

An Explainable Machine Learning Approach of PET Imaging for Individualized Predictions of Seizure Outcomes after Temporal Lobe Epilepsy Surgery

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Introduction

The Data

The Model

The Explanation

Conclusion

Introduction
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The Data
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The Explanation
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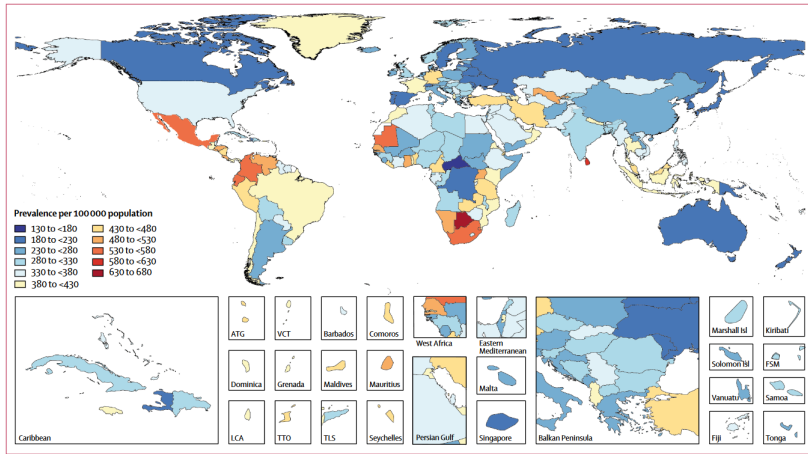
Conclusion
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References

Introduction

Background

Epilepsy epidemiology



Prevalence per 100000 of idiopathic epilepsy, 2016(Beghi et al., 2019)

Aims

Explainable machine learning/AI techniques(aka XAI): -



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The Data

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References

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The Model

Benchmark

This text is centered.

benchmark

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-
- KNN
- “ ” 5
- AUC
- AUC

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References

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PipeOp

PipeOps

%>>%

Graph

- PipeOp, %>>% gunion() ppl()
- Graph\$plot()
- as_learner(Graph)

•

.....

•

•

1.

- PipeOp
- %>>%
- PipeOp affect_columns Selector

The Explanation

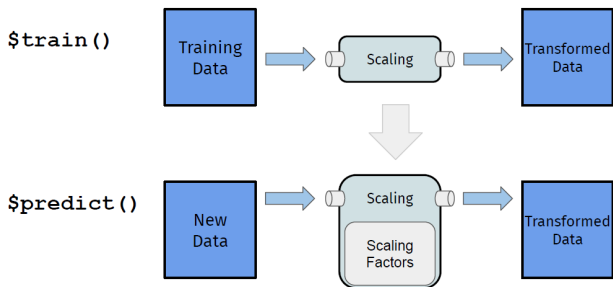


Figure 1:

- 3 KNN SVM Ranger

- method:

"grid_search"

"random_search"

gensa

"nloptr"

■

1.

(1)

`mlr3filters`

Conclusion

con

(2)

” ”

ranger

”impurity”

```
task$select()
```

2.

mlr3fselect

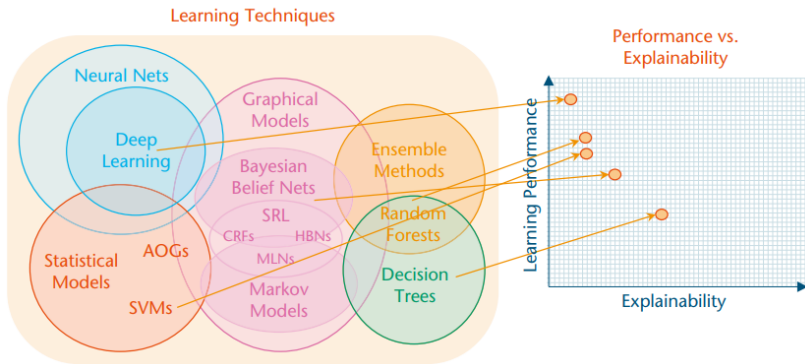
- `fselect()`
- `auto_fselector()`,
- `fselect_nested()`

■

R mlr3verse (?)

For more theoretical approaches to machine learning model explanation, see [Interpretable Machine Learning: A Guide for Making Black Box Models Explainable](#), [What Causes Heart Disease? Explaining the Model](#), refer to [\(Rajpurkar, 2021\)](#), [\(Marc Becker, 2022\)](#), [\(Molnar, 2022\)](#)

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Learning Performance Versus Explainability Trade-Off for Several Categories of Learning Techniques([Gunning and Aha, 2019](#))

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THANKS !



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