NaN	NaN	NaN	
397	M284T339	284.267962	338.725056	NaN	NaN	NaN	
398	M284T60	284.195294	59.593561	NaN	NaN	NaN	
399	M285T34	284.775031	34.079641	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	molecular_formula	compound_name
0	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN
2	C4H12N2S2	cystamine
3	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN
..
395	NaN	NaN
396	NaN	NaN
397	NaN	NaN
398	NaN	NaN
399	NaN	NaN

[400 rows x 8 columns]

`mr` is multiple rows format if the match more than once from the reference file:

```
[17]: mr
```

```
[17]:
```

	name	mz	rt	compound_id	molecular_formula	\
0	M151T34	150.886715	34.152700	NaN	NaN	
1	M151T40	151.040235	39.838172	NaN	NaN	
2	M152T40	152.043607	40.303700	19682.0	C4H12N2S2	
3	M153T34	152.883824	34.174647	NaN	NaN	
4	M153T36	153.019474	35.785847	NaN	NaN	
..	
480	M283T61	283.068474	60.739869	NaN	NaN	

481	M284T108	284.223499	108.406389	NaN	NaN
482	M284T339	284.267962	338.725056	NaN	NaN
483	M284T60	284.195294	59.593561	NaN	NaN
484	M285T34	284.775031	34.079641	NaN	NaN

	compound_name	exact_mass	ppm_error
0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	cystamine	152.04	-3.84
3	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN	NaN
..
480	NaN	NaN	NaN
481	NaN	NaN	NaN
482	NaN	NaN	NaN
483	NaN	NaN	NaN
484	NaN	NaN	NaN

[485 rows x 8 columns]

Now we merges single format results with correlation results:

```
[14]: # merge summery table with correlation analysis
res = anno.comp_summ_corr(sr, corr_df)
res
```

```
[14]:
```

	name	mz	rt	compound_id	exact_mass	ppm_error	\
0	M231T34	230.899863	33.939162	34582.0	230.90	-2.86	
5	M229T34	228.902797	33.943804	19352.0	228.90	3.66	
33	M186T36	186.045606	36.486115	37273.0	186.05	-3.72	
46	M276T36	276.077397	36.385373	13041.0	276.08	-2.16	
61	M263T35	263.044237	35.178853	32165.0	263.04	4.75	
..	
393	M279T79	279.163910	78.758079	NaN	NaN	NaN	
395	M280T67	280.192145	67.298802	NaN	NaN	NaN	
396	M282T85	282.207859	84.719202	NaN	NaN	NaN	
397	M283T37	283.103695	36.796242	NaN	NaN	NaN	
399	M284T108	284.223499	108.406389	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	molecular_formula	\
0	C3C13N3O3	
5	C6H3C14N	
33	C7H10N2O2S::C7H10N2O2S::C7H10N2O2S	
46	C10H16N2O5S	
61	C12H9N06	
..	...	
393	NaN	
395	NaN	

396	NaN
397	NaN
399	NaN

	compound_name	cor_grp_size	\
0	Symclosene (USAN/INN)	35.0	
5	nitrapyrin	34.0	
33	(4s)-2-[(1e)-1-Aminoprop-1-Enyl]-4,5-Dihydro-1...	12.0	
46	Biotin sulfone	12.0	
61	Miloxacin (INN)	11.0	
..	
393	NaN	NaN	
395	NaN	NaN	
396	NaN	NaN	
397	NaN	NaN	
399	NaN	NaN	

	cor_grp
0	M233T34::M239T34::M241T34::M249T33::M256T35::M...
5	M231T34::M233T34::M239T34::M241T34::M249T33::M...
33	M187T36::M188T36::M189T36::M200T36::M201T36::M...
46	M277T36_2::M278T36::M173T36_2::M186T36::M187T3...
61	M277T36_1::M279T35::M281T35::M215T35::M216T35:...
..	...
393	NaN
395	NaN
396	NaN
397	NaN
399	NaN

[400 rows x 10 columns]

You can save all results in different forms, such as `sqlite3` database:

```
[15]: import sqlite3

f_save = False # here we do NOT save results
db_out = "test.db"
sr_out = "test_s.tsv"

if f_save:
    # save all results into a sqlite3 database
    conn = sqlite3.connect(db_out)
    df[["name", "mz", "rt"]].to_sql("peaklist", conn,
                                   if_exists="replace", index=False)
    corr_df.to_sql("corr_grp", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)
    corr.to_sql("corr_pval_rt", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)
```

```
match.to_sql("match", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)
mr.to_sql("anno_mr", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)
res.to_sql("anno_sr", conn, if_exists="replace", index=False)

conn.commit()
conn.close()

# save final results
res.to_csv(sr_out, sep="\t", index=False)
```