

Objetivos do Trabalho

Introdução e Motivação

Apresentação do Bruno

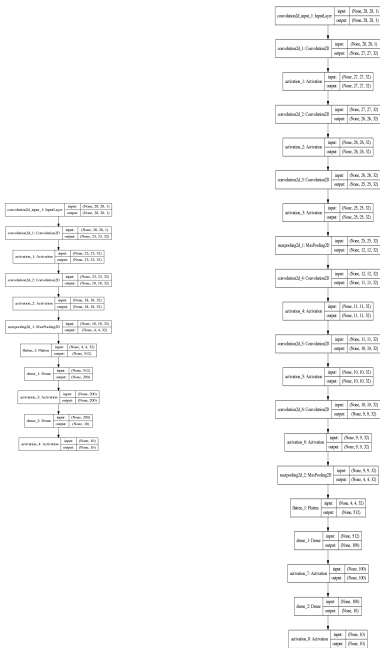
Apresentação do Bruno Canale

Python - Keras Framework para Machine Learning

Base de datos utilizada

Implementação da Rede Convolutacional

Redes e Resultados

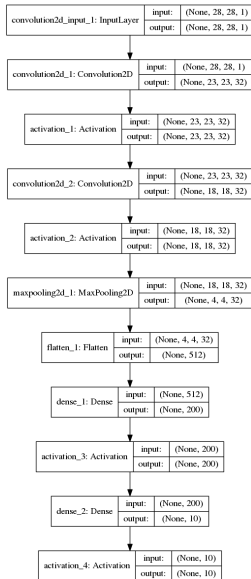


Camada de entrada

MNIST DATASET



Aplicação da CNN



Treinamento

Treinamento

- ▶ Épocas = 10
- ▶ Itens = 60000
- ▶ Tempo = 30 40 minutos

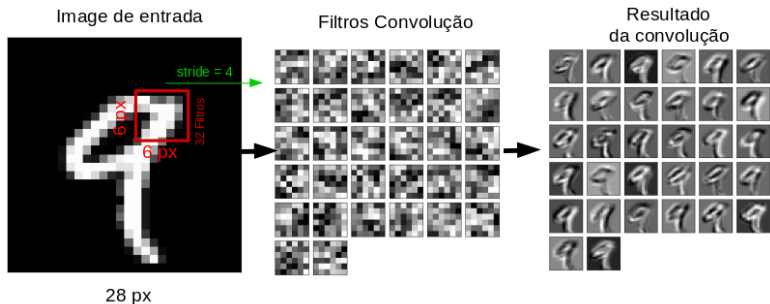
Teste

- ▶ Itens = 10000

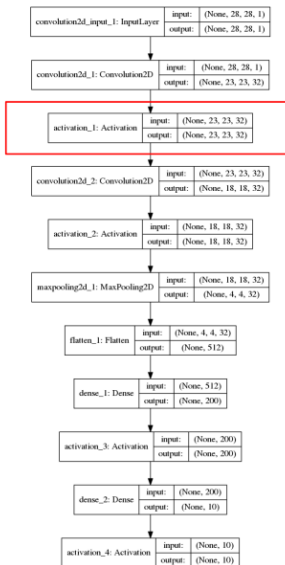
Resultado na base de teste

- ▶ 98.02%

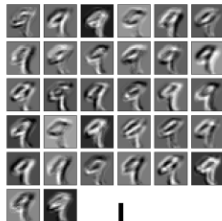
Convolução - 1



Ativação - 1



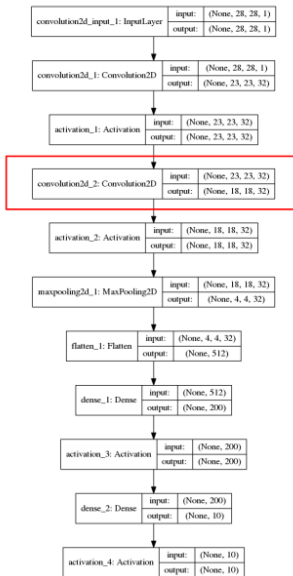
Convolução



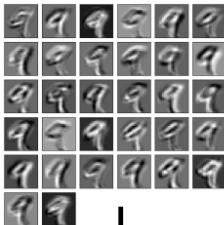
Ativação



Convolução - 2



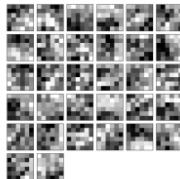
Ativação



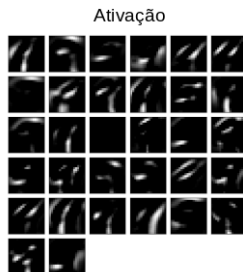
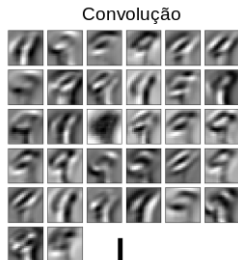
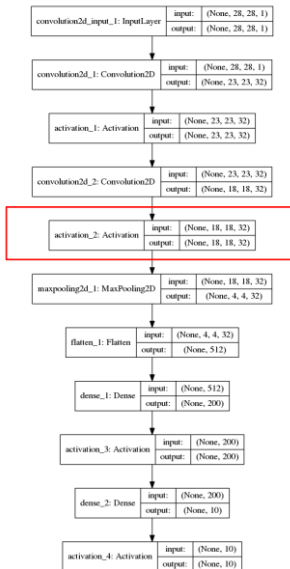
Convolução



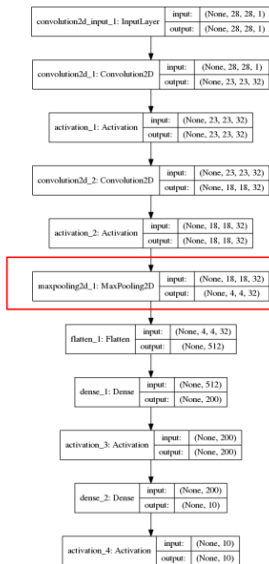
Filtros



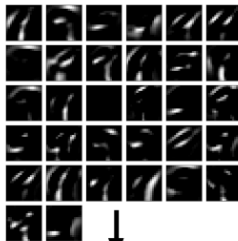
Ativação - 2



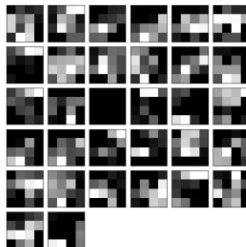
Pooling



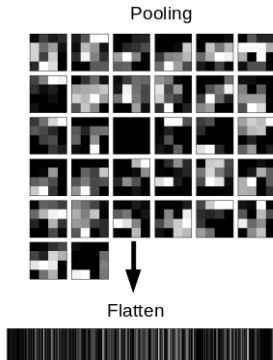
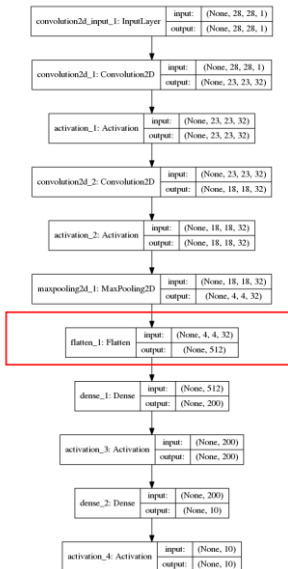
Ativação



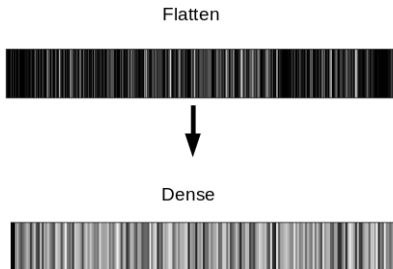
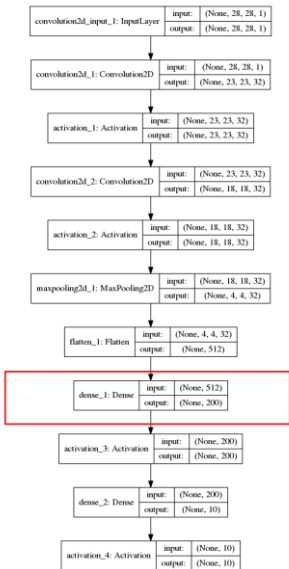
Pooling



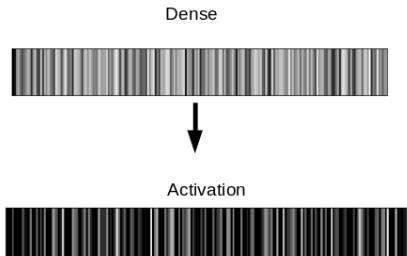
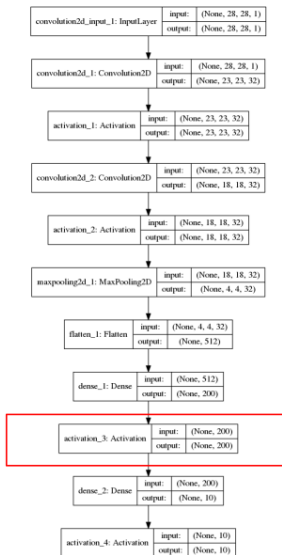
Flatten ($N * 2D \rightarrow 1D$)



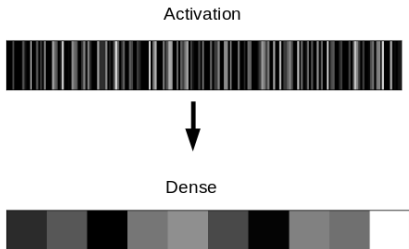
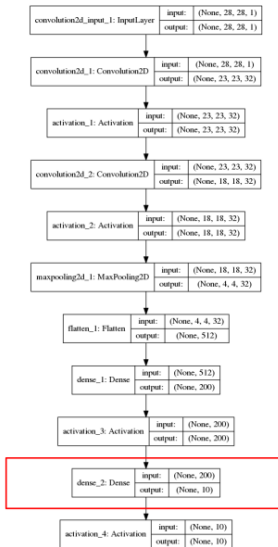
Dense - 1



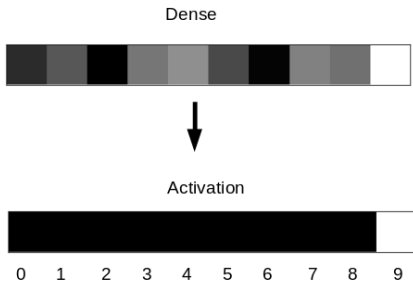
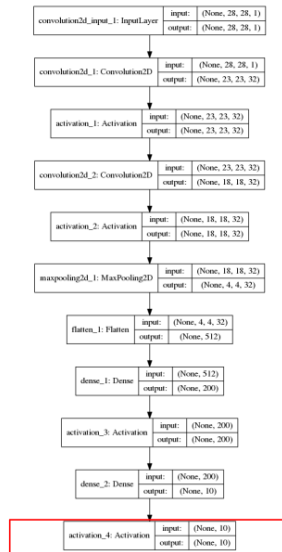
Ativação - 3



Dense - 2



Ativação - 4

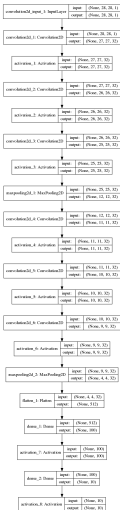


Resultados das demais redes testadas - 1

Precisão na base de treino: 98.94%

Precisão na base de teste: 98.89%

3 conv + 1 pooling + 3 conv + 1 pooling + 2 FC

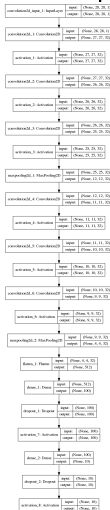


Resultados das demais redes testadas - 2

Precisão na base de treino: 98.94%

Precisão na base de teste: 99.06%

3 conv + 1 pooling + 3 conv + 1 pooling + 2 FC *comdropout*



MLP & CNN

- ▶ CNN é uma extensão do conceito da MLP
- ▶ Convoluções e Pooling ajudam a diminuir rapidamente o número de variáveis do sistema
- ▶ Próprio para o processamento de imagens e vídeos