Linux Process Documentation

The kernel development community

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So you want to be a Linux kernel developer? Welcome! While there is a lot to be learned about the kernel in a technical sense, it is also important to learn about how our community works. Reading these documents will make it much easier for you to get your changes merged with a minimum of trouble.

Below are the essential guides that every developer should read.

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LINUX KERNEL LICENSING RULES

The Linux Kernel is provided under the terms of the GNU General Public License version 2 only (GPL-2.0), as provided in LICENSES/preferred/GPL-2.0, with an explicit syscall exception described in LICENSES/exceptions/Linux-syscall-note, as described in the COPYING file.

This documentation file provides a description of how each source file should be annotated to make its license clear and unambiguous. It doesn't replace the Kernel's license.

The license described in the COPYING file applies to the kernel source as a whole, though individual source files can have a different license which is required to be compatible with the GPL-2.0:

```
GPL-1.0+ : GNU General Public License v1.0 or later
GPL-2.0+ : GNU General Public License v2.0 or later
LGPL-2.0 : GNU Library General Public License v2 only
LGPL-2.0+ : GNU Library General Public License v2 or later
LGPL-2.1 : GNU Lesser General Public License v2.1 only
LGPL-2.1+ : GNU Lesser General Public License v2.1 or later
```

Aside from that, individual files can be provided under a dual license, e.g. one of the compatible GPL variants and alternatively under a permissive license like BSD, MIT etc.

The User-space API (UAPI) header files, which describe the interface of user-space programs to the kernel are a special case. According to the note in the kernel COPYING file, the syscall interface is a clear boundary, which does not extend the GPL requirements to any software which uses it to communicate with the kernel. Because the UAPI headers must be includable into any source files which create an executable running on the Linux kernel, the exception must be documented by a special license expression.

The common way of expressing the license of a source file is to add the matching boilerplate text into the top comment of the file. Due to formatting, typos etc. these "boilerplates" are hard to validate for tools which are used in the context of license compliance.

An alternative to boilerplate text is the use of Software Package Data Exchange (SPDX) license identifiers in each source file. SPDX license identifiers are machine parsable and precise shorthands for the license under which the content of the file is contributed. SPDX license identifiers are managed by the SPDX Workgroup at

the Linux Foundation and have been agreed on by partners throughout the industry, tool vendors, and legal teams. For further information see https://spdx.org/

The Linux kernel requires the precise SPDX identifier in all source files. The valid identifiers used in the kernel are explained in the section *License identifiers* and have been retrieved from the official SPDX license list at https://spdx.org/licenses/along with the license texts.

* License identifier syntax

1. Placement:

The SPDX license identifier in kernel files shall be added at the first possible line in a file which can contain a comment. For the majority of files this is the first line, except for scripts which require the '#!PATH_TO_INTERPRETER' in the first line. For those scripts the SPDX identifier goes into the second line.

2. Style:

The SPDX license identifier is added in form of a comment. The comment style depends on the file type:

```
C source: // SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX License Expression>
C header: /* SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX License Expression>
___*/
ASM: /* SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX License Expression>
__*/
scripts: # SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX License Expression>
_ rst: ... SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX License Expression>
_ dts{i}: // SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX License Expression>
```

If a specific tool cannot handle the standard comment style, then the appropriate comment mechanism which the tool accepts shall be used. This is the reason for having the "/* */" style comment in C header files. There was build breakage observed with generated .lds files where 'ld' failed to parse the C++ comment. This has been fixed by now, but there are still older assembler tools which cannot handle C++ style comments.

3. Syntax:

A <SPDX License Expression> is either an SPDX short form license identifier found on the SPDX License List, or the combination of two SPDX short form license identifiers separated by "WITH" when a license exception applies.

When multiple licenses apply, an expression consists of keywords "AND" , "OR" separating sub-expressions and surrounded by "(" , ")" .

License identifiers for licenses like [L]GPL with the 'or later' option are constructed by using a "+" for indicating the 'or later' option.:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0+
// SPDX-License-Identifier: LGPL-2.1+
```

WITH should be used when there is a modifier to a license needed. For example, the linux kernel UAPI files use the expression:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 WITH Linux-syscall-note
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0+ WITH Linux-syscall-note
```

Other examples using WITH exceptions found in the kernel are:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 WITH mif-exception
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0+ WITH GCC-exception-2.0
```

Exceptions can only be used with particular License identifiers. The valid License identifiers are listed in the tags of the exception text file. For details see the point *Exceptions* in the chapter *License identifiers*.

OR should be used if the file is dual licensed and only one license is to be selected. For example, some dtsi files are available under dual licenses:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 OR BSD-3-Clause
```

Examples from the kernel for license expressions in dual licensed files:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 OR MIT
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 OR BSD-2-Clause
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 OR Apache-2.0
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 OR MPL-1.1
// SPDX-License-Identifier: (GPL-2.0 WITH Linux-syscall-note)
OR MIT
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-1.0+ OR BSD-3-Clause OR OpenSSL
```

AND should be used if the file has multiple licenses whose terms all apply to use the file. For example, if code is inherited from another project and permission has been given to put it in the kernel, but the original license terms need to remain in effect:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: (GPL-2.0 WITH Linux-syscall-note) 

→AND MIT
```

Another other example where both sets of license terms need to be adhered to is:

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-1.0+ AND LGPL-2.1+
```

* License identifiers

The licenses currently used, as well as the licenses for code added to the kernel, can be broken down into:

1. Preferred licenses:

Whenever possible these licenses should be used as they are known to be fully compatible and widely used. These licenses are available from the directory:

LICENSES/preferred/

in the kernel source tree.

The files in this directory contain the full license text and *Metatags*. The file names are identical to the SPDX license identifier which shall be used for the license in source files.

Examples:

```
LICENSES/preferred/GPL-2.0
```

Contains the GPL version 2 license text and the required metatags:

LICENSES/preferred/MIT

Contains the MIT license text and the required metatags

Metatags:

The following meta tags must be available in a license file:

• Valid-License-Identifier:

One or more lines which declare which License Identifiers are valid inside the project to reference this particular license text. Usually this is a single valid identifier, but e.g. for licenses with the 'or later' options two identifiers are valid.

• SPDX-URL:

The URL of the SPDX page which contains additional information related to the license.

• Usage-Guidance:

Freeform text for usage advice. The text must include correct examples for the SPDX license identifiers as they should be put into source files according to the *License identifier syntax* guidelines.

• License-Text:

All text after this tag is treated as the original license text

File format examples:

```
Valid-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0
Valid-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0+
```

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```
SPDX-URL: https://spdx.org/licenses/GPL-2.0.html
Usage-Guide:
   To use this license in source code, put one of the following

⇒SPDX
   tag/value pairs into a comment according to the placement
   guidelines in the licensing rules documentation.
   For 'GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2 only' use:
        SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0
   For 'GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2 or any later

⇒version' use:
        SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0+
License-Text:
   Full license text
```

```
SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
SPDX-URL: https://spdx.org/licenses/MIT.html
Usage-Guide:
To use this license in source code, put the following SPDX tag/value pair into a comment according to the placement guidelines in the licensing rules documentation.
SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
License-Text:
Full license text
```

2. Deprecated licenses:

These licenses should only be used for existing code or for importing code from a different project. These licenses are available from the directory:

LICENSES/deprecated/

in the kernel source tree.

The files in this directory contain the full license text and *Metatags*. The file names are identical to the SPDX license identifier which shall be used for the license in source files.

Examples:

LICENSES/deprecated/ISC

Contains the Internet Systems Consortium license text and the required metatags:

```
LICENSES/deprecated/GPL-1.0
```

Contains the GPL version 1 license text and the required metatags.

Metatags:

The metatag requirements for 'other' licenses are identical to the requirements of the *Preferred licenses*.

File format example:

```
Valid-License-Identifier: ISC
SPDX-URL: https://spdx.org/licenses/ISC.html
Usage-Guide:
Usage of this license in the kernel for new code is discouraged and it should solely be used for importing code from an already existing project.
To use this license in source code, put the following SPDX tag/value pair into a comment according to the placement guidelines in the licensing rules documentation.
SPDX-License-Identifier: ISC
License-Text:
Full license text
```

3. Dual Licensing Only

These licenses should only be used to dual license code with another license in addition to a preferred license. These licenses are available from the directory:

LICENSES/dual/

in the kernel source tree.

The files in this directory contain the full license text and *Metatags*. The file names are identical to the SPDX license identifier which shall be used for the license in source files.

Examples:

```
LICENSES/dual/MPL-1.1
```

Contains the Mozilla Public License version 1.1 license text and the required metatags:

LICENSES/dual/Apache-2.0

Contains the Apache License version 2.0 license text and the required metatags.

Metatags:

The metatag requirements for 'other' licenses are identical to the requirements of the *Preferred licenses*.

File format example:

```
Valid-License-Identifier: MPL-1.1
SPDX-URL: https://spdx.org/licenses/MPL-1.1.html
Usage-Guide:
 Do NOT use. The MPL-1.1 is not GPL2 compatible. It may only,
→be used for
 dual-licensed files where the other license is GPL2.
→compatible.
 If you end up using this it MUST be used together with a GPL2,
→compatible
 license using "OR".
 To use the Mozilla Public License version 1.1 put the
→following SPDX
 tag/value pair into a comment according to the placement.
→auidelines in
 the licensing rules documentation:
SPDX-License-Identifier: MPL-1.1
License-Text:
 Full license text
```

4. Exceptions:

Some licenses can be amended with exceptions which grant certain rights which the original license does not. These exceptions are available from the directory:

LICENSES/exceptions/

in the kernel source tree. The files in this directory contain the full exception text and the required *Exception Metatags*.

Examples:

```
LICENSES/exceptions/Linux-syscall-note
```

Contains the Linux syscall exception as documented in the COPYING file of the Linux kernel, which is used for UAPI header files. e.g. /* SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0 WITH Linux-syscall-note */:

```
LICENSES/exceptions/GCC-exception-2.0
```

Contains the GCC 'linking exception' which allows to link any binary independent of its license against the compiled version of a file marked with this exception. This is required for creating runnable executables from source code which is not compatible with the GPL.

Exception Metatags:

The following meta tags must be available in an exception file:

• SPDX-Exception-Identifier:

One exception identifier which can be used with SPDX license identifiers.

• SPDX-URL:

The URL of the SPDX page which contains additional information related to the exception.

• SPDX-Licenses:

A comma separated list of SPDX license identifiers for which the exception can be used.

• Usage-Guidance:

Freeform text for usage advice. The text must be followed by correct examples for the SPDX license identifiers as they should be put into source files according to the *License identifier syntax* guidelines.

• Exception-Text:

All text after this tag is treated as the original exception text

File format examples:

```
SPDX-Exception-Identifier: Linux-syscall-note
SPDX-URL: https://spdx.org/licenses/Linux-syscall-note.html
SPDX-Licenses: GPL-2.0, GPL-2.0+, GPL-1.0+, LGPL-2.0, LGPL-2.0+,

LGPL-2.1, LGPL-2.1+
Usage-Guidance:

This exception is used together with one of the above SPDX-

Licenses

to mark user-space API (uapi) header files so they can be

included

into non GPL compliant user-space application code.

To use this exception add it with the keyword WITH to one of

the

identifiers in the SPDX-Licenses tag:

SPDX-License-Identifier: <SPDX-License> WITH Linux-syscall-

note
Exception-Text:
Full exception text
```

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→2.0 Exception-Text: Full exception text

All SPDX license identifiers and exceptions must have a corresponding file in the LICENSES subdirectories. This is required to allow tool verification (e.g. checkpatch.pl) and to have the licenses ready to read and extract right from the source, which is recommended by various FOSS organizations, e.g. the FSFE REUSE initiative.

* MODULE_LICENSE

Loadable kernel modules also require a MODULE_LICENSE() tag. This tag is neither a replacement for proper source code license information (SPDX-License-Identifier) nor in any way relevant for expressing or determining the exact license under which the source code of the module is provided.

The sole purpose of this tag is to provide sufficient information whether the module is free software or proprietary for the kernel module loader and for user space tools.

The valid license strings for MODULE LICENSE() are:

"GPL Module is licensed under GPL version 2. This does not express any distinction between GPL-2.0-only or GPL-2.0-or-later. The exact license information can only be determined via the license information in the corresponding source files.

"GPL Same as "GPL" . It exists for historic reasons. \mathbf{e}^{n}

v2"

"GPL Historical variant of expressing that the module source and is dual licensed under a GPL v2 variant and MIT license.

ad- Please do not use in new code.

di-

tiona

right

"Dua! The correct way of expressing that the module is dual MIT/ licensed under a GPL v2 variant or MIT license choice.

"Dua" The module is dual licensed under a GPL v2 variant or

BSD/ BSD license choice. The exact variant of the BSD license can only be determined via the license information in the corresponding source files.

"Dua The module is dual licensed under a GPL v2 variant or MPL, Mozilla Public License (MPL) choice. The exact variant of the MPL license can only be determined via the license information in the corresponding source files.

"Pro- The module is under a proprietary license. This string pri- is solely for proprietary third party modules and cannot be used for modules which have their source code in the kernel tree. Modules tagged that way are tainting the kernel with the 'P'flag when loaded and the kernel module loader refuses to link such modules against symbols which are exported with EXPORT SYMBOL GPL().

HOWTO DO LINUX KERNEL DEVELOPMENT

This is the be-all, end-all document on this topic. It contains instructions on how to become a Linux kernel developer and how to learn to work with the Linux kernel development community. It tries to not contain anything related to the technical aspects of kernel programming, but will help point you in the right direction for that.

If anything in this document becomes out of date, please send in patches to the maintainer of this file, who is listed at the bottom of the document.

* Introduction

So, you want to learn how to become a Linux kernel developer? Or you have been told by your manager, "Go write a Linux driver for this device." This document's goal is to teach you everything you need to know to achieve this by describing the process you need to go through, and hints on how to work with the community. It will also try to explain some of the reasons why the community works like it does.

The kernel is written mostly in C, with some architecture-dependent parts written in assembly. A good understanding of C is required for kernel development. Assembly (any architecture) is not required unless you plan to do low-level development for that architecture. Though they are not a good substitute for a solid C education and/or years of experience, the following books are good for, if anything, reference:

- "The C Programming Language" by Kernighan and Ritchie [Prentice Hall]
- "Practical C Programming" by Steve Oualline [O' Reilly]
- "C: A Reference Manual" by Harbison and Steele [Prentice Hall]

The kernel is written using GNU C and the GNU toolchain. While it adheres to the ISO C89 standard, it uses a number of extensions that are not featured in the standard. The kernel is a freestanding C environment, with no reliance on the standard C library, so some portions of the C standard are not supported. Arbitrary long long divisions and floating point are not allowed. It can sometimes be difficult to understand the assumptions the kernel has on the toolchain and the extensions that it uses, and unfortunately there is no definitive reference for them. Please check the gcc info pages (*info gcc*) for some information on them.

Please remember that you are trying to learn how to work with the existing development community. It is a diverse group of people, with high standards for coding,

style and procedure. These standards have been created over time based on what they have found to work best for such a large and geographically dispersed team. Try to learn as much as possible about these standards ahead of time, as they are well documented; do not expect people to adapt to you or your company's way of doing things.

* Legal Issues

The Linux kernel source code is released under the GPL. Please see the file COPY-ING in the main directory of the source tree. The Linux kernel licensing rules and how to use SPDX identifiers in source code are described in Linux kernel licensing rules. If you have further questions about the license, please contact a lawyer, and do not ask on the Linux kernel mailing list. The people on the mailing lists are not lawyers, and you should not rely on their statements on legal matters.

For common questions and answers about the GPL, please see:

https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html

* Documentation

The Linux kernel source tree has a large range of documents that are invaluable for learning how to interact with the kernel community. When new features are added to the kernel, it is recommended that new documentation files are also added which explain how to use the feature. When a kernel change causes the interface that the kernel exposes to userspace to change, it is recommended that you send the information or a patch to the manual pages explaining the change to the manual pages maintainer at mtk.manpages@gmail.com, and CC the list linuxapi@vger.kernel.org.

Here is a list of files that are in the kernel source tree that are required reading:

Documentation/admin-quide/README.rst

This file gives a short background on the Linux kernel and describes what is necessary to do to configure and build the kernel. People who are new to the kernel should start here.

Documentation/process/changes.rst

This file gives a list of the minimum levels of various software packages that are necessary to build and run the kernel successfully.

Documentation/process/coding-style.rst

This describes the Linux kernel coding style, and some of the rationale behind it. All new code is expected to follow the guidelines in this document. Most maintainers will only accept patches if these rules are followed, and many people will only review code if it is in the proper style.

Documentation/process/submitting-patches.rst and Documentation/process/submitting-drivers.rst

These files describe in explicit detail how to successfully create and send a patch, including (but not limited to):

- Email contents
- Email format
- · Who to send it to

Following these rules will not guarantee success (as all patches are subject to scrutiny for content and style), but not following them will almost always prevent it.

Other excellent descriptions of how to create patches properly are:

"The Perfect Patch"

https://www.ozlabs.org/~akpm/stuff/tpp.txt

"Linux kernel patch submission format"

https://web.archive.org/web/20180829112450/http://linux.yyz.us/patch-format.html

Documentation/process/stable-api-nonsense.rst

This file describes the rationale behind the conscious decision to not have a stable API within the kernel, including things like:

- Subsystem shim-layers (for compatibility?)
- Driver portability between Operating Systems.
- Mitigating rapid change within the kernel source tree (or preventing rapid change)

This document is crucial for understanding the Linux development philosophy and is very important for people moving to Linux from development on other Operating Systems.

Documentation/admin-guide/security-bugs.rst

If you feel you have found a security problem in the Linux kernel, please follow the steps in this document to help notify the kernel developers, and help solve the issue.

Documentation/process/management-style.rst

This document describes how Linux kernel maintainers operate and the shared ethos behind their methodologies. This is important reading for anyone new to kernel development (or anyone simply curious about it), as it resolves a lot of common misconceptions and confusion about the unique behavior of kernel maintainers.

Documentation/process/stable-kernel-rules.rst

This file describes the rules on how the stable kernel releases happen, and what to do if you want to get a change into one of these releases.

Documentation/process/kernel-docs.rst

A list of external documentation that pertains to kernel development. Please consult this list if you do not find what you are looking for within the in-kernel documentation.

Documentation/process/applying-patches.rst

A good introduction describing exactly what a patch is and how to apply it to the different development branches of the kernel.

The kernel also has a large number of documents that can be automatically generated from the source code itself or from ReStructuredText markups (ReST), like this one. This includes a full description of the in-kernel API, and rules on how to handle locking properly.

All such documents can be generated as PDF or HTML by running:

```
make pdfdocs
make htmldocs
```

respectively from the main kernel source directory.

The documents that uses ReST markup will be generated at Documentation/output. They can also be generated on LaTeX and ePub formats with:

```
make latexdocs
make epubdocs
```

* Becoming A Kernel Developer

If you do not know anything about Linux kernel development, you should look at the Linux KernelNewbies project:

```
https://kernelnewbies.org
```

It consists of a helpful mailing list where you can ask almost any type of basic kernel development question (make sure to search the archives first, before asking something that has already been answered in the past.) It also has an IRC channel that you can use to ask questions in real-time, and a lot of helpful documentation that is useful for learning about Linux kernel development.

The website has basic information about code organization, subsystems, and current projects (both in-tree and out-of-tree). It also describes some basic logistical information, like how to compile a kernel and apply a patch.

If you do not know where you want to start, but you want to look for some task to start doing to join into the kernel development community, go to the Linux Kernel Janitor's project:

```
https://kernelnewbies.org/KernelJanitors
```

It is a great place to start. It describes a list of relatively simple problems that need to be cleaned up and fixed within the Linux kernel source tree. Working with the developers in charge of this project, you will learn the basics of getting your patch into the Linux kernel tree, and possibly be pointed in the direction of what to go work on next, if you do not already have an idea.

Before making any actual modifications to the Linux kernel code, it is imperative to understand how the code in question works. For this purpose, nothing is better than reading through it directly (most tricky bits are commented well), perhaps even with the help of specialized tools. One such tool that is particularly recommended is the Linux Cross-Reference project, which is able to present source code in a self-referential, indexed webpage format. An excellent up-to-date repository of the kernel code may be found at:

https://elixir.bootlin.com/

* The development process

Linux kernel development process currently consists of a few different main kernel "branches" and lots of different subsystem-specific kernel branches. These different branches are:

- Linus's mainline tree
- Various stable trees with multiple major numbers
- Subsystem-specific trees
- linux-next integration testing tree

* Mainline tree

The mainline tree is maintained by Linus Torvalds, and can be found at https://kernel.org or in the repo. Its development process is as follows:

- As soon as a new kernel is released a two week window is open, during this period of time maintainers can submit big diffs to Linus, usually the patches that have already been included in the linux-next for a few weeks. The preferred way to submit big changes is using git (the kernel's source management tool, more information can be found at https://git-scm.com/) but plain patches are also just fine.
- After two weeks a -rc1 kernel is released and the focus is on making the new kernel as rock solid as possible. Most of the patches at this point should fix a regression. Bugs that have always existed are not regressions, so only push these kinds of fixes if they are important. Please note that a whole new driver (or filesystem) might be accepted after -rc1 because there is no risk of causing regressions with such a change as long as the change is self-contained and does not affect areas outside of the code that is being added. git can be used to send patches to Linus after -rc1 is released, but the patches need to also be sent to a public mailing list for review.
- A new -rc is released whenever Linus deems the current git tree to be in a reasonably sane state adequate for testing. The goal is to release a new -rc kernel every week.
- Process continues until the kernel is considered "ready", the process should last around 6 weeks.

It is worth mentioning what Andrew Morton wrote on the linux-kernel mailing list about kernel releases:

"Nobody knows when a kernel will be released, because it's released according to perceived bug status, not according to a preconceived timeline."

* Various stable trees with multiple major numbers

Kernels with 3-part versions are -stable kernels. They contain relatively small and critical fixes for security problems or significant regressions discovered in a given major mainline release. Each release in a major stable series increments the third part of the version number, keeping the first two parts the same.

This is the recommended branch for users who want the most recent stable kernel and are not interested in helping test development/experimental versions.

Stable trees are maintained by the "stable" team <stable@vger.kernel.org>, and are released as needs dictate. The normal release period is approximately two weeks, but it can be longer if there are no pressing problems. A security-related problem, instead, can cause a release to happen almost instantly.

The file Everything you ever wanted to know about Linux -stable releases in the kernel tree documents what kinds of changes are acceptable for the -stable tree, and how the release process works.

* Subsystem-specific trees

The maintainers of the various kernel subsystems —and also many kernel subsystem developers —expose their current state of development in source repositories. That way, others can see what is happening in the different areas of the kernel. In areas where development is rapid, a developer may be asked to base his submissions onto such a subsystem kernel tree so that conflicts between the submission and other already ongoing work are avoided.

Most of these repositories are git trees, but there are also other SCMs in use, or patch queues being published as quilt series. Addresses of these subsystem repositories are listed in the MAINTAINERS file. Many of them can be browsed at https://git.kernel.org/.

Before a proposed patch is committed to such a subsystem tree, it is subject to review which primarily happens on mailing lists (see the respective section below). For several kernel subsystems, this review process is tracked with the tool patchwork. Patchwork offers a web interface which shows patch postings, any comments on a patch or revisions to it, and maintainers can mark patches as under review, accepted, or rejected. Most of these patchwork sites are listed at https://patchwork.kernel.org/.

* linux-next integration testing tree

Before updates from subsystem trees are merged into the mainline tree, they need to be integration-tested. For this purpose, a special testing repository exists into which virtually all subsystem trees are pulled on an almost daily basis:

https://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/next/linux-next.git

This way, the linux-next gives a summary outlook onto what will be expected to go into the mainline kernel at the next merge period. Adventurous testers are very welcome to runtime-test the linux-next.

* Bug Reporting

https://bugzilla.kernel.org is where the Linux kernel developers track kernel bugs. Users are encouraged to report all bugs that they find in this tool. For details on how to use the kernel bugzilla, please see:

https://bugzilla.kernel.org/page.cgi?id=fag.html

The file admin-guide/reporting-bugs.rst in the main kernel source directory has a good template for how to report a possible kernel bug, and details what kind of information is needed by the kernel developers to help track down the problem.

* Managing bug reports

One of the best ways to put into practice your hacking skills is by fixing bugs reported by other people. Not only you will help to make the kernel more stable, but you'll also learn to fix real world problems and you will improve your skills, and other developers will be aware of your presence. Fixing bugs is one of the best ways to get merits among other developers, because not many people like wasting time fixing other people's bugs.

To work in the already reported bug reports, go to https://bugzilla.kernel.org.

* Mailing lists

As some of the above documents describe, the majority of the core kernel developers participate on the Linux Kernel Mailing list. Details on how to subscribe and unsubscribe from the list can be found at:

http://vger.kernel.org/vger-lists.html#linux-kernel

There are archives of the mailing list on the web in many different places. Use a search engine to find these archives. For example:

http://dir.gmane.org/gmane.linux.kernel

It is highly recommended that you search the archives about the topic you want to bring up, before you post it to the list. A lot of things already discussed in detail are only recorded at the mailing list archives.

Most of the individual kernel subsystems also have their own separate mailing list where they do their development efforts. See the MAINTAINERS file for a list of what these lists are for the different groups.

Many of the lists are hosted on kernel.org. Information on them can be found at:

http://vger.kernel.org/vger-lists.html

Please remember to follow good behavioral habits when using the lists. Though a bit cheesy, the following URL has some simple guidelines for interacting with the list (or any list):

http://www.albion.com/netiquette/

If multiple people respond to your mail, the CC: list of recipients may get pretty large. Don't remove anybody from the CC: list without a good reason, or don't reply only to the list address. Get used to receiving the mail twice, one from the sender and the one from the list, and don't try to tune that by adding fancy mail-headers, people will not like it.

Remember to keep the context and the attribution of your replies intact, keep the "John Kernelhacker wrote ···:"lines at the top of your reply, and add your statements between the individual quoted sections instead of writing at the top of the mail.

If you add patches to your mail, make sure they are plain readable text as stated in Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel. Kernel developers don't want to deal with attachments or compressed patches; they may want to comment on individual lines of your patch, which works only that way. Make sure you use a mail program that does not mangle spaces and tab characters. A good first test is to send the mail to yourself and try to apply your own patch by yourself. If that doesn't work, get your mail program fixed or change it until it works.

Above all, please remember to show respect to other subscribers.

* Working with the community

The goal of the kernel community is to provide the best possible kernel there is. When you submit a patch for acceptance, it will be reviewed on its technical merits and those alone. So, what should you be expecting?

- criticism
- · comments
- requests for change
- requests for justification
- silence

Remember, this is part of getting your patch into the kernel. You have to be able to take criticism and comments about your patches, evaluate them at a technical level and either rework your patches or provide clear and concise reasoning as to why those changes should not be made. If there are no responses to your posting, wait a few days and try again, sometimes things get lost in the huge volume.

What should you not do?

- expect your patch to be accepted without question
- · become defensive
- ignore comments
- resubmit the patch without making any of the requested changes

In a community that is looking for the best technical solution possible, there will always be differing opinions on how beneficial a patch is. You have to be cooperative, and willing to adapt your idea to fit within the kernel. Or at least be willing

to prove your idea is worth it. Remember, being wrong is acceptable as long as you are willing to work toward a solution that is right.

It is normal that the answers to your first patch might simply be a list of a dozen things you should correct. This does **not** imply that your patch will not be accepted, and it is **not** meant against you personally. Simply correct all issues raised against your patch and resend it.

* Differences between the kernel community and corporate structures

The kernel community works differently than most traditional corporate development environments. Here are a list of things that you can try to do to avoid problems:

Good things to say regarding your proposed changes:

- "This solves multiple problems."
- "This deletes 2000 lines of code."
- "Here is a patch that explains what I am trying to describe."
- "I tested it on 5 different architectures..."
- "Here is a series of small patches that..."
- "This increases performance on typical machines..."

Bad things you should avoid saying:

- "We did it this way in AIX/ptx/Solaris, so therefore it must be good ..."
- "I' ve being doing this for 20 years, so…"
- "This is required for my company to make money"
- "This is for our Enterprise product line."
- "Here is my 1000 page design document that describes my idea"
- "I' ve been working on this for 6 months…"
- "Here's a 5000 line patch that..."
- "I rewrote all of the current mess, and here it is..."
- "I have a deadline, and this patch needs to be applied now."

Another way the kernel community is different than most traditional software engineering work environments is the faceless nature of interaction. One benefit of using email and irc as the primary forms of communication is the lack of discrimination based on gender or race. The Linux kernel work environment is accepting of women and minorities because all you are is an email address. The international aspect also helps to level the playing field because you can't guess gender based on a person's name. A man may be named Andrea and a woman may be named Pat. Most women who have worked in the Linux kernel and have expressed an opinion have had positive experiences.

The language barrier can cause problems for some people who are not comfortable with English. A good grasp of the language can be needed in order to get ideas across properly on mailing lists, so it is recommended that you check your emails to make sure they make sense in English before sending them.

* Break up your changes

The Linux kernel community does not gladly accept large chunks of code dropped on it all at once. The changes need to be properly introduced, discussed, and broken up into tiny, individual portions. This is almost the exact opposite of what companies are used to doing. Your proposal should also be introduced very early in the development process, so that you can receive feedback on what you are doing. It also lets the community feel that you are working with them, and not simply using them as a dumping ground for your feature. However, don't send 50 emails at one time to a mailing list, your patch series should be smaller than that almost all of the time.

The reasons for breaking things up are the following:

- 1) Small patches increase the likelihood that your patches will be applied, since they don't take much time or effort to verify for correctness. A 5 line patch can be applied by a maintainer with barely a second glance. However, a 500 line patch may take hours to review for correctness (the time it takes is exponentially proportional to the size of the patch, or something).
 - Small patches also make it very easy to debug when something goes wrong. It's much easier to back out patches one by one than it is to dissect a very large patch after it's been applied (and broken something).
- 2) It's important not only to send small patches, but also to rewrite and simplify (or simply re-order) patches before submitting them.

Here is an analogy from kernel developer Al Viro:

"Think of a teacher grading homework from a math student. The teacher does not want to see the student's trials and errors before they came up with the solution. They want to see the cleanest, most elegant answer. A good student knows this, and would never submit her intermediate work before the final solution.

The same is true of kernel development. The maintainers and reviewers do not want to see the thought process behind the solution to the problem one is solving. They want to see a simple and elegant solution."

It may be challenging to keep the balance between presenting an elegant solution and working together with the community and discussing your unfinished work. Therefore it is good to get early in the process to get feedback to improve your work, but also keep your changes in small chunks that they may get already accepted, even when your whole task is not ready for inclusion now.

Also realize that it is not acceptable to send patches for inclusion that are unfinished and will be "fixed up later."

* Justify your change

Along with breaking up your patches, it is very important for you to let the Linux community know why they should add this change. New features must be justified as being needed and useful.

* Document your change

When sending in your patches, pay special attention to what you say in the text in your email. This information will become the ChangeLog information for the patch, and will be preserved for everyone to see for all time. It should describe the patch completely, containing:

- why the change is necessary
- the overall design approach in the patch
- implementation details
- · testing results

For more details on what this should all look like, please see the ChangeLog section of the document:

"The Perfect Patch"

https://www.ozlabs.org/~akpm/stuff/tpp.txt

All of these things are sometimes very hard to do. It can take years to perfect these practices (if at all). It's a continuous process of improvement that requires a lot of patience and determination. But don't give up, it's possible. Many have done it before, and each had to start exactly where you are now.

Thanks to Paolo Ciarrocchi who allowed the "Development Process" (https://lwn.net/Articles/94386/) section to be based on text he had written, and to Randy Dunlap and Gerrit Huizenga for some of the list of things you should and should not say. Also thanks to Pat Mochel, Hanna Linder, Randy Dunlap, Kay Sievers, Vojtech Pavlik, Jan Kara, Josh Boyer, Kees Cook, Andrew Morton, Andi Kleen, Vadim Lobanov, Jesper Juhl, Adrian Bunk, Keri Harris, Frans Pop, David A. Wheeler, Junio Hamano, Michael Kerrisk, and Alex Shepard for their review, comments, and contributions. Without their help, this document would not have been possible.

Maintainer: Greg Kroah-Hartman < greg@kroah.com >

| Linux Process Documentation | | | | | | |
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CONTRIBUTOR COVENANT CODE OF CONDUCT

* Our Pledge

In the interest of fostering an open and welcoming environment, we as contributors and maintainers pledge to making participation in our project and our community a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of age, body size, disability, ethnicity, sex characteristics, gender identity and expression, level of experience, education, socio-economic status, nationality, personal appearance, race, religion, or sexual identity and orientation.

* Our Standards

Examples of behavior that contributes to creating a positive environment include:

- Using welcoming and inclusive language
- · Being respectful of differing viewpoints and experiences
- Gracefully accepting constructive criticism
- Focusing on what is best for the community
- Showing empathy towards other community members

Examples of unacceptable behavior by participants include:

- The use of sexualized language or imagery and unwelcome sexual attention or advances
- Trolling, insulting/derogatory comments, and personal or political attacks
- Public or private harassment
- Publishing others' private information, such as a physical or electronic address, without explicit permission
- Other conduct which could reasonably be considered inappropriate in a professional setting

* Our Responsibilities

Maintainers are responsible for clarifying the standards of acceptable behavior and are expected to take appropriate and fair corrective action in response to any instances of unacceptable behavior.

Maintainers have the right and responsibility to remove, edit, or reject comments, commits, code, wiki edits, issues, and other contributions that are not aligned to this Code of Conduct, or to ban temporarily or permanently any contributor for other behaviors that they deem inappropriate, threatening, offensive, or harmful.

* Scope

This Code of Conduct applies both within project spaces and in public spaces when an individual is representing the project or its community. Examples of representing a project or community include using an official project e-mail address, posting via an official social media account, or acting as an appointed representative at an online or offline event. Representation of a project may be further defined and clarified by project maintainers.

* Enforcement

Instances of abusive, harassing, or otherwise unacceptable behavior may be reported by contacting the Code of Conduct Committee at <conduct@kernel.org>. All complaints will be reviewed and investigated and will result in a response that is deemed necessary and appropriate to the circumstances. The Code of Conduct Committee is obligated to maintain confidentiality with regard to the reporter of an incident. Further details of specific enforcement policies may be posted separately.

* Attribution

This Code of Conduct is adapted from the Contributor Covenant, version 1.4, available at https://www.contributor-covenant.org/version/1/4/code-of-conduct.html

* Interpretation

See the *Linux Kernel Contributor Covenant Code of Conduct Interpretation* document for how the Linux kernel community will be interpreting this document.

LINUX KERNEL CONTRIBUTOR COVENANT CODE OF CONDUCT INTERPRETATION

The Contributor Covenant Code of Conduct is a general document meant to provide a set of rules for almost any open source community. Every open-source community is unique and the Linux kernel is no exception. Because of this, this document describes how we in the Linux kernel community will interpret it. We also do not expect this interpretation to be static over time, and will adjust it as needed.

The Linux kernel development effort is a very personal process compared to "traditional" ways of developing software. Your contributions and ideas behind them will be carefully reviewed, often resulting in critique and criticism. The review will almost always require improvements before the material can be included in the kernel. Know that this happens because everyone involved wants to see the best possible solution for the overall success of Linux. This development process has been proven to create the most robust operating system kernel ever, and we do not want to do anything to cause the quality of submission and eventual result to ever decrease.

* Maintainers

The Code of Conduct uses the term "maintainers" numerous times. In the kernel community, a "maintainer" is anyone who is responsible for a subsystem, driver, or file, and is listed in the MAINTAINERS file in the kernel source tree.

* Responsibilities

The Code of Conduct mentions rights and responsibilities for maintainers, and this needs some further clarifications.

First and foremost, it is a reasonable expectation to have maintainers lead by example.

That being said, our community is vast and broad, and there is no new requirement for maintainers to unilaterally handle how other people behave in the parts of the community where they are active. That responsibility is upon all of us, and ultimately the Code of Conduct documents final escalation paths in case of unresolved concerns regarding conduct issues.

Maintainers should be willing to help when problems occur, and work with others in the community when needed. Do not be afraid to reach out to the Technical Advisory Board (TAB) or other maintainers if you' re uncertain how to handle situations that come up. It will not be considered a violation report unless you want it to be. If you are uncertain about approaching the TAB or any other maintainers, please reach out to our conflict mediator, Joanna Lee <jlee@linuxfoundation.org>.

In the end, "be kind to each other" is really what the end goal is for everybody. We know everyone is human and we all fail at times, but the primary goal for all of us should be to work toward amicable resolutions of problems. Enforcement of the code of conduct will only be a last resort option.

Our goal of creating a robust and technically advanced operating system and the technical complexity involved naturally require expertise and decision-making.

The required expertise varies depending on the area of contribution. It is determined mainly by context and technical complexity and only secondary by the expectations of contributors and maintainers.

Both the expertise expectations and decision-making are subject to discussion, but at the very end there is a basic necessity to be able to make decisions in order to make progress. This prerogative is in the hands of maintainers and project's leadership and is expected to be used in good faith.

As a consequence, setting expertise expectations, making decisions and rejecting unsuitable contributions are not viewed as a violation of the Code of Conduct.

While maintainers are in general welcoming to newcomers, their capacity of helping contributors overcome the entry hurdles is limited, so they have to set priorities. This, also, is not to be seen as a violation of the Code of Conduct. The kernel community is aware of that and provides entry level programs in various forms like kernelnewbies.org.

* Scope

The Linux kernel community primarily interacts on a set of public email lists distributed around a number of different servers controlled by a number of different companies or individuals. All of these lists are defined in the MAINTAINERS file in the kernel source tree. Any emails sent to those mailing lists are considered covered by the Code of Conduct.

Developers who use the kernel.org bugzilla, and other subsystem bugzilla or bug tracking tools should follow the guidelines of the Code of Conduct. The Linux kernel community does not have an "official" project email address, or "official" social media address. Any activity performed using a kernel.org email account must follow the Code of Conduct as published for kernel.org, just as any individual using a corporate email account must follow the specific rules of that corporation.

The Code of Conduct does not prohibit continuing to include names, email addresses, and associated comments in mailing list messages, kernel change log messages, or code comments.

Interaction in other forums is covered by whatever rules apply to said forums and is in general not covered by the Code of Conduct. Exceptions may be considered

for extreme circumstances.

Contributions submitted for the kernel should use appropriate language. Content that already exists predating the Code of Conduct will not be addressed now as a violation. Inappropriate language can be seen as a bug, though; such bugs will be fixed more quickly if any interested parties submit patches to that effect. Expressions that are currently part of the user/kernel API, or reflect terminology used in published standards or specifications, are not considered bugs.

* Enforcement

The address listed in the Code of Conduct goes to the Code of Conduct Committee. The exact members receiving these emails at any given time are listed at https://kernel.org/code-of-conduct.html. Members can not access reports made before they joined or after they have left the committee.

The initial Code of Conduct Committee consists of volunteer members of the TAB, as well as a professional mediator acting as a neutral third party. The first task of the committee is to establish documented processes, which will be made public.

Any member of the committee, including the mediator, can be contacted directly if a reporter does not wish to include the full committee in a complaint or concern.

The Code of Conduct Committee reviews the cases according to the processes (see above) and consults with the TAB as needed and appropriate, for instance to request and receive information about the kernel community.

Any decisions by the committee will be brought to the TAB, for implementation of enforcement with the relevant maintainers if needed. A decision by the Code of Conduct Committee can be overturned by the TAB by a two-thirds vote.

At quarterly intervals, the Code of Conduct Committee and TAB will provide a report summarizing the anonymised reports that the Code of Conduct committee has received and their status, as well details of any overridden decisions including complete and identifiable voting details.

We expect to establish a different process for Code of Conduct Committee staffing beyond the bootstrap period. This document will be updated with that information when this occurs.

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A GUIDE TO THE KERNEL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

Contents:

* Introduction

* Executive summary

The rest of this section covers the scope of the kernel development process and the kinds of frustrations that developers and their employers can encounter there. There are a great many reasons why kernel code should be merged into the official ("mainline") kernel, including automatic availability to users, community support in many forms, and the ability to influence the direction of kernel development. Code contributed to the Linux kernel must be made available under a GPL-compatible license.

How the development process works introduces the development process, the kernel release cycle, and the mechanics of the merge window. The various phases in the patch development, review, and merging cycle are covered. There is some discussion of tools and mailing lists. Developers wanting to get started with kernel development are encouraged to track down and fix bugs as an initial exercise.

Early-stage planning covers early-stage project planning, with an emphasis on involving the development community as soon as possible.

Getting the code right is about the coding process; several pitfalls which have been encountered by other developers are discussed. Some requirements for patches are covered, and there is an introduction to some of the tools which can help to ensure that kernel patches are correct.

Posting patches talks about the process of posting patches for review. To be taken seriously by the development community, patches must be properly formatted and described, and they must be sent to the right place. Following the advice in this section should help to ensure the best possible reception for your work.

Followthrough covers what happens after posting patches; the job is far from done at that point. Working with reviewers is a crucial part of the development process; this section offers a number of tips on how to avoid problems at this important stage. Developers are cautioned against assuming that the job is done when a patch is merged into the mainline.

Advanced topics introduces a couple of "advanced" topics: managing patches with git and reviewing patches posted by others.

For more information concludes the document with pointers to sources for more information on kernel development.

* What this document is about

The Linux kernel, at over 8 million lines of code and well over 1000 contributors to each release, is one of the largest and most active free software projects in existence. Since its humble beginning in 1991, this kernel has evolved into a best-of-breed operating system component which runs on pocket-sized digital music players, desktop PCs, the largest supercomputers in existence, and all types of systems in between. It is a robust, efficient, and scalable solution for almost any situation.

With the growth of Linux has come an increase in the number of developers (and companies) wishing to participate in its development. Hardware vendors want to ensure that Linux supports their products well, making those products attractive to Linux users. Embedded systems vendors, who use Linux as a component in an integrated product, want Linux to be as capable and well-suited to the task at hand as possible. Distributors and other software vendors who base their products on Linux have a clear interest in the capabilities, performance, and reliability of the Linux kernel. And end users, too, will often wish to change Linux to make it better suit their needs.

One of the most compelling features of Linux is that it is accessible to these developers; anybody with the requisite skills can improve Linux and influence the direction of its development. Proprietary products cannot offer this kind of openness, which is a characteristic of the free software process. But, if anything, the kernel is even more open than most other free software projects. A typical three-month kernel development cycle can involve over 1000 developers working for more than 100 different companies (or for no company at all).

Working with the kernel development community is not especially hard. But, that notwithstanding, many potential contributors have experienced difficulties when trying to do kernel work. The kernel community has evolved its own distinct ways of operating which allow it to function smoothly (and produce a high-quality product) in an environment where thousands of lines of code are being changed every day. So it is not surprising that Linux kernel development process differs greatly from proprietary development methods.

The kernel's development process may come across as strange and intimidating to new developers, but there are good reasons and solid experience behind it. A developer who does not understand the kernel community's ways (or, worse, who tries to flout or circumvent them) will have a frustrating experience in store. The development community, while being helpful to those who are trying to learn, has little time for those who will not listen or who do not care about the development process.

It is hoped that those who read this document will be able to avoid that frustrating experience. There is a lot of material here, but the effort involved in reading it will be repaid in short order. The development community is always in need of developers who will help to make the kernel better; the following text should help you - or those who work for you - join our community.

* Credits

This document was written by Jonathan Corbet, corbet@lwn.net. It has been improved by comments from Johannes Berg, James Berry, Alex Chiang, Roland Dreier, Randy Dunlap, Jake Edge, Jiri Kosina, Matt Mackall, Arthur Marsh, Amanda McPherson, Andrew Morton, Andrew Price, Tsugikazu Shibata, and Jochen Voß.

This work was supported by the Linux Foundation; thanks especially to Amanda McPherson, who saw the value of this effort and made it all happen.

* The importance of getting code into the mainline

Some companies and developers occasionally wonder why they should bother learning how to work with the kernel community and get their code into the mainline kernel (the "mainline" being the kernel maintained by Linus Torvalds and used as a base by Linux distributors). In the short term, contributing code can look like an avoidable expense; it seems easier to just keep the code separate and support users directly. The truth of the matter is that keeping code separate ("out of tree") is a false economy.

As a way of illustrating the costs of out-of-tree code, here are a few relevant aspects of the kernel development process; most of these will be discussed in greater detail later in this document. Consider:

- Code which has been merged into the mainline kernel is available to all Linux users. It will automatically be present on all distributions which enable it. There is no need for driver disks, downloads, or the hassles of supporting multiple versions of multiple distributions; it all just works, for the developer and for the user. Incorporation into the mainline solves a large number of distribution and support problems.
- While kernel developers strive to maintain a stable interface to user space, the internal kernel API is in constant flux. The lack of a stable internal interface is a deliberate design decision; it allows fundamental improvements to be made at any time and results in higher-quality code. But one result of that policy is that any out-of-tree code requires constant upkeep if it is to work with new kernels. Maintaining out-of-tree code requires significant amounts of work just to keep that code working.
 - Code which is in the mainline, instead, does not require this work as the result of a simple rule requiring any developer who makes an API change to also fix any code that breaks as the result of that change. So code which has been merged into the mainline has significantly lower maintenance costs.
- Beyond that, code which is in the kernel will often be improved by other developers. Surprising results can come from empowering your user community and customers to improve your product.
- Kernel code is subjected to review, both before and after merging into the
 mainline. No matter how strong the original developer's skills are, this review process invariably finds ways in which the code can be improved. Often
 review finds severe bugs and security problems. This is especially true for
 code which has been developed in a closed environment; such code benefits

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strongly from review by outside developers. Out-of-tree code is lower-quality code.

- Participation in the development process is your way to influence the direction of kernel development. Users who complain from the sidelines are heard, but active developers have a stronger voice and the ability to implement changes which make the kernel work better for their needs.
- When code is maintained separately, the possibility that a third party will contribute a different implementation of a similar feature always exists. Should that happen, getting your code merged will become much harder to the point of impossibility. Then you will be faced with the unpleasant alternatives of either (1) maintaining a nonstandard feature out of tree indefinitely, or (2) abandoning your code and migrating your users over to the in-tree version.
- Contribution of code is the fundamental action which makes the whole process work. By contributing your code you can add new functionality to the kernel and provide capabilities and examples which are of use to other kernel developers. If you have developed code for Linux (or are thinking about doing so), you clearly have an interest in the continued success of this platform; contributing code is one of the best ways to help ensure that success.

All of the reasoning above applies to any out-of-tree kernel code, including code which is distributed in proprietary, binary-only form. There are, however, additional factors which should be taken into account before considering any sort of binary-only kernel code distribution. These include:

- The legal issues around the distribution of proprietary kernel modules are cloudy at best; quite a few kernel copyright holders believe that most binary-only modules are derived products of the kernel and that, as a result, their distribution is a violation of the GNU General Public license (about which more will be said below). Your author is not a lawyer, and nothing in this document can possibly be considered to be legal advice. The true legal status of closed-source modules can only be determined by the courts. But the uncertainty which haunts those modules is there regardless.
- Binary modules greatly increase the difficulty of debugging kernel problems, to the point that most kernel developers will not even try. So the distribution of binary-only modules will make it harder for your users to get support from the community.
- Support is also harder for distributors of binary-only modules, who must provide a version of the module for every distribution and every kernel version they wish to support. Dozens of builds of a single module can be required to provide reasonably comprehensive coverage, and your users will have to upgrade your module separately every time they upgrade their kernel.
- Everything that was said above about code review applies doubly to closedsource code. Since this code is not available at all, it cannot have been reviewed by the community and will, beyond doubt, have serious problems.

Makers of embedded systems, in particular, may be tempted to disregard much of what has been said in this section in the belief that they are shipping a self-contained product which uses a frozen kernel version and requires no more development after its release. This argument misses the value of widespread code review and the value of allowing your users to add capabilities to your product.

But these products, too, have a limited commercial life, after which a new version must be released. At that point, vendors whose code is in the mainline and well maintained will be much better positioned to get the new product ready for market quickly.

* Licensing

Code is contributed to the Linux kernel under a number of licenses, but all code must be compatible with version 2 of the GNU General Public License (GPLv2), which is the license covering the kernel distribution as a whole. In practice, that means that all code contributions are covered either by GPLv2 (with, optionally, language allowing distribution under later versions of the GPL) or the three-clause BSD license. Any contributions which are not covered by a compatible license will not be accepted into the kernel.

Copyright assignments are not required (or requested) for code contributed to the kernel. All code merged into the mainline kernel retains its original ownership; as a result, the kernel now has thousands of owners.

One implication of this ownership structure is that any attempt to change the licensing of the kernel is doomed to almost certain failure. There are few practical scenarios where the agreement of all copyright holders could be obtained (or their code removed from the kernel). So, in particular, there is no prospect of a migration to version 3 of the GPL in the foreseeable future.

It is imperative that all code contributed to the kernel be legitimately free software. For that reason, code from anonymous (or pseudonymous) contributors will not be accepted. All contributors are required to "sign off" on their code, stating that the code can be distributed with the kernel under the GPL. Code which has not been licensed as free software by its owner, or which risks creating copyright-related problems for the kernel (such as code which derives from reverse-engineering efforts lacking proper safeguards) cannot be contributed.

Questions about copyright-related issues are common on Linux development mailing lists. Such questions will normally receive no shortage of answers, but one should bear in mind that the people answering those questions are not lawyers and cannot provide legal advice. If you have legal questions relating to Linux source code, there is no substitute for talking with a lawyer who understands this field. Relying on answers obtained on technical mailing lists is a risky affair.

* How the development process works

Linux kernel development in the early 1990's was a pretty loose affair, with relatively small numbers of users and developers involved. With a user base in the millions and with some 2,000 developers involved over the course of one year, the kernel has since had to evolve a number of processes to keep development happening smoothly. A solid understanding of how the process works is required in order to be an effective part of it.

* The big picture

The kernel developers use a loosely time-based release process, with a new major kernel release happening every two or three months. The recent release history looks like this:

| 5.0 | March 3, 2019 |
|-----|--------------------|
| 5.1 | May 5, 2019 |
| 5.2 | July 7, 2019 |
| 5.3 | September 15, 2019 |
| 5.4 | November 24, 2019 |
| 5.5 | January 6, 2020 |
| | |

Every 5.x release is a major kernel release with new features, internal API changes, and more. A typical release can contain about 13,000 changesets with changes to several hundred thousand lines of code. 5.x is the leading edge of Linux kernel development; the kernel uses a rolling development model which is continually integrating major changes.

A relatively straightforward discipline is followed with regard to the merging of patches for each release. At the beginning of each development cycle, the "merge window" is said to be open. At that time, code which is deemed to be sufficiently stable (and which is accepted by the development community) is merged into the mainline kernel. The bulk of changes for a new development cycle (and all of the major changes) will be merged during this time, at a rate approaching 1,000 changes ("patches," or "changesets") per day.

(As an aside, it is worth noting that the changes integrated during the merge window do not come out of thin air; they have been collected, tested, and staged ahead of time. How that process works will be described in detail later on).

The merge window lasts for approximately two weeks. At the end of this time, Linus Torvalds will declare that the window is closed and release the first of the "rc" kernels. For the kernel which is destined to be 5.6, for example, the release which happens at the end of the merge window will be called 5.6-rc1. The -rc1 release is the signal that the time to merge new features has passed, and that the time to stabilize the next kernel has begun.

Over the next six to ten weeks, only patches which fix problems should be submitted to the mainline. On occasion a more significant change will be allowed, but such occasions are rare; developers who try to merge new features outside of the merge window tend to get an unfriendly reception. As a general rule, if you miss the merge window for a given feature, the best thing to do is to wait for the next development cycle. (An occasional exception is made for drivers for previously-unsupported hardware; if they touch no in-tree code, they cannot cause regressions and should be safe to add at any time).

As fixes make their way into the mainline, the patch rate will slow over time. Linus releases new -rc kernels about once a week; a normal series will get up to somewhere between -rc6 and -rc9 before the kernel is considered to be sufficiently stable and the final release is made. At that point the whole process starts over again.

As an example, here is how the 5.4 development cycle went (all dates in 2019):

| September 15 | 5.3 stable release | |
|--------------|------------------------------|--|
| September 30 | 5.4-rc1, merge window closes | |
| October 6 | 5.4-rc2 | |
| October 13 | 5.4-rc3 | |
| October 20 | 5.4-rc4 | |
| October 27 | 5.4-rc5 | |
| November 3 | 5.4-rc6 | |
| November 10 | 5.4-rc7 | |
| November 17 | 5.4-rc8 | |
| November 24 | 5.4 stable release | |

How do the developers decide when to close the development cycle and create the stable release? The most significant metric used is the list of regressions from previous releases. No bugs are welcome, but those which break systems which worked in the past are considered to be especially serious. For this reason, patches which cause regressions are looked upon unfavorably and are quite likely to be reverted during the stabilization period.

The developers' goal is to fix all known regressions before the stable release is made. In the real world, this kind of perfection is hard to achieve; there are just too many variables in a project of this size. There comes a point where delaying the final release just makes the problem worse; the pile of changes waiting for the next merge window will grow larger, creating even more regressions the next time around. So most 5.x kernels go out with a handful of known regressions though, hopefully, none of them are serious.

Once a stable release is made, its ongoing maintenance is passed off to the "stable team," currently Greg Kroah-Hartman. The stable team will release occasional updates to the stable release using the 5.x.y numbering scheme. To be considered for an update release, a patch must (1) fix a significant bug, and (2) already be merged into the mainline for the next development kernel. Kernels will typically receive stable updates for a little more than one development cycle past their initial release. So, for example, the 5.2 kernel's history looked like this (all dates in 2019):

| July 7 | 5.2 stable release |
|------------|--------------------|
| July 14 | 5.2.1 |
| July 21 | 5.2.2 |
| July 26 | 5.2.3 |
| July 28 | 5.2.4 |
| July 31 | 5.2.5 |
| ••• | ••• |
| October 11 | 5.2.21 |

5.2.21 was the final stable update of the 5.2 release.

Some kernels are designated "long term" kernels; they will receive support for a longer period. As of this writing, the current long term kernels and their maintainers are:

| 3.16 | Ben Hutchings | (very long-term kernel) |
|------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 4.4 | Greg Kroah-Hartman & Sasha Levin | (very long-term kernel) |
| 4.9 | Greg Kroah-Hartman & Sasha Levin | |
| 4.14 | Greg Kroah-Hartman & Sasha Levin | |
| 4.19 | Greg Kroah-Hartman & Sasha Levin | |
| 5.4 | Greg Kroah-Hartman & Sasha Levin | |

The selection of a kernel for long-term support is purely a matter of a maintainer having the need and the time to maintain that release. There are no known plans for long-term support for any specific upcoming release.

* The lifecycle of a patch

Patches do not go directly from the developer's keyboard into the mainline kernel. There is, instead, a somewhat involved (if somewhat informal) process designed to ensure that each patch is reviewed for quality and that each patch implements a change which is desirable to have in the mainline. This process can happen quickly for minor fixes, or, in the case of large and controversial changes, go on for years. Much developer frustration comes from a lack of understanding of this process or from attempts to circumvent it.

In the hopes of reducing that frustration, this document will describe how a patch gets into the kernel. What follows below is an introduction which describes the process in a somewhat idealized way. A much more detailed treatment will come in later sections.

The stages that a patch goes through are, generally:

- Design. This is where the real requirements for the patch and the way those requirements will be met are laid out. Design work is often done without involving the community, but it is better to do this work in the open if at all possible; it can save a lot of time redesigning things later.
- Early review. Patches are posted to the relevant mailing list, and developers on that list reply with any comments they may have. This process should turn up any major problems with a patch if all goes well.
- Wider review. When the patch is getting close to ready for mainline inclusion, it should be accepted by a relevant subsystem maintainer though this acceptance is not a guarantee that the patch will make it all the way to the mainline. The patch will show up in the maintainer's subsystem tree and into the -next trees (described below). When the process works, this step leads to more extensive review of the patch and the discovery of any problems resulting from the integration of this patch with work being done by others.
- Please note that most maintainers also have day jobs, so merging your patch may not be their highest priority. If your patch is getting feedback about changes that are needed, you should either make those changes or justify why they should not be made. If your patch has no review complaints but is not being merged by its appropriate subsystem or driver maintainer, you should be persistent in updating the patch to the current kernel so that it applies cleanly and keep sending it for review and merging.

- Merging into the mainline. Eventually, a successful patch will be merged into the mainline repository managed by Linus Torvalds. More comments and/or problems may surface at this time; it is important that the developer be responsive to these and fix any issues which arise.
- Stable release. The number of users potentially affected by the patch is now large, so, once again, new problems may arise.
- Long-term maintenance. While it is certainly possible for a developer to forget about code after merging it, that sort of behavior tends to leave a poor impression in the development community. Merging code eliminates some of the maintenance burden, in that others will fix problems caused by API changes. But the original developer should continue to take responsibility for the code if it is to remain useful in the longer term.

One of the largest mistakes made by kernel developers (or their employers) is to try to cut the process down to a single "merging into the mainline" step. This approach invariably leads to frustration for everybody involved.

* How patches get into the Kernel

There is exactly one person who can merge patches into the mainline kernel repository: Linus Torvalds. But, for example, of the over 9,500 patches which went into the 2.6.38 kernel, only 112 (around 1.3%) were directly chosen by Linus himself. The kernel project has long since grown to a size where no single developer could possibly inspect and select every patch unassisted. The way the kernel developers have addressed this growth is through the use of a lieutenant system built around a chain of trust.

The kernel code base is logically broken down into a set of subsystems: networking, specific architecture support, memory management, video devices, etc. Most subsystems have a designated maintainer, a developer who has overall responsibility for the code within that subsystem. These subsystem maintainers are the gatekeepers (in a loose way) for the portion of the kernel they manage; they are the ones who will (usually) accept a patch for inclusion into the mainline kernel.

Subsystem maintainers each manage their own version of the kernel source tree, usually (but certainly not always) using the git source management tool. Tools like git (and related tools like quilt or mercurial) allow maintainers to track a list of patches, including authorship information and other metadata. At any given time, the maintainer can identify which patches in his or her repository are not found in the mainline.

When the merge window opens, top-level maintainers will ask Linus to "pull" the patches they have selected for merging from their repositories. If Linus agrees, the stream of patches will flow up into his repository, becoming part of the mainline kernel. The amount of attention that Linus pays to specific patches received in a pull operation varies. It is clear that, sometimes, he looks quite closely. But, as a general rule, Linus trusts the subsystem maintainers to not send bad patches upstream.

Subsystem maintainers, in turn, can pull patches from other maintainers. For example, the networking tree is built from patches which accumulated first in trees dedicated to network device drivers, wireless networking, etc. This chain of

repositories can be arbitrarily long, though it rarely exceeds two or three links. Since each maintainer in the chain trusts those managing lower-level trees, this process is known as the "chain of trust."

Clearly, in a system like this, getting patches into the kernel depends on finding the right maintainer. Sending patches directly to Linus is not normally the right way to go.

* Next trees

The chain of subsystem trees guides the flow of patches into the kernel, but it also raises an interesting question: what if somebody wants to look at all of the patches which are being prepared for the next merge window? Developers will be interested in what other changes are pending to see whether there are any conflicts to worry about; a patch which changes a core kernel function prototype, for example, will conflict with any other patches which use the older form of that function. Reviewers and testers want access to the changes in their integrated form before all of those changes land in the mainline kernel. One could pull changes from all of the interesting subsystem trees, but that would be a big and error-prone job.

The answer comes in the form of -next trees, where subsystem trees are collected for testing and review. The older of these trees, maintained by Andrew Morton, is called "-mm" (for memory management, which is how it got started). The -mm tree integrates patches from a long list of subsystem trees; it also has some patches aimed at helping with debugging.

Beyond that, -mm contains a significant collection of patches which have been selected by Andrew directly. These patches may have been posted on a mailing list, or they may apply to a part of the kernel for which there is no designated subsystem tree. As a result, -mm operates as a sort of subsystem tree of last resort; if there is no other obvious path for a patch into the mainline, it is likely to end up in -mm. Miscellaneous patches which accumulate in -mm will eventually either be forwarded on to an appropriate subsystem tree or be sent directly to Linus. In a typical development cycle, approximately 5-10% of the patches going into the mainline get there via -mm.

The current -mm patch is available in the "mmotm" (-mm of the moment) directory at:

https://www.ozlabs.org/~akpm/mmotm/

Use of the MMOTM tree is likely to be a frustrating experience, though; there is a definite chance that it will not even compile.

The primary tree for next-cycle patch merging is linux-next, maintained by Stephen Rothwell. The linux-next tree is, by design, a snapshot of what the mainline is expected to look like after the next merge window closes. Linux-next trees are announced on the linux-kernel and linux-next mailing lists when they are assembled; they can be downloaded from:

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/next/

Linux-next has become an integral part of the kernel development process; all patches merged during a given merge window should really have found their way into linux-next some time before the merge window opens.

* Staging trees

The kernel source tree contains the drivers/staging/ directory, where many subdirectories for drivers or filesystems that are on their way to being added to the kernel tree live. They remain in drivers/staging while they still need more work; once complete, they can be moved into the kernel proper. This is a way to keep track of drivers that aren't up to Linux kernel coding or quality standards, but people may want to use them and track development.

Greg Kroah-Hartman currently maintains the staging tree. Drivers that still need work are sent to him, with each driver having its own subdirectory in drivers/staging/. Along with the driver source files, a TODO file should be present in the directory as well. The TODO file lists the pending work that the driver needs for acceptance into the kernel proper, as well as a list of people that should be Cc' d for any patches to the driver. Current rules require that drivers contributed to staging must, at a minimum, compile properly.

Staging can be a relatively easy way to get new drivers into the mainline where, with luck, they will come to the attention of other developers and improve quickly. Entry into staging is not the end of the story, though; code in staging which is not seeing regular progress will eventually be removed. Distributors also tend to be relatively reluctant to enable staging drivers. So staging is, at best, a stop on the way toward becoming a proper mainline driver.

* Tools

As can be seen from the above text, the kernel development process depends heavily on the ability to herd collections of patches in various directions. The whole thing would not work anywhere near as well as it does without suitably powerful tools. Tutorials on how to use these tools are well beyond the scope of this document, but there is space for a few pointers.

By far the dominant source code management system used by the kernel community is git. Git is one of a number of distributed version control systems being developed in the free software community. It is well tuned for kernel development, in that it performs quite well when dealing with large repositories and large numbers of patches. It also has a reputation for being difficult to learn and use, though it has gotten better over time. Some sort of familiarity with git is almost a requirement for kernel developers; even if they do not use it for their own work, they'll need git to keep up with what other developers (and the mainline) are doing.

Git is now packaged by almost all Linux distributions. There is a home page at:

```
https://git-scm.com/
```

That page has pointers to documentation and tutorials.

Among the kernel developers who do not use git, the most popular choice is almost certainly Mercurial:

```
https://www.selenic.com/mercurial/
```

Mercurial shares many features with git, but it provides an interface which many find easier to use.

The other tool worth knowing about is Quilt:

https://savannah.nongnu.org/projects/quilt/

Quilt is a patch management system, rather than a source code management system. It does not track history over time; it is, instead, oriented toward tracking a specific set of changes against an evolving code base. Some major subsystem maintainers use quilt to manage patches intended to go upstream. For the management of certain kinds of trees (-mm, for example), quilt is the best tool for the job.

* Mailing lists

A great deal of Linux kernel development work is done by way of mailing lists. It is hard to be a fully-functioning member of the community without joining at least one list somewhere. But Linux mailing lists also represent a potential hazard to developers, who risk getting buried under a load of electronic mail, running afoul of the conventions used on the Linux lists, or both.

Most kernel mailing lists are run on vger.kernel.org; the master list can be found at:

http://vger.kernel.org/vger-lists.html

There are lists hosted elsewhere, though; a number of them are at redhat.com/mailman/listinfo.

The core mailing list for kernel development is, of course, linux-kernel. This list is an intimidating place to be; volume can reach 500 messages per day, the amount of noise is high, the conversation can be severely technical, and participants are not always concerned with showing a high degree of politeness. But there is no other place where the kernel development community comes together as a whole; developers who avoid this list will miss important information.

There are a few hints which can help with linux-kernel survival:

- Have the list delivered to a separate folder, rather than your main mailbox. One must be able to ignore the stream for sustained periods of time.
- Do not try to follow every conversation nobody else does. It is important to filter on both the topic of interest (though note that long-running conversations can drift away from the original subject without changing the email subject line) and the people who are participating.
- Do not feed the trolls. If somebody is trying to stir up an angry response, ignore them.
- When responding to linux-kernel email (or that on other lists) preserve the Cc: header for all involved. In the absence of a strong reason (such as an explicit request), you should never remove recipients. Always make sure that the person you are responding to is in the Cc: list. This convention also makes it unnecessary to explicitly ask to be copied on replies to your postings.
- Search the list archives (and the net as a whole) before asking questions. Some developers can get impatient with people who clearly have not done their homework.

- Avoid top-posting (the practice of putting your answer above the quoted text you are responding to). It makes your response harder to read and makes a poor impression.
- Ask on the correct mailing list. Linux-kernel may be the general meeting point, but it is not the best place to find developers from all subsystems.

The last point - finding the correct mailing list - is a common place for beginning developers to go wrong. Somebody who asks a networking-related question on linux-kernel will almost certainly receive a polite suggestion to ask on the netdev list instead, as that is the list frequented by most networking developers. Other lists exist for the SCSI, video4linux, IDE, filesystem, etc. subsystems. The best place to look for mailing lists is in the MAINTAINERS file packaged with the kernel source.

* Getting started with Kernel development

Questions about how to get started with the kernel development process are common - from both individuals and companies. Equally common are missteps which make the beginning of the relationship harder than it has to be.

Companies often look to hire well-known developers to get a development group started. This can, in fact, be an effective technique. But it also tends to be expensive and does not do much to grow the pool of experienced kernel developers. It is possible to bring in-house developers up to speed on Linux kernel development, given the investment of a bit of time. Taking this time can endow an employer with a group of developers who understand the kernel and the company both, and who can help to train others as well. Over the medium term, this is often the more profitable approach.

Individual developers are often, understandably, at a loss for a place to start. Beginning with a large project can be intimidating; one often wants to test the waters with something smaller first. This is the point where some developers jump into the creation of patches fixing spelling errors or minor coding style issues. Unfortunately, such patches create a level of noise which is distracting for the development community as a whole, so, increasingly, they are looked down upon. New developers wishing to introduce themselves to the community will not get the sort of reception they wish for by these means.

Andrew Morton gives this advice for aspiring kernel developers

The #1 project for all kernel beginners should surely be "make sure that the kernel runs perfectly at all times on all machines which you can lay your hands on". Usually the way to do this is to work with others on getting things fixed up (this can require persistence!) but that's fine - it's a part of kernel development.

(https://lwn.net/Articles/283982/).

In the absence of obvious problems to fix, developers are advised to look at the current lists of regressions and open bugs in general. There is never any shortage of issues in need of fixing; by addressing these issues, developers will gain experience with the process while, at the same time, building respect with the rest of the development community.

* Early-stage planning

When contemplating a Linux kernel development project, it can be tempting to jump right in and start coding. As with any significant project, though, much of the groundwork for success is best laid before the first line of code is written. Some time spent in early planning and communication can save far more time later on.

* Specifying the problem

Like any engineering project, a successful kernel enhancement starts with a clear description of the problem to be solved. In some cases, this step is easy: when a driver is needed for a specific piece of hardware, for example. In others, though, it is tempting to confuse the real problem with the proposed solution, and that can lead to difficulties.

Consider an example: some years ago, developers working with Linux audio sought a way to run applications without dropouts or other artifacts caused by excessive latency in the system. The solution they arrived at was a kernel module intended to hook into the Linux Security Module (LSM) framework; this module could be configured to give specific applications access to the realtime scheduler. This module was implemented and sent to the linux-kernel mailing list, where it immediately ran into problems.

To the audio developers, this security module was sufficient to solve their immediate problem. To the wider kernel community, though, it was seen as a misuse of the LSM framework (which is not intended to confer privileges onto processes which they would not otherwise have) and a risk to system stability. Their preferred solutions involved realtime scheduling access via the rlimit mechanism for the short term, and ongoing latency reduction work in the long term.

The audio community, however, could not see past the particular solution they had implemented; they were unwilling to accept alternatives. The resulting disagreement left those developers feeling disillusioned with the entire kernel development process; one of them went back to an audio list and posted this:

There are a number of very good Linux kernel developers, but they tend to get outshouted by a large crowd of arrogant fools. Trying to communicate user requirements to these people is a waste of time. They are much too "intelligent" to listen to lesser mortals.

(https://lwn.net/Articles/131776/).

The reality of the situation was different; the kernel developers were far more concerned about system stability, long-term maintenance, and finding the right solution to the problem than they were with a specific module. The moral of the story is to focus on the problem - not a specific solution - and to discuss it with the development community before investing in the creation of a body of code.

So, when contemplating a kernel development project, one should obtain answers to a short set of questions:

- What, exactly, is the problem which needs to be solved?
- Who are the users affected by this problem? Which use cases should the solution address?

• How does the kernel fall short in addressing that problem now?

Only then does it make sense to start considering possible solutions.

* Early discussion

When planning a kernel development project, it makes great sense to hold discussions with the community before launching into implementation. Early communication can save time and trouble in a number of ways:

- It may well be that the problem is addressed by the kernel in ways which you have not understood. The Linux kernel is large and has a number of features and capabilities which are not immediately obvious. Not all kernel capabilities are documented as well as one might like, and it is easy to miss things. Your author has seen the posting of a complete driver which duplicated an existing driver that the new author had been unaware of. Code which reinvents existing wheels is not only wasteful; it will also not be accepted into the mainline kernel.
- There may be elements of the proposed solution which will not be acceptable
 for mainline merging. It is better to find out about problems like this before
 writing the code.
- It's entirely possible that other developers have thought about the problem; they may have ideas for a better solution, and may be willing to help in the creation of that solution.

Years of experience with the kernel development community have taught a clear lesson: kernel code which is designed and developed behind closed doors invariably has problems which are only revealed when the code is released into the community. Sometimes these problems are severe, requiring months or years of effort before the code can be brought up to the kernel community's standards. Some examples include:

- The Devicescape network stack was designed and implemented for single-processor systems. It could not be merged into the mainline until it was made suitable for multiprocessor systems. Retrofitting locking and such into code is a difficult task; as a result, the merging of this code (now called mac80211) was delayed for over a year.
- The Reiser4 filesystem included a number of capabilities which, in the core kernel developers' opinion, should have been implemented in the virtual filesystem layer instead. It also included features which could not easily be implemented without exposing the system to user-caused deadlocks. The late revelation of these problems and refusal to address some of them has caused Reiser4 to stay out of the mainline kernel.
- The AppArmor security module made use of internal virtual filesystem data structures in ways which were considered to be unsafe and unreliable. This concern (among others) kept AppArmor out of the mainline for years.

In each of these cases, a great deal of pain and extra work could have been avoided with some early discussion with the kernel developers.

* Who do you talk to?

When developers decide to take their plans public, the next question will be: where do we start? The answer is to find the right mailing list(s) and the right maintainer. For mailing lists, the best approach is to look in the MAINTAINERS file for a relevant place to post. If there is a suitable subsystem list, posting there is often preferable to posting on linux-kernel; you are more likely to reach developers with expertise in the relevant subsystem and the environment may be more supportive.

Finding maintainers can be a bit harder. Again, the MAINTAINERS file is the place to start. That file tends to not always be up to date, though, and not all subsystems are represented there. The person listed in the MAINTAINERS file may, in fact, not be the person who is actually acting in that role currently. So, when there is doubt about who to contact, a useful trick is to use git (and "git log" in particular) to see who is currently active within the subsystem of interest. Look at who is writing patches, and who, if anybody, is attaching Signed-off-by lines to those patches. Those are the people who will be best placed to help with a new development project.

The task of finding the right maintainer is sometimes challenging enough that the kernel developers have added a script to ease the process:

.../scripts/get_maintainer.pl

This script will return the current maintainer(s) for a given file or directory when given the "-f" option. If passed a patch on the command line, it will list the maintainers who should probably receive copies of the patch. There are a number of options regulating how hard get_maintainer.pl will search for maintainers; please be careful about using the more aggressive options as you may end up including developers who have no real interest in the code you are modifying.

If all else fails, talking to Andrew Morton can be an effective way to track down a maintainer for a specific piece of code.

* When to post?

If possible, posting your plans during the early stages can only be helpful. Describe the problem being solved and any plans that have been made on how the implementation will be done. Any information you can provide can help the development community provide useful input on the project.

One discouraging thing which can happen at this stage is not a hostile reaction, but, instead, little or no reaction at all. The sad truth of the matter is (1) kernel developers tend to be busy, (2) there is no shortage of people with grand plans and little code (or even prospect of code) to back them up, and (3) nobody is obligated to review or comment on ideas posted by others. Beyond that, high-level designs often hide problems which are only revealed when somebody actually tries to implement those designs; for that reason, kernel developers would rather see the code.

If a request-for-comments posting yields little in the way of comments, do not assume that it means there is no interest in the project. Unfortunately, you also

cannot assume that there are no problems with your idea. The best thing to do in this situation is to proceed, keeping the community informed as you go.

* Getting official buy-in

If your work is being done in a corporate environment - as most Linux kernel work is - you must, obviously, have permission from suitably empowered managers before you can post your company's plans or code to a public mailing list. The posting of code which has not been cleared for release under a GPL-compatible license can be especially problematic; the sooner that a company's management and legal staff can agree on the posting of a kernel development project, the better off everybody involved will be.

Some readers may be thinking at this point that their kernel work is intended to support a product which does not yet have an officially acknowledged existence. Revealing their employer's plans on a public mailing list may not be a viable option. In cases like this, it is worth considering whether the secrecy is really necessary; there is often no real need to keep development plans behind closed doors.

That said, there are also cases where a company legitimately cannot disclose its plans early in the development process. Companies with experienced kernel developers may choose to proceed in an open-loop manner on the assumption that they will be able to avoid serious integration problems later. For companies without that sort of in-house expertise, the best option is often to hire an outside developer to review the plans under a non-disclosure agreement. The Linux Foundation operates an NDA program designed to help with this sort of situation; more information can be found at:

https://www.linuxfoundation.org/nda/

This kind of review is often enough to avoid serious problems later on without requiring public disclosure of the project.

* Getting the code right

While there is much to be said for a solid and community-oriented design process, the proof of any kernel development project is in the resulting code. It is the code which will be examined by other developers and merged (or not) into the mainline tree. So it is the quality of this code which will determine the ultimate success of the project.

This section will examine the coding process. We'll start with a look at a number of ways in which kernel developers can go wrong. Then the focus will shift toward doing things right and the tools which can help in that quest.

* Pitfalls

Coding style

The kernel has long had a standard coding style, described in Linux kernel coding style. For much of that time, the policies described in that file were taken as being, at most, advisory. As a result, there is a substantial amount of code in the kernel which does not meet the coding style guidelines. The presence of that code leads to two independent hazards for kernel developers.

The first of these is to believe that the kernel coding standards do not matter and are not enforced. The truth of the matter is that adding new code to the kernel is very difficult if that code is not coded according to the standard; many developers will request that the code be reformatted before they will even review it. A code base as large as the kernel requires some uniformity of code to make it possible for developers to quickly understand any part of it. So there is no longer room for strangely-formatted code.

Occasionally, the kernel's coding style will run into conflict with an employer's mandated style. In such cases, the kernel's style will have to win before the code can be merged. Putting code into the kernel means giving up a degree of control in a number of ways - including control over how the code is formatted.

The other trap is to assume that code which is already in the kernel is urgently in need of coding style fixes. Developers may start to generate reformatting patches as a way of gaining familiarity with the process, or as a way of getting their name into the kernel changelogs - or both. But pure coding style fixes are seen as noise by the development community; they tend to get a chilly reception. So this type of patch is best avoided. It is natural to fix the style of a piece of code while working on it for other reasons, but coding style changes should not be made for their own sake.

The coding style document also should not be read as an absolute law which can never be transgressed. If there is a good reason to go against the style (a line which becomes far less readable if split to fit within the 80-column limit, for example), just do it.

Note that you can also use the clang-format tool to help you with these rules, to quickly re-format parts of your code automatically, and to review full files in order to spot coding style mistakes, typos and possible improvements. It is also handy for sorting #includes, for aligning variables/macros, for reflowing text and other similar tasks. See the file clang-format for more details.

Abstraction layers

Computer Science professors teach students to make extensive use of abstraction layers in the name of flexibility and information hiding. Certainly the kernel makes extensive use of abstraction; no project involving several million lines of code could do otherwise and survive. But experience has shown that excessive or premature abstraction can be just as harmful as premature optimization. Abstraction should be used to the level required and no further.

At a simple level, consider a function which has an argument which is always

passed as zero by all callers. One could retain that argument just in case somebody eventually needs to use the extra flexibility that it provides. By that time, though, chances are good that the code which implements this extra argument has been broken in some subtle way which was never noticed - because it has never been used. Or, when the need for extra flexibility arises, it does not do so in a way which matches the programmer's early expectation. Kernel developers will routinely submit patches to remove unused arguments; they should, in general, not be added in the first place.

Abstraction layers which hide access to hardware - often to allow the bulk of a driver to be used with multiple operating systems - are especially frowned upon. Such layers obscure the code and may impose a performance penalty; they do not belong in the Linux kernel.

On the other hand, if you find yourself copying significant amounts of code from another kernel subsystem, it is time to ask whether it would, in fact, make sense to pull out some of that code into a separate library or to implement that functionality at a higher level. There is no value in replicating the same code throughout the kernel.

#ifdef and preprocessor use in general

The C preprocessor seems to present a powerful temptation to some C programmers, who see it as a way to efficiently encode a great deal of flexibility into a source file. But the preprocessor is not C, and heavy use of it results in code which is much harder for others to read and harder for the compiler to check for correctness. Heavy preprocessor use is almost always a sign of code which needs some cleanup work.

Conditional compilation with #ifdef is, indeed, a powerful feature, and it is used within the kernel. But there is little desire to see code which is sprinkled liberally with #ifdef blocks. As a general rule, #ifdef use should be confined to header files whenever possible. Conditionally-compiled code can be confined to functions which, if the code is not to be present, simply become empty. The compiler will then quietly optimize out the call to the empty function. The result is far cleaner code which is easier to follow.

C preprocessor macros present a number of hazards, including possible multiple evaluation of expressions with side effects and no type safety. If you are tempted to define a macro, consider creating an inline function instead. The code which results will be the same, but inline functions are easier to read, do not evaluate their arguments multiple times, and allow the compiler to perform type checking on the arguments and return value.

Inline functions

Inline functions present a hazard of their own, though. Programmers can become enamored of the perceived efficiency inherent in avoiding a function call and fill a source file with inline functions. Those functions, however, can actually reduce performance. Since their code is replicated at each call site, they end up bloating the size of the compiled kernel. That, in turn, creates pressure on the processor's memory caches, which can slow execution dramatically. Inline functions, as a rule, should be quite small and relatively rare. The cost of a function call, after all, is not that high; the creation of large numbers of inline functions is a classic example of premature optimization.

In general, kernel programmers ignore cache effects at their peril. The classic time/space tradeoff taught in beginning data structures classes often does not apply to contemporary hardware. Space *is* time, in that a larger program will run slower than one which is more compact.

More recent compilers take an increasingly active role in deciding whether a given function should actually be inlined or not. So the liberal placement of "inline" keywords may not just be excessive; it could also be irrelevant.

Locking

In May, 2006, the "Devicescape" networking stack was, with great fanfare, released under the GPL and made available for inclusion in the mainline kernel. This donation was welcome news; support for wireless networking in Linux was considered substandard at best, and the Devicescape stack offered the promise of fixing that situation. Yet, this code did not actually make it into the mainline until June, 2007 (2.6.22). What happened?

This code showed a number of signs of having been developed behind corporate doors. But one large problem in particular was that it was not designed to work on multiprocessor systems. Before this networking stack (now called mac80211) could be merged, a locking scheme needed to be retrofitted onto it.

Once upon a time, Linux kernel code could be developed without thinking about the concurrency issues presented by multiprocessor systems. Now, however, this document is being written on a dual-core laptop. Even on single-processor systems, work being done to improve responsiveness will raise the level of concurrency within the kernel. The days when kernel code could be written without thinking about locking are long past.

Any resource (data structures, hardware registers, etc.) which could be accessed concurrently by more than one thread must be protected by a lock. New code should be written with this requirement in mind; retrofitting locking after the fact is a rather more difficult task. Kernel developers should take the time to understand the available locking primitives well enough to pick the right tool for the job. Code which shows a lack of attention to concurrency will have a difficult path into the mainline.

Regressions

One final hazard worth mentioning is this: it can be tempting to make a change (which may bring big improvements) which causes something to break for existing users. This kind of change is called a "regression," and regressions have become most unwelcome in the mainline kernel. With few exceptions, changes which cause regressions will be backed out if the regression cannot be fixed in a timely manner. Far better to avoid the regression in the first place.

It is often argued that a regression can be justified if it causes things to work for more people than it creates problems for. Why not make a change if it brings new functionality to ten systems for each one it breaks? The best answer to this question was expressed by Linus in July, 2007:

So we don't fix bugs by introducing new problems. That way lies madness, and nobody ever knows if you actually make any real progress at all. Is it two steps forwards, one step back, or one step forward and two steps back?

(https://lwn.net/Articles/243460/).

An especially unwelcome type of regression is any sort of change to the user-space ABI. Once an interface has been exported to user space, it must be supported indefinitely. This fact makes the creation of user-space interfaces particularly challenging: since they cannot be changed in incompatible ways, they must be done right the first time. For this reason, a great deal of thought, clear documentation, and wide review for user-space interfaces is always required.

* Code checking tools

For now, at least, the writing of error-free code remains an ideal that few of us can reach. What we can hope to do, though, is to catch and fix as many of those errors as possible before our code goes into the mainline kernel. To that end, the kernel developers have put together an impressive array of tools which can catch a wide variety of obscure problems in an automated way. Any problem caught by the computer is a problem which will not afflict a user later on, so it stands to reason that the automated tools should be used whenever possible.

The first step is simply to heed the warnings produced by the compiler. Contemporary versions of gcc can detect (and warn about) a large number of potential errors. Quite often, these warnings point to real problems. Code submitted for review should, as a rule, not produce any compiler warnings. When silencing warnings, take care to understand the real cause and try to avoid "fixes" which make the warning go away without addressing its cause.

Note that not all compiler warnings are enabled by default. Build the kernel with "make EXTRA_CFLAGS=-W" to get the full set.

The kernel provides several configuration options which turn on debugging features; most of these are found in the "kernel hacking" submenu. Several of these options should be turned on for any kernel used for development or testing purposes. In particular, you should turn on:

- ENABLE_MUST_CHECK and FRAME_WARN to get an extra set of warnings for problems like the use of deprecated interfaces or ignoring an important return value from a function. The output generated by these warnings can be verbose, but one need not worry about warnings from other parts of the kernel.
- DEBUG_OBJECTS will add code to track the lifetime of various objects created by the kernel and warn when things are done out of order. If you are adding a subsystem which creates (and exports) complex objects of its own, consider adding support for the object debugging infrastructure.
- DEBUG_SLAB can find a variety of memory allocation and use errors; it should be used on most development kernels.
- DEBUG_SPINLOCK, DEBUG_ATOMIC_SLEEP, and DEBUG_MUTEXES will find a number of common locking errors.

There are quite a few other debugging options, some of which will be discussed below. Some of them have a significant performance impact and should not be used all of the time. But some time spent learning the available options will likely be paid back many times over in short order.

One of the heavier debugging tools is the locking checker, or "lockdep." This tool will track the acquisition and release of every lock (spinlock or mutex) in the system, the order in which locks are acquired relative to each other, the current interrupt environment, and more. It can then ensure that locks are always acquired in the same order, that the same interrupt assumptions apply in all situations, and so on. In other words, lockdep can find a number of scenarios in which the system could, on rare occasion, deadlock. This kind of problem can be painful (for both developers and users) in a deployed system; lockdep allows them to be found in an automated manner ahead of time. Code with any sort of non-trivial locking should be run with lockdep enabled before being submitted for inclusion.

As a diligent kernel programmer, you will, beyond doubt, check the return status of any operation (such as a memory allocation) which can fail. The fact of the matter, though, is that the resulting failure recovery paths are, probably, completely untested. Untested code tends to be broken code; you could be much more confident of your code if all those error-handling paths had been exercised a few times.

The kernel provides a fault injection framework which can do exactly that, especially where memory allocations are involved. With fault injection enabled, a configurable percentage of memory allocations will be made to fail; these failures can be restricted to a specific range of code. Running with fault injection enabled allows the programmer to see how the code responds when things go badly. See Documentation/fault-injection/fault-injection.rst for more information on how to use this facility.

Other kinds of errors can be found with the "sparse" static analysis tool. With sparse, the programmer can be warned about confusion between user-space and kernel-space addresses, mixture of big-endian and small-endian quantities, the passing of integer values where a set of bit flags is expected, and so on. Sparse must be installed separately (it can be found at https://sparse.wiki.kernel.org/index.php/Main_Page if your distributor does not package it); it can then be run on the code by adding "C=1" to your make command.

The "Coccinelle" tool (http://coccinelle.lip6.fr/) is able to find a wide variety of potential coding problems; it can also propose fixes for those problems. Quite a few "semantic patches" for the kernel have been packaged under the scripts/coccinelle directory; running "make coccicheck" will run through those semantic patches and report on any problems found. See Documentation/dev-tools/coccinelle.rst for more information.

Other kinds of portability errors are best found by compiling your code for other architectures. If you do not happen to have an S/390 system or a Blackfin development board handy, you can still perform the compilation step. A large set of cross compilers for x86 systems can be found at

https://www.kernel.org/pub/tools/crosstool/

Some time spent installing and using these compilers will help avoid embarrassment later.

* Documentation

Documentation has often been more the exception than the rule with kernel development. Even so, adequate documentation will help to ease the merging of new code into the kernel, make life easier for other developers, and will be helpful for your users. In many cases, the addition of documentation has become essentially mandatory.

The first piece of documentation for any patch is its associated changelog. Log entries should describe the problem being solved, the form of the solution, the people who worked on the patch, any relevant effects on performance, and anything else that might be needed to understand the patch. Be sure that the changelog says why the patch is worth applying; a surprising number of developers fail to provide that information.

Any code which adds a new user-space interface - including new sysfs or /proc files - should include documentation of that interface which enables user-space developers to know what they are working with. See Documentation/ABI/README for a description of how this documentation should be formatted and what information needs to be provided.

The file Documentation/admin-guide/kernel-parameters.rst describes all of the kernel's boot-time parameters. Any patch which adds new parameters should add the appropriate entries to this file.

Any new configuration options must be accompanied by help text which clearly explains the options and when the user might want to select them.

Internal API information for many subsystems is documented by way of specially-formatted comments; these comments can be extracted and formatted in a number of ways by the "kernel-doc" script. If you are working within a subsystem which has kerneldoc comments, you should maintain them and add them, as appropriate, for externally-available functions. Even in areas which have not been so documented, there is no harm in adding kerneldoc comments for the future; indeed, this can be a useful activity for beginning kernel developers. The format of these comments, along with some information on how to create kerneldoc templates can be found at Documentation/doc-guide/.

Anybody who reads through a significant amount of existing kernel code will note that, often, comments are most notable by their absence. Once again, the expectations for new code are higher than they were in the past; merging uncommented code will be harder. That said, there is little desire for verbosely-commented code. The code should, itself, be readable, with comments explaining the more subtle aspects.

Certain things should always be commented. Uses of memory barriers should be accompanied by a line explaining why the barrier is necessary. The locking rules for data structures generally need to be explained somewhere. Major data structures need comprehensive documentation in general. Non-obvious dependencies between separate bits of code should be pointed out. Anything which might tempt a code janitor to make an incorrect "cleanup" needs a comment saying why it is done the way it is. And so on.

* Internal API changes

The binary interface provided by the kernel to user space cannot be broken except under the most severe circumstances. The kernel's internal programming interfaces, instead, are highly fluid and can be changed when the need arises. If you find yourself having to work around a kernel API, or simply not using a specific functionality because it does not meet your needs, that may be a sign that the API needs to change. As a kernel developer, you are empowered to make such changes.

There are, of course, some catches. API changes can be made, but they need to be well justified. So any patch making an internal API change should be accompanied by a description of what the change is and why it is necessary. This kind of change should also be broken out into a separate patch, rather than buried within a larger patch.

The other catch is that a developer who changes an internal API is generally charged with the task of fixing any code within the kernel tree which is broken by the change. For a widely-used function, this duty can lead to literally hundreds or thousands of changes - many of which are likely to conflict with work being done by other developers. Needless to say, this can be a large job, so it is best to be sure that the justification is solid. Note that the Coccinelle tool can help with wide-ranging API changes.

When making an incompatible API change, one should, whenever possible, ensure that code which has not been updated is caught by the compiler. This will help you to be sure that you have found all in-tree uses of that interface. It will also alert developers of out-of-tree code that there is a change that they need to respond to. Supporting out-of-tree code is not something that kernel developers need to be worried about, but we also do not have to make life harder for out-of-tree developers than it needs to be.

* Posting patches

Sooner or later, the time comes when your work is ready to be presented to the community for review and, eventually, inclusion into the mainline kernel. Unsurprisingly, the kernel development community has evolved a set of conventions and procedures which are used in the posting of patches; following them will make life much easier for everybody involved. This document will attempt to cover these expectations in reasonable detail; more information can also be found in the files Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel, Submitting Drivers For The Linux Kernel and Linux Kernel patch submission checklist.

* When to post

There is a constant temptation to avoid posting patches before they are completely "ready." For simple patches, that is not a problem. If the work being done is complex, though, there is a lot to be gained by getting feedback from the community before the work is complete. So you should consider posting in-progress work, or even making a git tree available so that interested developers can catch up with your work at any time.

When posting code which is not yet considered ready for inclusion, it is a good idea to say so in the posting itself. Also mention any major work which remains to be done and any known problems. Fewer people will look at patches which are known to be half-baked, but those who do will come in with the idea that they can help you drive the work in the right direction.

* Before creating patches

There are a number of things which should be done before you consider sending patches to the development community. These include:

- Test the code to the extent that you can. Make use of the kernel's debugging tools, ensure that the kernel will build with all reasonable combinations of configuration options, use cross-compilers to build for different architectures, etc.
- Make sure your code is compliant with the kernel coding style guidelines.
- Does your change have performance implications? If so, you should run benchmarks showing what the impact (or benefit) of your change is; a summary of the results should be included with the patch.
- Be sure that you have the right to post the code. If this work was done for an employer, the employer likely has a right to the work and must be agreeable with its release under the GPL.

As a general rule, putting in some extra thought before posting code almost always pays back the effort in short order.

* Patch preparation

The preparation of patches for posting can be a surprising amount of work, but, once again, attempting to save time here is not generally advisable even in the short term.

Patches must be prepared against a specific version of the kernel. As a general rule, a patch should be based on the current mainline as found in Linus's git tree. When basing on mainline, start with a well-known release point - a stable or -rc release - rather than branching off the mainline at an arbitrary spot.

It may become necessary to make versions against -mm, linux-next, or a subsystem tree, though, to facilitate wider testing and review. Depending on the area of your patch and what is going on elsewhere, basing a patch against these other trees can require a significant amount of work resolving conflicts and dealing with API changes.

Only the most simple changes should be formatted as a single patch; everything else should be made as a logical series of changes. Splitting up patches is a bit of an art; some developers spend a long time figuring out how to do it in the way that the community expects. There are a few rules of thumb, however, which can help considerably:

- The patch series you post will almost certainly not be the series of changes found in your working revision control system. Instead, the changes you have made need to be considered in their final form, then split apart in ways which make sense. The developers are interested in discrete, self-contained changes, not the path you took to get to those changes.
- Each logically independent change should be formatted as a separate patch. These changes can be small ("add a field to this structure") or large (adding a significant new driver, for example), but they should be conceptually small and amenable to a one-line description. Each patch should make a specific change which can be reviewed on its own and verified to do what it says it does.
- As a way of restating the guideline above: do not mix different types of changes in the same patch. If a single patch fixes a critical security bug, rearranges a few structures, and reformats the code, there is a good chance that it will be passed over and the important fix will be lost.
- Each patch should yield a kernel which builds and runs properly; if your patch series is interrupted in the middle, the result should still be a working kernel. Partial application of a patch series is a common scenario when the "git bisect" tool is used to find regressions; if the result is a broken kernel, you will make life harder for developers and users who are engaging in the noble work of tracking down problems.
- Do not overdo it, though. One developer once posted a set of edits to a single file as 500 separate patches an act which did not make him the most popular person on the kernel mailing list. A single patch can be reasonably large as long as it still contains a single *logical* change.
- It can be tempting to add a whole new infrastructure with a series of patches, but to leave that infrastructure unused until the final patch in the series enables the whole thing. This temptation should be avoided if possible; if that

series adds regressions, bisection will finger the last patch as the one which caused the problem, even though the real bug is elsewhere. Whenever possible, a patch which adds new code should make that code active immediately.

Working to create the perfect patch series can be a frustrating process which takes quite a bit of time and thought after the "real work" has been done. When done properly, though, it is time well spent.

* Patch formatting and changelogs

So now you have a perfect series of patches for posting, but the work is not done quite yet. Each patch needs to be formatted into a message which quickly and clearly communicates its purpose to the rest of the world. To that end, each patch will be composed of the following:

- An optional "From" line naming the author of the patch. This line is only necessary if you are passing on somebody else's patch via email, but it never hurts to add it when in doubt.
- A one-line description of what the patch does. This message should be enough for a reader who sees it with no other context to figure out the scope of the patch; it is the line that will show up in the "short form" changelogs. This message is usually formatted with the relevant subsystem name first, followed by the purpose of the patch. For example:

```
gpio: fix build on CONFIG_GPIO_SYSFS=n
```

- A blank line followed by a detailed description of the contents of the patch. This description can be as long as is required; it should say what the patch does and why it should be applied to the kernel.
- One or more tag lines, with, at a minimum, one Signed-off-by: line from the author of the patch. Tags will be described in more detail below.

The items above, together, form the changelog for the patch. Writing good changelogs is a crucial but often-neglected art; it's worth spending another moment discussing this issue. When writing a changelog, you should bear in mind that a number of different people will be reading your words. These include subsystem maintainers and reviewers who need to decide whether the patch should be included, distributors and other maintainers trying to decide whether a patch should be backported to other kernels, bug hunters wondering whether the patch is responsible for a problem they are chasing, users who want to know how the kernel has changed, and more. A good changelog conveys the needed information to all of these people in the most direct and concise way possible.

To that end, the summary line should describe the effects of and motivation for the change as well as possible given the one-line constraint. The detailed description can then amplify on those topics and provide any needed additional information. If the patch fixes a bug, cite the commit which introduced the bug if possible (and please provide both the commit ID and the title when citing commits). If a problem is associated with specific log or compiler output, include that output to help others searching for a solution to the same problem. If the change is meant to support other changes coming in later patch, say so. If internal APIs are changed, detail those changes and how other developers should respond. In general, the more you

can put yourself into the shoes of everybody who will be reading your changelog, the better that changelog (and the kernel as a whole) will be.

Needless to say, the changelog should be the text used when committing the change to a revision control system. It will be followed by:

• The patch itself, in the unified ("-u") patch format. Using the "-p" option to diff will associate function names with changes, making the resulting patch easier for others to read.

You should avoid including changes to irrelevant files (those generated by the build process, for example, or editor backup files) in the patch. The file "dontdiff" in the Documentation directory can help in this regard; pass it to diff with the "-X" option.

The tags mentioned above are used to describe how various developers have been associated with the development of this patch. They are described in detail in the Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel document; what follows here is a brief summary. Each of these lines has the format:

tag: Full Name <email address> optional-other-stuff

The tags in common use are:

- Signed-off-by: this is a developer's certification that he or she has the right to submit the patch for inclusion into the kernel. It is an agreement to the Developer's Certificate of Origin, the full text of which can be found in Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel Code without a proper signoff cannot be merged into the mainline.
- Co-developed-by: states that the patch was co-created by several developers; it is a used to give attribution to co-authors (in addition to the author attributed by the From: tag) when multiple people work on a single patch. Every Co-developed-by: must be immediately followed by a Signed-off-by: of the associated co-author. Details and examples can be found in Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel.
- Acked-by: indicates an agreement by another developer (often a maintainer of the relevant code) that the patch is appropriate for inclusion into the kernel.
- Tested-by: states that the named person has tested the patch and found it to work.
- Reviewed-by: the named developer has reviewed the patch for correctness; see the reviewer's statement in Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel for more detail.
- Reported-by: names a user who reported a problem which is fixed by this patch; this tag is used to give credit to the (often underappreciated) people who test our code and let us know when things do not work correctly.
- Cc: the named person received a copy of the patch and had the opportunity to comment on it.

Be careful in the addition of tags to your patches: only Cc: is appropriate for addition without the explicit permission of the person named.

* Sending the patch

Before you mail your patches, there are a couple of other things you should take care of:

• Are you sure that your mailer will not corrupt the patches? Patches which have had gratuitous white-space changes or line wrapping performed by the mail client will not apply at the other end, and often will not be examined in any detail. If there is any doubt at all, mail the patch to yourself and convince yourself that it shows up intact.

Email clients info for Linux has some helpful hints on making specific mail clients work for sending patches.

• Are you sure your patch is free of silly mistakes? You should always run patches through scripts/checkpatch.pl and address the complaints it comes up with. Please bear in mind that checkpatch.pl, while being the embodiment of a fair amount of thought about what kernel patches should look like, is not smarter than you. If fixing a checkpatch.pl complaint would make the code worse, don't do it.

Patches should always be sent as plain text. Please do not send them as attachments; that makes it much harder for reviewers to quote sections of the patch in their replies. Instead, just put the patch directly into your message.

When mailing patches, it is important to send copies to anybody who might be interested in it. Unlike some other projects, the kernel encourages people to err on the side of sending too many copies; don't assume that the relevant people will see your posting on the mailing lists. In particular, copies should go to:

- The maintainer(s) of the affected subsystem(s). As described earlier, the MAINTAINERS file is the first place to look for these people.
- Other developers who have been working in the same area especially those who might be working there now. Using git to see who else has modified the files you are working on can be helpful.
- If you are responding to a bug report or a feature request, copy the original poster as well.
- Send a copy to the relevant mailing list, or, if nothing else applies, the linuxkernel list.
- If you are fixing a bug, think about whether the fix should go into the next stable update. If so, stable@vger.kernel.org should get a copy of the patch. Also add a "Cc: stable@vger.kernel.org" to the tags within the patch itself; that will cause the stable team to get a notification when your fix goes into the mainline.

When selecting recipients for a patch, it is good to have an idea of who you think will eventually accept the patch and get it merged. While it is possible to send patches directly to Linus Torvalds and have him merge them, things are not normally done that way. Linus is busy, and there are subsystem maintainers who watch over specific parts of the kernel. Usually you will be wanting that maintainer to merge your patches. If there is no obvious maintainer, Andrew Morton is often the patch target of last resort.

Patches need good subject lines. The canonical format for a patch line is something like:

[PATCH nn/mm] subsys: one-line description of the patch

where "nn" is the ordinal number of the patch, "mm" is the total number of patches in the series, and "subsys" is the name of the affected subsystem. Clearly, nn/mm can be omitted for a single, standalone patch.

If you have a significant series of patches, it is customary to send an introductory description as part zero. This convention is not universally followed though; if you use it, remember that information in the introduction does not make it into the kernel changelogs. So please ensure that the patches, themselves, have complete changelog information.

In general, the second and following parts of a multi-part patch should be sent as a reply to the first part so that they all thread together at the receiving end. Tools like git and quilt have commands to mail out a set of patches with the proper threading. If you have a long series, though, and are using git, please stay away from the -chain-reply-to option to avoid creating exceptionally deep nesting.

* Followthrough

At this point, you have followed the guidelines given so far and, with the addition of your own engineering skills, have posted a perfect series of patches. One of the biggest mistakes that even experienced kernel developers can make is to conclude that their work is now done. In truth, posting patches indicates a transition into the next stage of the process, with, possibly, quite a bit of work yet to be done.

It is a rare patch which is so good at its first posting that there is no room for improvement. The kernel development process recognizes this fact, and, as a result, is heavily oriented toward the improvement of posted code. You, as the author of that code, will be expected to work with the kernel community to ensure that your code is up to the kernel's quality standards. A failure to participate in this process is quite likely to prevent the inclusion of your patches into the mainline.

* Working with reviewers

A patch of any significance will result in a number of comments from other developers as they review the code. Working with reviewers can be, for many developers, the most intimidating part of the kernel development process. Life can be made much easier, though, if you keep a few things in mind:

• If you have explained your patch well, reviewers will understand its value and why you went to the trouble of writing it. But that value will not keep them from asking a fundamental question: what will it be like to maintain a kernel with this code in it five or ten years later? Many of the changes you may be asked to make - from coding style tweaks to substantial rewrites - come from the understanding that Linux will still be around and under development a decade from now.

- Code review is hard work, and it is a relatively thankless occupation; people remember who wrote kernel code, but there is little lasting fame for those who reviewed it. So reviewers can get grumpy, especially when they see the same mistakes being made over and over again. If you get a review which seems angry, insulting, or outright offensive, resist the impulse to respond in kind. Code review is about the code, not about the people, and code reviewers are not attacking you personally.
- Similarly, code reviewers are not trying to promote their employers' agendas at the expense of your own. Kernel developers often expect to be working on the kernel years from now, but they understand that their employer could change. They truly are, almost without exception, working toward the creation of the best kernel they can; they are not trying to create discomfort for their employers' competitors.

What all of this comes down to is that, when reviewers send you comments, you need to pay attention to the technical observations that they are making. Do not let their form of expression or your own pride keep that from happening. When you get review comments on a patch, take the time to understand what the reviewer is trying to say. If possible, fix the things that the reviewer is asking you to fix. And respond back to the reviewer: thank them, and describe how you will answer their questions.

Note that you do not have to agree with every change suggested by reviewers. If you believe that the reviewer has misunderstood your code, explain what is really going on. If you have a technical objection to a suggested change, describe it and justify your solution to the problem. If your explanations make sense, the reviewer will accept them. Should your explanation not prove persuasive, though, especially if others start to agree with the reviewer, take some time to think things over again. It can be easy to become blinded by your own solution to a problem to the point that you don't realize that something is fundamentally wrong or, perhaps, you' re not even solving the right problem.

Andrew Morton has suggested that every review comment which does not result in a code change should result in an additional code comment instead; that can help future reviewers avoid the questions which came up the first time around.

One fatal mistake is to ignore review comments in the hope that they will go away. They will not go away. If you repost code without having responded to the comments you got the time before, you' re likely to find that your patches go nowhere.

Speaking of reposting code: please bear in mind that reviewers are not going to remember all the details of the code you posted the last time around. So it is always a good idea to remind reviewers of previously raised issues and how you dealt with them; the patch changelog is a good place for this kind of information. Reviewers should not have to search through list archives to familiarize themselves with what was said last time; if you help them get a running start, they will be in a better mood when they revisit your code.

What if you' ve tried to do everything right and things still aren' t going anywhere? Most technical disagreements can be resolved through discussion, but there are times when somebody simply has to make a decision. If you honestly believe that this decision is going against you wrongly, you can always try appealing to a higher power. As of this writing, that higher power tends to be Andrew Morton. Andrew has a great deal of respect in the kernel development community; he can often

unjam a situation which seems to be hopelessly blocked. Appealing to Andrew should not be done lightly, though, and not before all other alternatives have been explored. And bear in mind, of course, that he may not agree with you either.

* What happens next

If a patch is considered to be a good thing to add to the kernel, and once most of the review issues have been resolved, the next step is usually entry into a subsystem maintainer's tree. How that works varies from one subsystem to the next; each maintainer has his or her own way of doing things. In particular, there may be more than one tree - one, perhaps, dedicated to patches planned for the next merge window, and another for longer-term work.

For patches applying to areas for which there is no obvious subsystem tree (memory management patches, for example), the default tree often ends up being -mm. Patches which affect multiple subsystems can also end up going through the -mm tree.

Inclusion into a subsystem tree can bring a higher level of visibility to a patch. Now other developers working with that tree will get the patch by default. Subsystem trees typically feed linux-next as well, making their contents visible to the development community as a whole. At this point, there's a good chance that you will get more comments from a new set of reviewers; these comments need to be answered as in the previous round.

What may also happen at this point, depending on the nature of your patch, is that conflicts with work being done by others turn up. In the worst case, heavy patch conflicts can result in some work being put on the back burner so that the remaining patches can be worked into shape and merged. Other times, conflict resolution will involve working with the other developers and, possibly, moving some patches between trees to ensure that everything applies cleanly. This work can be a pain, but count your blessings: before the advent of the linux-next tree, these conflicts often only turned up during the merge window and had to be addressed in a hurry. Now they can be resolved at leisure, before the merge window opens.

Some day, if all goes well, you' ll log on and see that your patch has been merged into the mainline kernel. Congratulations! Once the celebration is complete (and you have added yourself to the MAINTAINERS file), though, it is worth remembering an important little fact: the job still is not done. Merging into the mainline brings its own challenges.

To begin with, the visibility of your patch has increased yet again. There may be a new round of comments from developers who had not been aware of the patch before. It may be tempting to ignore them, since there is no longer any question of your code being merged. Resist that temptation, though; you still need to be responsive to developers who have questions or suggestions.

More importantly, though: inclusion into the mainline puts your code into the hands of a much larger group of testers. Even if you have contributed a driver for hardware which is not yet available, you will be surprised by how many people will build your code into their kernels. And, of course, where there are testers, there will be bug reports.

The worst sort of bug reports are regressions. If your patch causes a regression, you'll find an uncomfortable number of eyes upon you; regressions need to be fixed as soon as possible. If you are unwilling or unable to fix the regression (and nobody else does it for you), your patch will almost certainly be removed during the stabilization period. Beyond negating all of the work you have done to get your patch into the mainline, having a patch pulled as the result of a failure to fix a regression could well make it harder for you to get work merged in the future.

After any regressions have been dealt with, there may be other, ordinary bugs to deal with. The stabilization period is your best opportunity to fix these bugs and ensure that your code's debut in a mainline kernel release is as solid as possible. So, please, answer bug reports, and fix the problems if at all possible. That's what the stabilization period is for; you can start creating cool new patches once any problems with the old ones have been taken care of.

And don't forget that there are other milestones which may also create bug reports: the next mainline stable release, when prominent distributors pick up a version of the kernel containing your patch, etc. Continuing to respond to these reports is a matter of basic pride in your work. If that is insufficient motivation, though, it's also worth considering that the development community remembers developers who lose interest in their code after it's merged. The next time you post a patch, they will be evaluating it with the assumption that you will not be around to maintain it afterward.

* Other things that can happen

One day, you may open your mail client and see that somebody has mailed you a patch to your code. That is one of the advantages of having your code out there in the open, after all. If you agree with the patch, you can either forward it on to the subsystem maintainer (be sure to include a proper From: line so that the attribution is correct, and add a signoff of your own), or send an Acked-by: response back and let the original poster send it upward.

If you disagree with the patch, send a polite response explaining why. If possible, tell the author what changes need to be made to make the patch acceptable to you. There is a certain resistance to merging patches which are opposed by the author and maintainer of the code, but it only goes so far. If you are seen as needlessly blocking good work, those patches will eventually flow around you and get into the mainline anyway. In the Linux kernel, nobody has absolute veto power over any code. Except maybe Linus.

On very rare occasion, you may see something completely different: another developer posts a different solution to your problem. At that point, chances are that one of the two patches will not be merged, and "mine was here first" is not considered to be a compelling technical argument. If somebody else's patch displaces yours and gets into the mainline, there is really only one way to respond: be pleased that your problem got solved and get on with your work. Having one's work shoved aside in this manner can be hurtful and discouraging, but the community will remember your reaction long after they have forgotten whose patch actually got merged.

* Advanced topics

At this point, hopefully, you have a handle on how the development process works. There is still more to learn, however! This section will cover a number of topics which can be helpful for developers wanting to become a regular part of the Linux kernel development process.

* Managing patches with git

The use of distributed version control for the kernel began in early 2002, when Linus first started playing with the proprietary BitKeeper application. While BitKeeper was controversial, the approach to software version management it embodied most certainly was not. Distributed version control enabled an immediate acceleration of the kernel development project. In current times, there are several free alternatives to BitKeeper. For better or for worse, the kernel project has settled on git as its tool of choice.

Managing patches with git can make life much easier for the developer, especially as the volume of those patches grows. Git also has its rough edges and poses certain hazards; it is a young and powerful tool which is still being civilized by its developers. This document will not attempt to teach the reader how to use git; that would be sufficient material for a long document in its own right. Instead, the focus here will be on how git fits into the kernel development process in particular. Developers who wish to come up to speed with git will find more information at:

https://git-scm.com/

https://www.kernel.org/pub/software/scm/git/docs/user-manual.html

and on various tutorials found on the web.

The first order of business is to read the above sites and get a solid understanding of how git works before trying to use it to make patches available to others. A git-using developer should be able to obtain a copy of the mainline repository, explore the revision history, commit changes to the tree, use branches, etc. An understanding of git's tools for the rewriting of history (such as rebase) is also useful. Git comes with its own terminology and concepts; a new user of git should know about refs, remote branches, the index, fast-forward merges, pushes and pulls, detached heads, etc. It can all be a little intimidating at the outset, but the concepts are not that hard to grasp with a bit of study.

Using git to generate patches for submission by email can be a good exercise while coming up to speed.

When you are ready to start putting up git trees for others to look at, you will, of course, need a server that can be pulled from. Setting up such a server with git-daemon is relatively straightforward if you have a system which is accessible to the Internet. Otherwise, free, public hosting sites (Github, for example) are starting to appear on the net. Established developers can get an account on kernel.org, but those are not easy to come by; see https://kernel.org/faq/ for more information.

The normal git workflow involves the use of a lot of branches. Each line of development can be separated into a separate "topic branch" and maintained independently. Branches in git are cheap, there is no reason to not make free use of

them. And, in any case, you should not do your development in any branch which you intend to ask others to pull from. Publicly-available branches should be created with care; merge in patches from development branches when they are in complete form and ready to go - not before.

Git provides some powerful tools which can allow you to rewrite your development history. An inconvenient patch (one which breaks bisection, say, or which has some other sort of obvious bug) can be fixed in place or made to disappear from the history entirely. A patch series can be rewritten as if it had been written on top of today's mainline, even though you have been working on it for months. Changes can be transparently shifted from one branch to another. And so on. Judicious use of git's ability to revise history can help in the creation of clean patch sets with fewer problems.

Excessive use of this capability can lead to other problems, though, beyond a simple obsession for the creation of the perfect project history. Rewriting history will rewrite the changes contained in that history, turning a tested (hopefully) kernel tree into an untested one. But, beyond that, developers cannot easily collaborate if they do not have a shared view of the project history; if you rewrite history which other developers have pulled into their repositories, you will make life much more difficult for those developers. So a simple rule of thumb applies here: history which has been exported to others should generally be seen as immutable thereafter.

So, once you push a set of changes to your publicly-available server, those changes should not be rewritten. Git will attempt to enforce this rule if you try to push changes which do not result in a fast-forward merge (i.e. changes which do not share the same history). It is possible to override this check, and there may be times when it is necessary to rewrite an exported tree. Moving changesets between trees to avoid conflicts in linux-next is one example. But such actions should be rare. This is one of the reasons why development should be done in private branches (which can be rewritten if necessary) and only moved into public branches when it's in a reasonably advanced state.

As the mainline (or other tree upon which a set of changes is based) advances, it is tempting to merge with that tree to stay on the leading edge. For a private branch, rebasing can be an easy way to keep up with another tree, but rebasing is not an option once a tree is exported to the world. Once that happens, a full merge must be done. Merging occasionally makes good sense, but overly frequent merges can clutter the history needlessly. Suggested technique in this case is to merge infrequently, and generally only at specific release points (such as a mainline -rc release). If you are nervous about specific changes, you can always perform test merges in a private branch. The git "rerere" tool can be useful in such situations; it remembers how merge conflicts were resolved so that you don't have to do the same work twice.

One of the biggest recurring complaints about tools like git is this: the mass movement of patches from one repository to another makes it easy to slip in ill-advised changes which go into the mainline below the review radar. Kernel developers tend to get unhappy when they see that kind of thing happening; putting up a git tree with unreviewed or off-topic patches can affect your ability to get trees pulled in the future. Quoting Linus:

You can send me patches, but for me to pull a git patch from you, I need to know that you know what you're doing, and I need to be able to trust things *without* then having to go and check every individual change by hand.

(https://lwn.net/Articles/224135/).

To avoid this kind of situation, ensure that all patches within a given branch stick closely to the associated topic; a "driver fixes" branch should not be making changes to the core memory management code. And, most importantly, do not use a git tree to bypass the review process. Post an occasional summary of the tree to the relevant list, and, when the time is right, request that the tree be included in linux-next.

If and when others start to send patches for inclusion into your tree, don't forget to review them. Also ensure that you maintain the correct authorship information; the git "am" tool does its best in this regard, but you may have to add a "From:" line to the patch if it has been relayed to you via a third party.

When requesting a pull, be sure to give all the relevant information: where your tree is, what branch to pull, and what changes will result from the pull. The git request-pull command can be helpful in this regard; it will format the request as other developers expect, and will also check to be sure that you have remembered to push those changes to the public server.

* Reviewing patches

Some readers will certainly object to putting this section with "advanced topics" on the grounds that even beginning kernel developers should be reviewing patches. It is certainly true that there is no better way to learn how to program in the kernel environment than by looking at code posted by others. In addition, reviewers are forever in short supply; by looking at code you can make a significant contribution to the process as a whole.

Reviewing code can be an intimidating prospect, especially for a new kernel developer who may well feel nervous about questioning code - in public - which has been posted by those with more experience. Even code written by the most experienced developers can be improved, though. Perhaps the best piece of advice for reviewers (all reviewers) is this: phrase review comments as questions rather than criticisms. Asking "how does the lock get released in this path?" will always work better than stating "the locking here is wrong."

Different developers will review code from different points of view. Some are mostly concerned with coding style and whether code lines have trailing white space. Others will focus primarily on whether the change implemented by the patch as a whole is a good thing for the kernel or not. Yet others will check for problematic locking, excessive stack usage, possible security issues, duplication of code found elsewhere, adequate documentation, adverse effects on performance, user-space ABI changes, etc. All types of review, if they lead to better code going into the kernel, are welcome and worthwhile.

* For more information

There are numerous sources of information on Linux kernel development and related topics. First among those will always be the Documentation directory found in the kernel source distribution. The top-level *process/howto.rst* file is an important starting point; *process/submitting-patches.rst* and *process/submitting-drivers.rst* are also something which all kernel developers should read. Many internal kernel APIs are documented using the kerneldoc mechanism; "make html-docs" or "make pdfdocs" can be used to generate those documents in HTML or PDF format (though the version of TeX shipped by some distributions runs into internal limits and fails to process the documents properly).

Various web sites discuss kernel development at all levels of detail. Your author would like to humbly suggest https://lwn.net/ as a source; information on many specific kernel topics can be found via the LWN kernel index at:

https://lwn.net/Kernel/Index/

Beyond that, a valuable resource for kernel developers is:

https://kernelnewbies.org/

And, of course, one should not forget https://kernel.org/, the definitive location for kernel release information.

There are a number of books on kernel development:

Linux Device Drivers, 3rd Edition (Jonathan Corbet, Alessandro Rubini, and Greg Kroah-Hartman). Online at https://lwn.net/Kernel/LDD3/.

Linux Kernel Development (Robert Love).

Understanding the Linux Kernel (Daniel Bovet and Marco Cesati).

All of these books suffer from a common fault, though: they tend to be somewhat obsolete by the time they hit the shelves, and they have been on the shelves for a while now. Still, there is quite a bit of good information to be found there.

Documentation for git can be found at:

https://www.kernel.org/pub/software/scm/git/docs/

https://www.kernel.org/pub/software/scm/git/docs/user-manual.html

* Conclusion

Congratulations to anybody who has made it through this long-winded document. Hopefully it has provided a helpful understanding of how the Linux kernel is developed and how you can participate in that process.

In the end, it's the participation that matters. Any open source software project is no more than the sum of what its contributors put into it. The Linux kernel has progressed as quickly and as well as it has because it has been helped by an impressively large group of developers, all of whom are working to make it better. The kernel is a premier example of what can be done when thousands of people work together toward a common goal.

Linux Process Documentation

The kernel can always benefit from a larger developer base, though. There is always more work to do. But, just as importantly, most other participants in the Linux ecosystem can benefit through contributing to the kernel. Getting code into the mainline is the key to higher code quality, lower maintenance and distribution costs, a higher level of influence over the direction of kernel development, and more. It is a situation where everybody involved wins. Fire up your editor and come join us; you will be more than welcome.

The purpose of this document is to help developers (and their managers) work with the development community with a minimum of frustration. It is an attempt to document how this community works in a way which is accessible to those who are not intimately familiar with Linux kernel development (or, indeed, free software development in general). While there is some technical material here, this is very much a process-oriented discussion which does not require a deep knowledge of kernel programming to understand.

SUBMITTING PATCHES: THE ESSENTIAL GUIDE TO GETTING YOUR CODE INTO THE KERNEL

For a person or company who wishes to submit a change to the Linux kernel, the process can sometimes be daunting if you're not familiar with "the system." This text is a collection of suggestions which can greatly increase the chances of your change being accepted.

This document contains a large number of suggestions in a relatively terse format. For detailed information on how the kernel development process works, see *A guide to the Kernel Development Process*. Also, read *Linux Kernel patch submission checklist* for a list of items to check before submitting code. If you are submitting a driver, also read *Submitting Drivers For The Linux Kernel*; for device tree binding patches, read *Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel*.

This documentation assumes that you' re using git to prepare your patches. If you' re unfamiliar with git, you would be well-advised to learn how to use it, it will make your life as a kernel developer and in general much easier.

* Obtain a current source tree

If you do not have a repository with the current kernel source handy, use git to obtain one. You'll want to start with the mainline repository, which can be grabbed with:

Note, however, that you may not want to develop against the mainline tree directly. Most subsystem maintainers run their own trees and want to see patches prepared against those trees. See the **T**: entry for the subsystem in the MAINTAINERS file to find that tree, or simply ask the maintainer if the tree is not listed there.

* Describe your changes

Describe your problem. Whether your patch is a one-line bug fix or 5000 lines of a new feature, there must be an underlying problem that motivated you to do this work. Convince the reviewer that there is a problem worth fixing and that it makes sense for them to read past the first paragraph.

Describe user-visible impact. Straight up crashes and lockups are pretty convincing, but not all bugs are that blatant. Even if the problem was spotted during code review, describe the impact you think it can have on users. Keep in mind that the majority of Linux installations run kernels from secondary stable trees or vendor/product-specific trees that cherry-pick only specific patches from upstream, so include anything that could help route your change downstream: provoking circumstances, excerpts from dmesg, crash descriptions, performance regressions, latency spikes, lockups, etc.

Quantify optimizations and trade-offs. If you claim improvements in performance, memory consumption, stack footprint, or binary size, include numbers that back them up. But also describe non-obvious costs. Optimizations usually aren't free but trade-offs between CPU, memory, and readability; or, when it comes to heuristics, between different workloads. Describe the expected downsides of your optimization so that the reviewer can weigh costs against benefits.

Once the problem is established, describe what you are actually doing about it in technical detail. It's important to describe the change in plain English for the reviewer to verify that the code is behaving as you intend it to.

The maintainer will thank you if you write your patch description in a form which can be easily pulled into Linux's source code management system, git, as a "commit log". See *The canonical patch format*.

Solve only one problem per patch. If your description starts to get long, that's a sign that you probably need to split up your patch. See *Separate your changes*.

When you submit or resubmit a patch or patch series, include the complete patch description and justification for it. Don't just say that this is version N of the patch (series). Don't expect the subsystem maintainer to refer back to earlier patch versions or referenced URLs to find the patch description and put that into the patch. I.e., the patch (series) and its description should be self-contained. This benefits both the maintainers and reviewers. Some reviewers probably didn't even receive earlier versions of the patch.

Describe your changes in imperative mood, e.g. "make xyzzy do frotz" instead of "[This patch] makes xyzzy do frotz" or "[I] changed xyzzy to do frotz", as if you are giving orders to the codebase to change its behaviour.

If the patch fixes a logged bug entry, refer to that bug entry by number and URL. If the patch follows from a mailing list discussion, give a URL to the mailing list archive; use the https://lkml.kernel.org/ redirector with a Message-Id, to ensure that the links cannot become stale.

However, try to make your explanation understandable without external resources. In addition to giving a URL to a mailing list archive or bug, summarize the relevant points of the discussion that led to the patch as submitted.

If you want to refer to a specific commit, don't just refer to the SHA-1 ID of the commit. Please also include the oneline summary of the commit, to make it easier for reviewers to know what it is about. Example:

```
Commit e21d2170f36602ae2708 ("video: remove unnecessary platform_set_drvdata()") removed the unnecessary platform_set_drvdata(), but left the variable "dev" unused, delete it.
```

You should also be sure to use at least the first twelve characters of the SHA-1 ID. The kernel repository holds a *lot* of objects, making collisions with shorter IDs a real possibility. Bear in mind that, even if there is no collision with your six-character ID now, that condition may change five years from now.

If your patch fixes a bug in a specific commit, e.g. you found an issue using git bisect, please use the 'Fixes:' tag with the first 12 characters of the SHA-1 ID, and the one line summary. Do not split the tag across multiple lines, tags are exempt from the "wrap at 75 columns" rule in order to simplify parsing scripts. For example:

```
Fixes: 54a4f0239f2e ("KVM: MMU: make kvm_mmu_zap_page() return the unumber of pages it actually freed")
```

The following git config settings can be used to add a pretty format for outputting the above style in the git log or git show commands:

```
[core]
    abbrev = 12
[pretty]
    fixes = Fixes: %h (\"%s\")
```

An example call:

```
$ git log -1 --pretty=fixes 54a4f0239f2e
Fixes: 54a4f0239f2e ("KVM: MMU: make kvm_mmu_zap_page() return the
__number of pages it actually freed")
```

* Separate your changes

Separate each **logical change** into a separate patch.

For example, if your changes include both bug fixes and performance enhancements for a single driver, separate those changes into two or more patches. If your changes include an API update, and a new driver which uses that new API, separate those into two patches.

On the other hand, if you make a single change to numerous files, group those changes into a single patch. Thus a single logical change is contained within a single patch.

The point to remember is that each patch should make an easily understood change that can be verified by reviewers. Each patch should be justifiable on its own merits.

If one patch depends on another patch in order for a change to be complete, that is OK. Simply note "this patch depends on patch X" in your patch description.

When dividing your change into a series of patches, take special care to ensure that the kernel builds and runs properly after each patch in the series. Developers using git bisect to track down a problem can end up splitting your patch series at any point; they will not thank you if you introduce bugs in the middle.

If you cannot condense your patch set into a smaller set of patches, then only post say 15 or so at a time and wait for review and integration.

* Style-check your changes

Check your patch for basic style violations, details of which can be found in Linux kernel coding style. Failure to do so simply wastes the reviewers time and will get your patch rejected, probably without even being read.

One significant exception is when moving code from one file to another – in this case you should not modify the moved code at all in the same patch which moves it. This clearly delineates the act of moving the code and your changes. This greatly aids review of the actual differences and allows tools to better track the history of the code itself.

Check your patches with the patch style checker prior to submission (scripts/checkpatch.pl). Note, though, that the style checker should be viewed as a guide, not as a replacement for human judgment. If your code looks better with a violation then its probably best left alone.

The checker reports at three levels:

- ERROR: things that are very likely to be wrong
- WARNING: things requiring careful review
- CHECK: things requiring thought

You should be able to justify all violations that remain in your patch.

* Select the recipients for your patch

You should always copy the appropriate subsystem maintainer(s) on any patch to code that they maintain; look through the MAINTAINERS file and the source code revision history to see who those maintainers are. The script scripts/get_maintainer.pl can be very useful at this step. If you cannot find a maintainer for the subsystem you are working on, Andrew Morton (akpm@linuxfoundation.org) serves as a maintainer of last resort.

You should also normally choose at least one mailing list to receive a copy of your patch set. linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org functions as a list of last resort, but the volume on that list has caused a number of developers to tune it out. Look in the MAINTAINERS file for a subsystem-specific list; your patch will probably get more attention there. Please do not spam unrelated lists, though.

Many kernel-related lists are hosted on vger.kernel.org; you can find a list of them at http://vger.kernel.org/vger-lists.html. There are kernel-related lists hosted elsewhere as well, though.

Do not send more than 15 patches at once to the vger mailing lists!!!

Linus Torvalds is the final arbiter of all changes accepted into the Linux kernel. His e-mail address is <torvalds@linux-foundation.org>. He gets a lot of e-mail, and, at this point, very few patches go through Linus directly, so typically you should do your best to -avoid- sending him e-mail.

If you have a patch that fixes an exploitable security bug, send that patch to security@kernel.org. For severe bugs, a short embargo may be considered to allow distributors to get the patch out to users; in such cases, obviously, the patch should not be sent to any public lists. See also /admin-guide/security-bugs.

Patches that fix a severe bug in a released kernel should be directed toward the stable maintainers by putting a line like this:

Cc: stable@vger.kernel.org

into the sign-off area of your patch (note, NOT an email recipient). You should also read Everything you ever wanted to know about Linux -stable releases in addition to this file.

If changes affect userland-kernel interfaces, please send the MAN-PAGES maintainer (as listed in the MAINTAINERS file) a man-pages patch, or at least a notification of the change, so that some information makes its way into the manual pages. User-space API changes should also be copied to linux-api@vger.kernel.org.

For small patches you may want to CC the Trivial Patch Monkey trivial@kernel.org which collects "trivial" patches. Have a look into the MAINTAINERS file for its current manager.

Trivial patches must qualify for one of the following rules:

- Spelling fixes in documentation
- Spelling fixes for errors which could break *grep(1)*
- Warning fixes (cluttering with useless warnings is bad)
- Compilation fixes (only if they are actually correct)
- Runtime fixes (only if they actually fix things)
- Removing use of deprecated functions/macros
- · Contact detail and documentation fixes
- Non-portable code replaced by portable code (even in arch-specific, since people copy, as long as it's trivial)
- Any fix by the author/maintainer of the file (ie. patch monkey in retransmission mode)

* No MIME, no links, no compression, no attachments. Just plain text

Linus and other kernel developers need to be able to read and comment on the changes you are submitting. It is important for a kernel developer to be able to "quote" your changes, using standard e-mail tools, so that they may comment on specific portions of your code.

For this reason, all patches should be submitted by e-mail "inline". The easiest way to do this is with git send-email, which is strongly recommended. An interactive tutorial for git send-email is available at https://git-send-email.io.

If you choose not to use git send-email:

Warning: Be wary of your editor's word-wrap corrupting your patch, if you choose to cut-n-paste your patch.

Do not attach the patch as a MIME attachment, compressed or not. Many popular e-mail applications will not always transmit a MIME attachment as plain text, making it impossible to comment on your code. A MIME attachment also takes Linus a bit more time to process, decreasing the likelihood of your MIME-attached change being accepted.

Exception: If your mailer is mangling patches then someone may ask you to resend them using MIME.

See *Email clients info for Linux* for hints about configuring your e-mail client so that it sends your patches untouched.

* Respond to review comments

Your patch will almost certainly get comments from reviewers on ways in which the patch can be improved, in the form of a reply to your email. You must respond to those comments; ignoring reviewers is a good way to get ignored in return. You can simply reply to their emails to answer their comments. Review comments or questions that do not lead to a code change should almost certainly bring about a comment or changelog entry so that the next reviewer better understands what is going on.

Be sure to tell the reviewers what changes you are making and to thank them for their time. Code review is a tiring and time-consuming process, and reviewers sometimes get grumpy. Even in that case, though, respond politely and address the problems they have pointed out.

See *Email clients info for Linux* for recommendations on email clients and mailing list etiquette.

* Don't get discouraged - or impatient

After you have submitted your change, be patient and wait. Reviewers are busy people and may not get to your patch right away.

Once upon a time, patches used to disappear into the void without comment, but the development process works more smoothly than that now. You should receive comments within a week or so; if that does not happen, make sure that you have sent your patches to the right place. Wait for a minimum of one week before resubmitting or pinging reviewers - possibly longer during busy times like merge windows.

* Include PATCH in the subject

Due to high e-mail traffic to Linus, and to linux-kernel, it is common convention to prefix your subject line with [PATCH]. This lets Linus and other kernel developers more easily distinguish patches from other e-mail discussions.

git send-email will do this for you automatically.

* Sign your work - the Developer's Certificate of Origin

To improve tracking of who did what, especially with patches that can percolate to their final resting place in the kernel through several layers of maintainers, we've introduced a "sign-off" procedure on patches that are being emailed around.

The sign-off is a simple line at the end of the explanation for the patch, which certifies that you wrote it or otherwise have the right to pass it on as an open-source patch. The rules are pretty simple: if you can certify the below:

* Developer's Certificate of Origin 1.1

By making a contribution to this project, I certify that:

- (a) The contribution was created in whole or in part by me and I have the right to submit it under the open source license indicated in the file; or
- (b) The contribution is based upon previous work that, to the best of my knowledge, is covered under an appropriate open source license and I have the right under that license to submit that work with modifications, whether created in whole or in part by me, under the same open source license (unless I am permitted to submit under a different license), as indicated in the file; or
- (c) The contribution was provided directly to me by some other person who certified (a), (b) or (c) and I have not modified it.
- (d) I understand and agree that this project and the contribution are public and that a record of the contribution (including all personal information I submit with it, including my sign-off) is maintained indefinitely and may be redistributed consistent with this project or the open source license(s) involved.

then you just add a line saying:

Signed-off-by: Random J Developer <random@developer.example.org>

using your real name (sorry, no pseudonyms or anonymous contributions.) This will be done for you automatically if you use git commit -s.

Some people also put extra tags at the end. They'll just be ignored for now, but you can do this to mark internal company procedures or just point out some special detail about the sign-off.

* When to use Acked-by:, Cc:, and Co-developed-by:

The Signed-off-by: tag indicates that the signer was involved in the development of the patch, or that he/she was in the patch's delivery path.

If a person was not directly involved in the preparation or handling of a patch but wishes to signify and record their approval of it then they can ask to have an Acked-by: line added to the patch's changelog.

Acked-by: is often used by the maintainer of the affected code when that maintainer neither contributed to nor forwarded the patch.

Acked-by: is not as formal as Signed-off-by:. It is a record that the acker has at least reviewed the patch and has indicated acceptance. Hence patch mergers will sometimes manually convert an acker's "yep, looks good to me" into an Acked-by: (but note that it is usually better to ask for an explicit ack).

Acked-by: does not necessarily indicate acknowledgement of the entire patch. For example, if a patch affects multiple subsystems and has an Acked-by: from one subsystem maintainer then this usually indicates acknowledgement of just the part which affects that maintainer's code. Judgement should be used here. When in doubt people should refer to the original discussion in the mailing list archives.

If a person has had the opportunity to comment on a patch, but has not provided such comments, you may optionally add a Cc: tag to the patch. This is the only tag which might be added without an explicit action by the person it names - but it should indicate that this person was copied on the patch. This tag documents that potentially interested parties have been included in the discussion.

Co-developed-by: states that the patch was co-created by multiple developers; it is a used to give attribution to co-authors (in addition to the author attributed by the From: tag) when several people work on a single patch. Since Co-developed-by: denotes authorship, every Co-developed-by: must be immediately followed by a Signed-off-by: of the associated co-author. Standard sign-off procedure applies, i.e. the ordering of Signed-off-by: tags should reflect the chronological history of the patch insofar as possible, regardless of whether the author is attributed via From: or Co-developed-by:. Notably, the last Signed-off-by: must always be that of the developer submitting the patch.

Note, the From: tag is optional when the From: author is also the person (and email) listed in the From: line of the email header.

Example of a patch submitted by the From: author:

<changelog>

```
Co-developed-by: First Co-Author <first@coauthor.example.org> Signed-off-by: First Co-Author <first@coauthor.example.org> Co-developed-by: Second Co-Author <second@coauthor.example.org> Signed-off-by: Second Co-Author <second@coauthor.example.org> Signed-off-by: From Author <from@author.example.org>
```

Example of a patch submitted by a Co-developed-by: author:

```
From: From Author <from@author.example.org>
<changelog>

Co-developed-by: Random Co-Author <random@coauthor.example.org>
Signed-off-by: Random Co-Author <random@coauthor.example.org>
Signed-off-by: From Author <from@author.example.org>
Co-developed-by: Submitting Co-Author <sub@coauthor.example.org>
Signed-off-by: Submitting Co-Author <sub@coauthor.example.org>
```

* Using Reported-by:, Tested-by:, Reviewed-by:, Suggested-by: and Fixes:

The Reported-by tag gives credit to people who find bugs and report them and it hopefully inspires them to help us again in the future. Please note that if the bug was reported in private, then ask for permission first before using the Reported-by tag.

A Tested-by: tag indicates that the patch has been successfully tested (in some environment) by the person named. This tag informs maintainers that some testing has been performed, provides a means to locate testers for future patches, and ensures credit for the testers.

Reviewed-by:, instead, indicates that the patch has been reviewed and found acceptable according to the Reviewer's Statement:

* Reviewer's statement of oversight

By offering my Reviewed-by: tag, I state that:

- (a) I have carried out a technical review of this patch to evaluate its appropriateness and readiness for inclusion into the mainline kernel.
- (b) Any problems, concerns, or questions relating to the patch have been communicated back to the submitter. I am satisfied with the submitter's response to my comments.
- (c) While there may be things that could be improved with this submission, I believe that it is, at this time, (1) a worthwhile modification to the kernel, and (2) free of known issues which would argue against its inclusion.

(d) While I have reviewed the patch and believe it to be sound, I do not (unless explicitly stated elsewhere) make any warranties or guarantees that it will achieve its stated purpose or function properly in any given situation.

A Reviewed-by tag is a statement of opinion that the patch is an appropriate modification of the kernel without any remaining serious technical issues. Any interested reviewer (who has done the work) can offer a Reviewed-by tag for a patch. This tag serves to give credit to reviewers and to inform maintainers of the degree of review which has been done on the patch. Reviewed-by: tags, when supplied by reviewers known to understand the subject area and to perform thorough reviews, will normally increase the likelihood of your patch getting into the kernel.

Both Tested-by and Reviewed-by tags, once received on mailing list from tester or reviewer, should be added by author to the applicable patches when sending next versions. However if the patch has changed substantially in following version, these tags might not be applicable anymore and thus should be removed. Usually removal of someone's Tested-by or Reviewed-by tags should be mentioned in the patch changelog (after the '—' separator).

A Suggested-by: tag indicates that the patch idea is suggested by the person named and ensures credit to the person for the idea. Please note that this tag should not be added without the reporter's permission, especially if the idea was not posted in a public forum. That said, if we diligently credit our idea reporters, they will, hopefully, be inspired to help us again in the future.

A Fixes: tag indicates that the patch fixes an issue in a previous commit. It is used to make it easy to determine where a bug originated, which can help review a bug fix. This tag also assists the stable kernel team in determining which stable kernel versions should receive your fix. This is the preferred method for indicating a bug fixed by the patch. See *Describe your changes* for more details.

* The canonical patch format

This section describes how the patch itself should be formatted. Note that, if you have your patches stored in a git repository, proper patch formatting can be had with git format-patch. The tools cannot create the necessary text, though, so read the instructions below anyway.

The canonical patch subject line is:

Subject: [PATCH 001/123] subsystem: summary phrase

The canonical patch message body contains the following:

- A from line specifying the patch author, followed by an empty line (only needed if the person sending the patch is not the author).
- The body of the explanation, line wrapped at 75 columns, which will be copied to the permanent changelog to describe this patch.
- An empty line.
- The Signed-off-by: lines, described above, which will also go in the changelog.

- A marker line containing simply ---.
- Any additional comments not suitable for the changelog.
- The actual patch (diff output).

The Subject line format makes it very easy to sort the emails alphabetically by subject line - pretty much any email reader will support that - since because the sequence number is zero-padded, the numerical and alphabetic sort is the same.

The subsystem in the email's Subject should identify which area or subsystem of the kernel is being patched.

The summary phrase in the email's Subject should concisely describe the patch which that email contains. The summary phrase should not be a filename. Do not use the same summary phrase for every patch in a whole patch series (where a patch series is an ordered sequence of multiple, related patches).

Bear in mind that the summary phrase of your email becomes a globally-unique identifier for that patch. It propagates all the way into the git changelog. The summary phrase may later be used in developer discussions which refer to the patch. People will want to google for the summary phrase to read discussion regarding that patch. It will also be the only thing that people may quickly see when, two or three months later, they are going through perhaps thousands of patches using tools such as gitk or git log --oneline.

For these reasons, the summary must be no more than 70-75 characters, and it must describe both what the patch changes, as well as why the patch might be necessary. It is challenging to be both succinct and descriptive, but that is what a well-written summary should do.

The summary phrase may be prefixed by tags enclosed in square brackets: "Subject: [PATCH <tag>···] <summary phrase>". The tags are not considered part of the summary phrase, but describe how the patch should be treated. Common tags might include a version descriptor if the multiple versions of the patch have been sent out in response to comments (i.e., "v1, v2, v3"), or "RFC" to indicate a request for comments. If there are four patches in a patch series the individual patches may be numbered like this: 1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4. This assures that developers understand the order in which the patches should be applied and that they have reviewed or applied all of the patches in the patch series.

A couple of example Subjects:

```
Subject: [PATCH 2/5] ext2: improve scalability of bitmap searching Subject: [PATCH v2 01/27] x86: fix eflags tracking
```

The from line must be the very first line in the message body, and has the form:

```
From: Patch Author <author@example.com>
```

The from line specifies who will be credited as the author of the patch in the permanent changelog. If the from line is missing, then the From: line from the email header will be used to determine the patch author in the changelog.

The explanation body will be committed to the permanent source changelog, so should make sense to a competent reader who has long since forgotten the immediate details of the discussion that might have led to this patch. Including

symptoms of the failure which the patch addresses (kernel log messages, oops messages, etc.) is especially useful for people who might be searching the commit logs looking for the applicable patch. If a patch fixes a compile failure, it may not be necessary to include _all_ of the compile failures; just enough that it is likely that someone searching for the patch can find it. As in the summary phrase, it is important to be both succinct as well as descriptive.

The --- marker line serves the essential purpose of marking for patch handling tools where the changelog message ends.

One good use for the additional comments after the --- marker is for a diffstat, to show what files have changed, and the number of inserted and deleted lines per file. A diffstat is especially useful on bigger patches. Other comments relevant only to the moment or the maintainer, not suitable for the permanent changelog, should also go here. A good example of such comments might be patch changelogs which describe what has changed between the v1 and v2 version of the patch.

If you are going to include a diffstat after the --- marker, please use diffstat options -p 1 -w 70 so that filenames are listed from the top of the kernel source tree and don't use too much horizontal space (easily fit in 80 columns, maybe with some indentation). (git generates appropriate diffstats by default.)

See more details on the proper patch format in the following references.

* Explicit In-Reply-To headers

It can be helpful to manually add In-Reply-To: headers to a patch (e.g., when using git send-email) to associate the patch with previous relevant discussion, e.g. to link a bug fix to the email with the bug report. However, for a multi-patch series, it is generally best to avoid using In-Reply-To: to link to older versions of the series. This way multiple versions of the patch don't become an unmanageable forest of references in email clients. If a link is helpful, you can use the https://lkml.kernel.org/redirector (e.g., in the cover email text) to link to an earlier version of the patch series.

* Providing base tree information

When other developers receive your patches and start the review process, it is often useful for them to know where in the tree history they should place your work. This is particularly useful for automated CI processes that attempt to run a series of tests in order to establish the quality of your submission before the maintainer starts the review.

If you are using git format-patch to generate your patches, you can automatically include the base tree information in your submission by using the --base flag. The easiest and most convenient way to use this option is with topical branches:

```
$ git checkout -t -b my-topical-branch master
Branch 'my-topical-branch' set up to track local branch 'master'.
```

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```
Switched to a new branch 'my-topical-branch'

[perform your edits and commits]

$ git format-patch --base=auto --cover-letter -o outgoing/ master outgoing/0000-cover-letter.patch outgoing/0001-First-Commit.patch outgoing/...
```

When you open outgoing/0000-cover-letter.patch for editing, you will notice that it will have the base-commit: trailer at the very bottom, which provides the reviewer and the CI tools enough information to properly perform git am without worrying about conflicts:

```
$ git checkout -b patch-review [base-commit-id]
Switched to a new branch 'patch-review'
$ git am patches.mbox
Applying: First Commit
Applying: ...
```

Please see man git-format-patch for more information about this option.

Note: The --base feature was introduced in git version 2.9.0.

If you are not using git to format your patches, you can still include the same base-commit trailer to indicate the commit hash of the tree on which your work is based. You should add it either in the cover letter or in the first patch of the series and it should be placed either below the --- line or at the very bottom of all other content, right before your email signature.

* References

Andrew Morton, "The perfect patch" (tpp).

https://www.ozlabs.org/~akpm/stuff/tpp.txt

Jeff Garzik, "Linux kernel patch submission format".

https://web.archive.org/web/20180829112450/http://linux.yyz.us/patch-format.html

Greg Kroah-Hartman, "How to piss off a kernel subsystem maintainer".

- http://www.kroah.com/log/linux/maintainer.html
- http://www.kroah.com/log/linux/maintainer-02.html
- http://www.kroah.com/log/linux/maintainer-03.html
- http://www.kroah.com/log/linux/maintainer-04.html
- http://www.kroah.com/log/linux/maintainer-05.html
- http://www.kroah.com/log/linux/maintainer-06.html

*. References 81

NO!!!! No more huge patch bombs to linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org people!

https://lkml.org/lkml/2005/7/11/336">

Kernel Documentation/process/coding-style.rst:

Linux kernel coding style

Linus Torvalds's mail on the canonical patch format:

http://lkml.org/lkml/2005/4/7/183

Andi Kleen, "On submitting kernel patches"

Some strategies to get difficult or controversial changes in.

http://halobates.de/on-submitting-patches.pdf

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

The kernel is written in the C programming language [c-language]. More precisely, the kernel is typically compiled with gcc [gcc] under -std=gnu89 [gcc-c-dialect-options]: the GNU dialect of ISO C90 (including some C99 features). clang [clang] is also supported, see docs on Building Linux with Clang/LLVM.

This dialect contains many extensions to the language [gnu-extensions], and many of them are used within the kernel as a matter of course.

There is some support for compiling the kernel with icc [icc] for several of the architectures, although at the time of writing it is not completed, requiring third-party patches.

* Attributes

One of the common extensions used throughout the kernel are attributes [gcc-attribute-syntax]. Attributes allow to introduce implementation-defined semantics to language entities (like variables, functions or types) without having to make significant syntactic changes to the language (e.g. adding a new keyword) [n2049].

In some cases, attributes are optional (i.e. a compiler not supporting them should still produce proper code, even if it is slower or does not perform as many compile-time checks/diagnostics).

The kernel defines pseudo-keywords (e.g. __pure) instead of using directly the GNU attribute syntax (e.g. __attribute__((__pure__))) in order to feature detect which ones can be used and/or to shorten the code.

Please refer to include/linux/compiler attributes.h for more information.

LINUX KERNEL CODING STYLE

This is a short document describing the preferred coding style for the linux kernel. Coding style is very personal, and I won't **force** my views on anybody, but this is what goes for anything that I have to be able to maintain, and I'd prefer it for most other things too. Please at least consider the points made here.

First off, I'd suggest printing out a copy of the GNU coding standards, and NOT read it. Burn them, it's a great symbolic gesture.

Anyway, here goes:

* 1) Indentation

Tabs are 8 characters, and thus indentations are also 8 characters. There are heretic movements that try to make indentations 4 (or even 2!) characters deep, and that is akin to trying to define the value of PI to be 3.

Rationale: The whole idea behind indentation is to clearly define where a block of control starts and ends. Especially when you' ve been looking at your screen for 20 straight hours, you' ll find it a lot easier to see how the indentation works if you have large indentations.

Now, some people will claim that having 8-character indentations makes the code move too far to the right, and makes it hard to read on a 80-character terminal screen. The answer to that is that if you need more than 3 levels of indentation, you're screwed anyway, and should fix your program.

In short, 8-char indents make things easier to read, and have the added benefit of warning you when you' re nesting your functions too deep. Heed that warning.

The preferred way to ease multiple indentation levels in a switch statement is to align the switch and its subordinate case labels in the same column instead of double-indenting the case labels. E.g.:

```
switch (suffix) {
    case 'G':
    case 'g':
        mem <<= 30;
        break;
    case 'M':
    case 'm':</pre>
```

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```
mem <<= 20;
    break;
case 'K':
    case 'k':
        mem <<= 10;
        fallthrough;
default:
        break;
}</pre>
```

Don't put multiple statements on a single line unless you have something to hide:

```
if (condition) do_this;
  do_something_everytime;
```

Don't put multiple assignments on a single line either. Kernel coding style is super simple. Avoid tricky expressions.

Outside of comments, documentation and except in Kconfig, spaces are never used for indentation, and the above example is deliberately broken.

Get a decent editor and don't leave whitespace at the end of lines.

* 2) Breaking long lines and strings

Coding style is all about readability and maintainability using commonly available tools.

The preferred limit on the length of a single line is 80 columns.

Statements longer than 80 columns should be broken into sensible chunks, unless exceeding 80 columns significantly increases readability and does not hide information.

Descendants are always substantially shorter than the parent and are placed substantially to the right. A very commonly used style is to align descendants to a function open parenthesis.

These same rules are applied to function headers with a long argument list.

However, never break user-visible strings such as printk messages because that breaks the ability to grep for them.

* 3) Placing Braces and Spaces

The other issue that always comes up in C styling is the placement of braces. Unlike the indent size, there are few technical reasons to choose one placement strategy over the other, but the preferred way, as shown to us by the prophets Kernighan and Ritchie, is to put the opening brace last on the line, and put the closing brace first, thusly:

```
if (x is true) {
      we do y
}
```

This applies to all non-function statement blocks (if, switch, for, while, do). E.g.:

```
switch (action) {
  case KOBJ_ADD:
        return "add";
  case KOBJ_REMOVE:
        return "remove";
  case KOBJ_CHANGE:
        return "change";
  default:
        return NULL;
}
```

However, there is one special case, namely functions: they have the opening brace at the beginning of the next line, thus:

```
int function(int x)
{
      body of function
}
```

Heretic people all over the world have claimed that this inconsistency is …well …inconsistent, but all right-thinking people know that (a) K&R are **right** and (b) K&R are right. Besides, functions are special anyway (you can't nest them in C).

Note that the closing brace is empty on a line of its own, **except** in the cases where it is followed by a continuation of the same statement, ie a while in a do-statement or an else in an if-statement, like this:

```
do {
      body of do-loop
} while (condition);
```

and

```
if (x == y) {
    ...
} else if (x > y) {
    ...
} else {
```

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```
}
```

Rationale: K&R.

Also, note that this brace-placement also minimizes the number of empty (or almost empty) lines, without any loss of readability. Thus, as the supply of new-lines on your screen is not a renewable resource (think 25-line terminal screens here), you have more empty lines to put comments on.

Do not unnecessarily use braces where a single statement will do.

```
if (condition)
    action();
```

and

This does not apply if only one branch of a conditional statement is a single statement; in the latter case use braces in both branches:

```
if (condition) {
          do_this();
          do_that();
} else {
          otherwise();
}
```

Also, use braces when a loop contains more than a single simple statement:

* 3.1) Spaces

Linux kernel style for use of spaces depends (mostly) on function-versus-keyword usage. Use a space after (most) keywords. The notable exceptions are sizeof, typeof, alignof, and __attribute__, which look somewhat like functions (and are usually used with parentheses in Linux, although they are not required in the language, as in: sizeof info after struct fileinfo info; is declared).

So use a space after these keywords:

```
if, switch, case, for, do, while
```

but not with sizeof, typeof, alignof, or attribute . E.g.,

```
s = sizeof(struct file);
```

Do not add spaces around (inside) parenthesized expressions. This example is **bad**:

```
s = sizeof( struct file );
```

When declaring pointer data or a function that returns a pointer type, the preferred use of * is adjacent to the data name or function name and not adjacent to the type name. Examples:

```
char *linux_banner;
unsigned long long memparse(char *ptr, char **retptr);
char *match_strdup(substring_t *s);
```

Use one space around (on each side of) most binary and ternary operators, such as any of these:

```
[= + - < > * / % | & ^ <= >= != ? :
```

but no space after unary operators:

```
lacksquare * + - \sim ! sizeof typeof alignof __attribute__ defined
```

no space before the postfix increment & decrement unary operators:

```
++ --
```

no space after the prefix increment & decrement unary operators:

and no space around the . and -> structure member operators.

Do not leave trailing whitespace at the ends of lines. Some editors with smart indentation will insert whitespace at the beginning of new lines as appropriate, so you can start typing the next line of code right away. However, some such editors do not remove the whitespace if you end up not putting a line of code there, such as if you leave a blank line. As a result, you end up with lines containing trailing whitespace.

Git will warn you about patches that introduce trailing whitespace, and can optionally strip the trailing whitespace for you; however, if applying a series of patches, this may make later patches in the series fail by changing their context lines.

* 4) Naming

C is a Spartan language, and your naming conventions should follow suit. Unlike Modula-2 and Pascal programmers, C programmers do not use cute names like ThisVariableIsATemporaryCounter. A C programmer would call that variable tmp, which is much easier to write, and not the least more difficult to understand.

HOWEVER, while mixed-case names are frowned upon, descriptive names for global variables are a must. To call a global function foo is a shooting offense.

GLOBAL variables (to be used only if you **really** need them) need to have descriptive names, as do global functions. If you have a function that counts the number of active users, you should call that count_active_users() or similar, you should **not** call it cntusr().

Encoding the type of a function into the name (so-called Hungarian notation) is asinine - the compiler knows the types anyway and can check those, and it only confuses the programmer. No wonder Microsoft makes buggy programs.

LOCAL variable names should be short, and to the point. If you have some random integer loop counter, it should probably be called i. Calling it loop_counter is non-productive, if there is no chance of it being mis-understood. Similarly, tmp can be just about any type of variable that is used to hold a temporary value.

If you are afraid to mix up your local variable names, you have another problem, which is called the function-growth-hormone-imbalance syndrome. See chapter 6 (Functions).

For symbol names and documentation, avoid introducing new usage of 'master / slave' (or 'slave' independent of 'master') and 'blacklist / whitelist'.

Recommended replacements for 'master / slave' are:

'{primary,main} / {secondary,replica,subordinate}' '{initiator,requester} / {target,responder}' '{controller,host} / {device,worker,proxy}' 'leader / follower' 'director / performer'

Recommended replacements for 'blacklist/whitelist' are:

'denylist / allowlist' 'blocklist / passlist'

Exceptions for introducing new usage is to maintain a userspace ABI/API, or when updating code for an existing (as of 2020) hardware or protocol specification that mandates those terms. For new specifications translate specification usage of the terminology to the kernel coding standard where possible.

* 5) Typedefs

Please don't use things like vps_t. It's a **mistake** to use typedef for structures and pointers. When you see a

```
vps_t a;
```

in the source, what does it mean? In contrast, if it says

struct virtual_container *a;

you can actually tell what a is.

Lots of people think that typedefs help readability. Not so. They are useful only for:

(a) totally opaque objects (where the typedef is actively used to **hide** what the object is).

Example: pte_t etc. opaque objects that you can only access using the proper accessor functions.

Note: Opaqueness and accessor functions are not good in themselves. The reason we have them for things like pte_t etc. is that there really is absolutely **zero** portably accessible information there.

(b) Clear integer types, where the abstraction **helps** avoid confusion whether it is int or long.

u8/u16/u32 are perfectly fine typedefs, although they fit into category (d) better than here.

Note: Again - there needs to be a **reason** for this. If something is unsigned long, then there's no reason to do

typedef unsigned long myflags t;

but if there is a clear reason for why it under certain circumstances might be an unsigned int and under other configurations might be unsigned long, then by all means go ahead and use a typedef.

- (c) when you use sparse to literally create a **new** type for type-checking.
- (d) New types which are identical to standard C99 types, in certain exceptional circumstances.

Although it would only take a short amount of time for the eyes and brain to become accustomed to the standard types like uint32_t, some people object to their use anyway.

Therefore, the Linux-specific u8/u16/u32/u64 types and their signed equivalents which are identical to standard types are permitted – although they are not mandatory in new code of your own.

When editing existing code which already uses one or the other set of types, you should conform to the existing choices in that code.

(e) Types safe for use in userspace.

In certain structures which are visible to userspace, we cannot require C99 types and cannot use the u32 form above. Thus, we use _u32 and similar types in all structures which are shared with userspace.

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Maybe there are other cases too, but the rule should basically be to NEVER EVER use a typedef unless you can clearly match one of those rules.

In general, a pointer, or a struct that has elements that can reasonably be directly accessed should **never** be a typedef.

* 6) Functions

Functions should be short and sweet, and do just one thing. They should fit on one or two screenfuls of text (the ISO/ANSI screen size is 80x24, as we all know), and do one thing and do that well.

The maximum length of a function is inversely proportional to the complexity and indentation level of that function. So, if you have a conceptually simple function that is just one long (but simple) case-statement, where you have to do lots of small things for a lot of different cases, it's OK to have a longer function.

However, if you have a complex function, and you suspect that a less-than-gifted first-year high-school student might not even understand what the function is all about, you should adhere to the maximum limits all the more closely. Use helper functions with descriptive names (you can ask the compiler to in-line them if you think it's performance-critical, and it will probably do a better job of it than you would have done).

Another measure of the function is the number of local variables. They shouldn't exceed 5-10, or you're doing something wrong. Re-think the function, and split it into smaller pieces. A human brain can generally easily keep track of about 7 different things, anything more and it gets confused. You know you're brilliant, but maybe you'd like to understand what you did 2 weeks from now.

In source files, separate functions with one blank line. If the function is exported, the **EXPORT** macro for it should follow immediately after the closing function brace line. E.g.:

```
int system_is_up(void)
{
    return system_state == SYSTEM_RUNNING;
}
EXPORT_SYMBOL(system_is_up);
```

In function prototypes, include parameter names with their data types. Although this is not required by the C language, it is preferred in Linux because it is a simple way to add valuable information for the reader.

Do not use the extern keyword with function prototypes as this makes lines longer and isn't strictly necessary.

* 7) Centralized exiting of functions

Albeit deprecated by some people, the equivalent of the goto statement is used frequently by compilers in form of the unconditional jump instruction.

The goto statement comes in handy when a function exits from multiple locations and some common work such as cleanup has to be done. If there is no cleanup needed then just return directly.

Choose label names which say what the goto does or why the goto exists. An example of a good name could be out_free_buffer: if the goto frees buffer. Avoid using GW-BASIC names like err1: and err2:, as you would have to renumber them if you ever add or remove exit paths, and they make correctness difficult to verify anyway.

The rationale for using gotos is:

- · unconditional statements are easier to understand and follow
- nesting is reduced
- errors by not updating individual exit points when making modifications are prevented
- saves the compiler work to optimize redundant code away;)

```
int fun(int a)
{
        int result = 0;
        char *buffer;
        buffer = kmalloc(SIZE, GFP KERNEL);
        if (!buffer)
                 return - ENOMEM;
        if (condition1) {
                 while (loop1) {
                 result = 1;
                 goto out free buffer;
        }
out free_buffer:
        kfree(buffer);
        return result:
}
```

A common type of bug to be aware of is one err bugs which look like this:

```
err:
    kfree(foo->bar);
    kfree(foo);
    return ret;
```

The bug in this code is that on some exit paths foo is NULL. Normally the fix for this is to split it up into two error labels err_free_bar: and err_free_foo::

```
err_free_bar:
    kfree(foo->bar);
err_free_foo:
    kfree(foo);
    return ret;
```

Ideally you should simulate errors to test all exit paths.

* 8) Commenting

Comments are good, but there is also a danger of over-commenting. NEVER try to explain HOW your code works in a comment: it's much better to write the code so that the **working** is obvious, and it's a waste of time to explain badly written code.

Generally, you want your comments to tell WHAT your code does, not HOW. Also, try to avoid putting comments inside a function body: if the function is so complex that you need to separately comment parts of it, you should probably go back to chapter 6 for a while. You can make small comments to note or warn about something particularly clever (or ugly), but try to avoid excess. Instead, put the comments at the head of the function, telling people what it does, and possibly WHY it does it.

When commenting the kernel API functions, please use the kernel-doc format. See the files at Documentation/doc-guide/ and scripts/kernel-doc for details.

The preferred style for long (multi-line) comments is:

```
/*
 * This is the preferred style for multi-line
 * comments in the Linux kernel source code.
 * Please use it consistently.
 *
 * Description: A column of asterisks on the left side,
 * with beginning and ending almost-blank lines.
 */
```

For files in net/ and drivers/net/ the preferred style for long (multi-line) comments is a little different.

```
/* The preferred comment style for files in net/ and drivers/net
 * looks like this.
 *
 * It is nearly the same as the generally preferred comment style,
 * but there is no initial almost-blank line.
 */
```

It's also important to comment data, whether they are basic types or derived types. To this end, use just one data declaration per line (no commas for multiple data

declarations). This leaves you room for a small comment on each item, explaining its use.

* 9) You' ve made a mess of it

That's OK, we all do. You've probably been told by your long-time Unix user helper that GNU emacs automatically formats the C sources for you, and you've noticed that yes, it does do that, but the defaults it uses are less than desirable (in fact, they are worse than random typing - an infinite number of monkeys typing into GNU emacs would never make a good program).

So, you can either get rid of GNU emacs, or change it to use saner values. To do the latter, you can stick the following in your .emacs file:

```
(defun c-lineup-arglist-tabs-only (ignored)
 "Line up argument lists by tabs, not spaces"
 (let* ((anchor (c-langelem-pos c-syntactic-element))
         (column (c-langelem-2nd-pos c-syntactic-element))
         (offset (- (1+ column) anchor))
         (steps (floor offset c-basic-offset)))
   (* (max steps 1)
      c-basic-offset)))
(dir-locals-set-class-variables
'linux-kernel
 '((c-mode . (
        (c-basic-offset . 8)
        (c-label-minimum-indentation . 0)
        (c-offsets-alist . (
                (arglist-close
                                 . c-lineup-arglist-tabs-only)
                (arglist-cont-nonempty .
                    (c-lineup-gcc-asm-reg c-lineup-arglist-tabs-
→only))
                (arglist-intro
                                       . +)
                (brace-list-intro
                                       . +)
                                       . c-lineup-C-comments)
                ( c
                (case-label
                (comment-intro
                                       . c-lineup-comment)
                                       . +)
                (cpp-define-intro
                                       . -1000)
                (cpp-macro
                (cpp-macro-cont
                                       . +)
                (defun-block-intro
                                       +)
                (else-clause
                                       . 0)
                (func-decl-cont
                                       . +)
                (inclass
                                       . +)
                (inher-cont
                                       . c-lineup-multi-inher)
                                       . 0)
                (knr-argdecl-intro
                (label
                                       . -1000)
                (statement
                                       . 0)
                (statement-block-intro . +)
```

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This will make emacs go better with the kernel coding style for C files below ~/ src/linux-trees.

But even if you fail in getting emacs to do sane formatting, not everything is lost: use indent.

Now, again, GNU indent has the same brain-dead settings that GNU emacs has, which is why you need to give it a few command line options. However, that's not too bad, because even the makers of GNU indent recognize the authority of K&R (the GNU people aren't evil, they are just severely misguided in this matter), so you just give indent the options -kr -i8 (stands for K&R, 8 character indents), or use scripts/Lindent, which indents in the latest style.

indent has a lot of options, and especially when it comes to comment re-formatting you may want to take a look at the man page. But remember: indent is not a fix for bad programming.

Note that you can also use the clang-format tool to help you with these rules, to quickly re-format parts of your code automatically, and to review full files in order to spot coding style mistakes, typos and possible improvements. It is also handy for sorting #includes, for aligning variables/macros, for reflowing text and other similar tasks. See the file clang-format for more details.

* 10) Kconfig configuration files

For all of the Kconfig* configuration files throughout the source tree, the indentation is somewhat different. Lines under a config definition are indented with one tab, while help text is indented an additional two spaces. Example:

```
config AUDIT
bool "Auditing support"
depends on NET
help
Enable auditing infrastructure that can be used with another
kernel subsystem, such as SELinux (which requires this for
logging of avc messages output). Does not do system-call
auditing without CONFIG_AUDITSYSCALL.
```

Seriously dangerous features (such as write support for certain filesystems) should advertise this prominently in their prompt string:

```
config ADFS_FS_RW
bool "ADFS write support (DANGEROUS)"
depends on ADFS_FS
...
```

For full documentation on the configuration files, see the file Documentation/kbuild/kconfig-language.rst.

* 11) Data structures

Data structures that have visibility outside the single-threaded environment they are created and destroyed in should always have reference counts. In the kernel, garbage collection doesn't exist (and outside the kernel garbage collection is slow and inefficient), which means that you absolutely **have** to reference count all your uses.

Reference counting means that you can avoid locking, and allows multiple users to have access to the data structure in parallel - and not having to worry about the structure suddenly going away from under them just because they slept or did something else for a while.

Note that locking is **not** a replacement for reference counting. Locking is used to keep data structures coherent, while reference counting is a memory management technique. Usually both are needed, and they are not to be confused with each other.

Many data structures can indeed have two levels of reference counting, when there are users of different classes. The subclass count counts the number of subclass users, and decrements the global count just once when the subclass count goes to zero.

Examples of this kind of multi-level-reference-counting can be found in memory management (struct mm_struct: mm_users and mm_count), and in filesystem code (struct super_block: s count and s active).

Remember: if another thread can find your data structure, and you don't have a reference count on it, you almost certainly have a bug.

* 12) Macros, Enums and RTL

Names of macros defining constants and labels in enums are capitalized.

```
#define CONSTANT 0x12345
```

Enums are preferred when defining several related constants.

CAPITALIZED macro names are appreciated but macros resembling functions may be named in lower case.

Generally, inline functions are preferable to macros resembling functions.

Macros with multiple statements should be enclosed in a do - while block:

Things to avoid when using macros:

1) macros that affect control flow:

is a **very** bad idea. It looks like a function call but exits the **calling** function; don't break the internal parsers of those who will read the code.

2) macros that depend on having a local variable with a magic name:

```
#define F00(val) bar(index, val)
```

might look like a good thing, but it's confusing as hell when one reads the code and it's prone to breakage from seemingly innocent changes.

- 3) macros with arguments that are used as l-values: FOO(x) = y; will bite you if somebody e.g. turns FOO into an inline function.
- 4) forgetting about precedence: macros defining constants using expressions must enclose the expression in parentheses. Beware of similar issues with macros using parameters.

```
#define CONSTANT 0x4000
#define CONSTEXP (CONSTANT | 3)
```

5) namespace collisions when defining local variables in macros resembling functions:

```
#define F00(x)
({
          typeof(x) ret;
          ret = calc_ret(x);
          (ret);
})
```

ret is a common name for a local variable - __foo_ret is less likely to collide with an existing variable.

The cpp manual deals with macros exhaustively. The gcc internals manual also covers RTL which is used frequently with assembly language in the kernel.

* 13) Printing kernel messages

Kernel developers like to be seen as literate. Do mind the spelling of kernel messages to make a good impression. Do not use incorrect contractions like dont; use do not or don't instead. Make the messages concise, clear, and unambiguous.

Kernel messages do not have to be terminated with a period.

Printing numbers in parentheses (%d) adds no value and should be avoided.

There are a number of driver model diagnostic macros in linux/device.h> which you should use to make sure messages are matched to the right device and driver, and are tagged with the right level: dev_err(), dev_warn(), dev_info(), and so forth. For messages that aren't associated with a particular device, linux/printk.h> defines pr_notice(), pr_info(), pr_warn(), pr_err(), etc.

Coming up with good debugging messages can be quite a challenge; and once you have them, they can be a huge help for remote troubleshooting. However debug message printing is handled differently than printing other non-debug messages. While the other pr_XXX() functions print unconditionally, pr_debug() does not; it is compiled out by default, unless either DEBUG is defined or CON-FIG_DYNAMIC_DEBUG is set. That is true for dev_dbg() also, and a related convention uses VERBOSE_DEBUG to add dev_vdbg() messages to the ones already enabled by DEBUG.

Many subsystems have Kconfig debug options to turn on -DDEBUG in the corresponding Makefile; in other cases specific files #define DEBUG. And when a debug message should be unconditionally printed, such as if it is already inside a debugrelated #ifdef section, printk(KERN DEBUG ···) can be used.

* 14) Allocating memory

The kernel provides the following general purpose memory allocators: kmalloc(), kzalloc(), kmalloc_array(), kcalloc(), vmalloc(), and vzalloc(). Please refer to the API documentation for further information about them. Documentation/coreapi/memory-allocation.rst

The preferred form for passing a size of a struct is the following:

```
p = kmalloc(sizeof(*p), ...);
```

The alternative form where struct name is spelled out hurts readability and introduces an opportunity for a bug when the pointer variable type is changed but the corresponding size of that is passed to a memory allocator is not.

Casting the return value which is a void pointer is redundant. The conversion from void pointer to any other pointer type is guaranteed by the C programming language.

The preferred form for allocating an array is the following:

```
p = kmalloc_array(n, sizeof(...), ...);
```

The preferred form for allocating a zeroed array is the following:

```
p = kcalloc(n, sizeof(...), ...);
```

Both forms check for overflow on the allocation size $n * size of(\cdots)$, and return NULL if that occurred.

These generic allocation functions all emit a stack dump on failure when used without __GFP_NOWARN so there is no use in emitting an additional failure message when NULL is returned.

* 15) The inline disease

There appears to be a common misperception that gcc has a magic "make me faster" speedup option called inline. While the use of inlines can be appropriate (for example as a means of replacing macros, see Chapter 12), it very often is not. Abundant use of the inline keyword leads to a much bigger kernel, which in turn slows the system as a whole down, due to a bigger icache footprint for the CPU and simply because there is less memory available for the pagecache. Just think about it; a pagecache miss causes a disk seek, which easily takes 5 milliseconds. There are a LOT of cpu cycles that can go into these 5 milliseconds.

A reasonable rule of thumb is to not put inline at functions that have more than 3 lines of code in them. An exception to this rule are the cases where a parameter is known to be a compiletime constant, and as a result of this constantness you *know* the compiler will be able to optimize most of your function away at compile time. For a good example of this later case, see the kmalloc() inline function.

Often people argue that adding inline to functions that are static and used only once is always a win since there is no space tradeoff. While this is technically correct, gcc is capable of inlining these automatically without help, and the maintenance issue of removing the inline when a second user appears outweighs the potential value of the hint that tells gcc to do something it would have done anyway.

* 16) Function return values and names

Functions can return values of many different kinds, and one of the most common is a value indicating whether the function succeeded or failed. Such a value can be represented as an error-code integer (-Exxx = failure, 0 = success) or a succeeded boolean (0 = failure, non-zero = success).

Mixing up these two sorts of representations is a fertile source of difficult-to-find bugs. If the C language included a strong distinction between integers and booleans then the compiler would find these mistakes for us…but it doesn't. To help prevent such bugs, always follow this convention:

If the name of a function is an action or an imperative command, the function should return an error-code integer. If the name is a predicate, the function should return a "succeeded" boolean.

For example, add work is a command, and the add_work() function returns 0 for success or -EBUSY for failure. In the same way, PCI device present is a predicate, and the pci_dev_present() function returns 1 if it succeeds in finding a matching device or 0 if it doesn't.

All EXPORTed functions must respect this convention, and so should all public functions. Private (static) functions need not, but it is recommended that they do.

Functions whose return value is the actual result of a computation, rather than an indication of whether the computation succeeded, are not subject to this rule. Generally they indicate failure by returning some out-of-range result. Typical examples would be functions that return pointers; they use NULL or the ERR_PTR mechanism to report failure.

* 17) Using bool

The Linux kernel bool type is an alias for the C99 Bool type. bool values can only evaluate to 0 or 1, and implicit or explicit conversion to bool automatically converts the value to true or false. When using bool types the !! construction is not needed, which eliminates a class of bugs.

When working with bool values the true and false definitions should be used instead of 1 and 0.

bool function return types and stack variables are always fine to use whenever appropriate. Use of bool is encouraged to improve readability and is often a better option than 'int' for storing boolean values.

Do not use bool if cache line layout or size of the value matters, as its size and alignment varies based on the compiled architecture. Structures that are optimized for alignment and size should not use bool.

If a structure has many true/false values, consider consolidating them into a bit-field with 1 bit members, or using an appropriate fixed width type, such as u8.

Similarly for function arguments, many true/false values can be consolidated into a single bitwise 'flags' argument and 'flags' can often be a more readable alternative if the call-sites have naked true/false constants.

Otherwise limited use of bool in structures and arguments can improve readability.

* 18) Don't re-invent the kernel macros

The header file include/linux/kernel.h contains a number of macros that you should use, rather than explicitly coding some variant of them yourself. For example, if you need to calculate the length of an array, take advantage of the macro

```
#define ARRAY_SIZE(x) (sizeof(x) / sizeof((x)[0]))
```

Similarly, if you need to calculate the size of some structure member, use

```
#define sizeof_field(t, f) (sizeof(((t*)0)->f))
```

There are also min() and max() macros that do strict type checking if you need them. Feel free to peruse that header file to see what else is already defined that you shouldn't reproduce in your code.

* 19) Editor modelines and other cruft

Some editors can interpret configuration information embedded in source files, indicated with special markers. For example, emacs interprets lines marked like this:

```
-*- mode: c -*-
```

Or like this:

```
/*
Local Variables:
compile-command: "gcc -DMAGIC_DEBUG_FLAG foo.c"
End:
*/
```

Vim interprets markers that look like this:

```
/* vim:set sw=8 noet */
```

Do not include any of these in source files. People have their own personal editor configurations, and your source files should not override them. This includes markers for indentation and mode configuration. People may use their own custom mode, or may have some other magic method for making indentation work correctly.

* 20) Inline assembly

In architecture-specific code, you may need to use inline assembly to interface with CPU or platform functionality. Don't hesitate to do so when necessary. However, don't use inline assembly gratuitously when C can do the job. You can and should poke hardware from C when possible.

Consider writing simple helper functions that wrap common bits of inline assembly, rather than repeatedly writing them with slight variations. Remember that inline assembly can use C parameters.

Large, non-trivial assembly functions should go in .S files, with corresponding C prototypes defined in C header files. The C prototypes for assembly functions should use asmlinkage.

You may need to mark your asm statement as volatile, to prevent GCC from removing it if GCC doesn't notice any side effects. You don't always need to do so, though, and doing so unnecessarily can limit optimization.

When writing a single inline assembly statement containing multiple instructions, put each instruction on a separate line in a separate quoted string, and end each

string except the last with $\n\t$ to properly indent the next instruction in the assembly output:

```
asm ("magic %reg1, #42\n\t"
    "more_magic %reg2, %reg3"
    : /* outputs */ : /* clobbers */);
```

* 21) Conditional Compilation

Wherever possible, don't use preprocessor conditionals (#if, #ifdef) in .c files; doing so makes code harder to read and logic harder to follow. Instead, use such conditionals in a header file defining functions for use in those .c files, providing no-op stub versions in the #else case, and then call those functions unconditionally from .c files. The compiler will avoid generating any code for the stub calls, producing identical results, but the logic will remain easy to follow.

Prefer to compile out entire functions, rather than portions of functions or portions of expressions. Rather than putting an ifdef in an expression, factor out part or all of the expression into a separate helper function and apply the conditional to that function.

If you have a function or variable which may potentially go unused in a particular configuration, and the compiler would warn about its definition going unused, mark the definition as __maybe_unused rather than wrapping it in a preprocessor conditional. (However, if a function or variable *always* goes unused, delete it.)

Within code, where possible, use the IS_ENABLED macro to convert a Kconfig symbol into a C boolean expression, and use it in a normal C conditional:

```
if (IS_ENABLED(CONFIG_SOMETHING)) {
    ...
}
```

The compiler will constant-fold the conditional away, and include or exclude the block of code just as with an #ifdef, so this will not add any runtime overhead. However, this approach still allows the C compiler to see the code inside the block, and check it for correctness (syntax, types, symbol references, etc). Thus, you still have to use an #ifdef if the code inside the block references symbols that will not exist if the condition is not met.

At the end of any non-trivial #if or #ifdef block (more than a few lines), place a comment after the #endif on the same line, noting the conditional expression used. For instance:

```
#ifdef CONFIG_SOMETHING
...
#endif /* CONFIG_SOMETHING */
```

* Appendix I) References

The C Programming Language, Second Edition by Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie. Prentice Hall, Inc., 1988. ISBN 0-13-110362-8 (paperback), 0-13-110370-9 (hardback).

The Practice of Programming by Brian W. Kernighan and Rob Pike. Addison-Wesley, Inc., 1999. ISBN 0-201-61586-X.

GNU manuals - where in compliance with K&R and this text - for cpp, gcc, gcc internals and indent, all available from https://www.gnu.org/manual/

WG14 is the international standardization working group for the programming language C, URL: http://www.open-std.org/JTC1/SC22/WG14/

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NINE

KERNEL MAINTAINER PGP GUIDE

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This document is aimed at Linux kernel developers, and especially at subsystem maintainers. It contains a subset of information discussed in the more general "Protecting Code Integrity" guide published by the Linux Foundation. Please read that document for more in-depth discussion on some of the topics mentioned in this guide.

* The role of PGP in Linux Kernel development

PGP helps ensure the integrity of the code that is produced by the Linux kernel development community and, to a lesser degree, establish trusted communication channels between developers via PGP-signed email exchange.

The Linux kernel source code is available in two main formats:

- Distributed source repositories (git)
- Periodic release snapshots (tarballs)

Both git repositories and tarballs carry PGP signatures of the kernel developers who create official kernel releases. These signatures offer a cryptographic guarantee that downloadable versions made available via kernel.org or any other mirrors are identical to what these developers have on their workstations. To this end:

- git repositories provide PGP signatures on all tags
- tarballs provide detached PGP signatures with all downloads

* Trusting the developers, not infrastructure

Ever since the 2011 compromise of core kernel.org systems, the main operating principle of the Kernel Archives project has been to assume that any part of the infrastructure can be compromised at any time. For this reason, the administrators have taken deliberate steps to emphasize that trust must always be placed with developers and never with the code hosting infrastructure, regardless of how good the security practices for the latter may be.

The above guiding principle is the reason why this guide is needed. We want to make sure that by placing trust into developers we do not simply shift the blame

for potential future security incidents to someone else. The goal is to provide a set of guidelines developers can use to create a secure working environment and safeguard the PGP keys used to establish the integrity of the Linux kernel itself.

* PGP tools

* Use GnuPG v2

Your distro should already have GnuPG installed by default, you just need to verify that you are using version 2.x and not the legacy 1.4 release – many distributions still package both, with the default gpg command invoking GnuPG v.1. To check, run:

```
$ gpg --version | head -n1
```

If you see gpg (GnuPG) 1.4.x, then you are using GnuPG v.1. Try the gpg2 command (if you don't have it, you may need to install the gnupg2 package):

```
$ gpg2 --version | head -n1
```

If you see gpg (GnuPG) 2.x.x, then you are good to go. This guide will assume you have the version 2.2 of GnuPG (or later). If you are using version 2.0 of GnuPG, then some of the commands in this guide will not work, and you should consider installing the latest 2.2 version of GnuPG. Versions of gnupg-2.1.11 and later should be compatible for the purposes of this guide as well.

If you have both gpg and gpg2 commands, you should make sure you are always using GnuPG v2, not the legacy version. You can enforce this by setting the appropriate alias:

```
$ alias gpg=gpg2
```

You can put that in your .bashrc to make sure it's always the case.

Configure gpg-agent options

The GnuPG agent is a helper tool that will start automatically whenever you use the gpg command and run in the background with the purpose of caching the private key passphrase. There are two options you should know in order to tweak when the passphrase should be expired from cache:

- default-cache-ttl (seconds): If you use the same key again before the time-to-live expires, the countdown will reset for another period. The default is 600 (10 minutes).
- max-cache-ttl (seconds): Regardless of how recently you' ve used the key since initial passphrase entry, if the maximum time-to-live countdown expires, you' ll have to enter the passphrase again. The default is 30 minutes.

If you find either of these defaults too short (or too long), you can edit your ~/. gnupg/gpg-agent.conf file to set your own values:

```
# set to 30 minutes for regular ttl, and 2 hours for max ttl default-cache-ttl 1800 max-cache-ttl 7200
```

Note: It is no longer necessary to start gpg-agent manually at the beginning of your shell session. You may want to check your rc files to remove anything you had in place for older versions of GnuPG, as it may not be doing the right thing any more.

Set up a refresh cronjob

You will need to regularly refresh your keyring in order to get the latest changes on other people's public keys, which is best done with a daily cronjob:

```
@daily /usr/bin/gpg2 --refresh >/dev/null 2>&1
```

Check the full path to your gpg or gpg2 command and use the gpg2 command if regular gpg for you is the legacy GnuPG v.1.

* Protect your master PGP key

This guide assumes that you already have a PGP key that you use for Linux kernel development purposes. If you do not yet have one, please see the "Protecting Code Integrity" document mentioned earlier for guidance on how to create a new one.

You should also make a new key if your current one is weaker than 2048 bits (RSA).

* Master key vs. Subkeys

Subkeys are fully independent PGP keypairs that are tied to the "master" key using certifying key signatures (certificates). It is important to understand the following:

- 1. There are no technical differences between the "master key" and "subkeys."
- 2. At creation time, we assign functional limitations to each key by giving it specific capabilities.
- 3. A PGP key can have 4 capabilities:
 - [S] key can be used for signing
 - **[E]** key can be used for encryption
 - [A] key can be used for authentication
 - **[C]** key can be used for certifying other keys
- 4. A single key may have multiple capabilities.

5. A subkey is fully independent from the master key. A message encrypted to a subkey cannot be decrypted with the master key. If you lose your private subkey, it cannot be recreated from the master key in any way.

The key carrying the **[C]** (certify) capability is considered the "master" key because it is the only key that can be used to indicate relationship with other keys. Only the **[C]** key can be used to:

- add or revoke other keys (subkeys) with S/E/A capabilities
- add, change or revoke identities (uids) associated with the key
- · add or change the expiration date on itself or any subkey
- sign other people's keys for web of trust purposes

By default, GnuPG creates the following when generating new keys:

- A master key carrying both Certify and Sign capabilities ([SC])
- A separate subkey with the Encryption capability ([E])

If you used the default parameters when generating your key, then that is what you will have. You can verify by running gpg --list-secret-keys, for example:

Any key carrying the **[C]** capability is your master key, regardless of any other capabilities it may have assigned to it.

The long line under the sec entry is your key fingerprint – whenever you see [fpr] in the examples below, that 40-character string is what it refers to.

* Ensure your passphrase is strong

GnuPG uses passphrases to encrypt your private keys before storing them on disk. This way, even if your .gnupg directory is leaked or stolen in its entirety, the attackers cannot use your private keys without first obtaining the passphrase to decrypt them.

It is absolutely essential that your private keys are protected by a strong passphrase. To set it or change it, use:

```
$ gpg --change-passphrase [fpr]
```

* Create a separate Signing subkey

Our goal is to protect your master key by moving it to offline media, so if you only have a combined **[SC]** key, then you should create a separate signing subkey:

```
$ gpg --quick-addkey [fpr] ed25519 sign
```

Remember to tell the keyservers about this change, so others can pull down your new subkey:

```
$ gpg --send-key [fpr]
```

Note: ECC support in GnuPG

GnuPG 2.1 and later has full support for Elliptic Curve Cryptography, with ability to combine ECC subkeys with traditional RSA master keys. The main upside of ECC cryptography is that it is much faster computationally and creates much smaller signatures when compared byte for byte with 2048+ bit RSA keys. Unless you plan on using a smartcard device that does not support ECC operations, we recommend that you create an ECC signing subkey for your kernel work.

If for some reason you prefer to stay with RSA subkeys, just replace "ed25519" with "rsa2048" in the above command. Additionally, if you plan to use a hardware device that does not support ED25519 ECC keys, like Nitrokey Pro or a Yubikey, then you should use "nistp256" instead or "ed25519."

* Back up your master key for disaster recovery

The more signatures you have on your PGP key from other developers, the more reasons you have to create a backup version that lives on something other than digital media, for disaster recovery reasons.

The best way to create a printable hardcopy of your private key is by using the paperkey software written for this very purpose. See man paperkey for more details on the output format and its benefits over other solutions. Paperkey should already be packaged for most distributions.

Run the following command to create a hardcopy backup of your private key:

```
$ gpg --export-secret-key [fpr] | paperkey -o /tmp/key-backup.txt
```

Print out that file (or pipe the output straight to lpr), then take a pen and write your passphrase on the margin of the paper. **This is strongly recommended** because the key printout is still encrypted with that passphrase, and if you ever change it you will not remember what it used to be when you had created the backup - *guaranteed*.

Put the resulting printout and the hand-written passphrase into an envelope and store in a secure and well-protected place, preferably away from your home, such as your bank vault.

Note: Your printer is probably no longer a simple dumb device connected to your parallel port, but since the output is still encrypted with your passphrase, printing out even to "cloud-integrated" modern printers should remain a relatively safe operation. One option is to change the passphrase on your master key immediately after you are done with paperkey.

* Back up your whole GnuPG directory

```
Warning: !!!Do not skip this step!!!
```

It is important to have a readily available backup of your PGP keys should you need to recover them. This is different from the disaster-level preparedness we did with paperkey. You will also rely on these external copies whenever you need to use your Certify key – such as when making changes to your own key or signing other people's keys after conferences and summits.

Start by getting a small USB "thumb" drive (preferably two!) that you will use for backup purposes. You will need to encrypt them using LUKS – refer to your distro's documentation on how to accomplish this.

For the encryption passphrase, you can use the same one as on your master key.

Once the encryption process is over, re-insert the USB drive and make sure it gets properly mounted. Copy your entire .gnupg directory over to the encrypted storage:

```
$ cp -a ~/.gnupg /media/disk/foo/gnupg-backup
```

You should now test to make sure everything still works:

```
$ gpg --homedir=/media/disk/foo/gnupg-backup --list-key [fpr]
```

If you don't get any errors, then you should be good to go. Unmount the USB drive, distinctly label it so you don't blow it away next time you need to use a random USB drive, and put in a safe place – but not too far away, because you'll need to use it every now and again for things like editing identities, adding or revoking subkeys, or signing other people's keys.

* Remove the master key from your homedir

The files in our home directory are not as well protected as we like to think. They can be leaked or stolen via many different means:

- by accident when making quick homedir copies to set up a new workstation
- by systems administrator negligence or malice
- via poorly secured backups
- via malware in desktop apps (browsers, pdf viewers, etc)

via coercion when crossing international borders

Protecting your key with a good passphrase greatly helps reduce the risk of any of the above, but passphrases can be discovered via keyloggers, shoulder-surfing, or any number of other means. For this reason, the recommended setup is to remove your master key from your home directory and store it on offline storage.

Warning: Please see the previous section and make sure you have backed up your GnuPG directory in its entirety. What we are about to do will render your key useless if you do not have a usable backup!

First, identify the keygrip of your master key:

```
$ gpg --with-keygrip --list-key [fpr]
```

The output will be something like this:

Find the keygrip entry that is beneath the pub line (right under the master key fingerprint). This will correspond directly to a file in your ~/.gnupg directory:

All you have to do is simply remove the .key file that corresponds to the master keygrip:

Now, if you issue the --list-secret-keys command, it will show that the master key is missing (the # indicates it is not available):

You should also remove any secring.gpg files in the ~/.gnupg directory, which are left over from earlier versions of GnuPG.

If you don't have the "private-keys-v1.d" directory

If you do not have a ~/.gnupg/private-keys-v1.d directory, then your secret keys are still stored in the legacy secring.gpg file used by GnuPG v1. Making any changes to your key, such as changing the passphrase or adding a subkey, should automatically convert the old secring.gpg format to use private-keys-v1.d instead.

Once you get that done, make sure to delete the obsolete secring.gpg file, which still contains your private keys.

* Move the subkeys to a dedicated crypto device

Even though the master key is now safe from being leaked or stolen, the subkeys are still in your home directory. Anyone who manages to get their hands on those will be able to decrypt your communication or fake your signatures (if they know the passphrase). Furthermore, each time a GnuPG operation is performed, the keys are loaded into system memory and can be stolen from there by sufficiently advanced malware (think Meltdown and Spectre).

The best way to completely protect your keys is to move them to a specialized hardware device that is capable of smartcard operations.

* The benefits of smartcards

A smartcard contains a cryptographic chip that is capable of storing private keys and performing crypto operations directly on the card itself. Because the key contents never leave the smartcard, the operating system of the computer into which you plug in the hardware device is not able to retrieve the private keys themselves. This is very different from the encrypted USB storage device we used earlier for backup purposes – while that USB device is plugged in and mounted, the operating system is able to access the private key contents.

Using external encrypted USB media is not a substitute to having a smartcard-capable device.

* Available smartcard devices

Unless all your laptops and workstations have smartcard readers, the easiest is to get a specialized USB device that implements smartcard functionality. There are several options available:

• Nitrokey Start: Open hardware and Free Software, based on FSI Japan's Gnuk. One of the few available commercial devices that support ED25519 ECC keys, but offer fewest security features (such as resistance to tampering or some side-channel attacks).

- Nitrokey Pro 2: Similar to the Nitrokey Start, but more tamper-resistant and offers more security features. Pro 2 supports ECC cryptography (NISTP).
- Yubikey 5: proprietary hardware and software, but cheaper than Nitrokey Pro and comes available in the USB-C form that is more useful with newer laptops. Offers additional security features such as FIDO U2F, among others, and now finally supports ECC keys (NISTP).

LWN has a good review of some of the above models, as well as several others. Your choice will depend on cost, shipping availability in your geographical region, and open/proprietary hardware considerations.

Note: If you are listed in MAINTAINERS or have an account at kernel.org, you qualify for a free Nitrokey Start courtesy of The Linux Foundation.

* Configure your smartcard device

Your smartcard device should Just Work (TM) the moment you plug it into any modern Linux workstation. You can verify it by running:

```
$ gpg --card-status
```

If you see full smartcard details, then you are good to go. Unfortunately, troubleshooting all possible reasons why things may not be working for you is way beyond the scope of this guide. If you are having trouble getting the card to work with GnuPG, please seek help via usual support channels.

To configure your smartcard, you will need to use the GnuPG menu system, as there are no convenient command-line switches:

```
$ gpg --card-edit
[...omitted...]
gpg/card> admin
Admin commands are allowed
gpg/card> passwd
```

You should set the user PIN (1), Admin PIN (3), and the Reset Code (4). Please make sure to record and store these in a safe place – especially the Admin PIN and the Reset Code (which allows you to completely wipe the smartcard). You so rarely need to use the Admin PIN, that you will inevitably forget what it is if you do not record it.

Getting back to the main card menu, you can also set other values (such as name, sex, login data, etc), but it's not necessary and will additionally leak information about your smartcard should you lose it.

Note: Despite having the name "PIN", neither the user PIN nor the admin PIN on the card need to be numbers.

Warning: Some devices may require that you move the subkeys onto the device before you can change the passphrase. Please check the documentation provided by the device manufacturer.

* Move the subkeys to your smartcard

Exit the card menu (using "q") and save all changes. Next, let's move your subkeys onto the smartcard. You will need both your PGP key passphrase and the admin PIN of the card for most operations:

```
$ gpg --edit-key [fpr]
Secret subkeys are available.
pub rsa2048/AAAABBBBCCCCDDDD
     created: 2018-01-23 expires: 2020-01-23
                                               usage: SC
     trust: ultimate
                          validity: ultimate
    rsa2048/11112222333334444
ssb
     created: 2018-01-23 expires: never
                                               usage: E
ssb ed25519/5555666677778888
     created: 2017-12-07 expires: never
                                               usage: S
[ultimate] (1). Alice Dev <adev@kernel.org>
gpg>
```

Using --edit-key puts us into the menu mode again, and you will notice that the key listing is a little different. From here on, all commands are done from inside this menu mode, as indicated by gpg>.

First, let's select the key we'll be putting onto the card - you do this by typing key 1 (it's the first one in the listing, the **[E]** subkey):

```
gpg> key 1
```

In the output, you should now see ssb* on the **[E]** key. The * indicates which key is currently "selected." It works as a *toggle*, meaning that if you type key 1 again, the * will disappear and the key will not be selected any more.

Now, let's move that key onto the smartcard:

```
gpg> keytocard
Please select where to store the key:
   (2) Encryption key
Your selection? 2
```

Since it's our **[E]** key, it makes sense to put it into the Encryption slot. When you submit your selection, you will be prompted first for your PGP key passphrase, and then for the admin PIN. If the command returns without an error, your key has been moved.

Important: Now type key 1 again to unselect the first key, and key 2 to select the **[S]** key:

```
gpg> key 1
gpg> key 2
gpg> keytocard
Please select where to store the key:
   (1) Signature key
   (3) Authentication key
Your selection? 1
```

You can use the **[S]** key both for Signature and Authentication, but we want to make sure it's in the Signature slot, so choose (1). Once again, if your command returns without an error, then the operation was successful:

```
gpg> q
Save changes? (y/N) y
```

Saving the changes will delete the keys you moved to the card from your home directory (but it's okay, because we have them in our backups should we need to do this again for a replacement smartcard).

Verifying that the keys were moved

If you perform --list-secret-keys now, you will see a subtle difference in the output:

The > in the ssb> output indicates that the subkey is only available on the smart-card. If you go back into your secret keys directory and look at the contents there, you will notice that the .key files there have been replaced with stubs:

```
$ cd ~/.gnupg/private-keys-v1.d
$ strings *.key | grep 'private-key'
```

The output should contain shadowed-private-key to indicate that these files are only stubs and the actual content is on the smartcard.

Verifying that the smartcard is functioning

To verify that the smartcard is working as intended, you can create a signature:

```
$ echo "Hello world" | gpg --clearsign > /tmp/test.asc
$ gpg --verify /tmp/test.asc
```

This should ask for your smartcard PIN on your first command, and then show "Good signature" after you run gpg --verify.

Congratulations, you have successfully made it extremely difficult to steal your digital developer identity!

* Other common GnuPG operations

Here is a quick reference for some common operations you'll need to do with your PGP key.

Mounting your master key offline storage

You will need your master key for any of the operations below, so you will first need to mount your backup offline storage and tell GnuPG to use it:

```
$ export GNUPGHOME=/media/disk/foo/gnupg-backup
$ gpg --list-secret-keys
```

You want to make sure that you see sec and not sec# in the output (the # means the key is not available and you' re still using your regular home directory location).

Extending key expiration date

The master key has the default expiration date of 2 years from the date of creation. This is done both for security reasons and to make obsolete keys eventually disappear from keyservers.

To extend the expiration on your key by a year from current date, just run:

```
$ gpg --quick-set-expire [fpr] 1y
```

You can also use a specific date if that is easier to remember (e.g. your birthday, January 1st, or Canada Day):

```
$ gpg --quick-set-expire [fpr] 2020-07-01
```

Remember to send the updated key back to keyservers:

```
$ gpg --send-key [fpr]
```

Updating your work directory after any changes

After you make any changes to your key using the offline storage, you will want to import these changes back into your regular working directory:

```
$ gpg --export | gpg --homedir ~/.gnupg --import
$ unset GNUPGHOME
```

Using gpg-agent over ssh

You can forward your gpg-agent over ssh if you need to sign tags or commits on a remote system. Please refer to the instructions provided on the GnuPG wiki:

• Agent Forwarding over SSH

It works more smoothly if you can modify the sshd server settings on the remote end.

* Using PGP with Git

One of the core features of Git is its decentralized nature – once a repository is cloned to your system, you have full history of the project, including all of its tags, commits and branches. However, with hundreds of cloned repositories floating around, how does anyone verify that their copy of linux.git has not been tampered with by a malicious third party?

Or what happens if a backdoor is discovered in the code and the "Author" line in the commit says it was done by you, while you' re pretty sure you had nothing to do with it?

To address both of these issues, Git introduced PGP integration. Signed tags prove the repository integrity by assuring that its contents are exactly the same as on the workstation of the developer who created the tag, while signed commits make it nearly impossible for someone to impersonate you without having access to your PGP keys.

* Configure git to use your PGP key

If you only have one secret key in your keyring, then you don't really need to do anything extra, as it becomes your default key. However, if you happen to have multiple secret keys, you can tell git which key should be used ([fpr] is the fingerprint of your key):

```
$ git config --global user.signingKey [fpr]
```

IMPORTANT: If you have a distinct gpg2 command, then you should tell git to always use it instead of the legacy gpg from version 1:

```
$ git config --global gpg.program gpg2
$ git config --global gpgv.program gpgv2
```

* How to work with signed tags

To create a signed tag, simply pass the -s switch to the tag command:

```
$ git tag -s [tagname]
```

Our recommendation is to always sign git tags, as this allows other developers to ensure that the git repository they are pulling from has not been maliciously altered.

How to verify signed tags

To verify a signed tag, simply use the verify-tag command:

```
$ git verify-tag [tagname]
```

If you are pulling a tag from another fork of the project repository, git should automatically verify the signature at the tip you're pulling and show you the results during the merge operation:

```
$ git pull [url] tags/sometag
```

The merge message will contain something like this:

```
Merge tag 'sometag' of [url]

[Tag message]

# gpg: Signature made [...]
# gpg: Good signature from [...]
```

If you are verifying someone else's git tag, then you will need to import their PGP key. Please refer to the "How to verify kernel developer identities" section below.

Note: If you get "gpg: Can't check signature: unknown pubkey algorithm" error, you need to tell git to use gpgv2 for verification, so it properly processes signatures made by ECC keys. See instructions at the start of this section.

Configure git to always sign annotated tags

Chances are, if you're creating an annotated tag, you'll want to sign it. To force git to always sign annotated tags, you can set a global configuration option:

```
$ git config --global tag.forceSignAnnotated true
```

* How to work with signed commits

It is easy to create signed commits, but it is much more difficult to use them in Linux kernel development, since it relies on patches sent to the mailing list, and this workflow does not preserve PGP commit signatures. Furthermore, when rebasing your repository to match upstream, even your own PGP commit signatures will end up discarded. For this reason, most kernel developers don't bother signing their commits and will ignore signed commits in any external repositories that they rely upon in their work.

However, if you have your working git tree publicly available at some git hosting service (kernel.org, infradead.org, ozlabs.org, or others), then the recommendation is that you sign all your git commits even if upstream developers do not directly benefit from this practice.

We recommend this for the following reasons:

- 1. Should there ever be a need to perform code forensics or track code provenance, even externally maintained trees carrying PGP commit signatures will be valuable for such purposes.
- 2. If you ever need to re-clone your local repository (for example, after a disk failure), this lets you easily verify the repository integrity before resuming your work.
- 3. If someone needs to cherry-pick your commits, this allows them to quickly verify their integrity before applying them.

Creating signed commits

To create a signed commit, you just need to pass the -S flag to the git commit command (it's capital -S due to collision with another flag):

```
$ git commit -S
```

Configure git to always sign commits

You can tell git to always sign commits:

```
git config --global commit.gpgSign true
```

Note: Make sure you configure gpg-agent before you turn this on.

* How to verify kernel developer identities

Signing tags and commits is easy, but how does one go about verifying that the key used to sign something belongs to the actual kernel developer and not to a malicious imposter?

* Configure auto-key-retrieval using WKD and DANE

If you are not already someone with an extensive collection of other developers' public keys, then you can jumpstart your keyring by relying on key auto-discovery and auto-retrieval. GnuPG can piggyback on other delegated trust technologies, namely DNSSEC and TLS, to get you going if the prospect of starting your own Web of Trust from scratch is too daunting.

Add the following to your ~/.gnupg/gpg.conf:

```
auto-key-locate wkd,dane,local auto-key-retrieve
```

DNS-Based Authentication of Named Entities ("DANE") is a method for publishing public keys in DNS and securing them using DNSSEC signed zones. Web Key Directory ("WKD") is the alternative method that uses https lookups for the same purpose. When using either DANE or WKD for looking up public keys, GnuPG will validate DNSSEC or TLS certificates, respectively, before adding auto-retrieved public keys to your local keyring.

Kernel.org publishes the WKD for all developers who have kernel.org accounts. Once you have the above changes in your gpg.conf, you can auto-retrieve the keys for Linus Torvalds and Greg Kroah-Hartman (if you don't already have them):

```
$ gpg --locate-keys torvalds@kernel.org gregkh@kernel.org
```

If you have a kernel.org account, then you should add the kernel.org UID to your key to make WKD more useful to other kernel developers.

* Web of Trust (WOT) vs. Trust on First Use (TOFU)

PGP incorporates a trust delegation mechanism known as the "Web of Trust." At its core, this is an attempt to replace the need for centralized Certification Authorities of the HTTPS/TLS world. Instead of various software makers dictating who should be your trusted certifying entity, PGP leaves this responsibility to each user.

Unfortunately, very few people understand how the Web of Trust works. While it remains an important aspect of the OpenPGP specification, recent versions of GnuPG (2.2 and above) have implemented an alternative mechanism called "Trust on First Use" (TOFU). You can think of TOFU as "the SSH-like approach to trust." With SSH, the first time you connect to a remote system, its key fingerprint is recorded and remembered. If the key changes in the future, the SSH client will alert you and refuse to connect, forcing you to make a decision on whether you choose to trust the changed key or not. Similarly, the first time you import someone's PGP key, it is assumed to be valid. If at any point in the future GnuPG comes

across another key with the same identity, both the previously imported key and the new key will be marked as invalid and you will need to manually figure out which one to keep.

We recommend that you use the combined TOFU+PGP trust model (which is the new default in GnuPG v2). To set it, add (or modify) the trust-model setting in ~/.gnupg/gpg.conf:

```
trust-model tofu+pgp
```

* How to use keyservers (more) safely

If you get a "No public key" error when trying to validate someone's tag, then you should attempt to lookup that key using a keyserver. It is important to keep in mind that there is absolutely no guarantee that the key you retrieve from PGP keyservers belongs to the actual person – that much is by design. You are supposed to use the Web of Trust to establish key validity.

How to properly maintain the Web of Trust is beyond the scope of this document, simply because doing it properly requires both effort and dedication that tends to be beyond the caring threshold of most human beings. Here are some shortcuts that will help you reduce the risk of importing a malicious key.

First, let's say you've tried to run git verify-tag but it returned an error saying the key is not found:

Let's query the keyserver for more info about that key fingerprint (the fingerprint probably belongs to a subkey, so we can't use it directly without finding out the ID of the master key it is associated with):

Locate the ID of the master key in the output, in our example C94035C21B4F2AEB. Now display the key of Linus Torvalds that you have on your keyring:

```
$ gpg --list-key torvalds@kernel.org
pub rsa2048 2011-09-20 [SC]
ABAF11C65A2970B130ABE3C479BE3E4300411886

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```

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```
uid [ unknown] Linus Torvalds <torvalds@kernel.org> sub rsa2048 2011-09-20 [E]
```

Next, open the PGP pathfinder. In the "From" field, paste the key fingerprint of Linus Torvalds from the output above. In the "To" field, paste the key-id you found via gpg --search of the unknown key, and check the results:

• Finding paths to Linus

If you get a few decent trust paths, then it's a pretty good indication that it is a valid key. You can add it to your keyring from the keyserver now:

```
$ gpg --recv-key C94035C21B4F2AEB
```

This process is not perfect, and you are obviously trusting the administrators of the PGP Pathfinder service to not be malicious (in fact, this goes against *Trusting the developers*, *not infrastructure*). However, if you do not carefully maintain your own web of trust, then it is a marked improvement over blindly trusting keyservers.

EMAIL CLIENTS INFO FOR LINUX

* Git

These days most developers use git send-email instead of regular email clients. The man page for this is quite good. On the receiving end, maintainers use git am to apply the patches.

If you are new to git then send your first patch to yourself. Save it as raw text including all the headers. Run git am raw_email.txt and then review the changelog with git log. When that works then send the patch to the appropriate mailing list(s).

* General Preferences

Patches for the Linux kernel are submitted via email, preferably as inline text in the body of the email. Some maintainers accept attachments, but then the attachments should have content-type text/plain. However, attachments are generally frowned upon because it makes quoting portions of the patch more difficult in the patch review process.

It's also strongly recommended that you use plain text in your email body, for patches and other emails alike. https://useplaintext.email may be useful for information on how to configure your preferred email client, as well as listing recommended email clients should you not already have a preference.

Email clients that are used for Linux kernel patches should send the patch text untouched. For example, they should not modify or delete tabs or spaces, even at the beginning or end of lines.

Don't send patches with format=flowed. This can cause unexpected and unwanted line breaks.

Don't let your email client do automatic word wrapping for you. This can also corrupt your patch.

Email clients should not modify the character set encoding of the text. Emailed patches should be in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding only. If you configure your email client to send emails with UTF-8 encoding, you avoid some possible charset problems.

Email clients should generate and maintain "References:" or "In-Reply-To: "headers so that mail threading is not broken.

Copy-and-paste (or cut-and-paste) usually does not work for patches because tabs are converted to spaces. Using xclipboard, xclip, and/or xcutsel may work, but it's best to test this for yourself or just avoid copy-and-paste.

Don't use PGP/GPG signatures in mail that contains patches. This breaks many scripts that read and apply the patches. (This should be fixable.)

It's a good idea to send a patch to yourself, save the received message, and successfully apply it with 'patch' before sending patches to Linux mailing lists.

* Some email client (MUA) hints

Here are some specific MUA configuration hints for editing and sending patches for the Linux kernel. These are not meant to be complete software package configuration summaries.

Legend:

- TUI = text-based user interface
- GUI = graphical user interface

* Alpine (TUI)

Config options:

In the Sending Preferences section:

- Do Not Send Flowed Text must be enabled
- Strip Whitespace Before Sending must be disabled

When composing the message, the cursor should be placed where the patch should appear, and then pressing CTRL-R let you specify the patch file to insert into the message.

* Claws Mail (GUI)

Works. Some people use this successfully for patches.

To insert a patch use $Message \rightarrow Insert\ File\ (CTRL-I)$ or an external editor.

If the inserted patch has to be edited in the Claws composition window "Auto wrapping" in $Configuration \rightarrow Preferences \rightarrow Compose \rightarrow Wrapping$ should be disabled.

* Evolution (GUI)

Some people use this successfully for patches.

When composing mail select: Preformat

from $Format \rightarrow Paragraph\ Style \rightarrow Preformatted\ (CTRL-7)$ or the toolbar

Then use: $Insert \rightarrow Text \ File \cdots$ (ALT-N x) to insert the patch.

You can also diff -Nru old.c new.c | xclip, select *Preformat*, then paste with the middle button.

* Kmail (GUI)

Some people use Kmail successfully for patches.

The default setting of not composing in HTML is appropriate; do not enable it.

When composing an email, under options, uncheck "word wrap". The only disadvantage is any text you type in the email will not be word-wrapped so you will have to manually word wrap text before the patch. The easiest way around this is to compose your email with word wrap enabled, then save it as a draft. Once you pull it up again from your drafts it is now hard word-wrapped and you can uncheck "word wrap" without losing the existing wrapping.

At the bottom of your email, put the commonly-used patch delimiter before inserting your patch: three hyphens (---).

Then from the *Message* menu item, select *insert file* and choose your patch. As an added bonus you can customise the message creation toolbar menu and put the *insert file* icon there.

Make the composer window wide enough so that no lines wrap. As of KMail 1.13.5 (KDE 4.5.4), KMail will apply word wrapping when sending the email if the lines wrap in the composer window. Having word wrapping disabled in the Options menu isn't enough. Thus, if your patch has very long lines, you must make the composer window very wide before sending the email. See: https://bugs.kde.org/show_bug.cgi?id=174034

You can safely GPG sign attachments, but inlined text is preferred for patches so do not GPG sign them. Signing patches that have been inserted as inlined text will make them tricky to extract from their 7-bit encoding.

If you absolutely must send patches as attachments instead of inlining them as text, right click on the attachment and select *properties*, and highlight *Suggest automatic display* to make the attachment inlined to make it more viewable.

When saving patches that are sent as inlined text, select the email that contains the patch from the message list pane, right click and select *save as*. You can use the whole email unmodified as a patch if it was properly composed. Emails are saved as read-write for user only so you will have to chmod them to make them group and world readable if you copy them elsewhere.

* Lotus Notes (GUI)

Run away from it.

* IBM Verse (Web GUI)

See Lotus Notes.

* Mutt (TUI)

Plenty of Linux developers use mutt, so it must work pretty well.

Mutt doesn't come with an editor, so whatever editor you use should be used in a way that there are no automatic linebreaks. Most editors have an *insert file* option that inserts the contents of a file unaltered.

To use vim with mutt:

```
set editor="vi"
```

If using xclip, type the command:

```
:set paste
```

before middle button or shift-insert or use:

```
:r filename
```

if you want to include the patch inline. (a)ttach works fine without set paste.

You can also generate patches with git format-patch and then use Mutt to send them:

```
$ mutt -H 0001-some-bug-fix.patch
```

Config options:

It should work with default settings. However, it's a good idea to set the send charset to:

```
set send_charset="us-ascii:utf-8"
```

Mutt is highly customizable. Here is a minimum configuration to start using Mutt to send patches through Gmail:

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```
set postponed="imaps://imap.gmail.com/[Gmail]/Drafts"
set mbox="imaps://imap.gmail.com/[Gmail]/All Mail"
# ======== SMTP ==========
set smtp url = "smtp://username@smtp.gmail.com:587/"
set smtp pass = $imap pass
set ssl force tls = yes # Require encrypted connection
# ======= Composition ===========
set editor = `echo \$EDITOR`
set edit headers = yes # See the headers when editing
set charset = UTF-8 # value of $LANG; also fallback for send
→charset
# Sender, email address, and sign-off line must match
unset use domain
                      # because joe@localhost is just embarrassing
set realname = "YOUR NAME"
set from = "username@gmail.com"
set use from = yes
```

The Mutt docs have lots more information:

https://gitlab.com/muttmua/mutt/-/wikis/UseCases/Gmail http://www.mutt.org/doc/manual/

* Pine (TUI)

Pine has had some whitespace truncation issues in the past, but these should all be fixed now.

Use alpine (pine's successor) if you can.

Config options:

- quell-flowed-text is needed for recent versions
- the no-strip-whitespace-before-send option is needed

* Sylpheed (GUI)

- Works well for inlining text (or using attachments).
- · Allows use of an external editor.
- Is slow on large folders.
- Won't do TLS SMTP auth over a non-SSL connection.
- Has a helpful ruler bar in the compose window.
- Adding addresses to address book doesn't understand the display name properly.

* Thunderbird (GUI)

Thunderbird is an Outlook clone that likes to mangle text, but there are ways to coerce it into behaving.

 Allow use of an external editor: The easiest thing to do with Thunderbird and patches is to use an "external editor" extension and then just use your favorite \$EDITOR for reading/merging patches into the body text. To do this, download and install the extension, then add a button for it using View→Toolbars→Customize··· and finally just click on it when in the Compose dialog.

Please note that "external editor" requires that your editor must not fork, or in other words, the editor must not return before closing. You may have to pass additional flags or change the settings of your editor. Most notably if you are using gvim then you must pass the -f option to gvim by putting /usr/bin/gvim -f (if the binary is in /usr/bin) to the text editor field in external editor settings. If you are using some other editor then please read its manual to find out how to do this.

To beat some sense out of the internal editor, do this:

- Edit your Thunderbird config settings so that it won't use format=flowed. Go to $edit \rightarrow preferences \rightarrow advanced \rightarrow config editor$ to bring up the thunderbird's registry editor.
- Set mailnews.send_plaintext_flowed to false
- Set mailnews.wraplength from 72 to 0
- $View \rightarrow Message\ Body\ As \rightarrow Plain\ Text$
- $View \rightarrow Character\ Encoding \rightarrow Unicode\ (UTF-8)$

* TkRat (GUI)

Works. Use "Insert file..." or external editor.

* Gmail (Web GUI)

Does not work for sending patches.

Gmail web client converts tabs to spaces automatically.

At the same time it wraps lines every 78 chars with CRLF style line breaks although tab2space problem can be solved with external editor.

Another problem is that Gmail will base64-encode any message that has a non-ASCII character. That includes things like European names.

LINUX KERNEL ENFORCEMENT STATEMENT

As developers of the Linux kernel, we have a keen interest in how our software is used and how the license for our software is enforced. Compliance with the reciprocal sharing obligations of GPL-2.0 is critical to the long-term sustainability of our software and community.

Although there is a right to enforce the separate copyright interests in the contributions made to our community, we share an interest in ensuring that individual enforcement actions are conducted in a manner that benefits our community and do not have an unintended negative impact on the health and growth of our software ecosystem. In order to deter unhelpful enforcement actions, we agree that it is in the best interests of our development community to undertake the following commitment to users of the Linux kernel on behalf of ourselves and any successors to our copyright interests:

Notwithstanding the termination provisions of the GPL-2.0, we agree that it is in the best interests of our development community to adopt the following provisions of GPL-3.0 as additional permissions under our license with respect to any non-defensive assertion of rights under the license.

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

Our intent in providing these assurances is to encourage more use of the software. We want companies and individuals to use, modify and distribute this software. We want to work with users in an open and transparent way to eliminate any uncertainty about our expectations regarding compliance or enforcement that might limit adoption of our software. We view legal action as a last resort, to be initiated only when other community efforts have failed to resolve the problem.

Finally, once a non-compliance issue is resolved, we hope the user will feel welcome to join us in our efforts on this project. Working together, we will be stronger.

Except where noted below, we speak only for ourselves, and not for any company we might work for today, have in the past, or will in the future.

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- Rafael J. Wysocki
- Arvind Yadav
- Masahiro Yamada
- Wei Yongjun
- Lv Zheng
- Marc Zyngier (Arm Ltd)

| Linux Process Documentation | | |
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KERNEL DRIVER STATEMENT

* Position Statement on Linux Kernel Modules

We, the undersigned Linux kernel developers, consider any closed-source Linux kernel module or driver to be harmful and undesirable. We have repeatedly found them to be detrimental to Linux users, businesses, and the greater Linux ecosystem. Such modules negate the openness, stability, flexibility, and maintainability of the Linux development model and shut their users off from the expertise of the Linux community. Vendors that provide closed-source kernel modules force their customers to give up key Linux advantages or choose new vendors. Therefore, in order to take full advantage of the cost savings and shared support benefits open source has to offer, we urge vendors to adopt a policy of supporting their customers on Linux with open-source kernel code.

We speak only for ourselves, and not for any company we might work for today, have in the past, or will in the future.

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- · Denis Cheng
- Jonathan Corbet
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- · David Woodhouse
- Chris Wright
- Bryan Wu
- Rafael J. Wysocki
- Herbert Xu
- · Vlad Yasevich
- Peter Zijlstra
- Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz

Other guides to the community that are of interest to most developers are:

MINIMAL REQUIREMENTS TO COMPILE THE KERNEL

* Intro

This document is designed to provide a list of the minimum levels of software necessary to run the 4.x kernels.

This document is originally based on my "Changes" file for 2.0.x kernels and therefore owes credit to the same people as that file (Jared Mauch, Axel Boldt, Alessandro Sigala, and countless other users all over the 'net).

* Current Minimal Requirements

Upgrade to at **least** these software revisions before thinking you' ve encountered a bug! If you' re unsure what version you' re currently running, the suggested command should tell you.

Again, keep in mind that this list assumes you are already functionally running a Linux kernel. Also, not all tools are necessary on all systems; obviously, if you don't have any PC Card hardware, for example, you probably needn't concern yourself with pemciautils.

| Program | Minimal version | Command to check the version |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| GNU C | 4.9 | gcc -version |
| Clang/LLVM (optional) | 10.0.1 | clang -version |
| GNU make | 3.81 | make -version |
| binutils | 2.23 | ld -v |
| flex | 2.5.35 | flex -version |
| bison | 2.0 | bison -version |
| util-linux | 2.10o | fdformat -version |
| kmod | 13 | depmod -V |
| e2fsprogs | 1.41.4 | e2fsck -V |
| jfsutils | 1.1.3 | fsck.jfs -V |
| reiserfsprogs | 3.6.3 | reiserfsck -V |
| xfsprogs | 2.6.0 | xfs_db -V |
| squashfs-tools | 4.0 | mksquashfs -version |
| btrfs-progs | 0.18 | btrfsck |
| pcmciautils | 004 | pccardctl -V |
| quota-tools | 3.09 | quota -V |
| PPP | 2.4.0 | pppd -version |
| nfs-utils | 1.0.5 | showmount -version |
| procps | 3.2.0 | ps -version |
| oprofile | 0.9 | oprofiled -version |
| udev | 081 | udevd -version |
| grub | 0.93 | grub -version grub-install -version |
| mcelog | 0.6 | mcelog -version |
| iptables | 1.4.2 | iptables -V |
| openssl & libcrypto | 1.0.0 | openssl version |
| bc | 1.06.95 | bc -version |
| Sphinx ¹ | 1.3 | sphinx-build -version |

* Kernel compilation

GCC

The gcc version requirements may vary depending on the type of CPU in your computer.

Clang/LLVM (optional)

The latest formal release of clang and LLVM utils (according to releases.llvm.org) are supported for building kernels. Older releases aren't guaranteed to work, and we may drop workarounds from the kernel that were used to support older versions. Please see additional docs on Building Linux with Clang/LLVM.

¹ Sphinx is needed only to build the Kernel documentation

Make

You will need GNU make 3.81 or later to build the kernel.

Binutils

Binutils 2.23 or newer is needed to build the kernel.

pkg-config

The build system, as of 4.18, requires pkg-config to check for installed kconfig tools and to determine flags settings for use in 'make $\{g,x\}$ config'. Previously pkg-config was being used but not verified or documented.

Flex

Since Linux 4.16, the build system generates lexical analyzers during build. This requires flex 2.5.35 or later.

Bison

Since Linux 4.16, the build system generates parsers during build. This requires bison 2.0 or later.

Perl

You will need perl 5 and the following modules: Getopt::Long, Getopt::Std, File::Basename, and File::Find to build the kernel.

BC

You will need bc to build kernels 3.10 and higher

OpenSSL

Module signing and external certificate handling use the OpenSSL program and crypto library to do key creation and signature generation.

You will need openssl to build kernels 3.7 and higher if module signing is enabled. You will also need openssl development packages to build kernels 4.3 and higher.

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* System utilities

Architectural changes

DevFS has been obsoleted in favour of udev (https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/hotplug/)

32-bit UID support is now in place. Have fun!

Linux documentation for functions is transitioning to inline documentation via specially-formatted comments near their definitions in the source. These comments can be combined with ReST files the Documentation/ directory to make enriched documentation, which can then be converted to PostScript, HTML, La-Tex, ePUB and PDF files. In order to convert from ReST format to a format of your choice, you'll need Sphinx.

Util-linux

New versions of util-linux provide fdisk support for larger disks, support new options to mount, recognize more supported partition types, have a fdformat which works with 2.4 kernels, and similar goodies. You'll probably want to upgrade.

Ksymoops

If the unthinkable happens and your kernel oopses, you may need the ksymoops tool to decode it, but in most cases you don't. It is generally preferred to build the kernel with CONFIG_KALLSYMS so that it produces readable dumps that can be used as-is (this also produces better output than ksymoops). If for some reason your kernel is not build with CONFIG_KALLSYMS and you have no way to rebuild and reproduce the Oops with that option, then you can still decode that Oops with ksymoops.

Mkinitrd

These changes to the /lib/modules file tree layout also require that mkinitrd be upgraded.

E2fsprogs

The latest version of e2fsprogs fixes several bugs in fsck and debugfs. Obviously, it's a good idea to upgrade.

JFSutils

The jfsutils package contains the utilities for the file system. The following utilities are available:

- fsck.jfs initiate replay of the transaction log, and check and repair a JFS formatted partition.
- mkfs.jfs create a JFS formatted partition.
- other file system utilities are also available in this package.

Reiserfsprogs

The reiserfsprogs package should be used for reiserfs-3.6.x (Linux kernels 2.4.x). It is a combined package and contains working versions of mkreiserfs, resize_reiserfs, debugreiserfs and reiserfsck. These utils work on both i386 and alpha platforms.

Xfsprogs

The latest version of xfsprogs contains mkfs.xfs, xfs_db, and the xfs_repair utilities, among others, for the XFS filesystem. It is architecture independent and any version from 2.0.0 onward should work correctly with this version of the XFS kernel code (2.6.0 or later is recommended, due to some significant improvements).

PCMCIAutils

PCMCIAutils replaces pcmcia-cs. It properly sets up PCMCIA sockets at system startup and loads the appropriate modules for 16-bit PCMCIA devices if the kernel is modularized and the hotplug subsystem is used.

Quota-tools

Support for 32 bit uid's and gid's is required if you want to use the newer version 2 quota format. Quota-tools version 3.07 and newer has this support. Use the recommended version or newer from the table above.

Intel IA32 microcode

A driver has been added to allow updating of Intel IA32 microcode, accessible as a normal (misc) character device. If you are not using udev you may need to:

```
mkdir /dev/cpu
mknod /dev/cpu/microcode c 10 184
chmod 0644 /dev/cpu/microcode
```

as root before you can use this. You'll probably also want to get the user-space microcode ctl utility to use with this.

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udev

udev is a userspace application for populating /dev dynamically with only entries for devices actually present. udev replaces the basic functionality of devfs, while allowing persistent device naming for devices.

FUSE

Needs libfuse 2.4.0 or later. Absolute minimum is 2.3.0 but mount options direct io and kernel cache won't work.

* Networking

General changes

If you have advanced network configuration needs, you should probably consider using the network tools from ip-route2.

Packet Filter / NAT

The packet filtering and NAT code uses the same tools like the previous 2.4.x kernel series (iptables). It still includes backwards-compatibility modules for 2.2.x-style ipchains and 2.0.x-style ipfwadm.

PPP

The PPP driver has been restructured to support multilink and to enable it to operate over diverse media layers. If you use PPP, upgrade pppd to at least 2.4.0.

If you are not using udev, you must have the device file /dev/ppp which can be made by:

mknod /dev/ppp c 108 0

as root.

NFS-utils

In ancient (2.4 and earlier) kernels, the nfs server needed to know about any client that expected to be able to access files via NFS. This information would be given to the kernel by mountd when the client mounted the filesystem, or by exportfs at system startup. exportfs would take information about active clients from /var/lib/nfs/rmtab.

This approach is quite fragile as it depends on rmtab being correct which is not always easy, particularly when trying to implement fail-over. Even when the system is working well, rmtab suffers from getting lots of old entries that never get removed.

With modern kernels we have the option of having the kernel tell mountd when it gets a request from an unknown host, and mountd can give appropriate export information to the kernel. This removes the dependency on rmtab and means that the kernel only needs to know about currently active clients.

To enable this new functionality, you need to:

mount -t nfsd nfsd /proc/fs/nfsd

before running exportfs or mountd. It is recommended that all NFS services be protected from the internet-at-large by a firewall where that is possible.

mcelog

On x86 kernels the mcelog utility is needed to process and log machine check events when CONFIG_X86_MCE is enabled. Machine check events are errors reported by the CPU. Processing them is strongly encouraged.

* Kernel documentation

Sphinx

Please see sphinx_install in Documentation/doc-guide/sphinx.rst for details about Sphinx requirements.

* Getting updated software

* Kernel compilation

gcc

<ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/gcc/>

Clang/LLVM

• Getting LLVM.

Make

<ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/make/>

Binutils

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/devel/binutils/

Flex

https://github.com/westes/flex/releases>

Bison

<ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bison/>

OpenSSL

https://www.openssl.org/

* System utilities

Util-linux

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/

Kmod

- https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/kmod/
- https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/utils/kernel/kmod/kmod/git

Ksymoops

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/ksymoops/v2.4/

Mkinitrd

https://code.launchpad.net/initrd-tools/main

E2fsprogs

- https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/people/tytso/e2fsprogs/>
- https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/ext2/e2fsprogs.git/

JFSutils

http://jfs.sourceforge.net/

Reiserfsprogs

• https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jeffm/reiserfsprogs.git/

Xfsprogs

- https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/xfs/xfsprogs-dev.git
- https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/fs/xfs/xfsprogs/>

Pcmciautils

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/pcmcia/

Quota-tools

http://sourceforge.net/projects/linuxquota/

Intel P6 microcode

https://downloadcenter.intel.com/

udev

https://www.freedesktop.org/software/systemd/man/udev.html

FUSE

https://github.com/libfuse/libfuse/releases>

mcelog

• http://www.mcelog.org/

* Networking

PPP

- https://download.samba.org/pub/ppp/">https://download.samba.org/pub/ppp/
- https://git.ozlabs.org/?p=ppp.git
- https://github.com/paulusmack/ppp/>

NFS-utils

• http://sourceforge.net/project/showfiles.php?group id=14>

Iptables

• https://netfilter.org/projects/iptables/index.html

Ip-route2

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/net/iproute2/

OProfile

http://oprofile.sf.net/download/

NFS-Utils

• http://nfs.sourceforge.net/

* Kernel documentation

Sphinx

https://www.sphinx-doc.org/

SUBMITTING DRIVERS FOR THE LINUX KERNEL

This document is intended to explain how to submit device drivers to the various kernel trees. Note that if you are interested in video card drivers you should probably talk to XFree86 (https://www.xfree86.org/) and/or X.Org (https://x.org/) instead.

Note: This document is old and has seen little maintenance in recent years; it should probably be updated or, perhaps better, just deleted. Most of what is here can be found in the other development documents anyway.

Oh, and we don't really recommend submitting changes to XFree86:)

Also read the Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel document.

* Allocating Device Numbers

Major and minor numbers for block and character devices are allocated by the Linux assigned name and number authority (currently this is Torben Mathiasen). The site is https://www.lanana.org/. This also deals with allocating numbers for devices that are not going to be submitted to the mainstream kernel. See Documentation/admin-guide/devices.rst for more information on this.

If you don't use assigned numbers then when your device is submitted it will be given an assigned number even if that is different from values you may have shipped to customers before.

* Who To Submit Drivers To

Linux 2.0:

No new drivers are accepted for this kernel tree.

Linux 2.2.

No new drivers are accepted for this kernel tree.

Linux 2.4:

If the code area has a general maintainer then please submit it to the maintainer listed in MAINTAINERS in the kernel file. If the maintainer does not

respond or you cannot find the appropriate maintainer then please contact Willy Tarreau <w@1wt.eu>.

Linux 2.6 and upper:

The same rules apply as 2.4 except that you should follow linux-kernel to track changes in API's. The final contact point for Linux 2.6+ submissions is Andrew Morton.

* What Criteria Determine Acceptance

Licensing:

The code must be released to us under the GNU General Public License. If you wish the driver to be useful to other communities such as BSD you may release under multiple licenses. If you choose to release under licenses other than the GPL, you should include your rationale for your license choices in your cover letter. See accepted licenses at include/linux/module.h

Copyright:

The copyright owner must agree to use of GPL. It's best if the submitter and copyright owner are the same person/entity. If not, the name of the person/entity authorizing use of GPL should be listed in case it's necessary to verify the will of the copyright owner.

Interfaces:

If your driver uses existing interfaces and behaves like other drivers in the same class it will be much more likely to be accepted than if it invents gratuitous new ones. If you need to implement a common API over Linux and NT drivers do it in userspace.

Code:

Please use the Linux style of code formatting as documented in Linux kernel coding style. If you have sections of code that need to be in other formats, for example because they are shared with a windows driver kit and you want to maintain them just once separate them out nicely and note this fact.

Portability:

Pointers are not always 32bits, not all computers are little endian, people do not all have floating point and you shouldn't use inline x86 assembler in your driver without careful thought. Pure x86 drivers generally are not popular. If you only have x86 hardware it is hard to test portability but it is easy to make sure the code can easily be made portable.

Clarity:

It helps if anyone can see how to fix the driver. It helps you because you get patches not bug reports. If you submit a driver that intentionally obfuscates how the hardware works it will go in the bitbucket.

PM support:

Since Linux is used on many portable and desktop systems, your driver is likely to be used on such a system and therefore it should support basic power management by implementing, if necessary, the .suspend and .resume methods used during the system-wide suspend and resume transitions. You should verify that your driver correctly handles the suspend

and resume, but if you are unable to ensure that, please at least define the .suspend method returning the -ENOSYS ("Function not implemented") error. You should also try to make sure that your driver uses as little power as possible when it's not doing anything. For the driver testing instructions see Documentation/power/drivers-testing.rst and for a relatively complete overview of the power management issues related to drivers see Documentation/driver-api/pm/devices.rst.

Control:

In general if there is active maintenance of a driver by the author then patches will be redirected to them unless they are totally obvious and without need of checking. If you want to be the contact and update point for the driver it is a good idea to state this in the comments, and include an entry in MAINTAIN-ERS for your driver.

* What Criteria Do Not Determine Acceptance

Vendor:

Being the hardware vendor and maintaining the driver is often a good thing. If there is a stable working driver from other people already in the tree don't expect 'we are the vendor' to get your driver chosen. Ideally work with the existing driver author to build a single perfect driver.

Author:

It doesn't matter if a large Linux company wrote the driver, or you did. Nobody has any special access to the kernel tree. Anyone who tells you otherwise isn't telling the whole story.

* Resources

Linux kernel master tree:

ftp.country_code.kernel.org:/pub/linux/kernel/···

where *country code* == your country code, such as **us**, **uk**, **fr**, etc.

https://git.kernel.org/?p=linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git

Linux kernel mailing list:

 $\label{linux-kernel} \begin{tabular}{ll} linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org & [mail majordomo@vger.kernel.org & subscribe] \end{tabular}$

Linux Device Drivers, Third Edition (covers 2.6.10):

https://lwn.net/Kernel/LDD3/ (free version)

LWN.net:

Weekly summary of kernel development activity - https://lwn.net/

2.6 API changes:

https://lwn.net/Articles/2.6-kernel-api/

Porting drivers from prior kernels to 2.6:

https://lwn.net/Articles/driver-porting/

KernelNewbies:

Documentation and assistance for new kernel programmers

https://kernelnewbies.org/

Linux USB project:

http://www.linux-usb.org/

How to NOT write kernel driver by Arjan van de Ven:

http://www.fenrus.org/how-to-not-write-a-device-driver-paper.pdf

Kernel Janitor:

https://kernelnewbies.org/KernelJanitors

GIT, Fast Version Control System:

https://git-scm.com/

THE LINUX KERNEL DRIVER INTERFACE

(all of your questions answered and then some)

Greg Kroah-Hartman < greg@kroah.com >

This is being written to try to explain why Linux **does not have a binary kernel interface**, **nor does it have a stable kernel interface**.

Note: Please realize that this article describes the **in kernel** interfaces, not the kernel to userspace interfaces.

The kernel to userspace interface is the one that application programs use, the syscall interface. That interface is **very** stable over time, and will not break. I have old programs that were built on a pre 0.9something kernel that still work just fine on the latest 2.6 kernel release. That interface is the one that users and application programmers can count on being stable.

* Executive Summary

You think you want a stable kernel interface, but you really do not, and you don't even know it. What you want is a stable running driver, and you get that only if your driver is in the main kernel tree. You also get lots of other good benefits if your driver is in the main kernel tree, all of which has made Linux into such a strong, stable, and mature operating system which is the reason you are using it in the first place.

* Intro

It's only the odd person who wants to write a kernel driver that needs to worry about the in-kernel interfaces changing. For the majority of the world, they neither see this interface, nor do they care about it at all.

First off, I' m not going to address **any** legal issues about closed source, hidden source, binary blobs, source wrappers, or any other term that describes kernel drivers that do not have their source code released under the GPL. Please consult a lawyer if you have any legal questions, I' m a programmer and hence, I' m just going to be describing the technical issues here (not to make light of the legal issues, they are real, and you do need to be aware of them at all times.)

So, there are two main topics here, binary kernel interfaces and stable kernel source interfaces. They both depend on each other, but we will discuss the binary stuff first to get it out of the way.

* Binary Kernel Interface

Assuming that we had a stable kernel source interface for the kernel, a binary interface would naturally happen too, right? Wrong. Please consider the following facts about the Linux kernel:

- Depending on the version of the C compiler you use, different kernel data structures will contain different alignment of structures, and possibly include different functions in different ways (putting functions inline or not.) The individual function organization isn't that important, but the different data structure padding is very important.
- Depending on what kernel build options you select, a wide range of different things can be assumed by the kernel:
 - different structures can contain different fields
 - Some functions may not be implemented at all, (i.e. some locks compile away to nothing for non-SMP builds.)
 - Memory within the kernel can be aligned in different ways, depending on the build options.
- Linux runs on a wide range of different processor architectures. There is no way that binary drivers from one architecture will run on another architecture properly.

Now a number of these issues can be addressed by simply compiling your module for the exact specific kernel configuration, using the same exact C compiler that the kernel was built with. This is sufficient if you want to provide a module for a specific release version of a specific Linux distribution. But multiply that single build by the number of different Linux distributions and the number of different supported releases of the Linux distribution and you quickly have a nightmare of different build options on different releases. Also realize that each Linux distribution release contains a number of different kernels, all tuned to different hardware types (different processor types and different options), so for even a single release you will need to create multiple versions of your module.

Trust me, you will go insane over time if you try to support this kind of release, I learned this the hard way a long time ago…

* Stable Kernel Source Interfaces

This is a much more "volatile" topic if you talk to people who try to keep a Linux kernel driver that is not in the main kernel tree up to date over time.

Linux kernel development is continuous and at a rapid pace, never stopping to slow down. As such, the kernel developers find bugs in current interfaces, or figure out a better way to do things. If they do that, they then fix the current interfaces to work better. When they do so, function names may change, structures may grow or shrink, and function parameters may be reworked. If this happens, all of the instances of where this interface is used within the kernel are fixed up at the same time, ensuring that everything continues to work properly.

As a specific examples of this, the in-kernel USB interfaces have undergone at least three different reworks over the lifetime of this subsystem. These reworks were done to address a number of different issues:

- A change from a synchronous model of data streams to an asynchronous one. This reduced the complexity of a number of drivers and increased the throughput of all USB drivers such that we are now running almost all USB devices at their maximum speed possible.
- A change was made in the way data packets were allocated from the USB core by USB drivers so that all drivers now needed to provide more information to the USB core to fix a number of documented deadlocks.

This is in stark contrast to a number of closed source operating systems which have had to maintain their older USB interfaces over time. This provides the ability for new developers to accidentally use the old interfaces and do things in improper ways, causing the stability of the operating system to suffer.

In both of these instances, all developers agreed that these were important changes that needed to be made, and they were made, with relatively little pain. If Linux had to ensure that it will preserve a stable source interface, a new interface would have been created, and the older, broken one would have had to be maintained over time, leading to extra work for the USB developers. Since all Linux USB developers do their work on their own time, asking programmers to do extra work for no gain, for free, is not a possibility.

Security issues are also very important for Linux. When a security issue is found, it is fixed in a very short amount of time. A number of times this has caused internal kernel interfaces to be reworked to prevent the security problem from occurring. When this happens, all drivers that use the interfaces were also fixed at the same time, ensuring that the security problem was fixed and could not come back at some future time accidentally. If the internal interfaces were not allowed to change, fixing this kind of security problem and insuring that it could not happen again would not be possible.

Kernel interfaces are cleaned up over time. If there is no one using a current interface, it is deleted. This ensures that the kernel remains as small as possible, and that all potential interfaces are tested as well as they can be (unused interfaces are pretty much impossible to test for validity.)

* What to do

So, if you have a Linux kernel driver that is not in the main kernel tree, what are you, a developer, supposed to do? Releasing a binary driver for every different kernel version for every distribution is a nightmare, and trying to keep up with an ever changing kernel interface is also a rough job.

Simple, get your kernel driver into the main kernel tree (remember we are talking about drivers released under a GPL-compatible license here, if your code doesn't fall under this category, good luck, you are on your own here, you leech). If your driver is in the tree, and a kernel interface changes, it will be fixed up by the person who did the kernel change in the first place. This ensures that your driver is always buildable, and works over time, with very little effort on your part.

The very good side effects of having your driver in the main kernel tree are:

- The quality of the driver will rise as the maintenance costs (to the original developer) will decrease.
- Other developers will add features to your driver.
- Other people will find and fix bugs in your driver.
- Other people will find tuning opportunities in your driver.
- Other people will update the driver for you when external interface changes require it.
- The driver automatically gets shipped in all Linux distributions without having to ask the distros to add it.

As Linux supports a larger number of different devices "out of the box" than any other operating system, and it supports these devices on more different processor architectures than any other operating system, this proven type of development model must be doing something right:)

Thanks to Randy Dunlap, Andrew Morton, David Brownell, Hanna Linder, Robert Love, and Nishanth Aravamudan for their review and comments on early drafts of this paper.

LINUX KERNEL MANAGEMENT STYLE

This is a short document describing the preferred (or made up, depending on who you ask) management style for the linux kernel. It's meant to mirror the *process/coding-style.rst* document to some degree, and mainly written to avoid answering¹ the same (or similar) questions over and over again.

Management style is very personal and much harder to quantify than simple coding style rules, so this document may or may not have anything to do with reality. It started as a lark, but that doesn't mean that it might not actually be true. You'll have to decide for yourself.

Btw, when talking about "kernel manager", it's all about the technical lead persons, not the people who do traditional management inside companies. If you sign purchase orders or you have any clue about the budget of your group, you're almost certainly not a kernel manager. These suggestions may or may not apply to you.

First off, I'd suggest buying "Seven Habits of Highly Effective People", and NOT read it. Burn it, it's a great symbolic gesture.

Anyway, here goes:

* 1) Decisions

Everybody thinks managers make decisions, and that decision-making is important. The bigger and more painful the decision, the bigger the manager must be to make it. That's very deep and obvious, but it's not actually true.

The name of the game is to **avoid** having to make a decision. In particular, if somebody tells you "choose (a) or (b), we really need you to decide on this", you' re in trouble as a manager. The people you manage had better know the details better than you, so if they come to you for a technical decision, you' re screwed. You' re clearly not competent to make that decision for them.

(Corollary:if the people you manage don't know the details better than you, you're also screwed, although for a totally different reason. Namely that you are in the wrong job, and that **they** should be managing your brilliance instead).

So the name of the game is to **avoid** decisions, at least the big and painful ones. Making small and non-consequential decisions is fine, and makes you look like you

¹ This document does so not so much by answering the question, but by making it painfully obvious to the questioner that we don't have a clue to what the answer is.

know what you' re doing, so what a kernel manager needs to do is to turn the big and painful ones into small things where nobody really cares.

It helps to realize that the key difference between a big decision and a small one is whether you can fix your decision afterwards. Any decision can be made small by just always making sure that if you were wrong (and you **will** be wrong), you can always undo the damage later by backtracking. Suddenly, you get to be doubly managerial for making **two** inconsequential decisions - the wrong one **and** the right one.

And people will even see that as true leadership (cough bullshit cough).

Thus the key to avoiding big decisions becomes to just avoiding to do things that can't be undone. Don't get ushered into a corner from which you cannot escape. A cornered rat may be dangerous - a cornered manager is just pitiful.

It turns out that since nobody would be stupid enough to ever really let a kernel manager have huge fiscal responsibility **anyway**, it's usually fairly easy to backtrack. Since you're not going to be able to waste huge amounts of money that you might not be able to repay, the only thing you can backtrack on is a technical decision, and there back-tracking is very easy: just tell everybody that you were an incompetent nincompoop, say you're sorry, and undo all the worthless work you had people work on for the last year. Suddenly the decision you made a year ago wasn't a big decision after all, since it could be easily undone.

It turns out that some people have trouble with this approach, for two reasons:

- admitting you were an idiot is harder than it looks. We all like to maintain appearances, and coming out in public to say that you were wrong is sometimes very hard indeed.
- having somebody tell you that what you worked on for the last year wasn't
 worthwhile after all can be hard on the poor lowly engineers too, and while
 the actual work was easy enough to undo by just deleting it, you may have
 irrevocably lost the trust of that engineer. And remember: "irrevocable" was
 what we tried to avoid in the first place, and your decision ended up being a
 big one after all.

Happily, both of these reasons can be mitigated effectively by just admitting upfront that you don't have a friggin' clue, and telling people ahead of the fact that your decision is purely preliminary, and might be the wrong thing. You should always reserve the right to change your mind, and make people very **aware** of that. And it's much easier to admit that you are stupid when you haven't **yet** done the really stupid thing.

Then, when it really does turn out to be stupid, people just roll their eyes and say "Oops, not again".

This preemptive admission of incompetence might also make the people who actually do the work also think twice about whether it's worth doing or not. After all, if **they** aren't certain whether it's a good idea, you sure as hell shouldn't encourage them by promising them that what they work on will be included. Make them at least think twice before they embark on a big endeavor.

Remember: they' d better know more about the details than you do, and they usually already think they have the answer to everything. The best thing you can

do as a manager is not to instill confidence, but rather a healthy dose of critical thinking on what they do.

Btw, another way to avoid a decision is to plaintively just whine "can't we just do both?" and look pitiful. Trust me, it works. If it's not clear which approach is better, they'll eventually figure it out. The answer may end up being that both teams get so frustrated by the situation that they just give up.

That may sound like a failure, but it's usually a sign that there was something wrong with both projects, and the reason the people involved couldn't decide was that they were both wrong. You end up coming up smelling like roses, and you avoided yet another decision that you could have screwed up on.

* 2) People

Most people are idiots, and being a manager means you'll have to deal with it, and perhaps more importantly, that **they** have to deal with **you**.

It turns out that while it's easy to undo technical mistakes, it's not as easy to undo personality disorders. You just have to live with theirs - and yours.

However, in order to prepare yourself as a kernel manager, it's best to remember not to burn any bridges, bomb any innocent villagers, or alienate too many kernel developers. It turns out that alienating people is fairly easy, and un-alienating them is hard. Thus "alienating" immediately falls under the heading of "not reversible", and becomes a no-no according to 1) Decisions.

There's just a few simple rules here:

- (1) don't call people d*ckheads (at least not in public)
- (2) learn how to apologize when you forgot rule (1)

The problem with #1 is that it's very easy to do, since you can say "you' re a d*ckhead" in millions of different ways², sometimes without even realizing it, and almost always with a white-hot conviction that you are right.

And the more convinced you are that you are right (and let's face it, you can call just about **anybody** a d*ckhead, and you often **will** be right), the harder it ends up being to apologize afterwards.

To solve this problem, you really only have two options:

- get really good at apologies
- spread the "love" out so evenly that nobody really ends up feeling like they get unfairly targeted. Make it inventive enough, and they might even be amused.

The option of being unfailingly polite really doesn't exist. Nobody will trust somebody who is so clearly hiding their true character.

*. 2) People 161

 $^{^2}$ Paul Simon sang "Fifty Ways to Leave Your Lover", because quite frankly, "A Million Ways to Tell a Developer They're a D*ckhead" doesn't scan nearly as well. But I'm sure he thought about it

* 3) People II - the Good Kind

While it turns out that most people are idiots, the corollary to that is sadly that you are one too, and that while we can all bask in the secure knowledge that we' re better than the average person (let's face it, nobody ever believes that they' re average or below-average), we should also admit that we're not the sharpest knife around, and there will be other people that are less of an idiot than you are.

Some people react badly to smart people. Others take advantage of them.

Make sure that you, as a kernel maintainer, are in the second group. Suck up to them, because they are the people who will make your job easier. In particular, they'll be able to make your decisions for you, which is what the game is all about.

So when you find somebody smarter than you are, just coast along. Your management responsibilities largely become ones of saying "Sounds like a good idea go wild", or "That sounds good, but what about xxx?". The second version in particular is a great way to either learn something new about "xxx" or seem **extra** managerial by pointing out something the smarter person hadn't thought about. In either case, you win.

One thing to look out for is to realize that greatness in one area does not necessarily translate to other areas. So you might prod people in specific directions, but let's face it, they might be good at what they do, and suck at everything else. The good news is that people tend to naturally gravitate back to what they are good at, so it's not like you are doing something irreversible when you **do** prod them in some direction, just don't push too hard.

* 4) Placing blame

Things will go wrong, and people want somebody to blame. Tag, you' re it.

It's not actually that hard to accept the blame, especially if people kind of realize that it wasn't **all** your fault. Which brings us to the best way of taking the blame: do it for someone else. You'll feel good for taking the fall, they'll feel good about not getting blamed, and the person who lost their whole 36GB porn-collection because of your incompetence will grudgingly admit that you at least didn't try to weasel out of it.

Then make the developer who really screwed up (if you can find them) know **in private** that they screwed up. Not just so they can avoid it in the future, but so that they know they owe you one. And, perhaps even more importantly, they' re also likely the person who can fix it. Because, let's face it, it sure ain't you.

Taking the blame is also why you get to be manager in the first place. It's part of what makes people trust you, and allow you the potential glory, because you're the one who gets to say "I screwed up". And if you've followed the previous rules, you'll be pretty good at saying that by now.

* 5) Things to avoid

There's one thing people hate even more than being called "d*ckhead", and that is being called a "d*ckhead" in a sanctimonious voice. The first you can apologize for, the second one you won't really get the chance. They likely will no longer be listening even if you otherwise do a good job.

We all think we're better than anybody else, which means that when somebody else puts on airs, it **really** rubs us the wrong way. You may be morally and intellectually superior to everybody around you, but don't try to make it too obvious unless you really **intend** to irritate somebody³.

Similarly, don't be too polite or subtle about things. Politeness easily ends up going overboard and hiding the problem, and as they say, "On the internet, nobody can hear you being subtle". Use a big blunt object to hammer the point in, because you can't really depend on people getting your point otherwise.

Some humor can help pad both the bluntness and the moralizing. Going overboard to the point of being ridiculous can drive a point home without making it painful to the recipient, who just thinks you' re being silly. It can thus help get through the personal mental block we all have about criticism.

* 6) Why me?

Since your main responsibility seems to be to take the blame for other peoples mistakes, and make it painfully obvious to everybody else that you're incompetent, the obvious question becomes one of why do it in the first place?

First off, while you may or may not get screaming teenage girls (or boys, let's not be judgmental or sexist here) knocking on your dressing room door, you **will** get an immense feeling of personal accomplishment for being "in charge". Never mind the fact that you're really leading by trying to keep up with everybody else and running after them as fast as you can. Everybody will still think you're the person in charge.

It's a great job if you can hack it.

³ Hint: internet newsgroups that are not directly related to your work are great ways to take out your frustrations at other people. Write insulting posts with a sneer just to get into a good flame every once in a while, and you'll feel cleansed. Just don't crap too close to home.

EVERYTHING YOU EVER WANTED TO KNOW ABOUT LINUX -STABLE RELEASES

Rules on what kind of patches are accepted, and which ones are not, into the "stable" tree:

- It must be obviously correct and tested.
- It cannot be bigger than 100 lines, with context.
- It must fix only one thing.
- It must fix a real bug that bothers people (not a, "This could be a problem." type thing).
- It must fix a problem that causes a build error (but not for things marked CONFIG_BROKEN), an oops, a hang, data corruption, a real security issue, or some "oh, that's not good" issue. In short, something critical.
- Serious issues as reported by a user of a distribution kernel may also be considered if they fix a notable performance or interactivity issue. As these fixes are not as obvious and have a higher risk of a subtle regression they should only be submitted by a distribution kernel maintainer and include an addendum linking to a bugzilla entry if it exists and additional information on the user-visible impact.
- New device IDs and guirks are also accepted.
- No "theoretical race condition" issues, unless an explanation of how the race can be exploited is also provided.
- It cannot contain any "trivial" fixes in it (spelling changes, whitespace cleanups, etc).
- It must follow the Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel rules.
- It or an equivalent fix must already exist in Linus' tree (upstream).

* Procedure for submitting patches to the -stable tree

• Security patches should not be handled (solely) by the -stable review process but should follow the procedures in Documentation/admin-guide/security-bugs.rst.

* For all other submissions, choose one of the following procedures

* Option 1

To have the patch automatically included in the stable tree, add the tag

Cc: stable@vger.kernel.org

in the sign-off area. Once the patch is merged it will be applied to the stable tree without anything else needing to be done by the author or subsystem maintainer.

* Option 2

After the patch has been merged to Linus' tree, send an email to stable@vger.kernel.org containing the subject of the patch, the commit ID, why you think it should be applied, and what kernel version you wish it to be applied to.

* Option 3

Send the patch, after verifying that it follows the above rules, to stable@vger.kernel.org. You must note the upstream commit ID in the changelog of your submission, as well as the kernel version you wish it to be applied to.

Option 1 is **strongly** preferred, is the easiest and most common. Option 2 and Option 3 are more useful if the patch isn't deemed worthy at the time it is applied to a public git tree (for instance, because it deserves more regression testing first). Option 3 is especially useful if the patch needs some special handling to apply to an older kernel (e.g., if API's have changed in the meantime).

Note that for *Option 3*, if the patch deviates from the original upstream patch (for example because it had to be backported) this must be very clearly documented and justified in the patch description.

The upstream commit ID must be specified with a separate line above the commit text, like this:

commit <shal> upstream.

Additionally, some patches submitted via *Option 1* may have additional patch prerequisites which can be cherry-picked. This can be specified in the following format in the sign-off area:

The tag sequence has the meaning of:

```
git cherry-pick alf84a3
git cherry-pick 1b9508f
git cherry-pick fd21073
git cherry-pick <this commit>
```

Also, some patches may have kernel version prerequisites. This can be specified in the following format in the sign-off area:

```
Cc: <stable@vger.kernel.org> # 3.3.x
```

The tag has the meaning of:

```
git cherry-pick <this commit>
```

For each "-stable" tree starting with the specified version.

Following the submission:

- The sender will receive an ACK when the patch has been accepted into the queue, or a NAK if the patch is rejected. This response might take a few days, according to the developer's schedules.
- If accepted, the patch will be added to the -stable queue, for review by other developers and by the relevant subsystem maintainer.

* Review cycle

- When the -stable maintainers decide for a review cycle, the patches will be sent to the review committee, and the maintainer of the affected area of the patch (unless the submitter is the maintainer of the area) and CC: to the linux-kernel mailing list.
- The review committee has 48 hours in which to ACK or NAK the patch.
- If the patch is rejected by a member of the committee, or linux-kernel members object to the patch, bringing up issues that the maintainers and members did not realize, the patch will be dropped from the queue.
- At the end of the review cycle, the ACKed patches will be added to the latest -stable release, and a new -stable release will happen.
- Security patches will be accepted into the -stable tree directly from the security kernel team, and not go through the normal review cycle. Contact the kernel security team for more details on this procedure.

* Trees

• The queues of patches, for both completed versions and in progress versions can be found at:

https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/stable/stable-queue.git

• The finalized and tagged releases of all stable kernels can be found in separate branches per version at:

https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/stable/linux.git

• The release candidate of all stable kernel versions can be found at:

https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/stable/linux-stable-rc.git/

Warning: The -stable-rc tree is a snapshot in time of the stable-queue tree and will change frequently, hence will be rebased often. It should only be used for testing purposes (e.g. to be consumed by CI systems).

* Review committee

• This is made up of a number of kernel developers who have volunteered for this task, and a few that haven't.

LINUX KERNEL PATCH SUBMISSION CHECKLIST

Here are some basic things that developers should do if they want to see their kernel patch submissions accepted more quickly.

These are all above and beyond the documentation that is provided in Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel and elsewhere regarding submitting Linux kernel patches.

- 1) If you use a facility then #include the file that defines/declares that facility. Don't depend on other header files pulling in ones that you use.
- 2) Builds cleanly:
- a) with applicable or modified CONFIG options =y, =m, and =n. No gcc warnings/errors, no linker warnings/errors.
- b) Passes allnoconfig, allmodconfig
- c) Builds successfully when using O=builddir
- d) Any Documentation/changes build successfully without new warnings/errors. Use make htmldocs or make pdfdocs to check the build and fix any issues.
- 3) Builds on multiple CPU architectures by using local cross-compile tools or some other build farm.
- 4) ppc64 is a good architecture for cross-compilation checking because it tends to use unsigned long for 64-bit quantities.
- 5) Check your patch for general style as detailed in Linux kernel coding style. Check for trivial violations with the patch style checker prior to submission (scripts/checkpatch.pl). You should be able to justify all violations that remain in your patch.
- 6) Any new or modified CONFIG options do not muck up the config menu and default to off unless they meet the exception criteria documented in Documentation/kbuild/kconfig-language.rst Menu attributes: default value.
- 7) All new Kconfig options have help text.
- 8) Has been carefully reviewed with respect to relevant Kconfig combinations. This is very hard to get right with testing brainpower pays off here.
- 9) Check cleanly with sparse.
- 10) Use make checkstack and fix any problems that it finds.

Note: checkstack does not point out problems explicitly, but any one function that uses more than 512 bytes on the stack is a candidate for change.

- 11) Include kernel-doc to document global kernel APIs. (Not required for static functions, but OK there also.) Use make htmldocs or make pdfdocs to check the kernel-doc and fix any issues.
- 12) Has been tested with CONFIG_PREEMPT, CONFIG_DEBUG_PREEMPT, CONFIG_DEBUG_SLAB, CONFIG_DEBUG_PAGEALLOC, CONFIG_DEBUG_MUTEXES, CONFIG_DEBUG_SPINLOCK, CONFIG_DEBUG_ATOMIC_SLEEP, CONFIG_PROVE_RCU and CONFIG_DEBUG_OBJECTS RCU HEAD all simultaneously enabled.
- 13) Has been build- and runtime tested with and without CONFIG_SMP and CONFIG PREEMPT.
- 16) All codepaths have been exercised with all lockdep features enabled.
- 17) All new /proc entries are documented under Documentation/
- 18) All new kernel boot parameters are documented in Documentation/admin-guide/kernel-parameters.rst.
- 19) All new module parameters are documented with MODULE_PARM_DESC()
- 20) All new userspace interfaces are documented in Documentation/ABI/. See Documentation/ABI/README for more information. Patches that change userspace interfaces should be CCed to linux-api@vger.kernel.org.
- 21) Check that it all passes make headers check.
- 22) Has been checked with injection of at least slab and page-allocation failures. See Documentation/fault-injection/.
 - If the new code is substantial, addition of subsystem-specific fault injection might be appropriate.
- 23) Newly-added code has been compiled with gcc -W (use make EXTRA_CFLAGS=-W). This will generate lots of noise, but is good for finding bugs like "warning: comparison between signed and unsigned".
- 24) Tested after it has been merged into the -mm patchset to make sure that it still works with all of the other queued patches and various changes in the VM, VFS, and other subsystems.
- 25) All memory barriers {e.g., barrier(), rmb(), wmb()} need a comment in the source code that explains the logic of what they are doing and why.
- 26) If any ioctl's are added by the patch, then also update Documentation/userspace-api/ioctl/ioctl-number.rst.
- 27) If your modified source code depends on or uses any of the kernel APIs or features that are related to the following Kconfig symbols, then test multiple builds with the related Kconfig symbols disabled and/or =m (if that option is available) [not all of these at the same time, just various/random combinations of them]:
 - CONFIG_SMP, CONFIG_SYSFS, CONFIG_PROC_FS, CONFIG_INPUT, CONFIG_PCI, CONFIG_BLOCK, CONFIG_PM, CONFIG_MAGIC_SYSRQ, CONFIG_NET,

 ${\tt CONFIG_INET=n~(but~latter~with~CONFIG_NET=y)}.$

| Linux Process Documentation | | | |
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INDEX OF DOCUMENTATION FOR PEOPLE INTERESTED IN WRITING AND/OR UNDERSTANDING THE LINUX KERNEL

Juan-Mariano de Goyeneche <jmseyas@dit.upm.es>

The need for a document like this one became apparent in the linux-kernel mailing list as the same questions, asking for pointers to information, appeared again and again.

Fortunately, as more and more people get to GNU/Linux, more and more get interested in the Kernel. But reading the sources is not always enough. It is easy to understand the code, but miss the concepts, the philosophy and design decisions behind this code.

Unfortunately, not many documents are available for beginners to start. And, even if they exist, there was no "well-known" place which kept track of them. These lines try to cover this lack. All documents available on line known by the author are listed, while some reference books are also mentioned.

PLEASE, if you know any paper not listed here or write a new document, send me an e-mail, and I'll include a reference to it here. Any corrections, ideas or comments are also welcomed.

The papers that follow are listed in no particular order. All are cataloged with the following fields: the document's "Title", the "Author"/s, the "URL" where they can be found, some "Keywords" helpful when searching for specific topics, and a brief "Description" of the Document.

Enjoy!

Note: The documents on each section of this document are ordered by its published date, from the newest to the oldest.

* Docs at the Linux Kernel tree

The Sphinx books should be built with make {htmldocs | pdfdocs | epubdocs}.

• Name: linux/Documentation

Author

Many.

Location

Documentation/

Keywords

text files, Sphinx.

Description

Documentation that comes with the kernel sources, inside the Documentation directory. Some pages from this document (including this document itself) have been moved there, and might be more up to date than the web version.

* On-line docs

• Title: Linux Kernel Mailing List Glossary

Author

various

URI.

https://kernelnewbies.org/KernelGlossary

Date

rolling version

Keywords

glossary, terms, linux-kernel.

Description

From the introduction: "This glossary is intended as a brief description of some of the acronyms and terms you may hear during discussion of the Linux kernel".

• Title: Tracing the Way of Data in a TCP Connection through the Linux Kernel

Author

Richard Sailer

TIRI

https://archive.org/details/linux kernel data flow short paper

Date

2016

Keywords

Linux Kernel Networking, TCP, tracing, ftrace

Description

A seminar paper explaining ftrace and how to use it for understanding linux kernel internals, illustrated at tracing the way of a TCP packet through the kernel.

Abstract

This short paper outlines the usage of ftrace a tracing framework as a tool to understand a running Linux system. Having obtained a trace-log a kernel hacker can read and understand source code more determined and with context. In a detailed example this approach is demonstrated in tracing and the way of data in a TCP Connection through the kernel. Finally this trace-log is used as base for more a exact conceptual exploration and description of the Linux TCP/IP implementation.

• Title: On submitting kernel Patches

Author

Andi Kleen

URL

http://halobates.de/on-submitting-kernel-patches.pdf

Date

2008

Keywords

patches, review process, types of submissions, basic rules, case studies

Description

This paper gives several experience values on what types of patches there are and how likley they get merged.

Abstract

[···]. This paper examines some common problems for submitting larger changes and some strategies to avoid problems.

• Title: Linux Device Drivers, Third Edition

Author

Jonathan Corbet, Alessandro Rubini, Greg Kroah-Hartman

URI.

https://lwn.net/Kernel/LDD3/

Date

2005

Description

A 600-page book covering the (2.6.10) driver programming API and kernel hacking in general. Available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 2.0 license.

note

You can also purchase a copy from O' Reilly or elsewhere.

• Title: Writing an ALSA Driver

*. On-line docs 175

Author

Takashi Iwai <tiwai@suse.de>

URI.

http://www.alsa-project.org/~iwai/writing-an-alsa-driver/index.

Date

2005

Keywords

ALSA, sound, soundcard, driver, lowlevel, hardware.

Description

Advanced Linux Sound Architecture for developers, both at kernel and user-level sides. ALSA is the Linux kernel sound architecture in the 2.6 kernel version.

• Title: Linux PCMCIA Programmer's Guide

Author

David Hinds.

URL

http://pcmcia-cs.sourceforge.net/ftp/doc/PCMCIA-PROG.html

Date

2003

Keywords

PCMCIA.

Description

"This document describes how to write kernel device drivers for the Linux PCMCIA Card Services interface. It also describes how to write user-mode utilities for communicating with Card Services.

• Title: Linux Kernel Module Programming Guide

Author

Ori Pomerantz.

URL

https://tldp.org/LDP/lkmpg/2.6/html/index.html

Date

2001

Keywords

modules, GPL book, /proc, ioctls, system calls, interrupt handlers

Description

Very nice 92 pages GPL book on the topic of modules programming. Lots of examples.

• Title: Global spinlock list and usage

Author

Rick Lindsley.

URI.

http://lse.sourceforge.net/lockhier/global-spin-lock

Date

2001

Keywords

spinlock.

Description

This is an attempt to document both the existence and usage of the spinlocks in the Linux 2.4.5 kernel. Comprehensive list of spinlocks showing when they are used, which functions access them, how each lock is acquired, under what conditions it is held, whether interrupts can occur or not while it is held…

• Title: A Linux vm README

Author

Kanoj Sarcar.

URI

http://kos.enix.org/pub/linux-vmm.html

Date

2001

Keywords

virtual memory, mm, pgd, vma, page, page flags, page cache, swap cache, kswapd.

Description

Telegraphic, short descriptions and definitions relating the Linux virtual memory implementation.

• Title: Video4linux Drivers, Part 1: Video-Capture Device

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/406

Date

2000

Keywords

video4linux, driver, video capture, capture devices, camera driver.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: Video4linux Drivers, Part 2: Video-capture Devices

Author

Alan Cox.

*. On-line docs 177

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/429

Date

2000

Keywords

video4linux, driver, video capture, capture devices, camera driver, control, query capabilities, capability, facility.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: Linux IP Networking. A Guide to the Implementation and Modification of the Linux Protocol Stack.

Author

Glenn Herrin.

URI.

http://www.cs.unh.edu/cnrg/gherrin

Date

2000

Keywords

network, networking, protocol, IP, UDP, TCP, connection, socket, receiving, transmitting, forwarding, routing, packets, modules, /proc, sk buff, FIB, tags.

Description

Excellent paper devoted to the Linux IP Networking, explaining anything from the kernel's to the user space configuration tools' code. Very good to get a general overview of the kernel networking implementation and understand all steps packets follow from the time they are received at the network device till they are delivered to applications. The studied kernel code is from 2.2.14 version. Provides code for a working packet dropper example.

Title: How To Make Sure Your Driver Will Work On The Power Macintosh

Author

Paul Mackerras.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/261

Date

1999

Keywords

Mac, Power Macintosh, porting, drivers, compatibility.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: An Introduction to SCSI Drivers

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/284

Date

1999

Keywords

SCSI, device, driver.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: Advanced SCSI Drivers And Other Tales

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/307

Date

1999

Keywords

SCSI, device, driver, advanced.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: Writing Linux Mouse Drivers

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/330

Date

1999

Keywords

mouse, driver, gpm.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: More on Mouse Drivers

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/356

Date

1999

Keywords

mouse, driver, gpm, races, asynchronous I/O.

*. On-line docs 179

Description

The title still says it all.

• Title: Writing Video4linux Radio Driver

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

http://www.linux-mag.com/id/381

Date

1999

Keywords

video4linux, driver, radio, radio devices.

Description

The title says it all.

• Title: I/O Event Handling Under Linux

Author

Richard Gooch.

URI

https://web.mit.edu/~yandros/doc/io-events.html

Date

1999

Keywords

IO, I/O, select(2), poll(2), FDs, aio_read(2), readiness event queues.

Description

From the Introduction: "I/O Event handling is about how your Operating System allows you to manage a large number of open files (file descriptors in UNIX/POSIX, or FDs) in your application. You want the OS to notify you when FDs become active (have data ready to be read or are ready for writing). Ideally you want a mechanism that is scalable. This means a large number of inactive FDs cost very little in memory and CPU time to manage"

• Title: (nearly) Complete Linux Loadable Kernel Modules. The definitive guide for hackers, virus coders and system administrators.

Author

pragmatic/THC.

URL

http://packetstormsecurity.org/docs/hack/LKM HACKING.html

Date

1999

Keywords

syscalls, intercept, hide, abuse, symbol table.

Description

Interesting paper on how to abuse the Linux kernel in order to intercept and modify syscalls, make files/directories/processes invisible, become root, hijack ttys, write kernel modules based virus…and solutions for admins to avoid all those abuses.

Notes

For 2.0.x kernels. Gives guidances to port it to 2.2.x kernels.

• Name: Linux Virtual File System

Author

Peter J. Braam.

URI

http://www.coda.cs.cmu.edu/doc/talks/linuxvfs/

Date

1998

Keywords

slides, VFS, inode, superblock, dentry, dcache.

Description

Set of slides, presumably from a presentation on the Linux VFS layer. Covers version 2.1.x, with dentries and the dcache.

• Title: The Venus kernel interface

Author

Peter J. Braam.

URL

http://www.coda.cs.cmu.edu/doc/html/kernel-venus-protocol.

Date

1998

Keywords

coda, filesystem, venus, cache manager.

Description

"This document describes the communication between Venus and kernel level file system code needed for the operation of the Coda filesystem. This version document is meant to describe the current interface (version 1.0) as well as improvements we envisage"

• Title: Design and Implementation of the Second Extended Filesystem

Author

Rémy Card, Theodore Ts' o, Stephen Tweedie.

URI.

https://web.mit.edu/tytso/www/linux/ext2intro.html

Date

1998

*. On-line docs 181

Keywords

ext2, linux fs history, inode, directory, link, devices, VFS, physical structure, performance, benchmarks, ext2fs library, ext2fs tools, e2fsck.

Description

Paper written by three of the top ext2 hackers. Covers Linux filesystems history, ext2 motivation, ext2 features, design, physical structure on disk, performance, benchmarks, e2fsck's passes description…A must read!

Notes

This paper was first published in the Proceedings of the First Dutch International Symposium on Linux, ISBN 90-367-0385-9.

• Title: The Linux RAID-1, 4, 5 Code

Author

Ingo Molnar, Gadi Oxman and Miguel de Icaza.

URL

http://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=2391

Date

1997

Keywords

RAID, MD driver.

Description

Linux Journal Kernel Korner article.

Abstract

A description of the implementation of the RAID-1, RAID-4 and RAID-5 personalities of the MD device driver in the Linux kernel, providing users with high performance and reliable, secondary-storage capability using software.

• Title: Linux Kernel Hackers' Guide

Author

Michael K. Johnson.

URL

https://www.tldp.org/LDP/khg/HyperNews/get/khg.html

Date

1997

Keywords

device drivers, files, VFS, kernel interface, character vs block devices, hardware interrupts, scsi, DMA, access to user memory, memory allocation, timers.

Description

A guide designed to help you get up to speed on the concepts that are not intuitevly obvious, and to document the internal structures of Linux.

• Title: Dynamic Kernels: Modularized Device Drivers

Author

Alessandro Rubini.

URL

http://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=1219

Date

1996

Keywords

device driver, module, loading/unloading modules, allocating resources.

Description

Linux Journal Kernel Korner article.

Abstract

This is the first of a series of four articles co-authored by Alessandro Rubini and Georg Zezchwitz which present a practical approach to writing Linux device drivers as kernel loadable modules. This installment presents an introduction to the topic, preparing the reader to understand next month's installment.

• Title: Dynamic Kernels: Discovery

Author

Alessandro Rubini.

\mathbf{URL}

http://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=1220

Date

1996

Keywords

character driver, init_module, clean_up module, autodetection, mayor number, minor number, file operations, open(), close().

Description

Linux Journal Kernel Korner article.

Abstract

This article, the second of four, introduces part of the actual code to create custom module implementing a character device driver. It describes the code for module initialization and cleanup, as well as the open() and close() system calls.

• Title: The Devil's in the Details

Author

Georg v. Zezschwitz and Alessandro Rubini.

URI.

http://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=1221

Date

1996

*. On-line docs 183

Keywords

read(), write(), select(), ioctl(), blocking/non blocking mode, interrupt handler.

Description

Linux Journal Kernel Korner article.

Abstract

This article, the third of four on writing character device drivers, introduces concepts of reading, writing, and using ioctl-calls.

• Title: Dissecting Interrupts and Browsing DMA

Author

Alessandro Rubini and Georg v. Zezschwitz.

\mathbf{URL}

https://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=1222

Date

1996

Keywords

interrupts, irqs, DMA, bottom halves, task queues.

Description

Linux Journal Kernel Korner article.

Abstract

This is the fourth in a series of articles about writing character device drivers as loadable kernel modules. This month, we further investigate the field of interrupt handling. Though it is conceptually simple, practical limitations and constraints make this an "interesting" part of device driver writing, and several different facilities have been provided for different situations. We also investigate the complex topic of DMA.

• Title: Device Drivers Concluded

Author

Georg v. Zezschwitz.

URL

https://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=1287

Date

1996

Keywords

address spaces, pages, pagination, page management, demand loading, swapping, memory protection, memory mapping, mmap, virtual memory areas (VMAs), vremap, PCI.

Description

Finally, the above turned out into a five articles series. This latest one's introduction reads: "This is the last of five articles about character device drivers. In this final section, Georg deals with memory mapping devices, beginning with an overall description of the Linux memory management concepts".

• Title: Network Buffers And Memory Management

Author

Alan Cox.

URL

https://www.linuxjournal.com/article.php?sid=1312

Date

1996

Keywords

sk_buffs, network devices, protocol/link layer variables, network devices flags, transmit, receive, configuration, multicast.

Description

Linux Journal Kernel Korner.

Abstract

Writing a network device driver for Linux is fundamentally simple—most of the complexity (other than talking to the hardware) involves managing network packets in memory.

• Title: Analysis of the Ext2fs structure

Author

Louis-Dominique Dubeau.

URL

https://teaching.csse.uwa.edu.au/units/CITS2002/fs-ext2/

Date

1994

Keywords

ext2, filesystem, ext2fs.

Description

Description of ext2's blocks, directories, inodes, bitmaps, invariants…

* Published books

• Title: Linux Treiber entwickeln

Author

Jürgen Quade, Eva-Katharina Kunst

Publisher

dpunkt.verlag

Date

Oct 2015 (4th edition)

Pages

688

ISBN

978-3-86490-288-8

Note

German. The third edition from 2011 is much cheaper and still quite up-to-date.

• Title: Linux Kernel Networking: Implementation and Theory

Author

Rami Rosen

Publisher

Apress

Date

December 22, 2013

Pages

648

ISBN

978-1430261964

• Title: Embedded Linux Primer: A practical Real-World Approach, 2nd Edition

Author

Christopher Hallinan

Publisher

Pearson

Date

November, 2010

Pages

656

ISBN

978-0137017836

• Title: Linux Kernel Development, 3rd Edition

Author

Robert Love

Publisher

Addison-Wesley

Date

July, 2010

Pages

440

ISBN

978-0672329463

• Title: Essential Linux Device Drivers

Author

Sreekrishnan Venkateswaran

Published

Prentice Hall

Date

April, 2008

Pages

744

ISBN

978-0132396554

• Title: Linux Device Drivers, 3rd Edition

Authors

Jonathan Corbet, Alessandro Rubini, and Greg Kroah-Hartman

Publisher

O' Reilly & Associates

Date

2005

Pages

636

ISBN

0-596-00590-3

Notes

Further information in http://www.oreilly.com/catalog/linuxdrive3/ PDF format, URL: https://lwn.net/Kernel/LDD3/

• Title: Linux Kernel Internals

Author

Michael Beck

Publisher

Addison-Wesley

Date

1997

ISBN

0-201-33143-8 (second edition)

• Title: Programmation Linux 2.0 API systeme et fonctionnement du noyau

Author

Remy Card, Eric Dumas, Franck Mevel

Publisher

Eyrolles

Date

1997

```
Pages
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520

ISBN

2-212-08932-5

Notes

French

• Title: The Design and Implementation of the 4.4 BSD UNIX Operating System

Author

Marshall Kirk McKusick, Keith Bostic, Michael J. Karels, John S. Quarterman

Publisher

Addison-Wesley

Date

1996

ISBN

0-201-54979-4

• Title: Unix internals - the new frontiers

Author

Uresh Vahalia

Publisher

Prentice Hall

Date

1996

Pages

600

ISBN

0-13-101908-2

• Title: Programming for the real world - POSIX.4

Author

Bill O. Gallmeister

Publisher

O' Reilly & Associates, Inc

Date

1995

Pages

552

ISBN

I-56592-074-0

Notes

Though not being directly about Linux, Linux aims to be POSIX. Good reference.

• Title: UNIX Systems for Modern Architectures: Symmetric Multiprocessing and Caching for Kernel Programmers

Author

Curt Schimmel

Publisher

Addison Wesley

Date

June, 1994

Pages

432

ISBN

0-201-63338-8

 Title: The Design and Implementation of the 4.3 BSD UNIX Operating System

Author

Samuel J. Leffler, Marshall Kirk McKusick, Michael J Karels, John S. Ouarterman

Publisher

Addison-Wesley

Date

1989 (reprinted with corrections on October, 1990)

ISBN

0-201-06196-1

• Title: The Design of the UNIX Operating System

Author

Maurice J. Bach

Publisher

Prentice Hall

Date

1986

Pages

471

ISBN

0-13-201757-1

* Miscellaneous

• Name: Cross-Referencing Linux

URI.

https://elixir.bootlin.com/

Keywords

Browsing source code.

Description

Another web-based Linux kernel source code browser. Lots of cross references to variables and functions. You can see where they are defined and where they are used.

• Name: Linux Weekly News

URL

https://lwn.net

Keywords

latest kernel news.

Description

The title says it all. There's a fixed kernel section summarizing developers' work, bug fixes, new features and versions produced during the week. Published every Thursday.

Name: The home page of Linux-MM

Author

The Linux-MM team.

URL

https://linux-mm.org/

Keywords

memory management, Linux-MM, mm patches, TODO, docs, mailing list.

Description

Site devoted to Linux Memory Management development. Memory related patches, HOWTOs, links, mm developers…Don't miss it if you are interested in memory management development!

• Name: Kernel Newbies IRC Channel and Website

URL

https://www.kernelnewbies.org

Keywords

IRC, newbies, channel, asking doubts.

Description

#kernelnewbies on irc.oftc.net. #kernelnewbies is an IRC network dedicated to the 'newbie' kernel hacker. The audience mostly consists of people who are learning about the kernel, working on kernel projects or professional kernel hackers that want to help less seasoned kernel people. #kernelnewbies is on

the OFTC IRC Network. Try irc.oftc.net as your server and then /join #kernelnewbies. The kernelnewbies website also hosts articles, documents, FAQs…

• Name: linux-kernel mailing list archives and search engines

URL

http://vger.kernel.org/vger-lists.html

URL

http://www.uwsg.indiana.edu/hypermail/linux/kernel/index.html

URL

http://groups.google.com/group/mlist.linux.kernel

Keywords

linux-kernel, archives, search.

Description

Some of the linux-kernel mailing list archivers. If you have a better/another one, please let me know.

Document last updated on Tue 2016-Sep-20

This document is based on:

https://www.dit.upm.es/~jmseyas/linux/kernel/hackers-docs.html

*. Miscellaneous 191

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DEPRECATED INTERFACES, LANGUAGE FEATURES, ATTRIBUTES, AND CONVENTIONS

In a perfect world, it would be possible to convert all instances of some deprecated API into the new API and entirely remove the old API in a single development cycle. However, due to the size of the kernel, the maintainership hierarchy, and timing, it's not always feasible to do these kinds of conversions at once. This means that new instances may sneak into the kernel while old ones are being removed, only making the amount of work to remove the API grow. In order to educate developers about what has been deprecated and why, this list has been created as a place to point when uses of deprecated things are proposed for inclusion in the kernel.

* _deprecated

While this attribute does visually mark an interface as deprecated, it does not produce warnings during builds any more because one of the standing goals of the kernel is to build without warnings and no one was actually doing anything to remove these deprecated interfaces. While using __deprecated is nice to note an old API in a header file, it isn't the full solution. Such interfaces must either be fully removed from the kernel, or added to this file to discourage others from using them in the future.

* BUG() and BUG_ON()

Use WARN() and WARN_ON() instead, and handle the "impossible" error condition as gracefully as possible. While the BUG()-family of APIs were originally designed to act as an "impossible situation" assert and to kill a kernel thread "safely", they turn out to just be too risky. (e.g. "In what order do locks need to be released? Have various states been restored?") Very commonly, using BUG() will destabilize a system or entirely break it, which makes it impossible to debug or even get viable crash reports. Linus has very strong feelings about this.

Note that the WARN()-family should only be used for "expected to be unreachable" situations. If you want to warn about "reachable but undesirable" situations, please use the pr_warn()-family of functions. System owners may have set the panic_on_warn sysctl, to make sure their systems do not continue running in the face of "unreachable" conditions. (For example, see commits like this one.)

* open-coded arithmetic in allocator arguments

Dynamic size calculations (especially multiplication) should not be performed in memory allocator (or similar) function arguments due to the risk of them overflowing. This could lead to values wrapping around and a smaller allocation being made than the caller was expecting. Using those allocations could lead to linear overflows of heap memory and other misbehaviors. (One exception to this is literal values where the compiler can warn if they might overflow. Though using literals for arguments as suggested below is also harmless.)

For example, do not use count * size as an argument, as in:

```
foo = kmalloc(count * size, GFP_KERNEL);
```

Instead, the 2-factor form of the allocator should be used:

```
foo = kmalloc_array(count, size, GFP_KERNEL);
```

Specifically, kmalloc() can be replaced with kmalloc_array(), and kzalloc() can be replaced with kcalloc().

If no 2-factor form is available, the saturate-on-overflow helpers should be used:

```
bar = vmalloc(array_size(count, size));
```

Another common case to avoid is calculating the size of a structure with a trailing array of others structures, as in:

Instead, use the helper:

```
header = kzalloc(struct_size(header, item, count), GFP_KERNEL);
```

Note: If you are using struct_size() on a structure containing a zero-length or a one-element array as a trailing array member, please refactor such array usage and switch to a *flexible array member* instead.

For other calculations, please compose the use of the size_mul(), size_add(), and size sub() helpers. For example, in the case of:

```
foo = krealloc(current_size + chunk_size * (count - 3), GFP_KERNEL);
```

Instead, use the helpers:

For more details, also see array3_size() and flex_array_size(), as well as the related check_mul_overflow(), check_add_overflow(), check_sub_overflow(), and

check shl overflow() family of functions.

* simple_strtol(), simple_strtoll(), simple_strtoul(), simple_strtoul()

The simple_strtol(), simple_strtoll(), simple_strtoul(), and simple_strtoull() functions explicitly ignore overflows, which may lead to unexpected results in callers. The respective kstrtol(), kstrtoll(), kstrtoul(), and kstrtoull() functions tend to be the correct replacements, though note that those require the string to be NUL or newline terminated.

* strcpy()

strcpy() performs no bounds checking on the destination buffer. This could result in linear overflows beyond the end of the buffer, leading to all kinds of misbehaviors. While *CONFIG_FORTIFY_SOURCE=y* and various compiler flags help reduce the risk of using this function, there is no good reason to add new uses of this function. The safe replacement is strscpy(), though care must be given to any cases where the return value of strcpy() was used, since strscpy() does not return a pointer to the destination, but rather a count of non-NUL bytes copied (or negative errno when it truncates).

* strncpy() on NUL-terminated strings

Use of strncpy() does not guarantee that the destination buffer will be NUL terminated. This can lead to various linear read overflows and other misbehavior due to the missing termination. It also NUL-pads the destination buffer if the source contents are shorter than the destination buffer size, which may be a needless performance penalty for callers using only NUL-terminated strings. The safe replacement is strscpy(), though care must be given to any cases where the return value of strncpy() was used, since strscpy() does not return a pointer to the destination, but rather a count of non-NUL bytes copied (or negative errno when it truncates). Any cases still needing NUL-padding should instead use strscpy pad().

If a caller is using non-NUL-terminated strings, strncpy() can still be used, but destinations should be marked with the __nonstring attribute to avoid future compiler warnings.

* strlcpy()

strlcpy() reads the entire source buffer first (since the return value is meant to match that of strlen()). This read may exceed the destination size limit. This is both inefficient and can lead to linear read overflows if a source string is not NUL-terminated. The safe replacement is strscpy(), though care must be given to any cases where the return value of strlcpy() is used, since strscpy() will return negative errno values when it truncates.

* %p format specifier

Traditionally, using "%p" in format strings would lead to regular address exposure flaws in dmesg, proc, sysfs, etc. Instead of leaving these to be exploitable, all "%p" uses in the kernel are being printed as a hashed value, rendering them unusable for addressing. New uses of "%p" should not be added to the kernel. For text addresses, using "%pS" is likely better, as it produces the more useful symbol name instead. For nearly everything else, just do not add "%p" at all.

Paraphrasing Linus's current guidance:

- If the hashed "%p" value is pointless, ask yourself whether the pointer itself is important. Maybe it should be removed entirely?
- If you really think the true pointer value is important, why is some system state or user privilege level considered "special"? If you think you can justify it (in comments and commit log) well enough to stand up to Linus's scrutiny, maybe you can use "%px", along with making sure you have sensible permissions.

And finally, know that a toggle for "%p" hashing will not be accepted.

* Variable Length Arrays (VLAs)

Using stack VLAs produces much worse machine code than statically sized stack arrays. While these non-trivial performance issues are reason enough to eliminate VLAs, they are also a security risk. Dynamic growth of a stack array may exceed the remaining memory in the stack segment. This could lead to a crash, possible overwriting sensitive contents at the end of the stack (when built without $CON-FIG_THREAD_INFO_IN_TASK=y$), or overwriting memory adjacent to the stack (when built without $CONFIG_VMAP_STACK=y$)

* Implicit switch case fall-through

The C language allows switch cases to fall through to the next case when a "break" statement is missing at the end of a case. This, however, introduces ambiguity in the code, as it's not always clear if the missing break is intentional or a bug. For example, it's not obvious just from looking at the code if *STATE_ONE* is intentionally designed to fall through into *STATE_TWO*:

As there have been a long list of flaws due to missing "break" statements, we no longer allow implicit fall-through. In order to identify intentional fall-through cases, we have adopted a pseudo-keyword macro "fallthrough" which expands to gcc's extension _attribute_((_fallthrough__)). (When the C17/C18 [[fallthrough]] syntax is more commonly supported by C compilers, static analyzers, and IDEs, we can switch to using that syntax for the macro pseudo-keyword.)

All switch/case blocks must end in one of:

- break:
- fallthrough;
- continue;
- goto <label>;
- return [expression];

* Zero-length and one-element arrays

There is a regular need in the kernel to provide a way to declare having a dynamically sized set of trailing elements in a structure. Kernel code should always use "flexible array members" for these cases. The older style of one-element or zero-length arrays should no longer be used.

In older C code, dynamically sized trailing elements were done by specifying a one-element array at the end of a structure:

```
struct something {
    size_t count;
    struct foo items[1];
};
```

This led to fragile size calculations via sizeof() (which would need to remove the size of the single trailing element to get a correct size of the "header"). A GNU C extension was introduced to allow for zero-length arrays, to avoid these kinds of size problems:

```
struct something {
    size_t count;
    struct foo items[0];
};
```

But this led to other problems, and didn't solve some problems shared by both styles, like not being able to detect when such an array is accidentally being used _not_ at the end of a structure (which could happen directly, or when such a struct was in unions, structs of structs, etc).

C99 introduced "flexible array members", which lacks a numeric size for the array declaration entirely:

```
struct something {
    size_t count;
    struct foo items[];
};
```

This is the way the kernel expects dynamically sized trailing elements to be declared. It allows the compiler to generate errors when the flexible array does not occur last in the structure, which helps to prevent some kind of undefined behavior bugs from being inadvertently introduced to the codebase. It also allows the compiler to correctly analyze array sizes (via sizeof(), <code>CONFIG_FORTIFY_SOURCE</code>, and <code>CONFIG_UBSAN_BOUNDS</code>). For instance, there is no mechanism that warns us that the following application of the sizeof() operator to a zero-length array always results in zero:

```
struct something {
        size_t count;
        struct foo items[0];
};

struct something *instance;

instance = kmalloc(struct_size(instance, items, count), GFP_KERNEL);
instance->count = count;

size = sizeof(instance->items) * instance->count;
memcpy(instance->items, source, size);
```

At the last line of code above, size turns out to be zero, when one might have thought it represents the total size in bytes of the dynamic memory recently allocated for the trailing array items. Here are a couple examples of this issue: link 1, link 2. Instead, flexible array members have incomplete type, and so the sizeof() operator may not be applied, so any misuse of such operators will be immediately noticed at build time.

With respect to one-element arrays, one has to be acutely aware that such arrays

occupy at least as much space as a single object of the type, hence they contribute to the size of the enclosing structure. This is prone to error every time people want to calculate the total size of dynamic memory to allocate for a structure containing an array of this kind as a member:

```
struct something {
    size_t count;
    struct foo items[1];
};

struct something *instance;

instance = kmalloc(struct_size(instance, items, count - 1), GFP_

KERNEL);
instance->count = count;

size = sizeof(instance->items) * instance->count;
memcpy(instance->items, source, size);
```

In the example above, we had to remember to calculate count - 1 when using the struct_size() helper, otherwise we would have -unintentionally- allocated memory for one too many items objects. The cleanest and least error-prone way to implement this is through the use of a *flexible array member*, together with struct_size() and flex_array_size() helpers:

```
struct something {
        size_t count;
        struct foo items[];
};

struct something *instance;

instance = kmalloc(struct_size(instance, items, count), GFP_KERNEL);
instance->count = count;

memcpy(instance->items, source, flex_array_size(instance, items, u)
        instance->count));
```

| Linux Process Documentation | | |
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EMBARGOED HARDWARE ISSUES

* Scope

Hardware issues which result in security problems are a different category of security bugs than pure software bugs which only affect the Linux kernel.

Hardware issues like Meltdown, Spectre, L1TF etc. must be treated differently because they usually affect all Operating Systems ("OS") and therefore need coordination across different OS vendors, distributions, hardware vendors and other parties. For some of the issues, software mitigations can depend on microcode or firmware updates, which need further coordination.

* Contact

The Linux kernel hardware security team is separate from the regular Linux kernel security team.

The team only handles the coordination of embargoed hardware security issues. Reports of pure software security bugs in the Linux kernel are not handled by this team and the reporter will be guided to contact the regular Linux kernel security team (Documentation/admin-guide/) instead.

The team can be contacted by email at <a href="mailto: kernel.org. This is a private list of security officers who will help you to coordinate an issue according to our documented process.

The list is encrypted and email to the list can be sent by either PGP or S/MIME encrypted and must be signed with the reporter's PGP key or S/MIME certificate. The list's PGP key and S/MIME certificate are available from the following URLs:

- PGP: https://www.kernel.org/static/files/hardware-security.asc
- S/MIME: https://www.kernel.org/static/files/hardware-security.crt

While hardware security issues are often handled by the affected hardware vendor, we welcome contact from researchers or individuals who have identified a potential hardware flaw.

* Hardware security officers

The current team of hardware security officers:

- Linus Torvalds (Linux Foundation Fellow)
- Greg Kroah-Hartman (Linux Foundation Fellow)
- Thomas Gleixner (Linux Foundation Fellow)

* Operation of mailing-lists

The encrypted mailing-lists which are used in our process are hosted on Linux Foundation's IT infrastructure. By providing this service, members of Linux Foundation's IT operations personnel technically have the ability to access the embargoed information, but are obliged to confidentiality by their employment contract. Linux Foundation IT personnel are also responsible for operating and managing the rest of kernel.org infrastructure.

The Linux Foundation's current director of IT Project infrastructure is Konstantin Ryabitsev.

* Non-disclosure agreements

The Linux kernel hardware security team is not a formal body and therefore unable to enter into any non-disclosure agreements. The kernel community is aware of the sensitive nature of such issues and offers a Memorandum of Understanding instead.

* Memorandum of Understanding

The Linux kernel community has a deep understanding of the requirement to keep hardware security issues under embargo for coordination between different OS vendors, distributors, hardware vendors and other parties.

The Linux kernel community has successfully handled hardware security issues in the past and has the necessary mechanisms in place to allow community compliant development under embargo restrictions.

The Linux kernel community has a dedicated hardware security team for initial contact, which oversees the process of handling such issues under embargo rules.

The hardware security team identifies the developers (domain experts) who will form the initial response team for a particular issue. The initial response team can bring in further developers (domain experts) to address the issue in the best technical way.

All involved developers pledge to adhere to the embargo rules and to keep the received information confidential. Violation of the pledge will lead to immediate exclusion from the current issue and removal from all related mailing-lists. In addition, the hardware security team will also exclude the offender from future issues. The impact of this consequence is a highly effective deterrent in our community. In

case a violation happens the hardware security team will inform the involved parties immediately. If you or anyone becomes aware of a potential violation, please report it immediately to the Hardware security officers.

* Process

Due to the globally distributed nature of Linux kernel development, face-to-face meetings are almost impossible to address hardware security issues. Phone conferences are hard to coordinate due to time zones and other factors and should be only used when absolutely necessary. Encrypted email has been proven to be the most effective and secure communication method for these types of issues.

Start of Disclosure

Disclosure starts by contacting the Linux kernel hardware security team by email. This initial contact should contain a description of the problem and a list of any known affected hardware. If your organization builds or distributes the affected hardware, we encourage you to also consider what other hardware could be affected.

The hardware security team will provide an incident-specific encrypted mailinglist which will be used for initial discussion with the reporter, further disclosure and coordination.

The hardware security team will provide the disclosing party a list of developers (domain experts) who should be informed initially about the issue after confirming with the developers that they will adhere to this Memorandum of Understanding and the documented process. These developers form the initial response team and will be responsible for handling the issue after initial contact. The hardware security team is supporting the response team, but is not necessarily involved in the mitigation development process.

While individual developers might be covered by a non-disclosure agreement via their employer, they cannot enter individual non-disclosure agreements in their role as Linux kernel developers. They will, however, agree to adhere to this documented process and the Memorandum of Understanding.

The disclosing party should provide a list of contacts for all other entities who have already been, or should be, informed about the issue. This serves several purposes:

- The list of disclosed entities allows communication accross the industry, e.g. other OS vendors, HW vendors, etc.
- The disclosed entities can be contacted to name experts who should participate in the mitigation development.
- If an expert which is required to handle an issue is employed by an listed entity or member of an listed entity, then the response teams can request the disclosure of that expert from that entity. This ensures that the expert is also part of the entity's response team.

Disclosure

The disclosing party provides detailed information to the initial response team via the specific encrypted mailing-list.

From our experience the technical documentation of these issues is usually a sufficient starting point and further technical clarification is best done via email.

Mitigation development

The initial response team sets up an encrypted mailing-list or repurposes an existing one if appropriate.

Using a mailing-list is close to the normal Linux development process and has been successfully used in developing mitigations for various hardware security issues in the past.

The mailing-list operates in the same way as normal Linux development. Patches are posted, discussed and reviewed and if agreed on applied to a non-public git repository which is only accessible to the participating developers via a secure connection. The repository contains the main development branch against the mainline kernel and backport branches for stable kernel versions as necessary.

The initial response team will identify further experts from the Linux kernel developer community as needed. Bringing in experts can happen at any time of the development process and needs to be handled in a timely manner.

If an expert is employed by or member of an entity on the disclosure list provided by the disclosing party, then participation will be requested from the relevant entity.

If not, then the disclosing party will be informed about the experts participation. The experts are covered by the Memorandum of Understanding and the disclosing party is requested to acknowledge the participation. In case that the disclosing party has a compelling reason to object, then this objection has to be raised within five work days and resolved with the incident team immediately. If the disclosing party does not react within five work days this is taken as silent acknowledgement.

After acknowledgement or resolution of an objection the expert is disclosed by the incident team and brought into the development process.

Coordinated release

The involved parties will negotiate the date and time where the embargo ends. At that point the prepared mitigations are integrated into the relevant kernel trees and published.

While we understand that hardware security issues need coordinated embargo time, the embargo time should be constrained to the minimum time which is required for all involved parties to develop, test and prepare the mitigations. Extending embargo time artificially to meet conference talk dates or other non-technical reasons is creating more work and burden for the involved developers and response teams as the patches need to be kept up to date in order to follow the ongoing upstream kernel development, which might create conflicting changes.

CVE assignment

Neither the hardware security team nor the initial response team assign CVEs, nor are CVEs required for the development process. If CVEs are provided by the disclosing party they can be used for documentation purposes.

* Process ambassadors

For assistance with this process we have established ambassadors in various organizations, who can answer questions about or provide guidance on the reporting process and further handling. Ambassadors are not involved in the disclosure of a particular issue, unless requested by a response team or by an involved disclosed party. The current ambassadors list:

| ARM | Grant Likely <grant.likely@arm.com></grant.likely@arm.com> |
|-----------|--|
| AMD | Tom Lendacky <tom.lendacky@amd.com></tom.lendacky@amd.com> |
| IBM Z | Christian Borntraeger |
| IBM Power | Anton Blanchard <anton@linux.ibm.com></anton@linux.ibm.com> |
| Intel | Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com></tony.luck@intel.com> |
| Qualcomm | Trilok Soni <tsoni@codeaurora.org></tsoni@codeaurora.org> |
| Microsoft | James Morris <jamorris@linux.microsoft.com></jamorris@linux.microsoft.com> |
| VMware | |
| Xen | Andrew Cooper <andrew.cooper3@citrix.com></andrew.cooper3@citrix.com> |
| Canonical | John Johansen <john.johansen@canonical.com></john.johansen@canonical.com> |
| Debian | Ben Hutchings <ben@decadent.org.uk></ben@decadent.org.uk> |
| Oracle | Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com></konrad.wilk@oracle.com> |
| Red Hat | Josh Poimboeuf <jpoimboe@redhat.com></jpoimboe@redhat.com> |
| SUSE | Jiri Kosina <jkosina@suse.cz></jkosina@suse.cz> |
| Amazon | |
| Google | Kees Cook <keescook@chromium.org></keescook@chromium.org> |

If you want your organization to be added to the ambassadors list, please contact the hardware security team. The nominated ambassador has to understand and support our process fully and is ideally well connected in the Linux kernel community.

* Encrypted mailing-lists

We use encrypted mailing-lists for communication. The operating principle of these lists is that email sent to the list is encrypted either with the list's PGP key or with the list's S/MIME certificate. The mailing-list software decrypts the email and re-encrypts it individually for each subscriber with the subscriber's PGP key or S/MIME certificate. Details about the mailing-list software and the setup which is used to ensure the security of the lists and protection of the data can be found here: https://korg.wiki.kernel.org/userdoc/remail.

* List keys

For initial contact see *Contact*. For incident specific mailing-lists the key and S/MIME certificate are conveyed to the subscribers by email sent from the specific list.

* Subscription to incident specific lists

Subscription is handled by the response teams. Disclosed parties who want to participate in the communication send a list of potential subscribers to the response team so the response team can validate subscription requests.

Each subscriber needs to send a subscription request to the response team by email. The email must be signed with the subscriber's PGP key or S/MIME certificate. If a PGP key is used, it must be available from a public key server and is ideally connected to the Linux kernel's PGP web of trust. See also: https://www.kernel.org/signature.html.

The response team verifies that the subscriber request is valid and adds the subscriber to the list. After subscription the subscriber will receive email from the mailing-list which is signed either with the list's PGP key or the list's S/MIME certificate. The subscriber's email client can extract the PGP key or the S/MIME certificate from the signature so the subscriber can send encrypted email to the list.

LIST OF MAINTAINERS AND HOW TO SUBMIT KERNEL CHANGES

Please try to follow the guidelines below. This will make things easier on the maintainers. Not all of these guidelines matter for every trivial patch so apply some common sense.

* Tips for patch submitters

- 1. Always *test* your changes, however small, on at least 4 or 5 people, preferably many more.
- 2. Try to release a few ALPHA test versions to the net. Announce them onto the kernel channel and await results. This is especially important for device drivers, because often that's the only way you will find things like the fact version 3 firmware needs a magic fix you didn't know about, or some clown changed the chips on a board and not its name. (Don't laugh! Look at the SMC etherpower for that.)
- 3. Make sure your changes compile correctly in multiple configurations. In particular check that changes work both as a module and built into the kernel.
- 4. When you are happy with a change make it generally available for testing and await feedback.
- 5. Make a patch available to the relevant maintainer in the list. Use diff -u to make the patch easy to merge. Be prepared to get your changes sent back with seemingly silly requests about formatting and variable names. These aren't as silly as they seem. One job the maintainers (and especially Linus) do is to keep things looking the same. Sometimes this means that the clever hack in your driver to get around a problem actually needs to become a generalized kernel feature ready for next time.

PLEASE check your patch with the automated style checker (scripts/checkpatch.pl) to catch trivial style violations. See *process/coding-style* for guidance here.

PLEASE CC: the maintainers and mailing lists that are generated by scripts/get_maintainer.pl. The results returned by the script will be best if you have git installed and are making your changes in a branch derived from Linus' latest git tree. See *process/submitting-patches* for details.

PLEASE try to include any credit lines you want added with the patch. It avoids people being missed off by mistake and makes it easier to know who wants adding and who doesn't.

PLEASE document known bugs. If it doesn't work for everything or does something very odd once a month document it.

PLEASE remember that submissions must be made under the terms of the Linux Foundation certificate of contribution and should include a Signed-off-by: line. The current version of this "Developer's Certificate of Origin" (DCO) is listed in the file *process/submitting-patches*.

- 6. Make sure you have the right to send any changes you make. If you do changes at work you may find your employer owns the patch not you.
- 7. When sending security related changes or reports to a maintainer please Cc: security@kernel.org, especially if the maintainer does not respond. Please keep in mind that the security team is a small set of people who can be efficient only when working on verified bugs. Please only Cc: this list when you have identified that the bug would present a short-term risk to other users if it were publicly disclosed. For example, reports of address leaks do not represent an immediate threat and are better handled publicly, and ideally, should come with a patch proposal. Please do not send automated reports to this list either. Such bugs will be handled better and faster in the usual public places. See admin-guide/security-bugs for details.
- 8. Happy hacking.

* Descriptions of section entries and preferred order

M: Mail patches to: FullName <address@domain>

R: Designated *Reviewer*: FullName <address@domain> These reviewers should be CCed on patches.

L: *Mailing list* that is relevant to this area

S: *Status*, one of the following:

Supported: Someone is actually paid to look after this.

Maintained: Someone actually looks after it.

Odd Fixes: It has a maintainer but they don't have time to do much other than throw the odd patch in. See below..

Orphan: No current maintainer [but maybe you could take the role as you write your new code].

Obsolete: Old code. Something tagged obsolete generally means it has been replaced by a better system and you should be using that.

W: *Web-page* with status/info

Q: Patchwork web based patch tracking system site

B: URI for where to file *bugs*. A web-page with detailed bug filing info, a direct bug tracker link, or a mailto: URI.

C: URI for *chat* protocol, server and channel where developers

usually hang out, for example irc://server/channel.

P: Subsystem Profile document for more details submitting patches to the given subsystem. This is either an in-tree file, or a URI. See maintainer/maintainer-entry-profile for details.

T: SCM tree type and location.

Type is one of: git, hg, quilt, stgit, topgit

F: Files and directories wildcard patterns.

A trailing slash includes all files and subdirectory files.

F: drivers/net/ all files in and below drivers/net

F: drivers/net/* all files in drivers/net, but not below

F: /net/ all files in "any top level directory" /net

One pattern per line. Multiple F: lines acceptable.

X: *Excluded* files and directories that are NOT maintained, same rules as F:. Files exclusions are tested before file matches.

Can be useful for excluding a specific subdirectory, for instance:

F: net/

X: net/ipv6/

matches all files in and below net excluding net/ipv6/

N: Files and directories Regex patterns.

N: [^a-z]tegra all files whose path contains tegra (not including files like integrator)

One pattern per line. Multiple N: lines acceptable. scripts/get_maintainer.pl has different behavior for files that match F: pattern and matches of N: patterns. By default, get_maintainer will not look at git log history when an F: pattern match occurs. When an N: match occurs, git log history is used to also notify the people that have git commit signatures.

K: Content regex (perl extended) pattern match in a patch or file.

For instance:

K: of get profile

matches patches or files that contain "of_get_profile"

K: \b(printk|pr (info|err))\b

matches patches or files that contain one or more of the words printk, pr_info or pr_err

One regex pattern per line. Multiple K: lines acceptable.

* Maintainers List

Note: When reading this list, please look for the most precise areas first. When adding to this list, please keep the entries in alphabetical order.

* 3C59X NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Steffen Klassert <klassert@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/3com/vortex drivers/net/ ethernet/3com/3c59x.c

* 3CR990 NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

David Dillow <dave@thedillows.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/3com/typhoon*

* 3WARE SAS/SATA-RAID SCSI DRIVERS (3W-XXXX, 3W-9XXX, 3W-SAS)

Mail

Adam Radford <aradford@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.lsi.com

Files

drivers/scsi/3w-*

* 53C700 AND 53C700-66 SCSI DRIVER

Mail

"James E.J. Bottomley" < James. Bottomley@HansenPartnership.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/53c700*

* 6LOWPAN GENERIC (BTLE/IEEE 802.15.4)

Mail

Alexander Aring <alex.aring@gmail.com>, Jukka Rissanen <jukka.rissanen@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-bluetooth@vger.kernel.org, linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/6lowpan include/net/6lowpan.h net/6lowpan/

* 6PACK NETWORK DRIVER FOR AX.25

Mail

Andreas Koensgen <ajk@comnets.uni-bremen.de>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/hamradio/6pack.c

* 802.11 (including CFG80211/NL80211)

Mail

Johannes Berg <johannes@sipsolutions.net>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jberg/mac80211.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jberg/mac80211-next.git

Files

driver-api/80211/cfg80211 networking/regulatory include/linux/ieee80211.h include/net/cfg80211.h include/net/ieee80211_radiotap.h include/net/iw_handler.h include/net/wext.h include/uapi/linux/nl80211.h net/wireless/

* 8169 10/100/1000 GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Realtek linux nic maintainers <nic_swsd@realtek.com>, Heiner Kallweit <hkallweit1@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/realtek/r8169*

* 8250/16?50 (AND CLONE UARTS) SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/tty.git

Files

drivers/tty/serial/8250* include/linux/serial 8250.h

* 8390 NETWORK DRIVERS [WD80x3/SMC-ELITE, SMC-ULTRA, NE2000, 3C503, etc.]

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/8390/

* 9P FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Eric Van Hensbergen <ericvh@gmail.com>, Latchesar Ionkov <lucho@ionkov.net>, Dominique Martinet <asmadeus@codewreck.org>

Mailing list

v9fs-developer@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://swik.net/v9fs

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/v9fs-devel/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ericvh/v9fs.git git://github.com/martinetd/linux.git

Files

filesystems/9p fs/9p/ include/net/9p/ include/trace/events/
9p.h include/uapi/linux/virtio_9p.h net/9p/

* A8293 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/a8293*

* AACRAID SCSI RAID DRIVER

Mail

Adaptec OEM Raid Solutions <aacraid@microsemi.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.adaptec.com/

Files

scsi/aacraid drivers/scsi/aacraid/

* ABI/API

Mailing list

linux-api@vger.kernel.org

Files

include/linux/syscalls.h kernel/sys_ni.c

* ABIT UGURU 1,2 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/abituguru.c

* ABIT UGURU 3 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Alistair John Strachan <alistair@devzero.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/abituguru3.c

* ACCES 104-DIO-48E GPIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-104-dio-48e.c

* ACCES 104-IDI-48 GPIO DRIVER

Mail

"William Breathitt Gray" <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-104-idi-48.c

* ACCES 104-IDIO-16 GPIO DRIVER

Mail

"William Breathitt Gray" <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-104-idio-16.c

* ACCES 104-QUAD-8 DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>, Syed Nayyar Waris <syednwaris@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-counter-104-quad-8 Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-counter-104-quad-8 drivers/counter/104-quad-8.c

* ACCES PCI-IDIO-16 GPIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-pci-idio-16.c

* ACCES PCIe-IDIO-24 GPIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-pcie-idio-24.c

* ACENIC DRIVER

Mail

Jes Sorensen <jes@trained-monkey.org>

Mailing list

linux-acenic@sunsite.dk

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/alteon/acenic*

* ACER ASPIRE ONE TEMPERATURE AND FAN DRIVER

Mail

Peter Kaestle <peter@piie.net>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://piie.net/?section=acerhdf

Files

drivers/platform/x86/acerhdf.c

* ACER WMI LAPTOP EXTRAS

Mail

"Lee, Chun-Yi" <jlee@suse.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/acer-wmi.c

* ACPI

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Len Brown <lenb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/linux-acpi

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-acpi/list/

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/configfs-acpi Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-acpi Documentation/firmware-guide/acpi/ drivers/acpi/ drivers/pci/*/*acpi* drivers/pci/*acpi* drivers/pnp/pnpacpi/ include/acpi/ include/linux/acpi.h include/linux/fwnode.h tools/power/acpi/

* ACPI APEI

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Len Brown <lenb@kernel.org>

Reviewer

James Morse <james.morse@arm.com>, Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>, Borislav Petkov <bp@alien8.de>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Files

drivers/acpi/apei/

* ACPI COMPONENT ARCHITECTURE (ACPICA)

Mail

Robert Moore <robert.moore@intel.com>, Erik Kaneda <erik.kaneda@intel.com>, "Rafael J. Wysocki" <rafael.j.wysocki@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org, devel@acpica.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://acpica.org/ https://github.com/acpica/acpica/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-acpi/list/

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org https://bugs.acpica.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm

Files

drivers/acpi/acpica/ include/acpi/ tools/power/acpi/

* ACPI FAN DRIVER

Mail

Zhang Rui <rui.zhang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/linux-acpi

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

Files

drivers/acpi/fan.c

* ACPI FOR ARM64 (ACPI/arm64)

Mail

Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>, Hanjun Guo <guohanjun@huawei.com>, Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/acpi/arm64

* ACPI 12C MULTI INSTANTIATE DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/i2c-multi-instantiate.c

* ACPI PMIC DRIVERS

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Len Brown <lenb@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Andy Shevchenko <andy@kernel.org>, Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-acpi/list/

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm

Files

drivers/acpi/pmic/

* ACPI THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Zhang Rui <rui.zhang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/linux-acpi

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

Files

drivers/acpi/*thermal*

* ACPI VIDEO DRIVER

Mail

Zhang Rui <rui.zhang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/linux-acpi

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

Files

drivers/acpi/acpi_video.c

* ACPI WMI DRIVER

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/platform/x86/wmi.c include/uapi/linux/wmi.h

* AD1889 ALSA SOUND DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-parisc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://parisc.wiki.kernel.org/index.php/AD1889

Files

sound/pci/ad1889.*

* AD525X ANALOG DEVICES DIGITAL POTENTIOMETERS DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/AD5254 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/misc/ad525x_dpot.c

* AD5398 CURRENT REGULATOR DRIVER (AD5398/AD5821)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/AD5398 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/regulator/ad5398.c

* AD714X CAPACITANCE TOUCH SENSOR DRIVER (AD7142/3/7/8/7A)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/AD7142 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/input/misc/ad714x.c

* AD7877 TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/AD7877 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/ad7877.c

* AD7879 TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER (AD7879/AD7889)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/AD7879 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/ad7879.c

* ADDRESS SPACE LAYOUT RANDOMIZATION (ASLR)

Mail

Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

* ADF7242 IEEE 802.15.4 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wiki.analog.com/ADF7242 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ieee802154/adf7242.txt drivers/net/ieee802154/adf7242.c

* ADM1025 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/adm1025 drivers/hwmon/adm1025.c

* ADM1029 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Corentin Labbe <clabbe.montjoie@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/adm1029.c

* ADM8211 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

Files

drivers/net/wireless/admtek/adm8211.*

* ADP1653 FLASH CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/adp1653.c include/media/i2c/adp1653.h

* ADP5520 BACKLIGHT DRIVER WITH IO EXPANDER (ADP5520/ADP5501)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/ADP5520 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-adp5520.c drivers/input/keyboard/
adp5520-keys.c drivers/leds/leds-adp5520.c drivers/mfd/
adp5520.c drivers/video/backlight/adp5520_bl.c

* ADP5588 QWERTY KEYPAD AND IO EXPANDER DRIVER (ADP5588/ADP5587)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/ADP5588 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-adp5588.c drivers/input/keyboard/
adp5588-keys.c

* ADP8860 BACKLIGHT DRIVER (ADP8860/ADP8861/ADP8863)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/ADP8860 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/video/backlight/adp8860 bl.c

* ADT746X FAN DRIVER

Mail

Colin Leroy <colin@colino.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/macintosh/therm adt746x.c

* ADT7475 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/adt7475 drivers/hwmon/adt7475.c

* ADVANSYS SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Matthew Wilcox <willy@infradead.org>, Hannes Reinecke <hare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

scsi/advansys drivers/scsi/advansys.c

* ADXL34X THREE-AXIS DIGITAL ACCELEROMETER DRIVER (ADXL345/ADXL346)

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/ADXL345 http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/accel/adi,adxl345. yaml drivers/input/misc/adxl34x.c

* ADXL372 THREE-AXIS DIGITAL ACCELEROMETER DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/accel/adi,adxl372. yaml drivers/iio/accel/adxl372.c drivers/iio/accel/adxl372_i2c.c drivers/iio/accel/adxl372_spi.c

* AF9013 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/af9013*

* AF9033 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/af9033*

* AFFS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

David Sterba dsterba@suse.com

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

filesystems/affs fs/affs/

* AFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

David Howells dhowells@redhat.com

Mailing list

linux-afs@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://www.infradead.org/~dhowells/kafs/

Files

228

filesystems/afs fs/afs/include/trace/events/afs.h

* AGPGART DRIVER

Mail

David Airlie <airlied@linux.ie>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm

Files

drivers/char/agp/ include/linux/agp* include/uapi/linux/ agp*

* AHA152X SCSI DRIVER

Mail

"Juergen E. Fischer" <fischer@norbit.de>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/aha152x* drivers/scsi/pcmcia/aha152x*

* AIC7XXX / AIC79XX SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Hannes Reinecke hare@suse.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/aic7xxx/

* AIMSLAB FM RADIO RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

```
Web-page
        https://linuxtv.org
    SCM
        git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git
    Files
        drivers/media/radio/radio-aimslab*
* AIO
    Mail
        Benjamin LaHaise <br/> <br/> tcrl@kvack.org>
    Mailing list
        linux-aio@kvack.org
    Status
        Supported
    Files
         fs/aio.c include/linux/*aio*.h
* AIRSPY MEDIA DRIVER
    Mail
        Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>
    Mailing list
        linux-media@vger.kernel.org
    Status
        Maintained
    Web-page
        https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/
    Patchwork
        http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/
    SCM
```

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

drivers/media/usb/airspy/

Files

* ALACRITECH GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Lino Sanfilippo <LinoSanfilippo@gmx.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/alacritech/*

* ALCATEL SPEEDTOUCH USB DRIVER

Mail

Duncan Sands <duncan.sands@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-usb.org/SpeedTouch/

Files

drivers/usb/atm/speedtch.c drivers/usb/atm/usbatm.c

* ALCHEMY AU1XX0 MMC DRIVER

Mail

Manuel Lauss <manuel.lauss@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/aulxmmc.c

* ALI1563 I2C DRIVER

Mail

Rudolf Marek < r.marek@assembler.cz >

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-ali1563 drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-ali1563.c

* ALL SENSORS DLH SERIES PRESSURE SENSORS DRIVER

Mail

Tomislav Denis <tomislav.denis@avl.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.allsensors.com/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/pressure/asc, dlhl60d.yaml drivers/iio/pressure/dlhl60d.c

* ALLEGRO DVT VIDEO IP CORE DRIVER

Mail

Michael Tretter < m.tretter@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/media/allegro-dvt/

* ALLWINNER A10 CSI DRIVER

Mail

Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

232

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/allwinner,
sun4i-a10-csi.yaml drivers/media/platform/sunxi/
sun4i-csi/
```

* ALLWINNER CPUFREQ DRIVER

Mail

Yangtao Li <tiny.windzz@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/opp/allwinner, sun50i-h6-operating-points.yaml drivers/cpufreq/ sun50i-cpufreq-nvmem.c

* ALLWINNER CRYPTO DRIVERS

Mail

Corentin Labbe <clabbe.montjoie@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/crypto/allwinner/

* ALLWINNER THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Vasily Khoruzhick <anarsoul@gmail.com>, Yangtao Li <tiny.windzz@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/allwinner, sun8i-a83t-ths.yaml drivers/thermal/sun8i_thermal.c

* ALLWINNER VPU DRIVER

Mail

Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>, Paul Kocialkowski <paul.kocialkowski@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/media/sunxi/cedrus/

* ALPHA PORT

Mail

Richard Henderson <rth@twiddle.net>, Ivan Kokshaysky <ink@jurassic.park.msu.ru>, Matt Turner <mattst88@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-alpha@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

arch/alpha/

* ALPS PS/2 TOUCHPAD DRIVER

Reviewer

Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Files

drivers/input/mouse/alps.*

* ALTERA I2C CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Thor Thayer < thor.thayer@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

234

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-altera.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-altera.c

* ALTERA MAILBOX DRIVER

Mail

Ley Foon Tan <ley.foon.tan@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mailbox/mailbox-altera.c

* ALTERA PIO DRIVER

Mail

Joyce Ooi <joyce.ooi@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-altera.c

* ALTERA SYSTEM MANAGER DRIVER

Mail

Thor Thayer <thor.thayer@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
drivers/mfd/altera-sysmgr.c include/linux/mfd/
altera-sysmgr.h
```

* ALTERA SYSTEM RESOURCE DRIVER FOR ARRIA10 DEVKIT

Mail

Thor Thayer <thor.thayer@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
drivers/gpio/gpio-altera-al0sr.c drivers/mfd/
altera-al0sr.c drivers/reset/reset-al0sr.c include/
dt-bindings/reset/altr,rst-mgr-al0sr.h include/linux/
mfd/altera-al0sr.h
```

* ALTERA TRIPLE SPEED ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Joyce Ooi <joyce.ooi@intel.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/altera/

* ALTERA UART/JTAG UART SERIAL DRIVERS

Mail

Tobias Klauser < tklauser@distanz.ch >

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/serial/altera_jtaguart.c drivers/tty/serial/
altera_uart.c include/linux/altera_jtaguart.h include/
linux/altera uart.h

* AMAZON ANNAPURNA LABS FIC DRIVER

Mail

Talel Shenhar <talel@amazon.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/amazon,al-fic.txt drivers/irqchip/irq-al-fic.c

* AMAZON ANNAPURNA LABS MEMORY CONTROLLER EDAC

Mail

Talel Shenhar <talel@amazon.com>, Talel Shenhar <talelshenhar@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/edac/amazon, al-mc-edac.yaml drivers/edac/al mc edac.c

* AMAZON ANNAPURNA LABS THERMAL MMIO DRIVER

Mail

Talel Shenhar <talel@amazon.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/amazon, al-thermal.txt drivers/thermal/thermal_mmio.c

* AMAZON ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Netanel Belgazal <netanel@amazon.com>, Arthur Kiyanovski <akiyano@amazon.com>

Reviewer

Guy Tzalik <gtzalik@amazon.com>, Saeed Bishara <saeedb@amazon.com>, Zorik Machulsky <zorik@amazon.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/amazon/ena drivers/net/
ethernet/amazon/

* AMAZON RDMA EFA DRIVER

Mail

Gal Pressman <galpress@amazon.com>

Reviewer

Yossi Leybovich <sleybo@amazon.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/efa/include/uapi/rdma/efa-abi.h

* AMD CRYPTOGRAPHIC COPROCESSOR (CCP) DRIVER

Mail

Tom Lendacky <thomas.lendacky@amd.com>, John Allen <john.allen@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/crypto/ccp/ include/linux/ccp.h

* AMD CRYPTOGRAPHIC COPROCESSOR (CCP) DRIVER - SEV SUP-PORT

Mail

Brijesh Singh

 singh@amd.com>, Tom Lendacky
 <thomas.lendacky@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/crypto/ccp/sev* include/uapi/linux/psp-sev.h

* AMD DISPLAY CORE

Mail

Harry Wentland harry.wentland@amd.com, Leo Li sunpeng.li@amd.com,

Mailing list

amd-gfx@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://people.freedesktop.org/~agd5f/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/amd/display/

* AMD ENERGY DRIVER

Mail

Naveen Krishna Chatradhi <nchatrad@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/amd_energy drivers/hwmon/amd_energy.c

* AMD FAM15H PROCESSOR POWER MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Huang Rui <ray.huang@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

hwmon/fam15h power drivers/hwmon/fam15h_power.c

* AMD FCH GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Enrico Weigelt, metux IT consult <info@metux.net>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-amd-fch.c include/linux/platform_data/ gpio/gpio-amd-fch.h

* AMD GEODE CS5536 USB DEVICE CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-geode@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/usb/gadget/udc/amd5536udc.*

* AMD GEODE PROCESSOR/CHIPSET SUPPORT

Mail

Andres Salomon <dilinger@queued.net>

Mailing list

linux-geode@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.amd.com/us-en/ConnectivitySolutions/ TechnicalResources/0,,50_2334_2452_11363,00.html

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/geode.h drivers/char/hw_random/ geode-rng.c drivers/crypto/geode* drivers/video/fbdev/ geode/

* AMD IOMMU (AMD-VI)

Mail

Joerg Roedel <joro@8bytes.org>

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/joro/iommu.git

Files

drivers/iommu/amd/include/linux/amd-iommu.h

* AMD KFD

Mail

Felix Kuehling <Felix.Kuehling@amd.com>

Mailing list

amd-gfx@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://people.freedesktop.org/~agd5f/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/amd/amdgpu/amdgpu_amdkfd*.[ch]

drivers/gpu/drm/amd/amdkfd/ drivers/gpu/drm/amd/
include/cik_structs.h drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/
kgd_kfd_interface.h drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/
v9_structs.h drivers/gpu/drm/amd/include/vi_structs.h
include/uapi/linux/kfd ioctl.h

* AMD SPI DRIVER

Mail

Sanjay R Mehta <sanju.mehta@amd.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/spi/spi-amd.c

* AMD MP2 I2C DRIVER

Mail

Elie Morisse <syniurge@gmail.com>, Nehal Shah <nehal-bakulchandra.shah@amd.com>, Shyam Sundar S K <shyam-sundar.s-k@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-amd-mp2*

* AMD POWERPLAY

Mail

Evan Quan <evan.guan@amd.com>

Mailing list

amd-gfx@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://people.freedesktop.org/~agd5f/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/amd/pm/powerplay/

* AMD SEATTLE DEVICE TREE SUPPORT

Mail

Brijesh Singh

singh@amd.com>, Suravee Suthikulpanit <suravee.suthikulpanit@amd.com>, Tom Lendacky <thomas.lendacky@amd.com>

Status

Supported

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/amd/

* AMD XGBE DRIVER

Mail

Tom Lendacky <thomas.lendacky@amd.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/amd/amd-seattle-xgbe*.dtsi drivers/ net/ethernet/amd/xgbe/

* AMS AS73211 DRIVER

Mail

Christian Eggers < ceggers@arri.de>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/light/ams,as73211. yaml drivers/iio/light/as73211.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC AD7192 DRIVER

Mail

Alexandru Tachici <alexandru.tachici@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/adi,ad7192. yaml drivers/iio/adc/ad7192.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC AD7292 DRIVER

Mail

Marcelo Schmitt <marcelo.schmitt1@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/adi,ad7292. yaml drivers/iio/adc/ad7292.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC AD7768-1 DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich < Michael. Hennerich@analog.com >

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/adi,ad7768-1. yaml drivers/iio/adc/ad7768-1.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC AD7780 DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich < Michael. Hennerich @analog.com > , Renato Lui Geh < renatogeh @gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/adi,ad7780. yaml drivers/iio/adc/ad7780.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC AD9389B DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil kerkuil kerkuil kerkuil kerkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ad9389b*

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADGS1408 DRIVER

Mail

Mircea Caprioru <mircea.caprioru@analog.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mux/adi,adgs1408.txt drivers/mux/adgs1408.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADIN DRIVER

Mail

Alexandru Ardelean <alexaundru.ardelean@analog.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/adi,adin.yamldrivers/net/phy/adin.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADIS DRIVER LIBRARY

Mail

Alexandru Ardelean <alexandru.ardelean@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/iio/imu/adis.c include/linux/iio/imu/adis.h

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADIS16460 DRIVER

Mail

Dragos Bogdan <dragos.bogdan@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/imu/adi,adis16460. yaml drivers/iio/imu/adis16460.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADIS16475 DRIVER

Mail

Nuno Sa <nuno.sa@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/iio/imu/adis16475.c Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/iio/imu/adi,adis16475.yaml

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADM1177 DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich < Michael. Hennerich@analog.com >

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/adi,adm1177.yamldrivers/hwmon/adm1177.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADP5061 DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich < Michael. Hennerich@analog.com >

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/power/supply/adp5061.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADV7180 DRIVER

Mail

Lars-Peter Clausen < lars@metafoo.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/media/i2c/adv7180.c Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/media/i2c/adv7180.yaml

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADV748X DRIVER

Mail

Kieran Bingham <kieran.bingham@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/adv748x/*

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADV7511 DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/adv7511*

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADV7604 DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/adv7604*

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADV7842 DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/adv7842*

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ADXRS290 DRIVER

Mail

Nishant Malpani <nish.malpani25@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/iio/gyro/adxrs290.c Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/iio/gyroscope/adi,adxrs290.yaml

* ANALOG DEVICES INC ASOC CODEC DRIVERS

Mail

Lars-Peter Clausen lars@metafoo.de, Nuno Sá nuno.sa@analog.com

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/ http://ez.analog.com/community/ linux-device-drivers

Files

sound/soc/codecs/ad1* sound/soc/codecs/ad7* sound/soc/ codecs/adau* sound/soc/codecs/adav* sound/soc/codecs/ sigmadsp.* sound/soc/codecs/ssm*

* ANALOG DEVICES INC DMA DRIVERS

Mail

Lars-Peter Clausen < lars@metafoo.de>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

drivers/dma/dma-axi-dmac.c

* ANALOG DEVICES INC IIO DRIVERS

Mail

Lars-Peter Clausen lars@metafoo.de, Michael Hennerich Michael Hennerich@analog.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.analog.com/

http://ez.analog.com/community/

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-frequency-ad9523 Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-frequency-adf4350 Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/*/adi,* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/dac/ad5758.txt drivers/iio/*/ad* drivers/iio/adc/ltc249* drivers/iio/ amplifiers/hmc425a.c drivers/staging/iio/*/ad*

Excluded

drivers/iio/*/adjd*

* ANALOGBITS PLL LIBRARIES

Mail

Paul Walmsley <paul.walmsley@sifive.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/clk/analogbits/* include/linux/clk/analogbits*

* ANDES ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Nick Hu <nickhu@andestech.com>, Greentime Hu <green.hu@gmail.com>, Vincent Chen <deanbo422@gmail.com>

Status

Supported

SCM

git https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/greentime/linux.
git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/ andestech,ativic32.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ nds32/arch/nds32/

Regex

nds32

Content regex

nds32

* ANDROID CONFIG FRAGMENTS

Mail

Rob Herring <robh@kernel.org>

Status

Supported

Files

kernel/configs/android*

* ANDROID DRIVERS

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>, Arve Hjønnevåg <arve@android.com>, Todd Kjos <tkjos@android.com>, Martijn Coenen <maco@android.com>, Joel Fernandes <joel@joelfernandes.org>, Christian Brauner <christian@brauner.io>, Hridya Valsaraju <hridya@google.com>, Suren Baghdasaryan <surenb@google.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/staging.git

Files

drivers/android/ drivers/staging/android/

* ANDROID GOLDFISH PIC DRIVER

Mail

Miodrag Dinic <miodrag.dinic@mips.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/google,goldfish-pic.txt drivers/irqchip/irq-goldfish-pic.

* ANDROID GOLDFISH RTC DRIVER

Mail

Miodrag Dinic <miodrag.dinic@mips.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rtc/google,
goldfish-rtc.txt drivers/rtc/rtc-goldfish.c

* ANDROID ION DRIVER

Mail

Laura Abbott Laura Abbott@redhat.com Laura Abbot

Mailing list

devel@driverdev.osuosl.org, dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linaro-mm-sig@lists.linaro.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/staging/android/ion drivers/staging/android/uapi/
ion.h

* AOA (Apple Onboard Audio) ALSA DRIVER

Mail

Johannes Berg <johannes@sipsolutions.net>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org, alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/aoa/

* APEX EMBEDDED SYSTEMS STX104 IIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iio/adc/stx104.c

* APM DRIVER

Mail

Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>

Status

Odd fixes

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jikos/apm.git

Files

arch/x86/kernel/apm_32.c drivers/char/apm-emulation.c include/linux/apm_bios.h include/uapi/linux/apm_bios.h

* APPARMOR SECURITY MODULE

Mail

John Johansen <john.johansen@canonical.com>

Mailing list

apparmor@lists.ubuntu.com (subscribers-only, general discussion)

Status

Supported

Web-page

wiki.apparmor.net

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jj/linux-apparmor

Files

admin-guide/LSM/apparmor security/apparmor/

* APPLE BCM5974 MULTITOUCH DRIVER

Mail

Henrik Rydberg < rydberg@bitmath.org >

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

drivers/input/mouse/bcm5974.c

* APPLE SMC DRIVER

Mail

Henrik Rydberg < rydberg@bitmath.org >

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

drivers/hwmon/applesmc.c

* APPLETALK NETWORK LAYER

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

drivers/net/appletalk/include/linux/atalk.hinclude/uapi/ linux/atalk.h net/appletalk/

* APPLIED MICRO (APM) X-GENE DEVICE TREE SUPPORT

Mail

Khuong Dinh <khuong@os.amperecomputing.com>

Status

Supported

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/apm/

* APPLIED MICRO (APM) X-GENE SOC EDAC

Mail

Khuong Dinh <khuong@os.amperecomputing.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/edac/apm-xgene-edac.txt drivers/edac/xgene_edac.c

* APPLIED MICRO (APM) X-GENE SOC ETHERNET (V2) DRIVER

Mail

Iyappan Subramanian <iyappan@os.amperecomputing.com>, Keyur Chudgar <keyur@os.amperecomputing.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/apm/xgene-v2/

* APPLIED MICRO (APM) X-GENE SOC ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Iyappan Subramanian <iyappan@os.amperecomputing.com>, Keyur Chudgar <keyur@os.amperecomputing.com>, Quan Nguyen <quan@os.amperecomputing.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/apm-xgene-enet.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/apm-xgene-mdio. txt drivers/net/ethernet/apm/xgene/ drivers/net/mdio/mdio-xgene.c

* APPLIED MICRO (APM) X-GENE SOC PMU

Mail

Khuong Dinh <khuong@os.amperecomputing.com>

Status

Supported

Files

admin-guide/perf/xgene-pmu Documentation/devicetree/bindings/perf/apm-xgene-pmu.txt drivers/perf/xgene pmu.c

* APTINA CAMERA SENSOR PLL

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < Laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/aptina-pll.*

* AQUANTIA ETHERNET DRIVER (atlantic)

Mail

Igor Russkikh <irusskikh@marvell.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://www.marvell.com/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/aquantia/atlantic drivers/
net/ethernet/aquantia/atlantic/

* AQUANTIA ETHERNET DRIVER PTP SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.aquantia.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/aquantia/atlantic/aq ptp*

* ARASAN NAND CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Naga Sureshkumar Relli <nagasure@xilinx.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/arasan, nand-controller.yaml drivers/mtd/nand/raw/ arasan-nand-controller.c

* ARC FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Jaya Kumar <jayalk@intworks.biz>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/arcfb.c drivers/video/fbdev/core/
fb_defio.c

* ARC PGU DRM DRIVER

Mail

Alexey Brodkin <abrodkin@synopsys.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/snps,arcpgu.txt drivers/gpu/drm/arc/

* ARCNET NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Michael Grzeschik <m.grzeschik@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/arcnet/ include/uapi/linux/if_arcnet.h

* ARM ARCHITECTED TIMER DRIVER

Mail

Mark Rutland <mark.rutland@arm.com>, Marc Zyngier <max@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/include/asm/arch_timer.h arch/arm64/include/asm/ arch_timer.h drivers/clocksource/arm_arch_timer.c

* ARM HDLCD DRM DRIVER

Mail

Liviu Dudau <liviu.dudau@arm.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/arm,hdlcd.txt
drivers/gpu/drm/arm/hdlcd_*

* ARM INTEGRATOR, VERSATILE AND REALVIEW SUPPORT

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/arm,integrator. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/arm, vaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/ realview.yaml arm, versatile.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ arm/arm, vexpress-juno.yaml Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/auxdisplay/arm-charlcd.txt Documentation/ devicetree/bindings/clock/arm,syscon-icst.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-versatile.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/ arm,versatile-fpga-irq.txt Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/mtd/arm-versatile.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/ arm-realview-* arch/arm/boot/dts/integrator* arch/arm/ boot/dts/versatile* arch/arm/mach-integrator/ arch/
arm/mach-realview/ arch/arm/mach-versatile/ arch/
arm/plat-versatile/ drivers/bus/arm-integrator-lm.c
drivers/clk/versatile/ drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-versatile.
c drivers/irqchip/irq-versatile-fpga.c drivers/
mtd/maps/physmap-versatile.* drivers/power/reset/
arm-versatile-reboot.c drivers/soc/versatile/

* ARM KOMEDA DRM-KMS DRIVER

Mail

James (Qian) Wang <james.qian.wang@arm.com>, Liviu Dudau <liviu.dudau@arm.com>, Mihail Atanassov <mihail.atanassov@arm.com>

Mailing list

Mali DP Maintainers <malidp@foss.arm.com>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/arm,komeda. txt gpu/komeda-kms drivers/gpu/drm/arm/display/include/drivers/gpu/drm/arm/display/komeda/

* ARM MALI PANFROST DRM DRIVER

Mail

Rob Herring <robh@kernel.org>, Tomeu Vizoso <tomeu.vizoso@collabora.com>

Reviewer

Steven Price <steven.price@arm.com>, Alyssa Rosenzweig <alyssa.rosenzweig@collabora.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/panfrost/ include/uapi/drm/panfrost_drm.h

* ARM MALI-DP DRM DRIVER

Mail

Liviu Dudau liviu.dudau@arm.com>, Brian Starkey

 brian.starkey@arm.com>

Mailing list

Mali DP Maintainers <malidp@foss.arm.com>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/arm,malidp.txt gpu/afbc drivers/gpu/drm/arm/

* ARM MFM AND FLOPPY DRIVERS

Mail

Ian Molton <spyro@f2s.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/include/asm/floppy.h arch/arm/mach-rpc/
floppydma.S

* ARM PMU PROFILING AND DEBUGGING

Mail

Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>, Mark Rutland <mark.rutland@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/pmu.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/perf/ arch/arm*/
include/asm/hw_breakpoint.h arch/arm*/include/asm/
perf_event.h arch/arm*/kernel/hw_breakpoint.c arch/arm*/
kernel/perf_* arch/arm/oprofile/common.c drivers/perf/
include/linux/perf/arm_pmu.h

* ARM PORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

SCM

git git://git.armlinux.org.uk/~rmk/linux-arm.git

Files

arch/arm/

Excluded

arch/arm/boot/dts/

* ARM PRIMECELL AACI PL041 DRIVER

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

sound/arm/aaci.*

* ARM PRIMECELL BUS SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/amba/ include/linux/amba/bus.h

* ARM PRIMECELL CLCD PL110 DRIVER

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/amba-clcd.*

* ARM PRIMECELL KMI PL050 DRIVER

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/input/serio/ambakmi.* include/linux/amba/kmi.h

* ARM PRIMECELL MMCI PL180/1 DRIVER

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/mmc/host/mmci.* include/linux/amba/mmci.h

* ARM PRIMECELL SSP PL022 SPI DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/spi-pl022.yamldrivers/spi/spi-pl022.c

* ARM PRIMECELL UART PL010 AND PL011 DRIVERS

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/tty/serial/amba-pl01*.c include/linux/amba/
serial.h

* ARM PRIMECELL VIC PL190/PL192 DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/arm,vic.txt drivers/irqchip/irq-vic.c

* ARM SMC WATCHDOG DRIVER

Mail

Julius Werner < jwerner@chromium.org>

Reviewer

Evan Benn <evanbenn@chromium.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/watchdog/arm-smc-wdt.yamldrivers/watchdog/arm_smc_wdt.c

* ARM SMMU DRIVERS

Mail

Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Robin Murphy <robin.murphy@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iommu/arm,smmu*
drivers/iommu/arm/ drivers/iommu/io-pgtable-arm*

* ARM AND ARM64 SoC SUB-ARCHITECTURES (COMMON PARTS)

Mail

Arnd Bergmann <arnd@arndb.de>, Olof Johansson <olof@lixom.net>, soc@kernel.org

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/soc/soc.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/Makefile arch/arm64/boot/dts/Makefile

* ARM SUB-ARCHITECTURES

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/soc/soc.git

Files

arch/arm/mach-*/ arch/arm/plat-*/

* ARM/ACTIONS SEMI ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Andreas Färber <afaerber@suse.de>, Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/actions.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/actions.owl-cmu. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/owl-dma. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-owl.txt yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/ actions,owl-sirq.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ mmc/owl-mmc.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ pinctrl/actions,* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ power/actions,owl-sps.txt Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/timer/actions.owl-timer.txt arch/arm/boot/ dts/owl-* arch/arm/mach-actions/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/ actions/ drivers/clk/actions/ drivers/clocksource/ timer-owl* drivers/dma/owl-dma.c drivers/i2c/busses/ i2c-owl.cdrivers/irqchip/irq-owl-sirq.cdrivers/mmc/host/ owl-mmc.c drivers/pinctrl/actions/* drivers/soc/actions/ include/dt-bindings/power/owl-* include/dt-bindings/ reset/actions,* include/linux/soc/actions/

Regex

owl

* ARM/ADS SPHERE MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek < kernel@wantstofly.org >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/AFEB9260 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Sergey Lapin <slapin@ossfans.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/AJECO 1ARM MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/Allwinner SoC Clock Support

Mail

Emilio López <emilio@elopez.com.ar>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clk/sunxi/

* ARM/Allwinner sunXi SoC support

Mail

Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>, Chen-Yu Tsai <wens@csie.org>

Reviewer

Jernej Skrabec <jernej.skrabec@siol.net>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/sunxi/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/mach-sunxi/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/allwinner/
drivers/clk/sunxi-ng/ drivers/pinctrl/sunxi/ drivers/
soc/sunxi/

Regex

sun[x456789]i sun50i

* ARM/Amlogic Meson SoC CLOCK FRAMEWORK

Mail

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>, Jerome Brunet <jbrunet@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/amlogic* drivers/
clk/meson/ include/dt-bindings/clock/gxbb* include/
dt-bindings/clock/meson*

* ARM/Amlogic Meson SoC Crypto Drivers

Mail

Corentin Labbe <clabbe@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org, linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/crypto/amlogic* drivers/crypto/amlogic/

* ARM/Amlogic Meson SoC Sound Drivers

Mail

Jerome Brunet <jbrunet@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/amlogic* sound/ soc/meson/

* ARM/Amlogic Meson SoC support

Mail

Kevin Hilman < khilman@baylibre.com>

Reviewer

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>, Jerome Brunet <jbrunet@baylibre.com>, Martin Blumenstingl <martin.blumenstingl@googlemail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linux-meson.com/

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/meson* arch/arm/mach-meson/ arch/arm64/
boot/dts/amlogic/drivers/mmc/host/meson* drivers/pinctrl/
meson/ drivers/rtc/rtc-meson* drivers/soc/amlogic/

Regex

meson

* ARM/Annapurna Labs ALPINE ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Tsahee Zidenberg <tsahee@annapurnalabs.com>, Antoine Tenart <atenart@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/alpine* arch/arm/mach-alpine/ arch/ arm64/boot/dts/amazon/drivers/*/*alpine*

* ARM/ARTPEC MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Jesper Nilsson <jesper.nilsson@axis.com>, Lars Persson <lars.persson@axis.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@axis.com

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/axis, artpec6-pinctrl.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/artpec6* arch/arm/ mach-artpec drivers/clk/axis drivers/crypto/axis drivers/ mmc/host/usdhi6rol0.c drivers/pinctrl/pinctrl-artpec*

* ARM/ASPEED I2C DRIVER

Mail

Brendan Higgins brendanhiggins@google.com

Reviewer

Benjamin Herrenschmidt <benh@kernel.crashing.org>, Joel Stanley <joel@jms.id.au>

Mailing list

 $linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, openbmc@lists.ozlabs.org \ (moderated for non-subscribers)\\$

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-aspeed.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/ aspeed,ast2400-i2c-ic.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-aspeed.c drivers/irqchip/irq-aspeed-i2c-ic.c

* ARM/ASPEED MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Joel Stanley <joel@jms.id.au>

Reviewer

Andrew Jeffery <andrew@aj.id.au>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-aspeed@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-aspeed/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/joel/aspeed.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/aspeed-* arch/arm/mach-aspeed/

Regex

aspeed

* ARM/BITMAIN ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/bitmain.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/bitmain,
bm1880-clk.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
pinctrl/bitmain,bm1880-pinctrl.txt arch/arm64/boot/
dts/bitmain/ drivers/clk/clk-bm1880.c drivers/pinctrl/
pinctrl-bm1880.c

* ARM/CALXEDA HIGHBANK ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Andre Przywara <andre.przywara@arm.com>

Mailing list

 $\label{linux-arm-kernel} {\tt linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org} \quad \mbox{(moderated for non-subscribers)}$

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/ecx-*.dts* arch/arm/boot/dts/highbank.
dts arch/arm/mach-highbank/

* ARM/CAVIUM NETWORKS CNS3XXX MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Krzysztof Halasa <khalasa@piap.pl>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-cns3xxx/

* ARM/CAVIUM THUNDER NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Sunil Goutham <sgoutham@marvell.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/cavium/thunder/

* ARM/CIRRUS LOGIC BK3 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lukasz Majewski < lukma@denx.de>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-ep93xx/ts72xx.c

* ARM/CIRRUS LOGIC CLPS711X ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Alexander Shiyan <shc work@mail.ru>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Odd Fixes

Regex

clps711x

* ARM/CIRRUS LOGIC EDB9315A MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/CIRRUS LOGIC EP93XX ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Hartley Sweeten sweeten@visionengravers.com, Alexander Sverdlin sweeten@visionengravers.com, Alexander sweetengravers.com, Alexander sweetengravers.com, Alexander <a href="mailto:sweetengravers.

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-ep93xx/arch/arm/mach-ep93xx/include/mach/

* ARM/CLKDEV SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.armlinux.org.uk/~rmk/linux-arm.git clkdev

Files

drivers/clk/clkdev.c

* ARM/CONEXANT DIGICOLOR MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Baruch Siach baruch@tkos.co.il

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/cx92755*

Regex

digicolor

* ARM/CONTEC MICRO9 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Hubert Feurstein < hubert.feurstein@contec.at>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-ep93xx/micro9.c

* ARM/CORESIGHT FRAMEWORK AND DRIVERS

Mail

Mathieu Poirier <mathieu.poirier@linaro.org>, Suzuki K Poulose <suzuki.poulose@arm.com>

Reviewer

Mike Leach <mike.leach@linaro.org>, Leo Yan <leo.yan@linaro.org>

Mailing list

coresight@lists.linaro.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/coresight/linux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-coresight-devices-*
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/
coresight-cpu-debug.txt Documentation/devicetree/
bindings/arm/coresight-cti.yaml Documentation/devicetree/
bindings/arm/coresight.txt Documentation/trace/coresight/

* drivers/hwtracing/coresight/* include/dt-bindings/arm/coresight-cti-dt.h tools/perf/arch/arm/util/auxtrace.c tools/perf/arch/arm/util/cs-etm.c tools/perf/arch/arm/util/cs-etm.h tools/perf/arch/arm/util/pmu.c tools/perf/util/cs-etm-decoder/* tools/perf/util/cs-etm.*

* ARM/CORGI MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Status

Maintained

* ARM/CORTINA SYSTEMS GEMINI ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Hans Ulli Kroll <ulli.kroll@googlemail.com>, Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/ulli-kroll/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/gemini.txt
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/cortina,
gemini-ethernet.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
pinctrl/cortina,gemini-pinctrl.txt Documentation/
devicetree/bindings/rtc/faraday,ftrtc010.txt arch/arm/
mach-gemini/ drivers/net/ethernet/cortina/ drivers/
pinctrl/pinctrl-gemini.c drivers/rtc/rtc-ftrtc010.c

* ARM/CSR SIRFPRIMA2 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Barry Song

baohua@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/baohua/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/prima2* arch/arm/mach-prima2/ drivers/
clk/sirf/ drivers/clocksource/timer-atlas7.c drivers/
clocksource/timer-prima2.c

Excluded

drivers/gnss

Regex

[^a-z]sirf

* ARM/CZ.NIC TURRIS MOX SUPPORT

Mail

Marek Behun <marek.behun@nic.cz>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://mox.turris.cz

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-moxtet Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-moxtet-devices Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-firmware-turris-mox-rwtm Documentation/devicetree/bindings/bus/moxtet.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/firmware/cznic,turris-mox-rwtm.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-moxtet.txt drivers/bus/moxtet.c drivers/firmware/turris-mox-rwtm.c drivers/gpio/gpio-moxtet.c include/linux/moxtet.h

* ARM/EBSA110 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

Files

arch/arm/mach-ebsal10/ drivers/net/ethernet/amd/ am79c961a.*

* ARM/ENERGY MICRO (SILICON LABS) EFM32 SUPPORT

Mail

Uwe Kleine-König <u.kleine-koenig@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Regex

efm32

* ARM/EZX SMARTPHONES (A780, A910, A1200, E680, ROKR E2 and ROKR E6)

Mail

Robert Jarzmik < robert.jarzmik@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/ezx.c

* ARM/FARADAY FA526 PORT

Mail

Hans Ulli Kroll <ulli.kroll@googlemail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.berlios.de/gemini-board

Files

arch/arm/mm/*-fa*

* ARM/FOOTBRIDGE ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

Files

arch/arm/include/asm/hardware/dec21285.h arch/arm/
mach-footbridge/

* ARM/FREESCALE IMX / MXC ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Shawn Guo <shawnguo@kernel.org>, Sascha Hauer <s.hauer@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team <kernel@pengutronix.de>, Fabio Estevam <festevam@gmail.com>, NXP Linux Team linux-imx@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/shawnguo/linux.git

Excluded

drivers/media/i2c/

Regex

imx mxs

* ARM/FREESCALE LAYERSCAPE ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Shawn Guo <shawnguo@kernel.org>, Li Yang <leoyang.li@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/shawnguo/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/ls1021a* arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/
fsl-* arch/arm64/boot/dts/freescale/qoriq-*

* ARM/FREESCALE VYBRID ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Shawn Guo <shawnguo@kernel.org>, Sascha Hauer <s.hauer@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>, Stefan Agner < stefan@agner.ch>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/shawnguo/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/vf* arch/arm/mach-imx/*vf610*

* ARM/GLOMATION GESBC9312SX MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/GUMSTIX MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Steve Sakoman@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/H4700 (HP IPAQ HX4700) MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Philipp Zabel <philipp.zabel@gmail.com>, Paul Parsons <lost.distance@yahoo.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/hx4700.c arch/arm/mach-pxa/include/mach/hx4700.h sound/soc/pxa/hx4700.c

* ARM/HISILICON SOC SUPPORT

Mail

Wei Xu <xuwei5@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

SCM

git git://github.com/hisilicon/linux-hisi.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/hi3* arch/arm/boot/dts/hip* arch/arm/
boot/dts/hisi* arch/arm/mach-hisi/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/
hisilicon/

* ARM/HP JORNADA 7XX MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Kristoffer Ericson < kristoffer.ericson@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

www.jlime.com

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kristoffer/linux-hpc.git

Files

arch/arm/mach-sal100/include/mach/jornada720.h arch/arm/
mach-sal100/jornada720.c

* ARM/IGEP MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Enric Balletbo i Serra <eballetbo@gmail.com>, Javier Martinez Canillas <javier@dowhile0.org>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/omap3-igep*

* ARM/INCOME PXA270 SUPPORT

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/colibri-pxa270-income.c

* ARM/INTEL IOP32X ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/INTEL IQ81342EX MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/INTEL IXDP2850 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/INTEL IXP4XX ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Linus Walleij linusw@kernel.org>, Imre Kaloz <kaloz@openwrt.org>, Krzysztof Halasa <khalasa@piap.pl>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/intel-ixp4xx.
yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/intel,
ixp4xx-gpio.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
interrupt-controller/intel,ixp4xx-interrupt.yaml

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/timer/intel,
ixp4xx-timer.yaml arch/arm/mach-ixp4xx/ drivers/
clocksource/timer-ixp4xx.c drivers/gpio/gpio-ixp4xx.
c drivers/irqchip/irq-ixp4xx.c include/linux/irqchip/
irq-ixp4xx.h include/linux/platform data/timer-ixp4xx.h

* ARM/INTEL KEEMBAY ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Paul J. Murphy <paul.j.murphy@intel.com>, Daniele Alessandrelli <daniele.alessandrelli@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/intel,keembay.yaml arch/arm64/boot/dts/intel/keembay-evm.dts arch/arm64/boot/dts/intel/keembay-soc.dtsi

* ARM/INTEL RESEARCH IMOTE/STARGATE 2 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Jonathan Cameron <jic23@cam.ac.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/stargate2.c drivers/pcmcia/ pxa2xx_stargate2.c

* ARM/INTEL XSC3 (MANZANO) ARM CORE

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/IP FABRICS DOUBLE ESPRESSO MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/LG1K ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Chanho Min <chanho.min@lge.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/lg/

* ARM/LOGICPD PXA270 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for nonsubscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/LPC18XX ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Vladimir Zapolskiy <vz@mleia.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-lpc2k.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/lpc43* drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-lpc2k.c

drivers/memory/pl172.c drivers/mtd/spi-nor/controllers/
nxp-spifi.c drivers/rtc/rtc-lpc24xx.c

Regex

lpc18xx

* ARM/LPC32XX SOC SUPPORT

Mail

Vladimir Zapolskiy <vz@mleia.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/vzapolskiy/linux-lpc32xx.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-pnx.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/lpc32* arch/arm/mach-lpc32xx/ drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-pnx.c drivers/net/ethernet/nxp/lpc_eth.c drivers/usb/host/ohci-nxp.c drivers/watchdog/pnx4008_wdt.c

Regex

lpc32xx

* ARM/MAGICIAN MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Philipp Zabel <philipp.zabel@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

* ARM/Marvell Dove/MV78xx0/Orion SOC support

Mail

Andrew Lunn <andrew@lunn.ch>, Sebastian Hesselbarth <sebastian.hesselbarth@gmail.com>, Gregory Clement <gregory.clement@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.infradead.org/linux-mvebu.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/soc/dove/ arch/arm/boot/dts/dove* arch/arm/boot/dts/orion5x* arch/arm/mach-dove/ arch/arm/mach-mv78xx0/ arch/arm/mach-orion5x/arch/arm/plat-orion/drivers/soc/dove/

* ARM/Marvell Kirkwood and Armada 370, 375, 38x, 39x, XP, 3700, 7K/8K, CN9130 SOC support

Mail

Andrew Lunn <andrew@lunn.ch>, Gregory Clement <gregory.clement@bootlin.com>, Sebastian Hesselbarth <sebastian.hesselbarth@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.infradead.org/linux-mvebu.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/armada* arch/arm/boot/dts/kirkwood* arch/arm/configs/mvebu_*_defconfig arch/arm/mach-mvebu/arch/arm64/boot/dts/marvell/armada* arch/arm64/boot/dts/marvell/cn913* drivers/cpufreq/armada-37xx-cpufreq.c drivers/cpufreq/c drivers/cpufreq.c drivers/cpufreq/convebu-cpufreq.c drivers/irqchip/irq-armada-370-xp.c drivers/irqchip/irq-mvebu-* drivers/pinctrl/mvebu/drivers/rtc/rtc-armada38x.c

* ARM/Mediatek RTC DRIVER

Mail

Eddie Huang <eddie.huang@mediatek.com>, Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rtc/rtc-mt2712.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rtc/rtc-mt7622.txt drivers/rtc/rtc-mt2712.c drivers/rtc/rtc-mt6397.c drivers/
rtc/rtc-mt7622.c

* ARM/Mediatek SoC support

Mail

Matthias Brugger <matthias.bgg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://mtk.bcnfs.org/

chat

irc://chat.freenode.net/linux-mediatek

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/mt6* arch/arm/boot/dts/mt7* arch/arm/
boot/dts/mt8* arch/arm/mach-mediatek/ arch/arm64/boot/
dts/mediatek/ drivers/soc/mediatek/

Regex

mtk mt[678]

Content regex

mediatek

* ARM/Mediatek USB3 PHY DRIVER

Mail

Chunfeng Yun <chunfeng.yun@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/phy-mtk-* drivers/phy/mediatek/

* ARM/Microchip (AT91) SoC support

Mail

Nicolas Ferre <nicolas.ferre@microchip.com>, Alexandre Belloni <alexandre.belloni@bootlin.com>, Ludovic Desroches <ludovic.desroches@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux4sam.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/at91/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/at91*.dts arch/arm/boot/dts/at91*.dtsi arch/arm/boot/dts/sama*.dts arch/arm/boot/dts/sama*.dtsi arch/arm/include/debug/at91.Sarch/arm/mach-at91/drivers/memory/atmel* drivers/watchdog/sama5d4_wdt.c include/soc/at91/

Excluded

drivers/input/touchscreen/atmel_mxt_ts.c drivers/net/
wireless/atmel/

Regex

at91 atmel

* ARM/Microchip Sparx5 SoC support

Mail

Lars Povlsen lars.povlsen@microchip.com, Steen Hegelund Steen.Hegelund@microchip.com, Microchip Linux Driver Support <UNGLinuxDriver@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://github.com/microchip-ung/linux-upstream.git

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/microchip/

Regex

sparx5

* ARM/MIOA701 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Robert Jarzmik <robert.jarzmik@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/mioa701.c

* ARM/MStar/Sigmastar Armv7 SoC support

Mail

Daniel Palmer <daniel@thingy.jp>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linux-chenxing.org/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/mstar/* arch/arm/boot/dts/mstar-* arch/arm/mach-mstar/

* ARM/NEC MOBILEPRO 900/c MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Michael Petchkovsky <mkpetch@internode.on.net>

Status

Maintained

* ARM/NOMADIK/U300/Ux500 ARCHITECTURES

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/linusw/linux-nomadik.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/ste-* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/ux500. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/ux500/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-nomadik. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-stu300. txt txt arch/arm/boot/dts/ste-* arch/arm/mach-nomadik/ arch/arm/mach-u300/ arch/arm/mach-ux500/ drivers/clk/ clk-nomadik.c drivers/clk/clk-u300.c drivers/clocksource/ clksrc-dbx500-prcmu.c drivers/clocksource/timer-u300.c drivers/dma/coh901318* drivers/dma/ste dma40* hwspinlock/u8500 hsem.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-nomadik. drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-stu300.c drivers/iio/adc/ ab8500-gpadc.c drivers/mfd/ab3100* drivers/mfd/ab8500* drivers/mfd/abx500* drivers/mfd/db8500* drivers/mfd/ dbx500* drivers/pinctrl/nomadik/ drivers/pinctrl/ pinctrl-coh901* drivers/pinctrl/pinctrl-u300.c drivers/ rtc/rtc-ab3100.c drivers/rtc/rtc-ab8500.c drivers/rtc/ rtc-coh901331.cdrivers/rtc/rtc-pl031.cdrivers/soc/ux500/ drivers/watchdog/coh901327 wdt.c

* ARM/NUVOTON NPCM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Avi Fishman <avifishman70@gmail.com>, Tomer Maimon <tmaimon77@gmail.com>, Tali Perry <tali.perry1@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Patrick Venture
venture@google.com>, Nancy
Yuen
yuenn@google.com>, Benjamin
Fair

benjaminfair@google.com>

Mailing list

openbmc@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/*/npcm*
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/*npcm* arch/arm/boot/
dts/nuvoton-npcm* arch/arm/mach-npcm/ drivers/*/*npcm*
drivers/*/*npcm* include/dt-bindings/clock/nuvoton,
npcm7xx-clock.h

* ARM/OPENMOKO NEO FREERUNNER (GTA02) MACHINE SUPPORT

Mailing list

openmoko-kernel@lists.openmoko.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://wiki.openmoko.org/wiki/Neo_FreeRunner

Files

arch/arm/mach-s3c/gta02.h arch/arm/mach-s3c/mach-gta02.c

* ARM/Orion SoC/Technologic Systems TS-78xx platform support

Mail

Alexander Clouter <alex@digriz.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.digriz.org.uk/ts78xx/kernel

Files

arch/arm/mach-orion5x/ts78xx-*

* ARM/OXNAS platform support

Mail

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for nonsubscribers), linux-oxnas@groups.io (moderated for nonsubscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/ox8*.dts* arch/arm/mach-oxnas/ drivers/ power/reset/oxnas-restart.c

Regex

oxnas

* ARM/PALM TREO SUPPORT

Mail

Tomas Cech <sleep walker@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://hackndev.com

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/palmtreo.*

* ARM/PALMTX,PALMT5,PALMLD,PALMTE2,PALMTC SUPPORT

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://hackndev.com

Files

```
arch/arm/mach-pxa/include/mach/palmld.h arch/arm/
mach-pxa/include/mach/palmtc.h arch/arm/mach-pxa/include/
mach/palmtx.h arch/arm/mach-pxa/palmld.c arch/arm/
mach-pxa/palmt5.* arch/arm/mach-pxa/palmtc.c arch/arm/
mach-pxa/palmte2.* arch/arm/mach-pxa/palmtx.c
```

* ARM/PALMZ72 SUPPORT

Mail

Sergey Lapin <slapin@ossfans.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://hackndev.com

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/palmz72.*

* ARM/PLEB SUPPORT

Mail

Peter Chubb <pleb@gelato.unsw.edu.au>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.disy.cse.unsw.edu.au/Hardware/PLEB

* ARM/PT DIGITAL BOARD PORT

Mail

Stefan Eletzhofer <stefan.eletzhofer@eletztrick.de>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

* ARM/QUALCOMM SUPPORT

Mail

Andy Gross <agross@kernel.org>, Bjorn Andersson
 <bjorn.andersson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/qcom/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/gcom* Documentation/ devicetree/bindings/soc/qcom/ arch/arm/boot/dts/qcom-*. arch/arm/boot/dts/gcom-*.dtsi arch/arm/mach-gcom/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/qcom/ drivers/*/*/qcom* drivers/*/ */gcom/ drivers/*/pm8???-* drivers/*/gcom* drivers/*/ gcom/ drivers/bluetooth/btqcomsmd.c drivers/clocksource/ timer-qcom.c drivers/cpuidle/cpuidle-qcom-spm.c drivers/ drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-qcom-geni.c extcon/extcon-gcom* drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-qup.c drivers/iommu/msm* drivers/ mfd/ssbi.c drivers/mmc/host/mmci qcom* drivers/mmc/ drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pcie-qcom. host/sdhci-msm.c drivers/phy/qualcomm/ drivers/power/*/msm* drivers/

reset/reset-qcom-* drivers/scsi/ufs/ufs-qcom* drivers/
spi/spi-geni-qcom.c drivers/spi/spi-qcom-qspi.c drivers/
spi/spi-qup.c drivers/tty/serial/msm_serial.c drivers/
usb/dwc3/dwc3-qcom.c include/dt-bindings/*/qcom* include/
linux/*/qcom*

* ARM/RADISYS ENP2611 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek < kernel@wantstofly.org >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/RDA MICRO ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-unisoc@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/rda.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-rda.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/
rda,8810pl-intc.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
serial/rda,8810pl-uart.txt Documentation/devicetree/
bindings/timer/rda,8810pl-timer.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/
rda8810pl-* drivers/clocksource/timer-rda.c drivers/gpio/
gpio-rda.c drivers/irqchip/irq-rda-intc.c drivers/tty/
serial/rda-uart.c

* ARM/REALTEK ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Andreas Färber <afaerber@suse.de>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-realtek-soc@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/realtek.yaml arch/arm/boot/dts/rtd* arch/arm/mach-realtek/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/realtek/

* ARM/RENESAS ARM64 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Geert Uytterhoeven <geert+renesas@glider.be>, Magnus Damm <magnus.damm@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-renesas-soc/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/geert/renesas-devel.git next

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/renesas.yaml arch/arm64/boot/dts/renesas/ drivers/soc/renesas/ include/linux/soc/renesas/

* ARM/RISCPC ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

Files

arch/arm/include/asm/hardware/entry-macro-iomd.S arch/arm/include/asm/hardware/ioc.h arch/arm/include/asm/hardware/iomd.h arch/arm/include/asm/hardware/memc.h arch/arm/mach-rpc/ drivers/net/ethernet/8390/etherh.c drivers/net/ethernet/i825xx/ether1* drivers/net/ethernet/seeq/ether3* drivers/scsi/arm/

* ARM/Rockchip SoC support

Mail

Heiko Stuebner <heiko@sntech.de>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-rockchip@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mmind/linux-rockchip.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-rk3x.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mmc/rockchip-dw-mshc.
yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/spi-rockchip.
yaml arch/arm/boot/dts/rk3* arch/arm/boot/dts/rv1108*
arch/arm/mach-rockchip/ drivers/*/*rockchip* drivers/
*/*rockchip* drivers/clk/rockchip/ drivers/i2c/busses/
i2c-rk3x.c sound/soc/rockchip/

Regex

rockchip

* ARM/SAMSUNG S3C, S5P AND EXYNOS ARM ARCHITECTURES

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-samsung-soc/list/

Files

Documentation/arm/samsung/ Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/arm/samsung/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ arch/arm/boot/dts/exynos* power/pd-samsung.yaml arch/ arm/boot/dts/s3c* arch/arm/boot/dts/s5p* arch/arm/ mach-exynos*/ arch/arm/mach-s3c/ arch/arm/mach-s5p*/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/exynos/ drivers/*/*/*s3c24* drivers/ */*s3c24* drivers/*/*s3c64xx* drivers/*/*s5pv210* drivers/ memory/samsung/ drivers/soc/samsung/ drivers/tty/serial/ samsung* include/linux/soc/samsung/

Regex

exynos s3c2410 s3c64xx s5pv210

* ARM/SAMSUNG S5P SERIES 2D GRAPHICS ACCELERATION (G2D) SUPPORT

Mail

Andrzej Hajda <a.hajda@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/platform/s5p-g2d/

* ARM/SAMSUNG S5P SERIES HDMI CEC SUBSYSTEM SUPPORT

Mail

Marek Szyprowski <m.szyprowski@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/s5p-cec.txt drivers/media/cec/platform/s5p/

* ARM/SAMSUNG S5P SERIES JPEG CODEC SUPPORT

Mail

Andrzej Pietrasiewicz <andrzejtp2010@gmail.com>, Jacek Anaszewski <jacek.anaszewski@gmail.com>, Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/platform/s5p-jpeg/

* ARM/SAMSUNG S5P SERIES Multi Format Codec (MFC) SUPPORT

Mail

Andrzej Hajda <a.hajda@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/platform/s5p-mfc/

* ARM/SHMOBILE ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Geert Uytterhoeven <geert+renesas@glider.be>, Magnus Damm <magnus.damm@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-renesas-soc/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/geert/renesas-devel.git next

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/renesas.yaml arch/arm/boot/dts/emev2* arch/arm/boot/dts/gr-peach* arch/arm/boot/dts/iwg20d-q7* arch/arm/boot/dts/r7s* arch/arm/boot/dts/r8a* arch/arm/boot/dts/r9a* arch/arm/boot/dts/sh* arch/arm/configs/shmobile_defconfig arch/arm/include/debug/renesas-scif.S arch/arm/mach-shmobile/ drivers/soc/renesas/include/linux/soc/renesas/

* ARM/SOCFPGA ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Dinh Nguyen dinguyen@kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.rocketboards.org

SCM

296

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/dinguyen/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/socfpga* arch/arm/configs/
socfpga_defconfig arch/arm/mach-socfpga/ arch/arm64/boot/
dts/altera/arch/arm64/boot/dts/intel/

* ARM/SOCFPGA CLOCK FRAMEWORK SUPPORT

Mail

Dinh Nguyen dinguyen@kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clk/socfpga/

* ARM/SOCFPGA EDAC SUPPORT

Mail

Dinh Nguyen dinguyen@kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/altera edac.

* ARM/SPREADTRUM SoC SUPPORT

Mail

Orson Zhai <orsonzhai@gmail.com>, Baolin Wang

baolin.wang7@gmail.com>, Chunyan Zhang <zhang.lyra@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/sprd

Regex

sprd sc27xx sc2731

* ARM/STI ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Patrice Chotard <patrice.chotard@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.stlinux.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-st.txt arm/boot/dts/sti* arch/arm/mach-sti/ drivers/ata/ahci st. drivers/char/hw_random/st-rng.c drivers/clocksource/ arm global timer.c drivers/clocksource/clksrc st lpc. drivers/cpufreg/sti-cpufreg.c drivers/dma/st fdma* drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-st.c drivers/media/platform/ sti/c8sectpfe/ drivers/media/rc/st rc.c drivers/mmc/ host/sdhci-st.c drivers/phy/st/phy-miphy28lp.c drivers/ phy/st/phy-stih407-usb.c drivers/pinctrl/pinctrl-st.c drivers/remoteproc/st remoteproc.c drivers/remoteproc/ st slim rproc.cdrivers/reset/sti/drivers/rtc/rtc-st-lpc. c drivers/tty/serial/st-asc.c drivers/usb/dwc3/dwc3-st.c drivers/usb/host/ehci-st.c
drivers/usb/host/ohci-st.c drivers/watchdog/st lpc wdt.c include/linux/remoteproc/ st_slim_rproc.h

* ARM/STM32 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Maxime Coquelin <mcoquelin.stm32@gmail.com>, Alexandre Torgue <alexandre.torgue@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-stm32@st-md-mailman.stormreply.com (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/atorgue/stm32.git stm32-next

Files

298

arch/arm/boot/dts/stm32* arch/arm/mach-stm32/ drivers/
clocksource/armv7m systick.c

Regex

stm32 stm

* ARM/Synaptics SoC support

Mail

Jisheng Zhang <Jisheng.Zhang@synaptics.com>, Sebastian Hesselbarth <sebastian.hesselbarth@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/berlin* arch/arm/mach-berlin/ arch/ arm64/boot/dts/synaptics/

* ARM/TANGO ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Marc Gonzalez <marc.w.gonzalez@free.fr>, Mans Rullgard <mans@mansr.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Regex

tango

* ARM/TECHNOLOGIC SYSTEMS TS7250 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/TEGRA HDMI CEC SUBSYSTEM SUPPORT

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/tegra-cec.txt drivers/media/cec/platform/tegra/

* ARM/TETON BGA MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

"Mark F. Brown" <mark.brown314@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/TEXAS INSTRUMENT AEMIF/EMIF DRIVERS

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/memory/*emif*

* ARM/TEXAS INSTRUMENT KEYSTONE ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ssantosh/linux-keystone.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/keystone-* arch/arm/mach-keystone/

* ARM/TEXAS INSTRUMENT KEYSTONE CLOCK FRAMEWORK

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clk/keystone/

* ARM/TEXAS INSTRUMENT KEYSTONE CIOCKSOURCE

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clocksource/timer-keystone.c

* ARM/TEXAS INSTRUMENT KEYSTONE RESET DRIVER

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/power/reset/keystone-reset.c

* ARM/TEXAS INSTRUMENTS K3 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Tero Kristo <t-kristo@ti.com>, Nishanth Menon <nm@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/ti/k3.yaml arch/arm64/boot/dts/ti/Makefile arch/arm64/boot/dts/ti/k3-*include/dt-bindings/pinctrl/k3.h

* ARM/THECUS N2100 MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <kernel@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

* ARM/TOSA MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Dmitry Eremin-Solenikov dbaryshkov@gmail.com, Dirk Opfer dirk@opfer-online.de

Status

Maintained

* ARM/TOSHIBA VISCONTI ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Nobuhiro Iwamatsu <nobuhiro1.iwamatsu@toshiba.co.jp>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/iwamatsu/linux-visconti.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/toshiba.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/toshiba,
tmpv7700-pinctrl.yaml arch/arm64/boot/dts/toshiba/
drivers/pinctrl/visconti/

Regex

visconti

* ARM/UNIPHIER ARCHITECTURE

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Orphan

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/socionext/ uniphier.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/ socionext, uniphier-gpio.yaml Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/pinctrl/socionext,uniphier-pinctrl.yaml arm/boot/dts/uniphier* arch/arm/include/asm/hardware/ cache-uniphier.h arch/arm/mach-uniphier/ arch/arm/mm/ cache-uniphier.c arch/arm64/boot/dts/socionext/uniphier* drivers/bus/uniphier-system-bus.c drivers/clk/uniphier/ drivers/dma/uniphier-mdmac.c drivers/gpio/gpio-uniphier. drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-uniphier* drivers/irachip/ irq-uniphier-aidet.c drivers/mmc/host/uniphier-sd.c drivers/pinctrl/uniphier/ drivers/reset/reset-uniphier.c drivers/tty/serial/8250/8250 uniphier.c

Regex

uniphier

* ARM/VERSATILE EXPRESS PLATFORM

Mail

Liviu Dudau liviu.dudau@arm.com>, Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>, Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

//*/vexpress* */*/vexpress* arch/arm/boot/dts/vexpress*

arch/arm/mach-vexpress/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/arm/ drivers/
clk/versatile/clk-vexpress-osc.c drivers/clocksource/
timer-versatile.c

Regex

mps2

* ARM/VFP SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

Files

arch/arm/vfp/

* ARM/VOIPAC PXA270 SUPPORT

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/include/mach/vpac270.h arch/arm/
mach-pxa/vpac270.c

* ARM/VT8500 ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Tony Prisk linux@prisktech.co.nz>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-wmt.txt arch/arm/mach-vt8500/ drivers/clocksource/timer-vt8500.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-wmt.c drivers/mmc/host/wmt-sdmmc.c drivers/pwm/pwm-vt8500.c drivers/rtc/rtc-vt8500.c drivers/tty/serial/vt8500_serial.c drivers/usb/host/ehci-platform.c drivers/usb/host/uhci-platform.c drivers/video/fbdev/vt8500lcdfb.* drivers/video/fbdev/wm8505fb*drivers/video/fbdev/wmt ge rops.*

* ARM/ZIPIT Z2 SUPPORT

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-pxa/include/mach/z2.h arch/arm/mach-pxa/z2.
c

* ARM/ZTE ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Jun Nie <jun.nie@linaro.org>, Shawn Guo <shawnguo@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/zte.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/zx2967*. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/zxdma.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/zx296702-gpio. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-zx2967.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mmc/zx-dw-mshc.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/pinctrl-zx. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/reset/zte, txt zx2967-reset.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ soc/zte/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/ zte,*.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/ zx2967-thermal.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ arch/arm/boot/dts/zx2967* watchdog/zte,zx2967-wdt.txt

arch/arm/mach-zx/ arch/arm64/boot/dts/zte/ drivers/clk/zte/ drivers/dma/zx_dma.c drivers/gpio/gpio-zx.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-zx2967.c drivers/mmc/host/dw_mmc-zx.* drivers/pinctrl/zte/ drivers/soc/zte/ drivers/thermal/zx2967_thermal.c drivers/watchdog/zx2967_wdt.c include/dt-bindings/clock/zx2967*.h include/dt-bindings/soc/zte, *.h sound/soc/codecs/zx_aud96p22.c sound/soc/zte/

* ARM/ZYNQ ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Michal Simek <michal.simek@xilinx.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://wiki.xilinx.com

SCM

git https://github.com/Xilinx/linux-xlnx.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/cdns,i2c-r1p10.
yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/xlnx,
xps-iic-2.00.a.yaml arch/arm/mach-zynq/ drivers/block/
xsysace.cdrivers/clocksource/timer-cadence-ttc.cdrivers/
cpuidle/cpuidle-zynq.c drivers/edac/synopsys_edac.c
drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-cadence.c drivers/i2c/busses/
i2c-xiic.cdrivers/mmc/host/sdhci-of-arasan.c

Regex

zynq xilinx

* ARM64 PORT (AARCH64 ARCHITECTURE)

Mail

Catalin Marinas <catalin.marinas@arm.com>, Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

306

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/arm64/linux.git

Files

Documentation/arm64/ arch/arm64/ tools/testing/selftests/
arm64/

Excluded

arch/arm64/boot/dts/

* AS3645A LED FLASH CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-leds@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/leds/leds-as3645a.c

* ASAHI KASEI AK7375 LENS VOICE COIL DRIVER

Mail

Tianshu Qiu <tian.shu.qiu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ak7375.txt drivers/media/i2c/ak7375.c

* ASAHI KASEI AK8974 DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.akm.com/

Files

drivers/iio/magnetometer/ak8974.c

* ASC7621 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

George Joseph <george.joseph@fairview5.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/asc7621 drivers/hwmon/asc7621.c

* ASPEED PINCTRL DRIVERS

Mail

Andrew Jeffery <andrew@aj.id.au>

Mailing list

linux-aspeed@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers), openbmc@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/aspeed,*
drivers/pinctrl/aspeed/

* ASPEED SCU INTERRUPT CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Eddie James <eajames@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-aspeed@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/
aspeed,ast2xxx-scu-ic.txt drivers/irqchip/
irq-aspeed-scu-ic.c include/dt-bindings/
interrupt-controller/aspeed-scu-ic.h
```

* ASPEED VIDEO ENGINE DRIVER

Mail

Eddie James <eajames@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, openbmc@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/aspeed-video.txt drivers/media/platform/aspeed-video.c

* ASUS NOTEBOOKS AND EEEPC ACPI/WMI EXTRAS DRIVERS

Mail

Corentin Chary < corentin.chary@gmail.com >

Mailing list

acpi4asus-user@lists.sourceforge.net, x86@vger.kernel.org

platform-driver-

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://acpi4asus.sf.net

Files

drivers/platform/x86/asus*.c drivers/platform/x86/eeepc*.
c

* ASUS WIRELESS RADIO CONTROL DRIVER

Mail

João Paulo Rechi Vita <jprvita@gmail.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/asus-wireless.c

* ASYMMETRIC KEYS

Mail

David Howells dhowells@redhat.com

Mailing list

keyrings@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

crypto/asymmetric-keys crypto/asymmetric_keys/ include/ crypto/pkcs7.h include/crypto/public_key.h include/linux/ verification.h

* ASYNCHRONOUS TRANSFERS/TRANSFORMS (IOAT) API

Reviewer

Dan Williams dan.j.williams@intel.com

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

http://sourceforge.net/projects/xscaleiop

Files

crypto/async-tx-api crypto/async_tx/ drivers/dma/ include/ linux/async_tx.h include/linux/dmaengine.h

* AT24 EEPROM DRIVER

Mail

Bartosz Golaszewski

dolaszewski@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/brgl/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/eeprom/at24.yamldrivers/misc/eeprom/at24.c

* ATA OVER ETHERNET (AOE) DRIVER

Mail

"Justin Sanders" <justin@coraid.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.openaoe.org/

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/aoe/drivers/block/aoe/

* ATHEROS 71XX/9XXX GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Alban Bedel <albeu@free.fr>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/AlbanBedel/linux

SCM

git git://github.com/AlbanBedel/linux

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-ath79.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-ath79.c

* ATHEROS 71XX/9XXX USB PHY DRIVER

Mail

Alban Bedel <albeu@free.fr>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/AlbanBedel/linux

SCM

git git://github.com/AlbanBedel/linux

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/phy-ath79-usb.txt drivers/phy/qualcomm/phy-ath79-usb.c

* ATHEROS ATH GENERIC UTILITIES

Mail

Kalle Valo < kvalo@codeaurora.org >

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/*

* ATHEROS ATH5K WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Jiri Slaby <jirislaby@kernel.org>, Nick Kossifidis <mickflemm@gmail.com>, Luis Chamberlain <mcgrof@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/ath5k

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath5k/

* ATHEROS ATH6KL WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Kalle Valo < kvalo@codeaurora.org >

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/ath6kl

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvalo/ath.git

Files

312

drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath6kl/

* ATI_REMOTE2 DRIVER

Mail

Ville Syrjala <syrjala@sci.fi>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/misc/ati_remote2.c

* ATK0110 HWMON DRIVER

Mail

Luca Tettamanti <kronos.it@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/asus_atk0110.c

* ATLX ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Jay Cliburn <jcliburn@gmail.com>, Chris Snook <chris.snook@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sourceforge.net/projects/atl1 http://atl1.sourceforge.net

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/atheros/

* ATM

Mail

Chas Williams <3chas3@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-atm-general@lists.sourceforge.net (moderated for non-subscribers), netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linux-atm.sourceforge.net

Files

drivers/atm/ include/linux/atm* include/uapi/linux/atm*

* ATMEL MACB ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Nicolas Ferre <nicolas.ferre@microchip.com>, Claudiu Beznea <claudiu.beznea@microchip.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/cadence/

* ATMEL MAXTOUCH DRIVER

Mail

Nick Dyer <nick@shmanahar.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/ndyer/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/atmel,maxtouch.txt drivers/input/touchscreen/atmel_mxt_ts.c

* ATMEL WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Simon Kelley <simon@thekelleys.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.thekelleys.org.uk/atmel sourceforge.net/

http://atmelwlandriver.

Files

314

drivers/net/wireless/atmel/atmel*

* ATOMIC INFRASTRUCTURE

Mail

Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>, Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>

Reviewer

Bogun Feng

bogun.feng@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/*/include/asm/atomic*.h include/*/atomic*.h scripts/
atomic/

* ATTO EXPRESSSAS SAS/SATA RAID SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Bradley Grove linuxdrivers@attotech.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.attotech.com

Files

drivers/scsi/esas2r

* ATUSB IEEE 802.15.4 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Stefan Schmidt <stefan@datenfreihafen.org>

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ieee802154/at86rf230.h drivers/net/
ieee802154/atusb.c drivers/net/ieee802154/atusb.h

* AUDIT SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Paul Moore <paul@paul-moore.com>, Eric Paris <eparis@redhat.com>

Mailing list

audit@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/linux-audit

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pcmoore/audit.git

Files

include/linux/audit.h include/uapi/linux/audit.h kernel/ audit*

* AUXILIARY DISPLAY DRIVERS

Mail

Miguel Ojeda Sandonis <miguel.ojeda.sandonis@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/auxdisplay/include/linux/cfag12864b.h

* AVIA HX711 ANALOG DIGITAL CONVERTER IIO DRIVER

Mail

Andreas Klinger <ak@it-klinger.de>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/avia-hx711. yaml drivers/iio/adc/hx711.c

* AX.25 NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Ralf Baechle <ralf@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-ax25.org/

Files

include/net/ax25.h include/uapi/linux/ax25.h net/ax25/

* AXENTIA ARM DEVICES

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/at91-linea.dtsi arch/arm/boot/dts/
at91-natte.dtsi arch/arm/boot/dts/at91-nattis-2-natte-2.
dts arch/arm/boot/dts/at91-tse850-3.dts

* AXENTIA ASOC DRIVERS

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/axentia,* sound/soc/atmel/tse850-pcm5142.c

* AXI-FAN-CONTROL HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Nuno Sá <nuno.sa@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/adi, axi-fan-control.yaml drivers/hwmon/axi-fan-control.c

* AXXIA I2C CONTROLLER

Mail

Krzysztof Adamski < krzysztof.adamski@nokia.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-axxia.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-axxia.c

* AZ6007 DVB DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

318

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/az6007.c

* AZTECH FM RADIO RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-aztech*

* B43 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org, b43-dev@lists.infradead.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/b43

Files

drivers/net/wireless/broadcom/b43/

* B43LEGACY WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Larry Finger < Larry. Finger@lwfinger.net >

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org, b43-dev@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/b43

Files

drivers/net/wireless/broadcom/b43legacy/

* BACKLIGHT CLASS/SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Lee Jones <lee.jones@linaro.org>, Daniel Thompson <daniel.thompson@linaro.org>, Jingoo Han <jingoohan1@gmail.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lee/backlight.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-class-backlight
Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-backlight
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/leds/backlight drivers/
video/backlight/ include/linux/backlight.h include/linux/
pwm_backlight.h

* BATMAN ADVANCED

Mail

Marek Lindner <mareklindner@neomailbox.ch>, Simon Wunderlich <sw@simonwunderlich.de>, Antonio Quartulli <a@unstable.cc>, Sven Eckelmann <sven@narfation.org>

Mailing list

b.a.t.m.a.n@lists.open-mesh.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://www.open-mesh.org/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.open-mesh.org/project/batman/list/

buas

https://www.open-mesh.org/projects/batman-adv/issues

chat

irc://chat.freenode.net/batman

SCM

git https://git.open-mesh.org/linux-merge.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/obsolete/sysfs-class-net-batman-adv Documentation/ABI/obsolete/sysfs-class-net-mesh networking/batman-adv include/uapi/linux/batadv_packet. h include/uapi/linux/batman adv.h net/batman-adv/

* BAYCOM/HDLCDRV DRIVERS FOR AX.25

Mail

Thomas Sailer <t.sailer@alumni.ethz.ch>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.baycom.org/~tom/ham/ham.html

Files

drivers/net/hamradio/baycom*

* BCACHE (BLOCK LAYER CACHE)

Mail

Coly Li <colyli@suse.de>, Kent Overstreet <kent.overstreet@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-bcache@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://bcache.evilpiepirate.org

chat

irc://irc.oftc.net/bcache

Files

drivers/md/bcache/

* BDISP ST MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Fabien Dessenne <fabien.dessenne@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/platform/sti/bdisp

* BECKHOFF CX5020 ETHERCAT MASTER DRIVER

Mail

Dariusz Marcinkiewicz <reksio@newterm.pl>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ec_bhf.c

* BEFS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Luis de Bethencourt <luisbg@kernel.org>, Salah Triki <salah.triki@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/luisbg/linux-befs.git

Files

filesystems/befs fs/befs/

* BFQ I/O SCHEDULER

Mail

Paolo Valente <paolo.valente@linaro.org>, Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

block/bfq-iosched block/bfq-*

* BFS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

"Tigran A. Aivazian" <aivazian.tigran@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/bfs fs/bfs/include/uapi/linux/bfs_fs.h

* BLINKM RGB LED DRIVER

Mail

Jan-Simon Moeller <jansimon.moeller@gmx.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/leds/leds-blinkm.c

* BLOCK LAYER

Mail

Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/axboe/linux-block.git

Files

block/ drivers/block/ include/linux/blk* kernel/trace/
blktrace.c lib/sbitmap.c

* BLOCK2MTD DRIVER

Mail

Joern Engel < joern@lazybastard.org >

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/devices/block2mtd.c

* BLUETOOTH DRIVERS

Mail

Marcel Holtmann <marcel@holtmann.org>, Johan Hedberg <johan.hedberg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-bluetooth@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.bluez.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/bluetooth/bluetooth.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/bluetooth/bluetooth-next.git

Files

drivers/bluetooth/

* BLUETOOTH SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Marcel Holtmann <marcel@holtmann.org>, Johan Hedberg <johan.hedberg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-bluetooth@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.bluez.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/bluetooth/bluetooth.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/bluetooth/bluetooth-next.git

Files

include/net/bluetooth/ net/bluetooth/

* BONDING DRIVER

Mail

Jay Vosburgh <j.vosburgh@gmail.com>, Veaceslav Falico <vfalico@gmail.com>, Andy Gospodarek <andy@greyhouse.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://sourceforge.net/projects/bonding/

Files

drivers/net/bonding/include/uapi/linux/if_bonding.h

* BOSCH SENSORTEC BMA400 ACCELEROMETER IIO DRIVER

Mail

Dan Robertson <dan@dlrobertson.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/accel/bosch, bma400.yaml drivers/iio/accel/bma400*

* BPF (Safe dynamic programs and tools)

Mail

Alexei Starovoitov <ast@kernel.org>, Daniel Borkmann <daniel@iogearbox.net>, Andrii Nakryiko <andrii@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Martin KaFai Lau <kafai@fb.com>, Song Liu <songliubraving@fb.com>, Yonghong Song <yhs@fb.com>, John Fastabend <john.fastabend@gmail.com>, KP Singh <kpsingh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://bpf.io/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/?delegate= 121173

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/bpf/bpf.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/bpf/bpf-next.git

Files

Documentation/bpf/ networking/filter arch/*/net/* include/linux/bpf* include/linux/filter.h include/trace/events/xdp.h include/uapi/linux/bpf* include/uapi/linux/filter.h kernel/bpf/ kernel/trace/bpf_trace.c lib/test_bpf.c net/bpf/ net/core/filter.c net/sched/act_bpf.c net/sched/cls_bpf.c samples/bpf/ tools/bpf/ tools/lib/bpf/ tools/testing/selftests/bpf/

Regex

bpf

Content regex

bpf

* BPF JIT for ARM

Mail

Shubham Bansal <illusionist.neo@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/net/

* BPF JIT for ARM64

Mail

Daniel Borkmann <daniel@iogearbox.net>, Alexei Starovoitov <ast@kernel.org>, Zi Shen Lim <zlim.lnx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/arm64/net/

* BPF JIT for MIPS (32-BIT AND 64-BIT)

Mail

Paul Burton <paulburton@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/net/

* BPF JIT for NFP NICs

Mail

Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/netronome/nfp/bpf/

* BPF JIT for POWERPC (32-BIT AND 64-BIT)

Mail

Naveen N. Rao <naveen.n.rao@linux.ibm.com>, Sandipan Das <sandipan@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/powerpc/net/

* BPF JIT for RISC-V (32-bit)

Mail

Luke Nelson <luke.r.nels@gmail.com>, Xi Wang <xi.wang@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/riscv/net/

Excluded

arch/riscv/net/bpf_jit_comp64.c

* BPF JIT for RISC-V (64-bit)

Mail

Björn Töpel

bjorn.topel@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/riscv/net/

Excluded

arch/riscv/net/bpf_jit_comp32.c

* BPF JIT for S390

Mail

Ilya Leoshkevich <iii@linux.ibm.com>, Heiko Carstens <hca@linux.ibm.com>, Vasily Gorbik <gor@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/s390/net/

Excluded

arch/s390/net/pnet.c

* BPF JIT for SPARC (32-BIT AND 64-BIT)

Mail

David S. Miller <davem@davemloft.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/sparc/net/

* BPF JIT for X86 32-BIT

Mail

Wang YanQing <udknight@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/net/bpf_jit_comp32.c

* BPF JIT for X86 64-BIT

Mail

Alexei Starovoitov <ast@kernel.org>, Daniel Borkmann <daniel@iogearbox.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/x86/net/

Excluded

arch/x86/net/bpf_jit_comp32.c

* BPF LSM (Security Audit and Enforcement using BPF)

Mail

KP Singh < kpsingh@kernel.org >

Reviewer

Florent Revest <revest@chromium.org>, Brendan Jackman <jackmanb@chromium.org>

Mailing list

bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

bpf/bpf_lsm include/linux/bpf_lsm.h kernel/bpf/bpf_lsm.c
security/bpf/

* BROADCOM B44 10/100 ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Michael Chan <michael.chan@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/b44.*

* BROADCOM B53 ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, openwrt-devel@lists.openwrt.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/dsa/b53.txt drivers/net/dsa/b53/* include/linux/platform_data/b53.h

* BROADCOM BCM2711/BCM2835 ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Nicolas Saenz Julienne <nsaenzjulienne@suse.de>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com, linux-rpi-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/nsaenz/linux-rpi.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/brcm,stb-pcie.yaml drivers/pci/controller/pcie-brcmstb.c drivers/staging/vc04_services

Regex

bcm2711 bcm2835

* BROADCOM BCM281XX/BCM11XXX/BCM216XX ARM ARCHITEC-TURE

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>, Ray Jui <rjui@broadcom.com>, Scott Branden <sbranden@broadcom.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/broadcom/mach-bcm

Files

arch/arm/mach-bcm/

Regex

bcm281* bcm113* bcm216* kona

* BROADCOM BCM47XX MIPS ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Hauke Mehrtens <hauke@hauke-m.de>, Rafał Miłecki <zajec5@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mips/brcm/ arch/mips/ bcm47xx/* arch/mips/include/asm/mach-bcm47xx/*

* BROADCOM BCM5301X ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Hauke Mehrtens <hauke@hauke-m.de>, Rafał Miłecki <zajec5@gmail.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/bcm470* arch/arm/boot/dts/bcm5301* arch/ arm/boot/dts/bcm953012* arch/arm/mach-bcm/bcm_5301x.c

* BROADCOM BCM53573 ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Rafał Miłecki <rafal@milecki.pl>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com, kernel@lists.infradead.org

linux-arm-

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/bcm47189* arch/arm/boot/dts/bcm53573*

* BROADCOM BCM63XX ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/broadcom/stblinux.git

Regex

bcm63xx

* BROADCOM BCM63XX/BCM33XX UDC DRIVER

Mail

Kevin Cernekee < cernekee@gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/gadget/udc/bcm63xx_udc.*

* BROADCOM BCM7XXX ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/broadcom/stblinux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/brcm,stb-pcie.
yaml arch/arm/boot/dts/bcm7*.dts* arch/arm/include/asm/
hardware/cache-b15-rac.h arch/arm/mach-bcm/*brcmstb*
arch/arm/mm/cache-b15-rac.c drivers/bus/brcmstb_gisb.c
drivers/pci/controller/pcie-brcmstb.c

Regex

brcmstb

* BROADCOM BDC DRIVER

Mail

Al Cooper <alcooperx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, list@broadcom.com

bcm-kernel-feedback-

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/usb/brcm,bdc.txt
drivers/usb/gadget/udc/bdc/

* BROADCOM BMIPS CPUFREQ DRIVER

Mail

Markus Mayer <mmayer@broadcom.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/cpufreq/bmips-cpufreq.c

* BROADCOM BMIPS MIPS ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com, linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/broadcom/stblinux.git

Files

arch/mips/bmips/* arch/mips/boot/dts/brcm/bcm*.dts*
arch/mips/include/asm/mach-bmips/* arch/mips/kernel/
bmips drivers/soc/bcm/bcm63xx drivers/irqchip/
irq-bcm63* drivers/irqchip/irq-bcm7* drivers/irqchip/
irq-brcmstb*include/linux/bcm963xx_nvram.hinclude/linux/
bcm963xx_tag.h

* BROADCOM BNX2 GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/bnx2.* drivers/net/
ethernet/broadcom/bnx2 *

* BROADCOM BNX2FC 10 GIGABIT FCOE DRIVER

Mail

Saurav Kashyap <skashyap@marvell.com>, Javed Hasan <jhasan@marvell.com>, GR-QLogic-Storage-Upstream@marvell.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/bnx2fc/

* BROADCOM BNX2I 1/10 GIGABIT ISCSI DRIVER

Mail

Nilesh Javali <njavali@marvell.com>, Manish Rangankar <mrangankar@marvell.com>, GR-QLogic-Storage-Upstream@marvell.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/bnx2i/

* BROADCOM BNX2X 10 GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Ariel Elior <aelior@marvell.com>, Sudarsana Kalluru <skalluru@marvell.com>, GR-everest-linux-l2@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/bnx2x/

* BROADCOM BNXT_EN 50 GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Michael Chan <michael.chan@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/bnxt/

* BROADCOM BRCM80211 IEEE802.11n WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Arend Spriel <arend.vanspriel@broadcom.com>, van Frankv Lin <franky.lin@broadcom.com>, Hante <hante.meuleman@broadcom.com>, Meuleman Chihsien Lin <chi-hsien.lin@infineon.com>, Wright Fena <wright.feng@infineon.com>, Chung-hsien Hsu <chunghsien.hsu@infineon.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org, brcm80211-dev-list.pdl@broadcom.com, SHA-cyfmac-dev-list@infineon.com

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/wireless/broadcom/brcm80211/

* BROADCOM BRCMSTB GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Gregory Fong <gregory.0xf0@gmail.com>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/brcm, brcmstb-gpio.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-brcmstb.c

* BROADCOM BRCMSTB I2C DRIVER

Mail

Kamal Dasu <kdasu.kdev@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, list@broadcom.com

bcm-kernel-feedback-

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/brcm,brcmstb-i2c.yamldrivers/i2c/busses/i2c-brcmstb.c

* BROADCOM BRCMSTB USB EHCI DRIVER

Mail

Al Cooper <alcooperx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, list@broadcom.com

bcm-kernel-feedback-

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/usb/brcm,bcm7445-ehci. yaml drivers/usb/host/ehci-brcm.*

* BROADCOM BRCMSTB USB2 and USB3 PHY DRIVER

Mail

Al Cooper <alcooperx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, list@broadcom.com

bcm-kernel-feedback-

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/phy/broadcom/phy-brcm-usb*

* BROADCOM ETHERNET PHY DRIVERS

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/broadcom-bcm87xx. txt drivers/net/phy/bcm*.[ch] drivers/net/phy/broadcom.c include/linux/brcmphy.h

* BROADCOM GENET ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Doug Berger opendmb@gmail.com>, Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/brcm,bcmgenet.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/brcm,unimac-mdio. txtdrivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/genet/drivers/net/mdio/mdio-bcm-unimac.c include/linux/platform_data/bcmgenet.h include/linux/platform data/mdio-bcm-unimac.h

* BROADCOM IPROC ARM ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Ray Jui <rjui@broadcom.com>, Scott Branden <sbranden@broadcom.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/broadcom/cygnus-linux.git

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/broadcom/northstar2/* arch/arm64/
boot/dts/broadcom/stingray/* drivers/clk/bcm/clk-ns*
drivers/clk/bcm/clk-sr* drivers/pinctrl/bcm/pinctrl-ns*
include/dt-bindings/clock/bcm-sr*

Regex

iproc cygnus bcm[-_]nsp bcm9113* bcm9583* bcm9585* bcm9586* bcm988312 bcm113* bcm583* bcm585* bcm586* bcm88312 hr2 stingray

* BROADCOM KONA GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Ray Jui <rjui@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/brcm,kona-gpio.txtdrivers/gpio/gpio-bcm-kona.c

* BROADCOM NETXTREME-E ROCE DRIVER

Mail

Selvin Xavier <selvin.xavier@broadcom.com>, Devesh Sharma <devesh.sharma@broadcom.com>, Somnath Kotur <somnath.kotur@broadcom.com>, Sriharsha Basavapatna <sriharsha.basavapatna@broadcom.com>, Naresh Kumar PBS <nareshkumar.pbs@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.broadcom.com

Files

* BROADCOM NVRAM DRIVER

Mail

Rafał Miłecki <zajec5@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/firmware/broadcom/*

* BROADCOM SPECIFIC AMBA DRIVER (BCMA)

Mail

Rafał Miłecki <zajec5@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/bcma/ include/linux/bcma/

* BROADCOM SPI DRIVER

Mail

Kamal Dasu <kdasu.kdev@gmail.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/brcm,spi-bcm-qspi. txt drivers/spi/spi-bcm-qspi.* drivers/spi/spi-brcmstb-qspi.c drivers/spi/spi-iproc-qspi.c

* BROADCOM STB AVS CPUFREQ DRIVER

Mail

Markus Mayer <mmayer@broadcom.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/cpufreq/brcm,
stb-avs-cpu-freq.txt drivers/cpufreq/brcmstb*

* BROADCOM STB AVS TMON DRIVER

Mail

Markus Mayer <mmayer@broadcom.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/brcm,avs-tmon. txt drivers/thermal/broadcom/brcmstb*

* BROADCOM STB DPFE DRIVER

Mail

Markus Mayer <mmayer@broadcom.com>, bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/memory-controllers/brcm,dpfe-cpu.txtdrivers/memory/brcmstb_dpfe.c

* BROADCOM STB NAND FLASH DRIVER

Mail

Brian Norris <computersforpeace@gmail.com>, Kamal Dasu <kdasu.kdev@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org, list@broadcom.com

bcm-kernel-feedback-

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/raw/brcmnand/

* BROADCOM SYSTEMPORT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

bcm-kernel-feedback-list@broadcom.com, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/bcmsysport.*

* BROADCOM TG3 GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/broadcom/tg3.*

* BROCADE BFA FC SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Anil Gurumurthy <anil.gurumurthy@qlogic.com>, Sudarsana Kalluru <sudarsana.kalluru@glogic.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/bfa/

* BROCADE BNA 10 GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Rasesh Mody <rmody@marvell.com>, Sudarsana Kalluru <skalluru@marvell.com>, GR-Linux-NIC-Dev@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/brocade/bna/

* BSG (block layer generic sg v4 driver)

Mail

FUJITA Tomonori <fujita.tomonori@lab.ntt.co.jp>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

block/bsg.cinclude/linux/bsg.hinclude/uapi/linux/bsg.h

* BT87X AUDIO DRIVER

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

sound/cards/bt87x sound/pci/bt87x.c

* BT8XXGPIO DRIVER

Mail

Michael Buesch <m@bues.ch>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://bu3sch.de/btgpio.php

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-bt8xx.c

* BTRFS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Chris Mason <clm@fb.com>, Josef Bacik <josef@toxicpanda.com>, David Sterba <dsterba@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-btrfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://btrfs.wiki.kernel.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-btrfs/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kdave/linux.git

Files

filesystems/btrfs fs/btrfs/ include/linux/btrfs* include/
uapi/linux/btrfs*

* BTTV VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/driver-api/media/drivers/bttv* drivers/media/pci/bt8xx/bttv*

* BUS FREQUENCY DRIVER FOR SAMSUNG EXYNOS

Mail

Chanwoo Choi <cw00.choi@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/chanwoo/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/devfreq/exynos-bus.txt drivers/devfreq/exynos-bus.c

* BUSLOGIC SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Khalid Aziz <khalid@gonehiking.org>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/BusLogic.* drivers/scsi/FlashPoint.*

* C-MEDIA CMI8788 DRIVER

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

sound/pci/oxygen/

* C-SKY ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Guo Ren <guoren@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-csky@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git https://github.com/c-sky/csky-linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/csky/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/csky,*
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/timer/csky,* arch/csky/drivers/clocksource/timer-gx6605s.c drivers/clocksource/timer-mp-csky.c drivers/irqchip/irq-csky-*

Regex

csky

Content regex

csky

* C6X ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Mark Salter <msalter@redhat.com>, Aurelien Jacquiot <jacquiot.aurelien@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-c6x-dev@linux-c6x.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-c6x.org/wiki/index.php/Main Page

Files

arch/c6x/

* CA8210 IEEE-802.15.4 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Harry Morris < h.morris@cascoda.com>

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/Cascoda/ca8210-linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ieee802154/ca8210.txt drivers/net/ieee802154/ca8210.c

* CACHEFILES: FS-CACHE BACKEND FOR CACHING ON MOUNTED FILESYSTEMS

Mail

David Howells dhowells@redhat.com

Mailing list

linux-cachefs@redhat.com (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

filesystems/caching/cachefiles fs/cachefiles/

* CADENCE MIPI-CS12 BRIDGES

Mail

Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/cdns,*.txt drivers/media/platform/cadence/cdns-csi2*

* CADENCE NAND DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Orphan

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/
cadence-nand-controller.txt drivers/mtd/nand/raw/
cadence-nand-controller.c

* CADENCE USB3 DRD IP DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/peter.chen/usb.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/usb/cdns,usb3.yamldrivers/usb/cdns3/

* CADET FM/AM RADIO RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-cadet*

* CAFE CMOS INTEGRATED CAMERA CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Jonathan Corbet <corbet@lwn.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/media/cafe_ccic* drivers/media/
platform/marvell-ccic/

* CAIF NETWORK LAYER

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

Documentation/networking/caif/ drivers/net/caif/ include/ net/caif/ include/uapi/linux/caif/ net/caif/

* CAKE QDISC

Mail

Toke Høiland-Jørgensen <toke@toke.dk>

Mailing list

cake@lists.bufferbloat.net (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

net/sched/sch_cake.c

* CAN NETWORK DRIVERS

Mail

Wolfgang Grandegger < wg@grandegger.com >, Marc Kleine-Budde < mkl@pengutronix.de >

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/linux-can

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mkl/linux-can.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mkl/linux-can-next.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/can/ drivers/net/can/ include/linux/can/dev.h include/linux/can/led.h include/linux/can/platform/ include/linux/can/rx-offload.h include/uapi/linux/can/error.h include/uapi/linux/can/netlink.h include/uapi/linux/can/vxcan.h

* CAN NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Oliver Hartkopp <socketcan@hartkopp.net>, Marc Kleine-Budde <mkl@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/linux-can

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mkl/linux-can.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mkl/linux-can-next.git

Files

networking/can include/linux/can/core.h include/linux/can/
skb.h include/net/netns/can.h include/uapi/linux/can.h
include/uapi/linux/can/bcm.h include/uapi/linux/can/gw.h
include/uapi/linux/can/isotp.h include/uapi/linux/can/
raw.h net/can/

* CAN-J1939 NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Robin van der Gracht <robin@protonic.nl>, Oleksij Rempel <o.rempel@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/j1939 include/uapi/linux/can/j1939.h net/can/ j1939/

* CAPABILITIES

Mail

Serge Hallyn <serge@hallyn.com>

Mailing list

linux-security-module@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

include/linux/capability.h include/uapi/linux/capability. h kernel/capability.c security/commoncap.c

* CAPELLA MICROSYSTEMS LIGHT SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Kevin Tsai < ktsai@capellamicro.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iio/light/cm*

* CARL9170 LINUX COMMUNITY WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Christian Lamparter <chunkeey@googlemail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/carl9170

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/carl9170/

* CAVIUM I2C DRIVER

Mail

Robert Richter < rric@kernel.org >

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.marvell.com

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-octeon* dr.
i2c-thunderx*

drivers/i2c/busses/

* CAVIUM LIQUIDIO NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Derek Chickles <dchickles@marvell.com>, Satanand Burla <sburla@marvell.com>, Felix Manlunas <fmanlunas@marvell.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.marvell.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/cavium/liquidio/

* CAVIUM MMC DRIVER

Mail

Robert Richter <rric@kernel.org>

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.marvell.com

Files

drivers/mmc/host/cavium*

* CAVIUM OCTEON-TX CRYPTO DRIVER

Mail

George Cherian <gcherian@marvell.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.marvell.com

Files

352

drivers/crypto/cavium/cpt/

* CAVIUM THUNDERX2 ARM64 SOC

Mail

Robert Richter <rric@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/cavium-thunder2.txt arch/arm64/boot/dts/cavium/thunder2-99xx*

* CC2520 IEEE-802.15.4 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Varka Bhadram <varkabhadram@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ieee802154/cc2520. txt drivers/net/ieee802154/cc2520.c include/linux/spi/cc2520.h

* CCREE ARM TRUSTZONE CRYPTOCELL REE DRIVER

Mail

Gilad Ben-Yossef < gilad@benyossef.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://developer.arm.com/products/system-ip/trustzone-cryptocell/cryptocell-700-family

Files

drivers/crypto/ccree/

* CCTRNG ARM TRUSTZONE CRYPTOCELL TRUE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR (TRNG) DRIVER

Mail

Hadar Gat <hadar.gat@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/char/hw_random/cctrng.c drivers/char/hw_random/ cctrng.h Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rng/ arm-cctrng.yaml

Web-page

https://developer.arm.com/products/system-ip/trustzone-cryptocell/cryptocell-700-family

* CEC FRAMEWORK

Mail

Hans Verkuil kerkuil kerkuil kerkuil kerkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-cec-error-inj
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/cec.txt driverapi/media/cec-core Documentation/userspace-api/media/cec
drivers/media/cec/ drivers/media/rc/keymaps/rc-cec.c
include/media/cec-notifier.h include/media/cec.h include/
uapi/linux/cec-funcs.h include/uapi/linux/cec.h

* CEC GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/cec-gpio.txt drivers/media/cec/platform/cec-gpio/

* CELL BROADBAND ENGINE ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Arnd Bergmann <arnd@arndb.de>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/power/cell/

Files

arch/powerpc/include/asm/cell*.h arch/powerpc/include/ asm/spu*.h arch/powerpc/include/uapi/asm/spu*.h arch/ powerpc/oprofile/*cell* arch/powerpc/platforms/cell/

* CELLWISE CW2015 BATTERY DRIVER

Mail

Tobias Schrammm <t.schramm@manjaro.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/supply/cw2015_battery.cw2015_battery.cw2015_battery.c

* CEPH COMMON CODE (LIBCEPH)

Mail

Ilya Dryomov <idryomov@gmail.com>, Jeff Layton <jlayton@kernel.org>

Mailing list

ceph-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ceph.com/

SCM

git git://github.com/ceph/ceph-client.git

Files

include/linux/ceph/ include/linux/crush/ net/ceph/

* CEPH DISTRIBUTED FILE SYSTEM CLIENT (CEPH)

Mail

Jeff Layton <jlayton@kernel.org>, Ilya Dryomov<idryomov@gmail.com>

Mailing list

ceph-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ceph.com/

SCM

git git://github.com/ceph/ceph-client.git

Files

filesystems/ceph fs/ceph/

* CERTIFICATE HANDLING

Mail

David Howells dhowells@redhat.com, David Woodhouse dwmw2@infradead.org>

Mailing list

keyrings@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/module-signing certs/ scripts/extract-cert.c scripts/sign-file.c

* CFAG12864B LCD DRIVER

Mail

Miguel Ojeda Sandonis <miguel.ojeda.sandonis@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/auxdisplay/cfag12864b.c include/linux/cfag12864b.

* CFAG12864BFB LCD FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Miguel Ojeda Sandonis <miguel.ojeda.sandonis@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/auxdisplay/cfag12864bfb.c include/linux/
cfag12864b.h

* CHAR and MISC DRIVERS

Mail

Arnd Bergmann <arnd@arndb.de>, Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/charmisc.git

Files

drivers/char/ drivers/misc/ include/linux/miscdevice.h

Excluded

drivers/char/agp/ drivers/char/hw_random/ drivers/char/
ipmi/ drivers/char/random.c drivers/char/tpm/

* CHECKPATCH

Mail

Andy Whitcroft <apw@canonical.com>, Joe Perches <joe@perches.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

scripts/checkpatch.pl

* CHINESE DOCUMENTATION

Mail

Harry Wei kalex.shi@linux.alibaba.com, Alex Shi

Mailing list

xiyoulinuxkernelgroup@googlegroups.com (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/translations/zh CN/

* CHIPIDEA USB HIGH SPEED DUAL ROLE CONTROLLER

Mail

Peter Chen < Peter. Chen@nxp.com >

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/peter.chen/usb.git

Files

drivers/usb/chipidea/

* CHIPONE ICN8318 I2C TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/touchscreen/ chipone_icn8318.txt drivers/input/touchscreen/ chipone_icn8318.c

* CHIPONE ICN8505 I2C TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/chipone_icn8505.c

* CHROME HARDWARE PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/chrome-platform/linux.git

Files

drivers/platform/chrome/

* CHROMEOS EC CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Cheng-Yi Chiang <cychiang@chromium.org>

Reviewer

Enric Balletbo i Serra <enric.balletbo@collabora.com>, Guenter Roeck <groeck@chromium.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/google, cros-ec-codec.yaml sound/soc/codecs/cros_ec_codec.*

* CHROMEOS EC SUBDRIVERS

Mail

Reviewer

Guenter Roeck <groeck@chromium.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/power/supply/cros usbpd-charger.c

Regex

cros_ec cros-ec

* CHRONTEL CH7322 CEC DRIVER

Mail

Jeff Chase < jnchase@google.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/chrontel, ch7322.yaml drivers/media/cec/i2c/ch7322.c

* CIRRUS LOGIC AUDIO CODEC DRIVERS

Mail

James Schulman <james.schulman@cirrus.com>, David Rhodes <david.rhodes@cirrus.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers), patches@opensource.cirrus.com

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/soc/codecs/cs*

* CIRRUS LOGIC EP93XX ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Hartley Sweeten sweeten@visionengravers.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/cirrus/ep93xx_eth.c

* CIRRUS LOGIC LOCHNAGAR DRIVER

Mail

Charles Keepax <ckeepax@opensource.cirrus.com>, Richard Fitzgerald <rf@opensource.cirrus.com>

Mailing list

patches@opensource.cirrus.com

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/cirrus, Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/ lochnagar.yaml cirrus, lochnagar.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ mfd/cirrus,lochnagar.yaml Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/pinctrl/cirrus,lochnagar.yaml Documentation/ devicetree/bindings/sound/cirrus,lochnagar.yaml mon/lochnagar drivers/clk/clk-lochnagar.c drivers/hwmon/ lochnagar-hwmon.c drivers/mfd/lochnagar-i2c.c pinctrl/cirrus/pinctrl-lochnagar.c drivers/regulator/ lochnagar-regulator.c include/dt-bindings/clk/lochnagar.h include/dt-bindings/pinctrl/lochnagar.h include/linux/ mfd/lochnagar* sound/soc/codecs/lochnagar-sc.c

* CIRRUS LOGIC MADERA CODEC DRIVERS

Mail

Charles Keepax <ckeepax@opensource.cirrus.com>, Richard Fitzgerald <rf@opensource.cirrus.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers), patches@opensource.cirrus.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/CirrusLogic/linux-drivers/wiki

SCM

git https://github.com/CirrusLogic/linux-drivers.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/cirrus, madera.
yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/cirrus,
madera.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/
cirrus, madera.yaml drivers/gpio/gpio-madera* drivers/
irqchip/irq-madera* drivers/mfd/cs47l* drivers/mfd/madera*
drivers/pinctrl/cirrus/* include/dt-bindings/sound/
madera* include/linux/irqchip/irq-madera* include/linux/
mfd/madera/* include/sound/madera* sound/soc/codecs/cs47l*
sound/soc/codecs/madera*

* CISCO FCOE HBA DRIVER

Mail

Satish Kharat <satishkh@cisco.com>, Sesidhar Baddela <sebaddel@cisco.com>, Karan Tilak Kumar <kartilak@cisco.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/fnic/

* CISCO SCSI HBA DRIVER

Mail

Karan Tilak Kumar <kartilak@cisco.com>, Sesidhar Baddela <sebaddel@cisco.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/snic/

* CISCO VIC ETHERNET NIC DRIVER

Mail

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/cisco/enic/

* CISCO VIC LOW LATENCY NIC DRIVER

Mail

Christian Benvenuti
 <benve@cisco.com>, Nelson Escobar <neescoba@cisco.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/usnic/

* CLANG-FORMAT FILE

Mail

Miguel Ojeda <miguel.ojeda.sandonis@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

.clang-format

* CLANG/LLVM BUILD SUPPORT

Mail

Nathan Chancellor <natechancellor@gmail.com>, Nick Desaulniers <ndesaulniers@google.com>

Mailing list

clang-built-linux@googlegroups.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://clangbuiltlinux.github.io/

bugs

https://github.com/ClangBuiltLinux/linux/issues

chat

irc://chat.freenode.net/clangbuiltlinux

Files

kbuild/llvm scripts/clang-tools/ scripts/lld-version.sh

Content regex

\b(?i:clang|llvm)\b

* CLEANCACHE API

Mail

Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/cleancache.h mm/cleancache.c

* CLK API

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Mailing list

linux-clk@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/clk.h

* CLOCKSOURCE, CLOCKEVENT DRIVERS

Mail

Daniel Lezcano <daniel.lezcano@linaro.org>, Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

364

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git timers/core

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/timer/ drivers/clocksource/

* CMPC ACPI DRIVER

Mail

Thadeu Lima de Souza Cascardo <a cascardo@holoscopio.com>, Daniel Oliveira Nascimento <a cascardo@holoscopio.com>,

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/platform/x86/classmate-laptop.c

* COBALT MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/cobalt/

* COCCINELLE/Semantic Patches (SmPL)

Mail

Julia Lawall <Julia.Lawall@lip6.fr>, Gilles Muller <Gilles.Muller@lip6.fr>, Nicolas Palix <nicolas.palix@imag.fr>, Michal Marek <michal.lkml@markovi.net>

Mailing list

cocci@systeme.lip6.fr (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://coccinelle.lip6.fr/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mmarek/kbuild.git misc

Files

dev-tools/coccinelle scripts/coccicheck scripts/coccinelle/

* CODA FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Jan Harkes <jaharkes@cs.cmu.edu>, coda@cs.cmu.edu

Mailing list

codalist@coda.cs.cmu.edu

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.coda.cs.cmu.edu/

Files

filesystems/coda fs/coda/ include/linux/coda*.h include/
uapi/linux/coda*.h

* CODA V4L2 MEM2MEM DRIVER

Mail

Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/coda.txt drivers/
media/platform/coda/

* CODE OF CONDUCT

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org >

Status

Supported

Files

process/code-of-conduct-interpretation process/code-of-conduct

* COMMON CLK FRAMEWORK

Mail

Michael Turquette <mturquette@baylibre.com>, Stephen Boyd <sboyd@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-clk@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-clk/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/clk/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/ drivers/clk/include/linux/clk-pr* include/linux/clk/ include/linux/of_clk.h

Excluded

drivers/clk/clkdev.c

* COMMON INTERNET FILE SYSTEM (CIFS)

Mail

Steve French <sfrench@samba.org>

Mailing list

linux-cifs@vger.kernel.org, samba-technical@lists.samba.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linux-cifs.samba.org/

SCM

git git://git.samba.org/sfrench/cifs-2.6.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/cifs/ fs/cifs/

* COMPACTPCI HOTPLUG CORE

Mail

Scott Murray <scott@spiteful.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/hotplug/cpci_hotplug*

* COMPACTPCI HOTPLUG GENERIC DRIVER

Mail

Scott Murray <scott@spiteful.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/hotplug/cpcihp_generic.c

* COMPACTPCI HOTPLUG ZIATECH ZT5550 DRIVER

Mail

Scott Murray <scott@spiteful.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/hotplug/cpcihp_zt5550.*

* COMPAL LAPTOP SUPPORT

Mail

Cezary Jackiewicz <cezary.jackiewicz@gmail.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/compal-laptop.c

* COMPILER ATTRIBUTES

Mail

Miguel Ojeda <miguel.ojeda.sandonis@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/compiler_attributes.h

* CONEXANT ACCESSRUNNER USB DRIVER

Mailing list

accessrunner-general@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://accessrunner.sourceforge.net/

Files

drivers/usb/atm/cxacru.c

* CONFIGES

Mail

Joel Becker <jlbec@evilplan.org>, Christoph Hellwig <hch@lst.de>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.infradead.org/users/hch/configfs.git

Files

fs/configfs/include/linux/configfs.h samples/configfs/

* CONSOLE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/video/console/ include/linux/console*

* CONTROL GROUP (CGROUP)

Mail

Tejun Heo <tj@kernel.org>, Li Zefan lizefan@huawei.com>, Johannes Weiner <hannes@cmpxchg.org>

Mailing list

cgroups@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tj/cgroup.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/cgroup-v1/ admin-guide/cgroup-v2
include/linux/cgroup* kernel/cgroup/

* CONTROL GROUP - BLOCK IO CONTROLLER (BLKIO)

Mail

Tejun Heo <tj@kernel.org>, Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

cgroups@vger.kernel.org, linux-block@vger.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.dk/linux-block

Files

admin-guide/cgroup-v1/blkio-controller block/bfq-cgroup.
c block/blk-cgroup.c block/blk-iolatency.c block/
blk-throttle.c include/linux/blk-cgroup.h

* CONTROL GROUP - CPUSET

Mail

Li Zefan < lizefan@huawei.com >

Mailing list

cgroups@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.bullopensource.org/cpuset/ http://oss.sgi.com/projects/cpusets/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tj/cgroup.git

Files

admin-guide/cgroup-v1/cpusets include/linux/cpuset.h kernel/cgroup/cpuset.c

* CONTROL GROUP - MEMORY RESOURCE CONTROLLER (MEMCG)

Mail

Johannes Weiner hannes@cmpxchg.org>, Michal Hocko hannes@cmpxchg.org>, Vladimir Davydov vdavydov.dev@gmail.com>

Mailing list

cgroups@vger.kernel.org, linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

mm/memcontrol.c mm/swap_cgroup.c

* CORETEMP HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Fenghua Yu <fenghua.yu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/coretemp drivers/hwmon/coretemp.c

* CORSAIR-CPRO HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Marius Zachmann <mail@mariuszachmann.de>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/corsair-cpro.c

* COSA/SRP SYNC SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

Jan "Yenya" Kasprzak <kas@fi.muni.cz>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.fi.muni.cz/~kas/cosa/

Files

drivers/net/wan/cosa*

* COUNTER SUBSYSTEM

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-counter* driver-api/generic-counter drivers/counter/include/linux/counter.h include/linux/counter_enum.h

* CPMAC ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ti/cpmac.c

* CPU FREQUENCY DRIVERS - VEXPRESS SPC ARM BIG LITTLE

Mail

Viresh Kumar <viresh.kumar@linaro.org>, Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.arm.com/products/processors/technologies/biglittleprocessing.php

Files

drivers/cpufreq/vexpress-spc-cpufreq.c

* CPU FREQUENCY SCALING FRAMEWORK

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Viresh Kumar </ri>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/vireshk/pm.git (For ARM Updates)

Files

admin-guide/pm/cpufreq admin-guide/pm/intel_pstate
Documentation/cpu-freq/ Documentation/devicetree/
bindings/cpufreq/ drivers/cpufreq/ include/linux/cpufreq.
h include/linux/sched/cpufreq.h kernel/sched/cpufreq*.c
tools/testing/selftests/cpufreq/

* CPU IDLE TIME MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Daniel Lezcano <daniel.lezcano@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm.git

Files

admin-guide/pm/cpuidle driver-api/pm/cpuidle drivers/cpuidle/*include/linux/cpuidle.h

* CPU POWER MONITORING SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Thomas Renninger <trenn@suse.com>, Shuah Khan <shuah@kernel.org>, Shuah Khan <skhan@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

tools/power/cpupower/

* CPUID/MSR DRIVER

Mail

"H. Peter Anvin" <hpa@zytor.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/kernel/cpuid.c arch/x86/kernel/msr.c

* CPUIDLE DRIVER - ARM BIG LITTLE

Mail

Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>, Daniel Lezcano <daniel.lezcano@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm.git

Files

drivers/cpuidle/cpuidle-big little.c

* CPUIDLE DRIVER - ARM EXYNOS

Mail

Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>, Daniel Lezcano <daniel.lezcano@linaro.org>, Kukjin Kim <kgene@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/arm/mach-exynos/pm.c drivers/cpuidle/cpuidle-exynos.
c

* CPUIDLE DRIVER - ARM PSCI

Mail

Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>, Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/cpuidle/cpuidle-psci.c

* CPUIDLE DRIVER - ARM PSCI PM DOMAIN

Mail

Ulf Hansson <ulf.hansson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/cpuidle/cpuidle-psci.h
cpuidle-psci-domain.c

drivers/cpuidle/

* CRAMFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Nicolas Pitre <nico@fluxnic.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/cramfs fs/cramfs/

* CREATIVE SB0540

Mail

Bastien Nocera <hadess@hadess.net>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/hid-creative-sb0540.c

* CRYPTO API

Mail

Herbert Xu <herbert@gondor.apana.org.au>, "David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/herbert/cryptodev-2.6.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/herbert/crypto-2.6.git

Files

Documentation/crypto/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ crypto/ arch/*/crypto/ crypto/ drivers/crypto/ include/ crypto/include/linux/crypto* lib/crypto/

* CRYPTOGRAPHIC RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR

Mail

Neil Horman <nhorman@tuxdriver.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

crypto/ansi cprng.c crypto/rng.c

* CS3308 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/cs3308.c

* CS5535 Audio ALSA driver

Mail

Jaya Kumar < jayakumar.alsa@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/pci/cs5535audio/

* CSI DRIVERS FOR ALLWINNER V3s

Mail

Yong Deng <yong.deng@magewell.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/allwinner,
sun6i-a31-csi.yaml drivers/media/platform/sunxi/
sun6i-csi/
```

* CW1200 WLAN driver

Mail

Solomon Peachy <pizza@shaftnet.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/st/cw1200/

* CX18 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Andy Walls <awalls@md.metrocast.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/cx18/ include/uapi/linux/ivtv*

* CX2341X MPEG ENCODER HELPER MODULE

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/common/cx2341x*
cx2341x.h

include/media/drv-intf/

* CX24120 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Jemma Denson <jdenson@gmail.com>, Patrick Boettcher <patrick.boettcher@posteo.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/cx24120*

* CX88 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/driver-api/media/drivers/cx88* drivers/media/pci/cx88/

* CXD2820R MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/cxd2820r*

* CXGB3 ETHERNET DRIVER (CXGB3)

Mail

Raju Rangoju <rajur@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/chelsio/cxgb3/

* CXGB3 ISCSI DRIVER (CXGB3I)

Mail

Karen Xie <kxie@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/scsi/cxgbi/cxgb3i

* CXGB4 CRYPTO DRIVER (chcr)

Mail

Ayush Sawal <ayush.sawal@chelsio.com>, Vinay Kumar Yadav <vinay.yadav@chelsio.com>, Rohit Maheshwari <rohitm@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/crypto/chelsio

* CXGB4 INLINE CRYPTO DRIVER

Mail

Ayush Sawal <ayush.sawal@chelsio.com>, Vinay Kumar Yadav <vinay.yadav@chelsio.com>, Rohit Maheshwari <rohitm@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/chelsio/inline_crypto/

* CXGB4 ETHERNET DRIVER (CXGB4)

Mail

Raju Rangoju <rajur@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/chelsio/cxgb4/

* CXGB4 ISCSI DRIVER (CXGB4I)

Mail

Karen Xie <kxie@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/scsi/cxgbi/cxgb4i

* CXGB4 IWARP RNIC DRIVER (IW_CXGB4)

Mail

Potnuri Bharat Teja

 bharat@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.openfabrics.org

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/cxgb4/ include/uapi/rdma/cxgb4-abi.

* CXGB4VF ETHERNET DRIVER (CXGB4VF)

Mail

Raju Rangoju <rajur@chelsio.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.chelsio.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/chelsio/cxgb4vf/

* CXL (IBM Coherent Accelerator Processor Interface CAPI) DRIVER

Mail

Frederic Barrat <fbarrat@linux.ibm.com>, Andrew Donnellan <ajd@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Files

382

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-cxl powerpc/cxl arch/powerpc/platforms/powernv/pci-cxl.c drivers/misc/cxl/include/misc/cxl*include/uapi/misc/cxl.h

* CXLFLASH (IBM Coherent Accelerator Processor Interface CAPI Flash) SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Manoj N. Kumar <manoj@linux.ibm.com>, Matthew R. Ochs <mrochs@linux.ibm.com>, Uma Krishnan <ukrishn@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

powerpc/cxlflash drivers/scsi/cxlflash/ include/uapi/scsi/ cxlflash ioctl.h

* CYBERPRO FB DRIVER

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.armlinux.org.uk/

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/cyber2000fb.*

* CYCLADES ASYNC MUX DRIVER

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://www.cyclades.com/

Files

drivers/tty/cyclades.c include/linux/cyclades.h include/ uapi/linux/cyclades.h

* CYCLADES PC300 DRIVER

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://www.cyclades.com/

Files

drivers/net/wan/pc300*

* CYPRESS FIRMWARE MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/common/cypress_firmware*

* CYPRESS CY8CTMA140 TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/cy8ctma140.c

* CYTTSP TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Ferruh Yigit <fery@cypress.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/cyttsp* include/linux/input/
cyttsp.h

* D-LINK DIR-685 TOUCHKEYS DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/input/keyboard/dlink-dir685-touchkeys.c

* DALLAS/MAXIM DS1685-FAMILY REAL TIME CLOCK

Mail

Joshua Kinard < kumba@gentoo.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/rtc/rtc-ds1685.c include/linux/rtc/ds1685.h

* DAMA SLAVE for AX.25

Mail

Joerg Reuter < jreuter@yaina.de>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://yaina.de/jreuter/ http://www.gsl.net/dl1bke/

Files

net/ax25/af_ax25.c net/ax25/ax25_dev.c net/ax25/ax25_ds_*
net/ax25/ax25_in.c net/ax25/ax25_out.c net/ax25/
ax25_timer.c net/ax25/sysctl_net_ax25.c

* DAVICOM FAST ETHERNET (DMFE) NETWORK DRIVER

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/dec/dmfe drivers/net/
ethernet/dec/tulip/dmfe.c

* DC390/AM53C974 SCSI driver

Mail

Hannes Reinecke < hare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/am53c974.c

* DC395x SCSI driver

Mail

Oliver Neukum <oliver@neukum.org>, Ali Akcaagac <aliakc@web.de>, Jamie Lenehan <lenehan@twibble.org>

Mailing list

dc395x@twibble.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://twibble.org/dist/dc395x/ http://lists.twibble.org/mailman/listinfo/dc395x/

Files

scsi/dc395x drivers/scsi/dc395x.*

* DCCP PROTOCOL

Mail

Gerrit Renker < gerrit@erg.abdn.ac.uk>

Mailing list

dccp@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linuxfoundation.org/collaborate/workgroups/networking/dccp

Files

include/linux/dccp.h include/linux/tfrc.h include/uapi/ linux/dccp.h net/dccp/

* DECSTATION PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

"Maciej W. Rozycki" <macro@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-mips.org/wiki/DECstation

Files

arch/mips/dec/ arch/mips/include/asm/dec/ arch/mips/ include/asm/mach-dec/

* DEFXX FDDI NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

"Maciej W. Rozycki" <macro@linux-mips.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/fddi/defxx.*

* DEFZA FDDI NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

"Maciej W. Rozycki" <macro@linux-mips.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/fddi/defza.*

* DEINTERLACE DRIVERS FOR ALLWINNER H3

Mail

Jernej Skrabec <jernej.skrabec@siol.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/allwinner, sun8i-h3-deinterlace.yaml drivers/media/platform/sunxi/ sun8i-di/

* DELL LAPTOP DRIVER

Mail

Matthew Garrett <mjg59@srcf.ucam.org>, Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-laptop.c

* DELL LAPTOP FREEFALL DRIVER

Mail

Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-smo8800.c

* DELL LAPTOP RBTN DRIVER

Mail

Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-rbtn.*

* DELL LAPTOP SMM DRIVER

Mail

Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/dell-smm-hwmon.c include/uapi/linux/i8k.h

* DELL REMOTE BIOS UPDATE DRIVER

Mail

Stuart Hayes <stuart.w.hayes@gmail.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell_rbu.c

* DELL SMBIOS DRIVER

Mail

Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>, Mario Limonciello <mario.limonciello@dell.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-smbios.*

* DELL SMBIOS SMM DRIVER

Mail

Mario Limonciello <mario.limonciello@dell.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-smbios-smm.c

* DELL SMBIOS WMI DRIVER

Mail

Mario Limonciello <mario.limonciello@dell.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-smbios-wmi.c tools/wmi/
dell-smbios-example.c

* DELL SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT BASE DRIVER (dcdbas)

Mail

Stuart Hayes <stuart.w.hayes@gmail.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/dcdbas drivers/platform/x86/dcdbas.*

* DELL WMI DESCRIPTOR DRIVER

Mail

Mario Limonciello <mario.limonciello@dell.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-wmi-descriptor.c

* DELL WMI NOTIFICATIONS DRIVER

Mail

Matthew Garrett <mjg59@srcf.ucam.org>, Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/dell-wmi.c

* DELTA ST MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hugues Fruchet <hugues.fruchet@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/platform/sti/delta

* DENALI NAND DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/raw/denali*

* DESIGNWARE EDMA CORE IP DRIVER

Mail

Gustavo Pimentel < gustavo.pimentel@synopsys.com >

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/dma/dw-edma/include/linux/dma/edma.h

* DESIGNWARE USB2 DRD IP DRIVER

Mail

Minas Harutyunyan <hminas@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/balbi/usb.git

Files

drivers/usb/dwc2/

* DESIGNWARE USB3 DRD IP DRIVER

Mail

Felipe Balbi

balbi@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/balbi/usb.git

Files

drivers/usb/dwc3/

* DEVANTECH SRF ULTRASONIC RANGER IIO DRIVER

Mail

Andreas Klinger <ak@it-klinger.de>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-distance-srf08 drivers/iio/proximity/srf*.c

* DEVICE COREDUMP (DEV_COREDUMP)

Mail

Johannes Berg <johannes@sipsolutions.net>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/base/devcoredump.c include/linux/devcoredump.h

* DEVICE DEPENDENCY HELPER SCRIPT

Mail

Saravana Kannan <saravanak@google.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

scripts/dev-needs.sh

* DEVICE DIRECT ACCESS (DAX)

Mail

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>, Vishal Verma <vishal.l.verma@intel.com>, Dave Jiang <dave.jiang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/dax/

* DEVICE FREQUENCY (DEVFREQ)

Mail

MyungJoo Ham <myungjoo.ham@samsung.com>, Kyungmin Park <kyungmin.park@samsung.com>, Chanwoo Choi <cw00.choi@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/chanwoo/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/devfreq/ drivers/devfreq/ include/linux/devfreq.h include/trace/events/devfreq.h

* DEVICE FREQUENCY EVENT (DEVFREQ-EVENT)

Mail

Chanwoo Choi <cw00.choi@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/chanwoo/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/devfreq/event/drivers/devfreq/devfreq-event.c drivers/devfreq/event/include/dt-bindings/pmu/exynos_ppmu.h include/linux/devfreq-event.h

* DEVICE NUMBER REGISTRY

Mail

Torben Mathiasen <device@lanana.org>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://lanana.org/docs/device-list/index.html

* DEVICE-MAPPER (LVM)

Mail

Alasdair Kergon <agk@redhat.com>, Mike Snitzer <snitzer@redhat.com>, dm-devel@redhat.com

Mailing list

dm-devel@redhat.com

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sources.redhat.com/dm

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/dm-devel/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/device-mapper/linux-dm.git quilt http://people.redhat.com/agk/patches/linux/editing/

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/device-mapper/ drivers/md/ Kconfig drivers/md/Makefile drivers/md/dm* drivers/md/ persistent-data/ include/linux/device-mapper.h include/ linux/dm-*.h include/uapi/linux/dm-*.h

* DEVLINK

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/networking/devlink include/net/devlink.h include/uapi/linux/devlink.h net/core/devlink.c

* DIALOG SEMICONDUCTOR DRIVERS

Mail

Support Opensource <support.opensource@diasemi.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.dialog-semiconductor.com/products

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/da90??-onkey. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/da90*.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/da92*.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/slg51000. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/da[79]*. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/da90?? txt -thermal.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/watchdog/ Documentation/hwmon/da90??.rst da90??-wdt.txt gpio/gpio-da90??.c drivers/hwmon/da90??-hwmon.c drivers/ iio/adc/da91??-*.c drivers/input/misc/da90?? onkey.c drivers/input/touchscreen/da9052 tsi.c drivers/leds/ leds-da90??.c drivers/mfd/da903x.c drivers/mfd/da90??-*.c drivers/mfd/da91??-*.c drivers/pinctrl/pinctrl-da90??.c drivers/power/supply/da9052-battery.c drivers/power/ supply/da91??-*.c drivers/regulator/da9???-regulator.[ch] drivers/regulator/slg51000-regulator.[ch] drivers/rtc/ rtc-da90??.c drivers/thermal/da90??-thermal.c drivers/ video/backlight/da90??_bl.c drivers/watchdog/da90??_wdt.c include/linux/mfd/da903x.h include/linux/mfd/da9052/ include/linux/mfd/da9055/ include/linux/mfd/da9062/ include/linux/mfd/da9063/ include/linux/mfd/da9150/ include/linux/regulator/da9211.h include/sound/da[79]*.h sound/soc/codecs/da[79]*.[ch]

* DIAMOND SYSTEMS GPIO-MM GPIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-gpio-mm.c

* DIOLAN U2C-12 I2C DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-diolan-u2c.c

* DIRECTORY NOTIFICATION (DNOTIFY)

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>

Reviewer

Amir Goldstein <amir73il@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/dnotify fs/notify/dnotify/ include/linux/dnotify.

* DISK GEOMETRY AND PARTITION HANDLING

Mail

Andries Brouwer <aeb@cwi.nl>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

 $http://www.win.tue.nl/~aeb/linux/Large-Disk.html http://www.win.tue.nl/~aeb/linux/zip/zip-1.html http://www.win.tue.nl/~aeb/partitions/partition_types-1.html$

* DISKQUOTA

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/quota fs/quota/ include/linux/quota*.h include/
uapi/linux/quota*.h

* DISPLAYLINK USB 2.0 FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER (UDLFB)

Mail

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://plugable.com/category/projects/udlfb/

Files

fb/udlfb drivers/video/fbdev/udlfb.c include/video/udlfb.h

* DISTRIBUTED LOCK MANAGER (DLM)

Mail

Christine Caulfield <ccaulfie@redhat.com>, David Teigland <teigland@redhat.com>

Mailing list

cluster-devel@redhat.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://sources.redhat.com/cluster/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/teigland/linux-dlm.git

Files

fs/dlm/

* DMA BUFFER SHARING FRAMEWORK

Mail

Sumit Semwal <sumit.semwal@linaro.org>, Christian König <christian.koenig@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linaro-mm-sig@lists.linaro.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

driver-api/dma-buf drivers/dma-buf/ include/linux/*fence.h include/linux/dma-buf* include/linux/dma-resv.h

Content regex

\bdma (?:buf|fence|resv)\b

* DMA GENERIC OFFLOAD ENGINE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Vinod Koul <vkoul@kernel.org>

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-dmaengine/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/vkoul/dmaengine.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/ Documentation/driver-api/dmaengine/ drivers/dma/ include/linux/dmaengine.h include/linux/of dma.h

* DMA MAPPING HELPERS

Mail

Christoph Hellwig hch@lst.de, Marek Szyprowski szyprowski@samsung.com>

Reviewer

Robin Murphy < robin.murphy@arm.com>

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://git.infradead.org/users/hch/dma-mapping.git

SCM

git git://git.infradead.org/users/hch/dma-mapping.git

Files

include/asm-generic/dma-mapping.h include/linux/
dma-direct.h include/linux/dma-mapping.h include/linux/
dma-map-ops.h kernel/dma/

* DMA-BUF HEAPS FRAMEWORK

Mail

Sumit Semwal <sumit.semwal@linaro.org>

Reviewer

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linaro-mm-sig@lists.linaro.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/dma-buf/dma-heap.c drivers/dma-buf/heaps/*
include/linux/dma-heap.h include/uapi/linux/dma-heap.h

* DMC FREQUENCY DRIVER FOR SAMSUNG EXYNOS5422

Mail

Lukasz Luba < lukasz.luba@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/memory-controllers/ exynos5422-dmc.txt drivers/memory/samsung/exynos5422-dmc. c

* DME1737 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Juerg Haefliger <juergh@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/dme1737 drivers/hwmon/dme1737.c

* DMI/SMBIOS SUPPORT

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

quilt http://jdelvare.nerim.net/devel/linux/jdelvare-dmi/

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-firmware-dmi-tables drivers/firmware/dmi-id.c drivers/firmware/dmi_scan.c include/linux/dmi.h

* DOCUMENTATION

Mail

Jonathan Corbet <corbet@lwn.net>

Mailing list

linux-doc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

D

doc-guide/maintainer-profile

SCM

git git://git.lwn.net/linux.git docs-next

Files

Documentation/ scripts/documentation-file-ref-check scripts/kernel-doc scripts/sphinx-pre-install

Excluded

Documentation/ABI/ Documentation/admin-guide/media/ Documentation/devicetree/ Documentation/driver-api/media/ Documentation/firmware-guide/acpi/ Documentation/i2c/ Documentation/power/ Documentation/spi/ Documentation/ userspace-api/media/

* DOCUMENTATION SCRIPTS

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-doc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/sphinx/parse-headers.pl scripts/documentation-file-ref-check scripts/sphinx-pre-install

* DOCUMENTATION/ITALIAN

Mail

Federico Vaga <federico.vaga@vaga.pv.it>

Mailing list

linux-doc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/translations/it_IT

* DONGWOON DW9714 LENS VOICE COIL DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/dongwoon, dw9714.txt drivers/media/i2c/dw9714.c

* DONGWOON DW9768 LENS VOICE COIL DRIVER

Mail

Dongchun Zhu <dongchun.zhu@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/dongwoon, dw9768.yaml drivers/media/i2c/dw9768.c

* DONGWOON DW9807 LENS VOICE COIL DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/dongwoon, dw9807-vcm.txt drivers/media/i2c/dw9807-vcm.c

* DOUBLETALK DRIVER

Mail

"James R. Van Zandt" < jrv@vanzandt.mv.com>

Mailing list

blinux-list@redhat.com

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/dtlk.c include/linux/dtlk.h

* DPAA2 DATAPATH I/O (DPIO) DRIVER

Mail

Roy Pledge < Roy. Pledge@nxp.com >

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/soc/fsl/dpio

* DPAA2 ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Ioana Ciornei <ioana.ciornei@nxp.com>, Ioana Radulescu <ruxandra.radulescu@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/ethernet-driver networking/device_drivers/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/mac-phy-support drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/Kconfig drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/Makefile drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/dpaa2-eth* drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/dpaa2-mac* drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/dpkg.h drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/dpni*

* DPAA2 ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Ioana Radulescu <ruxandra.radulescu@nxp.com>, Ioana Ciornei <ioana.ciornei@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/fsl-dpaa2/ethsw

* DPT_I2O SCSI RAID DRIVER

Mail

Adaptec OEM Raid Solutions <aacraid@microsemi.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.adaptec.com/

Files

drivers/scsi/dpt* drivers/scsi/dpt/

* DRBD DRIVER

Mail

Philipp Reisner <philipp.reisner@linbit.com>, Lars Ellenberg <lars.ellenberg@linbit.com>

Mailing list

drbd-dev@lists.linbit.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.drbd.org

SCM

git git://git.linbit.com/linux-drbd.git git git://git.linbit.com/drbd-8.4.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/blockdev/ drivers/block/drbd/
lib/lru_cache.c

* DRIVER CORE, KOBJECTS, DEBUGFS AND SYSFS

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Reviewer

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rafael@kernel.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/driver-core.git

Files

core-api/kobject drivers/base/ fs/debugfs/ fs/sysfs/ include/ linux/debugfs.h include/linux/kobj* lib/kobj*

* DRIVERS FOR OMAP ADAPTIVE VOLTAGE SCALING (AVS)

Mail

Nishanth Menon <nm@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/soc/ti/smartreflex.c include/linux/power/
smartreflex.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR ALLWINNER DE2 AND DE3 ENGINE

Mail

Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>, Chen-Yu Tsai <wens@csie.org>

Reviewer

Jernej Skrabec <jernej.skrabec@siol.net>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/sun4i/sun8i*

* DRM DRIVER FOR ARM PL111 CLCD

Mail

Eric Anholt <eric@anholt.net>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/qpu/drm/pl111/

* DRM DRIVER FOR ARM VERSATILE TFT PANELS

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/ arm,versatile-tft-panel.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/ panel-arm-versatile.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR ASPEED BMC GFX

Mail

Joel Stanley <joel@jms.id.au>

Mailing list

linux-aspeed@lists.ozlabs.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpu/aspeed-gfx.txt drivers/gpu/drm/aspeed/

* DRM DRIVER FOR AST SERVER GRAPHICS CHIPS

Mail

Dave Airlie <airlied@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Thomas Zimmermann <tzimmermann@suse.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/ast/

* DRM DRIVER FOR BOCHS VIRTUAL GPU

Mail

Gerd Hoffmann < kraxel@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/bochs/

* DRM DRIVER FOR BOE HIMAX8279D PANELS

Mail

Jerry Han <hanxu5@huaqin.corp-partner.google.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/boe,himax8279d.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-boe-himax8279d.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR FARADAY TVE200 TV ENCODER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/tve200/

* DRM DRIVER FOR FEIXIN K101 IM2BA02 MIPI-DSI LCD PANELS

Mail

Icenowy Zheng <icenowy@aosc.io>

Status

408

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/ feixin,k101-im2ba02.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/ panel-feixin-k101-im2ba02.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR FEIYANG FY07024DI26A30-D MIPI-DSI LCD PAN-ELS

Mail

Jagan Teki <jagan@amarulasolutions.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/ feiyang,fy07024di26a30d.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/ panel-feiyang-fy07024di26a30d.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR GRAIN MEDIA GM12U320 PROJECTORS

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/gm12u320.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR HX8357D PANELS

Mail

Eric Anholt <eric@anholt.net>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/himax,hx8357d.txt drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/hx8357d.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR ILITEK ILI9225 PANELS

Mail

David Lechner <david@lechnology.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ilitek, ili9225.txt drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/ili9225.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR ILITEK ILI9486 PANELS

Mail

Kamlesh Gurudasani < kamlesh.gurudasani@gmail.com >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ilitek, ili9486.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/ili9486.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR INTEL 1810 VIDEO CARDS

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/i810/include/uapi/drm/i810 drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR LVDS PANELS

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-lvds.c Documentation/
devicetree/bindings/display/panel/lvds.yaml

* DRM DRIVER FOR MANTIX MLAF057WE51 PANELS

Mail

Guido Günther <agx@sigxcpu.org>

Reviewer

Purism Kernel Team < kernel@puri.sm >

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/mantix,mlaf057we51-x.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-mantix-mlaf057we51.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR MATROX G200/G400 GRAPHICS CARDS

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/mga/include/uapi/drm/mga drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR MGA G200 GRAPHICS CHIPS

Mail

Dave Airlie <airlied@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Thomas Zimmermann <tzimmermann@suse.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/mgag200/

* DRM DRIVER FOR MI0283QT

Mail

Noralf Trønnes < noralf@tronnes.org >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/multi-inno, mi0283qt.txt drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/mi0283qt.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR MSM ADRENO GPU

Mail

Rob Clark <robdclark@gmail.com>, Sean Paul <sean@poorly.run>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org, dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, freedreno@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git https://gitlab.freedesktop.org/drm/msm.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/msm/ drivers/gpu/drm/msm/include/uapi/drm/msm drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR NOVATEK NT35510 PANELS

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/novatek, nt35510.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-novatek-nt35510.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR NVIDIA GEFORCE/QUADRO GPUS

Mail

Ben Skeggs

skeggs@redhat.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, nouveau@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://github.com/skeggsb/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/nouveau/ include/uapi/drm/nouveau drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR OLIMEX LCD-OLINUXINO PANELS

Mail

Stefan Mavrodiev <stefan@olimex.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/ olimex,lcd-olinuxino.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/ panel-olimex-lcd-olinuxino.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR PERVASIVE DISPLAYS REPAPER PANELS

Mail

Noralf Trønnes < noralf@tronnes.org >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/repaper.txt drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/repaper.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR QEMU'S CIRRUS DEVICE

Mail

Dave Airlie <airlied@redhat.com>, Gerd Hoffmann <kraxel@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Obsolete

Web-page

https://www.kraxel.org/blog/2014/10/qemu-using-cirrus-considered-harmful/

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/cirrus.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR QXL VIRTUAL GPU

Mail

Dave Airlie <airlied@redhat.com>, Gerd Hoffmann <kraxel@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org, devel@lists.freedesktop.org

spice-

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/qxl/ include/uapi/drm/qxl_drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR RAGE 128 VIDEO CARDS

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/r128/include/uapi/drm/r128_drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR RAYDIUM RM67191 PANELS

Mail

Robert Chiras <robert.chiras@nxp.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/raydium, rm67191.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-raydium-rm67191.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR SITRONIX ST7703 PANELS

Mail

Guido Günther <agx@sigxcpu.org>

Reviewer

Purism Kernel Team <kernel@puri.sm>, Ondrej Jirman <megous@megous.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/rocktech,jh057n00900.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-sitronix-st7703.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR SAVAGE VIDEO CARDS

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/savage/ include/uapi/drm/savage_drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR SIS VIDEO CARDS

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/sis/ include/uapi/drm/sis_drm.h

* DRM DRIVER FOR SITRONIX ST7586 PANELS

Mail

David Lechner <david@lechnology.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/sitronix, st7586.txt drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/st7586.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR SITRONIX ST7701 PANELS

Mail

Jagan Teki <jagan@amarulasolutions.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/ sitronix,st7701.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/ panel-sitronix-st7701.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR SITRONIX ST7735R PANELS

Mail

David Lechner <david@lechnology.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/sitronix, st7735r.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/tiny/st7735r.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR SONY ACX424AKP PANELS

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-sony-acx424akp.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR ST-ERICSSON MCDE

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ste,mcde.txt
drivers/gpu/drm/mcde/

* DRM DRIVER FOR TDFX VIDEO CARDS

Status

Orphan / Obsolete

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/tdfx/

* DRM DRIVER FOR TPO TPG110 PANELS

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/tpo, tpg110.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/panel/panel-tpo-tpg110.c

* DRM DRIVER FOR USB DISPLAYLINK VIDEO ADAPTERS

Mail

Dave Airlie <airlied@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Sean Paul <sean@poorly.run>, Thomas Zimmermann <tzimmermann@suse.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/udl/

* DRM DRIVER FOR VIRTUAL KERNEL MODESETTING (VKMS)

Mail

Rodrigo Siqueira <rodrigosiqueiramelo@gmail.com>, Melissa Wen <melissa.srw@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Haneen Mohammed hamohammed.sa@gmail.com, Daniel Vetter <daniel@ffwll.ch>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

gpu/vkms drivers/gpu/drm/vkms/

* DRM DRIVER FOR VIRTUALBOX VIRTUAL GPU

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/vboxvideo/

* DRM DRIVER FOR VMWARE VIRTUAL GPU

Mail

"VMware Graphics" linux-graphics-maintainer@vmware.com>, Roland Scheidegger <sroland@vmware.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://people.freedesktop.org/~sroland/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/vmwgfx/include/uapi/drm/vmwgfx drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS

Mail

David Airlie <airlied@linux.ie>, Daniel Vetter <daniel@ffwll.ch>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

bugs

https://bugs.freedesktop.org/

chat

irc://chat.freenode.net/dri-devel

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpu/ Documentation/gpu/ drivers/gpu/drm/ drivers/gpu/vga/ include/drm/ include/linux/vga*include/uapi/drm/

* DRM DRIVERS AND MISC GPU PATCHES

Mail

Maarten Lankhorst <maarten.lankhorst@linux.intel.com>, Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>, Thomas Zimmermann <tzimmermann@suse.de>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://01.org/linuxgraphics/gfx-docs/maintainer-tools/drm-misc. html

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/gpu/ drivers/gpu/drm/* drivers/gpu/vga/include/drm/drm* include/linux/vga* include/uapi/drm/drm*

* DRM DRIVERS FOR ALLWINNER A10

Mail

Maxime Ripard <mripard@kernel.org>, Chen-Yu Tsai <wens@csie.org>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/allwinner* drivers/gpu/drm/sun4i/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR AMLOGIC SOCS

Mail

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linux-meson.com/

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/amlogic, meson-dw-hdmi.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ display/amlogic,meson-vpu.yaml gpu/meson drivers/gpu/drm/ meson/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR ATMEL HLCDC

Mail

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/atmel/ drivers/gpu/drm/atmel-hlcdc/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR BRIDGE CHIPS

Mail

Andrzej Hajda <a.hajda@samsung.com>, Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>

Reviewer

Laurent Pinchart <Laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>, Jonas Karlman <jonas@kwiboo.se>, Jernej Skrabec <jernej.skrabec@siol.net>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/bridge/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR EXYNOS

Mail

Inki Dae <inki.dae@samsung.com>, Joonyoung Shim <jy0922.shim@samsung.com>, Seung-Woo Kim <sw0312.kim@samsung.com>, Kyungmin Park <kyungmin.park@samsung.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/exynos/drivers/gpu/drm/exynos/include/uapi/drm/exynos_drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS FOR FREESCALE DCU

Mail

Stefan Agner <stefan@agner.ch>, Alison Wang <alison.wang@nxp.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/fsl,dcu.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/fsl,tcon.txt drivers/gpu/drm/fsl-dcu/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR FREESCALE IMX

Mail

Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/imx/ drivers/gpu/drm/imx/drivers/gpu/ipu-v3/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR GMA500 (Poulsbo, Moorestown and derivative chipsets)

Mail

Patrik Jakobsson <patrik.r.jakobsson@gmail.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/patjak/drm-gma500

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/gma500/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR HISILICON

Mail

Xinliang Liu <xinliang.liu@linaro.org>, Tian Tao <tiantao6@hisilicon.com>

Reviewer

John Stultz <john.stultz@linaro.org>, Xinwei Kong <kong.kongxinwei@hisilicon.com>, Chen Feng <puck.chen@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/hisilicon/drivers/gpu/drm/hisilicon/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR LIMA

Mail

Qiang Yu <yuq825@gmail.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, lima@lists.freedesktop.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/lima/include/uapi/drm/lima drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS FOR MEDIATEK

Mail

Chun-Kuang Hu <chunkuang.hu@kernel.org>, Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/mediatek/ drivers/gpu/drm/mediatek/ drivers/phy/mediatek/ phy-mtk-hdmi*

* DRM DRIVERS FOR NVIDIA TEGRA

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/tegra/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/tegra/nvidia, tegra20-host1x.txt drivers/gpu/drm/tegra/ drivers/gpu/host1x/include/linux/host1x.hinclude/uapi/drm/tegra_drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS FOR RENESAS

Mail

Laurent Pinchart laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com, Kieran Bingham kieran.bingham+renesas@ideasonboard.com

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/pinchartl/media drm/du/next

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/bridge/
renesas,dw-hdmi.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
display/bridge/renesas,lvds.yaml Documentation/
devicetree/bindings/display/renesas,du.txt drivers/gpu/
drm/rcar-du/ drivers/gpu/drm/shmobile/ include/linux/
platform_data/shmob_drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS FOR ROCKCHIP

Mail

Sandy Huang <hjc@rock-chips.com>, Heiko Stübner <heiko@sntech.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/rockchip/
drivers/gpu/drm/rockchip/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR STI

Mail

Benjamin Gaignard

 denjamin.gaignard@linaro.org>, Vincent Abriou <vincent.abriou@st.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/st,stih4xx.txt drivers/gpu/drm/sti

* DRM DRIVERS FOR STM

Mail

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/st,stm32-ltdc. yaml drivers/gpu/drm/stm

* DRM DRIVERS FOR TI KEYSTONE

Mail

Jyri Sarha <jsarha@ti.com>, Tomi Valkeinen <tomi.valkeinen@ti.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ti/ti, am65x-dss.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ ti/ti,j721e-dss.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ display/ti/ti,k2g-dss.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/tidss/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR TI LCDC

Mail

Jyri Sarha <jsarha@ti.com>

Reviewer

Tomi Valkeinen <tomi.valkeinen@ti.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/tilcdc/
drivers/gpu/drm/tilcdc/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR TI OMAP

Mail

Tomi Valkeinen <tomi.valkeinen@ti.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ti/ drivers/gpu/drm/omapdrm/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR V3D

Mail

Eric Anholt <eric@anholt.net>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpu/brcm,bcm-v3d.txt drivers/gpu/drm/v3d/include/uapi/drm/v3d_drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS FOR VC4

Mail

Eric Anholt <eric@anholt.net>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://github.com/anholt/linux git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/brcm,
bcm2835-*.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/vc4/ include/uapi/drm/
vc4 drm.h
```

* DRM DRIVERS FOR VIVANTE GPU IP

Mail

Lucas Stach < l.stach@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Russell King linux+etnaviv@armlinux.org.uk>, Christian Gmeiner <christian.gmeiner@gmail.com>

Mailing list

etnaviv@lists.freedesktop.org (moderated for non-subscribers), dridevel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpu/vivante,gc.yamldrivers/gpu/drm/etnaviv/include/uapi/drm/etnaviv_drm.h

* DRM DRIVERS FOR XEN

Mail

Oleksandr Andrushchenko <oleksandr andrushchenko@epam.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

gpu/xen-front drivers/gpu/drm/xen/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR XILINX

Mail

Hyun Kwon <hyun.kwon@xilinx.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/xlnx/ drivers/gpu/drm/xlnx/

* DRM DRIVERS FOR ZTE ZX

Mail

Shawn Guo <shawnguo@kernel.org>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/zte,vou.txt drivers/gpu/drm/zte/

* DRM PANEL DRIVERS

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Sam Ravnborg <sam@ravnborg.org>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/panel/ drivers/gpu/drm/drm_panel.c drivers/gpu/drm/panel/ include/drm/drm_panel.h

* DRM TTM SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Christian Koenig <christian.koenig@amd.com>, Huang Rui <ray.huang@amd.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://people.freedesktop.org/~agd5f/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/ttm/ include/drm/ttm/

* DSBR100 USB FM RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Alexey Klimov <klimov.linux@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/dsbr100.c

* DT3155 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/dt3155/

* DVB USB AF9015 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/af9015*

* DVB USB AF9035 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/af9035*

* DVB_USB_ANYSEE MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/anysee*

* DVB_USB_AU6610 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/au6610*

* DVB USB CE6230 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/ce6230*

* DVB_USB_CXUSB MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb/cxusb*

* DVB USB EC168 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/ec168*

* DVB_USB_GL861 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/gl861*

* DVB_USB_MXL111SF MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/mxl111sf.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/mxl111sf*

* DVB_USB_RTL28XXU MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/rtl28xxu*

* DVB_USB_V2 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/dvb_usb* drivers/media/usb/
dvb-usb-v2/usb_urb.c

* DYNAMIC DEBUG

Mail

Jason Baron <jbaron@akamai.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/dynamic debug.h lib/dynamic debug.c

* DYNAMIC INTERRUPT MODERATION

Mail

Tal Gilboa <talgi@nvidia.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/net dim include/linux/dim.h lib/dim/

* DZ DECSTATION DZ11 SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

"Maciej W. Rozycki" <macro@linux-mips.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/serial/dz.*

* E3X0 POWER BUTTON DRIVER

Mail

Moritz Fischer < moritz.fischer@ettus.com >

Mailing list

usrp-users@lists.ettus.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ettus.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/e3x0-button.txt drivers/input/misc/e3x0-button.c

* E4000 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/e4000*

* EARTH_PT1 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Akihiro Tsukada <tskd08@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/media/pci/pt1/

* EARTH PT3 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Akihiro Tsukada <tskd08@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/media/pci/pt3/

* EC100 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/ec100*

* ECRYPT FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Tyler Hicks <code@tyhicks.com>

Mailing list

ecryptfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://ecryptfs.org https://launchpad.net/ecryptfs

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tyhicks/ecryptfs.git

Files

filesystems/ecryptfs fs/ecryptfs/

* EDAC-AMD64

Mail

Borislav Petkov

bp@alien8.de>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/amd64_edac*

* EDAC-ARMADA

Mail

Jan Luebbe <jlu@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/armada_xp_*

* **EDAC-AST2500**

Mail

Stefan Schaeckeler <sschaeck@cisco.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/edac/
aspeed-sdram-edac.txt drivers/edac/aspeed edac.c

* EDAC-BLUEFIELD

Mail

Shravan Kumar Ramani <shravankr@nvidia.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/edac/bluefield_edac.c

* EDAC-CALXEDA

Mail

Andre Przywara <andre.przywara@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/highbank*

* EDAC-CAVIUM OCTEON

Mail

Ralf Baechle <ralf@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org, linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/edac/octeon_edac*

* EDAC-CAVIUM THUNDERX

Mail

Robert Richter < rric@kernel.org >

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/edac/thunderx_edac*

* EDAC-CORE

Mail

Borislav Petkov

bp@alien8.de>, Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>, Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>

Reviewer

James Morse <james.morse@arm.com>, Robert Richter
<rric@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ras/ras.git edac-for-next

Files

admin-guide/ras driver-api/edac drivers/edac/ include/linux/ edac.h

* EDAC-DMC520

Mail

Lei Wang <lewan@microsoft.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/edac/dmc520_edac.c

* **EDAC-E752X**

Mail

Mark Gross <mark.gross@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/e752x_edac.c

* EDAC-E7XXX

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/e7xxx_edac.c

* EDAC-FSL_DDR

Mail

York Sun <york.sun@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/fsl_ddr_edac.*

* EDAC-GHES

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/ghes edac.c

* EDAC-I10NM

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i10nm_base.c

* EDAC-13000

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/edac/i3000_edac.c

* EDAC-15000

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i5000_edac.c

* EDAC-15400

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i5400 edac.c

* EDAC-17300

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i7300_edac.c

* EDAC-I7CORE

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i7core_edac.c

* EDAC-182443BXGX

Mail

Tim Small <tim@buttersideup.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i82443bxgx_edac.c

* EDAC-182975X

Mail

"Arvind R." <arvino55@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/i82975x_edac.c

* EDAC-IE31200

Mail

Jason Baron <jbaron@akamai.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/ie31200_edac.c

* EDAC-MPC85XX

Mail

Johannes Thumshirn <morbidrsa@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/mpc85xx_edac.[ch]

* EDAC-PASEMI

Mail

Egor Martovetsky <egor@pasemi.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/pasemi_edac.c

* EDAC-PND2

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/pnd2_edac.[ch]

* EDAC-QCOM

Mail

Channagoud Kadabi <ckadabi@codeaurora.org>, Venkata Narendra Kumar Gutta <vnkgutta@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org, linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/qcom_edac.c

* EDAC-R82600

Mail

Tim Small <tim@buttersideup.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/r82600_edac.c

* EDAC-SBRIDGE

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>

Reviewer

Qiuxu Zhuo <qiuxu.zhuo@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/sb edac.c

* EDAC-SIFIVE

Mail

Yash Shah <yash.shah@sifive.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/edac/sifive_edac.c

* EDAC-SKYLAKE

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/skx *.c

* EDAC-TI

Mail

Tero Kristo <t-kristo@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/edac/ti_edac.c

* EDIROL UA-101/UA-1000 DRIVER

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

sound/usb/misc/ua101.c

* EFI TEST DRIVER

Mail

Ivan Hu <ivan.hu@canonical.com>, Ard Biesheuvel <ardb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-efi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/firmware/efi/test/

* EFI VARIABLE FILESYSTEM

Mail

Matthew Garrett <matthew.garrett@nebula.com>, Jeremy Kerr <jk@ozlabs.org>, Ard Biesheuvel <ardb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-efi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/efi/efi.git

Files

fs/efivarfs/

* EFIFB FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Peter Jones <pgones@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/efifb.c

* EFS FILESYSTEM

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://aeschi.ch.eu.org/efs/

Files

fs/efs/

* EHEA (IBM pSeries eHEA 10Gb ethernet adapter) DRIVER

Mail

Douglas Miller <dougmill@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ibm/ehea/

* EM28XX VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/media/em28xx* drivers/media/usb/em28xx/

* EMBEDDED LINUX

Mail

Paul Gortmaker <paul.gortmaker@windriver.com>, Matt Mackall <mpm@selenic.com>, David Woodhouse <dwmw2@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linux-embedded@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

* EMMC CMDQ HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (CQHCI) DRIVER

Mail

Adrian Hunter <adrian.hunter@intel.com>, Ritesh Harjani <riteshh@codeaurora.org>, Asutosh Das <asutoshd@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/cqhci*

* EMULEX 10Gbps iSCSI - OneConnect DRIVER

Mail

Subbu Seetharaman <subbu.seetharaman@broadcom.com>, Ketan Mukadam <ketan.mukadam@broadcom.com>, Jitendra Bhivare <jitendra.bhivare@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.broadcom.com

Files

drivers/scsi/be2iscsi/

* EMULEX 10Gbps NIC BE2, BE3-R, Lancer, Skyhawk-R DRIVER (be2net)

Mail

Ajit Khaparde <ajit.khaparde@broadcom.com>, Sriharsha Basavapatna <sriharsha.basavapatna@broadcom.com>, Somnath Kotur <somnath.kotur@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.emulex.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/emulex/benet/

* EMULEX ONECONNECT ROCE DRIVER

Mail

Selvin Xavier <selvin.xavier@broadcom.com>, Devesh Sharma <devesh.sharma@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.broadcom.com

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/ocrdma/
ocrdma-abi.h

include/uapi/rdma/

* EMULEX/BROADCOM LPFC FC/FCOE SCSI DRIVER

Mail

James Smart <james.smart@broadcom.com>, Dick Kennedy <dick.kennedy@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.broadcom.com

Files

drivers/scsi/lpfc/

* ENE CB710 FLASH CARD READER DRIVER

Mail

Michał Mirosław <mirq-linux@rere.qmqm.pl>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/cb710/ drivers/mmc/host/cb710-mmc.* include/ linux/cb710.h

* ENE KB2426 (ENE0100/ENE020XX) INFRARED RECEIVER

Mail

Maxim Levitsky < maximlevitsky@gmail.com >

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/ene_ir.*

* EPAPR HYPERVISOR BYTE CHANNEL DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Laurentiu Tudor < laurentiu.tudor@nxp.com >

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/ehv_bytechan.c

* EPSON S1D13XXX FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Kristoffer Ericson kristoffer.ericson@gmail.com

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kristoffer/linux-hpc.git

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/sld13xxxfb.c include/video/
sld13xxxfb.h

* EROFS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Gao Xiang <xiang@kernel.org>, Chao Yu <yuchao0@huawei.com>

Mailing list

linux-erofs@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/xiang/erofs.git

Files

filesystems/erofs fs/erofs/include/trace/events/erofs.h

* ERRSEQ ERROR TRACKING INFRASTRUCTURE

Mail

Jeff Layton < jlayton@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/errseq.h lib/errseq.c

* ET131X NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Mark Einon <mark.einon@gmail.com>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/agere/

* ETHERNET BRIDGE

Mail

Roopa Prabhu <roopa@nvidia.com>, Nikolay Aleksandrov <nikolay@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

bridge@lists.linux-foundation.org (moderated for non-subscribers), netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linuxfoundation.org/en/Net:Bridge

Files

include/linux/netfilter_bridge/ net/bridge/

* ETHERNET PHY LIBRARY

Mail

Andrew Lunn <andrew@lunn.ch>, Heiner Kallweit <hkallweit1@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-net-phydev Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ethernet-phy. vaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/mdio* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/qca,ar803x.yaml networking/phy drivers/net/mdio/ drivers/net/mdio/of mdio. c drivers/net/pcs/ drivers/net/phy/ drivers/of/of_net. include/dt-bindings/net/gca-ar803x.h include/linux/ include/linux/mdio/*.h include/linux/of net.h *mdio*.h include/linux/phy.h include/linux/phy fixed.h include/ linux/platform data/mdio-bcm-unimac.h include/linux/ platform data/mdio-gpio.h include/trace/events/mdio.h include/uapi/linux/mdio.h include/uapi/linux/mii.h

* EXFAT FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Namjae Jeon <namjae.jeon@samsung.com>, Sungjong Seo <sj1557.seo@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/exfat/

* EXT2 FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-ext4@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/ext2 fs/ext2/include/linux/ext2*

* EXT4 FILE SYSTEM

Mail

"Theodore Ts' o" <tytso@mit.edu>, Andreas Dilger <adilger.kernel@dilger.ca>

Mailing list

linux-ext4@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://ext4.wiki.kernel.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-ext4/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tytso/ext4.git

Files

Documentation/filesystems/ext4/ fs/ext4/ include/trace/events/ext4.h

* Extended Verification Module (EVM)

Mail

Mimi Zohar <zohar@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-integrity@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

security/integrity/evm/

* EXTENSIBLE FIRMWARE INTERFACE (EFI)

Mail

Ard Biesheuvel <ardb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-efi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/efi/efi.git

Files

admin-guide/efi-stub arch/*/include/asm/efi.h arch/*/
kernel/efi.c arch/arm/boot/compressed/efi-header.S arch/
arm64/kernel/efi-entry.S arch/x86/platform/efi/ drivers/
firmware/efi/include/linux/efi*.h

* EXTERNAL CONNECTOR SUBSYSTEM (EXTCON)

Mail

MyungJoo Ham <myungjoo.ham@samsung.com>, Chanwoo Choi <cw00.choi@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/chanwoo/extcon.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/extcon/ firmware-guide/acpi/extcon-intel-int3496 drivers/extcon/ include/linux/extcon/

* EXTRA BOOT CONFIG

Mail

Masami Hiramatsu <mhiramat@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/bootconfig fs/proc/bootconfig.c include/linux/ bootconfig.h lib/bootconfig.c tools/bootconfig/* tools/ bootconfig/scripts/*

* EXYNOS DP DRIVER

Mail

Jingoo Han <jingoohan1@gmail.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/exynos/exynos_dp*

* EXYNOS SYSMMU (IOMMU) driver

Mail

Marek Szyprowski <m.szyprowski@samsung.com>

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iommu/exynos-iommu.c

* F2FS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Jaegeuk Kim <jaegeuk@kernel.org>, Chao Yu <yuchao0@huawei.com>

Mailing list

linux-f2fs-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://f2fs.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jaegeuk/f2fs.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-fs-f2fs filesystems/f2fs fs/f2fs/ include/linux/f2fs_fs.h include/trace/events/f2fs.h include/uapi/linux/f2fs.h

* F71805F HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/f71805f drivers/hwmon/f71805f.c

* FADDR2LINE

Mail

Josh Poimboeuf <jpoimboe@redhat.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

scripts/faddr2line

* FAILOVER MODULE

Mail

Sridhar Samudrala <sridhar.samudrala@intel.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/failover include/net/failover.h net/core/ failover.c

* FANOTIFY

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>

Reviewer

Amir Goldstein <amir73il@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/notify/fanotify/include/linux/fanotify.hinclude/uapi/
linux/fanotify.h

* FARSYNC SYNCHRONOUS DRIVER

Mail

Kevin Curtis < kevin.curtis@farsite.co.uk>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.farsite.co.uk/

Files

drivers/net/wan/farsync.*

* FAULT INJECTION SUPPORT

Mail

Akinobu Mita <akinobu.mita@gmail.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/fault-injection/lib/fault-inject.c

* FBTFT Framebuffer drivers

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/staging/fbtft/

* FC0011 TUNER DRIVER

Mail

Michael Buesch <m@bues.ch>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/tuners/fc0011.c
fc0011.h

drivers/media/tuners/

* FC2580 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/fc2580*

* FCOE SUBSYSTEM (libfc, libfcoe, fcoe)

Mail

Hannes Reinecke <hare@suse.de>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

www.Open-FCoE.org

Files

drivers/scsi/fcoe/ drivers/scsi/libfc/ include/scsi/fc/
include/scsi/libfc.h include/scsi/libfcoe.h include/uapi/
scsi/fc/

* FILE LOCKING (flock() and fcntl()/lockf())

Mail

Jeff Layton <jlayton@kernel.org>, "J. Bruce Fields"

bfields@fieldses.org>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/fcntl.c fs/locks.c include/linux/fcntl.h include/uapi/
linux/fcntl.h

* FILESYSTEM DIRECT ACCESS (DAX)

Mail

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>

Reviewer

Matthew Wilcox <willy@infradead.org>, Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org, linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Files

fs/dax.cinclude/linux/dax.hinclude/trace/events/fs dax.h

* FILESYSTEMS (VFS and infrastructure)

Mail

Alexander Viro <viro@zeniv.linux.org.uk>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/* include/linux/fs.h include/linux/fs_types.h include/
uapi/linux/fs.h include/uapi/linux/openat2.h

* FINTEK F75375S HARDWARE MONITOR AND FAN CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Riku Voipio <riku.voipio@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/f75375s.c include/linux/f75375s.h

* FIREWIRE AUDIO DRIVERS and IEC 61883-1/6 PACKET STREAMING ENGINE

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>, Takashi Sakamoto <otakashi@sakamocchi.jp>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

include/uapi/sound/firewire.h sound/firewire/

* FIREWIRE MEDIA DRIVERS (firedtv)

Mail

Stefan Richter <stefanr@s5r6.in-berlin.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, devel@lists.sourceforge.net

linux1394-

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mchehab/linux-media.git

Files

drivers/media/firewire/

* FIREWIRE SBP-2 TARGET

Mail

Chris Boot <bootc@bootc.net>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org, target-devel@vger.kernel.org, linux1394-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/nab/lio-core-2.6.git master

Files

drivers/target/sbp/

* FIREWIRE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Stefan Richter <stefanr@s5r6.in-berlin.de>

Mailing list

linux1394-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://ieee1394.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ieee1394/linux1394.git

Files

drivers/firewire/ include/linux/firewire.h include/uapi/ linux/firewire*.h tools/firewire/

* FIRMWARE LOADER (request_firmware)

Mail

Luis Chamberlain <mcgrof@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

* FLASH ADAPTER DRIVER (IBM Flash Adapter 900GB Full Height PCI Flash Card)

Mail

Joshua Morris <josh.h.morris@us.ibm.com>, Philip Kelleher <pjk1939@linux.ibm.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/block/rsxx/

* FLEXTIMER FTM-QUADDEC DRIVER

Mail

Patrick Havelange <patrick.havelange@essensium.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-counter-ftm-quaddec Documentation/devicetree/bindings/counter/ftm-quaddec.txt drivers/counter/ftm-quaddec.c

* FLOPPY DRIVER

Mail

Denis Efremov <e fremov@linux.com>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/block/floppy.c

* FLYSKY FSIA6B RC RECEIVER

Mail

Markus Koch <markus@notsyncing.net>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/joystick/fsia6b.c

* FORCEDETH GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Rain River <rain.1986.08.12@gmail.com>, Zhu Yanjun <zyjzyj2000@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/nvidia/*

* FPGA DFL DRIVERS

Mail

Wu Hao <hao.wu@intel.com>

Reviewer

Tom Rix <trix@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-fpga@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-dfl fpga/dfl drivers/fpga/dfl*include/uapi/linux/fpga-dfl.h

* FPGA MANAGER FRAMEWORK

Mail

Moritz Fischer <mdf@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Tom Rix <trix@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-fpga@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.rocketboards.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-fpga/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mdf/linux-fpga.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/fpga/ Documentation/driver-api/fpga/ Documentation/fpga/ drivers/fpga/include/linux/fpga/

* FPU EMULATOR

Mail

Bill Metzenthen

billm@melbpc.org.au>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://floatingpoint.sourceforge.net/emulator/index.html

Files

arch/x86/math-emu/

* FRAME RELAY DLCI/FRAD (Sangoma drivers too)

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/wan/dlci.c drivers/net/wan/sdla.c

* FRAMEBUFFER LAYER

Mail

Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-fbdev/list/

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/fb/ drivers/video/ include/linux/fb.h include/uapi/linux/fb.h include/uapi/video/include/video/

* FREESCALE CAAM (Cryptographic Acceleration and Assurance Module) DRIVER

Mail

Horia Geantă horia Geantă horia Geantă horia: deciments: deciments: deciments: line; line;

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/crypto/fsl-sec4.txt drivers/crypto/caam/

* FREESCALE COLDFIRE M5441X MMC DRIVER

Mail

Angelo Dureghello <angelo.dureghello@timesys.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-esdhc-mcf.c include/linux/
platform_data/mmc-esdhc-mcf.h

* FREESCALE DIU FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Timur Tabi <timur@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/fsl-diu-fb.*

* FREESCALE DMA DRIVER

Mail

Li Yang <leoyang.li@nxp.com>, Zhang Wei <zw@zh-kernel.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/dma/fsldma.*

* FREESCALE DSPI DRIVER

Mail

Vladimir Oltean <olteanv@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/spi-fsl-dspi. txt drivers/spi/spi-fsl-dspi.c include/linux/spi/ spi-fsl-dspi.h

* FREESCALE ENETC ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Claudiu Manoil <claudiu.manoil@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/enetc/

* FREESCALE eTSEC ETHERNET DRIVER (GIANFAR)

Mail

Claudiu Manoil <claudiu.manoil@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/fsl-tsec-phy.txt drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/gianfar*

* FREESCALE GPMI NAND DRIVER

Mail

Han Xu <han.xu@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/raw/gpmi-nand/*

* FREESCALE I2C CPM DRIVER

Mail

Jochen Friedrich <jochen@scram.de>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org, linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-cpm.c

* FREESCALE IMX / MXC FEC DRIVER

Mail

Fugang Duan <fugang.duan@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/fsl-fec.txt drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/fec.h drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/fec_main.c drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/fec_ptp.c

* FREESCALE IMX / MXC FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Sascha Hauer <s.hauer@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/imxfb.c include/linux/platform_data/
video-imxfb.h

* FREESCALE IMX DDR PMU DRIVER

Mail

Frank Li <Frank.li@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/perf/imx-ddr Documentation/devicetree/bindings/perf/fsl-imx-ddr.yaml drivers/perf/fsl_imx8_ddr_perf.c

* FREESCALE IMX I2C DRIVER

Mail

Oleksij Rempel < o.rempel@pengutronix.de >

Roviowar

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-imx.yamldrivers/i2c/busses/i2c-imx.c

* FREESCALE IMX LPI2C DRIVER

Mail

Dong Aisheng <aisheng.dong@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, linux-imx@nxp.com

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-imx-lpi2c.yamldrivers/i2c/busses/i2c-imx-lpi2c.c

* FREESCALE QORIQ DPAA ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Madalin Bucur <madalin.bucur@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa

* FREESCALE QORIQ DPAA FMAN DRIVER

Mail

Madalin Bucur <madalin.bucur@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/fsl-fman.txt drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/fman

* FREESCALE QORIQ PTP CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

Yangbo Lu <yangbo.lu@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ptp/ptp-qoriq.txt drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/dpaa2-ptp* drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/dprtc* drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/enetc_ptp.c drivers/ptp/ptp_qoriq.c drivers/ptp/ptp_qoriq_debugfs.c include/linux/fsl/ptp_qoriq.h

* FREESCALE QUAD SPI DRIVER

Mail

Han Xu <han.xu@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/spi/spi-fsl-qspi.c

* FREESCALE QUICC ENGINE LIBRARY

Mail

Qiang Zhao <qiang.zhao@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/soc/fsl/qe/ include/soc/fsl/*qe*.h include/soc/ fsl/*ucc*.h

* FREESCALE QUICC ENGINE UCC ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Li Yang <leoyang.li@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/ucc geth*

* FREESCALE QUICC ENGINE UCC HDLC DRIVER

Mail

Zhao Qiang <qiang.zhao@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wan/fsl_ucc_hdlc*

* FREESCALE QUICC ENGINE UCC UART DRIVER

Mail

Timur Tabi <timur@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/serial/ucc_uart.c

* FREESCALE SOC DRIVERS

Mail

Li Yang <leoyang.li@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org, kernel@lists.infradead.org linux-arm-

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/misc/fsl,
dpaa2-console.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/soc/
fsl/ drivers/soc/fsl/ include/linux/fsl/

* FREESCALE SOC FS_ENET DRIVER

Mail

Pantelis Antoniou <pantelis.antoniou@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/freescale/fs_enet/ include/linux/
fs_enet_pd.h

* FREESCALE SOC SOUND DRIVERS

Mail

Timur Tabi <timur@kernel.org>, Nicolin Chen <nicoleotsuka@gmail.com>, Xiubo Li <Xiubo.Lee@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Fabio Estevam <festevam@gmail.com>, Shengjiu Wang <shengjiu.wang@gmail.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/soc/fsl/fsl* sound/soc/fsl/imx* sound/soc/fsl/
mpc8610_hpcd.c

* FREESCALE USB PERIPHERAL DRIVERS

Mail

Li Yang <leoyang.li@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/gadget/udc/fsl*

* FREESCALE USB PHY DRIVER

Mail

Ran Wang <ran.wang 1@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/phy/phy-fsl-usb*

* FREEVXFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Christoph Hellwig hch@infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

ftp://ftp.openlinux.org/pub/people/hch/vxfs

Files

fs/freevxfs/

* FREEZER

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Pavel Machek <pavel@ucw.cz>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

power/freezing-of-tasks include/linux/freezer.h kernel/ freezer.c

* FRONTSWAP API

Mail

Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Files

include/linux/frontswap.h mm/frontswap.c

* FS-CACHE: LOCAL CACHING FOR NETWORK FILESYSTEMS

Mail

David Howells dhowells@redhat.com

Mailing list

linux-cachefs@redhat.com (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/filesystems/caching/ fs/fscache/ include/ linux/fscache*.h

* FSCRYPT: FILE SYSTEM LEVEL ENCRYPTION SUPPORT

Mail

Theodore Y. Ts' o <tytso@mit.edu>, Jaegeuk Kim <jaegeuk@kernel.org>, Eric Biggers <ebiggers@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-fscrypt@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-fscrypt/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/fscrypt/fscrypt.git

Files

filesystems/fscrypt fs/crypto/ include/linux/fscrypt*.h
include/uapi/linux/fscrypt.h

* FSI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Jeremy Kerr <jk@ozlabs.org>, Joel Stanley <joel@jms.id.au>

Reviewer

Alistar Popple <alistair@popple.id.au>, Eddie James <eajames@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsi@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-fsi/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/joel/fsi.git

Files

drivers/fsi/ include/linux/fsi*.h include/trace/events/
fsi*.h

* FSI-ATTACHED I2C DRIVER

Mail

Eddie James <eajames@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

 $linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, \ openbmc@lists.ozlabs.org \ (moderated for non-subscribers)$

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-fsi.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-fsi.c

* FSI-ATTACHED SPI DRIVER

Mail

Eddie James <eajames@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/fsi/ibm,fsi2spi.yamldrivers/spi/spi-fsi.c

* FSNOTIFY: FILESYSTEM NOTIFICATION INFRASTRUCTURE

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>

Reviewer

Amir Goldstein <amir73il@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jack/linux-fs.git fs-notify

Files

fs/notify/include/linux/fsnotify*.h

* FSVERITY: READ-ONLY FILE-BASED AUTHENTICITY PROTECTION

Mail

Eric Biggers <ebiggers@kernel.org>, Theodore Y. Ts' o <tytso@mit.edu>

Mailing list

linux-fscrypt@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-fscrypt/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/fscrypt/fscrypt.git fsverity

Files

filesystems/fsverity fs/verity/ include/linux/fsverity.h
include/uapi/linux/fsverity.h

* FUJITSU LAPTOP EXTRAS

Mail

Jonathan Woithe <jwoithe@just42.net>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/fujitsu-laptop.c

* FUJITSU M-5MO LS CAMERA ISP DRIVER

Mail

Kyungmin Park <kyungmin.park@samsung.com>, Heungjun Kim <riverful.kim@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Files

drivers/media/i2c/m5mols/ include/media/i2c/m5mols.h

* FUJITSU TABLET EXTRAS

Mail

Robert Gerlach < khnz@gmx.de>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/fujitsu-tablet.c

* FUSE: FILESYSTEM IN USERSPACE

Mail

Miklos Szeredi <miklos@szeredi.hu>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/libfuse/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mszeredi/fuse.git

Files

filesystems/fuse fs/fuse/include/uapi/linux/fuse.h

* FUTEX SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>, Darren Hart <dvhart@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git locking/core

Files

Documentation/locking/*futex* include/asm-generic/futex.h include/linux/futex.h include/uapi/linux/futex.h kernel/futex/* tools/perf/bench/futex* tools/testing/selftests/futex/

* GATEWORKS SYSTEM CONTROLLER (GSC) DRIVER

Mail

Tim Harvey <tharvey@gateworks.com>, Robert Jones <ri><rigones@gateworks.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/gateworks-gsc. yaml drivers/mfd/gateworks-gsc.c include/linux/mfd/gsc.h hwmon/gsc-hwmon drivers/hwmon/gsc-hwmon.c include/linux/ platform_data/gsc_hwmon.h

* GASKET DRIVER FRAMEWORK

Mail

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/gasket/

* GCC PLUGINS

Mail

Kees Cook < keescook@chromium.org >

Reviewer

Emese Revfy <re.emese@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hardening@vger.kernel.org

Status

Files

kbuild/gcc-plugins scripts/Makefile.gcc-plugins scripts/
gcc-plugins/

* GCOV BASED KERNEL PROFILING

Mail

Peter Oberparleiter < oberpar@linux.ibm.com >

Status

Maintained

Files

dev-tools/gcov kernel/gcov/

* GDB KERNEL DEBUGGING HELPER SCRIPTS

Mail

Jan Kiszka <jan.kiszka@siemens.com>, Kieran Bingham <kbingham@kernel.org>

Status

Supported

Files

scripts/gdb/

* GDT SCSI DISK ARRAY CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Achim Leubner <achim leubner@adaptec.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.icp-vortex.com/

Files

drivers/scsi/gdt*

* GEMTEK FM RADIO RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-gemtek*

* GENERIC ARCHITECTURE TOPOLOGY

Mail

Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/base/arch_topology.c include/linux/arch_topology.

* GENERIC GPIO 12C DRIVER

Mail

Wolfram Sang <wsa+renesas@sang-engineering.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-gpio.c include/linux/
platform data/i2c-gpio.h

* GENERIC GPIO 12C MULTIPLEXER DRIVER

Mail

Peter Korsgaard <peter.korsgaard@barco.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

i2c/muxes/i2c-mux-gpio drivers/i2c/muxes/i2c-mux-gpio.c include/linux/platform data/i2c-mux-gpio.h

* GENERIC HDLC (WAN) DRIVERS

Mail

Krzysztof Halasa <khc@pm.waw.pl>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/net/hdlc/

Files

drivers/net/wan/c101.c drivers/net/wan/hd6457* drivers/
net/wan/hdlc* drivers/net/wan/n2.c drivers/net/wan/
pc300too.c drivers/net/wan/pci200syn.c drivers/net/wan/
wanxl*

* GENERIC INCLUDE/ASM HEADER FILES

Mail

Arnd Bergmann <arnd@arndb.de>

Mailing list

linux-arch@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/arnd/asm-generic.git

Files

include/asm-generic/ include/uapi/asm-generic/

* GENERIC PHY FRAMEWORK

Mail

Kishon Vijay Abraham I <kishon@ti.com>, Vinod Koul <vkoul@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/phy/linux-phy.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/ drivers/phy/include/linux/phy/

* GENERIC PINCTRL 12C DEMULTIPLEXER DRIVER

Mail

Wolfram Sang <wsa+renesas@sang-engineering.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/i2c/muxes/i2c-demux-pinctrl.c

* GENERIC PM DOMAINS

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Kevin Hilman <khilman@kernel.org>, Ulf Hansson <ulf.hansson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/power?domain* drivers/base/power/domain*.cinclude/linux/pm domain.h

* GENERIC RESISTIVE TOUCHSCREEN ADC DRIVER

Mail

Eugen Hristev <eugen.hristev@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/resistive-adc-touch.c

* GENERIC UIO DRIVER FOR PCI DEVICES

Mail

"Michael S. Tsirkin" <mst@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/uio/uio_pci_generic.c

* GENERIC VDSO LIBRARY

Mail

Andy Lutomirski <luto@kernel.org>, Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>, Vincenzo Frascino <vincenzo.frascino@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git timers/vdso

Files

include/asm-generic/vdso/vsyscall.h include/vdso/ kernel/ time/vsyscall.c lib/vdso/

* **GENWQE (IBM Generic Workqueue Card)**

Mail

Frank Haverkamp haver@linux.ibm.com

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/misc/genwqe/

* GET MAINTAINER SCRIPT

Mail

Joe Perches <joe@perches.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

scripts/get_maintainer.pl

* GFS2 FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Bob Peterson <rpeterso@redhat.com>, Andreas Gruenbacher <agruenba@redhat.com>

Mailing list

cluster-devel@redhat.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://sources.redhat.com/cluster/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gfs2/linux-gfs2.git

Files

Documentation/filesystems/gfs2* fs/gfs2/ include/uapi/ linux/gfs2 ondisk.h

* GNSS SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Johan Hovold <johan@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/johan/gnss.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-gnss Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gnss/ drivers/gnss/ include/linux/gnss.h

* GO7007 MPEG CODEC

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/usb/go7007/

* GOODIX TOUCHSCREEN

Mail

Bastien Nocera hadess@hadess.net>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/goodix.c

* GOOGLE ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Catherine Sullivan <csully@google.com>

Reviewer

Sagi Shahar <sagis@google.com>, Jon Olson <jonolson@google.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/google/gve drivers/net/ ethernet/google

* GPD POCKET FAN DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/gpd-pocket-fan.c

* GPIO ACPI SUPPORT

Mail

Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>, Andy Shevchenko <andriy.shevchenko@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org, linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

firmware-guide/acpi/gpio-properties drivers/gpio/ gpiolib-acpi.c drivers/gpio/gpiolib-acpi.h

* GPIO AGGREGATOR

Mail

Geert Uytterhoeven <geert+renesas@glider.be>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

admin-guide/gpio/gpio-aggregator gpio-aggregator.c

drivers/gpio/

* GPIO IR Transmitter

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/gpio-ir-tx.c

* GPIO MOCKUP DRIVER

Mail

Bamvor Jian Zhang bamv2005@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-mockup.c tools/testing/selftests/gpio/

* GPIO REGMAP

Reviewer

Michael Walle <michael@walle.cc>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-regmap.c include/linux/gpio/regmap.h

* GPIO SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>, Bartosz Golaszewski
>bgolaszewski@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/linusw/linux-gpio.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/obsolete/sysfs-gpio Documentation/ABI/testing/gpio-cdev Documentation/admin-guide/gpio/Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/ Documentation/driver-api/gpio/ drivers/gpio/ include/asm-generic/gpio.hinclude/linux/gpio/ include/linux/of_gpio.hinclude/uapi/linux/gpio.h tools/gpio/

* GRE DEMULTIPLEXER DRIVER

Mail

Dmitry Kozlov <xeb@mail.ru>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/net/gre.h net/ipv4/gre_demux.c net/ipv4/
gre_offload.c

* GRETH 10/100/1G Ethernet MAC device driver

Mail

Andreas Larsson <andreas@gaisler.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/aeroflex/

* GREYBUS AUDIO PROTOCOLS DRIVERS

Mail

Vaibhav Agarwal <vaibhav.sr@gmail.com>, Mark Greer <mgreer@animalcreek.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

488

drivers/staging/greybus/audio_apbridgea.c drivers/
staging/greybus/audio_apbridgea.h drivers/staging/
greybus/audio_codec.c drivers/staging/greybus/
audio_codec.h drivers/staging/greybus/audio_gb.c

```
drivers/staging/greybus/audio_manager.c drivers/
staging/greybus/audio_manager.h drivers/staging/
greybus/audio_manager_module.c drivers/staging/
greybus/audio_manager_private.h drivers/staging/
greybus/audio_manager_sysfs.c drivers/staging/greybus/
audio_module.c drivers/staging/greybus/audio_topology.c
```

* GREYBUS FW/HID/SPI PROTOCOLS DRIVERS

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/greybus/authentication.c drivers/ staging/greybus/bootrom.c drivers/staging/greybus/ drivers/staging/greybus/fw-core.c firmware.h drivers/ staging/greybus/fw-download.c drivers/staging/ greybus/fw-management.c drivers/staging/greybus/ greybus authentication.h drivers/staging/greybus/ greybus firmware.h drivers/staging/greybus/hid.c drivers/ drivers/staging/greybus/spi.c staging/greybus/i2c.c drivers/staging/greybus/spilib.c drivers/staging/greybus/ spilib.h

* GREYBUS LOOPBACK DRIVER

Mail

Bryan O' Donoghue <pure.logic@nexus-software.ie>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/greybus/loopback.c

* GREYBUS PLATFORM DRIVERS

Mail

Vaibhav Hiremath <hvaibhav.linux@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/greybus/arche-apb-ctrl.c drivers/
staging/greybus/arche-platform.c drivers/staging/greybus/
arche_platform.h

* GREYBUS SDIO/GPIO/SPI PROTOCOLS DRIVERS

Mail

Rui Miguel Silva <rmfrfs@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/greybus/gpio.c drivers/staging/greybus/
light.c drivers/staging/greybus/power_supply.c drivers/
staging/greybus/sdio.c drivers/staging/greybus/spi.c
drivers/staging/greybus/spilib.c

* GREYBUS SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Johan Hovold <johan@kernel.org>, Alex Elder <elder@kernel.org>, Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

greybus-dev@lists.linaro.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/greybus/ drivers/staging/greybus/ include/linux/
greybus.h include/linux/greybus/

* GREYBUS UART PROTOCOLS DRIVERS

Mail

David Lin dtwlin@gmail.com

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/greybus/log.c drivers/staging/greybus/
uart.c

* GS1662 VIDEO SERIALIZER

Mail

Charles-Antoine Couret <charles-antoine.couret@nexvision.fr>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/spi/gs1662.c

* GSPCA FINEPIX SUBDRIVER

Mail

Frank Zago <frank@zago.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/finepix.c

* GSPCA GL860 SUBDRIVER

Mail

Olivier Lorin < o.lorin@laposte.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/gl860/

* GSPCA M5602 SUBDRIVER

Mail

Erik Andren <erik.andren@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/m5602/

* GSPCA PAC207 SONIXB SUBDRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/pac207.c

* GSPCA SN9C20X SUBDRIVER

Mail

Brian Johnson brijohn@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/sn9c20x.c

* GSPCA T613 SUBDRIVER

Mail

Leandro Costantino lcostantino@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/t613.c

* GSPCA USB WEBCAM DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/gspca/

* GTP (GPRS Tunneling Protocol)

Mail

Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>, Harald Welte <laforge@gnumonks.org>

Mailing list

osmocom-net-gprs@lists.osmocom.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pablo/gtp.git

Files

drivers/net/gtp.c

* GUID PARTITION TABLE (GPT)

Mail

Davidlohr Bueso <dave@stgolabs.net>

Mailing list

linux-efi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

block/partitions/efi.*

* H8/300 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Yoshinori Sato <ysato@users.sourceforge.jp>

Mailing list

uclinux-h8-devel@lists.sourceforge.jp (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://uclinux-h8.sourceforge.jp

SCM

git git://git.sourceforge.jp/gitroot/uclinux-h8/linux.git

Files

arch/h8300/ drivers/clk/h8300/ drivers/clocksource/ h8300_*.c drivers/irqchip/irq-renesas-h8*.c

* HABANALABS PCI DRIVER

Mail

Oded Gabbay <oded.gabbay@gmail.com>

Status

Supported

SCM

git https://github.com/HabanaAI/linux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-driver-habanalabs Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-driver-habanalabs drivers/misc/habanalabs/ include/uapi/misc/habanalabs. h

* HACKRF MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/hackrf/

* HANTRO VPU CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Ezequiel Garcia <ezequiel@collabora.com>, Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-rockchip@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/nxp,imx8mq-vpu. yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/ rockchip-vpu.yaml drivers/staging/media/hantro/

* HARD DRIVE ACTIVE PROTECTION SYSTEM (HDAPS) DRIVER

Mail

Frank Seidel <frank@f-seidel.de>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/people/fseidel/hdaps/

Files

drivers/platform/x86/hdaps.c

* HARDWARE MONITORING

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>, Guenter Roeck linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://hwmon.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/groeck/linux-staging.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/ Documentation/hwmon/ drivers/hwmon/ include/linux/hwmon*.h include/trace/events/hwmon*.h

* HARDWARE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR CORE

Mail

Matt Mackall <mpm@selenic.com>, Herbert Xu <herbert@gondor.apana.org.au>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

admin-guide/hw_random Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rng/drivers/char/hw_random/include/linux/hw_random.h

* HARDWARE SPINLOCK CORE

Mail

Ohad Ben-Cohen <ohad@wizery.com>, Bjorn Andersson

bjorn.andersson@linaro.org>

Reviewer

Baolin Wang <baolin.wang7@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-remoteproc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/andersson/remoteproc.git hwspinlock-next

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwlock/ locking/hwspinlock drivers/hwspinlock/ include/linux/ hwspinlock.h

* HARDWARE TRACING FACILITIES

Mail

Alexander Shishkin <alexander.shishkin@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwtracing/

* HARMONY SOUND DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-parisc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/parisc/harmony.*

* HDPVR USB VIDEO ENCODER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/hdpvr/

* HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE ILO NMI WATCHDOG DRIVER

Mail

Jerry Hoemann < jerry.hoemann@hpe.com>

Status

Supported

Files

watchdog/hpwdt drivers/watchdog/hpwdt.c

* HEWLETT-PACKARD SMART ARRAY RAID DRIVER (hpsa)

Mail

Don Brace <don.brace@microchip.com>

Mailing list

storagedev@microchip.com, linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

scsi/hpsa drivers/scsi/hpsa*.[ch] include/linux/cciss*.h
include/uapi/linux/cciss*.h

* HFI1 DRIVER

Mail

Mike Marciniszyn <mike.marciniszyn@cornelisnetworks.com>, Dennis Dalessandro <dennis.dalessandro@cornelisnetworks.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/hfil

* HFS FILESYSTEM

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

filesystems/hfs fs/hfs/

* HFSPLUS FILESYSTEM

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

filesystems/hfsplus fs/hfsplus/

* HGA FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Ferenc Bakonyi <fero@drama.obuda.kando.hu>

Mailing list

linux-nvidia@lists.surfsouth.com

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://drama.obuda.kando.hu/~fero/cgi-bin/hgafb.shtml

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/hgafb.c

* HIBERNATION (aka Software Suspend, aka swsusp)

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Pavel Machek <pavel@ucw.cz>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

Files

arch/*/include/asm/suspend*.h arch/x86/power/ drivers/ base/power/ include/linux/freezer.h include/linux/pm.h include/linux/suspend.h kernel/power/

* HID CORE LAYER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/hid/hid.git

Files

drivers/hid/ include/linux/hid* include/uapi/linux/hid*

* HID SENSOR HUB DRIVERS

Mail

Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>, Jonathan Cameron <jic23@kernel.org>, Srinivas Pandruvada <srinivas.pandruvada@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org, linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/hid/hid-sensor* drivers/hid/hid-sensor-* drivers/iio/*/hid-* include/linux/hid-sensor-*

* HIGH-RESOLUTION TIMERS, CLOCKEVENTS

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git timers/core

Files

Documentation/timers/ include/linux/clockchips.h include/linux/hrtimer.h kernel/time/clockevents.c kernel/time/hrtimer.c kernel/time/timer_*.c

* HIGH-SPEED SCC DRIVER FOR AX.25

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/hamradio/dmascc.c drivers/net/hamradio/scc.c

* HIGHPOINT ROCKETRAID 3xxx RAID DRIVER

Mail

HighPoint Linux Team < linux@highpoint-tech.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.highpoint-tech.com

Files

scsi/hptiop drivers/scsi/hptiop.c

* HIPPI

Mail

Jes Sorensen < jes@trained-monkey.org>

Mailing list

linux-hippi@sunsite.dk

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/hippi/ include/linux/hippidevice.h include/ uapi/linux/if_hippi.h net/802/hippi.c

* HISILICON DMA DRIVER

Mail

Zhou Wang <wangzhou1@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/dma/hisi_dma.c

* HISILICON HIGH PERFORMANCE RSA ENGINE DRIVER (HPRE)

Mail

Zaibo Xu <xuzaibo@huawei.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-hisi-hpre drivers/crypto/hisilicon/hpre/hpre.h drivers/crypto/hisilicon/hpre/hpre_crypto.c drivers/crypto/hisilicon/hpre/hpre_main.c

* HISILICON LPC BUS DRIVER

Mail

john.garry@huawei.com

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/hisilicon/low-pin-count.yamldrivers/bus/hisilpc.c

* HISILICON NETWORK SUBSYSTEM 3 DRIVER (HNS3)

Mail

Yisen Zhuang <yisen.zhuang@huawei.com>, Salil Mehta <salil.mehta@huawei.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/hisilicon/hns3/

* HISILICON NETWORK SUBSYSTEM DRIVER

Mail

Yisen Zhuang <yisen.zhuang@huawei.com>, Salil Mehta <salil.mehta@huawei.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

502

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/hisilicon*.txt drivers/net/ethernet/hisilicon/

* HIKEY960 ONBOARD USB GPIO HUB DRIVER

Mail

John Stultz < john.stultz@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/hisi_hikey_usb.c Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/misc/hisilicon-hikey-usb.yaml

* HISILICON PMU DRIVER

Mail

Shaokun Zhang <zhangshaokun@hisilicon.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

Files

admin-guide/perf/hisi-pmu drivers/perf/hisilicon

* HISILICON QM AND ZIP Controller DRIVER

Mail

Zhou Wang <wangzhou1@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-hisi-zip drivers/crypto/hisilicon/qm.c drivers/crypto/hisilicon/qm.h drivers/crypto/hisilicon/sgl.c drivers/crypto/hisilicon/zip/

* HISILICON ROCE DRIVER

Mail

Lijun Ou <oulijun@huawei.com>, Wei Hu(Xavier) <huwei87@hisilicon.com>, Weihang Li liweihang@huawei.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/infiniband/hisilicon-hns-roce.txt drivers/infiniband/hw/hns/

* HISILICON SAS Controller

Mail

John Garry <john.garry@huawei.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/scsi/hisilicon-sas.txt drivers/scsi/hisi_sas/

* HISILICON SECURITY ENGINE V2 DRIVER (SEC2)

Mail

Zaibo Xu <xuzaibo@huawei.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-hisi-sec drivers/crypto/hisilicon/sec2/sec.h drivers/crypto/hisilicon/sec2/sec_crypto.c drivers/crypto/hisilicon/sec2/sec_crypto.h drivers/crypto/hisilicon/sec2/sec_main.c

* HISILICON STAGING DRIVERS FOR HIKEY 960/970

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab+huawei@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/hikey9xx/

* HISILICON TRUE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR V2 SUPPORT

Mail

Zaibo Xu <xuzaibo@huawei.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/hw_random/hisi-trng-v2.c

* HISILICON V3XX SPI NOR FLASH Controller Driver

Mail

John Garry < john.garry@huawei.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.hisilicon.com

Files

drivers/spi/spi-hisi-sfc-v3xx.c

* HMM - Heterogeneous Memory Management

Mail

Jérôme Glisse < jglisse@redhat.com >

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

vm/hmm include/linux/hmm* lib/test_hmm* mm/hmm* tools/ testing/selftests/vm/*hmm*

* HOST AP DRIVER

Mail

Jouni Malinen <j@w1.fi>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Obsolete

Web-page

http://w1.fi/hostap-driver.html

Files

drivers/net/wireless/intersil/hostap/

* HP COMPAQ TC1100 TABLET WMI EXTRAS DRIVER

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/platform/x86/tc1100-wmi.c

* HPET: High Precision Event Timers driver

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

timers/hpet drivers/char/hpet.c include/linux/hpet.h
include/uapi/linux/hpet.h

* HPET: x86

Status

Orphan

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/hpet.h arch/x86/kernel/hpet.c

* HPFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Mikulas Patocka <mikulas@artax.karlin.mff.cuni.cz>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://artax.karlin.mff.cuni.cz/~mikulas/vyplody/hpfs/index-e.cgi

Files

fs/hpfs/

* HSI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Sebastian Reichel <sre@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/sre/linux-hsi.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-hsi driver-api/hsi drivers/hsi/include/linux/hsi/include/uapi/linux/hsi/

* HSO 3G MODEM DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/usb/hso.c

* HSR NETWORK PROTOCOL

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

net/hsr/

* HT16K33 LED CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Robin van der Gracht <robin@protonic.nl>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/ht16k33.txt drivers/auxdisplay/ht16k33.c

* HTCPEN TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Pau Oliva Fora <pof@eslack.org>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/htcpen.c

* HTS221 TEMPERATURE-HUMIDITY IIO DRIVER

Mail

Lorenzo Bianconi < lorenzo.bianconi83@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.st.com/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/humidity/hts221.txt drivers/iio/humidity/hts221*

* HUAWEI ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Bin Luo < luobin 9@huawei.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/huawei/hinic drivers/net/
ethernet/huawei/hinic/

* HUGETLB FILESYSTEM

Mail

Mike Kravetz < mike.kravetz@oracle.com >

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-kernel-mm-hugepages admin-guide/mm/hugetlbpage vm/hugetlbfs_reserv fs/hugetlbfs/ include/linux/hugetlb.h mm/hugetlb.c

* HVA ST MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Jean-Christophe Trotin < jean-christophe.trotin@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/platform/sti/hva

* HWPOISON MEMORY FAILURE HANDLING

Mail

Naoya Horiguchi <naoya.horiguchi@nec.com>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

mm/hwpoison-inject.c mm/memory-failure.c

* HYGON PROCESSOR SUPPORT

Mail

Pu Wen puwen@hygon.cn>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/kernel/cpu/hygon.c

* HYNIX HI556 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Shawn Tu <shawnx.tu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/hi556.c

* Hyper-V CORE AND DRIVERS

Mail

"K. Y. Srinivasan" <kys@microsoft.com>, Haiyang Zhang <haiyangz@microsoft.com>, Stephen Hemminger <sthemmin@microsoft.com>, Wei Liu <wei.liu@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-hyperv@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/hyperv/linux.git

Files

510

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-bus-vmbus
Documentation/ABI/testing/debugfs-hyperv networking/device_drivers/ethernet/microsoft/netvsc arch/x86/hyperv
arch/x86/include/asm/hyperv-tlfs.h arch/x86/include/asm/
mshyperv.h arch/x86/include/asm/trace/hyperv.h arch/x86/
kernel/cpu/mshyperv.c drivers/clocksource/hyperv_timer.c

drivers/hid/hid-hyperv.c drivers/hv/ drivers/input/serio/
hyperv-keyboard.c drivers/iommu/hyperv-iommu.c drivers/
net/hyperv/ drivers/pci/controller/pci-hyperv-intf.
c drivers/pci/controller/pci-hyperv.c drivers/scsi/
storvsc_drv.c drivers/uio/uio_hv_generic.c drivers/
video/fbdev/hyperv_fb.c include/asm-generic/hyperv-tlfs.
h include/asm-generic/mshyperv.h include/clocksource/
hyperv_timer.h include/linux/hyperv.h include/uapi/linux/
hyperv.h net/vmw vsock/hyperv transport.c tools/hv/

* HYPERBUS SUPPORT

Mail

Vignesh Raghavendra <vigneshr@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-mtd/list/

chat

irc://irc.oftc.net/mtd

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mtd/linux.git cfi/next

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/cypress, hyperflash.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/ ti,am654-hbmc.txt drivers/mtd/hyperbus/ include/linux/ mtd/hyperbus.h

* HYPERVISOR VIRTUAL CONSOLE DRIVER

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/tty/hvc/

* I2C ACPI SUPPORT

Mail

Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/i2c-core-acpi.c

* I2C CONTROLLER DRIVER FOR NVIDIA GPU

Mail

Ajay Gupta <ajayg@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-nvidia-gpu drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-nvidia-gpu.c

* I2C MUXES

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-arb*
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-gate*
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-mux* i2c/i2c-topology Documentation/i2c/muxes/ drivers/i2c/i2c-mux.c drivers/i2c/muxes/include/linux/i2c-mux.h

* I2C MV64XXX MARVELL AND ALLWINNER DRIVER

Mail

Gregory CLEMENT <gregory.clement@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/marvell, mv64xxx-i2c.yaml drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-mv64xxx.c

* I2C OVER PARALLEL PORT

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-parport drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-parport.c

* I2C SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Wolfram Sang <wsa@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://i2c.wiki.kernel.org/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-i2c/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/wsa/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c.txt
Documentation/i2c/ drivers/i2c/* include/linux/i2c-dev.h
include/linux/i2c-smbus.h include/linux/i2c.h include/
uapi/linux/i2c-*.h include/uapi/linux/i2c.h

* I2C SUBSYSTEM HOST DRIVERS

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://i2c.wiki.kernel.org/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-i2c/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/wsa/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/ drivers/i2c/algos/drivers/i2c/busses/

* I2C-TAOS-EVM DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-taos-evm drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-taos-evm.c

* I2C-TINY-USB DRIVER

Mail

Till Harbaum <till@harbaum.org>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.harbaum.org/till/i2c tiny usb

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-tiny-usb.c

* I2C/SMBUS CONTROLLER DRIVERS FOR PC

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-ali1535 i2c/busses/i2c-ali1563 i2c/busses/i2c-ali15x3 i2c/busses/i2c-amd756 i2c/busses/i2c-amd8111 i2c/busses/i2ci801 i2c/busses/i2c-nforce2 i2c/busses/i2c-piix4 i2c/busses/i2csis5595 i2c/busses/i2c-sis630 i2c/busses/i2c-sis96x i2c/busses/i2cvia i2c/busses/i2c-viapro drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-ali1535.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-ali1563.c drivers/i2c/busses/ i2c-ali15x3.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-amd756-s4882.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-amd756.c drivers/i2c/busses/ i2c-amd8111.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-i801.c drivers/i2c/ busses/i2c-isch.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-nforce2-s4985.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-nforce2.c drivers/i2c/busses/ i2c-piix4.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-sis5595.c drivers/ i2c/busses/i2c-sis630.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-sis96x. drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-via.c drivers/i2c/busses/ i2c-viapro.c

* I2C/SMBUS INTEL CHT WHISKEY COVE PMIC DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-cht-wc.c

* I2C/SMBUS ISMT DRIVER

Mail

Seth Heasley <seth.heasley@intel.com>, Neil Horman <nhorman@tuxdriver.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-ismt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-ismt.c

* I2C/SMBUS STUB DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/i2c-stub.c

* I3C DRIVER FOR CADENCE I3C MASTER IP

Mail

Przemysław Gaj <pgaj@cadence.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i3c/cdns,i3c-master.txtdrivers/i3c/master/i3c-master-cdns.c

* I3C DRIVER FOR SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE

Mail

Vitor Soares <vitor.soares@synopsys.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i3c/snps,
dw-i3c-master.txt drivers/i3c/master/dw*

* I3C SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Mailing list

linux-i3c@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

chat

irc://chat.freenode.net/linux-i3c

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/i3c/linux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-i3c Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i3c/ Documentation/driver-api/i3c drivers/i3c/include/linux/i3c/

* IA64 (Itanium) PLATFORM

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>, Fenghua Yu <fenghua.yu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-ia64@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/aegl/linux.git

Files

Documentation/ia64/arch/ia64/

* IBM Power 842 compression accelerator

Mail

Haren Myneni <haren@us.ibm.com>

Status

Supported

Files

crypto/842.c drivers/crypto/nx/Kconfig drivers/crypto/nx/
Makefile drivers/crypto/nx/nx-842* include/linux/sw842.h
lib/842/

* IBM Power in-Nest Crypto Acceleration

Mail

Breno Leitão <leitao@debian.org>, Nayna Jain <nayna@linux.ibm.com>, Paulo Flabiano Smorigo <pfsmorigo@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/crypto/nx/Kconfig
drivers/crypto/nx/Makefile
drivers/crypto/nx/nx-aes* drivers/crypto/nx/nx-sha*
drivers/crypto/nx/nx.* drivers/crypto/nx/nx_csbcpb.h
drivers/crypto/nx/nx_debugfs.c

* IBM Power IO DLPAR Driver for RPA-compliant PPC64 platform

Mail

Tyrel Datwyler <tyreld@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/pci/hotplug/rpadlpar*

* IBM Power Linux RAID adapter

Mail

Brian King

brking@us.ibm.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/ipr.*

* IBM Power PCI Hotplug Driver for RPA-compliant PPC64 platform

Mail

Tyrel Datwyler <tyreld@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/pci/hotplug/rpaphp*

* IBM Power SRIOV Virtual NIC Device Driver

Mail

Dany Madden <drt@linux.ibm.com>, Lijun Pan <ljp@linux.ibm.com>, Sukadev Bhattiprolu <sukadev@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ibm/ibmvnic.*

* IBM Power Virtual Accelerator Switchboard

Mail

Sukadev Bhattiprolu <sukadev@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/powerpc/include/asm/vas.h arch/powerpc/platforms/ powernv/copy-paste.h arch/powerpc/platforms/powernv/vas*

* IBM Power Virtual Ethernet Device Driver

Mail

Cristobal Forno <cforno12@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ibm/ibmveth.*

* IBM Power Virtual FC Device Drivers

Mail

Tyrel Datwyler <tyreld@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/ibmvscsi/ibmvfc*

* IBM Power Virtual Management Channel Driver

Mail

Steven Royer <seroyer@linux.ibm.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/misc/ibmvmc.*

* IBM Power Virtual SCSI Device Drivers

Mail

Tyrel Datwyler <tyreld@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/ibmvscsi/ibmvscsi* include/scsi/viosrp.h

* IBM Power Virtual SCSI Device Target Driver

Mail

Michael Cyr <mikecyr@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org, target-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/ibmvscsi_tgt/

* IBM Power VMX Cryptographic instructions

Mail

Breno Leitão <leitao@debian.org>, Nayna Jain <nayna@linux.ibm.com>, Paulo Flabiano Smorigo <pfsmorigo@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/crypto/vmx/Kconfig drivers/crypto/vmx/Makefile
drivers/crypto/vmx/aes* drivers/crypto/vmx/ghash* drivers/
crypto/vmx/ppc-xlate.pl drivers/crypto/vmx/vmx.c

* IBM ServeRAID RAID DRIVER

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/scsi/ips.*

* ICH LPC AND GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Peter Tyser <ptyser@xes-inc.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-ich.c drivers/mfd/lpc ich.c

* ICY I2C DRIVER

Mail

Max Staudt <max@enpas.org>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-icy.c

* IDE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

"David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-ide/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/ide.git

Files

Documentation/ide/ drivers/ide/ include/linux/ide.h

* IDE/ATAPI DRIVERS

Mail

Borislav Petkov

bp@alien8.de>

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

cdrom/ide-cd drivers/ide/ide-cd*

* IDEAPAD LAPTOP EXTRAS DRIVER

Mail

Ike Panhc <ike.pan@canonical.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://launchpad.net/ideapad-laptop

Files

drivers/platform/x86/ideapad-laptop.c

* IDEAPAD LAPTOP SLIDEBAR DRIVER

Mail

Andrey Moiseev <02g.org.ru@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/o2genum/ideapad-slidebar

Files

drivers/input/misc/ideapad_slidebar.c

* IDT VersaClock 5 CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

Luca Ceresoli < luca@lucaceresoli.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/idt,versaclock5.yamldrivers/clk/clk-versaclock5.c

* IEEE 802.15.4 SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Alexander Aring <alex.aring@gmail.com>, Stefan Schmidt <stefan@datenfreihafen.org>

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linux-wpan.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/sschmidt/wpan.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/sschmidt/wpannext.git

Files

networking/ieee802154 drivers/net/ieee802154/ include/linux/ieee802154.h include/linux/nl802154.h include/net/af_ieee802154.h include/net/cfg802154.h include/net/ieee802154_netdev.h include/net/mac802154.h include/net/nl802154.h net/ieee802154/ net/mac802154/

* IFE PROTOCOL

Mail

Yotam Gigi <yotam.gi@gmail.com>, Jamal Hadi Salim <jhs@mojatatu.com>

Files

include/net/ife.h include/uapi/linux/ife.h net/ife

* IGORPLUG-USB IR RECEIVER

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/igorplugusb.c

* IGUANAWORKS USB IR TRANSCEIVER

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/iguanair.c

* IIO DIGITAL POTENTIOMETER DAC

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-dac-dpot-dac Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/dac/dpot-dac.txt drivers/iio/dac/dpot-dac.c

* IIO ENVELOPE DETECTOR

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-adc-envelope-detector Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/ envelope-detector.txt drivers/iio/adc/envelope-detector.c

* IIO MULTIPLEXER

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/multiplexer/io-channel-mux.txt drivers/iio/multiplexer/iio-mux.c

* IIO SUBSYSTEM AND DRIVERS

Mail

Jonathan Cameron < jic23@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Lars-Peter Clausen lars@metafoo.de, Peter Meerwald-Stadler pmeerw.net>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jic23/iio.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/configfs-iio* Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/ drivers/iio/ drivers/staging/iio/ include/linux/iio/tools/iio/

* IIO UNIT CONVERTER

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/afe/ current-sense-amplifier.txt Documentation/devicetree/ bindings/iio/afe/current-sense-shunt.txt Documentation/ devicetree/bindings/iio/afe/voltage-divider.txt drivers/ iio/afe/iio-rescale.c

* IKANOS/ADI EAGLE ADSL USB DRIVER

Mail

Matthieu Castet <castet.matthieu@free.fr>, Stanislaw Gruszka <stf xl@wp.pl>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/atm/ueagle-atm.c

* IMGTEC ASCII LCD DRIVER

Mail

Paul Burton <paulburton@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/auxdisplay/
img-ascii-lcd.txt drivers/auxdisplay/img-ascii-lcd.c

* IMGTEC IR DECODER DRIVER

Status

Orphan

Files

526

drivers/media/rc/img-ir/

* IMON SOUNDGRAPH USB IR RECEIVER

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/imon.c drivers/media/rc/imon_raw.c

* IMS TWINTURBO FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/imsttfb.c

* INA209 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/ina2xx.txt hwmon/ina209 drivers/hwmon/ina209.c

* INA2XX HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/ina2xx drivers/hwmon/ina2xx.c include/linux/
platform_data/ina2xx.h

* INDUSTRY PACK SUBSYSTEM (IPACK)

Mail

Samuel Iglesias Gonsalvez <siglesias@igalia.com>, Jens Taprogge <jens.taprogge@taprogge.org>, Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

industrypack-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://industrypack.sourceforge.net

Files

drivers/ipack/

* INFINEON DPS310 Driver

Mail

Eddie James <eajames@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iio/pressure/dps310.c

* INFINIBAND SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Doug Ledford <dledford@redhat.com>, Jason Gunthorpe <jgg@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/linux-rdma/rdma-core

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rdma/rdma.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/infiniband/

Documentation/infiniband/ drivers/infiniband/ include/rdma/ include/trace/events/ib_mad.h include/trace/events/ib_umad.h include/uapi/linux/if_infiniband.h include/uapi/rdma/ samples/bpf/ibumad_kern.c samples/bpf/ibumad_user.c

* INGENIC JZ4780 DMA Driver

Mail

Zubair Lutfullah Kakakhel < Zubair.Kakakhel@imgtec.com >

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/dma/dma-jz4780.c

* INGENIC JZ4780 NAND DRIVER

Mail

Harvey Hunt harveyhuntnexus@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/raw/ingenic/

* INGENIC JZ47xx SoCs

Mail

Paul Cercueil <paul@crapouillou.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/boot/dts/ingenic/ arch/mips/generic/ board-ingenic.c arch/mips/include/asm/mach-ingenic/ arch/mips/ingenic/Kconfig drivers/clk/ingenic/ drivers/ dma/dma-jz4780.c drivers/gpu/drm/ingenic/ drivers/ i2c/busses/i2c-jz4780.c drivers/iio/adc/ingenic-adc.c drivers/irgchip/irg-ingenic.c drivers/memory/jz4780-nemc. drivers/mmc/host/jz4740 mmc.c drivers/mtd/nand/raw/ ingenic/ drivers/pinctrl/pinctrl-ingenic.c drivers/power/ supply/ingenic-battery.cdrivers/pwm/pwm-jz4740.cdrivers/ remoteproc/ingenic rproc.c drivers/rtc/rtc-jz4740.c drivers/tty/serial/8250/8250 ingenic.c drivers/usb/ musb/jz4740.c drivers/watchdog/jz4740 wdt.c include/ dt-bindings/iio/adc/ingenic,adc.h include/linux/mfd/ ingenic-tcu.h sound/soc/codecs/jz47* sound/soc/jz4740/

* INOTIFY

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.cz>

Reviewer

Amir Goldstein <amir73il@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/inotify fs/notify/inotify/ include/linux/inotify.
h include/uapi/linux/inotify.h

* INPUT (KEYBOARD, MOUSE, JOYSTICK, TOUCHSCREEN) DRIVERS

Mail

Dmitry Torokhov dmitry.torokhov@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-input/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/dtor/input.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/serio/ Documentation/input/ drivers/input/include/linux/input.h include/linux/input/include/uapi/linux/input.h

* INPUT MULTITOUCH (MT) PROTOCOL

Mail

Henrik Rydberg < rydberg@bitmath.org >

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

530

input/multi-touch-protocol drivers/input/input-mt.c

Content regex

\b(ABS|SYN)_MT_

* INSIDE SECURE CRYPTO DRIVER

Mail

Antoine Tenart <atenart@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/crypto/inside-secure/

* INTEGRITY MEASUREMENT ARCHITECTURE (IMA)

Mail

Mimi Zohar <zohar@linux.ibm.com>, Dmitry Kasatkin <dmitry.kasatkin@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-integrity@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/zohar/linux-integrity.git

Files

security/integrity/ima/

* INTEL 810/815 FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Antonino Daplas <adaplas@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/i810/

* INTEL ASoC DRIVERS

Mail

Cezary Rojewski <cezary.rojewski@intel.com>, Pierre-Louis Bossart <pierre-louis.bossart@linux.intel.com>, Liam Girdwood liam.r.girdwood@linux.intel.com>, Jie Yang <yang.jie@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

sound/soc/intel/

* INTEL ATOMISP2 DUMMY / POWER-MANAGEMENT DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel atomisp2 pm.c

* INTEL ATOMISP2 LED DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel atomisp2 led.c

* INTEL BROXTON PMC DRIVER

Mail

Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>, Zha Qipeng <qipeng.zha@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
drivers/mfd/intel_pmc_bxt.c include/linux/mfd/
intel_pmc_bxt.h
```

* INTEL C600 SERIES SAS CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Intel SCU Linux support <intel-linux-scu@intel.com>, Artur Paszkiewicz <artur.paszkiewicz@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.code.sf.net/p/intel-sas/isci

Files

drivers/scsi/isci/

* INTEL CPU family model numbers

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>, x86@kernel.org

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/intel-family.h

* INTEL DRM DRIVERS (excluding Poulsbo, Moorestown and derivative chipsets)

Mail

Jani Nikula <jani.nikula@linux.intel.com>, Joonas Lahtinen <joonas.lahtinen@linux.intel.com>, Rodrigo Vivi <rodrigo.vivi@intel.com>

Mailing list

intel-gfx@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/linuxgraphics/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.freedesktop.org/project/intel-gfx/

bugs

https://gitlab.freedesktop.org/drm/intel/-/wikis/How-to-file-i915-bugs

chat

irc://chat.freenode.net/intel-gfx

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm-intel

Files

gpu/i915 drivers/gpu/drm/i915/ include/drm/i915* include/ uapi/drm/i915_drm.h

* INTEL ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Jesse Brandeburg <jesse.brandeburg@intel.com>, Tony Nguyen <anthony.l.nguyen@intel.com>

Mailing list

intel-wired-lan@lists.osuosl.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.intel.com/support/feedback.htm http://e1000. sourceforge.net/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/intel-wired-lan/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tnguy/net-queue.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tnguy/next-queue.git

Files

Documentation/networking/device_drivers/ethernet/intel/drivers/net/ethernet/intel/ drivers/net/ethernet/intel/*/include/linux/avf/virtchnl.h

* INTEL FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER (excluding 810 and 815)

Mail

Maik Broemme < mbroemme@libmpq.org >

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fb/intelfb drivers/video/fbdev/intelfb/

* INTEL GPIO DRIVERS

Mail

Andy Shevchenko <andy@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/andy/linux-gpio-intel.git

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-ich.c drivers/gpio/gpio-intel-mid.c
drivers/gpio/gpio-merrifield.c drivers/gpio/gpio-ml-ioh.c
drivers/gpio/gpio-pch.c drivers/gpio/gpio-sch.c drivers/
gpio/gpio-sodaville.c

* INTEL GVT-g DRIVERS (Intel GPU Virtualization)

Mail

Zhenyu Wang <zhenyuw@linux.intel.com>, Zhi Wang <zhi.a.wang@intel.com>

Mailing list

intel-gvt-dev@lists.freedesktop.org, intel-gfx@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/igvt-g

```
SCM
```

git https://github.com/intel/gvt-linux.git

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/i915/gvt/

* INTEL HID EVENT DRIVER

Mail

Alex Hung <alex.hung@canonical.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel-hid.c

* INTEL I/OAT DMA DRIVER

Mail

Dave Jiang dave.jiang@intel.com

Reviewer

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-dmaengine/list/

Files

drivers/dma/ioat*

* INTEL IADX DRIVER

Mail

Dave Jiang dave.jiang@intel.com

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

536

drivers/dma/idxd/* include/uapi/linux/idxd.h

* INTEL IDLE DRIVER

Mail

Jacob Pan <jacob.jun.pan@linux.intel.com>, Len Brown <lenb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lenb/linux.git

Files

drivers/idle/intel_idle.c

* INTEL INTEGRATED SENSOR HUB DRIVER

Mail

Srinivas Pandruvada <srinivas.pandruvada@linux.intel.com>, Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/intel-ish-hid/

* INTEL IOMMU (VT-d)

Mail

David Woodhouse <dwmw2@infradead.org>, Lu Baolu <baolu.lu@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/joro/iommu.git

Files

drivers/iommu/intel/ include/linux/intel-iommu.h include/ linux/intel-svm.h

* INTEL IOP-ADMA DMA DRIVER

Reviewer

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>

Status

Odd fixes

Files

drivers/dma/iop-adma.c

* INTEL IPU3 CSI-2 CIO2 DRIVER

Mail

```
Yong Zhi <yong.zhi@intel.com>, Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>, Bingbu Cao <bir>bingbu.cao@intel.com>
```

Reviewer

Tianshu Qiu <tian.shu.qiu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

userspace-api/media/v4l/pixfmt-srggb10-ipu3 drivers/media/pci/intel/ipu3/

* INTEL IPU3 CSI-2 IMGU DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Reviewer

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/media/ipu3 Documentation/admin-guide/media/ipu3_rcb.svg userspace-api/media/v4l/pixfmt-meta-intel-ipu3 drivers/staging/media/ipu3/

* INTEL IXP4XX QMGR, NPE, ETHERNET and HSS SUPPORT

Mail

Krzysztof Halasa <khalasa@piap.pl>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/xscale/ixp4xx_eth.c drivers/net/
wan/ixp4xx_hss.c drivers/soc/ixp4xx/ixp4xx-npe.c drivers/
soc/ixp4xx/ixp4xx-qmgr.c include/linux/soc/ixp4xx/npe.h
include/linux/soc/ixp4xx/qmgr.h

* INTEL IXP4XX RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR SUPPORT

Mail

Deepak Saxena <dsaxena@plexity.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/hw_random/ixp4xx-rng.c

* INTEL MANAGEMENT ENGINE (mei)

Mail

Tomas Winkler <tomas.winkler@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/driver-api/mei/* drivers/misc/mei/ drivers/watchdog/mei_wdt.c include/linux/mei_cl_bus.h include/uapi/linux/mei.h samples/mei/*

* INTEL MENLOW THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Sujith Thomas <sujith.thomas@intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/linux-acpi

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel_menlow.c

* INTEL P-Unit IPC DRIVER

Mail

Zha Qipeng <qipeng.zha@intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/intel_punit_ipc.h drivers/platform/ x86/intel_punit_ipc.c

* INTEL PMC CORE DRIVER

Mail

Rajneesh Bhardwaj <irenic.rajneesh@gmail.com>, David E Box <david.e.box@intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel_pmc_core*

* INTEL PMIC GPIO DRIVERS

Mail

Andy Shevchenko <andy@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/andy/linux-gpio-intel.git

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-*cove.c drivers/gpio/gpio-msic.c

* INTEL PMIC MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE DRIVERS

Mail

Andy Shevchenko <andy@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
drivers/mfd/intel_msic.c drivers/mfd/intel_soc_pmic*
include/linux/mfd/intel_msic.h include/linux/mfd/
intel_soc_pmic*
```

* INTEL PRO/WIRELESS 2100, 2200BG, 2915ABG NETWORK CONNECTION SUPPORT

Mail

Stanislav Yakovlev <stas.yakovlev@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

 $networking/device_drivers/wifi/intel/ipw2100 networking/device_drivers/wifi/intel/ipw2200 drivers/net/wireless/intel/ipw2x00/$

* INTEL PSTATE DRIVER

Mail

Srinivas Pandruvada <srinivas.pandruvada@linux.intel.com>, Len Brown <lenb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/cpufreq/intel pstate.c

* INTEL RDMA RNIC DRIVER

Mail

Faisal Latif <faisal.latif@intel.com>, Shiraz Saleem <shiraz.saleem@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/i40iw/ include/uapi/rdma/i40iw-abi.

* INTEL SCU DRIVERS

Mail

Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/intel_scu_ipc.h drivers/platform/ x86/intel_scu_*

* INTEL SPEED SELECT TECHNOLOGY

Mail

Srinivas Pandruvada <srinivas.pandruvada@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel_speed_select_if/ include/uapi/ linux/isst_if.h tools/power/x86/intel-speed-select/

* INTEL STRATIX10 FIRMWARE DRIVERS

Mail

Richard Gong <richard.gong@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-devices-platform-stratix10-rsu
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/firmware/intel,
stratix10-svc.txt drivers/firmware/stratix10-rsu.c
drivers/firmware/stratix10-svc.c include/linux/firmware/
intel/stratix10-smc.h include/linux/firmware/intel/
stratix10-svc-client.h

* INTEL TELEMETRY DRIVER

Mail

Rajneesh Bhardwaj <rajneesh.bhardwaj@linux.intel.com>, "David E. Box" <david.e.box@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/intel_telemetry.h drivers/platform/ x86/intel telemetry*

* INTEL UNCORE FREQUENCY CONTROL

Mail

Srinivas Pandruvada <srinivas.pandruvada@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel-uncore-frequency.c

* INTEL VIRTUAL BUTTON DRIVER

Mail

AceLan Kao <acelan.kao@canonical.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel-vbtn.c

* INTEL WIRELESS 3945ABG/BG, 4965AGN (iwlegacy)

Mail

Stanislaw Gruszka <stf xl@wp.pl>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/wireless/intel/iwlegacy/

* INTEL WIRELESS WIFI LINK (iwlwifi)

Mail

Luca Coelho < luciano.coelho@intel.com >

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/drivers/iwlwifi

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/iwlwifi/iwlwifi.git

Files

drivers/net/wireless/intel/iwlwifi/

* INTEL WIRELESS WIMAX CONNECTION 2400

Mail

Inaky Perez-Gonzalez <inaky.perez-gonzalez@intel.com>, linux-wimax@intel.com

Mailing list

wimax@linuxwimax.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linuxwimax.org

Files

admin-guide/wimax/i2400m drivers/net/wimax/i2400m/include/uapi/linux/wimax/i2400m.h

* INTEL WMI SLIM BOOTLOADER (SBL) FIRMWARE UPDATE DRIVER

Mail

Jithu Joseph <jithu.joseph@intel.com>

Reviewer

Maurice Ma <maurice.ma@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://slimbootloader.github.io/security/firmware-update.html

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel-wmi-sbl-fw-update.c

* INTEL WMI THUNDERBOLT FORCE POWER DRIVER

Mail

Mario Limonciello <mario.limonciello@dell.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/intel-wmi-thunderbolt.c

* INTEL(R) TRACE HUB

Mail

Alexander Shishkin <alexander.shishkin@linux.intel.com>

Status

Supported

Files

trace/intel_th drivers/hwtracing/intel_th/ include/linux/
intel_th.h

* INTEL(R) TRUSTED EXECUTION TECHNOLOGY (TXT)

Mail

Ning Sun <ning.sun@intel.com>

Mailing list

tboot-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://tboot.sourceforge.net

SCM

hg http://tboot.hg.sourceforge.net:8000/hgroot/tboot/tboot

Files

x86/intel txt arch/x86/kernel/tboot.c include/linux/tboot.h

* INTERCONNECT API

Mail

Georgi Djakov <georgi.djakov@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interconnect/ driverapi/interconnect drivers/interconnect/ include/dt-bindings/ interconnect/ include/linux/interconnect-provider.h include/linux/interconnect.h

* INVENSENSE ICM-426xx IMU DRIVER

Mail

Jean-Baptiste Maneyrol <jmaneyrol@invensense.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

* W https://invensense.tdk.com/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/imu/invensense, icm42600.yaml drivers/iio/imu/inv_icm42600/

* INVENSENSE MPU-3050 GYROSCOPE DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/gyroscope/invensense,mpu3050.txt drivers/iio/gyro/mpu3050*

* IOC3 ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Ralf Baechle <ralf@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/sgi/ioc3-eth.c

* IOMAP FILESYSTEM LIBRARY

Mail

Christoph Hellwig hch@infradead.org, Darrick J. Wong darrick.wong@oracle.com, linux-xfs@vger.kernel.org, linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Mailing list

linux-xfs@vger.kernel.org, linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/xfs/xfs-linux.git

Files

fs/iomap/include/linux/iomap.h

* IOMMU DRIVERS

Mail

Joerg Roedel <joro@8bytes.org>, Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/joro/iommu.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iommu/ userspace-api/iommu drivers/iommu/ include/linux/iommu.h include/

linux/iova.h include/linux/of_iommu.h include/uapi/linux/ iommu.h

* IO_URING

Mail

Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

io-uring@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.dk/linux-block git git://git.kernel.dk/liburing

Files

fs/io-wq.c fs/io-wq.h fs/io_uring.c include/uapi/linux/
io uring.h

* IPMI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Corey Minyard <minyard@acm.org>

Mailing list

openipmi-developer@lists.sourceforge.net (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://openipmi.sourceforge.net/

Files

* IPS SCSI RAID DRIVER

Mail

Adaptec OEM Raid Solutions <aacraid@microsemi.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.adaptec.com/

Files

drivers/scsi/ips*

* IPVS

Mail

Wensong Zhang <wensong@linux-vs.org>, Simon Horman <horms@verge.net.au>, Julian Anastasov <ja@ssi.bg>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, lvs-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/horms/ipvs-next.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/horms/ipvs.git

Files

networking/ipvs-sysctl include/net/ip_vs.h include/uapi/ linux/ip vs.h net/netfilter/ipvs/

* IPWIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>, David Sterba <dsterba@suse.com>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/tty/ipwireless/

* IPX NETWORK LAYER

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Obsolete

Files

include/uapi/linux/ipx.h

* IRQ DOMAINS (IRQ NUMBER MAPPING LIBRARY)

Mail

Marc Zyngier <maz@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git irq/core

Files

core-api/irq/irq-domain include/linux/irqdomain.h kernel/irq/ irqdomain.c kernel/irq/msi.c

* IRQ SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git irq/core

Files

kernel/irq/

* IRQCHIP DRIVERS

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>, Marc Zyngier <maz@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git irq/core

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/
drivers/irqchip/

* ISA

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/isa drivers/base/isa.c include/linux/isa.h

* ISA RADIO MODULE

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-isa*

* ISAPNP

Mail

Jaroslav Kysela <perex@perex.cz>

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/isapnp drivers/pnp/isapnp/ include/linux/isapnp.h

* ISCSI

Mail

Lee Duncan <lduncan@suse.com>, Chris Leech <cleech@redhat.com>

Mailing list

open-iscsi@googlegroups.com, linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

www.open-iscsi.com

Files

drivers/scsi/*iscsi* include/scsi/*iscsi*

* iSCSI BOOT FIRMWARE TABLE (iBFT) DRIVER

Mail

Peter Jones <pjones@redhat.com>, Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/firmware/iscsi_ibft*

* ISCSI EXTENSIONS FOR RDMA (ISER) INITIATOR

Mail

Sagi Grimberg <sagi@grimberg.me>, Max Gurtovoy <mgurtovoy@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.openfabrics.org www.open-iscsi.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

Files

drivers/infiniband/ulp/iser/

* ISCSI EXTENSIONS FOR RDMA (ISER) TARGET

Mail

Sagi Grimberg <sagi@grimberg.me>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org, target-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-iscsi.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/nab/target-pending.git master

Files

drivers/infiniband/ulp/isert

* ISDN/CMTP OVER BLUETOOTH

Mail

Karsten Keil <isdn@linux-pingi.de>

Mailing list

isdn4linux@listserv.isdn4linux.de (subscribers-only), netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.isdn4linux.de

Files

Documentation/isdn/ drivers/isdn/capi/ include/linux/isdn/ include/uapi/linux/isdn/ net/bluetooth/cmtp/

* ISDN/mISDN SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Karsten Keil <isdn@linux-pingi.de>

Mailing list

isdn4linux@listserv.isdn4linux.de (subscribers-only), net-dev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.isdn4linux.de

Files

drivers/isdn/Kconfig drivers/isdn/Makefile drivers/isdn/
hardware/ drivers/isdn/mISDN/

* IT87 HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/it87 drivers/hwmon/it87.c

* IT913X MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/it913x*

* IVTV VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Andy Walls <awalls@md.metrocast.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/media/ivtv* drivers/media/pci/ ivtv/ include/uapi/linux/ivtv*

* IX2505V MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Malcolm Priestley <tvboxspy@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/ix2505v*

* JAILHOUSE HYPERVISOR INTERFACE

Mail

Jan Kiszka <jan.kiszka@siemens.com>

Mailing list

jailhouse-dev@googlegroups.com

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/jailhouse_para.h arch/x86/kernel/ jailhouse.c

* JC42.4 TEMPERATURE SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/jc42 drivers/hwmon/jc42.c

* JFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Dave Kleikamp <shaggy@kernel.org>

Mailing list

jfs-discussion@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://jfs.sourceforge.net/

SCM

git git://github.com/kleikamp/linux-shaggy.git

Files

admin-guide/jfs fs/jfs/

* JME NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Guo-Fu Tseng <cooldavid@cooldavid.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/jme.*

* JOURNALLING FLASH FILE SYSTEM V2 (JFFS2)

Mail

David Woodhouse <dwmw2@infradead.org>, Richard Weinberger <richard@nod.at>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.linux-mtd.infradead.org/doc/jffs2.html

SCM

git git://git.infradead.org/ubifs-2.6.git

Files

556

fs/jffs2/include/uapi/linux/jffs2.h

* JOURNALLING LAYER FOR BLOCK DEVICES (JBD2)

Mail

"Theodore Ts'o" <tytso@mit.edu>, Jan Kara <jack@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-ext4@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/jbd2/include/linux/jbd2.h

* JPU V4L2 MEM2MEM DRIVER FOR RENESAS

Mail

Mikhail Ulyanov <mikhail.ulyanov@cogentembedded.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/platform/rcar_jpu.c

* JSM Neo PCI based serial card

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/tty/serial/jsm/

* K10TEMP HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/k10temp drivers/hwmon/k10temp.c

* K8TEMP HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Rudolf Marek <r.marek@assembler.cz>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/k8temp drivers/hwmon/k8temp.c

* KASAN

Mail

Andrey Ryabinin <aryabinin@virtuozzo.com>

Reviewer

Alexander Potapenko <glider@google.com>, Dmitry Vyukov <dvyukov@google.com>

Mailing list

kasan-dev@googlegroups.com

Status

Maintained

Files

dev-tools/kasan arch/*/include/asm/kasan.h arch/*/mm/
kasan_init* include/linux/kasan*.h lib/test_kasan.c mm/
kasan/scripts/Makefile.kasan

* KCONFIG

Mail

Masahiro Yamada <masahiroy@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kbuild@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/masahiroy/linux-kbuild.git kconfig

Files

Documentation/kbuild/kconfig* scripts/Kconfig.include
scripts/kconfig/

* KCOV

Reviewer

Dmitry Vyukov <dvyukov@google.com>, Andrey Konovalov <andreyknvl@google.com>

Mailing list

kasan-dev@googlegroups.com

Status

Maintained

Files

dev-tools/kcov include/linux/kcov.h include/uapi/linux/kcov.
h kernel/kcov.c scripts/Makefile.kcov

* KCSAN

Mail

Marco Elver <elver@google.com>

Reviewer

Dmitry Vyukov dvyukov@google.com

Mailing list

kasan-dev@googlegroups.com

Status

Maintained

Files

dev-tools/kcsan include/linux/kcsan*.h kernel/kcsan/ lib/ Kconfig.kcsan scripts/Makefile.kcsan

* KDUMP

Mail

Dave Young <dyoung@redhat.com>, Baoquan He

 bhe@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Vivek Goyal <vgoyal@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kexec@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://lse.sourceforge.net/kdump/

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/kdump/fs/proc/vmcore.cinclude/linux/crash_core.h include/linux/crash_dump.h include/uapi/linux/vmcore.h kernel/crash *.c

* KEENE FM RADIO TRANSMITTER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-keene*

* KERNEL AUTOMOUNTER

Mail

Ian Kent <raven@themaw.net>

Mailing list

autofs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/autofs/

* KERNEL BUILD + files below scripts/ (unless maintained elsewhere)

Mail

Masahiro Yamada <masahiroy@kernel.org>, Michal Marek <michal.lkml@markovi.net>

Mailing list

linux-kbuild@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/masahiroy/linux-kbuild.git

Files

Documentation/kbuild/ Makefile scripts/*vmlinux* scripts/ Kbuild* scripts/Makefile* scripts/basic/ scripts/mk* scripts/mod/ scripts/package/

* KERNEL JANITORS

Mailing list

kernel-janitors@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://kernelnewbies.org/KernelJanitors

* KERNEL NFSD, SUNRPC, AND LOCKD SERVERS

Mail

"J. Bruce Fields" <bfields@fieldses.org>, Chuck Lever <chuck.lever@oracle.com>

Mailing list

linux-nfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://nfs.sourceforge.net/

SCM

git git://linux-nfs.org/~bfields/linux.git

Files

fs/lockd/ fs/nfs_common/ fs/nfsd/ include/linux/lockd/
include/linux/sunrpc/ include/uapi/linux/nfsd/ include/
uapi/linux/sunrpc/ net/sunrpc/ Documentation/filesystems/
nfs/

* KERNEL SELFTEST FRAMEWORK

Mail

Shuah Khan <shuah@kernel.org>, Shuah Khan <skhan@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-kselftest@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-kselftest/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/shuah/linux-kselftest.git

Files

Documentation/dev-tools/kselftest*
selftests/

tools/testing/

* KERNEL UNIT TESTING FRAMEWORK (KUnit)

Mail

Mailing list

linux-kselftest@vger.kernel.org, kunit-dev@googlegroups.com

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://google.github.io/kunit-docs/third party/kernel/docs/

Files

Documentation/dev-tools/kunit/ include/kunit/ lib/kunit/ tools/testing/kunit/

* KERNEL USERMODE HELPER

Mail

Luis Chamberlain <mcgrof@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/umh.h kernel/umh.c

* KERNEL VIRTUAL MACHINE (KVM)

Mail

Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-kvm.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/virt/kvm/kvm.git

Files

Documentation/virt/kvm/ include/asm-generic/kvm* include/kvm/iodev.h include/linux/kvm* include/trace/events/kvm.h include/uapi/asm-generic/kvm* include/uapi/linux/kvm* tools/kvm/ tools/testing/selftests/kvm/ virt/kvm/*

* KERNEL VIRTUAL MACHINE FOR ARM64 (KVM/arm64)

Mail

Marc Zyngier <maz@kernel.org>

Reviewer

James Morse <james.morse@arm.com>, Julien Thierry
<julien.thierry.kdev@gmail.com>, Suzuki K Poulose
<suzuki.poulose@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), kvmarm@lists.cs.columbia.edu

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvmarm/kvmarm.git

Files

arch/arm64/include/asm/kvm* arch/arm64/include/uapi/asm/ kvm* arch/arm64/kvm/ include/kvm/arm *

* KERNEL VIRTUAL MACHINE FOR MIPS (KVM/mips)

Mail

Huacai Chen <chenhc@lemote.com>, Aleksandar Markovic <aleksandar.gemu.devel@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org, kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/include/asm/kvm* arch/mips/include/uapi/asm/ kvm* arch/mips/kvm/

* KERNEL VIRTUAL MACHINE FOR POWERPC (KVM/powerpc)

Mail

Paul Mackerras <paulus@ozlabs.org>

Mailing list

kvm-ppc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-kvm.org/

SCM

git git://github.com/agraf/linux-2.6.git

Files

arch/powerpc/include/asm/kvm* arch/powerpc/include/uapi/ asm/kvm* arch/powerpc/kernel/kvm* arch/powerpc/kvm/

* KERNEL VIRTUAL MACHINE for s390 (KVM/s390)

Mail

Reviewer

David Hildenbrand <david@redhat.com>, Cornelia Huck <cohuck@redhat.com>, Claudio Imbrenda <imbrenda@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvms390/linux.git

Files

Documentation/virt/kvm/s390* arch/s390/include/asm/gmap.h arch/s390/include/asm/kvm* arch/s390/include/uapi/asm/kvm* arch/s390/kernel/uv.c arch/s390/kvm/ arch/s390/mm/gmap.ctools/testing/selftests/kvm/*/s390x/tools/testing/selftests/kvm/s390x/

* KERNEL VIRTUAL MACHINE FOR X86 (KVM/x86)

Mail

Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Sean Christopherson <sean.j.christopherson@intel.com>, Vitaly Kuznetsov <vkuznets@redhat.com>, Wanpeng Li <wanpengli@tencent.com>, Jim Mattson <jmattson@google.com>, Joerg Roedel <joro@8bytes.org>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-kvm.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/virt/kvm/kvm.git

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/kvm* arch/x86/include/asm/pvclock-abi.harch/x86/include/asm/svm.harch/x86/include/asm/vmx*.h arch/x86/include/uapi/asm/kvm* arch/x86/include/uapi/asm/svm.h arch/x86/include/uapi/asm/vmx.harch/x86/kernel/kvm.c arch/x86/kernel/kvmclock.c arch/x86/kvm/arch/x86/kvm/*/

* KERNFS

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>, Tejun Heo <tj@kernel.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/driver-core.git

Files

fs/kernfs/include/linux/kernfs.h

* KEXEC

Mail

Eric Biederman <ebiederm@xmission.com>

Mailing list

kexec@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/kexec/

Files

include/linux/kexec.h include/uapi/linux/kexec.h kernel/
kexec*

* KEYS-ENCRYPTED

Mail

Mimi Zohar <zohar@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-integrity@vger.kernel.org, keyrings@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

security/keys/trusted-encrypted include/keys/encrypted-type.h
security/keys/encrypted-keys/

* KEYS-TRUSTED

Mail

James Bottomley <jejb@linux.ibm.com>, Jarkko Sakkinen <jarkko@kernel.org>, Mimi Zohar <zohar@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-integrity@vger.kernel.org, keyrings@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

security/keys/trusted-encrypted include/keys/trusted-type.h
include/keys/trusted_tpm.h security/keys/trusted-keys/

* KEYS/KEYRINGS

Mail

David Howells <dhowells@redhat.com>, Jarkko Sakkinen <jarkko@kernel.org>

Mailing list

keyrings@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

security/keys/core include/keys/ include/linux/key-type.h
include/linux/key.h include/linux/keyctl.h include/uapi/
linux/keyctl.h security/keys/

* KFIFO

Mail

Stefani Seibold <stefani@seibold.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/kfifo.h lib/kfifo.c samples/kfifo/

* KGDB / KDB /debug core

Mail

Jason Wessel <jason.wessel@windriver.com>, Daniel Thompson
<daniel.thompson@linaro.org>

Reviewer

Douglas Anderson < dianders@chromium.org >

Mailing list

kgdb-bugreport@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://kgdb.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jwessel/kgdb.git

Files

dev-tools/kgdb drivers/misc/kgdbts.c drivers/tty/serial/ kgdboc.c include/linux/kdb.h include/linux/kgdb.h kernel/ debug/

* KHADAS MCU MFD DRIVER

Mail

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/khadas,mcu.yaml drivers/mfd/khadas-mcu.c include/linux/mfd/khadas-mcu.h drivers/thermal/khadas mcu fan.c

* KMEMLEAK

Mail

Catalin Marinas <catalin.marinas@arm.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

dev-tools/kmemleak include/linux/kmemleak.h mm/kmemleak.c
samples/kmemleak/kmemleak-test.c

* KMOD KERNEL MODULE LOADER - USERMODE HELPER

Mail

Luis Chamberlain <mcgrof@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/kmod.h kernel/kmod.c lib/test_kmod.c tools/
testing/selftests/kmod/

* KPROBES

Mail

Naveen N. Rao <naveen.n.rao@linux.ibm.com>, Anil S Keshavamurthy <anil.s.keshavamurthy@intel.com>, "David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>, Masami Hiramatsu <mhiramat@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

trace/kprobes include/asm-generic/kprobes.h include/linux/ kprobes.h kernel/kprobes.c

* KS0108 LCD CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Miguel Ojeda Sandonis <miguel.ojeda.sandonis@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/auxdisplay/ks0108 drivers/auxdisplay/ks0108.c include/linux/ks0108.h

* KTD253 BACKLIGHT DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/leds/backlight/ kinetic,ktd253.yaml drivers/video/backlight/ ktd253-backlight.c

* L3MDEV

Mail

David Ahern <dsahern@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/net/l3mdev.h net/l3mdev

* L7 BPF FRAMEWORK

Mail

John Fastabend <john.fastabend@gmail.com>, Daniel Borkmann <daniel@iogearbox.net>, Jakub Sitnicki <jakub@cloudflare.com>, Lorenz Bauer <lmb@cloudflare.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/skmsg.h net/core/skmsg.c net/core/sock_map.c
net/ipv4/tcp_bpf.c net/ipv4/udp_bpf.c

* LANTIQ / INTEL Ethernet drivers

Mail

Hauke Mehrtens <hauke@hauke-m.de>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/dsa/lantiq_gswip.c drivers/net/dsa/
lantiq_pce.h drivers/net/ethernet/lantiq_xrx200.c net/
dsa/tag_gswip.c

* LANTIQ MIPS ARCHITECTURE

Mail

John Crispin <john@phrozen.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/lantiq drivers/soc/lantiq

* LASI 53c700 driver for PARISC

Mail

"James E.J. Bottomley" < James. Bottomley@HansenPartnership.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

scsi/53c700 drivers/scsi/53c700*

* LEAKING ADDRESSES

Mail

Tobin C. Harding <me@tobin.cc>, Tycho Andersen <tycho@tycho.pizza>

Mailing list

linux-hardening@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tobin/leaks.git

Files

scripts/leaking addresses.pl

* LED SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Pavel Machek <pavel@ucw.cz>

Reviewer

Dan Murphy dmurphy@ti.com

Mailing list

linux-leds@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pavel/linux-leds.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/leds/ drivers/leds/include/linux/leds.h

* LEGACY EEPROM DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

misc-devices/eeprom drivers/misc/eeprom/eeprom.c

* LEGO MINDSTORMS EV3

Reviewer

David Lechner <david@lechnology.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/supply/ lego_ev3_battery.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/da850-lego-ev3.dts drivers/power/supply/lego ev3 battery.c

* LEGO USB Tower driver

Mail

Juergen Stuber <starblue@users.sourceforge.net>

Mailing list

legousb-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://legousb.sourceforge.net/

Files

drivers/usb/misc/legousbtower.c

* LG LAPTOP EXTRAS

Mail

Matan Ziv-Av <matan@svgalib.org>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-platform-lg-laptop adminguide/laptops/lg-laptop drivers/platform/x86/lg-laptop.c

* LG2160 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/tuners.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/lg2160.*

* LGDT3305 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/tuners.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/lgdt3305.*

* LIBATA PATA ARASAN COMPACT FLASH CONTROLLER

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/axboe/linux-block.git

Files

* LIBATA PATA FARADAY FTIDE010 AND GEMINI SATA BRIDGE DRIVERS

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/axboe/linux-block.git

Files

drivers/ata/pata_ftide010.c drivers/ata/sata_gemini.c
drivers/ata/sata_gemini.h

* LIBATA SATA AHCI PLATFORM devices support

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>, Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/axboe/linux-block.git

Files

574

drivers/ata/ahci_platform.c drivers/ata/libahci_platform.
c include/linux/ahci platform.h

* LIBATA SATA PROMISE TX2/TX4 CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Mikael Pettersson <mikpelinux@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/axboe/linux-block.git

Files

drivers/ata/sata promise.*

* LIBATA SUBSYSTEM (Serial and Parallel ATA drivers)

Mail

Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

linux-ide@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/axboe/linux-block.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ata/ drivers/ata/include/linux/ata.h include/linux/libata.h

* LIBLOCKDEP

Mail

Sasha Levin <alexander.levin@microsoft.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

tools/lib/lockdep/

* LIBNVDIMM BLK: MMIO-APERTURE DRIVER

Mail

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>, Vishal Verma <vishal.l.verma@intel.com>, Dave Jiang <dave.jiang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-nvdimm/list/

P

nvdimm/maintainer-entry-profile

Files

drivers/nvdimm/blk.c drivers/nvdimm/region_devs.c

* LIBNVDIMM BTT: BLOCK TRANSLATION TABLE

Mail

Vishal Verma <vishal.l.verma@intel.com>, Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>, Dave Jiang <dave.jiang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-nvdimm/list/

P

nvdimm/maintainer-entry-profile

Files

drivers/nvdimm/btt*

* LIBNVDIMM PMEM: PERSISTENT MEMORY DRIVER

Mail

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>, Vishal Verma <vishal.l.verma@intel.com>, Dave Jiang <dave.jiang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-nvdimm/list/

P

nvdimm/maintainer-entry-profile

Files

drivers/nvdimm/pmem*

* LIBNVDIMM: DEVICETREE BINDINGS

Mail

Oliver O' Halloran <oohall@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-nvdimm/list/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pmem/pmem-region.txt drivers/nvdimm/of pmem.c

* LIBNVDIMM: NON-VOLATILE MEMORY DEVICE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Dan Williams <dan.j.williams@intel.com>, Vishal Verma <vishal.l.verma@intel.com>, Dave Jiang <dave.jiang@intel.com>, Ira Weiny <ira.weiny@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvdimm@lists.01.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-nvdimm/list/

P

nvdimm/maintainer-entry-profile

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/nvdimm/nvdimm.git

Files

drivers/acpi/nfit/* drivers/nvdimm/* include/linux/
libnvdimm.h include/linux/nd.h include/uapi/linux/ndctl.h
tools/testing/nvdimm/

* LICENSES and SPDX stuff

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>, Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-spdx@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/spdx.git

Files

COPYING process/license-rules LICENSES/ scripts/ spdxcheck-test.sh scripts/spdxcheck.py

* LIGHTNVM PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

Matias Bjorling <mb@lightnvm.io>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://github/OpenChannelSSD

Files

drivers/lightnvm/ include/linux/lightnvm.h include/uapi/ linux/lightnvm.h

* LINEAR RANGES HELPERS

Mail

Mark Brown
 broonie@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Matti Vaittinen <matti.vaittinen@fi.rohmeurope.com>

Files

lib/linear_ranges.c lib/test_linear_ranges.c include/ linux/linear_range.h

* LINUX FOR POWER MACINTOSH

Mail

Benjamin Herrenschmidt <benh@kernel.crashing.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

arch/powerpc/platforms/powermac/ drivers/macintosh/

* LINUX FOR POWERPC (32-BIT AND 64-BIT)

Mail

Michael Ellerman <mpe@ellerman.id.au>

Reviewer

Benjamin Herrenschmidt <benh@kernel.crashing.org>, Paul Mackernas <paulus@samba.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/linuxppc/wiki/wiki

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linuxppc-dev/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/powerpc/linux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-firmware-opal-* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-opal.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/powerpc/ Documentation/ devicetree/bindings/rtc/rtc-opal.txt Documentation/ arch/powerpc/ drivers/*/*pasemi* drivers/*/ powerpc/ *pasemi* drivers/char/tpm/tpm ibmvtpm* drivers/crvpto/ drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-opal.c nx/ drivers/crypto/vmx/ drivers/net/ethernet/ibm/ibmveth.* drivers/net/ethernet/ ibm/ibmvnic.* drivers/pci/hotplug/pnv_php.c drivers/pci/ hotplug/rpa* drivers/rtc/rtc-opal.cdrivers/scsi/ibmvscsi/ drivers/tty/hvc/hvc opal.c drivers/watchdog/wdrtas.c tools/testing/selftests/powerpc

Regex

/pmac powermac powernv [^a-z0-9]ps3 pseries

* LINUX FOR POWERPC EMBEDDED MPC5XXX

Mail

Anatolij Gustschin <agust@denx.de>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

arch/powerpc/platforms/512x/arch/powerpc/platforms/52xx/

* LINUX FOR POWERPC EMBEDDED PPC4XX

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Orphan

Files

arch/powerpc/platforms/40x/ arch/powerpc/platforms/44x/

* LINUX FOR POWERPC EMBEDDED PPC83XX AND PPC85XX

Mail

Scott Wood <oss@buserror.net>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Odd fixes

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/scottwood/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/powerpc/fsl/ arch/powerpc/platforms/83xx/arch/powerpc/platforms/85xx/

* LINUX FOR POWERPC EMBEDDED PPC8XX

Mail

Christophe Leroy christophe.leroy@csgroup.eu

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/powerpc/platforms/8xx/

* LINUX KERNEL DUMP TEST MODULE (LKDTM)

Mail

Kees Cook < keescook@chromium.org >

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/lkdtm/* tools/testing/selftests/lkdtm/*

* LINUX KERNEL MEMORY CONSISTENCY MODEL (LKMM)

Mail

Alan Stern <stern@rowland.harvard.edu>, Andrea Parri <parri.andrea@gmail.com>, Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>, Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>, <bogun.feng@gmail.com>, Bogun Feng Nicholas Piggin <npiggin@gmail.com>, David Howells <dhowells@redhat.com>, <j.alglave@ucl.ac.uk>, Tade Alglave Luc Maranget <luc.maranget@inria.fr>, "Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Akira Yokosawa <akiyks@gmail.com>, Daniel Lustig <dlustig@nvidia.com>, Joel Fernandes <joel@joelfernandes.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, linux-arch@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/paulmck/linux-rcu.git dev

Files

```
Documentation/atomic_bitops.txt Documentation/atomic_t.txt core-api/atomic_ops atomic Documentation/litmus-tests/ Documentation/memory-barriers.txt tools/memory-model/
```

* LIS3LV02D ACCELEROMETER DRIVER

Mail

Eric Piel <eric.piel@tremplin-utc.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

misc-devices/lis3lv02d drivers/misc/lis3lv02d/ drivers/platform/x86/hp_accel.c

* LIST KUNIT TEST

Mail

David Gow davidgow@google.com

Mailing list

linux-kselftest@vger.kernel.org, kunit-dev@googlegroups.com

Status

Maintained

Files

lib/list-test.c

* LIVE PATCHING

Mail

Josh Poimboeuf <jpoimboe@redhat.com>, Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>, Miroslav Benes <mbenes@suse.cz>, Petr Mladek <pmladek@suse.com>

Reviewer

Joe Lawrence <joe.lawrence@redhat.com>

Mailing list

live-patching@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/livepatching/livepatching.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-kernel-livepatch
Documentation/livepatch/ arch/powerpc/include/asm/livepatch.h arch/s390/include/asm/livepatch.h arch/x86/include/asm/livepatch.h include/linux/livepatch.h kernel/livepatch/lib/livepatch/samples/livepatch/tools/testing/selftests/livepatch/

* LLC (802.2)

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

include/linux/llc.h include/net/llc* include/uapi/linux/
llc.h net/llc/

* LM73 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guillaume Ligneul < guillaume.ligneul@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/lm73.c

* LM78 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/lm78 drivers/hwmon/lm78.c

* LM83 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/lm83 drivers/hwmon/lm83.c

* LM90 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/lm90.txt hwmon/lm90 drivers/hwmon/lm90.c include/dt-bindings/thermal/lm90.h

* LM95234 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/lm95234 drivers/hwmon/lm95234.c

* LME2510 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Malcolm Priestley <tvboxspy@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/lmedm04*

* LOADPIN SECURITY MODULE

Mail

Kees Cook < keescook@chromium.org >

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kees/linux.git lsm/loadpin

Files

admin-guide/LSM/LoadPin security/loadpin/

* LOCKING PRIMITIVES

Mail

Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@redhat.com>, Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git locking/core

Files

Documentation/locking/ arch/*/include/asm/spinlock*.h include/linux/lockdep.h include/linux/mutex*.h include/linux/rwlock*.h include/linux/rwsem*.h include/linux/seqlock.h include/linux/spinlock*.h kernel/locking/ lib/locking*.[ch]

Excluded

kernel/locking/locktorture.c

* LOGICAL DISK MANAGER SUPPORT (LDM, Windows 2000/XP/Vista Dynamic Disks)

Mail

"Richard Russon (FlatCap)" <ldm@flatcap.org>

Mailing list

linux-ntfs-dev@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-ntfs.org/content/view/19/37/

Files

admin-guide/ldm block/partitions/ldm.*

* LOGITECH HID GAMING KEYBOARDS

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/hid/hid.git

Files

drivers/hid/hid-lg-g15.c

* LSILOGIC MPT FUSION DRIVERS (FC/SAS/SPI)

Mail

Sathya Prakash <sathya.prakash@broadcom.com>, Sreekanth Reddy <sreekanth.reddy@broadcom.com>, Suganath Prabu Subramani <suganath-prabu.subramani@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

MPT-FusionLinux.pdl@broadcom.com, linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.avagotech.com/support/

Files

drivers/message/fusion/ drivers/scsi/mpt3sas/

* LSILOGIC/SYMBIOS/NCR 53C8XX and 53C1010 PCI-SCSI drivers

Mail

Matthew Wilcox <willy@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/sym53c8xx_2/

* LTC1660 DAC DRIVER

Mail

Marcus Folkesson <marcus.folkesson@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/dac/lltc,ltc1660.yamldrivers/iio/dac/ltc1660.c

* LTC2947 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Nuno Sá <nuno.sa@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/adi,ltc2947.yaml drivers/hwmon/ltc2947-core.c drivers/hwmon/ltc2947-i2c.c drivers/hwmon/ltc2947.h

* LTC2983 IIO TEMPERATURE DRIVER

Mail

Nuno Sá <nuno.sa@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/temperature/adi, ltc2983.yaml drivers/iio/temperature/ltc2983.c

* LTC4261 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/ltc4261 drivers/hwmon/ltc4261.c

* LTC4306 I2C MULTIPLEXER DRIVER

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ez.analog.com/community/linux-device-drivers

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-mux-ltc4306.txt drivers/i2c/muxes/i2c-mux-ltc4306.c

* LTP (Linux Test Project)

Mail

Mike Frysinger <vapier@gentoo.org>, Cyril Hrubis <chrubis@suse.cz>, Wanlong Gao <wanlong.gao@gmail.com>, Jan Stancek <jstancek@redhat.com>, Stanislav Kholmanskikh <stanislav.kholmanskikh@oracle.com>, Alexey Kodanev <alexey.kodanev@oracle.com>

Mailing list

ltp@lists.linux.it (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linux-test-project.github.io/

SCM

git git://github.com/linux-test-project/ltp.git

* LYNX PCS MODULE

Mail

Ioana Ciornei <ioana.ciornei@nxp.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/pcs/pcs-lynx.c include/linux/pcs-lynx.h

* M68K ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Geert Uytterhoeven <geert@linux-m68k.org>

Mailing list

linux-m68k@lists.linux-m68k.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-m68k.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/geert/linux-m68k.git

Files

arch/m68k/drivers/zorro/

* M68K ON APPLE MACINTOSH

Mail

Joshua Thompson <funaho@jurai.org>

Mailing list

linux-m68k@lists.linux-m68k.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.mac.linux-m68k.org/

Files

arch/m68k/mac/

* M68K ON HP9000/300

Mail

Philip Blundell <philb@gnu.org>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.tazenda.demon.co.uk/phil/linux-hp

Files

arch/m68k/hp300/

* M88DS3103 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/m88ds3103*

* M88RS2000 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Malcolm Priestley <tvboxspy@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

590

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/m88rs2000*

* MA901 MASTERKIT USB FM RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Alexey Klimov <klimov.linux@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-ma901.c

* MAC80211

Mail

Johannes Berg <johannes@sipsolutions.net>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jberg/mac80211.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jberg/mac80211-next.git

Files

networking/mac80211-injection networking/mac80211_hwsim/mac80211_hwsim drivers/net/wireless/mac80211_hwsim.[ch] include/net/mac80211.h net/mac80211/

* MAILBOX API

Mail

Jassi Brar <jassisinghbrar@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mailbox/ include/linux/mailbox_client.h include/ linux/mailbox_controller.h

* MAN-PAGES: MANUAL PAGES FOR LINUX - Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7

Mail

Michael Kerrisk <mtk.manpages@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-man@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages

* MARDUK (CREATOR CI40) DEVICE TREE SUPPORT

Mail

Rahul Bedarkar < rahulbedarkar 89@gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/boot/dts/img/pistachio marduk.dts

* MARVELL 88E6XXX ETHERNET SWITCH FABRIC DRIVER

Mail

Andrew Lunn <andrew@lunn.ch>, Vivien Didelot <vivien.didelot@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/dsa/marvell.txt networking/devlink/mv88e6xxx drivers/net/dsa/mv88e6xxx/ include/linux/platform data/mv88e6xxx.h

* MARVELL ARMADA 3700 PHY DRIVERS

Mail

Miguel Raynal <miguel.raynal@bootlin.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/phy-mvebu-comphy. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/phy-mvebu-utmi. txt drivers/phy/marvell/phy-mvebu-a3700-comphy.c drivers/phy/marvell/phy-mvebu-a3700-utmi.c

* MARVELL ARMADA DRM SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.armlinux.org.uk/~rmk/linux-arm.git drm-armada-devel git git://git.armlinux.org.uk/~rmk/linux-arm.git drm-armada-fixes

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/armada/drivers/gpu/drm/armada/include/uapi/drm/armada drm.h

* MARVELL CRYPTO DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/crypto/marvell/

* MARVELL GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVERS (skge/sky2)

Mail

Mirko Lindner <mlindner@marvell.com>, Stephen Hemminger <stephen@networkplumber.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/marvell/sk*

* MARVELL LIBERTAS WIRELESS DRIVER

Mailing list

libertas-dev@lists.infradead.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/wireless/marvell/libertas/

* MARVELL MACCHIATOBIN SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/marvell/armada-8040-mcbin.dts

* MARVELL MV643XX ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Sebastian Hesselbarth <sebastian.hesselbarth@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/marvell/mv643xx_eth.* include/linux/ mv643xx.h

* MARVELL MV88X3310 PHY DRIVER

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/phy/marvell10g.c

* MARVELL MVEBU THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Miquel Raynal <miquel.raynal@bootlin.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/thermal/armada_thermal.c

* MARVELL MVNETA ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Thomas Petazzoni <thomas.petazzoni@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/marvell/mvneta.*

* MARVELL MWIFIEX WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/marvell/mwifiex/

* MARVELL MWL8K WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Lennert Buytenhek <buytenh@wantstofly.org>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/net/wireless/marvell/mwl8k.c

* MARVELL NAND CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Miquel Raynal <miquel.raynal@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/marvell-nand.txt drivers/mtd/nand/raw/marvell_nand.c

* MARVELL OCTEONTX2 PHYSICAL FUNCTION DRIVER

Mail

Sunil Goutham <sgoutham@marvell.com>, Geetha sow-janya <gakula@marvell.com>, Subbaraya Sundeep <sbhatta@marvell.com>, hariprasad <hkelam@marvell.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/marvell/octeontx2/nic/

* MARVELL OCTEONTX2 RVU ADMIN FUNCTION DRIVER

Mail

Sunil Goutham <sgoutham@marvell.com>, Linu Cherian <lcherian@marvell.com>, Geetha sowjanya <gakula@marvell.com>, Jerin Jacob <jerinj@marvell.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/marvell/octeontx2 drivers/
net/ethernet/marvell/octeontx2/af/

* MARVELL PRESTERA ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Vadym Kochan <vkochan@marvell.com>, Taras Chornyi <tchornyi@marvell.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/Marvell-switching/switchdev-prestera

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/marvell/prestera/

* MARVELL SOC MMC/SD/SDIO CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Nicolas Pitre <nico@fluxnic.net>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/mmc/host/mvsdio.*

* MARVELL USB MDIO CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Tobias Waldekranz <tobias@waldekranz.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/marvell,mvusb.yamldrivers/net/mdio/mdio-mvusb.c

* MARVELL XENON MMC/SD/SDIO HOST CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Hu Ziji <huziji@marvell.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mmc/marvell, xenon-sdhci.txt drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-xenon*

* MATROX FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/matrox/matroxfb_* include/uapi/linux/
matroxfb.h

* MAX16065 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/max16065 drivers/hwmon/max16065.c

* MAX2175 SDR TUNER DRIVER

Mail

Ramesh Shanmugasundaram <rashanmu@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/max2175. txt userspace-api/media/drivers/max2175 drivers/media/i2c/max2175* include/uapi/linux/max2175.h

* MAX6650 HARDWARE MONITOR AND FAN CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

hwmon/max6650 drivers/hwmon/max6650.c

* MAX6697 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/max6697.txt hwmon/max6697 drivers/hwmon/max6697.c include/linux/ platform data/max6697.h

* MAX9286 QUAD GMSL DESERIALIZER DRIVER

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo+renesas@jmondi.org>, Kieran Bingham <kieran.bingham+renesas@ideasonboard.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart+renesas@ideasonboard.com>, Niklas Söderlund <niklas.soderlund+renesas@ragnatech.se>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/maxim, max9286.yaml drivers/media/i2c/max9286.c

* MAX9860 MONO AUDIO VOICE CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/max9860.txt sound/soc/codecs/max9860.*

* MAXBOTIX ULTRASONIC RANGER IIO DRIVER

Mail

Andreas Klinger <ak@it-klinger.de>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/proximity/maxbotix,mb1232.yaml drivers/iio/proximity/mb1232.c

* MAXIM MAX77650 PMIC MFD DRIVER

Mail

Bartosz Golaszewski

bgolaszewski@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/*max77650.yaml
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/max77650*.yaml
drivers/gpio/gpio-max77650.c drivers/input/misc/
max77650-onkey.c drivers/leds/leds-max77650.c drivers/
mfd/max77650.c drivers/power/supply/max77650-charger.c
drivers/regulator/max77650-regulator.c include/linux/mfd/
max77650.h

* MAXIM MAX77802 PMIC REGULATOR DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Javier Martinez Canillas <javier@dowhile0.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/*max77802.txt drivers/regulator/max77802-regulator.c include/dt-bindings/*/*max77802.h

* MAXIM MUIC CHARGER DRIVERS FOR EXYNOS BASED BOARDS

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/power/supply/max14577_charger.c drivers/power/ supply/max77693 charger.c

* MAXIM PMIC AND MUIC DRIVERS FOR EXYNOS BASED BOARDS

Mail

Chanwoo Choi <cw00.choi@samsung.com>, Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/max77686.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/maxim,max77686. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/max14577. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/max77693.txt txt drivers/*/max14577*.c drivers/*/max77686*.c drivers/*/ max77693*.c drivers/clk/clk-max77686.c drivers/extcon/ drivers/extcon/extcon-max77693.c extcon-max14577.c drivers/rtc/rtc-max77686.c include/linux/mfd/max14577*. include/linux/mfd/ include/linux/mfd/max77686*.h max77693*.h

* MAXIRADIO FM RADIO RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-maxiradio*

* MCAN MMIO DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Dan Murphy <dmurphy@ti.com>, Sriram Dash <sriram.dash@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/can/bosch,m_can. yaml drivers/net/can/m_can/m_can.c drivers/net/can/m_can/m_can.h drivers/net/can/m_can/m_can_platform.c

* MCP2221A MICROCHIP USB-HID TO I2C BRIDGE DRIVER

Mail

Rishi Gupta <gupt21@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/hid-mcp2221.c

* MCP251XFD SPI-CAN NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Marc Kleine-Budde <mkl@pengutronix.de>, Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>

Reviewer

Thomas Kopp <thomas.kopp@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/can/microchip,
mcp251xfd.yaml drivers/net/can/spi/mcp251xfd/

* MCP4018 AND MCP4531 MICROCHIP DIGITAL POTENTIOMETER DRIVERS

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-iio-potentiometer-mcp4531 drivers/iio/potentiometer/mcp4018.c drivers/iio/potentiometer/mcp4531.c

* MCR20A IEEE-802.15.4 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Xue Liu < liuxuenetmail@gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/xueliu/mcr20a-linux

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ieee802154/mcr20a.txt drivers/net/ieee802154/mcr20a.c drivers/net/ieee802154/mcr20a.h

* MEASUREMENT COMPUTING CIO-DAC IIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iio/dac/cio-dac.c

* MEDIA CONTROLLER FRAMEWORK

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://www.linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/mc/ include/media/media-*.h include/uapi/
linux/media.h

* MEDIA DRIVER FOR FREESCALE IMX PXP

Mail

Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/platform/imx-pxp.[ch]

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR ASCOT2E

Mail

Sergey Kozlov <serjk@netup.ru>, Abylay Ospan <aospan@netup.ru>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://netup.tv/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/ascot2e*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR CXD2099AR CI CONTROLLERS

Mail

Jasmin Jessich <jasmin@anw.at>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/cxd2099*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR CXD2841ER

Mail

Sergey Kozlov <serjk@netup.ru>, Abylay Ospan <aospan@netup.ru>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://netup.tv/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/cxd2841er*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR CXD2880

Mail

Yasunari Takiguchi < Yasunari. Takiguchi@sony.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

606

Supported

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/cxd2880/* drivers/media/spi/ cxd2880*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR DIGITAL DEVICES PCIE DEVICES

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/ddbridge/*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR FREESCALE IMX

Mail

 $\label{lem:composition} Steve \ Longerbeam < slongerbeam@gmail.com>, \ Philipp \ Zabel < p.zabel@pengutronix.de>$

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

admin-guide/media/imx Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/imx.txt drivers/staging/media/imx/ include/linux/imx-media.hinclude/media/imx.h

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR FREESCALE IMX7

Mail

Rui Miguel Silva <rmfrfs@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

admin-guide/media/imx7 Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/imx7-csi.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/imx7-mipi-csi2.txt drivers/staging/media/imx7-media-csi.c drivers/staging/media/imx/imx7-mipi-csis.c

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR HELENE

Mail

Abylay Ospan <aospan@netup.ru>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://netup.tv/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/helene*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR HORUS3A

Mail

Sergey Kozlov <serjk@netup.ru>, Abylay Ospan <aospan@netup.ru>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

608

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://netup.tv/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/horus3a*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR LNBH25

Mail

Sergey Kozlov <serjk@netup.ru>, Abylay Ospan <aospan@netup.ru>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://netup.tv/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/lnbh25*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR MXL5XX TUNER DEMODULATORS

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/mxl5xx*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR NETUP PCI UNIVERSAL DVB devices

Mail

Sergey Kozlov <serjk@netup.ru>, Abylay Ospan <aospan@netup.ru>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://netup.tv/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/netup unidvb/*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR NVIDIA TEGRA - VDE

Mail

Dmitry Osipenko <digetx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/nvidia,
tegra-vde.txt drivers/staging/media/tegra-vde/

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR RENESAS - CEU

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo@jmondi.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,ceu. yaml drivers/media/platform/renesas-ceu.c include/media/ drv-intf/renesas-ceu.h

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR RENESAS - DRIF

Mail

Ramesh Shanmugasundaram <rashanmu@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,drif.txt drivers/media/platform/rcar drif.c

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR RENESAS - FCP

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,fcp.yamldrivers/media/platform/rcar-fcp.c include/media/rcar-fcp.h

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR RENESAS - FDP1

Mail

Kieran Bingham < kieran.bingham + renesas@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,fdp1.yamldrivers/media/platform/rcar_fdp1.c

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR RENESAS - VIN

Mail

Niklas Söderlund <niklas.soderlund@ragnatech.se>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,csi2. yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,vin. yaml drivers/media/platform/rcar-vin/

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR RENESAS - VSP1

Mail

Laurent Pinchart laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com, Kieran Bingham kieran.bingham+renesas@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/renesas,vspl.yamldrivers/media/platform/vspl/

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR ST STV0910 DEMODULATOR ICs

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/stv0910*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR ST STV6111 TUNER ICs

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/stv6111*

* MEDIA DRIVERS FOR STM32 - DCMI

Mail

Hugues Fruchet <hugues.fruchet@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/st,stm32-dcmi. yaml drivers/media/platform/stm32/stm32-dcmi.c

* MEDIA INPUT INFRASTRUCTURE (V4L/DVB)

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/media/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/ Documentation/driver-api/media/ Documentation/userspace-api/media/ drivers/media/drivers/staging/media/include/linux/platform_data/media/include/media/include/uapi/linux/dvb/include/uapi/linux/ivtv*include/uapi/linux/media.hinclude/uapi/linux/meye.hinclude/uapi/linux/uvcvideo.hinclude/uapi/linux/v4l2-*include/uapi/linux/videodev2.h

* MEDIATEK BLUETOOTH DRIVER

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-bluetooth@vger.kernel.org, linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/
mediatek-bluetooth.txt drivers/bluetooth/btmtkuart.c

* MEDIATEK BOARD LEVEL SHUTDOWN DRIVERS

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/reset/ mt6323-poweroff.txt drivers/power/reset/mt6323-poweroff.c

* MEDIATEK CIR DRIVER

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/mtk-cir.c

* MEDIATEK DMA DRIVER

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/mtk-* drivers/dma/
mediatek/

* MEDIATEK ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Felix Fietkau <nbd@nbd.name>, John Crispin <john@phrozen.org>, Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>, Mark Lee <Mark-MC.Lee@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mediatek/

* MEDIATEK I2C CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Qii Wang <qii.wang@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-mt65xx.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-mt65xx.c

* MEDIATEK JPEG DRIVER

Mail

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/
mediatek-jpeg-decoder.txt drivers/media/platform/
mtk-jpeg/

* MEDIATEK MDP DRIVER

Mail

Minghsiu Tsai <minghsiu.tsai@mediatek.com>, Houlong Wei <houlong.wei@mediatek.com>, Andrew-CT Chen <andrew-ct.chen@mediatek.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/mediatek-mdp.txt drivers/media/platform/mtk-mdp/ drivers/media/platform/ mtk-vpu/

* MEDIATEK MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Tiffany Lin <tiffany.lin@mediatek.com>, Andrew-CT Chen <andrew-ct.chen@mediatek.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/mediatek-vcodec. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/mediatek-vpu. txt drivers/media/platform/mtk-vcodec/ drivers/media/platform/mtk-vpu/

* MEDIATEK MMC/SD/SDIO DRIVER

Mail

Chaotian Jing <chaotian.jing@mediatek.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mmc/mtk-sd.txt drivers/
mmc/host/mtk-sd.c

* MEDIATEK MT76 WIRELESS LAN DRIVER

Mail

Felix Fietkau <nbd@nbd.name>, Lorenzo Bianconi <lorenzo.bianconi83@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Ryder Lee <ryder.lee@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/mediatek/mt76/

* MEDIATEK MT7601U WIRELESS LAN DRIVER

Mail

Jakub Kicinski <kubakici@wp.pl>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/mediatek/mt7601u/

* MEDIATEK MT7621/28/88 I2C DRIVER

Mail

Stefan Roese <sr@denx.de>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-mt7621.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-mt7621.c

* MEDIATEK NAND CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Orphan

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/mtk-nand.txt
drivers/mtd/nand/raw/mtk *

* MEDIATEK PMIC LED DRIVER

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/leds/leds-mt6323.txt drivers/leds/leds-mt6323.c

* MEDIATEK RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR SUPPORT

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/hw_random/mtk-rng.c

* MEDIATEK SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@mediatek.com>, Landen Chao <Landen.Chao@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/dsa/mt7530.* net/dsa/tag_mtk.c

* MEDIATEK USB3 DRD IP DRIVER

Mail

Chunfeng Yun <chunfeng.yun@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/mtu3/

* MEGACHIPS STDPXXXX-GE-B850V3-FW LVDS/DP++ BRIDGES

Mail

Peter Senna Tschudin
peter.senna@gmail.com>, Martin Donnelly <martin.donnelly@ge.com>, Martyn Welch <martyn.welch@collabora.co.uk>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/bridge/megachips-stdpxxxx-ge-b850v3-fw.txt drivers/gpu/drm/bridge/megachips-stdpxxxx-ge-b850v3-fw.c

* MEGARAID SCSI/SAS DRIVERS

Mail

Kashyap Desai <kashyap.desai@broadcom.com>, Sumit Saxena <sumit.saxena@broadcom.com>, Shivasharan S <shivasharan.srikanteshwara@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

megaraidlinux.pdl@broadcom.com, linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.avagotech.com/support/

Files

scsi/megaraid drivers/scsi/megaraid.* drivers/scsi/
megaraid/

* MELEXIS MLX90614 DRIVER

Mail

Crt Mori <cmo@melexis.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.melexis.com

Files

drivers/iio/temperature/mlx90614.c

* MELEXIS MLX90632 DRIVER

Mail

Crt Mori <cmo@melexis.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.melexis.com

Files

drivers/iio/temperature/mlx90632.c

* MELFAS MIP4 TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Sangwon Jee <jeesw@melfas.com>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.melfas.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/touchscreen/melfas_mip4.txt drivers/input/touchscreen/melfas_mip4.c

* MELLANOX BLUEFIELD I2C DRIVER

Mail

Khalil Blaiech <kblaiech@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-mlxbf.c

* MELLANOX ETHERNET DRIVER (mlx4 en)

Mail

Tariq Toukan <tariqt@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlx4/en *

* MELLANOX ETHERNET DRIVER (mlx5e)

Mail

Saeed Mahameed <saeedm@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlx5/core/en *

* MELLANOX ETHERNET INNOVA DRIVERS

Reviewer

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlx5/core/accel/* drivers/
net/ethernet/mellanox/mlx5/core/en_accel/* drivers/net/
ethernet/mellanox/mlx5/core/fpga/* include/linux/mlx5/
mlx5_ifc_fpga.h

* MELLANOX ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVERS

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@nvidia.com>, Ido Schimmel <idosch@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlxsw/ tools/testing/
selftests/drivers/net/mlxsw/

* MELLANOX FIRMWARE FLASH LIBRARY (mlxfw)

Mail

mlxsw@nvidia.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

622

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlxfw/

* MELLANOX HARDWARE PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

Andy Shevchenko <andy@infradead.org>, Darren Hart <dvhart@infradead.org>, Vadim Pasternak <vadimp@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-platform-mellanox-bootctl drivers/platform/mellanox/ include/linux/platform_data/mlxreg.h

* MELLANOX MLX4 core VPI driver

Mail

Tariq Toukan <tariqt@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlx4/ include/linux/mlx4/

* MELLANOX MLX4 IB driver

Mail

Yishai Hadas <yishaih@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/mlx4/ include/linux/mlx4/ include/
uapi/rdma/mlx4-abi.h

* MELLANOX MLX5 core VPI driver

Mail

Saeed Mahameed <saeedm@nvidia.com>, Leon Romanovsky <leonro@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

Files

Documentation/networking/device_drivers/ethernet/
mellanox/ drivers/net/ethernet/mellanox/mlx5/core/
include/linux/mlx5/

* MELLANOX MLX5 IB driver

Mail

Leon Romanovsky <leonro@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.mellanox.com

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/mlx5/ include/linux/mlx5/ include/
uapi/rdma/mlx5-abi.h

* MELLANOX MLXCPLD I2C AND MUX DRIVER

Mail

Vadim Pasternak <vadimp@nvidia.com>, Michael Shych <michaelsh@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

i2c/busses/i2c-mlxcpld drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-mlxcpld.c drivers/i2c/muxes/i2c-mux-mlxcpld.c

* MELLANOX MLXCPLD LED DRIVER

Mail

Vadim Pasternak <vadimp@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-leds@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

leds/leds-mlxcpld drivers/leds/leds-mlxcpld.c drivers/leds/
leds-mlxreg.c

* MELLANOX PLATFORM DRIVER

Mail

Vadim Pasternak <vadimp@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/platform/x86/mlx-platform.c

* MEMBARRIER SUPPORT

Mail

Mathieu Desnoyers <mathieu.desnoyers@efficios.com>, "Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/powerpc/include/asm/membarrier.h include/uapi/linux/ membarrier.h kernel/sched/membarrier.c

* MEMBLOCK

Mail

Mike Rapoport com>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

core-api/boot-time-mm include/linux/memblock.h mm/memblock.

* MEMORY CONTROLLER DRIVERS

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/krzk/linux-mem-ctrl.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/memory-controllers/drivers/memory/

* MEMORY FREQUENCY SCALING DRIVERS FOR NVIDIA TEGRA

Mail

Dmitry Osipenko <digetx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/chanwoo/linux.git

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/devfreq/tegra20-devfreq.c drivers/devfreq/
tegra30-devfreq.c

* MEMORY MANAGEMENT

Mail

Andrew Morton <akpm@linux-foundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-mm.org

SCM

quilt https://ozlabs.org/~akpm/mmotm/ quilt https://ozlabs.org/~akpm/mmots/ git git://github.com/hnaz/linux-mm.git

Files

include/linux/gfp.h include/linux/memory_hotplug.h
include/linux/mmzone.h include/linux/
vmalloc.h mm/

* MEMORY TECHNOLOGY DEVICES (MTD)

Mail

Miquel Raynal <miquel.raynal@bootlin.com>, Richard Weinberger <richard@nod.at>, Vignesh Raghavendra <vigneshr@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-mtd.infradead.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-mtd/list/

chat

irc://irc.oftc.net/mtd

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mtd/linux.git mtd/fixes git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mtd/linux.git mtd/next

Files

* MEN A21 WATCHDOG DRIVER

Mail

Johannes Thumshirn <morbidrsa@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-watchdog@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/watchdog/mena21_wdt.c

* MEN CHAMELEON BUS (mcb)

Mail

Johannes Thumshirn <morbidrsa@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/men-chameleon-bus drivers/mcb/ include/linux/mcb.
h

* MEN F21BMC (Board Management Controller)

Mail

Andreas Werner <andreas.werner@men.de>

Status

Supported

Files

hwmon/menf21bmc drivers/hwmon/menf21bmc_hwmon.c drivers/
leds/leds-menf21bmc.c drivers/mfd/menf21bmc.c drivers/
watchdog/menf21bmc wdt.c

* MEN Z069 WATCHDOG DRIVER

Mail

Johannes Thumshirn <jth@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-watchdog@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/watchdog/menz69_wdt.c

* MESON AO CEC DRIVER FOR AMLOGIC SOCS

Mail

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linux-meson.com/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/amlogic, meson-gx-ao-cec.yaml drivers/media/cec/platform/meson/ ao-cec-g12a.c drivers/media/cec/platform/meson/ao-cec.c

* MESON NAND CONTROLLER DRIVER FOR AMLOGIC SOCS

Mail

Liang Yang liang.yang@amlogic.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/amlogic,
meson-nand.txt drivers/mtd/nand/raw/meson_*

* MESON VIDEO DECODER DRIVER FOR AMLOGIC SOCS

Mail

Neil Armstrong <narmstrong@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/amlogic,gx-vdec.yamldrivers/staging/media/meson/vdec/

* METHODE UDPU SUPPORT

Mail

Vladimir Vid <vladimir.vid@sartura.hr>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm64/boot/dts/marvell/armada-3720-uDPU.dts

* MHI BUS

Mail

Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>, Hemant Kumar <hemantk@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mani/mhi.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-bus-mhi Documentation/mhi/drivers/bus/mhi/include/linux/mhi.h

* MICROBLAZE ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Michal Simek <monstr@monstr.eu>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.monstr.eu/fdt/

SCM

git git://git.monstr.eu/linux-2.6-microblaze.git

Files

arch/microblaze/

* MICROCHIP AT91 DMA DRIVERS

Mail

Ludovic Desroches <ludovic.desroches@microchip.com>, Tudor
Ambarus <tudor.ambarus@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/atmel-dma.txt
drivers/dma/at_hdmac.c drivers/dma/at_hdmac_regs.h
drivers/dma/at_xdmac.c include/dt-bindings/dma/at91.h
include/linux/platform data/dma-atmel.h
```

* MICROCHIP AT91 SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

Richard Genoud <richard.genoud@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/atmel-usart.txt
drivers/tty/serial/atmel_serial.c drivers/tty/serial/
atmel_serial.h
```

* MICROCHIP AT91 USART MFD DRIVER

Mail

Radu Pirea <radu nicolae.pirea@upb.ro>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/atmel-usart. txt drivers/mfd/at91-usart.c include/dt-bindings/mfd/at91-usart.h

* MICROCHIP AT91 USART SPI DRIVER

Mail

Radu Pirea <radu_nicolae.pirea@upb.ro>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/atmel-usart.txt drivers/spi/spi-at91-usart.c

* MICROCHIP AUDIO ASOC DRIVERS

Mail

Codrin Ciubotariu < codrin.ciubotariu@microchip.com >

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

sound/soc/atmel

* MICROCHIP ECC DRIVER

Mail

Tudor Ambarus <tudor.ambarus@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/crypto/atmel-ecc.*

* MICROCHIP I2C DRIVER

Mail

Codrin Ciubotariu <codrin.ciubotariu@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-at91-*.c drivers/i2c/busses/
i2c-at91.h

* MICROCHIP ISC DRIVER

Mail

Eugen Hristev <eugen.hristev@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/atmel-isc.txt drivers/media/platform/atmel/atmel-isc-base.c drivers/media/platform/atmel/atmel-isc-regs.h drivers/media/platform/atmel/isc.h drivers/media/platform/atmel/atmel-sama5d2-isc.c include/linux/atmel-isc-media.h

* MICROCHIP ISI DRIVER

Mail

Eugen Hristev <eugen.hristev@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/media/platform/atmel/atmel-isi.c drivers/media/
platform/atmel/atmel-isi.h

* MICROCHIP KSZ SERIES ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Woojung Huh <woojung.huh@microchip.com>, Microchip Linux Driver Support <UNGLinuxDriver@microchip.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/dsa/ksz.txt drivers/net/dsa/microchip/* include/linux/platform_data/ microchip-ksz.h net/dsa/tag_ksz.c

* MICROCHIP LAN743X ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/microchip/lan743x_*

* MICROCHIP LCDFB DRIVER

Mail

Nicolas Ferre <nicolas.ferre@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/atmel_lcdfb.c include/video/
atmel_lcdc.h

* MICROCHIP MCP16502 PMIC DRIVER

Mail

Andrei Stefanescu <andrei.stefanescu@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/mcp16502-regulator.txtdrivers/regulator/mcp16502.c

* MICROCHIP MCP3911 ADC DRIVER

Mail

Marcus Folkesson <marcus.folkesson@gmail.com>, Kent Gustavsson <kent@minoris.se>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/microchip, mcp3911.yaml drivers/iio/adc/mcp3911.c

* MICROCHIP MMC/SD/SDIO MCI DRIVER

Mail

Ludovic Desroches < ludovic.desroches@microchip.com >

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/atmel-mci.c

* MICROCHIP NAND DRIVER

Mail

Tudor Ambarus <tudor.ambarus@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/atmel-nand.txt
drivers/mtd/nand/raw/atmel/*

* MICROCHIP PWM DRIVER

Mail

Claudiu Beznea <claudiu.beznea@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-pwm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pwm/atmel-pwm.txt drivers/pwm/pwm-atmel.c

* MICROCHIP SAMA5D2-COMPATIBLE ADC DRIVER

Mail

Eugen Hristev <eugen.hristev@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/ at91-sama5d2_adc.txt drivers/iio/adc/at91-sama5d2_adc.c include/dt-bindings/iio/adc/at91-sama5d2_adc.h

* MICROCHIP SAMA5D2-COMPATIBLE SHUTDOWN CONTROLLER

Mail

Claudiu Beznea <claudiu.beznea@microchip.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/power/reset/at91-sama5d2_shdwc.c

* MICROCHIP SPI DRIVER

Mail

Tudor Ambarus <tudor.ambarus@microchip.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/spi/spi-atmel.*

* MICROCHIP SSC DRIVER

Mail

Codrin Ciubotariu < codrin.ciubotariu@microchip.com >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/misc/atmel-ssc.c include/linux/atmel-ssc.h

* MICROCHIP USB251XB DRIVER

Mail

Richard Leitner < richard.leitner@skidata.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/usb/usb251xb.txt drivers/usb/misc/usb251xb.c

* MICROCHIP USBA UDC DRIVER

Mail

Cristian Birsan <cristian.birsan@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/usb/gadget/udc/atmel_usba_udc.*

* MICROCHIP WILC1000 WIFI DRIVER

Mail

Ajay Singh <ajay.kathat@microchip.com>, Claudiu Beznea <claudiu.beznea@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/wireless/microchip/wilc1000/

* MICROSEMI MIPS SOCS

Mail

Alexandre Belloni <alexandre.belloni@bootlin.com>, Microchip Linux Driver Support <UNGLinuxDriver@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mips/mscc.txt
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/reset/
ocelot-reset.txt arch/mips/boot/dts/mscc/ arch/mips/
configs/generic/board-ocelot.config arch/mips/generic/
board-ocelot.c

* MICROSEMI SMART ARRAY SMARTPQI DRIVER (smartpqi)

Mail

Don Brace <don.brace@microchip.com>

Mailing list

storagedev@microchip.com, linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

scsi/smartpqi drivers/scsi/smartpqi/Kconfig drivers/scsi/
smartpqi/Makefile drivers/scsi/smartpqi/smartpqi*.[ch]
include/linux/cciss*.h include/uapi/linux/cciss*.h

* MICROSOFT SURFACE PRO 3 BUTTON DRIVER

Mail

Chen Yu <yu.c.chen@intel.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/platform/x86/surfacepro3_button.c

* MICROTEK X6 SCANNER

Mail

Oliver Neukum <oliver@neukum.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/image/microtek.*

* MIPS

Mail

Thomas Bogendoerfer <tsbogend@alpha.franken.de>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-mips.org/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-mips/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mips/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mips/ Documentation/mips/arch/mips/drivers/platform/mips/

* MIPS BOSTON DEVELOPMENT BOARD

Mail

Paul Burton <paulburton@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/img,
boston-clock.txt arch/mips/boot/dts/img/boston.dts
arch/mips/configs/generic/board-boston.config drivers/
clk/imgtec/clk-boston.c include/dt-bindings/clock/
boston-clock.h

* MIPS CORE DRIVERS

Mail

Thomas Bogendoerfer <tsbogend@alpha.franken.de>, Serge Semin <fancer.lancer@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/bus/mips_cdmm.c drivers/clocksource/
mips-gic-timer.c drivers/cpuidle/cpuidle-cps.c drivers/
irqchip/irq-mips-cpu.c drivers/irqchip/irq-mips-gic.c

* MIPS GENERIC PLATFORM

Mail

Paul Burton <paulburton@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/mti,
mips-cpc.yaml arch/mips/generic/ arch/mips/tools/
generic-board-config.sh

* MIPS RINT INSTRUCTION EMULATION

Mail

Aleksandar Markovic <aleksandar.markovic@mips.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/mips/math-emu/dp_rint.c arch/mips/math-emu/sp_rint.c

* MIPS/LOONGSON1 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Keguang Zhang keguang.zhang@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/include/asm/mach-loongson32/ arch/mips/
loongson32/ drivers/*/*loongson1* drivers/*/*loongson1*

* MIPS/LOONGSON2EF ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Jiaxun Yang <jiaxun.yang@flygoat.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/include/asm/mach-loongson2ef/ arch/mips/
loongson2ef/ drivers/*/*loongson2* drivers/*/*loongson2*

* MIPS/LOONGSON64 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Huacai Chen <chenhc@lemote.com>, Jiaxun Yang <jiaxun.yang@flygoat.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/include/asm/mach-loongson64/ arch/mips/
loongson64/ drivers/*/*loongson3* drivers/*/*loongson3*
drivers/irqchip/irq-loongson* drivers/platform/mips/
cpu_hwmon.c

* MIROSOUND PCM20 FM RADIO RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-miropcm20*

* MMP SUPPORT

Reviewer

Lubomir Rintel < lkundrak@v3.sk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lkundrak/linux-mmp.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/mmp* arch/arm/mach-mmp/ include/linux/ soc/mmp/

* MMP USB PHY DRIVERS

Reviewer

Lubomir Rintel < lkundrak@v3.sk>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/phy/marvell/phy-mmp3-usb.c drivers/phy/marvell/ phy-pxa-usb.c

* MMU GATHER AND TLB INVALIDATION

Mail

Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>, "Aneesh Kumar K.V" <aneesh.kumar@linux.ibm.com>, Andrew Morton <akpm@linux-foundation.org>, Nick Piggin <npiggin@gmail.com>, Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linux-arch@vger.kernel.org, linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/*/include/asm/tlb.h include/asm-generic/tlb.h mm/
mmu gather.c

* MN88472 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/mn88472*

* MN88473 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/mn88473*

* MODULE SUPPORT

Mail

Jessica Yu <jeyu@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jeyu/linux.git modules-next

Files

include/linux/module.h kernel/module.c

* MONOLITHIC POWER SYSTEM PMIC DRIVER

Mail

Saravanan Sekar <sravanhome@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/mps,mp2629.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/mps,mp*.yaml drivers/iio/adc/mp2629_adc.cdrivers/mfd/mp2629.cdrivers/power/supply/mp2629_charger.c drivers/regulator/mp5416.cdrivers/regulator/mpq7920.c drivers/regulator/mpq7920.hinclude/linux/mfd/mp2629.h

* MOTION EYE VAIO PICTUREBOOK CAMERA DRIVER

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://popies.net/meye/

Files

Documentation/userspace-api/media/drivers/meye* drivers/media/pci/meye/include/uapi/linux/meye.h

* MOXA SMARTIO/INDUSTIO/INTELLIO SERIAL CARD

Mail

Jiri Slaby <jirislaby@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/serial/moxa-smartio drivers/tty/mxser.*

* MR800 AVERMEDIA USB FM RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Alexey Klimov <klimov.linux@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-mr800.c

* MRF24J40 IEEE 802.15.4 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Alan Ott <alan@signal11.us>

Mailing list

linux-wpan@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ieee802154/mrf24j40.txt drivers/net/ieee802154/mrf24j40.c

* MSI LAPTOP SUPPORT

Mail

"Lee, Chun-Yi" <jlee@suse.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/msi-laptop.c

* MSI WMI SUPPORT

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/platform/x86/msi-wmi.c

* MSI001 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/msi001*

* MSI2500 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/msi2500/

* MSTAR INTERRUPT CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Mark-PK Tsai <mark-pk.tsai@mediatek.com>, Daniel Palmer <daniel@thingy.jp>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/
mstar,mst-intc.yaml drivers/irqchip/irq-mst-intc.c

* MSYSTEMS DISKONCHIP G3 MTD DRIVER

Mail

Robert Jarzmik < robert.jarzmik@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/devices/docg3*

* MT9M032 APTINA SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/mt9m032.c include/media/i2c/mt9m032.h

* MT9P031 APTINA CAMERA SENSOR

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/mt9p031.c include/media/i2c/mt9p031.h

* MT9T001 APTINA CAMERA SENSOR

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/mt9t001.c include/media/i2c/mt9t001.h

* MT9T112 APTINA CAMERA SENSOR

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo@jmondi.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/mt9t112.c include/media/i2c/mt9t112.h

* MT9V032 APTINA CAMERA SENSOR

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/mt9v032.txt drivers/media/i2c/mt9v032.c include/media/i2c/mt9v032.h

* MT9V111 APTINA CAMERA SENSOR

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo@jmondi.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/aptina, mt9v111.txt drivers/media/i2c/mt9v111.c

* MULTIFUNCTION DEVICES (MFD)

Mail

Lee Jones <lee.jones@linaro.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lee/mfd.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/ drivers/mfd/include/dt-bindings/mfd/include/linux/mfd/

* MULTIMEDIA CARD (MMC) ETC. OVER SPI

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/mmc/host/mmc spi.c include/linux/spi/mmc spi.h

* MULTIMEDIA CARD (MMC), SECURE DIGITAL (SD) AND SDIO SUB-SYSTEM

Mail

Ulf Hansson <ulf.hansson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ulfh/mmc.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mmc/
include/linux/mmc/ include/uapi/linux/mmc/

* MULTIPLEXER SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-mux* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mux/drivers/mux/include/dt-bindings/mux/include/linux/mux/

* MULTITECH MULTIPORT CARD (ISICOM)

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/tty/isicom.c include/linux/isicom.h

* MUSB MULTIPOINT HIGH SPEED DUAL-ROLE CONTROLLER

Mail

Bin Liu <b-liu@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/musb/

* MXL301RF MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Akihiro Tsukada <tskd08@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/media/tuners/mxl301rf*

* MXL5007T MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/tuners.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/mxl5007t.*

* MXSFB DRM DRIVER

Mail

Marek Vasut <marex@denx.de>, Stefan Agner <stefan@agner.ch>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/mxsfb.txt drivers/gpu/drm/mxsfb/

* MYLEX DAC960 PCI RAID Controller

Mail

Hannes Reinecke hare@kernel.org

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/myrb.* drivers/scsi/myrs.*

* MYRICOM MYRI-10G 10GbE DRIVER (MYRI10GE)

Mail

Chris Lee <christopher.lee@cspi.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://www.cspi.com/ethernet-products/support/downloads/

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/myricom/myri10ge/

* NAND FLASH SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Miquel Raynal <miquel.raynal@bootlin.com>

Reviewer

Richard Weinberger < richard@nod.at >

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-mtd.infradead.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-mtd/list/

chat

irc://irc.oftc.net/mtd

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mtd/linux.git nand/next

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/ include/linux/mtd/*nand*.h

* NATIVE INSTRUMENTS USB SOUND INTERFACE DRIVER

Mail

Daniel Mack <zonque@gmail.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.native-instruments.com

Files

sound/usb/caiaq/

* NATSEMI ETHERNET DRIVER (DP8381x)

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/natsemi/natsemi.c

* NCR 5380 SCSI DRIVERS

Mail

Finn Thain <fthain@telegraphics.com.au>, Michael Schmitz <schmitzmic@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

scsi/g_NCR5380 drivers/scsi/NCR5380.* drivers/scsi/arm/
cumana_1.cdrivers/scsi/arm/oak.cdrivers/scsi/atari_scsi.
* drivers/scsi/dmx3191d.c drivers/scsi/g_NCR5380.*
drivers/scsi/mac_scsi.* drivers/scsi/sun3_scsi.* drivers/
scsi/sun3_scsi_vme.c

* NCSI LIBRARY

Mail

Samuel Mendoza-Jonas <sam@mendozajonas.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

net/ncsi/

* NCT6775 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/nct6775 drivers/hwmon/nct6775.c

* NETDEVSIM

Mail

Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/netdevsim/*

* NETEM NETWORK EMULATOR

Mail

Stephen Hemminger <stephen@networkplumber.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

net/sched/sch netem.c

* NETERION 10GbE DRIVERS (s2io/vxge)

Mail

Jon Mason <jdmason@kudzu.us>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/neterion/s2io networking/device_drivers/ethernet/neterion/vxge drivers/net/ethernet/ neterion/

* NETFILTER

Mail

Pablo Neira Ayuso <pablo@netfilter.org>, Jozsef Kadlecsik <kadlec@netfilter.org>, Florian Westphal <fw@strlen.de>

Mailing list

netfilter-devel@vger.kernel.org, coreteam@netfilter.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.netfilter.org/ http://www.iptables.org/ http://www.nftables.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/netfilter-devel/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pablo/nf.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pablo/nf-next.git

Files

include/linux/netfilter* include/linux/netfilter/ include/
net/netfilter/ include/uapi/linux/netfilter* include/uapi/
linux/netfilter/ net/*/netfilter.c net/*/netfilter/ net/
bridge/br_netfilter*.c net/netfilter/

* NETROM NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Ralf Baechle <ralf@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-ax25.org/

Files

include/net/netrom.h include/uapi/linux/netrom.h net/
netrom/

* NETRONOME ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Simon Horman <simon.horman@netronome.com>

Reviewer

Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>

Mailing list

oss-drivers@netronome.com

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/netronome/

* NETWORK BLOCK DEVICE (NBD)

Mail

Josef Bacik <josef@toxicpanda.com>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org, nbd@other.debian.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/blockdev/nbd drivers/block/nbd.c include/trace/events/nbd.h include/uapi/linux/nbd.h

* NETWORK DROP MONITOR

Mail

Neil Horman <nhorman@tuxdriver.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://fedorahosted.org/dropwatch/

Files

include/uapi/linux/net_dropmon.h net/core/drop_monitor.c

* NETWORKING DRIVERS

Mail

"David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>, Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linuxfoundation.org/en/Net

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net-next.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/ drivers/connector/ drivers/net/ include/linux/etherdevice.h include/linux/ fcdevice.h include/linux/fddidevice.h include/linux/ hippidevice.h include/linux/if_* include/linux/inetdevice. h include/linux/netdevice.h include/uapi/linux/if_* include/uapi/linux/netdevice.h

* NETWORKING DRIVERS (WIRELESS)

Mail

Kalle Valo < kvalo@codeaurora.org >

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-wireless/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvalo/wireless-drivers.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvalo/wireless-drivers-next.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/wireless/ drivers/
net/wireless/

* NETWORKING [DSA]

Mail

Andrew Lunn <andrew@lunn.ch>, Vivien Didelot <vivien.didelot@gmail.com>, Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>, Vladimir Oltean <olteanv@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/dsa/ drivers/net/dsa/ include/linux/dsa/ include/linux/platform_data/dsa.h include/net/dsa.h net/dsa/

* NETWORKING [GENERAL]

Mail

"David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>, Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linuxfoundation.org/en/Net

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/netdevbpf/list/

bugs

mailto:netdev@vger.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net-next.git

Files

Documentation/networking/ include/linux/in.h include/linux/net.h include/linux/netdevice.h include/net/include/uapi/linux/in.h include/uapi/linux/net.h include/uapi/linux/net_namespace.h include/uapi/linux/netdevice.h lib/net_utils.c lib/random32.c net/ tools/testing/selftests/net/

* NETWORKING [IPSEC]

Mail

Steffen Klassert <steffen.klassert@secunet.com>, Herbert Xu <herbert@gondor.apana.org.au>, "David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/klassert/ipsec.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/klassert/ipsecnext.git

Files

include/net/xfrm.h include/uapi/linux/xfrm.h net/ipv4/
ah4.c net/ipv4/esp4* net/ipv4/ip_vti.c net/ipv4/ipcomp.c
net/ipv4/xfrm* net/ipv6/ah6.c net/ipv6/esp6* net/ipv6/
ip6_vti.c net/ipv6/ipcomp6.c net/ipv6/xfrm* net/key/ net/
xfrm/ tools/testing/selftests/net/ipsec.c

* NETWORKING [IPv4/IPv6]

Mail

"David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>, Alexey Kuznetsov <kuznet@ms2.inr.ac.ru>, Hideaki YOSHIFUJI <yoshfuji@linux-ipv6.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net.git

Files

arch/x86/net/* include/net/ip* net/ipv4/ net/ipv6/

* NETWORKING [LABELED] (NetLabel, Labeled IPsec, SECMARK)

Mail

Paul Moore <paul@paul-moore.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-security-module@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/netlabel

Files

Documentation/netlabel/include/net/calipso.hinclude/net/cipso_ipv4.h include/net/netlabel.h include/uapi/linux/netfilter/xt_CONNSECMARK.h include/uapi/linux/netfilter/xt_SECMARK.h net/ipv4/cipso_ipv4.c net/ipv6/calipso.c net/netfilter/xt_CONNSECMARK.c net/netfilter/xt_SECMARK.c net/netlabel/

* NETWORKING [MPTCP]

Mail

Mat Martineau <mathew.j.martineau@linux.intel.com>, Matthieu Baerts <matthieu.baerts@tessares.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, mptcp@lists.01.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/multipath-tcp/mptcp net-next/wiki

bugs

https://github.com/multipath-tcp/mptcp net-next/issues

Files

include/net/mptcp.h include/uapi/linux/mptcp.h net/mptcp/
tools/testing/selftests/net/mptcp/

* NETWORKING [TCP]

Mail

Eric Dumazet <edumazet@google.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/tcp.h include/net/tcp.h include/trace/
events/tcp.hinclude/uapi/linux/tcp.hnet/ipv4/syncookies.
c net/ipv4/tcp*.c net/ipv6/syncookies.c net/ipv6/tcp*.c

* NETWORKING [TLS]

Mail

Boris Pismenny <borisp@nvidia.com>, Aviad Yehezkel <aviadye@nvidia.com>, John Fastabend <john.fastabend@gmail.com>, Daniel Borkmann <daniel@iogearbox.net>, Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/net/tls.h include/uapi/linux/tls.h net/tls/*

* NETWORKING [WIRELESS]

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-wireless/list/

* NETXEN (1/10) GbE SUPPORT

Mail

Manish Chopra <manishc@marvell.com>, Rahul Verma <rahulv@marvell.com>, GR-Linux-NIC-Dev@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/qlogic/netxen/

* NET FAILOVER MODULE

Mail

Sridhar Samudrala <sridhar.samudrala@intel.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/net_failover drivers/net/net_failover.c include/ net/net_failover.h

* NEXTHOP

Mail

David Ahern <dsahern@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/net/netns/nexthop.h include/net/nexthop.h include/ uapi/linux/nexthop.h net/ipv4/nexthop.c

* NFC SUBSYSTEM

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/nfc/ drivers/nfc/include/linux/platform_data/nfcmrvl.h include/net/nfc/include/uapi/linux/nfc.h net/nfc/

* NFS, SUNRPC, AND LOCKD CLIENTS

Mail

Mailing list

linux-nfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://client.linux-nfs.org

SCM

git git://git.linux-nfs.org/projects/trondmy/linux-nfs.git

Files

fs/lockd/ fs/nfs/ fs/nfs_common/ include/linux/lockd/
include/linux/nfs* include/linux/sunrpc/ include/
uapi/linux/nfs* include/uapi/linux/sunrpc/ net/sunrpc/
Documentation/filesystems/nfs/

* NILFS2 FILESYSTEM

Mail

Ryusuke Konishi <konishi.ryusuke@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-nilfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://nilfs.sourceforge.io/ https://nilfs.osdn.jp/

SCM

git git://github.com/konis/nilfs2.git

Files

filesystems/nilfs2 fs/nilfs2/ include/trace/events/nilfs2.
h include/uapi/linux/nilfs2_api.h include/uapi/linux/
nilfs2 ondisk.h

* NINJA SCSI-3 / NINJA SCSI-32Bi (16bit/CardBus) PCMCIA SCSI HOST ADAPTER DRIVER

Mail

YOKOTA Hiroshi <yokota@netlab.is.tsukuba.ac.jp>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.netlab.is.tsukuba.ac.jp/~yokota/izumi/ninja/

Files

scsi/NinjaSCSI drivers/scsi/pcmcia/nsp *

* NINJA SCSI-32Bi/UDE PCI/CARDBUS SCSI HOST ADAPTER DRIVER

Mail

GOTO Masanori <gotom@debian.or.jp>, YOKOTA Hiroshi <yokota@netlab.is.tsukuba.ac.jp>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.netlab.is.tsukuba.ac.jp/~yokota/izumi/ninja/

Files

scsi/NinjaSCSI drivers/scsi/nsp32*

* NIOS2 ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Ley Foon Tan <ley.foon.tan@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lftan/nios2.git

Files

arch/nios2/

* NITRO ENCLAVES (NE)

Mail

Andra Paraschiv <andraprs@amazon.com>, Alexandru Vasile <lexnv@amazon.com>, Alexandru Ciobotaru <alcioa@amazon.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://aws.amazon.com/ec2/nitro/nitro-enclaves/

Files

virt/ne_overview drivers/virt/nitro_enclaves/include/linux/
nitro_enclaves.h include/uapi/linux/nitro_enclaves.h
samples/nitro_enclaves/

* NOHZ, DYNTICKS SUPPORT

Mail

Frederic Weisbecker <fweisbec@gmail.com>, Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git timers/nohz

Files

include/linux/sched/nohz.h include/linux/tick.h kernel/ time/tick*.*

* NOKIA N900 CAMERA SUPPORT (ET8EK8 SENSOR, AD5820 FOCUS)

Mail

Pavel Machek <pavel@ucw.cz>, Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ad5820.c drivers/media/i2c/et8ek8

* NOKIA N900 POWER SUPPLY DRIVERS

Reviewer

Pali Rohár <pali@kernel.org>

Files

```
drivers/power/supply/bq2415x_charger.c drivers/power/supply/bq27xxx_battery.c drivers/power/supply/bq27xxx_battery_i2c.c drivers/power/supply/isp1704_charger.c drivers/power/supply/rx51_battery.c include/linux/power/bq2415x_charger.h include/linux/power/bq27xxx_battery.h
```

* NOLIBC HEADER FILE

Mail

Willy Tarreau <w@1wt.eu>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/wtarreau/nolibc.git

Files

tools/include/nolibc/

* NSDEPS

Mail

Matthias Maennich <maennich@google.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

core-api/symbol-namespaces scripts/nsdeps

* NTB AMD DRIVER

Mail

Sanjay R Mehta <sanju.mehta@amd.com>, Shyam Sundar S K <Shyam-sundar.S-k@amd.com>

Mailing list

linux-ntb@googlegroups.com

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/ntb/hw/amd/

* NTB DRIVER CORE

Mail

Jon Mason <jdmason@kudzu.us>, Dave Jiang <dave.jiang@intel.com>, Allen Hubbe <allenbh@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-ntb@googlegroups.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/jonmason/ntb/wiki

SCM

git git://github.com/jonmason/ntb.git

Files

drivers/net/ntb_netdev.c drivers/ntb/ include/linux/ntb.
h include/linux/ntb_transport.h tools/testing/selftests/
ntb/

* NTB IDT DRIVER

Mail

Serge Semin <fancer.lancer@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-ntb@googlegroups.com

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/ntb/hw/idt/

* NTB INTEL DRIVER

Mail

Dave Jiang dave.jiang@intel.com

Mailing list

linux-ntb@googlegroups.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/davejiang/linux/wiki

SCM

git https://github.com/davejiang/linux.git

Files

668

drivers/ntb/hw/intel/

* NTFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Anton Altaparmakov <anton@tuxera.com>

Mailing list

linux-ntfs-dev@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.tuxera.com/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/aia21/ntfs.git

Files

filesystems/ntfs fs/ntfs/

* NUBUS SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Finn Thain <fthain@telegraphics.com.au>

Mailing list

linux-m68k@lists.linux-m68k.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/*/include/asm/nubus.h drivers/nubus/ include/linux/ nubus.h include/uapi/linux/nubus.h

* NVIDIA (rivafb and nvidiafb) FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Antonino Daplas <adaplas@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/nvidia/drivers/video/fbdev/riva/

* NVM EXPRESS DRIVER

Mail

Keith Busch kernel.org, Jens Axboe kernel.org, Sagi Grimberg ke

Mailing list

linux-nvme@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://git.infradead.org/nvme.git

SCM

git://git.infradead.org/nvme.git

Files

drivers/nvme/host/ include/linux/nvme.h include/uapi/
linux/nvme_ioctl.h

* NVM EXPRESS FC TRANSPORT DRIVERS

Mail

James Smart < james.smart@broadcom.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvme@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/nvme/host/fc.c drivers/nvme/target/fc.c drivers/
nvme/target/fcloop.c include/linux/nvme-fc-driver.h
include/linux/nvme-fc.h

* NVM EXPRESS TARGET DRIVER

Mail

Christoph Hellwig <hch@lst.de>, Sagi Grimberg <sagi@grimberg.me>, Chaitanya Kulkarni <chaitanya.kulkarni@wdc.com>

Mailing list

linux-nvme@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://git.infradead.org/nvme.git

SCM

git://git.infradead.org/nvme.git

Files

drivers/nvme/target/

* NVMEM FRAMEWORK

Mail

Srinivas Kandagatla <srinivas.kandagatla@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/srini/nvmem.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-bus-nvmem Documentation/devicetree/bindings/nvmem/ drivers/nvmem/ include/linux/nvmem-consumer.h include/linux/nvmem-provider.h

* NXP FSPI DRIVER

Mail

Ashish Kumar <ashish.kumar@nxp.com>

Reviewer

Yogesh Gaur < yogeshgaur.83@gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/spi-nxp-fspi.txt drivers/spi/spi-nxp-fspi.c

* NXP FXAS21002C DRIVER

Mail

Rui Miguel Silva <rmfrfs@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/gyroscope/nxp, fxas21002c.txt drivers/iio/gyro/fxas21002c.h drivers/iio/

gyro/fxas21002c_core.c drivers/iio/gyro/fxas21002c_i2c.c
drivers/iio/gyro/fxas21002c_spi.c

* NXP i.MX 8MQ DCSS DRIVER

Mail

Laurentiu Palcu <laurentiu.palcu@oss.nxp.com>

Reviewer

Lucas Stach < l.stach@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/imx/nxp, imx8mq-dcss.yaml drivers/gpu/drm/imx/dcss/

* NXP PTN5150A CC LOGIC AND EXTCON DRIVER

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/extcon/extcon-ptn5150. yaml drivers/extcon/extcon-ptn5150.c

* NXP SGTL5000 DRIVER

Mail

Fabio Estevam <festevam@gmail.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/sgtl5000.yaml sound/soc/codecs/sgtl5000*

* NXP SJA1105 ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Vladimir Oltean <olteanv@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/dsa/sja1105

* NXP TDA998X DRM DRIVER

Mail

Russell King < linux@armlinux.org.uk >

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.armlinux.org.uk/~rmk/linux-arm.git drm-tda998x-devel git git://git.armlinux.org.uk/~rmk/linux-arm.git drm-tda998x-fixes

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/i2c/tda998x_drv.c include/drm/i2c/ tda998x.h include/dt-bindings/display/tda998x.h

Content regex

"nxp,tda998x"

* NXP TFA9879 DRIVER

Mail

Peter Rosin <peda@axentia.se>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/tfa9879.txt sound/soc/codecs/tfa9879*

* NXP-NCI NFC DRIVER

Mail

Clément Perrochaud <clement.perrochaud@effinnov.com>

Reviewer

Charles Gorand com

Mailing list

linux-nfc@lists.01.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/nfc/nxp-nci

* OBJAGG

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

include/linux/objagg.h lib/objagg.c lib/test_objagg.c

* OBJTOOL

Mail

Josh Poimboeuf <jpoimboe@redhat.com>, Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>

Status

Supported

Files

tools/objtool/include/linux/objtool.h

* OCELOT ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER

Mail

Microchip Linux Driver Support <UNGLinux Driver@microchip.com>, Vladimir Oltean <vladimir.oltean@nxp.com>, Claudiu Manoil <claudiu.manoil@nxp.com>, Alexandre Belloni <alexandre.belloni@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/dsa/ocelot/* drivers/net/ethernet/mscc/
include/soc/mscc/ocelot* net/dsa/tag_ocelot.c tools/
testing/selftests/drivers/net/ocelot/*

* OCXL (Open Coherent Accelerator Processor Interface OpenCAPI) DRIVER

Mail

Frederic Barrat <fbarrat@linux.ibm.com>, Andrew Donnellan <ajd@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Files

userspace-api/accelerators/ocxl arch/powerpc/include/asm/pnv-ocxl.h arch/powerpc/platforms/powernv/ocxl.c drivers/misc/ocxl/include/misc/ocxl* include/uapi/misc/ocxl.h

* OMAP AUDIO SUPPORT

Mail

Peter Ujfalusi <peter.ujfalusi@ti.com>, Jarkko Nikula <jarkko.nikula@bitmer.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/soc/ti/n810.c sound/soc/ti/omap* sound/soc/ti/rx51.c sound/soc/ti/sdma-pcm.*

* OMAP CLOCK FRAMEWORK SUPPORT

Mail

Paul Walmsley <paul@pwsan.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/*omap*/*clock*

* OMAP DEVICE TREE SUPPORT

Mail

Benoît Cousson

bcousson@baylibre.com>, Tony Lindgren <tony@atomide.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org, devicetree@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/*am3* arch/arm/boot/dts/*am4* arch/arm/
boot/dts/*am5* arch/arm/boot/dts/*dra7* arch/arm/boot/
dts/*omap* arch/arm/boot/dts/logicpd-som-lv* arch/arm/
boot/dts/logicpd-torpedo*

* OMAP DISPLAY SUBSYSTEM and FRAMEBUFFER SUPPORT (DSS2)

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org, linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

arm/omap/dss drivers/video/fbdev/omap2/

* OMAP FRAMEBUFFER SUPPORT

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/omap/

* OMAP GENERAL PURPOSE MEMORY CONTROLLER SUPPORT

Mail

Roger Quadros <rogerq@ti.com>, Tony Lindgren <tony@atomide.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-omap2/*gpmc* drivers/memory/omap-gpmc.c

* OMAP GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Grygorii Strashko <grygorii.strashko@ti.com>, Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>, Kevin Hilman <khilman@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-omap.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-omap.c

* OMAP HARDWARE SPINLOCK SUPPORT

Mail

Ohad Ben-Cohen <ohad@wizery.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwspinlock/omap hwspinlock.c

* OMAP HS MMC SUPPORT

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org, linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/mmc/host/omap_hsmmc.c

* OMAP HWMOD DATA

Mail

Paul Walmsley <paul@pwsan.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-omap2/omap_hwmod*data*

* OMAP HWMOD DATA FOR OMAP4-BASED DEVICES

Mail

Benoît Cousson

bcousson@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-omap2/omap_hwmod_44xx_data.c

* OMAP HWMOD SUPPORT

Mail

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-omap2/omap hwmod.*

* OMAP I2C DRIVER

Mail

Vignesh R < vigneshr@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org, linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-omap.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-omap.c

* OMAP IMAGING SUBSYSTEM (OMAP3 ISP and OMAP4 ISS)

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/ti,omap3isp.txt drivers/media/platform/omap3isp/ drivers/staging/media/ omap4iss/

* OMAP MMC SUPPORT

Mail

Aaro Koskinen <aaro.koskinen@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/mmc/host/omap.c

* OMAP POWER MANAGEMENT SUPPORT

Mail

Kevin Hilman < khilman@kernel.org >

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/*omap*/*pm* drivers/cpufreq/omap-cpufreq.c

* OMAP POWERDOMAIN SOC ADAPTATION LAYER SUPPORT

Mail

Rajendra Nayak <rnayak@codeaurora.org>, Paul Walmsley <paul@pwsan.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/mach-omap2/prm*

* OMAP RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR SUPPORT

Mail

Deepak Saxena < dsaxena@plexity.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/hw_random/omap-rng.c

* OMAP USB SUPPORT

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

arch/arm/*omap*/usb* drivers/usb/*/*omap*

* OMAP/NEWFLOW NANOBONE MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Mark Jackson <mpfj@newflow.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/am335x-nano.dts

* OMAP1 SUPPORT

Mail

Aaro Koskinen <aaro.koskinen@iki.fi>, Tony Lindgren <tony@atomide.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-omap/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tmlind/linux-omap.git

Files

arch/arm/configs/omap1_defconfig arch/arm/mach-omap1/
arch/arm/plat-omap/ drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-omap.cinclude/
linux/platform_data/ams-delta-fiq.h include/linux/
platform_data/i2c-omap.h

* OMAP2+ SUPPORT

Mail

Tony Lindgren <tony@atomide.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.muru.com/linux/omap/ http://linux.omap.com/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-omap/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tmlind/linux-omap.git

Files

arch/arm/configs/omap2plus defconfig arch/arm/mach-omap2/ arch/arm/plat-omap/ drivers/bus/ti-sysc.c drivers/i2c/ busses/i2c-omap.cdrivers/irqchip/irq-omap-intc.cdrivers/ mfd/*omap*.c drivers/mfd/menelaus.c drivers/mfd/palmas.c drivers/mfd/tps65217.c drivers/mfd/tps65218.c drivers/ mfd/tps65910.c drivers/mfd/twl-core.[ch] drivers/mfd/ twl4030*.c drivers/mfd/twl6030*.c drivers/mfd/twl6040*.c drivers/regulator/palmas-regulator*.c drivers/regulator/ pbias-regulator.c drivers/regulator/tps65217-regulator.c drivers/regulator/tps65218-regulator.c drivers/regulator/ tps65910-regulator.c drivers/regulator/twl-regulator.c drivers/regulator/twl6030-regulator.c include/linux/ platform data/i2c-omap.h include/linux/platform data/ ti-sysc.h

* OMFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Bob Copeland <me@bobcopeland.com>

Mailing list

linux-karma-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/omfs fs/omfs/

* OMNIKEY CARDMAN 4000 DRIVER

Mail

Harald Welte laforge@gnumonks.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/pcmcia/cm4000_cs.c include/linux/cm4000_cs.h
include/uapi/linux/cm4000 cs.h

* OMNIKEY CARDMAN 4040 DRIVER

Mail

Harald Welte laforge@gnumonks.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/pcmcia/cm4040_cs.*

* OMNIVISION OV13858 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov13858.c

* OMNIVISION OV2680 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Rui Miguel Silva <rmfrfs@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov2680.txt drivers/media/i2c/ov2680.c

* OMNIVISION OV2685 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Shunqian Zheng <zhengsq@rock-chips.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov2685.c

* OMNIVISION OV2740 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Tianshu Qiu <tian.shu.qiu@intel.com>

Reviewer

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov2740.c

* OMNIVISION OV5640 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Steve Longerbeam <slongerbeam@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

684

drivers/media/i2c/ov5640.c

* OMNIVISION OV5647 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Dave Stevenson <dave.stevenson@raspberrypi.com>, Jacopo Mondi <jacopo@jmondi.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov5647.yamldrivers/media/i2c/ov5647.c

* OMNIVISION OV5670 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Chiranjeevi Rapolu <chiranjeevi.rapolu@intel.com>, Hyungwoo Yang <hyungwoo.yang@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov5670.c

* OMNIVISION OV5675 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Shawn Tu <shawnx.tu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov5675.c

* OMNIVISION OV5695 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Shunqian Zheng <zhengsq@rock-chips.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov5695.c

* OMNIVISION OV7670 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Jonathan Corbet < corbet@lwn.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov7670.txt drivers/media/i2c/ov7670.c

* OMNIVISION OV772x SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo@jmondi.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov772x.txt drivers/media/i2c/ov772x.c include/media/i2c/ov772x.h

* OMNIVISION OV7740 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Wenyou Yang < wenyou.yang@microchip.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov7740.txt drivers/media/i2c/ov7740.c

* OMNIVISION OV8856 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Dongchun Zhu <dongchun.zhu@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov8856.yamldrivers/media/i2c/ov8856.c

* OMNIVISION OV9640 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Petr Cvek <petrcvekcz@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov9640.*

* OMNIVISION OV9650 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Reviewer

Akinobu Mita <akinobu.mita@gmail.com>, Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/ov9650.txt drivers/media/i2c/ov9650.c

* ONENAND FLASH DRIVER

Mail

Kyungmin Park <kyungmin.park@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/onenand/ include/linux/mtd/onenand*.h

* ONION OMEGA2+ BOARD

Mail

Harvey Hunt harveyhuntnexus@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/boot/dts/ralink/omega2p.dts

* OP-TEE DRIVER

Mail

Jens Wiklander < jens.wiklander@linaro.org >

Mailing list

op-tee@lists.trustedfirmware.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-optee-devices
drivers/tee/optee/

* OP-TEE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR (RNG) DRIVER

Mail

Sumit Garg <sumit.garg@linaro.org>

Mailing list

op-tee@lists.trustedfirmware.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/hw random/optee-rng.c

* OPA-VNIC DRIVER

Mail

Dennis Dalessandro <dennis.dalessandro@cornelisnetworks.com>, Mike Marciniszyn <mike.marciniszyn@cornelisnetworks.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/ulp/opa vnic

* OPEN FIRMWARE AND DEVICE TREE OVERLAYS

Mail

Pantelis Antoniou <pantelis.antoniou@konsulko.com>, Frank Rowand <frowand.list@gmail.com>

Mailing list

devicetree@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

devicetree/dynamic-resolution-notes devicetree/overlay-notes drivers/of/overlay.c drivers/of/resolver.c

Content regex

of_overlay_notifier_

* OPEN FIRMWARE AND FLATTENED DEVICE TREE

Mail

Rob Herring <robh+dt@kernel.org>, Frank Rowand <frowand.list@gmail.com>

Mailing list

devicetree@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.devicetree.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/robh/linux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-firmware-ofw drivers/of/ include/linux/of*.h scripts/dtc/

* OPEN FIRMWARE AND FLATTENED DEVICE TREE BINDINGS

Mail

Rob Herring <robh+dt@kernel.org>

Mailing list

devicetree@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/devicetree-bindings/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/robh/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/ arch/*/boot/dts/ include/
dt-bindings/

* OPENCORES I2C BUS DRIVER

Mail

Peter Korsgaard <peter@korsgaard.com>, Andrew Lunn <andrew@lunn.ch>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-ocores.txt i2c/busses/i2c-ocores drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-ocores.c include/linux/platform_data/i2c-ocores.h

* OPENRISC ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Jonas Bonn <jonas@southpole.se>, Stefan Kristiansson <stefan.kristiansson@saunalahti.fi>, Stafford Horne <shorne@gmail.com>

Mailing list

openrisc@lists.librecores.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://openrisc.io

SCM

git git://github.com/openrisc/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/openrisc/
Documentation/openrisc/ arch/openrisc/ drivers/irqchip/
irq-ompic.c drivers/irqchip/irq-or1k-*

* OPENVSWITCH

Mail

Pravin B Shelar <pshelar@ovn.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, dev@openvswitch.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://openvswitch.org

Files

include/uapi/linux/openvswitch.h net/openvswitch/

* OPERATING PERFORMANCE POINTS (OPP)

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>, Nishanth Menon <nm@ti.com>, Stephen Boyd <sboyd@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/vireshk/pm.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/opp/ power/opp drivers/
opp/include/linux/pm_opp.h

* OPL4 DRIVER

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

sound/drivers/opl4/

* OPROFILE

Mail

Robert Richter <rric@kernel.org>

Mailing list

oprofile-list@lists.sf.net

Status

Maintained

Files

692

arch/*/include/asm/oprofile*.h arch/*/oprofile/ drivers/
oprofile/include/linux/oprofile.h

* ORACLE CLUSTER FILESYSTEM 2 (OCFS2)

Mail

Mark Fasheh <mark@fasheh.com>, Joel Becker <jlbec@evilplan.org>, Joseph Qi <joseph.qi@linux.alibaba.com>

Mailing list

ocfs2-devel@oss.oracle.com (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ocfs2.wiki.kernel.org

Files

filesystems/dlmfs filesystems/ocfs2 fs/ocfs2/

* ORANGEFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Mike Marshall <hubcap@omnibond.com>

Reviewer

Martin Brandenburg <martin@omnibond.com>

Mailing list

devel@lists.orangefs.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/hubcap/linux.git

Files

filesystems/orangefs fs/orangefs/

* ORINOCO DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/orinoco http://www.nongnu.org/orinoco/

Files

drivers/net/wireless/intersil/orinoco/

* OV2659 OMNIVISION SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

"Lad, Prabhakar" <prabhakar.csengg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mhadli/v4l-dvb-davinci devices.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/ov2659.c include/media/i2c/ov2659.h

* OVERLAY FILESYSTEM

Mail

Miklos Szeredi <miklos@szeredi.hu>

Mailing list

linux-unionfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mszeredi/vfs.git

Files

filesystems/overlayfs fs/overlayfs/

* P54 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Christian Lamparter <chunkeey@googlemail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/p54

Files

694

drivers/net/wireless/intersil/p54/

* PACKING

Mail

Vladimir Oltean <olteanv@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

core-api/packing include/linux/packing.h lib/packing.c

* PADATA PARALLEL EXECUTION MECHANISM

Mail

Steffen Klassert <steffen.klassert@secunet.com>, Daniel Jordan <daniel.m.jordan@oracle.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org, linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

core-api/padata include/linux/padata.h kernel/padata.c

* PAGE POOL

Mail

Jesper Dangaard Brouer <hawk@kernel.org>, Ilias Apalodimas <ilias.apalodimas@linaro.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/page_pool include/net/page_pool.h include/trace/ events/page_pool.h net/core/page_pool.c

* PANASONIC LAPTOP ACPI EXTRAS DRIVER

Mail

Harald Welte laforge@gnumonks.org

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/panasonic-laptop.c

* PARALLAX PING IIO SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Andreas Klinger <ak@it-klinger.de>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/proximity/parallax-ping.yaml drivers/iio/proximity/ping.c

* PARALLEL LCD/KEYPAD PANEL DRIVER

Mail

Willy Tarreau <willy@haproxy.com>, Ksenija Stanojevic <ksenija.stanojevic@gmail.com>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

admin-guide/lcd-panel-cgram drivers/auxdisplay/panel.c

* PARALLEL PORT SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Sudip Mukherjee <sudipm.mukherjee@gmail.com>, Sudip Mukherjee <sudip.mukherjee@codethink.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-parport@lists.infradead.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/driver-api/parport*.rst drivers/char/ppdev. c drivers/parport/ include/linux/parport*.h include/uapi/linux/ppdev.h

* PARAVIRT OPS INTERFACE

Mail

Juergen Gross <jgross@suse.com>, Deep Shah <sdeep@vmware.com>, "VMware, Inc." <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Supported

Files

virt/paravirt_ops arch/*/include/asm/paravirt*.h arch/*/
kernel/paravirt* include/linux/hypervisor.h

* PARIDE DRIVERS FOR PARALLEL PORT IDE DEVICES

Mail

Tim Waugh <tim@cyberelk.net>

Mailing list

linux-parport@lists.infradead.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/blockdev/paride drivers/block/paride/

* PARISC ARCHITECTURE

Mail

"James E.J. Bottomley"<James.Bottomley@HansenPartnership.com>, Helge Deller <deller@gmx.de>

Mailing list

linux-parisc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://parisc.wiki.kernel.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-parisc/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jejb/parisc-2.6.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/deller/parisc-linux.git

Files

Documentation/parisc/ arch/parisc/ drivers/char/agp/parisc-agp.c drivers/input/misc/hp_sdc_rtc.c drivers/input/serio/gscps2.c drivers/input/serio/hp_sdc* drivers/parisc/ drivers/parport/parport_gsc.* drivers/tty/serial/8250/8250_gsc.c drivers/video/console/sti* drivers/video/fbdev/sti* drivers/video/logo/logo_parisc* include/linux/hp_sdc.h

* PARMAN

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

include/linux/parman.h lib/parman.c lib/test parman.c

* PC ENGINES APU BOARD DRIVER

Mail

Enrico Weigelt, metux IT consult <info@metux.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/pcengines-apuv2.c

* PC87360 HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Jim Cromie <jim.cromie@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/pc87360 drivers/hwmon/pc87360.c

* PC8736x GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Jim Cromie <jim.cromie@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/pc8736x_gpio.c

* PC87427 HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/pc87427 drivers/hwmon/pc87427.c

* PCA9532 LED DRIVER

Mail

Riku Voipio <riku.voipio@iki.fi>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/leds/leds-pca9532.c include/linux/leds-pca9532.h

* PCA9541 I2C BUS MASTER SELECTOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/muxes/i2c-mux-pca9541.c

* PCDP - PRIMARY CONSOLE AND DEBUG PORT

Mail

Khalid Aziz <khalid@gonehiking.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/firmware/pcdp.*

* PCI DRIVER FOR AARDVARK (Marvell Armada 3700)

Mail

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/aardvark-pci.txt drivers/pci/controller/pci-aardvark.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR ALTERA PCIE IP

Mail

Ley Foon Tan <ley.foon.tan@intel.com>

Mailing list

 $\label{limits} rfi@lists.rocketboards.org~(moderated~for~non-subscribers),~linux-pci@vger.kernel.org$

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/altera-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/pcie-altera.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR APPLIEDMICRO XGENE

Mail

Toan Le <toan@os.amperecomputing.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/xgene-pci.txt drivers/pci/controller/pci-xgene.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR ARM VERSATILE PLATFORM

Mail

Rob Herring <robh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/versatile.yamldrivers/pci/controller/pci-versatile.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR ARMADA 8K

Mail

Thomas Petazzoni <thomas.petazzoni@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/pci-armada8k.txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pcie-armada8k.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR CADENCE PCIE IP

Mail

Tom Joseph <tjoseph@cadence.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/cdns,* drivers/pci/ controller/cadence/

* PCI DRIVER FOR FREESCALE LAYERSCAPE

Mail

Minghuan Lian <minghuan.Lian@nxp.com>, Mingkai Hu <mingkai.hu@nxp.com>, Roy Zang <roy.zang@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org, linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/dwc/*layerscape*

* PCI DRIVER FOR GENERIC OF HOSTS

Mail

Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/host-generic-pci. yaml drivers/pci/controller/pci-host-common.c drivers/ pci/controller/pci-host-generic.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR IMX6

Mail

Richard Zhu <hongxing.zhu@nxp.com>, Lucas Stach <l.stach@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/fsl,imx6q-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/*imx6*

* PCI DRIVER FOR INTEL VOLUME MANAGEMENT DEVICE (VMD)

Mail

Jonathan Derrick < jonathan.derrick@intel.com >

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/pci/controller/vmd.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR MICROSEMI SWITCHTEC

Mail

Kurt Schwemmer <kurt.schwemmer@microsemi.com>, Logan Gunthorpe <logang@deltatee.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-switchtec driverapi/switchtec drivers/ntb/hw/mscc/ drivers/pci/switch/ switchtec* include/linux/switchtec.h include/uapi/linux/ switchtec_ioctl.h

* PCI DRIVER FOR MOBIVEIL PCIE IP

Mail

Karthikeyan Mitran <m.karthikeyan@mobiveil.co.in>, Hou Zhiqiang <Zhiqiang.Hou@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/mobiveil-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/mobiveil/pcie-mobiveil*

* PCI DRIVER FOR MVEBU (Marvell Armada 370 and Armada XP SOC support)

Mail

Thomas Petazzoni thomas.petazzoni@bootlin.com

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/*mvebu*

* PCI DRIVER FOR NVIDIA TEGRA

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org, linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/nvidia, tegra20-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/pci-tegra.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR NXP LAYERSCAPE GEN4 CONTROLLER

Mail

Hou Zhiqiang <Zhiqiang.Hou@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/ layerscape-pcie-gen4.txt drivers/pci/controller/mobiveil/ pcie-layerscape-gen4.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR RENESAS R-CAR

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut+renesas@gmail.com>, Yoshihiro Shimoda <yoshihiro.shimoda.uh@renesas.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/*rcar* drivers/pci/
controller/*rcar*

* PCI DRIVER FOR SAMSUNG EXYNOS

Mail

Jingoo Han <jingoohan1@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pci-exynos.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE

Mail

Jingoo Han <jingoohan1@gmail.com>, Gustavo Pimentel <gustavo.pimentel@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/designware-pcie. txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/*designware*

* PCI DRIVER FOR TI DRA7XX/J721E

Mail

Kishon Vijay Abraham I <kishon@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org, linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/ti-pci.txt drivers/pci/controller/cadence/pci-j721e.c drivers/pci/ controller/dwc/pci-dra7xx.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR TI KEYSTONE

Mail

Murali Karicheri <m-karicheri2@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pci-keystone.c

* PCI DRIVER FOR V3 SEMICONDUCTOR V360EPC

Mail

Linus Walleij linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/v3-v360epc-pci.txt drivers/pci/controller/pci-v3-semi.c

* PCI ENDPOINT SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Kishon Vijay Abraham I <kishon@ti.com>, Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kishon/pci-endpoint.git

Files

drivers/misc/pci_endpoint_test.c drivers/pci/endpoint/
tools/pci/

* PCI ENHANCED ERROR HANDLING (EEH) FOR POWERPC

Mail

Russell Currey <ruscur@russell.cc>, Oliver O' Halloran <oohall@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Files

PCI/pci-error-recovery powerpc/eeh-pci-error-recovery arch/powerpc/include/*/eeh*.h arch/powerpc/kernel/eeh*.c arch/powerpc/platforms/*/eeh*.c drivers/pci/pcie/aer.c drivers/pci/pcie/dpc.c drivers/pci/pcie/err.c

* PCI ERROR RECOVERY

Mail

Linas Vepstas linasvepstas@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

PCI/pci-error-recovery

* PCI MSI DRIVER FOR ALTERA MSI IP

Mail

Ley Foon Tan <ley.foon.tan@intel.com>

Mailing list

rfi@lists.rocketboards.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/altera-pcie-msi.txt drivers/pci/controller/pcie-altera-msi.c

* PCI MSI DRIVER FOR APPLIEDMICRO XGENE

Mail

Toan Le <toan@os.amperecomputing.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/xgene-pci-msi.txt drivers/pci/controller/pci-xgene-msi.c

* PCI NATIVE HOST BRIDGE AND ENDPOINT DRIVERS

Mail

Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>

Reviewer

Rob Herring <robh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-pci/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lpieralisi/pci.git/

Files

drivers/pci/controller/

* PCI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Bjorn Helgaas

 bhelgaas@google.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-pci/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/helgaas/pci.git

Files

Documentation/PCI/ Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/arch/x86/kernel/early-quirks.c arch/x86/kernel/quirks.c arch/x86/pci/ drivers/acpi/pci* drivers/pci/ include/asm-generic/pci*include/linux/of_pci.hinclude/linux/pci*include/uapi/linux/pci*lib/pci*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR AMAZON ANNAPURNA LABS

Mail

Jonathan Chocron <jonnyc@amazon.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/pcie-al.txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pcie-al.c

* PCIE DRIVER FOR AMLOGIC MESON

Mail

Yue Wang <yue.wang@Amlogic.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pci-meson.c

* PCIE DRIVER FOR AXIS ARTPEC

Mail

Jesper Nilsson <jesper.nilsson@axis.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@axis.com, linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/axis,artpec*
drivers/pci/controller/dwc/*artpec*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR CAVIUM THUNDERX

Mail

Robert Richter <rric@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/pci/controller/pci-thunder-*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR HISILICON

Mail

Zhou Wang <wangzhou1@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/hisilicon-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pcie-hisi.c

* PCIE DRIVER FOR HISILICON KIRIN

Mail

Xiaowei Song <songxiaowei@hisilicon.com>, Binghui Wang <wangbinghui@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/kirin-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pcie-kirin.c

* PCIE DRIVER FOR HISILICON STB

Mail

Shawn Guo <shawn.guo@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/ hisilicon-histb-pcie.txt drivers/pci/controller/dwc/ pcie-histb.c

* PCIE DRIVER FOR MEDIATEK

Mail

Ryder Lee <ryder.lee@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/mediatek* drivers/pci/controller/*mediatek*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR QUALCOMM MSM

Mail

Stanimir Varbanov <svarbanov@mm-sol.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/dwc/*qcom*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR ROCKCHIP

Mail

Shawn Lin <shawn.lin@rock-chips.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org, linux-rockchip@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/rockchip-pcie* drivers/pci/controller/pcie-rockchip*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR SOCIONEXT UNIPHIER

Mail

Kunihiko Hayashi <hayashi.kunihiko@socionext.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pci/uniphier-pcie* drivers/pci/controller/dwc/pcie-uniphier*

* PCIE DRIVER FOR ST SPEAR13XX

Mail

Pratyush Anand <pratyush.anand@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-pci@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pci/controller/dwc/*spear*

* PCMCIA SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Dominik Brodowski < linux@dominikbrodowski.net>

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/brodo/pcmcia.git

Files

Documentation/pcmcia/ drivers/pcmcia/ include/pcmcia/ tools/pcmcia/

* PCNET32 NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Don Fry <pcnet32@frontier.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/amd/pcnet32.c

* PCRYPT PARALLEL CRYPTO ENGINE

Mail

Steffen Klassert <steffen.klassert@secunet.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

crypto/pcrypt.c include/crypto/pcrypt.h

* PEAQ WMI HOTKEYS DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/peaq-wmi.c

* PENSANDO ETHERNET DRIVERS

Mail

Shannon Nelson <snelson@pensando.io>, Pensando Drivers
<drivers@pensando.io>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/pensando/ionic drivers/net/
ethernet/pensando/

* PER-CPU MEMORY ALLOCATOR

Mail

Dennis Zhou <dennis@kernel.org>, Tejun Heo <tj@kernel.org>, Christoph Lameter <cl@linux.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/dennis/percpu.git

Files

arch/*/include/asm/percpu.h include/linux/percpu*.h mm/ percpu*.c

* PER-TASK DELAY ACCOUNTING

Mail

Balbir Singh

 singharora@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/delayacct.h kernel/delayacct.c

* PERFORMANCE EVENTS SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@redhat.com>, Arnaldo Carvalho de Melo <acme@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Mark Rutland <mark.rutland@arm.com>, Alexander Shishkin <alexander.shishkin@linux.intel.com>, Jiri Olsa <jolsa@redhat.com>, Namhyung Kim <namhyung@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git perf/core

Files

arch/*/events/* arch/*/events/*/* arch/*/include/asm/
perf_event.h arch/*/kernel/*/*/perf_event*.c arch/*/
kernel/*/perf_event*.c arch/*/kernel/perf_callchain.c
arch/*/kernel/perf_event*.c include/linux/perf_event.h
include/uapi/linux/perf_event.h kernel/events/* tools/
lib/perf/ tools/perf/

* PERFORMANCE EVENTS TOOLING ARM64

Reviewer

John Garry <john.garry@huawei.com>, Will Deacon <will@kernel.org>, Mathieu Poirier <mathieu.poirier@linaro.org>, Leo Yan <leo.yan@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

tools/build/feature/test-libopencsd.c tools/perf/arch/
arm*/ tools/perf/pmu-events/arch/arm64/ tools/perf/util/
arm-spe* tools/perf/util/cs-etm*

* PERSONALITY HANDLING

Mail

Christoph Hellwig <hch@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linux-abi-devel@lists.sourceforge.net

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/personality.h
personality.h

* PHOENIX RC FLIGHT CONTROLLER ADAPTER

Mail

Marcus Folkesson <marcus.folkesson@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

input/devices/pxrc drivers/input/joystick/pxrc.c

* PHONET PROTOCOL

Mail

Remi Denis-Courmont <courmisch@gmail.com>

Status

Supported

Files

networking/phonet include/linux/phonet.h include/net/ phonet/include/uapi/linux/phonet.h net/phonet/

* PHRAM MTD DRIVER

Mail

Joern Engel <joern@lazybastard.org>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/devices/phram.c

* PICOLCD HID DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/hid-picolcd*

* PICOXCELL SUPPORT

Mail

Jamie Iles <jamie@jamieiles.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://github.com/jamieiles/linux-2.6-ji.git

arch/arm/boot/dts/picoxcell* arch/arm/mach-picoxcell/
drivers/crypto/picoxcell*

* PIDFD API

Mail

Christian Brauner <christian@brauner.io>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/brauner/linux.git

Files

samples/pidfd/ tools/testing/selftests/clone3/ tools/ testing/selftests/pid_namespace/ tools/testing/selftests/ pidfd/

Content regex

(?i)pidfd (?i)clone3 \b(clone_args|kernel_clone_args)\b

* PIN CONTROL SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/linusw/linux-pinctrl.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/ driver-api/pinctl drivers/pinctrl/ include/linux/pinctrl/

* PIN CONTROLLER - FREESCALE

Mail

Dong Aisheng <aisheng.dong@nxp.com>, Fabio Estevam <festevam@gmail.com>, Shawn Guo <shawnguo@kernel.org>, Stefan Agner <stefan@agner.ch>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/fsl,* drivers/
pinctrl/freescale/

* PIN CONTROLLER - INTEL

Mail

Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>, Andy Shevchenko <andy@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pinctrl/intel.git

Files

drivers/pinctrl/intel/

* PIN CONTROLLER - MEDIATEK

Mail

Sean Wang <sean.wang@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/
pinctrl-mt65xx.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
pinctrl/pinctrl-mt7622.txt drivers/pinctrl/mediatek/

* PIN CONTROLLER - MICROCHIP AT91

Mail

Ludovic Desroches < ludovic.desroches@microchip.com >

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-sama5d2-piobu.c drivers/pinctrl/
pinctrl-at91*

* PIN CONTROLLER - QUALCOMM

Mail

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/qcom,*.txt
drivers/pinctrl/qcom/

* PIN CONTROLLER - RENESAS

Mail

Geert Uytterhoeven <geert+renesas@glider.be>

Mailing list

linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/geert/renesas-drivers.git renesas-pinctrl

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/renesas,*
drivers/pinctrl/renesas/

* PIN CONTROLLER - SAMSUNG

Mail

Tomasz Figa <tomasz.figa@gmail.com>, Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-samsung-soc/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pinctrl/samsung.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pinctrl/ samsung-pinctrl.txt drivers/pinctrl/samsung/ include/ dt-bindings/pinctrl/samsung.h

* PIN CONTROLLER - SINGLE

Mail

Tony Lindgren <tony@atomide.com>, Haojian Zhuang <haojian.zhuang@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pinctrl/pinctrl-single.c

* PIN CONTROLLER - ST SPEAR

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.st.com/spear

drivers/pinctrl/spear/

* PISTACHIO SOC SUPPORT

Mail

James Hartley <james.hartley@sondrel.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

arch/mips/boot/dts/img/pistachio* arch/mips/
configs/pistachio*_defconfig arch/mips/include/asm/
mach-pistachio/ arch/mips/pistachio/

* PKTCDVD DRIVER

Mail

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/block/pktcdvd.c include/linux/pktcdvd.h include/
uapi/linux/pktcdvd.h

* PLANTOWER PMS7003 AIR POLLUTION SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Tomasz Duszynski <tduszyns@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/chemical/plantower,pms7003.yaml drivers/iio/chemical/pms7003.c

* PLDMFW LIBRARY

Mail

Jacob Keller < jacob.e.keller@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/driver-api/pldmfw/ include/linux/pldmfw.h lib/pldmfw/

* PLX DMA DRIVER

Mail

Logan Gunthorpe <logang@deltatee.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/dma/plx_dma.c

* PM-GRAPH UTILITY

Mail

"Todd E Brandt" <todd.e.brandt@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://01.org/pm-graph

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org/buglist.cgi?component=pm-graph&product=Tools

SCM

git git://github.com/intel/pm-graph

Files

tools/power/pm-graph

* PMBUS HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVERS

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://hwmon.wiki.kernel.org/ http://www.roeck-us.net/linux/drivers/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/groeck/linux-staging.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/ibm,cffps1.

txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/ltc2978. txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/max31785. txt hwmon/adm1275 hwmon/ibm-cffps hwmon/ir35221 hwmon/lm25066 hwmon/ltc2978 hwmon/ltc3815 hwmon/max16064 hwmon/max20751 hwmon/max31785 hwmon/max34440 hwmon/max8688 hwmon/pmbus-core hwmon/pmbus hwmon/tps40422 hwmon/ucd9000 hwmon/ucd9200 hwmon/zl6100 drivers/hwmon/pmbus/include/linux/pmbus.h

* PMC SIERRA MaxRAID DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://www.pmc-sierra.com/

Files

drivers/scsi/pmcraid.*

* PMC SIERRA PM8001 DRIVER

Mail

Jack Wang < jinpu.wang@cloud.ionos.com >

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

drivers/scsi/pm8001/

* PNI RM3100 IIO DRIVER

Mail

Song Qiang <songqiang1304521@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/magnetometer/pni, rm3100.txt drivers/iio/magnetometer/rm3100*

* PNP SUPPORT

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rafael.j.wysocki@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-acpi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/pnp/include/linux/pnp.h

* POSIX CLOCKS and TIMERS

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git timers/core

Files

fs/timerfd.c include/linux/time_namespace.h include/linux/
timer* kernel/time/*timer* kernel/time/namespace.c

* POWER MANAGEMENT CORE

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rafael/linux-pm

Files

drivers/base/power/ drivers/powercap/ include/linux/
intel_rapl.h include/linux/pm.h include/linux/pm_*
include/linux/powercap.h kernel/configs/nopm.config

* POWER STATE COORDINATION INTERFACE (PSCI)

Mail

Mark Rutland <mark.rutland@arm.com>, Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/firmware/psci/ include/linux/psci.h include/uapi/
linux/psci.h

* POWER SUPPLY CLASS/SUBSYSTEM and DRIVERS

Mail

Sebastian Reichel <sre@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/sre/linux-power-supply.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-power

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/supply/ drivers/power/supply/include/linux/power_supply.h

* POWERNV OPERATOR PANEL LCD DISPLAY DRIVER

Mail

Suraj Jitindar Singh <sjitindarsingh@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/powernv-op-panel.c

* PPP OVER ATM (RFC 2364)

Mail

Mitchell Blank Jr <mitch@sfgoth.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/uapi/linux/atmppp.h net/atm/pppoatm.c

* PPP OVER ETHERNET

Mail

Michal Ostrowski <mostrows@earthlink.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ppp/pppoe.c drivers/net/ppp/pppox.c

* PPP OVER L2TP

Mail

James Chapman < jchapman@katalix.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
include/linux/if_pppol2tp.h include/uapi/linux/
if_pppol2tp.h net/l2tp/l2tp_ppp.c
```

* PPP PROTOCOL DRIVERS AND COMPRESSORS

Mail

Paul Mackerras <paulus@samba.org>

Mailing list

linux-ppp@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ppp/ppp_*

* PPS SUPPORT

Mail

Rodolfo Giometti < giometti@enneenne.com>

Mailing list

linuxpps@ml.enneenne.com (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://wiki.enneenne.com/index.php/LinuxPPS support

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-pps Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pps/pps-gpio.txt driver-api/pps drivers/pps/include/linux/pps*.h include/uapi/linux/pps.h

* PPTP DRIVER

Mail

Dmitry Kozlov <xeb@mail.ru>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sourceforge.net/projects/accel-pptp

Files

728

drivers/net/ppp/pptp.c

* PRESSURE STALL INFORMATION (PSI)

Mail

Johannes Weiner <hannes@cmpxchg.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/psi* kernel/sched/psi.c

* PRINTK

Mail

Petr Mladek <pmladek@suse.com>, Sergey Senozhatsky <sergey.senozhatsky@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, John Ogness <john.ogness@linutronix.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/printk.h kernel/printk/

* PRISM54 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Luis Chamberlain <mcgrof@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Obsolete

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/p54

Files

drivers/net/wireless/intersil/prism54/

* PROC FILESYSTEM

Reviewer

Alexey Dobriyan <adobriyan@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

filesystems/proc fs/proc/ include/linux/proc_fs.h tools/ testing/selftests/proc/

* PROC SYSCTL

Mail

Luis Chamberlain <mcgrof@kernel.org>, Kees Cook <keescook@chromium.org>, Iurii Zaikin <yzaikin@google.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/proc/proc_sysctl.c include/linux/sysctl.h kernel/
sysctl-test.c kernel/sysctl.c tools/testing/selftests/
sysctl/

* PS3 NETWORK SUPPORT

Mail

Geoff Levand <geoff@infradead.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/toshiba/ps3_gelic_net.*

* PS3 PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

Geoff Levand <geoff@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/powerpc/boot/ps3* arch/powerpc/include/asm/lv1call.h
arch/powerpc/include/asm/ps3*.h arch/powerpc/platforms/
ps3/ drivers/*/ps3* drivers/ps3/ drivers/rtc/rtc-ps3.c
drivers/usb/host/*ps3.c sound/ppc/snd_ps3*

* PS3VRAM DRIVER

Mail

Jim Paris <jim@jtan.com>, Geoff Levand <geoff@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/block/ps3vram.c

* PSAMPLE PACKET SAMPLING SUPPORT

Mail

Yotam Gigi <yotam.gi@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/net/psample.h include/uapi/linux/psample.h net/ psample

* PSTORE FILESYSTEM

Mail

Kees Cook <keescook@chromium.org>, Anton Vorontsov <anton@enomsg.org>, Colin Cross <ccross@android.com>, Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kees/linux.git for-next/pstore

Files

admin-guide/ramoops admin-guide/pstore-blk Documentation/devicetree/bindings/reserved-memory/ramoops.txt drivers/acpi/apei/erst.c drivers/firmware/efi/efi-pstore.c fs/pstore/include/linux/pstore*

Content regex

\b(pstore|ramoops)

* PTP HARDWARE CLOCK SUPPORT

Mail

Richard Cochran <richardcochran@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linuxptp.sourceforge.net/

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-ptp driver-api/ptp drivers/ net/phy/dp83640* drivers/ptp/* include/linux/ptp cl*

* PTRACE SUPPORT

Mail

Oleg Nesterov <oleg@redhat.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/*/*/ptrace*.c arch/*/include/asm/ptrace*.h arch/*/
ptrace*.c include/asm-generic/syscall.h include/linux/
ptrace.h include/linux/regset.h include/linux/tracehook.h
include/uapi/linux/ptrace.h include/uapi/linux/ptrace.h
kernel/ptrace.c

* PULSE8-CEC DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

admin-guide/media/pulse8-cec drivers/media/cec/usb/pulse8/

* PVRUSB2 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Mike Isely <isely@pobox.com>

Mailing list

pvrusb2@isely.net (subscribers-only), linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.isely.net/pvrusb2/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/driver-api/media/drivers/pvrusb2* drivers/media/usb/pvrusb2/

* PWC WEBCAM DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/pwc/* include/trace/events/pwc.h

* PWM FAN DRIVER

Mail

Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/hwmon/pwm-fan.txt hwmon/pwm-fan drivers/hwmon/pwm-fan.c

* PWM IR Transmitter

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/pwm-ir-tx.c

* PWM SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Uwe Kleine-König <u.kleine-koenig@pengutronix.de>

Mail

Lee Jones <lee.jones@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-pwm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

https://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-pwm/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/thierry.reding/linux-pwm.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-mvebu.txt
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/pwm/ driver-api/pwm
drivers/gpio/gpio-mvebu.c drivers/pwm/ drivers/video/
backlight/pwm_bl.c include/linux/pwm.h include/linux/
pwm_backlight.h

Content regex

pwm_(config|apply_state|ops)

* PXA GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Robert Jarzmik <robert.jarzmik@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-pxa.c

* PXA MMCI DRIVER

Status

Orphan

* PXA RTC DRIVER

Mail

Robert Jarzmik < robert.jarzmik@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-rtc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

* PXA2xx/PXA3xx SUPPORT

Mail

Daniel Mack <daniel@zonque.org>, Haojian Zhuang <haojian.zhuang@gmail.com>, Robert Jarzmik <robert.jarzmik@free.fr>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/hzhuang1/linux.git git://github.com/rjarzmik/linux.git

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/pxa* arch/arm/mach-pxa/ drivers/dma/pxa*
drivers/pcmcia/pxa2xx* drivers/pinctrl/pxa/ drivers/spi/
spi-pxa2xx* drivers/usb/gadget/udc/pxa2* include/sound/
pxa2xx-lib.h sound/arm/pxa* sound/soc/pxa/

* QAT DRIVER

Mail

Giovanni Cabiddu <giovanni.cabiddu@intel.com>

Mailing list

qat-linux@intel.com

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/crypto/qat/

* QCOM AUDIO (ASoC) DRIVERS

Mail

Patrick Lai <plai@codeaurora.org>, Banajit Goswami

bgoswami@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

sound/soc/qcom/

* QCOM IPA DRIVER

Mail

Alex Elder <elder@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ipa/

* QEMU MACHINE EMULATOR AND VIRTUALIZER SUPPORT

Mail

Gabriel Somlo <somlo@cmu.edu>, "Michael S. Tsirkin" <mst@redhat.com>

Mailing list

qemu-devel@nongnu.org

Status

Maintained

```
drivers/firmware/qemu_fw_cfg.c include/uapi/linux/
qemu fw cfg.h
```

* QIB DRIVER

Mail

Dennis Dalessandro <dennis.dalessandro@cornelisnetworks.com>, Mike Marciniszyn <mike.marciniszyn@cornelisnetworks.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/qib/

* QLOGIC QL41xxx FCOE DRIVER

Mail

Saurav Kashyap <skashyap@marvell.com>, Javed Hasan <jhasan@marvell.com>, GR-QLogic-Storage-Upstream@marvell.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/qedf/

* QLOGIC QL41xxx ISCSI DRIVER

Mail

Nilesh Javali <njavali@marvell.com>, Manish Rangankar <mrangankar@marvell.com>, GR-QLogic-Storage-Upstream@marvell.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/qedi/

* QLOGIC QL4xxx ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Ariel Elior <aelior@marvell.com>, GR-everest-linux-l2@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/qlogic/qed/ drivers/net/ethernet/
qlogic/qede/include/linux/qed/

* QLOGIC QL4xxx RDMA DRIVER

Mail

Michal Kalderon <mkalderon@marvell.com>, Ariel Elior <aelior@marvell.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/gedr/ include/uapi/rdma/gedr-abi.h

* QLOGIC QLA1280 SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Michael Reed <mdr@sgi.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/qla1280.[ch]

* QLOGIC QLA2XXX FC-SCSI DRIVER

Mail

Nilesh Javali <njavali@marvell.com>, GR-QLogic-Storage-Upstream@marvell.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/qla2xxx/

* QLOGIC QLA3XXX NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

GR-Linux-NIC-Dev@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/qlogic/qla3xxx.*

* QLOGIC QLA4XXX iSCSI DRIVER

Mail

Nilesh Javali <njavali@marvell.com>, Manish Rangankar <mrangankar@marvell.com>, GR-QLogic-Storage-Upstream@marvell.com

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/qla4xxx/

* QLOGIC QLCNIC (1/10)Gb ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Shahed Shaikh <shshaikh@marvell.com>, Manish Chopra <manishc@marvell.com>, GR-Linux-NIC-Dev@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/qlogic/qlcnic/

* QLOGIC QLGE 10Gb ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Manish Chopra <manishc@marvell.com>, GR-Linux-NIC-Dev@marvell.com

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/staging/qlge/

* QM1D1B0004 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Akihiro Tsukada <tskd08@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/media/tuners/qmldlb0004*

* QM1D1C0042 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Akihiro Tsukada <tskd08@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

drivers/media/tuners/qmldlc0042*

* QNX4 FILESYSTEM

Mail

Anders Larsen <al@alarsen.net>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.alarsen.net/linux/gnx4fs/

Files

fs/qnx4/ include/uapi/linux/qnx4_fs.h include/uapi/linux/
qnxtypes.h

* QORIQ DPAA2 FSL-MC BUS DRIVER

Mail

Stuart Yoder <stuyoder@gmail.com>, Laurentiu Tudor <laurentiu.tudor@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/misc/fsl,qoriq-mc.txt networking/device_drivers/ethernet/freescale/dpaa2/overview drivers/bus/fsl-mc/

* QT1010 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

drivers/media/tuners/qt1010*

* QUALCOMM ATHEROS ATH10K WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Kalle Valo < kvalo@codeaurora.org >

Mailing list

ath10k@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/ath10k

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvalo/ath.git

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath10k/

* QUALCOMM ATHEROS ATH11K WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Kalle Valo < kvalo@codeaurora.org >

Mailing list

ath11k@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kvalo/ath.git

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath11k/

* QUALCOMM ATHEROS ATH9K WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

QCA ath9k Development <ath9k-devel@gca.gualcomm.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/ath9k

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/ath9k/

* QUALCOMM CAMERA SUBSYSTEM DRIVER

Mail

Todor Tomov <todor.too@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/media/qcom_camss
bindings/media/qcom,camss.txt
qcom/camss/

Documentation/devicetree/ drivers/media/platform/

* QUALCOMM CORE POWER REDUCTION (CPR) AVS DRIVER

Mail

Niklas Cassel <nks@flawful.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/avs/qcom,cpr.txt drivers/soc/qcom/cpr.c

* QUALCOMM CPUFREQ DRIVER MSM8996/APQ8096

Mail

Ilia Lin <ilia.lin@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/opp/
qcom-nvmem-cpufreq.txt drivers/cpufreq/
qcom-cpufreq-nvmem.c
```

* QUALCOMM EMAC GIGABIT ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Timur Tabi <timur@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/qualcomm/emac/

* QUALCOMM ETHQOS ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Vinod Koul <vkoul@kernel.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/qcom,ethqos.txt drivers/net/ethernet/stmicro/stmmac/dwmac-qcom-ethqos.c

* QUALCOMM GENERIC INTERFACE 12C DRIVER

Mail

Akash Asthana <akashast@codeaurora.org>, Mukesh Savaliya <msavaliy@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-qcom-geni.c

* QUALCOMM HEXAGON ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Brian Cain

codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

linux-hexagon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

arch/hexagon/

* QUALCOMM HIDMA DRIVER

Mail

Sinan Kaya <okaya@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org, dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/dma/qcom/hidma*

* QUALCOMM I2C CCI DRIVER

Mail

Loic Poulain <loic.poulain@linaro.org>, Robert Foss <robert.foss@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-qcom-cci.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-qcom-cci.c

* QUALCOMM IOMMU

Mail

Rob Clark < robdclark@gmail.com >

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iommu/arm/arm-smmu/qcom_iommu.c

* QUALCOMM IPCC MAILBOX DRIVER

Mail

Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mailbox/qcom-ipcc.yaml
drivers/mailbox/qcom-ipcc.c include/dt-bindings/mailbox/
qcom-ipcc.h

* QUALCOMM IPQ4019 VQMMC REGULATOR DRIVER

Mail

Robert Marko <robert.marko@sartura.hr>, Luka Perkov <luka.perkov@sartura.hr>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/ vqmmc-ipq4019-regulator.yaml drivers/regulator/ vqmmc-ipq4019-regulator.c

* QUALCOMM RMNET DRIVER

Mail

Subash Abhinov Kasiviswanathan <subashab@codeaurora.org>, Sean Tranchetti <stranche@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/device_drivers/cellular/qualcomm/rmnet drivers/net/ ethernet/qualcomm/rmnet/ include/linux/if_rmnet.h

* QUALCOMM TSENS THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Amit Kucheria <amitk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/qcom-tsens.yaml drivers/thermal/qcom/

* QUALCOMM VENUS VIDEO ACCELERATOR DRIVER

Mail

Stanimir Varbanov <stanimir.varbanov@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/*venus* drivers/media/platform/qcom/venus/

* QUALCOMM WCN36XX WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Kalle Valo < kvalo@codeaurora.org >

Mailing list

wcn36xx@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/wcn36xx

SCM

git git://github.com/KrasnikovEugene/wcn36xx.git

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/wcn36xx/

* QUANTENNA QTNFMAC WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Igor Mitsyanko <imitsyanko@quantenna.com>

Reviewer

Sergey Matyukevich <geomatsi@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/quantenna

* RADEON and AMDGPU DRM DRIVERS

Mail

Alex Deucher <alexander.deucher@amd.com>, Christian König <christian.koenig@amd.com>

Mailing list

amd-gfx@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://people.freedesktop.org/~agd5f/linux

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/amd/drivers/gpu/drm/radeon/include/uapi/
drm/amdgpu drm.h include/uapi/drm/radeon drm.h

* RADEON FRAMEBUFFER DISPLAY DRIVER

Mail

Benjamin Herrenschmidt <benh@kernel.crashing.org>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/aty/radeon* include/uapi/linux/
radeonfb.h

* RADIOSHARK RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-shark.c

* RADIOSHARK2 RADIO DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-shark2.c drivers/media/radio/
radio-tea5777.c

* RADOS BLOCK DEVICE (RBD)

Mail

Ilya Dryomov <idryomov@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Dongsheng Yang <dongsheng.yang@easystack.cn>

Mailing list

ceph-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://ceph.com/

SCM

git git://github.com/ceph/ceph-client.git

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-rbd drivers/block/
rbd.c drivers/block/rbd types.h

* RAGE128 FRAMEBUFFER DISPLAY DRIVER

Mail

Paul Mackerras <paulus@samba.org>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/aty/aty128fb.c

* RAINSHADOW-CEC DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/cec/usb/rainshadow/

* RALINK MIPS ARCHITECTURE

Mail

John Crispin <john@phrozen.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/ralink

* RALINK RT2X00 WIRELESS LAN DRIVER

Mail

Stanislaw Gruszka <stf_xl@wp.pl>, Helmut Schaa <helmut.schaa@googlemail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ralink/rt2x00/

* RAMDISK RAM BLOCK DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/blockdev/ramdisk drivers/block/brd.c

* RANCHU VIRTUAL BOARD FOR MIPS

Mail

Miodrag Dinic <miodrag.dinic@mips.com>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/mips/configs/generic/board-ranchu.config arch/mips/ generic/board-ranchu.c

* RANDOM NUMBER DRIVER

Mail

"Theodore Ts' o" <tytso@mit.edu>, Jason A. Donenfeld <Jason@zx2c4.com>

SCM

git https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/crng/random.git

Status

Maintained

drivers/char/random.c

* RAPIDIO SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Matt Porter <mporter@kernel.crashing.org>, Alexandre Bounine <alex.bou9@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/rapidio/

* RAS INFRASTRUCTURE

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>, Borislav Petkov

bp@alien8.de>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/ras drivers/ras/ include/linux/ras.h include/
ras/ras event.h

* RAYLINK/WEBGEAR 802.11 WIRELESS LAN DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ray*

* RC-CORE / LIRC FRAMEWORK

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

driver-api/media/rc-core Documentation/userspace-api/media/ rc/ drivers/media/rc/ include/media/rc-map.h include/ media/rc-core.h include/uapi/linux/lirc.h

* RCMM REMOTE CONTROLS DECODER

Mail

Patrick Lerda <patrick9876@free.fr>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/ir-rcmm-decoder.c

* RCUTORTURE TEST FRAMEWORK

Mail

"Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>, Josh Triplett <josh@joshtriplett.org>

Reviewer

Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, Mathieu Desnoyers <mathieu.desnoyers@efficios.com>, Lai Jiangshan <jiangshanlai@gmail.com>

Mailing list

rcu@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/paulmck/linux-rcu.git dev

Files

tools/testing/selftests/rcutorture

* RDACM20 Camera Sensor

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo+renesas@jmondi.org>, Kieran Bingham <kieran.bingham+renesas@ideasonboard.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart+renesas@ideasonboard.com>, Niklas Söderlund <niklas.soderlund+renesas@ragnatech.se>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/imi, rdacm2x-gmsl.yaml drivers/media/i2c/max9271.c drivers/media/i2c/max9271.h drivers/media/i2c/rdacm20.c

* RDC R-321X SoC

Mail

Florian Fainelli <florian@openwrt.org>

Status

Maintained

* RDC R6040 FAST ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/rdc/r6040.c

* RDMAVT - RDMA verbs software

Mail

Dennis Dalessandro <dennis.dalessandro@cornelisnetworks.com>, Mike Marciniszyn <mike.marciniszyn@cornelisnetworks.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

drivers/infiniband/sw/rdmavt

* RDS - RELIABLE DATAGRAM SOCKETS

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <santosh.shilimkar@oracle.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org, rdsdevel@oss.oracle.com (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://oss.oracle.com/projects/rds/

Files

networking/rds net/rds/

* RDT - RESOURCE ALLOCATION

Mail

Fenghua Yu <fenghua.yu@intel.com>, Reinette Chatre <reinette.chatre@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/x86/resctrl* arch/x86/include/asm/resctrl.h arch/x86/kernel/cpu/resctrl/ tools/testing/selftests/resctrl/

* READ-COPY UPDATE (RCU)

Mail

"Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>, Josh Triplett <josh@joshtriplett.org>

Reviewer

Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, Mathieu
Desnoyers <mathieu.desnoyers@efficios.com>, Lai
Jiangshan <jiangshanlai@gmail.com>, Joel Fernandes
<joel@joelfernandes.org>

Mailing list

rcu@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.rdrop.com/users/paulmck/RCU/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/paulmck/linux-rcu.git dev

Files

Documentation/RCU/include/linux/rcu* kernel/rcu/

Excluded

RCU/torture include/linux/srcu*.h kernel/rcu/srcu*.c

* REAL TIME CLOCK (RTC) SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Alessandro Zummo <a.zummo@towertech.it>, Alexandre Belloni <alexandre.belloni@bootlin.com>

Mailing list

linux-rtc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/rtc-linux/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/abelloni/linux.git

Files

admin-guide/rtc Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rtc/drivers/rtc/include/linux/platform_data/rtc-* include/linux/rtc.h include/linux/rtc/include/uapi/linux/rtc.h tools/testing/selftests/rtc/

* REALTEK AUDIO CODECS

Mail

Oder Chiou < oder chiou@realtek.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/sound/rt*.h sound/soc/codecs/rt*

* REALTEK RTL83xx SMI DSA ROUTER CHIPS

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/dsa/realtek-smi. txt drivers/net/dsa/realtek-smi* drivers/net/dsa/rtl83*

* REALTEK WIRELESS DRIVER (rtlwifi family)

Mail

Ping-Ke Shih <pkshih@realtek.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

 $\label{limit} git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/linville/wireless-testing.git$

Files

drivers/net/wireless/realtek/rtlwifi/

* REALTEK WIRELESS DRIVER (rtw88)

Mail

Yan-Hsuan Chuang <tony0620emma@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/realtek/rtw88/

* REDPINE WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Amitkumar Karwar <amitkarwar@gmail.com>, Siva Rebbagondla <siva8118@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/rsi/

* REGISTER MAP ABSTRACTION

Mail

Mark Brown
 broonie@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/broonie/regmap.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regmap/ drivers/base/regmap/include/linux/regmap.h

* REISERFS FILE SYSTEM

Mailing list

reiserfs-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

fs/reiserfs/

* REMOTE PROCESSOR (REMOTEPROC) SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Ohad Ben-Cohen <ohad@wizery.com>, Bjorn Andersson
 <bjorn.andersson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-remoteproc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/andersson/remoteproc.git rproc-next

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-remoteproc
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/remoteproc/ staging/remoteproc drivers/remoteproc/ include/linux/
remoteproc.h include/linux/remoteproc/

* REMOTE PROCESSOR MESSAGING (RPMSG) SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Ohad Ben-Cohen <ohad@wizery.com>, Bjorn Andersson

bjorn.andersson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-remoteproc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/andersson/remoteproc.git rpmsg-next

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-rpmsg staging/rpmsg drivers/rpmsg/include/linux/rpmsg.h include/linux/rpmsg/include/uapi/linux/rpmsg.h samples/rpmsg/

* RENESAS CLOCK DRIVERS

Mail

Geert Uytterhoeven <geert+renesas@glider.be>

Mailing list

linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/geert/renesas-drivers.git clk-renesas

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/renesas,*
drivers/clk/renesas/

* RENESAS EMEV2 I2C DRIVER

Mail

Wolfram Sang <wsa+renesas@sang-engineering.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/renesas,iic-emev2.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-emev2.c

* RENESAS ETHERNET DRIVERS

Reviewer

Sergei Shtylyov <sergei.shtylyov@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/renesas,*.yamldrivers/net/ethernet/renesas/include/linux/sh_eth.h

* RENESAS R-CAR GYROADC DRIVER

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/renesas, gyroadc.txt drivers/iio/adc/rcar-gyroadc.c

* RENESAS R-CAR I2C DRIVERS

Mail

Wolfram Sang <wsa+renesas@sang-engineering.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/renesas,i2c.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/renesas,iic. txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-rcar.c drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-sh mobile.c

* RENESAS R-CAR THERMAL DRIVERS

Mail

Niklas Söderlund <niklas.soderlund@ragnatech.se>

Mailing list

linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/
rcar-gen3-thermal.yaml Documentation/devicetree/
bindings/thermal/rcar-thermal.yaml drivers/thermal/
rcar_gen3_thermal.c drivers/thermal/rcar_thermal.c

* RENESAS RIIC DRIVER

Mail

Chris Brandt <chris.brandt@renesas.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/renesas,riic.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-riic.c

* RENESAS USB PHY DRIVER

Mail

Yoshihiro Shimoda <yoshihiro.shimoda.uh@renesas.com>

Mailing list

linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/phy/renesas/phy-rcar-gen3-usb*.c

* RESET CONTROLLER FRAMEWORK

Mail

Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.pengutronix.de/git/pza/linux

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/reset/ drivers/ reset/ include/dt-bindings/reset/ include/linux/ reset-controller.h include/linux/reset.h include/linux/ reset/

Content regex

\b(?:devm_|of_)?reset_control(?:ler_[a-z]+|_[a-z_]+)?\b

* RESTARTABLE SEQUENCES SUPPORT

Mail

Mathieu Desnoyers <mathieu.desnoyers@efficios.com>, Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>, "Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>, Boqun Feng <boqun.feng@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

include/trace/events/rseq.h include/uapi/linux/rseq.h
kernel/rseq.c tools/testing/selftests/rseq/

* RFKILL

Mail

Johannes Berg <johannes@sipsolutions.net>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jberg/mac80211.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jberg/mac80211-next.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-class-rfkill driver-api/rfkill include/linux/rfkill.h include/uapi/linux/rfkill.h net/rfkill/

* RHASHTABLE

Mail

Thomas Graf <tgraf@suug.ch>, Herbert Xu <herbert@gondor.apana.org.au>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/rhashtable-types.h include/linux/
rhashtable.h lib/rhashtable.c lib/test_rhashtable.c

* RICOH R5C592 MEMORYSTICK DRIVER

Mail

Maxim Levitsky <maximlevitsky@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/memstick/host/r592.*

* RICOH SMARTMEDIA/XD DRIVER

Mail

Maxim Levitsky <maximlevitsky@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/raw/r852.c drivers/mtd/nand/raw/r852.h

* RISC-V ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Paul Walmsley <paul.walmsley@sifive.com>, Palmer Dabbelt <palmer@dabbelt.com>, Albert Ou <aou@eecs.berkeley.edu>

Mailing list

linux-riscv@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

P

riscv/patch-acceptance

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/riscv/linux.git

Files

arch/riscv/

Regex

riscv

Content regex

riscv

* RNBD BLOCK DRIVERS

Mail

Danil Kipnis <danil.kipnis@cloud.ionos.com>, Jack Wang <jinpu.wang@cloud.ionos.com>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/block/rnbd/

* ROCCAT DRIVERS

Mail

Stefan Achatz <erazor de@users.sourceforge.net>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sourceforge.net/projects/roccat/

Files

Documentation/ABI/*/sysfs-driver-hid-roccat* drivers/hid/ hid-roccat* include/linux/hid-roccat*

* ROCKCHIP ISP V1 DRIVER

Mail

Helen Koike <helen.koike@collabora.com>, Dafna Hirschfeld <dafna.hirschfeld@collabora.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

admin-guide/media/rkisp1 userspace-api/media/v4l/pixfmt-meta-rkisp1 drivers/staging/media/rkisp1/

* ROCKCHIP RASTER 2D GRAPHIC ACCELERATION UNIT DRIVER

Mail

Jacob Chen <jacob-chen@iotwrt.com>, Ezequiel Garcia
<ezequiel@collabora.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-rockchip@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/rockchip-rga. yaml drivers/media/platform/rockchip/rga/

* ROCKCHIP VIDEO DECODER DRIVER

Mail

Ezequiel Garcia <ezequiel@collabora.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-rockchip@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/rockchip,vdec.
yaml drivers/staging/media/rkvdec/

* ROCKER DRIVER

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@resnulli.us>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/rocker/

* ROCKETPORT DRIVER

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.comtrol.com

Files

driver-api/serial/rocket drivers/tty/rocket*

* ROCKETPORT EXPRESS/INFINITY DRIVER

Mail

Kevin Cernekee < cernekee@gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/tty/serial/rp2.*

* ROHM BD99954 CHARGER IC

Reviewer

Matti Vaittinen <matti.vaittinen@fi.rohmeurope.com>

Mailing list

linux-power@fi.rohmeurope.com

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/power/supply/bd99954-charger.c drivers/power/ supply/bd99954-charger.h

* ROHM BH1750 AMBIENT LIGHT SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Tomasz Duszynski <tduszyns@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/light/bh1750.yamldrivers/iio/light/bh1750.c

* ROHM MULTIFUNCTION BD9571MWV-M PMIC DEVICE DRIVERS

Mail

Marek Vasut <marek.vasut+renesas@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, linux-renesas-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/bd9571mwv.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-bd9571mwv.c drivers/mfd/bd9571mwv.c drivers/regulator/bd9571mwv-regulator.c include/linux/mfd/bd9571mwv.h

* ROHM POWER MANAGEMENT IC DEVICE DRIVERS

Reviewer

Matti Vaittinen <matti.vaittinen@fi.rohmeurope.com>

Mailing list

linux-power@fi.rohmeurope.com

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/rohm,bd70528-pmic. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/rohm, bd70528-regulator.txt drivers/clk/clk-bd718x7.c drivers/ gpio/gpio-bd70528.c drivers/gpio/gpio-bd71828.c drivers/ mfd/rohm-bd70528.c drivers/mfd/rohm-bd71828.c mfd/rohm-bd718x7.c drivers/power/supply/bd70528-charger.c drivers/regulator/bd70528-regulator.c drivers/regulator/ bd71828-regulator.c drivers/regulator/bd718x7-regulator. drivers/regulator/rohm-regulator.c drivers/rtc/ rtc-bd70528.c drivers/watchdog/bd70528 wdt.c include/ linux/mfd/rohm-bd70528.h include/linux/mfd/rohm-bd71828. include/linux/mfd/rohm-bd718x7.h include/linux/mfd/ rohm-generic.h include/linux/mfd/rohm-shared.h

* ROSE NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Ralf Baechle <ralf@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-ax25.org/

Files

include/net/rose.h include/uapi/linux/rose.h net/rose/

* ROTATION DRIVER FOR ALLWINNER A83T

Mail

Jernej Skrabec <jernej.skrabec@siol.net>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/allwinner, sun8i-a83t-de2-rotate.yaml drivers/media/platform/sunxi/ sun8i-rotate/

* RTL2830 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/rtl2830*

* RTL2832 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/rtl2832*

* RTL2832 SDR MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/rtl2832_sdr*

* RTL8180 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/linville/wireless-testing.git

Files

drivers/net/wireless/realtek/rtl818x/rtl8180/

* RTL8187 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Herton Ronaldo Krzesinski <herton@canonical.com>, Hin-Tak Leung <htl10@users.sourceforge.net>, Larry Finger <Larry.Finger@lwfinger.net>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/

SCM

 $\label{limit} git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/linville/wireless-testing.git$

Files

drivers/net/wireless/realtek/rtl818x/rtl8187/

* RTL8XXXU WIRELESS DRIVER (rtl8xxxu)

Mail

Jes Sorensen < Jes. Sorensen@gmail.com >

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jes/linux.git rtl8xxxu-devel

Files

drivers/net/wireless/realtek/rtl8xxxu/

* RTRS TRANSPORT DRIVERS

Mail

Danil Kipnis <danil.kipnis@cloud.ionos.com>, Jack Wang <jinpu.wang@cloud.ionos.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/infiniband/ulp/rtrs/

* RXRPC SOCKETS (AF RXRPC)

Mail

David Howells dhowells@redhat.com

Mailing list

linux-afs@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://www.infradead.org/~dhowells/kafs/

Files

networking/rxrpc include/keys/rxrpc-type.h include/net/
af_rxrpc.h include/trace/events/rxrpc.h include/uapi/
linux/rxrpc.h net/rxrpc/

* S3 SAVAGE FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Antonino Daplas <adaplas@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/savage/

* S390

Mail

Heiko Carstens <hca@linux.ibm.com>, Vasily Gorbik <gor@linux.ibm.com>, Christian Borntraeger
 <box borntraeger@de.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/s390/linux.git

Files

driver-api/s390-drivers Documentation/s390/ arch/s390/ drivers/s390/

* S390 COMMON I/O LAYER

Mail

Vineeth Vijayan <vneethv@linux.ibm.com>, Peter Oberparleiter <oberpar@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

drivers/s390/cio/

* S390 DASD DRIVER

Mail

Stefan Haberland <sth@linux.ibm.com>, Jan Hoeppner <hoeppner@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

block/partitions/ibm.c drivers/s390/block/dasd* include/ linux/dasd_mod.h

* **S390 IOMMU (PCI)**

Mail

Matthew Rosato <mjrosato@linux.ibm.com>, Gerald Schaefer <gerald.schaefer@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

drivers/iommu/s390-iommu.c

* S390 IUCV NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Julian Wiedmann <jwi@linux.ibm.com>, Karsten Graul <kgraul@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

drivers/s390/net/*iucv* include/net/iucv/ net/iucv/

* S390 NETWORK DRIVERS

Mail

Julian Wiedmann <jwi@linux.ibm.com>, Karsten Graul <kgraul@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

drivers/s390/net/

* S390 PCI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Niklas Schnelle <schnelle@linux.ibm.com>, Gerald Schaefer <gerald.schaefer@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

arch/s390/pci/drivers/pci/hotplug/s390 pci hpc.c s390/pci

* S390 VFIO AP DRIVER

Mail

Tony Krowiak <akrowiak@linux.ibm.com>, Pierre Morel <pmorel@linux.ibm.com>, Halil Pasic <pasic@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

s390/vfio-ap drivers/s390/crypto/vfio_ap_drv.c drivers/ s390/crypto/vfio_ap_ops.c drivers/s390/crypto/ vfio_ap_private.h

* S390 VFIO-CCW DRIVER

Mail

Cornelia Huck <cohuck@redhat.com>, Eric Farman <farman@linux.ibm.com>

Reviewer

Halil Pasic <pasic@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org, kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

s390/vfio-ccw drivers/s390/cio/vfio_ccw* include/uapi/linux/vfio_ccw.h

* S390 VFIO-PCI DRIVER

Mail

Matthew Rosato <mjrosato@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org, kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/vfio/pci/vfio_pci_zdev.c include/uapi/linux/
vfio_zdev.h

* S390 ZCRYPT DRIVER

Mail

Harald Freudenberger <freude@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

drivers/s390/crypto/

* S390 ZFCP DRIVER

Mail

Steffen Maier <maier@linux.ibm.com>, Benjamin Block <bb/> <bblock@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

drivers/s390/scsi/zfcp *

* S3C24XX SD/MMC Driver

Mail

Ben Dooks

ben-linux@fluff.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/mmc/host/s3cmci.*

* SAA6588 RDS RECEIVER DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/saa6588*

* SAA7134 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/driver-api/media/drivers/saa7134* drivers/media/pci/saa7134/

* SAA7146 VIDEO4LINUX-2 DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/common/saa7146/ drivers/media/pci/saa7146/ include/media/drv-intf/saa7146*

* SAFESETID SECURITY MODULE

Mail

Micah Morton <mortonm@chromium.org>

Status

Supported

Files

admin-guide/LSM/SafeSetID security/safesetid/

* SAMSUNG AUDIO (ASoC) DRIVERS

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/samsung* sound/soc/samsung/

* SAMSUNG EXYNOS PSEUDO RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR (RNG) DRIVER

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rng/samsung, exynos4-rng.yaml drivers/crypto/exynos-rng.c

* SAMSUNG EXYNOS TRUE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR (TRNG) DRIVER

Mail

Łukasz Stelmach < l. stelmach@samsung.com >

Mailing list

linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/rng/samsung, exynos5250-trng.txt drivers/char/hw random/exynos-trng.c

* SAMSUNG FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Jingoo Han <jingoohan1@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/s3c-fb.c

* SAMSUNG LAPTOP DRIVER

Mail

Corentin Chary < corentin.chary@gmail.com >

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/samsung-laptop.c

* SAMSUNG MULTIFUNCTION PMIC DEVICE DRIVERS

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/samsung,s2mps11.

txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/samsung,
sec-core.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/
samsung,s2m*.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
regulator/samsung,s5m*.txt drivers/clk/clk-s2mps11.c
drivers/mfd/sec*.c drivers/regulator/s2m*.c drivers/
regulator/s5m*.c drivers/rtc/rtc-s5m.c include/linux/
mfd/samsung/

* SAMSUNG S3C24XX/S3C64XX SOC SERIES CAMIF DRIVER

Mail

Sylwester Nawrocki <sylvester.nawrocki@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/platform/s3c-camif/ include/media/drv-intf/ s3c camif.h

* SAMSUNG S3FWRN5 NFC DRIVER

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Krzysztof Opasiak <k.opasiak@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-nfc@lists.01.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/nfc/samsung, s3fwrn5.yaml drivers/nfc/s3fwrn5

* SAMSUNG S5C73M3 CAMERA DRIVER

Mail

Andrzej Hajda <a.hajda@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/media/i2c/s5c73m3/*

* SAMSUNG S5K5BAF CAMERA DRIVER

Mail

Andrzej Hajda <a.hajda@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/media/i2c/s5k5baf.c

* SAMSUNG S5P Security SubSystem (SSS) DRIVER

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Vladimir Zapolskiy <vz@mleia.com>, Kamil Konieczny <k.konieczny@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/crypto/ samsung-slimsss.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/ crypto/samsung-sss.yaml drivers/crypto/s5p-sss.c

* SAMSUNG S5P/EXYNOS4 SOC SERIES CAMERA SUBSYSTEM DRIVERS

Mail

Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/platform/exynos4-is/

* SAMSUNG SOC CLOCK DRIVERS

Mail

Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>,
Tomasz Figa <tomasz.figa@gmail.com>, Chanwoo Choi
<cw00.choi@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/snawrocki/clk.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/exynos*.txt
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/samsung,s3c*
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/samsung,s5p*
drivers/clk/samsung/ include/dt-bindings/clock/exynos*.h
include/linux/clk/samsung.h include/linux/platform_data/
clk-s3c2410.h

* SAMSUNG SPI DRIVERS

Mail

Krzysztof Kozlowski <krzk@kernel.org>, Andi Shyti <andi@etezian.org>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/spi-samsung. txt drivers/spi/spi-s3c* include/linux/platform_data/ spi-s3c64xx.h include/linux/spi/s3c24xx-fiq.h

* SAMSUNG SXGBE DRIVERS

Mail

Byungho An

h74.an@samsung.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/samsung/sxgbe/

* SAMSUNG THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Bartlomiej Zolnierkiewicz <b.zolnierkie@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-samsung-soc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git https://github.com/lmajewski/linux-samsung-thermal.git

Files

drivers/thermal/samsung/

* SAMSUNG USB2 PHY DRIVER

Mail

Sylwester Nawrocki <s.nawrocki@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/samsung-phy.

txt driver-api/phy/samsung-usb2 drivers/phy/samsung/
phy-exynos4210-usb2.c drivers/phy/samsung/
phy-exynos5250-usb2.c drivers/phy/samsung/
phy-s5pv210-usb2.c drivers/phy/samsung/phy-samsung-usb2.c
drivers/phy/samsung/phy-samsung-usb2.h

* SC1200 WDT DRIVER

Mail

Zwane Mwaikambo <zwanem@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/watchdog/sc1200wdt.c

* SCHEDULER

Mail

Ingo Molnar <mingo@redhat.com>, Peter Zijlstra <peterz@infradead.org>, Juri Lelli <juri.lelli@redhat.com> (SCHED_DEADLINE), Vincent Guittot <vincent.guittot@linaro.org> (SCHED_NORMAL)

Reviewer

Dietmar Eggemann <dietmar.eggemann@arm.com> (SCHED_NORMAL), Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org> (SCHED_FIFO/SCHED_RR), Ben Segall

(CONFIG_CFS_BANDWIDTH), Mel Gorman <mgorman@suse.de> (CONFIG_NUMA_BALANCING), Daniel Bristot de Oliveira

| SCHED_DEADLINE | DEADLINE |

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git sched/core

Files

include/linux/preempt.h include/linux/sched.h include/ linux/wait.h include/uapi/linux/sched.h kernel/sched/

* SCR24X CHIP CARD INTERFACE DRIVER

Mail

Lubomir Rintel < lkundrak@v3.sk>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/char/pcmcia/scr24x_cs.c

* SCSI CDROM DRIVER

Mail

Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.kernel.dk

Files

drivers/scsi/sr*

* SCSI RDMA PROTOCOL (SRP) INITIATOR

Mail

Bart Van Assche

bvanassche@acm.org>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

Files

drivers/infiniband/ulp/srp/ include/scsi/srp.h

* SCSI RDMA PROTOCOL (SRP) TARGET

Mail

Bart Van Assche

bvanassche@acm.org>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org, target-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-rdma/list/

Files

drivers/infiniband/ulp/srpt/

* SCSI SG DRIVER

Mail

Doug Gilbert <dgilbert@interlog.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sg.danny.cz/sg

Files

scsi/scsi-generic drivers/scsi/sg.c include/scsi/sg.h

* SCSI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

"James E.J. Bottomley" <jejb@linux.ibm.com>, "Martin K. Petersen" <martin.petersen@oracle.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-scsi/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jejb/scsi.git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mkp/scsi.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/scsi/ drivers/scsi/ include/scsi/

* SCSI TAPE DRIVER

Mail

Kai Mäkisara < Kai. Makisara@kolumbus.fi>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

scsi/st drivers/scsi/st.* drivers/scsi/st_*.h

* SCSI TARGET SUBSYSTEM

Mail

"Martin K. Petersen" <martin.petersen@oracle.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org, target-devel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-iscsi.org

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/target-devel/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mkp/scsi.git

Files

Documentation/target/ drivers/target/ include/target/

* SCTP PROTOCOL

Mail

Vlad Yasevich <vyasevich@gmail.com>, Neil Horman <nhorman@tuxdriver.com>, Marcelo Ricardo Leitner <marcelo.leitner@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-sctp@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://lksctp.sourceforge.net

Files

networking/sctp include/linux/sctp.h include/net/sctp/ include/uapi/linux/sctp.h net/sctp/

* SCx200 CPU SUPPORT

Mail

Jim Cromie <jim.cromie@gmail.com>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

i2c/busses/scx200_acb arch/x86/platform/scx200/ drivers/i2c/ busses/scx200* drivers/mtd/maps/scx200_docflash.cdrivers/ watchdog/scx200_wdt.cinclude/linux/scx200.h

* SCx200 GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Jim Cromie < jim.cromie@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/scx200_gpio.c include/linux/scx200_gpio.h

* SCx200 HRT CLOCKSOURCE DRIVER

Mail

Jim Cromie < jim.cromie@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clocksource/scx200_hrt.c

* SDRICOH CS MMC/SD HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE DRIVER

Mail

Sascha Sommer <saschasommer@freenet.de>

Mailing list

sdricohcs-devel@lists.sourceforge.net (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdricoh cs.c

* SECO BOARDS CEC DRIVER

Mail

Ettore Chimenti <ek5.chimenti@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/cec/platform/seco/seco-cec.c drivers/media/ cec/platform/seco/seco-cec.h

* SECURE COMPUTING

Mail

Kees Cook <keescook@chromium.org>

Reviewer

Andy Lutomirski <luto@amacapital.net>, Will Drewry <wad@chromium.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kees/linux.git seccomp

Files

userspace-api/seccomp_filter include/linux/seccomp.h include/
uapi/linux/seccomp.h kernel/seccomp.c tools/testing/
selftests/kselftest_harness.h tools/testing/selftests/
seccomp/*

Content regex

\bsecure_computing \bTIF_SECCOMP\b

* SECURE DIGITAL HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (SDHCI) Broadcom BRCMSTB DRIVER

Mail

Al Cooper <alcooperx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org, list@broadcom.com

bcm-kernel-feedback-

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-brcmstb*

* SECURE DIGITAL HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (SDHCI) DRIVER

Mail

Adrian Hunter <adrian.hunter@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci* include/linux/mmc/sdhci*

* SECURE DIGITAL HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (SDHCI) MI-CROCHIP DRIVER

Mail

Eugen Hristev < eugen.hristev@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-of-at91.c

* SECURE DIGITAL HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (SDHCI) SAM-SUNG DRIVER

Mail

Ben Dooks
 <ben-linux@fluff.org>, Jaehoon Chung
 <jh80.chung@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-s3c*

* SECURE DIGITAL HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (SDHCI) ST SPEAR DRIVER

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-spear.c

* SECURE DIGITAL HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE (SDHCI) TI OMAP DRIVER

Mail

Kishon Vijay Abraham I <kishon@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-omap.c

* SECURE ENCRYPTING DEVICE (SED) OPAL DRIVER

Mail

Jonathan Derrick <jonathan.derrick@intel.com>, Revanth Rajashekar <revanth.rajashekar@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

block/opal_proto.h block/sed* include/linux/sed* include/
uapi/linux/sed*

* SECURITY CONTACT

Mail

Security Officers <security@kernel.org>

Status

Supported

Files

admin-guide/security-bugs

* SECURITY SUBSYSTEM

Mail

James Morris <jmorris@namei.org>, "Serge E. Hallyn"
<serge@hallyn.com>

Mailing list

linux-security-module@vger.kernel.org (suggested Cc:)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://kernsec.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jmorris/linux-security.git

Files

security/

Excluded

security/selinux/

* SELINUX SECURITY MODULE

Mail

Paul Moore <paul@paul-moore.com>, Stephen Smalley <stephen.smalley.work@gmail.com>, Eric Paris <eparis@parisplace.org>

Mailing list

selinux@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://selinuxproject.org/https://github.com/SELinuxProject

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pcmoore/selinux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/obsolete/sysfs-selinux-checkreqprot Documentation/ABI/obsolete/sysfs-selinux-disable adminguide/LSM/SELinux include/trace/events/avc.h include/uapi/ linux/selinux_netlink.h scripts/selinux/ security/selinux/

* SENSABLE PHANTOM

Mail

Jiri Slaby <jirislaby@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/phantom.c include/uapi/linux/phantom.h

* SENSIRION SCD30 CARBON DIOXIDE SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Tomasz Duszynski <tomasz.duszynski@octakon.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/chemical/ sensirion,scd30.yamldrivers/iio/chemical/scd30.hdrivers/ iio/chemical/scd30_core.cdrivers/iio/chemical/scd30_i2c. cdrivers/iio/chemical/scd30_serial.c

* SENSIRION SPS30 AIR POLLUTION SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Tomasz Duszynski <tduszyns@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/chemical/sensirion,sps30.yamldrivers/iio/chemical/sps30.c

* SERIAL DEVICE BUS

Mail

Rob Herring <robh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/serial/serial.yamldrivers/tty/serdev/include/linux/serdev.h

* SERIAL DRIVERS

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/serial/ drivers/tty/
serial/

* SERIAL IR RECEIVER

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/serial ir.c

* SERIAL LOW-POWER INTER-CHIP MEDIA BUS (SLIMbus)

Mail

Srinivas Kandagatla <srinivas.kandagatla@linaro.org>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/slimbus/ drivers/slimbus/include/linux/slimbus.h

* SFC NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Edward Cree <ecree.xilinx@gmail.com>, Martin Habets <habetsm.xilinx@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/sfc/

* SFF/SFP/SFP+ MODULE SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/phy/phylink.c drivers/net/phy/sfp* include/ linux/mdio/mdio-i2c.h include/linux/phylink.h include/ linux/sfp.h

Content regex

phylink\.h|struct\s+phylink|\.phylink|>phylink_|phylink_(autoneg|clear|c

* SGI GRU DRIVER

Mail

Dimitri Sivanich <sivanich@sgi.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/sgi-gru/

* SGI XP/XPC/XPNET DRIVER

Mail

Cliff Whickman <cpw@sgi.com>, Robin Holt <robinmholt@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/sgi-xp/

* SHARED MEMORY COMMUNICATIONS (SMC) SOCKETS

Mail

Karsten Graul < kgraul@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/linux390/

Files

net/smc/

* SHARP GP2AP002A00F/GP2AP002S00F SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Linus Walleij < linus.walleij@linaro.org >

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jic23/iio.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/light/sharp, gp2ap002.yaml drivers/iio/light/gp2ap002.c

* SHARP RJ54N1CB0C SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Jacopo Mondi <jacopo@jmondi.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/rj54n1cb0c.c inc
rj54n1cb0c.h

include/media/i2c/

* SH_VOU V4L2 OUTPUT DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/media/platform/sh_vou.c include/media/drv-intf/ sh_vou.h

* SI2157 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/si2157*

* SI2165 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Matthias Schwarzott <zzam@gentoo.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/si2165*

* SI2168 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/si2168*

* SI470X FM RADIO RECEIVER I2C DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/si470x/radio-si470x-i2c.c

* SI470X FM RADIO RECEIVER USB DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/si470x/radio-si470x-common.c drivers/
media/radio/si470x/radio-si470x-usb.c drivers/media/
radio/si470x/radio-si470x.h

* SI4713 FM RADIO TRANSMITTER I2C DRIVER

Mail

Eduardo Valentin <edubezval@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/si4713/si4713.?

* SI4713 FM RADIO TRANSMITTER PLATFORM DRIVER

Mail

Eduardo Valentin <edubezval@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/si4713/radio-platform-si4713.c

* SI4713 FM RADIO TRANSMITTER USB DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/si4713/radio-usb-si4713.c

* SIANO DVB DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/common/siano/ drivers/media/mmc/siano/
drivers/media/usb/siano/ drivers/media/usb/siano/

* SIFIVE DRIVERS

Mail

Palmer Dabbelt cpalmer@dabbelt.com>, Paul Walmsley cpaul.walmsley@sifive.com>

Mailing list

linux-riscv@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://github.com/sifive/riscv-linux.git

Regex

sifive

Content regex

[^@]sifive

* SIFIVE FU540 SYSTEM-ON-CHIP

Mail

Paul Walmsley <paul.walmsley@sifive.com>, Palmer Dabbelt <palmer@dabbelt.com>

Mailing list

linux-riscv@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pjw/sifive.git

Regex

fu540

Content regex

fu540

* SIFIVE PDMA DRIVER

Mail

Green Wan <green.wan@sifive.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/sifive, fu540-c000-pdma.yaml drivers/dma/sf-pdma/

* SILEAD TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org, platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/touchscreen/silead.c drivers/platform/x86/ touchscreen_dmi.c

* SILICON LABS WIRELESS DRIVERS (for WFxxx series)

Mail

Jérôme Pouiller <jerome.pouiller@silabs.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/staging/wfx/

* SILICON MOTION SM712 FRAME BUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Sudip Mukherjee <sudipm.mukherjee@gmail.com>, Teddy Wang <teddy.wang@siliconmotion.com>, Sudip Mukherjee <sudip.mukherjee@codethink.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fb/sm712fb drivers/video/fbdev/sm712*

* SIMPLE FIRMWARE INTERFACE (SFI)

Status

Obsolete

Web-page

http://simplefirmware.org/

Files

arch/x86/platform/sfi/ drivers/sfi/ include/linux/sfi*.h

* SIMPLEFB FB DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/
simple-framebuffer.yaml drivers/video/fbdev/simplefb.c
include/linux/platform data/simplefb.h

* SIMTEC EB110ATX (Chalice CATS)

Mail

Simtec Linux Team < linux@simtec.co.uk>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.simtec.co.uk/products/EB110ATX/

* SIMTEC EB2410ITX (BAST)

Mail

Simtec Linux Team < linux@simtec.co.uk>

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.simtec.co.uk/products/EB2410ITX/

Files

arch/arm/mach-s3c/bast-ide.c arch/arm/mach-s3c/bast-irq.c
arch/arm/mach-s3c/mach-bast.c

* SIOX

Mail

Thorsten Scherer <t.scherer@eckelmann.de>, Uwe Kleine-König <u.kleine-koenig@pengutronix.de>

Reviewer

Pengutronix Kernel Team < kernel@pengutronix.de>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-siox.c drivers/siox/* include/trace/
events/siox.h

* SIPHASH PRF ROUTINES

Mail

Jason A. Donenfeld <Jason@zx2c4.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/siphash.h lib/siphash.c lib/test_siphash.c

* SIS 190 ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Francois Romieu < romieu@fr.zoreil.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/sis/sis190.c

* SIS 900/7016 FAST ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Daniele Venzano <venza@brownhat.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.brownhat.org/sis900.html

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/sis/sis900.*

* SIS FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Thomas Winischhofer <thomas@winischhofer.net>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.winischhofer.net/linuxsisvga.shtml

Files

fb/sisfb drivers/video/fbdev/sis/include/video/sisfb.h

* SIS 12C TOUCHSCREEN DRIVER

Mail

Mika Penttilä <mika.penttila@nextfour.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/touchscreen/sis_i2c.txt drivers/input/touchscreen/sis_i2c.c

* SIS USB2VGA DRIVER

Mail

Thomas Winischhofer <thomas@winischhofer.net>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.winischhofer.at/linuxsisusbvga.shtml

Files

drivers/usb/misc/sisusbvga/

* SLAB ALLOCATOR

Mail

Christoph Lameter <cl@linux.com>, Pekka Enberg <penberg@kernel.org>, David Rientjes <rientjes@google.com>, Joonsoo Kim <iamjoonsoo.kim@lge.com>, Andrew Morton <akpm@linux-foundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/sl?b*.h mm/sl?b*

* SLEEPABLE READ-COPY UPDATE (SRCU)

Mail

Lai Jiangshan <jiangshanlai@gmail.com>, "Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>, Josh Triplett <josh@joshtriplett.org>

Reviewer

Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, Mathieu Desnoyers <mathieu.desnoyers@efficios.com>

Mailing list

rcu@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.rdrop.com/users/paulmck/RCU/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/paulmck/linux-rcu.git dev

Files

include/linux/srcu*.h kernel/rcu/srcu*.c

* SMACK SECURITY MODULE

Mail

Casey Schaufler <casey@schaufler-ca.com>

Mailing list

linux-security-module@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://schaufler-ca.com

SCM

git git://github.com/cschaufler/smack-next

Files

admin-guide/LSM/Smack security/smack/

* SMC91x ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Nicolas Pitre <nico@fluxnic.net>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/smsc/smc91x.*

* SECURE MONITOR CALL(SMC) CALLING CONVENTION (SMCCC)

Mail

Mark Rutland <mark.rutland@arm.com>, Lorenzo Pieralisi <lorenzo.pieralisi@arm.com>, Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/firmware/smccc/ include/linux/arm-smccc.h

* SMIA AND SMIA++ IMAGE SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/nokia,smia. txt drivers/media/i2c/smiapp-pll.c drivers/media/i2c/smiapp-pll.h drivers/media/i2c/smiapp/include/uapi/linux/smiapp.h

* SMM665 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/smm665 drivers/hwmon/smm665.c

* SMSC EMC2103 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Steve Glendinning <steve.glendinning@shawell.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/emc2103 drivers/hwmon/emc2103.c

* SMSC SCH5627 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

hwmon/sch5627 drivers/hwmon/sch5627.c

* SMSC UFX6000 and UFX7000 USB to VGA DRIVER

Mail

Steve Glendinning <steve.glendinning@shawell.net>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/smscufx.c

* SMSC47B397 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/smsc47b397 drivers/hwmon/smsc47b397.c

* SMSC911x ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Steve Glendinning <steve.glendinning@shawell.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/smsc/smsc911x.* include/linux/
smsc911x.h

* SMSC9420 PCI ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Steve Glendinning <steve.glendinning@shawell.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/smsc/smsc9420.*

* SOCIONEXT (SNI) AVE NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Kunihiko Hayashi <hayashi.kunihiko@socionext.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

808

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/socionext, uniphier-ave4.yaml drivers/net/ethernet/socionext/ sni_ave.c

* SOCIONEXT (SNI) NETSEC NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Jassi Brar <jaswinder.singh@linaro.org>, Ilias Apalodimas <ilias.apalodimas@linaro.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/socionext-netsec.txt drivers/net/ethernet/socionext/netsec.c

* SOCIONEXT (SNI) Synquacer SPI DRIVER

Mail

Masahisa Kojima <masahisa.kojima@linaro.org>, Jassi Brar <jaswinder.singh@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/spi-synquacer.txt drivers/spi/spi-synquacer.c

* SOCIONEXT SYNQUACER I2C DRIVER

Mail

Ard Biesheuvel <ardb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-synquacer.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-synquacer.c

* SOCIONEXT UNIPHIER SOUND DRIVER

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Orphan

Files

sound/soc/uniphier/

* SOEKRIS NET48XX LED SUPPORT

Mail

Chris Boot

bootc@bootc.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/leds/leds-net48xx.c

* SOFT-IWARP DRIVER (siw)

Mail

Bernard Metzler

bmt@zurich.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/infiniband/sw/siw/ include/uapi/rdma/siw-abi.h

* SOFT-ROCE DRIVER (rxe)

Mail

Zhu Yanjun < yanjunz@nvidia.com >

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

810

drivers/infiniband/sw/rxe/
rdma_user_rxe.h

include/uapi/rdma/

* SOFTLOGIC 6x10 MPEG CODEC

Mail

Bluecherry Maintainers <maintainers@bluecherrydvr.com>,
Anton Sviridenko <anton@corp.bluecherry.net>, Andrey Utkin <andrey_utkin@fastmail.com>, Ismael Luceno <ismael@iodev.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/media/pci/solo6x10/

* SOFTWARE DELEGATED EXCEPTION INTERFACE (SDEI)

Mail

James Morse <james.morse@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/firmware/sdei.txt drivers/firmware/arm_sdei.c include/linux/arm_sdei.h include/uapi/linux/arm_sdei.h

* SOFTWARE RAID (Multiple Disks) SUPPORT

Mail

Song Liu <song@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-raid@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/song/md.git

Files

drivers/md/Kconfig drivers/md/Makefile drivers/md/md*
drivers/md/raid* include/linux/raid/ include/uapi/linux/
raid/

* SOLIDRUN CLEARFOG SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/armada-388-clearfog* arch/arm/boot/dts/ armada-38x-solidrun-*

* SOLIDRUN CUBOX-I/HUMMINGBOARD SUPPORT

Mail

Russell King linux@armlinux.org.uk>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/imx6*-cubox-i* arch/arm/boot/dts/
imx6*-hummingboard* arch/arm/boot/dts/imx6*-sr-*

* SONIC NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Thomas Bogendoerfer <tsbogend@alpha.franken.de>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/natsemi/sonic.*

* SONICS SILICON BACKPLANE DRIVER (SSB)

Mail

Michael Buesch <m@bues.ch>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/ssb/ include/linux/ssb/

* SONY IMX214 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Ricardo Ribalda <ribalda@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/sony,imx214.txt drivers/media/i2c/imx214.c

* SONY IMX219 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Dave Stevenson <dave.stevenson@raspberrypi.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/imx219.yamldrivers/media/i2c/imx219.c

* SONY IMX258 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/imx258.c

* SONY IMX274 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Leon Luo < leonl@leopardimaging.com >

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/sony,imx274. yaml drivers/media/i2c/imx274.c

* SONY IMX290 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Manivannan Sadhasivam <manivannan.sadhasivam@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/imx290.txt drivers/media/i2c/imx290.c

* SONY IMX319 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Bingbu Cao

bingbu.cao@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/imx319.c

* SONY IMX355 SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Tianshu Qiu <tian.shu.qiu@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/imx355.c

* SONY MEMORYSTICK SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Maxim Levitsky <maximlevitsky@gmail.com>, Alex Dubov <oakad@yahoo.com>, Ulf Hansson <ulf.hansson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ulfh/mmc.git

Files

drivers/memstick/ include/linux/memstick.h

* SONY VAIO CONTROL DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Mattia Dongili <malattia@linux.it>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux.it/~malattia/wiki/index.php/Sony drivers

Files

```
admin-guide/laptops/sony-laptop drivers/char/sonypi.c
drivers/platform/x86/sony-laptop.c include/linux/
sony-laptop.h
```

* SOUND

Mail

Jaroslav Kysela <perex@perex.cz>, Takashi Iwai <tiwai@suse.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.alsa-project.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/alsa-devel/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

Documentation/sound/ include/sound/ include/uapi/sound/

* SOUND - COMPRESSED AUDIO

Mail

Vinod Koul <vkoul@kernel.org>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

sound/designs/compress-offload include/sound/
compress_driver.h include/uapi/sound/compress_* sound/
core/compress offload.c sound/soc/soc-compress.c

* SOUND - DMAENGINE HELPERS

Mail

Lars-Peter Clausen < lars@metafoo.de>

Status

Supported

Files

include/sound/dmaengine_pcm.h sound/core/pcm_dmaengine.c sound/soc/soc-generic-dmaengine-pcm.c

* SOUND - SOC LAYER / DYNAMIC AUDIO POWER MANAGEMENT (ASoC)

Mail

Liam Girdwood dirdwood@gmail.com, Mark Brown
broonie@kernel.org

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://alsa-project.org/main/index.php/ASoC

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/broonie/sound.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/ Documentation/sound/soc/ include/dt-bindings/sound/ include/sound/soc*sound/soc/

* SOUND - SOUND OPEN FIRMWARE (SOF) DRIVERS

Mail

Pierre-Louis <pierre-louis.bossart@linux.intel.com>, Bossart Ranjani <lgirdwood@gmail.com>, Srid-Liam Girdwood haran <ranjani.sridharan@linux.intel.com>, Kai Vehmanen <kai.vehmanen@linux.intel.com>, Daniel Baluta <daniel.baluta@nxp.com>

Mailing list

 $sound-open-firmware@alsa-project.org \quad \mbox{(moderated for non-subscribers)}$

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/thesofproject/linux/

Files

sound/soc/sof/

* SOUNDWIRE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Vinod Koul <vkoul@kernel.org>, Bard Liao <yung-chuan.liao@linux.intel.com>

Reviewer

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/driver-api/soundwire/ drivers/soundwire/ include/linux/soundwire/

* SP2 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Olli Salonen <olli.salonen@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/sp2*

* SPARC + UltraSPARC (sparc/sparc64)

Mail

"David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>

Mailing list

sparclinux@vger.kernel.org

Status

818

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/sparclinux/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/sparc.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/sparc-next.git

Files

arch/sparc/ drivers/sbus/

* SPARC SERIAL DRIVERS

Mail

"David S. Miller" <davem@davemloft.net>

Mailing list

sparclinux@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/sparc.git git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/davem/sparc-next.git

Files

drivers/tty/serial/suncore.c drivers/tty/serial/sunhv.c
drivers/tty/serial/sunsab.c drivers/tty/serial/sunsab.h
drivers/tty/serial/sunsu.c drivers/tty/serial/sunzilog.c
drivers/tty/serial/sunzilog.h drivers/tty/vcc.c include/
linux/sunserialcore.h

* SPARSE CHECKER

Mail

"Luc Van Oostenryck" < luc.vanoostenryck@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-sparse@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://sparse.docs.kernel.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/devel/sparse/sparse.git

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-sparse/list/

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org/enter_bug.cgi?component=Sparse&product=Tools

Files

include/linux/compiler.h

* SPEAKUP CONSOLE SPEECH DRIVER

Mail

William Hubbs <w.d.hubbs@gmail.com>, Chris Brannon <chris@the-brannons.com>, Kirk Reiser <kirk@reisers.ca>, Samuel Thibault <samuel.thibault@ens-lyon.org>

Mailing list

speakup@linux-speakup.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

http://www.linux-speakup.org/

Files

drivers/accessibility/speakup/

* SPEAR CLOCK FRAMEWORK SUPPORT

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.st.com/spear

Files

drivers/clk/spear/

* SPEAR PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>, Shiraz Hashim <shiraz.linux.kernel@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.st.com/spear

Files

arch/arm/boot/dts/spear* arch/arm/mach-spear/

* SPI NOR SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Tudor Ambarus <tudor.ambarus@microchip.com>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-mtd.infradead.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-mtd/list/

chat

irc://irc.oftc.net/mtd

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mtd/linux.git spinor/next

Files

drivers/mtd/spi-nor/ include/linux/mtd/spi-nor.h

* SPI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Mark Brown
 broonie@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/spi-devel-general/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/broonie/spi.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/ Documentation/spi/drivers/spi/ include/linux/spi/ include/uapi/linux/spi/tools/spi/

* SPIDERNET NETWORK DRIVER for CELL

Mail

Ishizaki Kou <kou.ishizaki@toshiba.co.jp>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/toshiba/spider_net drivers/
net/ethernet/toshiba/spider_net*

* SPMI SUBSYSTEM

Reviewer

Stephen Boyd <sboyd@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-msm@vger.kernel.org

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spmi/ drivers/spmi/include/dt-bindings/spmi/spmi.h include/linux/spmi.h include/trace/events/spmi.h

* SPU FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Jeremy Kerr <jk@ozlabs.org>

Mailing list

linuxppc-dev@lists.ozlabs.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/power/cell/

Files

filesystems/spufs/spufs arch/powerpc/platforms/cell/spufs/

* SQUASHFS FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Phillip Lougher <phillip@squashfs.org.uk>

Mailing list

squashfs-devel@lists.sourceforge.net (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://squashfs.org.uk

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pkl/squashfs-next.git

Files

filesystems/squashfs fs/squashfs/

* SRM (Alpha) environment access

Mail

Jan-Benedict Glaw <jbglaw@lug-owl.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/alpha/kernel/srm env.c

* ST LSM6DSx IMU IIO DRIVER

Mail

Lorenzo Bianconi < lorenzo.bianconi83@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.st.com/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/imu/st_lsm6dsx.txt
drivers/iio/imu/st_lsm6dsx/

* ST MIPID02 CSI-2 TO PARALLEL BRIDGE DRIVER

Mail

Mickael Guene <mickael.guene@st.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/i2c/st, st-mipid02.txt drivers/media/i2c/st-mipid02.c

* ST STM32 I2C/SMBUS DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-stm32*

* ST VL53L0X ToF RANGER(I2C) IIO DRIVER

Mail

Song Qiang <songqiang1304521@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/proximity/vl53l0x.txt drivers/iio/proximity/vl53l0x-i2c.c

* STABLE BRANCH

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>, Sasha Levin <sashal@kernel.org>

Mailing list

stable@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

process/stable-kernel-rules

* STAGING - ATOMISP DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Sakari Ailus <sakari.ailus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/media/atomisp/

* STAGING - COMEDI

Mail

Ian Abbott <abbotti@mev.co.uk>, H Hartley Sweeten hsweeten@visionengravers.com

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/staging/comedi/

* STAGING - FIELDBUS SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Sven Van Asbroeck <TheSven73@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/fieldbus/* drivers/staging/fieldbus/
Documentation/

* STAGING - HMS ANYBUS-S BUS

Mail

Sven Van Asbroeck <TheSven73@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/fieldbus/anybuss/

* STAGING - INDUSTRIAL IO

Mail

Jonathan Cameron < jic23@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/staging/iio/ drivers/ staging/iio/

* STAGING - NVIDIA COMPLIANT EMBEDDED CONTROLLER INTER-FACE (nvec)

Mail

Marc Dietrich <marvin24@gmx.de>

Mailing list

ac100@lists.launchpad.net (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/staging/nvec/

* STAGING - OLPC SECONDARY DISPLAY CONTROLLER (DCON)

Mail

Jens Frederich <jfrederich@gmail.com>, Daniel Drake <dsd@laptop.org>, Jon Nettleton <jon.nettleton@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://wiki.laptop.org/go/DCON

drivers/staging/olpc_dcon/

* STAGING - REALTEK RTL8188EU DRIVERS

Mail

Larry Finger < Larry. Finger@lwfinger.net>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/staging/rtl8188eu/

* STAGING - REALTEK RTL8712U DRIVERS

Mail

Larry Finger <Larry.Finger@lwfinger.net>, Florian Schilhabel <florian.c.schilhabel@googlemail.com>.

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/staging/rtl8712/

* STAGING - SEPS525 LCD CONTROLLER DRIVERS

Mail

Michael Hennerich <michael.hennerich@analog.com>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/adc/adi,ad7606. yaml drivers/staging/fbtft/fb_seps525.c

* STAGING - SILICON MOTION SM750 FRAME BUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Sudip Mukherjee <sudipm.mukherjee@gmail.com>, Teddy Wang <teddy.wang@siliconmotion.com>, Sudip Mukherjee <sudip.mukherjee@codethink.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

drivers/staging/sm750fb/

* STAGING - VIA VT665X DRIVERS

Mail

Forest Bond <forest@alittletooguiet.net>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/staging/vt665?/

* STAGING SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-staging@lists.linux.dev

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/staging.git

Files

drivers/staging/

* STARFIRE/DURALAN NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Ion Badulescu <ionut@badula.org>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/adaptec/starfire*

* STEC S1220 SKD DRIVER

Mail

Damien Le Moal < Damien. Le Moal @wdc.com>

Mailing list

linux-block@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

drivers/block/skd*[ch]

* STI AUDIO (ASoC) DRIVERS

Mail

Arnaud Pouliquen <arnaud.pouliquen@st.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/st,
sti-asoc-card.txt sound/soc/sti/

* STI CEC DRIVER

Mail

Benjamin Gaignard

 denjamin.gaignard@linaro.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/stih-cec.txt drivers/media/cec/platform/sti/

* STK1160 USB VIDEO CAPTURE DRIVER

Mail

Ezequiel Garcia <ezequiel@vanguardiasur.com.ar>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/stk1160/

* STM32 AUDIO (ASoC) DRIVERS

Mail

Olivier Moysan <olivier.moysan@st.com>, Arnaud Pouliquen <arnaud.pouliquen@st.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/st,stm32-*.txt
sound/soc/stm/

* STM32 TIMER/LPTIMER DRIVERS

Mail

Fabrice Gasnier <fabrice.gasnier@st.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/ABI/testing/*timer-stm32 Documentation/devicetree/bindings/*/*stm32-*timer* drivers/pwm/pwm-stm32* include/linux/*/stm32-*tim*
```

* STMMAC ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

```
Giuseppe Cavallaro <peppe.cavallaro@st.com>, Alexandre Torgue <alexandre.torgue@st.com>, Jose Abreu <joabreu@synopsys.com>
```

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.stlinux.com

Files

Documentation/networking/device_drivers/ethernet/
stmicro/ drivers/net/ethernet/stmicro/stmmac/

* SUN3/3X

Mail

Sam Creasey <sammy@sammy.net>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sammy.net/sun3/

Files

arch/m68k/include/asm/sun3* arch/m68k/kernel/*sun3* arch/
m68k/sun3*/ drivers/net/ethernet/i825xx/sun3*

* SUN4I LOW RES ADC ATTACHED TABLET KEYS DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/input/allwinner,
sun4i-a10-lradc-keys.yaml drivers/input/keyboard/
sun4i-lradc-keys.c
```

* SUNDANCE NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Denis Kirjanov <kda@linux-powerpc.org>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/dlink/sundance.c

* SUPERH

Mail

Yoshinori Sato <ysato@users.sourceforge.jp>, Rich Felker <dalias@libc.org>

Mailing list

linux-sh@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-sh/list/

Files

Documentation/sh/ arch/sh/ drivers/sh/

* SUSPEND TO RAM

Mail

"Rafael J. Wysocki" <rjw@rjwysocki.net>, Len Brown <len.brown@intel.com>, Pavel Machek <pavel@ucw.cz>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

Files

Documentation/power/ arch/x86/kernel/acpi/ drivers/base/power/include/linux/freezer.h include/linux/pm.h include/linux/suspend.h kernel/power/

* SVGA HANDLING

Mail

Martin Mares <mj@ucw.cz>

Mailing list

linux-video@atrey.karlin.mff.cuni.cz

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/svga arch/x86/boot/video*

* SWIOTLB SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com>

Mailing list

iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/konrad/swiotlb.git

Files

```
arch/*/kernel/pci-swiotlb.c include/linux/swiotlb.h
kernel/dma/swiotlb.c
```

* SWITCHDEV

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@resnulli.us>, Ivan Vecera <ivecera@redhat.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

include/net/switchdev.h net/switchdev/

* SY8106A REGULATOR DRIVER

Mail

Icenowy Zheng <icenowy@aosc.io>

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/
sy8106a-regulator.txt drivers/regulator/
sy8106a-regulator.c
```

* SYNC FILE FRAMEWORK

Mail

Sumit Semwal <sumit.semwal@linaro.org>

Reviewer

Gustavo Padovan < gustavo@padovan.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

driver-api/sync_file drivers/dma-buf/dma-fence* drivers/
dma-buf/sw_sync.c drivers/dma-buf/sync_* include/linux/
sync_file.h include/uapi/linux/sync_file.h

* SYNOPSYS ARC ARCHITECTURE

Mail

Vineet Gupta <vgupta@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

linux-snps-arc@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/vgupta/arc.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arc/* Documentation/devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/snps,arc* arch/arc/ drivers/clocksource/arc_timer.c drivers/tty/serial/arc_uart.c

* SYNOPSYS ARC HSDK SDP pll clock driver

Mail

Eugeniy Paltsev < Eugeniy. Paltsev@synopsys.com >

Status

Supported

Files

834

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/snps, hsdk-pll-clock.txt drivers/clk/clk-hsdk-pll.c

* SYNOPSYS ARC SDP clock driver

Mail

Eugeniy Paltsev < Eugeniy. Paltsev@synopsys.com >

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/snps,pll-clock.
txt drivers/clk/axs10x/*

* SYNOPSYS ARC SDP platform support

Mail

Alexey Brodkin <abrodkin@synopsys.com>

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arc/axs10* arch/arc/boot/dts/ax* arch/arc/plat-axs10x

* SYNOPSYS AXS10x RESET CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Eugeniy Paltsev < Eugeniy. Paltsev@synopsys.com >

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/reset/snps, axs10x-reset.txt drivers/reset/reset-axs10x.c

* SYNOPSYS CREG GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Eugeniy Paltsev < Eugeniy. Paltsev@synopsys.com >

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/snps,creg-gpio.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-creg-snps.c

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE 8250 UART DRIVER

Reviewer

Andy Shevchenko <andriy.shevchenko@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/serial/8250/8250_dw.c drivers/tty/serial/ 8250/8250_dwlib.* drivers/tty/serial/8250/8250_lpss.c

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE APB GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Hoan Tran <hoan@os.amperecomputing.com>, Serge Semin <fancer.lancer@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/snps,dw-apb-gpio.yamldrivers/gpio/gpio-dwapb.c

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE APB SSI DRIVER

Mail

Serge Semin <fancer.lancer@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-spi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/spi/snps,dw-apb-ssi. yaml drivers/spi/spi-dw*

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE AXI DMAC DRIVER

Mail

Eugeniy Paltsev < Eugeniy. Paltsev@synopsys.com >

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/snps,dw-axi-dmac.
txt drivers/dma/dw-axi-dmac/

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE DMAC DRIVER

Mail

Viresh Kumar <vireshk@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Andy Shevchenko <andriy.shevchenko@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/snps, dma-spear1340.yaml drivers/dma/dw/ include/dt-bindings/ dma/dw-dmac.h include/linux/dma/dw.h include/linux/ platform_data/dma-dw.h

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE ENTERPRISE ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Jose Abreu < Jose. Abreu@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/synopsys/

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE ETHERNET XPCS DRIVER

Mail

Jose Abreu < Jose. Abreu@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/pcs/pcs-xpcs.c include/linux/pcs/pcs-xpcs.h

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE I2C DRIVER

Mail

Jarkko Nikula <jarkko.nikula@linux.intel.com>

Reviewer

Andy Shevchenko <andriy.shevchenko@linux.intel.com>, Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-designware-* include/linux/
platform_data/i2c-designware.h

* SYNOPSYS DESIGNWARE MMC/SD/SDIO DRIVER

Mail

Jaehoon Chung <jh80.chung@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/dw mmc*

* SYNOPSYS HSDK RESET CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Eugeniy Paltsev < Eugeniy. Paltsev@synopsys.com >

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/reset/snps,hsdk-reset. txt drivers/reset/reset-hsdk.c include/dt-bindings/reset/snps,hsdk-reset.h

* SYNOPSYS SDHCI COMPLIANT DWC MSHC DRIVER

Mail

Prabu Thangamuthu <prabu.t@synopsys.com>, Manjunath M B <manjumb@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/sdhci-pci-dwc-mshc.c

* SYSTEM CONFIGURATION (SYSCON)

Mail

Lee Jones <lee.jones@linaro.org>, Arnd Bergmann <arnd@arndb.de>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lee/mfd.git

Files

drivers/mfd/syscon.c

* SYSTEM CONTROL & POWER/MANAGEMENT INTERFACE (SCPI/SCMI) Message Protocol drivers

Mail

Sudeep Holla <sudeep.holla@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

```
Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/arm,sc[mp]i.

txt drivers/clk/clk-sc[mp]i.c drivers/cpufreq/
sc[mp]i-cpufreq.c drivers/firmware/arm_scmi/ drivers/
firmware/arm_scpi.c drivers/reset/reset-scmi.c include/
linux/sc[mp]i_protocol.h include/trace/events/scmi.h
```

* SYSTEM RESET/SHUTDOWN DRIVERS

Mail

Sebastian Reichel <sre@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/sre/linux-power-supply.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/power/reset/ drivers/
power/reset/

* SYSTEM TRACE MODULE CLASS

Mail

Alexander Shishkin <alexander.shishkin@linux.intel.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ash/stm.git

Files

trace/stm drivers/hwtracing/stm/ include/linux/stm.h
include/uapi/linux/stm.h

* SYSTEM76 ACPI DRIVER

Mail

Jeremy Soller <jeremy@system76.com>, System76 Product Development com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/system76 acpi.c

* SYSV FILESYSTEM

Mail

Christoph Hellwig <hch@infradead.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/sysv-fs fs/sysv/include/linux/sysv_fs.h

* TASKSTATS STATISTICS INTERFACE

Mail

Balbir Singh

 singharora@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/accounting/taskstats* include/linux/
taskstats* kernel/taskstats.c

* TC subsystem

Mail

Jamal Hadi Salim <jhs@mojatatu.com>, Cong Wang <xiyou.wangcong@gmail.com>, Jiri Pirko <jiri@resnulli.us>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/net/pkt_cls.h include/net/pkt_sched.h include/net/
tc_act/ include/uapi/linux/pkt_cls.h include/uapi/linux/
pkt_sched.h include/uapi/linux/tc_act/ include/uapi/linux/
tc_ematch/ net/sched/

* TC90522 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Akihiro Tsukada <tskd08@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/tc90522*

* TCP LOW PRIORITY MODULE

Mail

"Wong Hoi Sing, Edison" , "Hung Hing Lun, Mike" hlhung3i@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://tcp-lp-mod.sourceforge.net/

Files

net/ipv4/tcp_lp.c

* TDA10071 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/tda10071*

* TDA18212 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

drivers/media/tuners/tda18212*

* TDA18218 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tda18218*

* TDA18250 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Olli Salonen <olli.salonen@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tda18250*

* TDA18271 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/tuners.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tda18271*

* TDA1997x MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Tim Harvey <tharvey@gateworks.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/i2c/tda1997x.*

* TDA827x MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/tuners.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tda8290.*

* TDA8290 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@linuxtv.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://github.com/mkrufky

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mkrufky/tuners.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tda8290.*

* TDA9840 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/tda9840*

* TEA5761 TUNER DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tea5761.*

* TEA5767 TUNER DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tea5767.*

* TEA6415C MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

846

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

drivers/media/i2c/tea6415c*

* TEA6420 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/i2c/tea6420*

* TEAM DRIVER

Mail

Jiri Pirko <jiri@resnulli.us>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/team/ include/linux/if_team.h include/uapi/ linux/if_team.h

* TECHNOLOGIC SYSTEMS TS-5500 PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

"Savoir-faire Linux Inc." < kernel@savoirfairelinux.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/platform/ts5500/

* TECHNOTREND USB IR RECEIVER

Mail

Sean Young <sean@mess.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/ttusbir.c

* TECHWELL TW9910 VIDEO DECODER

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/media/i2c/tw9910.c include/media/i2c/tw9910.h

* TEE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Jens Wiklander < jens.wiklander@linaro.org >

Mailing list

op-tee@lists.trustedfirmware.org

Status

Maintained

Files

staging/tee drivers/tee/ include/linux/tee_drv.h include/ uapi/linux/tee.h

* TEGRA ARCHITECTURE SUPPORT

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>, Jonathan Hunter <jonathanh@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

http://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-tegra/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tegra/linux.git

Regex

[^a-z]tegra

* TEGRA CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

Peter De Schrijver <pdeschrijver@nvidia.com>, Prashant Gaikwad <pgaikwad@nvidia.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/clk/tegra/

* TEGRA DMA DRIVERS

Mail

Laxman Dewangan <ldewangan@nvidia.com>, Jon Hunter <jonathanh@nvidia.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/dma/tegra*

* TEGRA I2C DRIVER

Mail

Laxman Dewangan < ldewangan@nvidia.com >

Reviewer

Dmitry Osipenko <digetx@gmail.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-tegra.c

* TEGRA IOMMU DRIVERS

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Krishna Reddy <vdumpa@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/iommu/arm/arm-smmu/arm-smmu-nvidia.c drivers/
iommu/tegra*

* TEGRA KBC DRIVER

Mail

Laxman Dewangan <ldewangan@nvidia.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/input/keyboard/tegra-kbc.c

* TEGRA NAND DRIVER

Mail

Stefan Agner <stefan@agner.ch>, Lucas Stach <dev@lynxeye.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mtd/ nvidia-tegra20-nand.txt drivers/mtd/nand/raw/tegra_nand.c

* TEGRA PWM DRIVER

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/pwm/pwm-tegra.c

* TEGRA SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

Laxman Dewangan <ldewangan@nvidia.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/tty/serial/serial-tegra.c

* TEGRA SPI DRIVER

Mail

Laxman Dewangan < ldewangan@nvidia.com >

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/spi/spi-tegra*

* TEGRA VIDEO DRIVER

Mail

Thierry Reding <thierry.reding@gmail.com>, Jonathan Hunter <jonathanh@nvidia.com>, Sowjanya Komatineni <skomatineni@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org, linux-tegra@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/display/tegra/nvidia, tegra20-hostlx.txt drivers/staging/media/tegra-video/

* TEGRA XUSB PADCTL DRIVER

Mail

JC Kuo <jckuo@nvidia.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/phy/tegra/xusb*

* TEHUTI ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Andy Gospodarek <andy@greyhouse.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/tehuti/*

* TELECOM CLOCK DRIVER FOR MCPL0010

Mail

Mark Gross <mark.gross@intel.com>

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/char/tlclk.c

* TEMPO SEMICONDUCTOR DRIVERS

Mail

Steven Eckhoff <steven.eckhoff.opensource@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/tscs*.txt sound/soc/codecs/tscs*.c sound/soc/codecs/tscs*.h

* TENSILICA XTENSA PORT (xtensa)

Mail

Chris Zankel <chris@zankel.net>, Max Filippov <jcmvbkbc@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-xtensa@linux-xtensa.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/czankel/xtensa-linux.git

Files

arch/xtensa/drivers/irqchip/irq-xtensa-*

* TEXAS INSTRUMENTS ASoC DRIVERS

Mail

Peter Ujfalusi <peter.ujfalusi@ti.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/soc/ti/

* TEXAS INSTRUMENTS' DAC7612 DAC DRIVER

Mail

Ricardo Ribalda <ribalda@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/iio/dac/ti,dac7612.txt drivers/iio/dac/ti-dac7612.c

* TEXAS INSTRUMENTS' SYSTEM CONTROL INTERFACE (TISCI) PRO-TOCOL DRIVER

Mail

Nishanth Menon <nm@ti.com>, Tero Kristo <t-kristo@ti.com>, Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/keystone/ti,
k3-sci-common.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/arm/
keystone/ti,sci.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
clock/ti,sci-clk.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/
interrupt-controller/ti,sci-inta.yaml Documentation/
devicetree/bindings/interrupt-controller/ti,sci-intr.
yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/reset/ti,
sci-reset.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/soc/
ti/sci-pm-domain.txt drivers/clk/keystone/sci-clk.c

drivers/firmware/ti_sci* drivers/irqchip/irq-ti-sci-inta.
c drivers/irqchip/irq-ti-sci-intr.c drivers/reset/
reset-ti-sci.c drivers/soc/ti/ti_sci_inta_msi.c drivers/
soc/ti/ti_sci_pm_domains.c include/dt-bindings/soc/ti,
sci_pm_domain.h include/linux/soc/ti/ti_sci_inta_msi.h
include/linux/soc/ti/ti sci protocol.h

* THANKO' S RAREMONO AM/FM/SW RADIO RECEIVER USB DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/radio/radio-raremono.c

* THERMAL

Mail

Zhang Rui <rui.zhang@intel.com>, Daniel Lezcano <daniel.lezcano@linaro.org>

Reviewer

Amit Kucheria <amitk@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-pm/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/thermal/linux.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/ drivers/thermal/ include/linux/cpu_cooling.h include/linux/thermal.h include/uapi/linux/thermal.h

* THERMAL DRIVER FOR AMLOGIC SOCS

Mail

Guillaume La Roque <glaroque@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-amlogic@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linux-meson.com/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/thermal/amlogic, thermal.yamldrivers/thermal/amlogic thermal.c

* THERMAL/CPU_COOLING

Mail

Amit Daniel Kachhap <amit.kachhap@gmail.com>,
Daniel Lezcano <daniel.lezcano@linaro.org>, Viresh
Kumar <viresh.kumar@linaro.org>, Javi Merino
<javi.merino@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

driver-api/thermal/cpu-cooling-api driver-api/thermal/cpu-idle-cooling drivers/thermal/cpufreq_cooling.c drivers/thermal/cpuidle_cooling.c include/linux/cpu_cooling.h

* THERMAL/POWER ALLOCATOR

Mail

Lukasz Luba < lukasz.luba@arm.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

* THINKPAD ACPI EXTRAS DRIVER

Mail

Henrique de Moraes Holschuh <ibm-acpi@hmh.eng.br>

Mailing list

ibm-acpi-devel@lists.sourceforge.net, platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://ibm-acpi.sourceforge.net http://thinkwiki.org/wiki/Ibm-acpi

SCM

git git://repo.or.cz/linux-2.6/linux-acpi-2.6/ibm-acpi-2.6.git

Files

drivers/platform/x86/thinkpad_acpi.c

* THUNDERBOLT DRIVER

Mail

Andreas Noever <andreas.noever@gmail.com>, Michael Jamet <michael.jamet@intel.com>, Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>, Yehezkel Bernat <YehezkelShB@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/westeri/thunderbolt.git

Files

admin-guide/thunderbolt drivers/thunderbolt/ include/linux/ thunderbolt.h

* THUNDERBOLT NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Michael Jamet <michael.jamet@intel.com>, Mika Westerberg <mika.westerberg@linux.intel.com>, Yehezkel Bernat <YehezkelShB@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

drivers/net/thunderbolt.c

* THUNDERX GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Robert Richter <rric@kernel.org>

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-thunderx.c

* TI AM437X VPFE DRIVER

Mail

"Lad, Prabhakar" <prabhakar.csengg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mhadli/v4l-dvb-davinci_devices.git

Files

drivers/media/platform/am437x/

* TI BANDGAP AND THERMAL DRIVER

Mail

Eduardo Valentin <edubezval@gmail.com>, Keerthy <j-keerthy@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org, linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/thermal/ti-soc-thermal/

* TI BQ27XXX POWER SUPPLY DRIVER

Reviewer

Dan Murphy dmurphy@ti.com

Files

drivers/power/supply/bq27xxx_battery.c drivers/power/
supply/bq27xxx_battery_i2c.c include/linux/power/
bq27xxx_battery.h

* TI CDCE706 CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

Max Filippov <jcmvbkbc@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clk/clk-cdce706.c

* TI CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

Tero Kristo <t-kristo@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clk/ti/include/linux/clk/ti.h

* TI DAVINCI MACHINE SUPPORT

Mail

Sekhar Nori <nsekhar@ti.com>

Reviewer

Bartosz Golaszewski

bgolaszewski@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/nsekhar/linux-davinci.git

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-davinci.txt arch/arm/boot/dts/da850* arch/arm/mach-davinci/ drivers/ i2c/busses/i2c-davinci.c

* TI DAVINCI SERIES CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

David Lechner <david@lechnology.com>

Reviewer

Sekhar Nori <nsekhar@ti.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/clock/ti/davinci/
drivers/clk/davinci/

* TI DAVINCI SERIES GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Keerthy < j-keerthy@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-davinci.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-davinci.c

* TI DAVINCI SERIES MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

"Lad, Prabhakar" <prabhakar.csengg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/mhadli/v4l-dvb-davinci devices.git

drivers/media/platform/davinci/ include/media/davinci/

* TI ENHANCED QUADRATURE ENCODER PULSE (eQEP) DRIVER

Reviewer

David Lechner <david@lechnology.com>

Mailing list

linux-iio@vger.kernel.org

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/counter/ti-eqep.yamldrivers/counter/ti-eqep.c

* TI ETHERNET SWITCH DRIVER (CPSW)

Reviewer

Grygorii Strashko <grygorii.strashko@ti.com>

Mailing list

linux-omap@vger.kernel.org, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ti/cpsw* drivers/net/ethernet/ti/
davinci*

* TI FLASH MEDIA MEMORYSTICK/MMC DRIVERS

Mail

Alex Dubov <oakad@yahoo.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://tifmxx.berlios.de/

Files

drivers/memstick/host/tifm_ms.c drivers/misc/tifm*
drivers/mmc/host/tifm_sd.c include/linux/tifm.h

* TI KEYSTONE MULTICORE NAVIGATOR DRIVERS

Mail

Santosh Shilimkar <ssantosh@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/ssantosh/linux-keystone.git

Files

drivers/soc/ti/*

* TI LM49xxx FAMILY ASoC CODEC DRIVERS

Mail

M R Swami Reddy <mr.swami.reddy@ti.com>, Vishwas A Deshpande <vishwas.a.deshpande@ti.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/soc/codecs/isabelle* sound/soc/codecs/lm49453*

* TI LP855x BACKLIGHT DRIVER

Mail

Milo Kim <milo.kim@ti.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/backlight/lp855x-driver drivers/video/backlight/ lp855x_bl.c include/linux/platform_data/lp855x.h

* TI LP8727 CHARGER DRIVER

Mail

Milo Kim <milo.kim@ti.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/power/supply/lp8727_charger.c include/linux/
platform_data/lp8727.h

* TI LP8788 MFD DRIVER

Mail

Milo Kim <milo.kim@ti.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iio/adc/lp8788_adc.c drivers/leds/leds-lp8788.
c drivers/mfd/lp8788*.c drivers/power/supply/
lp8788-charger.c drivers/regulator/lp8788-*.c include/
linux/mfd/lp8788*.h

* TI NETCP ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Wingman Kwok <w-kwok2@ti.com>, Murali Karicheri <m-karicheri2@ti.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/ti/netcp*

* TI PCM3060 ASoC CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Kirill Marinushkin kmarinushkin@birdec.com

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/pcm3060.txt sound/soc/codecs/pcm3060*

* TI TAS571X FAMILY ASoC CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Kevin Cernekee <cernekee@chromium.org>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

sound/soc/codecs/tas571x*

* TI TCAN4X5X DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Dan Murphy dmurphy@ti.com

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/can/tcan4x5x.txt drivers/net/can/m_can/tcan4x5x.c

* TI TRF7970A NFC DRIVER

Mail

Mark Greer <mgreer@animalcreek.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org, linux-nfc@lists.01.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/nfc/trf7970a.txt drivers/nfc/trf7970a.c

* TI TWL4030 SERIES SOC CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Peter Ujfalusi <peter.ujfalusi@ti.com>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

sound/soc/codecs/twl4030*

* TI VPE/CAL DRIVERS

Mail

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/ti,cal.yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/ti,vpe.yaml drivers/media/platform/ti-vpe/

* TI WILINK WIRELESS DRIVERS

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/wl12xx https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/wl1251

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/luca/wl12xx.git

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ti/include/linux/wl12xx.h

* TIMEKEEPING, CLOCKSOURCE CORE, NTP, ALARMTIMER

Mail

John Stultz <john.stultz@linaro.org>, Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>

Reviewer

Stephen Boyd <sboyd@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git timers/core

Files

include/linux/clocksource.h include/linux/time.h include/
linux/timex.h include/uapi/linux/time.h include/uapi/
linux/timex.h kernel/time/alarmtimer.c kernel/time/
clocksource.c kernel/time/ntp.c kernel/time/time*.c tools/
testing/selftests/timers/

* TIPC NETWORK LAYER

Mail

Jon Maloy <jmaloy@redhat.com>, Ying Xue <ying.xue@windriver.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org (core kernel code), tipc-discussion@lists.sourceforge.net (user apps, general discussion)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://tipc.sourceforge.net/

Files

include/uapi/linux/tipc*.h net/tipc/

* TLAN NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Samuel Chessman <chessman@tux.org>

Mailing list

tlan-devel@lists.sourceforge.net (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://sourceforge.net/projects/tlan/

Files

networking/device_drivers/ethernet/ti/tlan
ethernet/ti/tlan.*

drivers/net/

* TM6000 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/media/tm6000* drivers/media/usb/tm6000/

* TMIO/SDHI MMC DRIVER

Mail

Wolfram Sang <wsa+renesas@sang-engineering.com>

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/mmc/host/renesas_sdhi* drivers/mmc/host/tmio_mmc*
include/linux/mfd/tmio.h

* TMP401 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/tmp401 drivers/hwmon/tmp401.c

* TMP513 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Eric Tremblay <etremblay@distech-controls.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/tmp513 drivers/hwmon/tmp513.c

* TMPFS (SHMEM FILESYSTEM)

Mail

Hugh Dickins <hughd@google.com>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/shmem_fs.h mm/shmem.c

* TOMOYO SECURITY MODULE

Mail

Kentaro Takeda <takedakn@nttdata.co.jp>, Tetsuo Handa <penguin-kernel@I-love.SAKURA.ne.jp>

Mailing list

tomoyo-dev-en@lists.osdn.me (subscribers-only, for developers in English), tomoyo-users-en@lists.osdn.me (subscribers-only, for users in English), tomoyo-dev@lists.osdn.me (subscribers-only, for developers in Japanese), tomoyo-users@lists.osdn.me (subscribers-only, for users in Japanese)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://tomoyo.osdn.jp/

Files

security/tomoyo/

* TOPSTAR LAPTOP EXTRAS DRIVER

Mail

Herton Ronaldo Krzesinski <herton@canonical.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/topstar-laptop.c

* TORTURE-TEST MODULES

Mail

Davidlohr Bueso <dave@stgolabs.net>, "Paul E. McKenney" <paulmck@kernel.org>, Josh Triplett <josh@joshtriplett.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/paulmck/linux-rcu.git dev

Files

RCU/torture kernel/locking/locktorture.c kernel/rcu/rcuscale.c kernel/rcu/rcutorture.c kernel/rcu/refscale.c kernel/torture.c

* TOSHIBA ACPI EXTRAS DRIVER

Mail

Azael Avalos <coproscefalo@gmail.com>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/toshiba_acpi.c

* TOSHIBA BLUETOOTH DRIVER

Mail

Azael Avalos < coproscefalo@gmail.com >

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/toshiba_bluetooth.c

* TOSHIBA HDD ACTIVE PROTECTION SENSOR DRIVER

Mail

Azael Avalos < coproscefalo@gmail.com >

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/toshiba haps.c

* TOSHIBA SMM DRIVER

Mail

Jonathan Buzzard <jonathan@buzzard.org.uk>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.buzzard.org.uk/toshiba/

Files

drivers/char/toshiba.c include/linux/toshiba.h include/ uapi/linux/toshiba.h

* TOSHIBA TC358743 DRIVER

Mail

Mats Randgaard <matrandg@cisco.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/tc358743* include/media/i2c/tc358743.h

* TOSHIBA WMI HOTKEYS DRIVER

Mail

Azael Avalos < coproscefalo@gmail.com >

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/platform/x86/toshiba-wmi.c

* TPM DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Peter Huewe <peterhuewe@gmx.de>, Jarkko Sakkinen <jarkko@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Jason Gunthorpe <jgg@ziepe.ca>

Mailing list

linux-integrity@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://kernsec.org/wiki/index.php/Linux_Kernel_Integrity

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-integrity/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jarkko/linux-tpmdd.git

Files

drivers/char/tpm/

* TRACING

Mail

Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@redhat.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git perf/core

Files

trace/ftrace arch/*/*/ftrace.h arch/*/kernel/ftrace.c
include/*/ftrace.h include/linux/trace*.h include/trace/
kernel/trace/ tools/testing/selftests/ftrace/

* TRACING MMIO ACCESSES (MMIOTRACE)

Mail

Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org, nouveau@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/mm/kmmio.c arch/x86/mm/mmio-mod.c arch/x86/mm/
testmmiotrace.c include/linux/mmiotrace.h kernel/trace/
trace_mmiotrace.c

* TRIVIAL PATCHES

Mail

Jiri Kosina <trivial@kernel.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jikos/trivial.git

Content regex

^Subject:.*(?i)trivial

* TTY LAYER

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>, Jiri Slaby <jirislaby@kernel.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/tty.git

Files

Documentation/driver-api/serial/ drivers/tty/ drivers/tty/serial/serial_core.c include/linux/serial.h include/linux/serial_core.h include/linux/tty.h include/uapi/linux/serial_h include/uapi/linux/serial_core.h include/uapi/linux/tty.h

* TUA9001 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/anttip/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tua9001*

* TULIP NETWORK DRIVERS

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, linux-parisc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/dec/tulip/

* TUN/TAP driver

Mail

Maxim Krasnyansky <maxk@qti.qualcomm.com>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://vtun.sourceforge.net/tun

Files

networking/tuntap arch/um/os-Linux/drivers/

* TURBOCHANNEL SUBSYSTEM

Mail

"Maciej W. Rozycki" <macro@linux-mips.org>, Ralf Baechle <ralf@linux-mips.org>

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Patchwork

http://patchwork.linux-mips.org/project/linux-mips/list/

Files

drivers/tc/include/linux/tc.h

* TURBOSTAT UTILITY

Mail

"Len Brown" <lenb@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-pm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Patchwork

https://patchwork.kernel.org/project/linux-pm/list/

bugs

https://bugzilla.kernel.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/lenb/linux.git turbostat

Files

tools/power/x86/turbostat/

* TW5864 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Bluecherry Maintainers <maintainers@bluecherrydvr.com>,
Anton Sviridenko <anton@corp.bluecherry.net>, Andrey
Utkin <andrey.utkin@corp.bluecherry.net>, Andrey Utkin
<andrey.utkin@fastmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/media/pci/tw5864/

* TW68 VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/tw68/

* TW686X VIDEO4LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Ezequiel Garcia <ezequiel@vanguardiasur.com.ar>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

drivers/media/pci/tw686x/

* UACCE ACCELERATOR FRAMEWORK

Mail

Zhangfei Gao <zhangfei.gao@linaro.org>, Zhou Wang <wangzhou1@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

linux-accelerators@lists.ozlabs.org, linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-driver-uacce misc-devices/uacce drivers/misc/uacce/ include/linux/uacce.h include/uapi/misc/uacce/

* UBI FILE SYSTEM (UBIFS)

Mail

Richard Weinberger <richard@nod.at>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-mtd.infradead.org/doc/ubifs.html

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rw/ubifs.git next git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rw/ubifs.git fixes

Files

filesystems/ubifs-authentication filesystems/ubifs fs/ubifs/

* UCLINUX (M68KNOMMU AND COLDFIRE)

Mail

Greg Ungerer <gerg@linux-m68k.org>

Mailing list

linux-m68k@lists.linux-m68k.org, uclinux-dev@uclinux.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-m68k.org/ http://www.uclinux.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gerg/m68knommu.git

Files

```
arch/m68k/*/*_no.* arch/m68k/68*/ arch/m68k/coldfire/
arch/m68k/include/asm/*_no.*
```

* UDF FILESYSTEM

Mail

Jan Kara <jack@suse.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/udf fs/udf/

* UDRAW TABLET

Mail

Bastien Nocera <hadess@hadess.net>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/hid-udraw-ps3.c

* UFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Evgeniy Dushistov <dushistov@mail.ru>

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/ufs fs/ufs/

* UHID USERSPACE HID IO DRIVER

Mail

David Rheinsberg david.rheinsberg@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/uhid.c include/uapi/linux/uhid.h

* ULPI BUS

Mail

Heikki Krogerus <heikki.krogerus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/common/ulpi.c include/linux/ulpi/

* UNICODE SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Gabriel Krisman Bertazi <krisman@collabora.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

fs/unicode/

* UNIFDEF

Mail

Tony Finch <dot@dotat.at>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://dotat.at/prog/unifdef

Files

scripts/unifdef.c

* UNIFORM CDROM DRIVER

Mail

Jens Axboe <axboe@kernel.dk>

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.kernel.dk

Files

Documentation/cdrom/ drivers/cdrom/cdrom.c include/linux/cdrom.h include/uapi/linux/cdrom.h

* UNISYS S-PAR DRIVERS

Mail

David Kershner <david.kershner@unisys.com>

Mailing list

sparmaintainer@unisys.com (Unisys internal)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/staging/unisys/ drivers/visorbus/ include/linux/
visorbus.h

* UNIVERSAL FLASH STORAGE HOST CONTROLLER DRIVER

Reviewer

Alim Akhtar <alim.akhtar@samsung.com>, Avri Altman <avri.altman@wdc.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

scsi/ufs drivers/scsi/ufs/

* UNIVERSAL FLASH STORAGE HOST CONTROLLER DRIVER DWC HOOKS

Mail

Pedro Sousa <pedrom.sousa@synopsys.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/ufs/*dwc*

* UNIVERSAL FLASH STORAGE HOST CONTROLLER DRIVER MEDI-ATEK HOOKS

Mail

Stanley Chu <stanley.chu@mediatek.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org, linux-mediatek@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/ufs/ufs-mediatek*

* UNSORTED BLOCK IMAGES (UBI)

Mail

Richard Weinberger <richard@nod.at>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-mtd.infradead.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rw/ubifs.git next git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rw/ubifs.git fixes

Files

drivers/mtd/ubi/include/linux/mtd/ubi.hinclude/uapi/mtd/
ubi-user.h

* USB "USBNET" DRIVER FRAMEWORK

Mail

Oliver Neukum < oneukum@suse.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-usb.org/usbnet

Files

drivers/net/usb/usbnet.c include/linux/usb/usbnet.h

* USB ACM DRIVER

Mail

Oliver Neukum <oneukum@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

usb/acm drivers/usb/class/cdc-acm.*

* USB APPLE MFI FASTCHARGE DRIVER

Mail

Bastien Nocera hadess@hadess.net>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/misc/apple-mfi-fastcharge.c

* USB AR5523 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Pontus Fuchs <pontus.fuchs@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/ar5523/

* USB ATTACHED SCSI

Mail

Oliver Neukum <oneukum@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/storage/uas.c

* USB CDC ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Oliver Neukum <oliver@neukum.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/usb/cdc_*.c include/uapi/linux/usb/cdc.h

* USB CHAOSKEY DRIVER

Mail

Keith Packard <keithp@keithp.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/misc/chaoskey.c

* USB CYPRESS C67X00 DRIVER

Mail

Peter Korsgaard <jacmet@sunsite.dk>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/c67x00/

* USB DAVICOM DM9601 DRIVER

Mail

Peter Korsgaard <jacmet@sunsite.dk>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-usb.org/usbnet

Files

drivers/net/usb/dm9601.c

* USB EHCI DRIVER

Mail

Alan Stern <stern@rowland.harvard.edu>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

usb/ehci drivers/usb/host/ehci*

* USB GADGET/PERIPHERAL SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Felipe Balbi

balbi@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-usb.org/gadget

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/balbi/usb.git

Files

drivers/usb/gadget/ include/linux/usb/gadget*

* USB HID/HIDBP DRIVERS (USB KEYBOARDS, MICE, REMOTE CONTROLS, ...)

Mail

Jiri Kosina <jikos@kernel.org>, Benjamin Tissoires
 <benjamin.tissoires@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/hid/hid.git

Files

hid/hiddev drivers/hid/usbhid/

* USB INTEL XHCI ROLE MUX DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/roles/intel-xhci-usb-role-switch.c

* USB IP DRIVER FOR HISILICON KIRIN

Mail

Yu Chen <chenyu56@huawei.com>, Binghui Wang <wangbinghui@hisilicon.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/hisilicon, hi3660-usb3.yaml drivers/phy/hisilicon/phy-hi3660-usb3.c

* USB ISP116X DRIVER

Mail

Olav Kongas <ok@artecdesign.ee>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/host/isp116x* include/linux/usb/isp116x.h

* USB LAN78XX ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Woojung Huh <woojung.huh@microchip.com>, Microchip Linux Driver Support <UNGLinuxDriver@microchip.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/microchip,lan78xx. txt drivers/net/usb/lan78xx.* include/dt-bindings/net/ microchip-lan78xx.h

* USB MASS STORAGE DRIVER

Mail

Alan Stern <stern@rowland.harvard.edu>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, usb-storage@lists.one-eyed-alien.net

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/storage/

* USB MIDI DRIVER

Mail

Clemens Ladisch <clemens@ladisch.de>

Mailing list

alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tiwai/sound.git

Files

sound/usb/midi.*

* USB NETWORKING DRIVERS

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd Fixes

Files

drivers/net/usb/

* USB OHCI DRIVER

Mail

Alan Stern <stern@rowland.harvard.edu>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

usb/ohci drivers/usb/host/ohci*

* USB OTG FSM (Finite State Machine)

Mail

Peter Chen < Peter. Chen@nxp.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/peter.chen/usb.git

Files

drivers/usb/common/usb-otg-fsm.c

* USB OVER IP DRIVER

Mail

Valentina Manea <valentina.manea.m@gmail.com>, Shuah Khan <shuah@kernel.org>, Shuah Khan <skhan@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

usb/usbip_protocol drivers/usb/usbip/ tools/testing/ selftests/drivers/usb/usbip/ tools/usb/usbip/

* USB PEGASUS DRIVER

Mail

Petko Manolov <petkan@nucleusys.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/petkan/pegasus

SCM

git git://github.com/petkan/pegasus.git

Files

drivers/net/usb/pegasus.*

* USB PHY LAYER

Mail

Felipe Balbi <balbi@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/balbi/usb.git

Files

drivers/usb/phy/

* USB PRINTER DRIVER (usblp)

Mail

Pete Zaitcev@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/usb/class/usblp.c

* USB RAW GADGET DRIVER

Reviewer

Andrey Konovalov <andreyknvl@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

usb/raw-gadget drivers/usb/gadget/legacy/raw_gadget.c
include/uapi/linux/usb/raw gadget.h

* USB QMI WWAN NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Bjørn Mork

bjorn@mork.no>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-net-qmi drivers/net/usb/qmi wwan.c

* USB RTL8150 DRIVER

Mail

Petko Manolov <petkan@nucleusys.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/petkan/rtl8150

SCM

git git://github.com/petkan/rtl8150.git

Files

drivers/net/usb/rtl8150.c

* USB SERIAL SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Johan Hovold <johan@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/johan/usb-serial.git

Files

usb/usb-serial drivers/usb/serial/ include/linux/usb/serial.

* USB SMSC75XX ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Steve Glendinning <steve.glendinning@shawell.net>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/usb/smsc75xx.*

* USB SMSC95XX ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Steve Glendinning <steve.glendinning@shawell.net>, Microchip Linux Driver Support <UNGLinuxDriver@microchip.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/usb/smsc95xx.*

* USB SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.linux-usb.org

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/usb.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/usb/ Documentation/usb/
drivers/usb/ include/linux/usb.h include/linux/usb/

* USB TYPEC BUS FOR ALTERNATE MODES

Mail

Heikki Krogerus <heikki.krogerus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-bus-typec driverapi/usb/typec_bus drivers/usb/typec/altmodes/ include/ linux/usb/typec altmode.h

* USB TYPEC CLASS

Mail

Heikki Krogerus <heikki.krogerus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-class-typec driverapi/usb/typec drivers/usb/typec/include/linux/usb/typec.h

* USB TYPEC INTEL PMC MUX DRIVER

Mail

Heikki Krogerus <heikki.krogerus@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

firmware-guide/acpi/intel-pmc-mux drivers/usb/typec/mux/
intel_pmc_mux.c

* USB TYPEC PI3USB30532 MUX DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/typec/mux/pi3usb30532.c

* USB TYPEC PORT CONTROLLER DRIVERS

Mail

Guenter Roeck < linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/typec/tcpm/

* USB UHCI DRIVER

Mail

Alan Stern <stern@rowland.harvard.edu>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

890

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/host/uhci*

* USB VIDEO CLASS

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-uvc-devel@lists.sourceforge.net (subscribers-only), linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.ideasonboard.org/uvc/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/usb/uvc/include/uapi/linux/uvcvideo.h

* USB WEBCAM GADGET

Mail

Laurent Pinchart < laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com >

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/usb/gadget/function/*uvc* drivers/usb/gadget/
legacy/webcam.c include/uapi/linux/usb/g uvc.h

* USB WIRELESS RNDIS DRIVER (rndis_wlan)

Mail

Jussi Kivilinna <jussi.kivilinna@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireless/rndis_wlan.c

* USB XHCI DRIVER

Mail

Mathias Nyman <mathias.nyman@intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/usb/host/pci-quirks* drivers/usb/host/xhci*

* USB ZD1201 DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Web-page

http://linux-lc100020.sourceforge.net

Files

drivers/net/wireless/zydas/zd1201.*

* USB ZR364XX DRIVER

Mail

Antoine Jacquet <royale@zerezo.com>

Mailing list

linux-usb@vger.kernel.org, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://royale.zerezo.com/zr364xx/

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media_tree.git

Files

Documentation/admin-guide/media/zr364xx* drivers/media/usb/zr364xx/

* USER-MODE LINUX (UML)

Mail

Jeff Dike <jdike@addtoit.com>, Richard Weinberger <richard@nod.at>, Anton Ivanov <anton.ivanov@cambridgegreys.com>

Mailing list

linux-um@lists.infradead.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://user-mode-linux.sourceforge.net

Patchwork

https://patchwork.ozlabs.org/project/linux-um/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/rw/uml.git

Files

Documentation/virt/uml/arch/um/arch/x86/um/fs/hostfs/

* USERSPACE COPYIN/COPYOUT (UIOVEC)

Mail

Alexander Viro <viro@zeniv.linux.org.uk>

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/uio.h lib/iov iter.c

* USERSPACE DMA BUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Gerd Hoffmann < kraxel@redhat.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/dma-buf/udmabuf.c include/uapi/linux/udmabuf.h

* USERSPACE I/O (UIO)

Mail

Greg Kroah-Hartman < gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/char-misc.git

Files

driver-api/uio-howto drivers/uio/ include/linux/uio_driver.h

* UTIL-LINUX PACKAGE

Mail

Karel Zak <kzak@redhat.com>

Mailing list

util-linux@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Util-linux

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/utils/util-linux/util-linux.git

* UUID HELPERS

Mail

Christoph Hellwig <hch@lst.de>

Reviewer

Andy Shevchenko <andriy.shevchenko@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.infradead.org/users/hch/uuid.git

Files

include/linux/uuid.h include/uapi/linux/uuid.h lib/ test_uuid.c lib/uuid.c

* UVESAFB DRIVER

Mail

Michal Januszewski <spock@gentoo.org>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://github.com/mjanusz/v86d

Files

fb/uvesafb drivers/video/fbdev/uvesafb.*

* Ux500 CLOCK DRIVERS

Mail

Ulf Hansson <ulf.hansson@linaro.org>

Mailing list

linux-clk@vger.kernel.org, linux-arm-kernel@lists.infradead.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/clk/ux500/

* VF610 NAND DRIVER

Mail

Stefan Agner <stefan@agner.ch>

Mailing list

linux-mtd@lists.infradead.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/mtd/nand/raw/vf610_nfc.c

* VFAT/FAT/MSDOS FILESYSTEM

Mail

OGAWA Hirofumi hirofumi@mail.parknet.co.jp

Status

Maintained

Files

filesystems/vfat fs/fat/

* VFIO DRIVER

Mail

Alex Williamson <alex.williamson@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Cornelia Huck <cohuck@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://github.com/awilliam/linux-vfio.git

Files

driver-api/vfio drivers/vfio/ include/linux/vfio.h include/ uapi/linux/vfio.h

* VFIO FSL-MC DRIVER

Mail

Diana Craciun com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/vfio/fsl-mc/

* VFIO MEDIATED DEVICE DRIVERS

Mail

Kirti Wankhede <kwankhede@nvidia.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

driver-api/vfio-mediated-device drivers/vfio/mdev/ include/ linux/mdev.h samples/vfio-mdev/

* VFIO PLATFORM DRIVER

Mail

Eric Auger <eric.auger@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/vfio/platform/

* VGA SWITCHEROO

Reviewer

Lukas Wunner < lukas@wunner.de>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

gpu/vga-switcheroo drivers/gpu/vga/vga_switcheroo.c
include/linux/vga switcheroo.h

* VIA RHINE NETWORK DRIVER

Status

Maintained

Mail

Kevin Brace < kevinbrace@bracecomputerlab.com >

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/via/via-rhine.c

* VIA SD/MMC CARD CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/via-sdmmc.c

* VIA UNICHROME(PRO)/CHROME9 FRAMEBUFFER DRIVER

Mail

Florian Tobias Schandinat <FlorianSchandinat@gmx.de>

Mailing list

linux-fbdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/video/fbdev/via/include/linux/via-core.hinclude/ linux/via-gpio.hinclude/linux/via_i2c.h

* VIA VELOCITY NETWORK DRIVER

Mail

Francois Romieu < romieu@fr.zoreil.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/via/via-velocity.*

* VICODEC VIRTUAL CODEC DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil < hverkuil-cisco@xs4all.nl>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

898

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/test-drivers/vicodec/*

* VIDEO I2C POLLING DRIVER

Mail

Matt Ranostay <matt.ranostay@konsulko.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/i2c/video-i2c.c

* VIDEO MULTIPLEXER DRIVER

Mail

Philipp Zabel <p.zabel@pengutronix.de>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/platform/video-mux.c

* VIDEOBUF2 FRAMEWORK

Mail

Tomasz Figa <tfiga@chromium.org>, Marek Szyprowski <m.szyprowski@samsung.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/common/videobuf2/* include/media/
videobuf2-*

* VIMC VIRTUAL MEDIA CONTROLLER DRIVER

Mail

Helen Koike <helen.koike@collabora.com>

Reviewer

Shuah Khan <skhan@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/test-drivers/vimc/*

* VIRT LIB

Mail

Alex Williamson <alex.williamson@redhat.com>, Paolo Bonzini pbonzini@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

virt/lib/

* VIRTIO AND VHOST VSOCK DRIVER

Mail

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org, virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/vsockmon.c drivers/vhost/vsock.c include/ linux/virtio vsock.h include/uapi/linux/virtio vsock.h include/uapi/linux/vm_sockets_diag.h include/uapi/linux/
vsockmon.h net/vmw_vsock/af_vsock_tap.c net/vmw_vsock/
diag.c net/vmw_vsock/virtio_transport.c net/vmw_vsock/
virtio_transport_common.c net/vmw_vsock/vsock_loopback.c
tools/testing/vsock/

* VIRTIO BLOCK AND SCSI DRIVERS

Mail

"Michael S. Tsirkin" <mst@redhat.com>, Jason Wang <jasowang@redhat.com>

Reviewer

Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>, Stefan Hajnoczi <stefanha@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/block/virtio_blk.c drivers/scsi/virtio_scsi.c
drivers/vhost/scsi.c include/uapi/linux/virtio_blk.h
include/uapi/linux/virtio_scsi.h

* VIRTIO CONSOLE DRIVER

Mail

Amit Shah <amit@kernel.org>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/char/virtio_console.c include/linux/
virtio_console.h include/uapi/linux/virtio_console.h

* VIRTIO CORE AND NET DRIVERS

Mail

"Michael S. Tsirkin" <mst@redhat.com>, Jason Wang <jasowang@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/virtio/ drivers/block/virtio_blk.c drivers/crypto/virtio/ drivers/net/virtio_net.c drivers/vdpa/ drivers/virtio/ include/linux/vdpa.h include/linux/virtio*.h include/uapi/linux/virtio_*.h tools/virtio/

* VIRTIO BALLOON

Mail

"Michael S. Tsirkin" <mst@redhat.com>, David Hildenbrand <david@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/virtio/virtio_balloon.c include/uapi/linux/
virtio_balloon.h include/linux/balloon_compaction.h mm/
balloon compaction.c

* VIRTIO CRYPTO DRIVER

Mail

Gonglei <arei.gonglei@huawei.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org, crypto@vger.kernel.org

linux-

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/crypto/virtio/include/uapi/linux/virtio_crypto.h

* VIRTIO DRIVERS FOR S390

Mail

Cornelia Huck <cohuck@redhat.com>, Halil Pasic <pasic@linux.ibm.com>

Mailing list

linux-s390@vger.kernel.org, virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org, kvm@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/s390/include/uapi/asm/virtio-ccw.h drivers/s390/
virtio/

* VIRTIO FILE SYSTEM

Mail

Vivek Goyal <vgoyal@redhat.com>, Stefan Hajnoczi <stefanha@redhat.com>, Miklos Szeredi <miklos@szeredi.hu>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org, fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

linux-

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://virtio-fs.gitlab.io/

Files

filesystems/virtiofs fs/fuse/virtio_fs.c include/uapi/linux/
virtio_fs.h

* VIRTIO GPU DRIVER

Mail

David Airlie <airlied@linux.ie>, Gerd Hoffmann <kraxel@redhat.com>

Mailing list

dri-devel@lists.freedesktop.org, virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://anongit.freedesktop.org/drm/drm-misc

Files

drivers/gpu/drm/virtio/include/uapi/linux/virtio gpu.h

* VIRTIO HOST (VHOST)

Mail

"Michael S. Tsirkin" <mst@redhat.com>, Jason Wang <jasowang@redhat.com>

Mailing list

kvm@vger.kernel.org, virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/mst/vhost.git

Files

drivers/vhost/ include/linux/vhost_iotlb.h include/uapi/ linux/vhost.h

* VIRTIO INPUT DRIVER

Mail

Gerd Hoffmann < kraxel@redhat.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/virtio/virtio_input.c include/uapi/linux/
virtio_input.h

* VIRTIO IOMMU DRIVER

Mail

Jean-Philippe Brucker < jean-philippe@linaro.org>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/iommu/virtio-iommu.c include/uapi/linux/
virtio_iommu.h

* VIRTIO MEM DRIVER

Mail

David Hildenbrand <david@redhat.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://virtio-mem.gitlab.io/

Files

drivers/virtio/virtio_mem.c include/uapi/linux/
virtio_mem.h

* VIRTUAL BOX GUEST DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>, Arnd Bergmann <arnd@arndb.de>, Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/virt/vboxguest/ include/linux/vbox_utils.h
include/uapi/linux/vbox*.h

* VIRTUAL BOX SHARED FOLDER VFS DRIVER

Mail

Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

fs/vboxsf/*

* VIRTUAL SERIO DEVICE DRIVER

Mail

Stephen Chandler Paul <thatslyude@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/serio/userio.c include/uapi/linux/userio.h

* VIVID VIRTUAL VIDEO DRIVER

Mail

Hans Verkuil hverkuil@xs4all.nl

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

```
SCM
```

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/test-drivers/vivid/*

* VIDTV VIRTUAL DIGITAL TV DRIVER

Mail

Daniel W. S. Almeida <dwlsalmeida@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/test-drivers/vidtv/*

* VLYNQ BUS

Mail

Florian Fainelli <f.fainelli@gmail.com>

Mailing list

openwrt-devel@lists.openwrt.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/vlynq/vlynq.c include/linux/vlynq.h

* VME SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Martyn Welch <martyn@welchs.me.uk>, Manohar Vanga <manohar.vanga@gmail.com>, Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/char-misc.git

Files

driver-api/vme drivers/staging/vme/ drivers/vme/ include/ linux/vme*

* VMWARE BALLOON DRIVER

Mail

Nadav Amit <namit@vmware.com>, "VMware, Inc." <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/misc/vmw balloon.c

* VMWARE HYPERVISOR INTERFACE

Mail

Deep Shah <sdeep@vmware.com>, "VMware, Inc." <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

virtualization@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/vmware.h arch/x86/kernel/cpu/vmware.
c

* VMWARE PVRDMA DRIVER

Mail

Adit Ranadive <aditr@vmware.com>, VMware PV-Drivers <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

linux-rdma@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/infiniband/hw/vmw pvrdma/

* VMware PVSCSI driver

Mail

Jim Gill <jgill@vmware.com>, VMware PV-Drivers <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/scsi/vmw pvscsi.c drivers/scsi/vmw pvscsi.h

* VMWARE VIRTUAL PTP CLOCK DRIVER

Mail

Vivek Thampi <vithampi@vmware.com>, "VMware, Inc." <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/ptp/ptp_vmw.c

* VMWARE VMMOUSE SUBDRIVER

Mail

"VMware Graphics" linux-graphics-maintainer@vmware.com>, "VMware, Inc." <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/mouse/vmmouse.c drivers/input/mouse/
vmmouse.h

* VMWARE VMXNET3 ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Ronak Doshi <doshir@vmware.com>, "VMware, Inc." <pv-drivers@vmware.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/vmxnet3/

* VOCORE VOCORE2 BOARD

Mail

Harvey Hunt harveyhuntnexus@gmail.com

Mailing list

linux-mips@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/mips/boot/dts/ralink/vocore2.dts

* **VOLTAGE AND CURRENT REGULATOR FRAMEWORK**

Mail

Liam Girdwood dirdwood@gmail.com, Mark Brown
broonie@kernel.org

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.slimlogic.co.uk/?p=48

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/broonie/regulator.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/
Documentation/power/regulator/drivers/regulator/include/
dt-bindings/regulator/include/linux/regulator/

Content regex

regulator_get_optional

* VRF

Mail

David Ahern <dsahern@kernel.org>, Shrijeet Mukherjee <shrijeet@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/vrf drivers/net/vrf.c

* VSPRINTF

Mail

Petr Mladek <pmladek@suse.com>, Steven Rostedt <rostedt@goodmis.org>, Sergey Senozhatsky <sergey.senozhatsky@gmail.com>

Reviewer

Andy Shevchenko <andriy.shevchenko@linux.intel.com>, Rasmus Villemoes linux@rasmusvillemoes.dk>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pmladek/printk.git

Files

core-api/printk-formats lib/test_printf.c lib/vsprintf.c

* VT1211 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Juerg Haefliger <juergh@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/vt1211 drivers/hwmon/vt1211.c

* VT8231 HARDWARE MONITOR DRIVER

Mail

Roger Lucas <vt8231@hiddenengine.co.uk>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/vt8231.c

* VUB300 USB to SDIO/SD/MMC bridge chip

Mailing list

linux-mmc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Orphan

Files

drivers/mmc/host/vub300.c

* W1 DALLAS' S 1-WIRE BUS

Mail

Evgeniy Polyakov <zbr@ioremap.net>

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/w1/ Documentation/w1/drivers/w1/include/linux/w1.h

* W83791D HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Marc Hulsman <m.hulsman@tudelft.nl>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/w83791d drivers/hwmon/w83791d.c

* W83793 HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Rudolf Marek < r.marek@assembler.cz >

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

hwmon/w83793 drivers/hwmon/w83793.c

* W83795 HARDWARE MONITORING DRIVER

Mail

Jean Delvare <jdelvare@suse.com>

Mailing list

linux-hwmon@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hwmon/w83795.c

* W83L51xD SD/MMC CARD INTERFACE DRIVER

Mail

Pierre Ossman <pierre@ossman.eu>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/mmc/host/wbsd.*

* WACOM PROTOCOL 4 SERIAL TABLETS

Mail

Julian Squires <julian@cipht.net>, Hans de Goede <hdegoede@redhat.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/tablet/wacom serial4.c

* WATCHDOG DEVICE DRIVERS

Mail

Wim Van Sebroeck <wim@linux-watchdog.org>, Guenter Roeck linux@roeck-us.net>

Mailing list

linux-watchdog@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://www.linux-watchdog.org/

SCM

git git://www.linux-watchdog.org/linux-watchdog.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/watchdog/ Documentation/watchdog/ drivers/watchdog/ include/linux/ watchdog.h include/uapi/linux/watchdog.h

* WHISKEYCOVE PMIC GPIO DRIVER

Mail

Kuppuswamy Sathyanarayanan <sathyanarayanan.kuppuswamy@linux.intel.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-wcove.c

* WHWAVE RTC DRIVER

Mail

Dianlong Li <long17.cool@163.com>

Mailing list

linux-rtc@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/rtc/rtc-sd3078.c

* WIIMOTE HID DRIVER

Mail

David Rheinsberg <david.rheinsberg@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-input@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/hid/hid-wiimote*

* WILOCITY WIL6210 WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Maya Erez <merez@codeaurora.org>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org, wil6210@gti.gualcomm.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://wireless.wiki.kernel.org/en/users/Drivers/wil6210

Files

drivers/net/wireless/ath/wil6210/

* WIMAX STACK

Mail

Inaky Perez-Gonzalez <inaky.perez-gonzalez@intel.com>, linux-wimax@intel.com

Mailing list

wimax@linuxwimax.org (subscribers-only)

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://linuxwimax.org

Files

admin-guide/wimax/wimax
include/linux/wimax/debug.h
include/net/wimax.h include/uapi/linux/wimax.h net/wimax/

* WINBOND CIR DRIVER

Mail

David Härdeman <david@hardeman.nu>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/winbond-cir.c

* WINSYSTEMS EBC-C384 WATCHDOG DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-watchdog@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/watchdog/ebc-c384_wdt.c

* WINSYSTEMS WS16C48 GPIO DRIVER

Mail

William Breathitt Gray <vilhelm.gray@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/gpio/gpio-ws16c48.c

* WIREGUARD SECURE NETWORK TUNNEL

Mail

Jason A. Donenfeld <Jason@zx2c4.com>

Mailing list

wireguard@lists.zx2c4.com, netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/wireguard/ tools/testing/selftests/wireguard/

* WISTRON LAPTOP BUTTON DRIVER

Mail

Miloslav Trmac <mitr@volny.cz>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/input/misc/wistron btns.c

* WL3501 WIRELESS PCMCIA CARD DRIVER

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org

Status

Odd fixes

Files

drivers/net/wireless/wl3501*

* WOLFSON MICROELECTRONICS DRIVERS

Mailing list

patches@opensource.cirrus.com

Status

Supported

Web-page

https://github.com/CirrusLogic/linux-drivers/wiki

SCM

git https://github.com/CirrusLogic/linux-drivers.git

Files

916

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/extcon/wlf,arizona. vaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/wlf,arizona. Documentation/devicetree/bindings/mfd/wm831x.txt Documentation/devicetree/bindings/regulator/wlf,arizona. yaml Documentation/devicetree/bindings/sound/wlf,arizona. Documentation/hwmon/wm83??.rst arch/arm/mach-s3c/ drivers/clk/clk-wm83*.c mach-crad6410* drivers/extcon/ extcon-arizona.c drivers/gpio/gpio-*wm*.c drivers/gpio/ gpio-arizona.c drivers/hwmon/wm83??-hwmon.c drivers/input/ drivers/input/touchscreen/wm831x-ts. misc/wm831x-on.c drivers/input/touchscreen/wm97*.c drivers/leds/ leds-wm83*.c drivers/mfd/arizona* drivers/mfd/cs47l24* drivers/mfd/wm*.c drivers/power/supply/wm83*.c drivers/ regulator/arizona* drivers/regulator/wm8*.c drivers/rtc/ rtc-wm83*.c drivers/video/backlight/wm83* bl.c drivers/ watchdog/wm83* wdt.c include/linux/mfd/arizona/ include/ linux/mfd/wm831x/include/linux/mfd/wm8350/include/linux/

mfd/wm8400* include/linux/regulator/arizona* include/ linux/wm97xx.h include/sound/wm????.h sound/soc/codecs/ arizona.?sound/soc/codecs/cs47l24*sound/soc/codecs/wm*

* WORKQUEUE

Mail

Tejun Heo <tj@kernel.org>

Reviewer

Lai Jiangshan <jiangshanlai@gmail.com>

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tj/wq.git

Files

core-api/workqueue include/linux/workqueue.h kernel/ workqueue.c

* X-POWERS AXP288 PMIC DRIVERS

Mail

Hans de Goede hdegoede@redhat.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/acpi/pmic/intel pmic xpower.c

Regex

axp288

* X-POWERS MULTIFUNCTION PMIC DEVICE DRIVERS

Mail

Chen-Yu Tsai <wens@csie.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Regex

axp[128]

* X.25 STACK

Mail

Martin Schiller <ms@dev.tdt.de>

Mailing list

linux-x25@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/lapb-module Documentation/networking/x25* drivers/net/wan/hdlc_x25.c drivers/net/wan/lapbether.c include/*/lapb.h include/net/x25* include/uapi/linux/x25.h net/lapb/ net/x25/

* X86 ARCHITECTURE (32-BIT AND 64-BIT)

Mail

Thomas Gleixner <tglx@linutronix.de>, Ingo Molnar <mingo@redhat.com>, Borislav Petkov <bp@alien8.de>, x86@kernel.org

Reviewer

"H. Peter Anvin" <hpa@zytor.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git x86/core

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/x86/ Documentation/x86/ arch/x86/

* X86 ENTRY CODE

Mail

Andy Lutomirski < luto@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git x86/asm

Files

arch/x86/entry/

* X86 MCE INFRASTRUCTURE

Mail

Tony Luck <tony.luck@intel.com>, Borislav Petkov

bp@alien8.de>

Mailing list

linux-edac@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/kernel/cpu/mce/*

* X86 MICROCODE UPDATE SUPPORT

Mail

Borislav Petkov

bp@alien8.de>

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/kernel/cpu/microcode/*

* X86 MM

Mail

Dave Hansen dave.hansen@linux.intel.com">dave.hansen@linux.intel.com, Andy Lutomirski luto@kernel.org, Peter Zijlstra peterz@infradead.org

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git x86/mm

Files

arch/x86/mm/

* X86 PLATFORM DRIVERS

Mail

Hans de Goede hdegoede@redhat.com, Mark Gross mgross@linux.intel.com

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/pdx86/platform-drivers-x86.git

Files

drivers/platform/olpc/ drivers/platform/x86/

* X86 PLATFORM DRIVERS - ARCH

Reviewer

Darren Hart <dvhart@infradead.org>, Andy Shevchenko <andy@infradead.org>

Mailing list

platform-driver-x86@vger.kernel.org, x86@kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git x86/core

Files

arch/x86/platform

* X86 PLATFORM UV HPE SUPERDOME FLEX

Mail

Steve Wahl <steve.wahl@hpe.com>

Reviewer

Dimitri Sivanich <dimitri.sivanich@hpe.com>, Russ Anderson <russ.anderson@hpe.com>

Status

Supported

Files

arch/x86/include/asm/uv/ arch/x86/kernel/apic/ x2apic_uv_x.c arch/x86/platform/uv/

* X86 VDSO

Mail

Andy Lutomirski < luto@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/tip/tip.git x86/vdso

Files

arch/x86/entry/vdso/

* XARRAY

Mail

Matthew Wilcox <willy@infradead.org>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

core-api/xarray include/linux/idr.h include/linux/xarray.h
lib/idr.c lib/xarray.c tools/testing/radix-tree

* XBOX DVD IR REMOTE

Mail

Benjamin Valentin

 denpicco@googlemail.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/media/rc/keymaps/rc-xbox-dvd.c drivers/media/rc/ xbox_remote.c

* XC2028/3028 TUNER DRIVER

Mail

Mauro Carvalho Chehab <mchehab@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

drivers/media/tuners/tuner-xc2028.*

* XDP (eXpress Data Path)

Mail

Alexei Starovoitov <ast@kernel.org>, Daniel Borkmann <daniel@iogearbox.net>, David S. Miller <davem@davemloft.net>, Jakub Kicinski <kuba@kernel.org>, Jesper Dangaard Brouer <hawk@kernel.org>, John Fastabend <john.fastabend@gmail.com>

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

include/net/xdp.h include/net/xdp_priv.h include/trace/
events/xdp.h kernel/bpf/cpumap.c kernel/bpf/devmap.c net/
core/xdp.c samples/bpf/xdp* tools/testing/selftests/bpf/
xdp tools/testing/selftests/bpf/*/*xdp* drivers/net/
ethernet/*/*/*/*xdp* drivers/net/ethernet/*/*/*xdp*

Content regex

(?:\b|_)xdp(?:\b|_)

* XDP SOCKETS (AF XDP)

Mail

Björn Töpel

djorn.topel@intel.com>, Magnus Karlsson

<magnus.karlsson@intel.com>

Reviewer

Jonathan Lemon < jonathan.lemon@gmail.com >

Mailing list

netdev@vger.kernel.org, bpf@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

networking/af_xdp include/net/xdp_sock* include/net/
xsk_buff_pool.h include/uapi/linux/if_xdp.h include/
uapi/linux/xdp_diag.h include/net/netns/xdp.h net/xdp/
samples/bpf/xdpsock* tools/lib/bpf/xsk*

* XEN BLOCK SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com>, Roger Pau Monné <roger.pau@citrix.com>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/block/xen* drivers/block/xen-blkback/*

* XEN HYPERVISOR ARM

Mail

Stefano Stabellini <sstabellini@kernel.org>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm/include/asm/xen/ arch/arm/xen/

* XEN HYPERVISOR ARM64

Mail

Stefano Stabellini <sstabellini@kernel.org>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/arm64/include/asm/xen/ arch/arm64/xen/

* XEN HYPERVISOR INTERFACE

Mail

Boris Ostrovsky <boris.ostrovsky@oracle.com>, Juergen Gross <jgross@suse.com>

Reviewer

Stefano Stabellini <sstabellini@kernel.org>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/xen/tip.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/stable/sysfs-hypervisor-xen
Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-hypervisor-xen arch/x86/
include/asm/pvclock-abi.h arch/x86/include/asm/xen/ arch/
x86/platform/pvh/ arch/x86/xen/ drivers/*/xen-*front.c
drivers/xen/include/uapi/xen/include/xen/

* XEN NETWORK BACKEND DRIVER

Mail

Wei Liu <wei.liu@kernel.org>, Paul Durrant <paul@xen.org>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers), netdev@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/net/xen-netback/*

* XEN PCI SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

arch/x86/pci/*xen* drivers/pci/*xen*

* XEN PVSCSI DRIVERS

Mail

Juergen Gross <jgross@suse.com>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers), linux-scsi@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/scsi/xen-scsifront.c drivers/xen/xen-scsiback.c
include/xen/interface/io/vscsiif.h

* XEN SOUND FRONTEND DRIVER

Mail

Oleksandr Andrushchenko < oleksandr andrushchenko@epam.com >

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers), alsa-devel@alsa-project.org (moderated for non-subscribers)

Status

Supported

Files

sound/xen/*

* XEN SWIOTLB SUBSYSTEM

Mail

Konrad Rzeszutek Wilk <konrad.wilk@oracle.com>

Mailing list

xen-devel@lists.xenproject.org (moderated for non-subscribers), iommu@lists.linux-foundation.org

Status

Supported

Files

arch/x86/xen/*swiotlb* drivers/xen/*swiotlb*

* XFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Amir Goldstein <amir73il@gmail.com>, Darrick J. Wong <djwong@kernel.org>, linux-xfs@vger.kernel.org

Mailing list

linux-xfs@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://xfs.org/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/xfs/xfs-linux.git

Files

Documentation/ABI/testing/sysfs-fs-xfs admin-guide/xfs

filesystems/xfs-delayed-logging-design filesystems/xfs-self-describing-metadata fs/xfs/ include/uapi/linux/dqblk_xfs.h include/uapi/linux/fsmap.h

* XILINX AXI ETHERNET DRIVER

Mail

Radhey Shyam Pandey < radhey.shyam.pandey@xilinx.com>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/ethernet/xilinx/xilinx axienet*

* XILINX CAN DRIVER

Mail

Appana Durga Kedareswara rao <appana.durga.rao@xilinx.com>

Reviewer

Naga Sureshkumar Relli <naga.sureshkumar.relli@xilinx.com>

Mailing list

linux-can@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/net/can/xilinx_can.txt drivers/net/can/xilinx_can.c

* XILINX SD-FEC IP CORES

Mail

Derek Kiernan derek.kiernan@xilinx.com, Dragan Cvetic dragan.cvetic@xilinx.com

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/misc/xlnx,sd-fec.txt misc-devices/xilinx_sdfec drivers/misc/Kconfig drivers/misc/ Makefile drivers/misc/xilinx_sdfec.c include/uapi/misc/xilinx sdfec.h

* XILINX UARTLITE SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

Peter Korsgaard <jacmet@sunsite.dk>

Mailing list

linux-serial@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/serial/uartlite.c

* XILINX VIDEO IP CORES

Mail

Hyun Kwon <hyun.kwon@xilinx.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://linuxtv.org/media tree.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/media/xilinx/drivers/media/platform/xilinx/include/uapi/linux/xilinx-v4l2-controls.h

* XILINX ZYNQMP DPDMA DRIVER

Mail

Hyun Kwon <hyun.kwon@xilinx.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

dmaengine@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/dma/xilinx/xlnx, zynqmp-dpdma.yaml drivers/dma/xilinx/xilinx_dpdma.c include/dt-bindings/dma/xlnx-zynqmp-dpdma.h

* XILINX ZYNQMP PSGTR PHY DRIVER

Mail

Anurag Kumar Vulisha <anurag.kumar.vulisha@xilinx.com>, Laurent Pinchart <laurent.pinchart@ideasonboard.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

SCM

git https://github.com/Xilinx/linux-xlnx.git

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/phy/xlnx,zynqmp-psgtr.yamldrivers/phy/xilinx/phy-zynqmp.c

* XILLYBUS DRIVER

Mail

Eli Billauer <eli.billauer@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Files

drivers/char/xillybus/

* XLP9XX I2C DRIVER

Mail

George Cherian <gcherian@marvell.com>

Mailing list

linux-i2c@vger.kernel.org

Status

Supported

Web-page

http://www.marvell.com

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/i2c/i2c-xlp9xx.txt drivers/i2c/busses/i2c-xlp9xx.c

* XRA1403 GPIO EXPANDER

Mail

Nandor Han <nandor.han@ge.com>, Semi Malinen <semi.malinen@ge.com>

Mailing list

linux-gpio@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

Documentation/devicetree/bindings/gpio/gpio-xra1403.txt drivers/gpio/gpio-xra1403.c

* XTENSA XTFPGA PLATFORM SUPPORT

Mail

Max Filippov <jcmvbkbc@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-xtensa@linux-xtensa.org

Status

Maintained

Files

* YAM DRIVER FOR AX.25

Mail

Jean-Paul Roubelat <jpr@f6fbb.org>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/net/hamradio/yam* include/linux/yam.h

* YAMA SECURITY MODULE

Mail

Kees Cook <keescook@chromium.org>

Status

Supported

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/kees/linux.git yama/tip

Files

admin-guide/LSM/Yama security/yama/

* YEALINK PHONE DRIVER

Mail

Henk Vergonet < Henk. Vergonet@gmail.com >

Mailing list

usbb2k-api-dev@nongnu.org

Status

Maintained

Files

input/devices/yealink drivers/input/misc/yealink.*

* **Z8530 DRIVER FOR AX.25**

Mail

Joerg Reuter < jreuter@yaina.de>

Mailing list

linux-hams@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://yaina.de/jreuter/ http://www.qsl.net/dl1bke/

Files

* ZBUD COMPRESSED PAGE ALLOCATOR

Mail

Seth Jennings <sjenning@redhat.com>, Dan Streetman <ddstreet@ieee.org>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/zbud.h mm/zbud.c

* ZD1211RW WIRELESS DRIVER

Mail

Daniel Drake <dsd@gentoo.org>, Ulrich Kunitz <kune@deinetaler.de>

Mailing list

linux-wireless@vger.kernel.org, zd1211-devs@lists.sourceforge.net (subscribers-only)

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://zd1211.ath.cx/wiki/DriverRewrite

Files

drivers/net/wireless/zydas/zd1211rw/

* ZD1301 MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org/ http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/zd1301*

* ZD1301_DEMOD MEDIA DRIVER

Mail

Antti Palosaari <crope@iki.fi>

Mailing list

linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

https://linuxtv.org/ http://palosaari.fi/linux/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

drivers/media/dvb-frontends/zd1301_demod*

* ZHAOXIN PROCESSOR SUPPORT

Mail

Tony W Wang-oc <Tony W Wang-oc@zhaoxin.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

arch/x86/kernel/cpu/zhaoxin.c

* ZONEFS FILESYSTEM

Mail

Damien Le Moal <damien.lemoal@wdc.com>, Naohiro Aota <naohiro.aota@wdc.com>

Reviewer

Johannes Thumshirn <jth@kernel.org>

Mailing list

linux-fsdevel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/dlemoal/zonefs.git

Files

filesystems/zonefs fs/zonefs/

* ZR36067 VIDEO FOR LINUX DRIVER

Mail

Corentin Labbe <clabbe@baylibre.com>

Mailing list

mjpeg-users@lists.sourceforge.net, linux-media@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Web-page

http://mjpeg.sourceforge.net/driver-zoran/

Patchwork

https://patchwork.linuxtv.org/project/linux-media/list/

Files

driver-api/media/drivers/zoran drivers/staging/media/zoran/

* ZPOOL COMPRESSED PAGE STORAGE API

Mail

Dan Streetman <ddstreet@ieee.org>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

include/linux/zpool.h mm/zpool.c

* ZRAM COMPRESSED RAM BLOCK DEVICE DRVIER

Mail

Minchan Kim <minchan@kernel.org>, Nitin Gupta <ngupta@vflare.org>

Reviewer

Sergey Senozhatsky <sergey.senozhatsky.work@gmail.com>

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Maintained

Files

admin-guide/blockdev/zram drivers/block/zram/

* ZS DECSTATION Z85C30 SERIAL DRIVER

Mail

"Maciej W. Rozycki" <macro@linux-mips.org>

Status

Maintained

Files

drivers/tty/serial/zs.*

* ZSMALLOC COMPRESSED SLAB MEMORY ALLOCATOR

Mail

Minchan Kim <minchan@kernel.org>, Nitin Gupta <ngupta@vflare.org>

Reviewer

Sergey Senozhatsky <sergey.senozhatsky.work@gmail.com>

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linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

vm/zsmalloc include/linux/zsmalloc.h mm/zsmalloc.c

* ZSWAP COMPRESSED SWAP CACHING

Mail

Seth Jennings <sjenning@redhat.com>, Dan Streetman <ddstreet@ieee.org>, Vitaly Wool <vitaly.wool@konsulko.com>

Mailing list

linux-mm@kvack.org

Status

Maintained

Files

mm/zswap.c

* THE REST

Mail

Linus Torvalds Linus Torvalds linux-foundation.org

Mailing list

linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org

Status

Buried alive in reporters

Patchwork

http://patchwork.kernel.org/project/LKML/list/

SCM

git git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git

Files

* */

These are some overall technical guides that have been put here for now for lack of a better place.

| Linux Process | Documentat | tion | | |
|----------------------|------------|------|--|--|
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APPLYING PATCHES TO THE LINUX KERNEL

Original by:

Jesper Juhl, August 2005

Note: This document is obsolete. In most cases, rather than using patch manually, you'll almost certainly want to look at using Git instead.

A frequently asked question on the Linux Kernel Mailing List is how to apply a patch to the kernel or, more specifically, what base kernel a patch for one of the many trees/branches should be applied to. Hopefully this document will explain this to you.

In addition to explaining how to apply and revert patches, a brief description of the different kernel trees (and examples of how to apply their specific patches) is also provided.

* What is a patch?

A patch is a small text document containing a delta of changes between two different versions of a source tree. Patches are created with the diff program.

To correctly apply a patch you need to know what base it was generated from and what new version the patch will change the source tree into. These should both be present in the patch file metadata or be possible to deduce from the filename.

* How do I apply or revert a patch?

You apply a patch with the patch program. The patch program reads a diff (or patch) file and makes the changes to the source tree described in it.

Patches for the Linux kernel are generated relative to the parent directory holding the kernel source dir.

This means that paths to files inside the patch file contain the name of the kernel source directories it was generated against (or some other directory names like "a/" and "b/").

Since this is unlikely to match the name of the kernel source dir on your local machine (but is often useful info to see what version an otherwise unlabeled patch was

generated against) you should change into your kernel source directory and then strip the first element of the path from filenames in the patch file when applying it (the -p1 argument to patch does this).

To revert a previously applied patch, use the -R argument to patch. So, if you applied a patch like this:

```
patch -p1 < ../patch-x.y.z</pre>
```

You can revert (undo) it like this:

```
patch -R -p1 < ../patch-x.y.z
```

* How do I feed a patch/diff file to patch?

This (as usual with Linux and other UNIX like operating systems) can be done in several different ways.

In all the examples below I feed the file (in uncompressed form) to patch via stdin using the following syntax:

```
patch -p1 < path/to/patch-x.y.z</pre>
```

If you just want to be able to follow the examples below and don't want to know of more than one way to use patch, then you can stop reading this section here.

Patch can also get the name of the file to use via the -i argument, like this:

```
patch -p1 -i path/to/patch-x.y.z
```

If your patch file is compressed with gzip or xz and you don't want to uncompress it before applying it, then you can feed it to patch like this instead:

```
xzcat path/to/patch-x.y.z.xz | patch -p1
bzcat path/to/patch-x.y.z.gz | patch -p1
```

If you wish to uncompress the patch file by hand first before applying it (what I assume you' ve done in the examples below), then you simply run gunzip or xz on the file – like this:

```
gunzip patch-x.y.z.gz
xz -d patch-x.y.z.xz
```

Which will leave you with a plain text patch-x.y.z file that you can feed to patch via stdin or the -i argument, as you prefer.

A few other nice arguments for patch are -s which causes patch to be silent except for errors which is nice to prevent errors from scrolling out of the screen too fast, and --dry-run which causes patch to just print a listing of what would happen, but doesn't actually make any changes. Finally --verbose tells patch to print more information about the work being done.

* Common errors when patching

When patch applies a patch file it attempts to verify the sanity of the file in different ways.

Checking that the file looks like a valid patch file and checking the code around the bits being modified matches the context provided in the patch are just two of the basic sanity checks patch does.

If patch encounters something that doesn't look quite right it has two options. It can either refuse to apply the changes and abort or it can try to find a way to make the patch apply with a few minor changes.

One example of something that's not 'quite right' that patch will attempt to fix up is if all the context matches, the lines being changed match, but the line numbers are different. This can happen, for example, if the patch makes a change in the middle of the file but for some reasons a few lines have been added or removed near the beginning of the file. In that case everything looks good it has just moved up or down a bit, and patch will usually adjust the line numbers and apply the patch.

Whenever patch applies a patch that it had to modify a bit to make it fit it' ll tell you about it by saying the patch applied with **fuzz**. You should be wary of such changes since even though patch probably got it right it doesn't /always/ get it right, and the result will sometimes be wrong.

When patch encounters a change that it can't fix up with fuzz it rejects it outright and leaves a file with a .rej extension (a reject file). You can read this file to see exactly what change couldn't be applied, so you can go fix it up by hand if you wish.

If you don't have any third-party patches applied to your kernel source, but only patches from kernel.org and you apply the patches in the correct order, and have made no modifications yourself to the source files, then you should never see a fuzz or reject message from patch. If you do see such messages anyway, then there's a high risk that either your local source tree or the patch file is corrupted in some way. In that case you should probably try re-downloading the patch and if things are still not OK then you'd be advised to start with a fresh tree downloaded in full from kernel.org.

Let's look a bit more at some of the messages patch can produce.

If patch stops and presents a File to patch: prompt, then patch could not find a file to be patched. Most likely you forgot to specify -p1 or you are in the wrong directory. Less often, you'll find patches that need to be applied with -p0 instead of -p1 (reading the patch file should reveal if this is the case - if so, then this is an error by the person who created the patch but is not fatal).

If you get Hunk #2 succeeded at 1887 with fuzz 2 (offset 7 lines). or a message similar to that, then it means that patch had to adjust the location of the change (in this example it needed to move 7 lines from where it expected to make the change to make it fit).

The resulting file may or may not be OK, depending on the reason the file was different than expected.

This often happens if you try to apply a patch that was generated against a different kernel version than the one you are trying to patch.

If you get a message like Hunk #3 FAILED at 2387., then it means that the patch could not be applied correctly and the patch program was unable to fuzz its way through. This will generate a .rej file with the change that caused the patch to fail and also a .orig file showing you the original content that couldn't be changed.

If you get Reversed (or previously applied) patch detected! Assume -R? [n] then patch detected that the change contained in the patch seems to have already been made.

If you actually did apply this patch previously and you just re-applied it in error, then just say [n]o and abort this patch. If you applied this patch previously and actually intended to revert it, but forgot to specify -R, then you can say [y]es here to make patch revert it for you.

This can also happen if the creator of the patch reversed the source and destination directories when creating the patch, and in that case reverting the patch will in fact apply it.

A message similar to patch: **** unexpected end of file in patch or patch unexpectedly ends in middle of line means that patch could make no sense of the file you fed to it. Either your download is broken, you tried to feed patch a compressed patch file without uncompressing it first, or the patch file that you are using has been mangled by a mail client or mail transfer agent along the way somewhere, e.g., by splitting a long line into two lines. Often these warnings can easily be fixed by joining (concatenating) the two lines that had been split.

As I already mentioned above, these errors should never happen if you apply a patch from kernel.org to the correct version of an unmodified source tree. So if you get these errors with kernel.org patches then you should probably assume that either your patch file or your tree is broken and I'd advise you to start over with a fresh download of a full kernel tree and the patch you wish to apply.

* Are there any alternatives to patch?

Yes there are alternatives.

You can use the interdiff program (http://cyberelk.net/tim/patchutils/) to generate a patch representing the differences between two patches and then apply the result.

This will let you move from something like 5.7.2 to 5.7.3 in a single step. The -z flag to interdiff will even let you feed it patches in gzip or bzip2 compressed form directly without the use of zcat or bzcat or manual decompression.

Here's how you'd go from 5.7.2 to 5.7.3 in a single step:

```
interdiff -z ../patch-5.7.2.gz ../patch-5.7.3.gz | patch -p1
```

Although interdiff may save you a step or two you are generally advised to do the additional steps since interdiff can get things wrong in some cases.

Another alternative is ketchup, which is a python script for automatic downloading and applying of patches (https://www.selenic.com/ketchup/).

Other nice tools are diffstat, which shows a summary of changes made by a patch; lsdiff, which displays a short listing of affected files in a patch file, along with (optionally) the line numbers of the start of each patch; and grepdiff, which displays a list of the files modified by a patch where the patch contains a given regular expression.

* Where can I download the patches?

The patches are available at https://kernel.org/ Most recent patches are linked from the front page, but they also have specific homes.

The 5.x.y (-stable) and 5.x patches live at

```
https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v5.x/
```

The -rc patches are not stored on the webserver but are generated on demand from git tags such as

```
https://git.kernel.org/torvalds/p/v5.1-rc1/v5.0
```

The stable -rc patches live at

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v5.x/stable-review/

* The 5.x kernels

These are the base stable releases released by Linus. The highest numbered release is the most recent.

If regressions or other serious flaws are found, then a -stable fix patch will be released (see below) on top of this base. Once a new 5.x base kernel is released, a patch is made available that is a delta between the previous 5.x kernel and the new one.

To apply a patch moving from 5.6 to 5.7, you'd do the following (note that such patches do **NOT** apply on top of 5.x.y kernels but on top of the base 5.x kernel – if you need to move from 5.x.y to 5.x+1 you need to first revert the 5.x.y patch).

Here are some examples:

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

* The 5.x.y kernels

Kernels with 3-digit versions are -stable kernels. They contain small(ish) critical fixes for security problems or significant regressions discovered in a given 5.x kernel.

This is the recommended branch for users who want the most recent stable kernel and are not interested in helping test development/experimental versions.

If no 5.x.y kernel is available, then the highest numbered 5.x kernel is the current stable kernel.

Note: The -stable team usually do make incremental patches available as well as patches against the latest mainline release, but I only cover the non-incremental ones below. The incremental ones can be found at https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v5.x/incr/

These patches are not incremental, meaning that for example the 5.7.3 patch does not apply on top of the 5.7.2 kernel source, but rather on top of the base 5.7 kernel source.

So, in order to apply the 5.7.3 patch to your existing 5.7.2 kernel source you have to first back out the 5.7.2 patch (so you are left with a base 5.7 kernel source) and then apply the new 5.7.3 patch.

Here's a small example:

```
$ cd ~/linux-5.7.2  # change to the kernel source dir
$ patch -p1 -R < ../patch-5.7.2 # revert the 5.7.2 patch
$ patch -p1 < ../patch-5.7.3  # apply the new 5.7.3 patch
$ cd ..
$ mv linux-5.7.2 linux-5.7.3  # rename the kernel source dir</pre>
```

* The -rc kernels

These are release-candidate kernels. These are development kernels released by Linus whenever he deems the current git (the kernel's source management tool) tree to be in a reasonably sane state adequate for testing.

These kernels are not stable and you should expect occasional breakage if you intend to run them. This is however the most stable of the main development branches and is also what will eventually turn into the next stable kernel, so it is important that it be tested by as many people as possible.

This is a good branch to run for people who want to help out testing development kernels but do not want to run some of the really experimental stuff (such people should see the sections about -next and -mm kernels below).

The -rc patches are not incremental, they apply to a base 5.x kernel, just like the 5.x.y patches described above. The kernel version before the -rcN suffix denotes the version of the kernel that this -rc kernel will eventually turn into.

So, 5.8-rc5 means that this is the fifth release candidate for the 5.8 kernel and the patch should be applied on top of the 5.7 kernel source.

Here are 3 examples of how to apply these patches:

```
# first an example of moving from 5.7 to 5.8-rc3
$ cd ~/linux-5.7
                                          # change to the 5.7 source...
⊸dir
$ patch -p1 < ../patch-5.8-rc3</pre>
                                          # apply the 5.8-rc3 patch
$ cd ..
$ mv linux-5.7 linux-5.8-rc3
                                          # rename the source dir
# now let's move from 5.8-rc3 to 5.8-rc5
$ cd ~/linux-5.8-rc3
                                          # change to the 5.8-rc3 dir
$ patch -p1 -R < ../patch-5.8-rc3</pre>
                                          # revert the 5.8-rc3 patch
$ patch -p1 < ../patch-5.8-rc5</pre>
                                          # apply the new 5.8-rc5...
→patch
$ cd ..
$ mv linux-5.8-rc3 linux-5.8-rc5
                                          # rename the source dir
# finally let's try and move from 5.7.3 to 5.8-rc5
$ cd ~/linux-5.7.3
                                          # change to the kernel...
⇒source dir
$ patch -p1 -R < ../patch-5.7.3</pre>
                                          # revert the 5.7.3 patch
$ patch -p1 < ../patch-5.8-rc5</pre>
                                          # apply new 5.8-rc5 patch
$ cd ..
$ mv linux-5.7.3 linux-5.8-rc5
                                          # rename the kernel source...
-dir
```

* The -mm patches and the linux-next tree

The -mm patches are experimental patches released by Andrew Morton.

In the past, -mm tree were used to also test subsystem patches, but this function is now done via the <code>linux-next < https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/linux-next.html></code> tree. The Subsystem maintainers push their patches first to linux-next, and, during the merge window, sends them directly to Linus.

The -mm patches serve as a sort of proving ground for new features and other experimental patches that aren't merged via a subsystem tree. Once such patches has proved its worth in -mm for a while Andrew pushes it on to Linus for inclusion in mainline.

The linux-next tree is daily updated, and includes the -mm patches. Both are in constant flux and contains many experimental features, a lot of debugging patches not appropriate for mainline etc., and is the most experimental of the branches described in this document.

These patches are not appropriate for use on systems that are supposed to be stable and they are more risky to run than any of the other branches (make sure you have up-to-date backups – that goes for any experimental kernel but even more so for -mm patches or using a Kernel from the linux-next tree).

Testing of -mm patches and linux-next is greatly appreciated since the whole point of those are to weed out regressions, crashes, data corruption bugs, build breakage (and any other bug in general) before changes are merged into the more stable mainline Linus tree.

But testers of -mm and linux-next should be aware that breakages are more common than in any other tree.

This concludes this list of explanations of the various kernel trees. I hope you are now clear on how to apply the various patches and help testing the kernel.

Thank you's to Randy Dunlap, Rolf Eike Beer, Linus Torvalds, Bodo Eggert, Johannes Stezenbach, Grant Coady, Pavel Machek and others that I may have forgotten for their reviews and contributions to this document.

ADDING A NEW SYSTEM CALL

This document describes what's involved in adding a new system call to the Linux kernel, over and above the normal submission advice in Submitting patches: the essential guide to getting your code into the kernel.

* System Call Alternatives

The first thing to consider when adding a new system call is whether one of the alternatives might be suitable instead. Although system calls are the most traditional and most obvious interaction points between userspace and the kernel, there are other possibilities – choose what fits best for your interface.

- If the operations involved can be made to look like a filesystem-like object, it may make more sense to create a new filesystem or device. This also makes it easier to encapsulate the new functionality in a kernel module rather than requiring it to be built into the main kernel.
 - If the new functionality involves operations where the kernel notifies userspace that something has happened, then returning a new file descriptor for the relevant object allows userspace to use poll/select/epoll to receive that notification.
 - However, operations that don't map to read(2)/write(2)-like operations have to be implemented as ioctl(2) requests, which can lead to a somewhat opaque API.
- If you're just exposing runtime system information, a new node in sysfs (see Documentation/filesystems/sysfs.rst) or the /proc filesystem may be more appropriate. However, access to these mechanisms requires that the relevant filesystem is mounted, which might not always be the case (e.g. in a namespaced/sandboxed/chrooted environment). Avoid adding any API to debugfs, as this is not considered a 'production' interface to userspace.
- If the operation is specific to a particular file or file descriptor, then an additional fcntl(2) command option may be more appropriate. However, fcntl(2) is a multiplexing system call that hides a lot of complexity, so this option is best for when the new function is closely analogous to existing fcntl(2) functionality, or the new functionality is very simple (for example, getting/setting a simple flag related to a file descriptor).
- If the operation is specific to a particular task or process, then an additional prctl(2) command option may be more appropriate. As with fcntl(2), this

system call is a complicated multiplexor so is best reserved for near-analogs of existing prctl() commands or getting/setting a simple flag related to a process.

* Designing the API: Planning for Extension

A new system call forms part of the API of the kernel, and has to be supported indefinitely. As such, it's a very good idea to explicitly discuss the interface on the kernel mailing list, and it's important to plan for future extensions of the interface.

(The syscall table is littered with historical examples where this wasn't done, together with the corresponding follow-up system calls - eventfd/eventfd2, dup2/dup3, inotify_init/inotify_init1, pipe/pipe2, renameat/renameat2 - so learn from the history of the kernel and plan for extensions from the start.)

For simpler system calls that only take a couple of arguments, the preferred way to allow for future extensibility is to include a flags argument to the system call. To make sure that userspace programs can safely use flags between kernel versions, check whether the flags value holds any unknown flags, and reject the system call (with EINVAL) if it does:

```
if (flags & ~(THING_FLAG1 | THING_FLAG2 | THING_FLAG3))
    return -EINVAL;
```

(If no flags values are used yet, check that the flags argument is zero.)

For more sophisticated system calls that involve a larger number of arguments, it's preferred to encapsulate the majority of the arguments into a structure that is passed in by pointer. Such a structure can cope with future extension by including a size argument in the structure:

```
struct xyzzy_params {
   u32 size; /* userspace sets p->size = sizeof(struct xyzzy_
   params) */
   u32 param_1;
   u64 param_2;
   u64 param_3;
};
```

As long as any subsequently added field, say param_4, is designed so that a zero value gives the previous behaviour, then this allows both directions of version mismatch:

- To cope with a later userspace program calling an older kernel, the kernel code should check that any memory beyond the size of the structure that it expects is zero (effectively checking that param 4 == 0).
- To cope with an older userspace program calling a newer kernel, the kernel code can zero-extend a smaller instance of the structure (effectively setting $param_4 = 0$).

See perf_event_open(2) and the perf_copy_attr() function (in kernel/events/core.c) for an example of this approach.

* Designing the API: Other Considerations

If your new system call allows userspace to refer to a kernel object, it should use a file descriptor as the handle for that object – don't invent a new type of userspace object handle when the kernel already has mechanisms and well-defined semantics for using file descriptors.

If your new xyzzy(2) system call does return a new file descriptor, then the flags argument should include a value that is equivalent to setting $0_CLOEXEC$ on the new FD. This makes it possible for userspace to close the timing window between xyzzy() and calling $fcntl(fd, F_SETFD, FD_CLOEXEC)$, where an unexpected fork() and execve() in another thread could leak a descriptor to the exec' ed program. (However, resist the temptation to re-use the actual value of the $0_CLOEXEC$ constant, as it is architecture-specific and is part of a numbering space of 0_* flags that is fairly full.)

If your system call returns a new file descriptor, you should also consider what it means to use the *poll(2)* family of system calls on that file descriptor. Making a file descriptor ready for reading or writing is the normal way for the kernel to indicate to userspace that an event has occurred on the corresponding kernel object.

If your new *xyzzy(2)* system call involves a filename argument:

```
int sys_xyzzy(const char __user *path, ..., unsigned int flags);
```

you should also consider whether an xyzzyat(2) version is more appropriate:

This allows more flexibility for how userspace specifies the file in question; in particular it allows userspace to request the functionality for an already-opened file descriptor using the AT_EMPTY_PATH flag, effectively giving an fxyzzy(3) operation for free:

```
- xyzzyat(AT_FDCWD, path, ..., 0) is equivalent to xyzzy(path,...)
- xyzzyat(fd, "", ..., AT_EMPTY_PATH) is equivalent to fxyzzy(fd, ..

→.)
```

(For more details on the rationale of the *at() calls, see the *openat(2)* man page; for an example of AT EMPTY PATH, see the *fstatat(2)* man page.)

If your new *xyzzy(2)* system call involves a parameter describing an offset within a file, make its type loff_t so that 64-bit offsets can be supported even on 32-bit architectures.

If your new xyzzy(2) system call involves privileged functionality, it needs to be governed by the appropriate Linux capability bit (checked with a call to capable()), as described in the capabilities(7) man page. Choose an existing capability bit that governs related functionality, but try to avoid combining lots of only vaguely related functions together under the same bit, as this goes against capabilities' purpose of splitting the power of root. In particular, avoid adding new uses of the already overly-general CAP SYS ADMIN capability.

If your new xyzzy(2) system call manipulates a process other than the calling process, it should be restricted (using a call to ptrace_may_access()) so that only a calling process with the same permissions as the target process, or with the necessary capabilities, can manipulate the target process.

Finally, be aware that some non-x86 architectures have an easier time if system call parameters that are explicitly 64-bit fall on odd-numbered arguments (i.e. parameter 1, 3, 5), to allow use of contiguous pairs of 32-bit registers. (This concern does not apply if the arguments are part of a structure that's passed in by pointer.)

* Proposing the API

To make new system calls easy to review, it's best to divide up the patchset into separate chunks. These should include at least the following items as distinct commits (each of which is described further below):

- The core implementation of the system call, together with prototypes, generic numbering, Kconfig changes and fallback stub implementation.
- Wiring up of the new system call for one particular architecture, usually x86 (including all of x86_64, x86_32 and x32).
- A demonstration of the use of the new system call in userspace via a selftest in tools/testing/selftests/.
- A draft man-page for the new system call, either as plain text in the cover letter, or as a patch to the (separate) man-pages repository.

New system call proposals, like any change to the kernel's API, should always be cc'ed to linux-api@vger.kernel.org.

* Generic System Call Implementation

The main entry point for your new xyzzy(2) system call will be called sys_xyzzy(), but you add this entry point with the appropriate SYSCALL_DEFINEn() macro rather than explicitly. The 'n' indicates the number of arguments to the system call, and the macro takes the system call name followed by the (type, name) pairs for the parameters as arguments. Using this macro allows metadata about the new system call to be made available for other tools.

The new entry point also needs a corresponding function prototype, in include/linux/syscalls.h, marked as asmlinkage to match the way that system calls are invoked:

```
asmlinkage long sys_xyzzy(...);
```

Some architectures (e.g. x86) have their own architecture-specific syscall tables, but several other architectures share a generic syscall table. Add your new system call to the generic list by adding an entry to the list in include/uapi/asm-generic/unistd.h:

```
#define __NR_xyzzy 292
__SYSCALL(__NR_xyzzy, sys_xyzzy)
```

Also update the __NR_syscalls count to reflect the additional system call, and note that if multiple new system calls are added in the same merge window, your new syscall number may get adjusted to resolve conflicts.

The file kernel/sys_ni.c provides a fallback stub implementation of each system call, returning -ENOSYS. Add your new system call here too:

```
COND_SYSCALL(xyzzy);
```

Your new kernel functionality, and the system call that controls it, should normally be optional, so add a CONFIG option (typically to init/Kconfig) for it. As usual for new CONFIG options:

- Include a description of the new functionality and system call controlled by the option.
- Make the option depend on EXPERT if it should be hidden from normal users.
- Make any new source files implementing the function dependent on the CON-FIG option in the Makefile (e.g. obj-\$(CONFIG_XYZZY_SYSCALL) += xyzzy. o).
- Double check that the kernel still builds with the new CONFIG option turned off.

To summarize, you need a commit that includes:

- CONFIG option for the new function, normally in init/Kconfig
- SYSCALL DEFINEn(xyzzy, ...) for the entry point
- corresponding prototype in include/linux/syscalls.h
- generic table entry in include/uapi/asm-generic/unistd.h
- fallback stub in kernel/sys ni.c

* x86 System Call Implementation

To wire up your new system call for x86 platforms, you need to update the master syscall tables. Assuming your new system call isn't special in some way (see below), this involves a "common" entry (for $x86_64$ and x32) in $arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall_64.tbl:$

```
333 common xyzzy sys_xyzzy
```

and an "i386" entry in arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall 32.tbl:

```
380 i386 xyzzy sys_xyzzy
```

Again, these numbers are liable to be changed if there are conflicts in the relevant merge window.

* Compatibility System Calls (Generic)

For most system calls the same 64-bit implementation can be invoked even when the userspace program is itself 32-bit; even if the system call's parameters include an explicit pointer, this is handled transparently.

However, there are a couple of situations where a compatibility layer is needed to cope with size differences between 32-bit and 64-bit.

The first is if the 64-bit kernel also supports 32-bit userspace programs, and so needs to parse areas of (_user) memory that could hold either 32-bit or 64-bit values. In particular, this is needed whenever a system call argument is:

- a pointer to a pointer
- a pointer to a struct containing a pointer (e.g. struct iovec user *)
- a pointer to a varying sized integral type (time t, off t, long, ...)
- a pointer to a struct containing a varying sized integral type.

The second situation that requires a compatibility layer is if one of the system call's arguments has a type that is explicitly 64-bit even on a 32-bit architecture, for example loff_t or __u64. In this case, a value that arrives at a 64-bit kernel from a 32-bit application will be split into two 32-bit values, which then need to be re-assembled in the compatibility layer.

(Note that a system call argument that's a pointer to an explicit 64-bit type does **not** need a compatibility layer; for example, <code>splice(2)</code>'s arguments of type <code>loff_t _ user * do not trigger the need for a compat_ system call.)</code>

The compatibility version of the system call is called compat_sys_xyzzy(), and is added with the COMPAT_SYSCALL_DEFINEn() macro, analogously to SYSCALL_DEFINEn. This version of the implementation runs as part of a 64-bit kernel, but expects to receive 32-bit parameter values and does whatever is needed to deal with them. (Typically, the compat_sys_ version converts the values to 64-bit versions and either calls on to the sys_ version, or both of them call a common inner implementation function.)

The compat entry point also needs a corresponding function prototype, in include/linux/compat.h, marked as asmlinkage to match the way that system calls are invoked:

```
asmlinkage long compat_sys_xyzzy(...);
```

If the system call involves a structure that is laid out differently on 32-bit and 64-bit systems, say struct xyzzy_args, then the include/linux/compat.h header file should also include a compat version of the structure (struct compat_xyzzy_args) where each variable-size field has the appropriate compat_ type that corresponds to the type in struct xyzzy_args. The compat_sys_xyzzy() routine can then use this compat_ structure to parse the arguments from a 32-bit invocation.

For example, if there are fields:

```
struct xyzzy_args {
   const char __user *ptr;
   __kernel_long_t varying_val;
   u64 fixed_val;
   /* ... */
};
```

in struct xyzzy_args, then struct compat_xyzzy_args would have:

```
struct compat_xyzzy_args {
   compat_uptr_t ptr;
   compat_long_t varying_val;
   u64 fixed_val;
   /* ... */
};
```

The generic system call list also needs adjusting to allow for the compat version; the entry in include/uapi/asm-generic/unistd.h should use __SC_COMP rather than __SYSCALL:

```
#define __NR_xyzzy 292
__SC_COMP(__NR_xyzzy, sys_xyzzy, compat_sys_xyzzy)
```

To summarize, you need:

- a COMPAT_SYSCALL_DEFINEn(xyzzy, ...) for the compat entry point
- corresponding prototype in include/linux/compat.h
- (if needed) 32-bit mapping struct in include/linux/compat.h
- instance of __SC_COMP not __SYSCALL in include/uapi/asm-generic/ unistd.h

* Compatibility System Calls (x86)

To wire up the x86 architecture of a system call with a compatibility version, the entries in the syscall tables need to be adjusted.

First, the entry in arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall_32.tbl gets an extra column to indicate that a 32-bit userspace program running on a 64-bit kernel should hit the compat entry point:

```
380 i386 xyzzy sys_xyzzy __ia32_compat_sys_xyzzy
```

Second, you need to figure out what should happen for the x32 ABI version of the new system call. There's a choice here: the layout of the arguments should either match the 64-bit version or the 32-bit version.

If there's a pointer-to-a-pointer involved, the decision is easy: x32 is ILP32, so the layout should match the 32-bit version, and the entry in arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall_64.tbl is split so that x32 programs hit the compatibility wrapper:

| 333 | 64 | xyzzy | sys_xyzzy |
|-----|-----|-------|----------------------|
| 555 | x32 | xyzzy | x32_compat_sys_xyzzy |

If no pointers are involved, then it is preferable to re-use the 64-bit system call for the x32 ABI (and consequently the entry in arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall_64.tbl is unchanged).

In either case, you should check that the types involved in your argument layout do indeed map exactly from x32 (-mx32) to either the 32-bit (-m32) or 64-bit (-m64) equivalents.

* System Calls Returning Elsewhere

For most system calls, once the system call is complete the user program continues exactly where it left off – at the next instruction, with the stack the same and most of the registers the same as before the system call, and with the same virtual memory space.

However, a few system calls do things differently. They might return to a different location (rt_sigreturn) or change the memory space (fork/vfork/clone) or even architecture (execve/execveat) of the program.

To allow for this, the kernel implementation of the system call may need to save and restore additional registers to the kernel stack, allowing complete control of where and how execution continues after the system call.

This is arch-specific, but typically involves defining assembly entry points that save/restore additional registers and invoke the real system call entry point.

For $x86_64$, this is implemented as a stub_xyzzy entry point in arch/x86/entry/entry_64.S, and the entry in the syscall table (arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall 64.tbl) is adjusted to match:

```
333 common xyzzy stub_xyzzy
```

The equivalent for 32-bit programs running on a 64-bit kernel is normally called stub32_xyzzy and implemented in arch/x86/entry/entry_64_compat.S, with the corresponding syscall table adjustment in arch/x86/entry/syscalls/syscall 32.tbl:

```
380 i386 xyzzy sys_xyzzy stub32_xyzzy
```

If the system call needs a compatibility layer (as in the previous section) then the stub32_ version needs to call on to the $compat_sys_version$ of the system call rather than the native 64-bit version. Also, if the x32 ABI implementation is not common with the x86_64 version, then its syscall table will also need to invoke a stub that calls on to the $compat_sys_version$.

For completeness, it's also nice to set up a mapping so that user-mode Linux still works - its syscall table will reference stub_xyzzy, but the UML build doesn't include arch/x86/entry/entry_64.S implementation (because UML simulates

registers etc). Fixing this is as simple as adding a #define to $arch/x86/um/sys_call_table_64.c$:

#define stub_xyzzy sys_xyzzy

* Other Details

Most of the kernel treats system calls in a generic way, but there is the occasional exception that may need updating for your particular system call.

The audit subsystem is one such special case; it includes (arch-specific) functions that classify some special types of system call – specifically file open (open/openat), program execution (execve/exeveat) or socket multiplexor (socketcall) operations. If your new system call is analogous to one of these, then the audit system should be updated.

More generally, if there is an existing system call that is analogous to your new system call, it's worth doing a kernel-wide grep for the existing system call to check there are no other special cases.

* Testing

A new system call should obviously be tested; it is also useful to provide reviewers with a demonstration of how user space programs will use the system call. A good way to combine these aims is to include a simple self-test program in a new directory under tools/testing/selftests/.

For a new system call, there will obviously be no libc wrapper function and so the test will need to invoke it using syscall(); also, if the system call involves a new userspace-visible structure, the corresponding header will need to be installed to compile the test.

Make sure the selftest runs successfully on all supported architectures. For example, check that it works when compiled as an $x86_64$ (-m64), $x86_32$ (-m32) and x32 (-mx32) ABI program.

For more extensive and thorough testing of new functionality, you should also consider adding tests to the Linux Test Project, or to the xfstests project for filesystem-related changes.

- https://linux-test-project.github.io/
- git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/xfs/xfstests-dev.git

*. Other Details 953

* Man Page

All new system calls should come with a complete man page, ideally using groff markup, but plain text will do. If groff is used, it's helpful to include a pre-rendered ASCII version of the man page in the cover email for the patchset, for the convenience of reviewers.

The man page should be cc'ed to linux-man@vger.kernel.org For more details, see https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/patches.html

* Do not call System Calls in the Kernel

System calls are, as stated above, interaction points between userspace and the kernel. Therefore, system call functions such as sys_xyzzy() or compat_sys_xyzzy() should only be called from userspace via the syscall table, but not from elsewhere in the kernel. If the syscall functionality is useful to be used within the kernel, needs to be shared between an old and a new syscall, or needs to be shared between a syscall and its compatibility variant, it should be implemented by means of a "helper" function (such as kern_xyzzy()). This kernel function may then be called within the syscall stub (sys_xyzzy()), the compatibility syscall stub (compat_sys_xyzzy()), and/or other kernel code.

At least on 64-bit x86, it will be a hard requirement from v4.17 onwards to not call system call functions in the kernel. It uses a different calling convention for system calls where struct pt_regs is decoded on-the-fly in a syscall wrapper which then hands processing over to the actual syscall function. This means that only those parameters which are actually needed for a specific syscall are passed on during syscall entry, instead of filling in six CPU registers with random user space content all the time (which may cause serious trouble down the call chain).

Moreover, rules on how data may be accessed may differ between kernel data and user data. This is another reason why calling sys xyzzy() is generally a bad idea.

Exceptions to this rule are only allowed in architecture-specific overrides, architecture-specific compatibility wrappers, or other code in arch/.

* References and Sources

- LWN article from Michael Kerrisk on use of flags argument in system calls: https://lwn.net/Articles/585415/
- LWN article from Michael Kerrisk on how to handle unknown flags in a system call: https://lwn.net/Articles/588444/
- LWN article from Jake Edge describing constraints on 64-bit system call arguments: https://lwn.net/Articles/311630/
- Pair of LWN articles from David Drysdale that describe the system call implementation paths in detail for v3.14:
 - https://lwn.net/Articles/604287/

- https://lwn.net/Articles/604515/
- Architecture-specific requirements for system calls are discussed in the *syscall(2)* man-page: http://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man2/syscall.2. html#NOTES
- Collated emails from Linus Torvalds discussing the problems with ioctl(): https://yarchive.net/comp/linux/ioctl.html
- "How to not invent kernel interfaces", Arnd Bergmann, https://www.ukuug.org/events/linux2007/2007/papers/Bergmann.pdf
- LWN article from Michael Kerrisk on avoiding new uses of CAP_SYS_ADMIN: https://lwn.net/Articles/486306/
- Recommendation from Andrew Morton that all related information for a new system call should come in the same email thread: https://lkml.org/lkml/2014/ 7/24/641
- Recommendation from Michael Kerrisk that a new system call should come with a man page: https://lkml.org/lkml/2014/6/13/309
- Suggestion from Thomas Gleixner that x86 wire-up should be in a separate commit: https://lkml.org/lkml/2014/11/19/254
- Suggestion from Greg Kroah-Hartman that it's good for new system calls to come with a man-page & selftest: https://lkml.org/lkml/2014/3/19/710
- Discussion from Michael Kerrisk of new system call vs. *prctl(2)* extension: https://lkml.org/lkml/2014/6/3/411
- Suggestion from Ingo Molnar that system calls that involve multiple arguments should encapsulate those arguments in a struct, which includes a size field for future extensibility: https://lkml.org/lkml/2015/7/30/117
- Numbering oddities arising from (re-)use of O * numbering space flags:
 - commit 75069f2b5bfb ("vfs: renumber FMODE_NONOTIFY and add to uniqueness check")
 - commit 12ed2e36c98a ("fanotify: FMODE_NONOTIFY and __O_SYNC in sparc conflict")
 - commit bb458c644a59 ("Safer ABI for O TMPFILE")
- Discussion from Matthew Wilcox about restrictions on 64-bit arguments: https://lkml.org/lkml/2008/12/12/187
- Recommendation from Greg Kroah-Hartman that unknown flags should be policed: https://lkml.org/lkml/2014/7/17/577
- Recommendation from Linus Torvalds that x32 system calls should prefer compatibility with 64-bit versions rather than 32-bit versions: https://lkml.org/lkml/2011/8/31/244

CHAPTER TWENTYFIVE

LINUX MAGIC NUMBERS

This file is a registry of magic numbers which are in use. When you add a magic number to a structure, you should also add it to this file, since it is best if the magic numbers used by various structures are unique.

It is a **very** good idea to protect kernel data structures with magic numbers. This allows you to check at run time whether (a) a structure has been clobbered, or (b) you' ve passed the wrong structure to a routine. This last is especially useful —particularly when you are passing pointers to structures via a void * pointer. The tty code, for example, does this frequently to pass driver-specific and line discipline-specific structures back and forth.

The way to use magic numbers is to declare them at the beginning of the structure, like so:

```
struct tty_ldisc {
    int magic;
    ...
};
```

Please follow this discipline when you are adding future enhancements to the kernel! It has saved me countless hours of debugging, especially in the screwy cases where an array has been overrun and structures following the array have been overwritten. Using this discipline, these cases get detected quickly and safely.

Changelog:

```
Theodore Ts'o
31 Mar 94

The magic table is current to Linux 2.1.55.

Michael Chastain
<mailto:mec@shout.net>
22 Sep 1997

Now it should be up to date with Linux 2.1.112. Because
we are in feature freeze time it is very unlikely that
something will change before 2.2.x. The entries are
sorted by number field.
```

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Krzysztof G. Baranowski
<mailto: kgb@knm.org.pl>
29 Jul 1998

Updated the magic table to Linux 2.5.45. Right over the feature of freeze,

but it is possible that some new magic numbers will sneak into the kernel before 2.6.x yet.

Petr Baudis <pasky@ucw.cz> 03 Nov 2002

Updated the magic table to Linux 2.5.74.

Fabian Frederick
<ffrederick@users.sourceforge.</pre>

<net>

09 Jul 2003

| Magic Name | Number | Structure | File |
|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------------|
| PG_MAGIC | 'P' | pg_{read,write}_hdr | include/linu |
| CMAGIC | 0x0111 | user | include/linu |
| MKISS_DRIVER_MAGIC | 0x04bf | mkiss_channel | drivers/net, |
| HDLC_MAGIC | 0x239e | n_hdlc | drivers/cha |
| APM_BIOS_MAGIC | 0x4101 | apm_user | arch/x86/kei |
| CYCLADES_MAGIC | 0x4359 | cyclades_port | include/linu |
| DB_MAGIC | 0x4442 | fc_info | drivers/net, |
| DL_MAGIC | 0x444d | fc_info | drivers/net, |
| FASYNC_MAGIC | 0x4601 | fasync_struct | include/linu |
| FF_MAGIC | 0x4646 | fc_info | drivers/net, |
| ISICOM_MAGIC | 0x4d54 | isi_port | include/linu |
| PTY_MAGIC | 0x5001 | | drivers/cha |
| PPP_MAGIC | 0x5002 | ppp | include/linu |
| SSTATE_MAGIC | 0x5302 | serial_state | include/linu |
| SLIP_MAGIC | 0x5302 | slip | drivers/net, |
| STRIP_MAGIC | 0x5303 | strip | drivers/net, |
| X25_ASY_MAGIC | 0x5303 | x25_asy | drivers/net, |
| SIXPACK_MAGIC | 0x5304 | sixpack | drivers/net, |
| AX25_MAGIC | 0x5316 | ax_disp | drivers/net, |
| TTY_MAGIC | 0x5401 | tty_struct | include/linu |
| MGSL_MAGIC | 0x5401 | mgsl_info | drivers/cha |
| TTY_DRIVER_MAGIC | 0x5402 | tty_driver | include/linu |
| MGSLPC_MAGIC | 0x5402 | mgslpc_info | drivers/cha |
| TTY_LDISC_MAGIC | 0x5403 | tty_ldisc | include/linu |
| USB_SERIAL_MAGIC | 0x6702 | usb_serial | drivers/usb, |
| FULL_DUPLEX_MAGIC | 0x6969 | | drivers/net, |
| USB_BLUETOOTH_MAGIC | 0x6d02 | usb_bluetooth | drivers/usb, |

Table 1 - continued from previous page

| | Tab | ic 1 - continued from previous | puge |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Magic Name | Number | Structure | File |
| RFCOMM_TTY_MAGIC | 0x6d02 | | net/bluetoo |
| USB_SERIAL_PORT_MAGIC | 0x7301 | usb_serial_port | drivers/usb, |
| CG_MAGIC | 0x00090255 | ufs_cylinder_group | include/lin |
| RPORT_MAGIC | 0x00525001 | r_port | drivers/cha |
| LSEMAGIC | 0x05091998 | lse | drivers/fc4, |
| GDTIOCTL_MAGIC | 0x06030f07 | gdth_iowr_str | drivers/scs: |
| RIEBL_MAGIC | 0x09051990 | | drivers/net, |
| NBD_REQUEST_MAGIC | 0x12560953 | nbd_request | include/lin |
| RED_MAGIC2 | 0x170fc2a5 | (any) | mm/slab.c |
| BAYCOM_MAGIC | 0x19730510 | baycom_state | drivers/net, |
| ISDN_X25IFACE_MAGIC | 0x1e75a2b9 | isdn_x25iface_proto_data | drivers/isd |
| ECP_MAGIC | 0x21504345 | cdkecpsig | include/lin |
| LSOMAGIC | 0x27091997 | lso | drivers/fc4, |
| LSMAGIC | 0x2a3b4d2a | ls | drivers/fc4, |
| WANPIPE_MAGIC | 0x414C4453 | sdla_{dump,exec} | include/lin |
| CS_CARD_MAGIC | 0x43525553 | cs_card | sound/oss/c |
| LABELCL_MAGIC | 0x4857434c | labelcl_info_s | include/asm, |
| ISDN_ASYNC_MAGIC | 0x49344C01 | modem_info | include/lin |
| CTC_ASYNC_MAGIC | 0x49344C01 | ctc_tty_info | drivers/s390 |
| ISDN_NET_MAGIC | 0x49344C02 | isdn_net_local_s | drivers/isd |
| SAVEKMSG_MAGIC2 | 0x4B4D5347 | savekmsg | arch/*/amiga |
| CS_STATE_MAGIC | 0x4c4f4749 | cs_state | sound/oss/c |
| SLAB_C_MAGIC | 0x4f17a36d | kmem_cache | mm/slab.c |
| COW_MAGIC | 0x4f4f4f4d | cow_header_v1 | arch/um/dri |
| I810_CARD_MAGIC | 0x5072696E | i810_card | sound/oss/i |
| TRIDENT_CARD_MAGIC | 0x5072696E | trident_card | sound/oss/t |
| ROUTER_MAGIC | 0x524d4157 | wan_device | [in wanroute |
| SAVEKMSG_MAGIC1 | 0x53415645 | savekmsg | arch/*/amiga |
| GDA_MAGIC | 0x58464552 | gda | arch/mips/i |
| RED_MAGIC1 | 0x5a2cf071 | (any) | mm/slab.c |
| EEPROM_MAGIC_VALUE | 0x5ab478d2 | lanai_dev | drivers/atm, |
| HDLCDRV_MAGIC | 0x5ac6e778 | hdlcdrv_state | include/lin |
| PCXX_MAGIC | 0x5c6df104 | channel | drivers/cha |
| KV_MAGIC | 0x5f4b565f | kernel_vars_s | arch/mips/i |
| I810_STATE_MAGIC | 0x63657373 | i810_state | sound/oss/i |
| TRIDENT_STATE_MAGIC | 0x63657373 | trient_state | sound/oss/t |
| M3_CARD_MAGIC | 0x646e6f50 | m3_card | sound/oss/ma |
| FW_HEADER_MAGIC | 0x65726F66 | fw_header | drivers/atm, |
| SLOT_MAGIC | 0x67267321 | slot | drivers/hot |
| SLOT_MAGIC | 0x67267322 | slot | drivers/hot |
| LO_MAGIC | 0x68797548 | nbd_device | include/lin |
| OPROFILE_MAGIC | 0x6f70726f | super_block | drivers/opro |
| M3_STATE_MAGIC | 0x734d724d | m3_state | sound/oss/ma |
| VMALLOC_MAGIC | 0x87654320 | snd_alloc_track | sound/core/ |
| KMALLOC_MAGIC | 0x87654321 | snd_alloc_track | sound/core/ |
| PWC_MAGIC | 0x89DC10AB | pwc_device | drivers/usb, |
| NBD_REPLY_MAGIC | 0x96744668 | nbd_reply | include/lin |
| ENI155_MAGIC | 0xa54b872d | midway_eprom | drivers/atm, |

Table 1 - continued from previous page

| Magic Name | Number | Structure | File |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| CODA_MAGIC | 0xC0DAC0DA | coda_file_info | fs/coda/coda |
| DPMEM_MAGIC | 0xc0ffee11 | gdt_pci_sram | drivers/scs: |
| YAM_MAGIC | 0xF10A7654 | yam_port | drivers/net, |
| CCB_MAGIC | 0xf2691ad2 | ccb | drivers/scs: |
| QUEUE_MAGIC_FREE | 0xf7e1c9a3 | queue_entry | drivers/scs: |
| QUEUE_MAGIC_USED | 0xf7e1cc33 | queue_entry | drivers/scs: |
| HTB_CMAGIC | 0xFEFAFEF1 | htb_class | net/sched/sc |
| NMI_MAGIC | 0x48414d4d455201 | nmi_s | arch/mips/i |

Note that there are also defined special per-driver magic numbers in sound memory management. See include/sound/sndmagic.h for complete list of them. Many OSS sound drivers have their magic numbers constructed from the sound-card PCI ID - these are not listed here as well.

HFS is another larger user of magic numbers - you can find them in fs/hfs/hfs.h.

WHY THE "VOLATILE" TYPE CLASS SHOULD NOT BE USED

C programmers have often taken volatile to mean that the variable could be changed outside of the current thread of execution; as a result, they are sometimes tempted to use it in kernel code when shared data structures are being used. In other words, they have been known to treat volatile types as a sort of easy atomic variable, which they are not. The use of volatile in kernel code is almost never correct; this document describes why.

The key point to understand with regard to volatile is that its purpose is to suppress optimization, which is almost never what one really wants to do. In the kernel, one must protect shared data structures against unwanted concurrent access, which is very much a different task. The process of protecting against unwanted concurrency will also avoid almost all optimization-related problems in a more efficient way.

Like volatile, the kernel primitives which make concurrent access to data safe (spinlocks, mutexes, memory barriers, etc.) are designed to prevent unwanted optimization. If they are being used properly, there will be no need to use volatile as well. If volatile is still necessary, there is almost certainly a bug in the code somewhere. In properly-written kernel code, volatile can only serve to slow things down.

Consider a typical block of kernel code:

```
spin_lock(&the_lock);
do_something_on(&shared_data);
do_something_else_with(&shared_data);
spin_unlock(&the_lock);
```

If all the code follows the locking rules, the value of shared_data cannot change unexpectedly while the_lock is held. Any other code which might want to play with that data will be waiting on the lock. The spinlock primitives act as memory barriers - they are explicitly written to do so - meaning that data accesses will not be optimized across them. So the compiler might think it knows what will be in shared_data, but the spin_lock() call, since it acts as a memory barrier, will force it to forget anything it knows. There will be no optimization problems with accesses to that data.

If shared_data were declared volatile, the locking would still be necessary. But the compiler would also be prevented from optimizing access to shared_data_within_the critical section, when we know that nobody else can be working with it. While

the lock is held, shared_data is not volatile. When dealing with shared data, proper locking makes volatile unnecessary - and potentially harmful.

The volatile storage class was originally meant for memory-mapped I/O registers. Within the kernel, register accesses, too, should be protected by locks, but one also does not want the compiler "optimizing" register accesses within a critical section. But, within the kernel, I/O memory accesses are always done through accessor functions; accessing I/O memory directly through pointers is frowned upon and does not work on all architectures. Those accessors are written to prevent unwanted optimization, so, once again, volatile is unnecessary.

Another situation where one might be tempted to use volatile is when the processor is busy-waiting on the value of a variable. The right way to perform a busy wait is:

```
while (my_variable != what_i_want)
    cpu_relax();
```

The cpu_relax() call can lower CPU power consumption or yield to a hyperthreaded twin processor; it also happens to serve as a compiler barrier, so, once again, volatile is unnecessary. Of course, busy- waiting is generally an anti-social act to begin with.

There are still a few rare situations where volatile makes sense in the kernel:

- The above-mentioned accessor functions might use volatile on architectures where direct I/O memory access does work. Essentially, each accessor call becomes a little critical section on its own and ensures that the access happens as expected by the programmer.
- Inline assembly code which changes memory, but which has no other visible side effects, risks being deleted by GCC. Adding the volatile keyword to asm statements will prevent this removal.
- The jiffies variable is special in that it can have a different value every time it is referenced, but it can be read without any special locking. So jiffies can be volatile, but the addition of other variables of this type is strongly frowned upon. Jiffies is considered to be a "stupid legacy" issue (Linus's words) in this regard; fixing it would be more trouble than it is worth.
- Pointers to data structures in coherent memory which might be modified by I/O devices can, sometimes, legitimately be volatile. A ring buffer used by a network adapter, where that adapter changes pointers to indicate which descriptors have been processed, is an example of this type of situation.

For most code, none of the above justifications for volatile apply. As a result, the use of volatile is likely to be seen as a bug and will bring additional scrutiny to the code. Developers who are tempted to use volatile should take a step back and think about what they are truly trying to accomplish.

Patches to remove volatile variables are generally welcome - as long as they come with a justification which shows that the concurrency issues have been properly thought through.

* References

- [1] https://lwn.net/Articles/233481/
- [2] https://lwn.net/Articles/233482/

* Credits

Original impetus and research by Randy Dunlap

Written by Jonathan Corbet

Improvements via comments from Satyam Sharma, Johannes Stezenbach, Jesper Juhl, Heikki Orsila, H. Peter Anvin, Philipp Hahn, and Stefan Richter.

*. References 963

| Linux Process Documentation | |
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(HOW TO AVOID) BOTCHING UP IOCTLS

From: https://blog.ffwll.ch/2013/11/botching-up-ioctls.html

By: Daniel Vetter, Copyright © 2013 Intel Corporation

One clear insight kernel graphics hackers gained in the past few years is that trying to come up with a unified interface to manage the execution units and memory on completely different GPUs is a futile effort. So nowadays every driver has its own set of ioctls to allocate memory and submit work to the GPU. Which is nice, since there's no more insanity in the form of fake-generic, but actually only used once interfaces. But the clear downside is that there's much more potential to screw things up.

To avoid repeating all the same mistakes again I' ve written up some of the lessons learned while botching the job for the drm/i915 driver. Most of these only cover technicalities and not the big-picture issues like what the command submission ioctl exactly should look like. Learning these lessons is probably something every GPU driver has to do on its own.

* Prerequisites

First the prerequisites. Without these you have already failed, because you will need to add a 32-bit compat layer:

- Only use fixed sized integers. To avoid conflicts with typedefs in userspace the kernel has special types like _u32, _s64. Use them.
- Align everything to the natural size and use explicit padding. 32-bit platforms don't necessarily align 64-bit values to 64-bit boundaries, but 64-bit platforms do. So we always need padding to the natural size to get this right.
- Pad the entire struct to a multiple of 64-bits if the structure contains 64-bit types the structure size will otherwise differ on 32-bit versus 64-bit. Having a different structure size hurts when passing arrays of structures to the kernel, or if the kernel checks the structure size, which e.g. the drm core does.
- Pointers are __u64, cast from/to a uintprt_t on the userspace side and from/to
 a void __user * in the kernel. Try really hard not to delay this conversion
 or worse, fiddle the raw __u64 through your code since that diminishes the
 checking tools like sparse can provide. The macro u64 to user ptr can be

used in the kernel to avoid warnings about integers and pointers of different sizes.

* Basics

With the joys of writing a compat layer avoided we can take a look at the basic fumbles. Neglecting these will make backward and forward compatibility a real pain. And since getting things wrong on the first attempt is guaranteed you will have a second iteration or at least an extension for any given interface.

- Have a clear way for userspace to figure out whether your new ioctl or ioctl extension is supported on a given kernel. If you can't rely on old kernels rejecting the new flags/modes or ioctls (since doing that was botched in the past) then you need a driver feature flag or revision number somewhere.
- Have a plan for extending ioctls with new flags or new fields at the end of the structure. The drm core checks the passed-in size for each ioctl call and zero-extends any mismatches between kernel and userspace. That helps, but isn't a complete solution since newer userspace on older kernels won't notice that the newly added fields at the end get ignored. So this still needs a new driver feature flags.
- Check all unused fields and flags and all the padding for whether it's 0, and reject the ioctl if that's not the case. Otherwise your nice plan for future extensions is going right down the gutters since someone will submit an ioctl struct with random stack garbage in the yet unused parts. Which then bakes in the ABI that those fields can never be used for anything else but garbage. This is also the reason why you must explicitly pad all structures, even if you never use them in an array the padding the compiler might insert could contain garbage.
- Have simple testcases for all of the above.

* Fun with Error Paths

Nowadays we don't have any excuse left any more for drm drivers being neat little root exploits. This means we both need full input validation and solid error handling paths - GPUs will die eventually in the oddmost corner cases anyway:

- The ioctl must check for array overflows. Also it needs to check for over/underflows and clamping issues of integer values in general. The usual example is sprite positioning values fed directly into the hardware with the hardware just having 12 bits or so. Works nicely until some odd display server doesn't bother with clamping itself and the cursor wraps around the screen.
- Have simple testcases for every input validation failure case in your ioctl.
 Check that the error code matches your expectations. And finally make sure that you only test for one single error path in each subtest by submitting otherwise perfectly valid data. Without this an earlier check might reject the ioctl already and shadow the codepath you actually want to test, hiding bugs and regressions.

- Make all your ioctls restartable. First X really loves signals and second this will allow you to test 90% of all error handling paths by just interrupting your main test suite constantly with signals. Thanks to X' s love for signal you' ll get an excellent base coverage of all your error paths pretty much for free for graphics drivers. Also, be consistent with how you handle ioctl restarting e.g. drm has a tiny drmIoctl helper in its userspace library. The i915 driver botched this with the set_tiling ioctl, now we' re stuck forever with some arcane semantics in both the kernel and userspace.
- If you can't make a given codepath restartable make a stuck task at least killable. GPUs just die and your users won't like you more if you hang their entire box (by means of an unkillable X process). If the state recovery is still too tricky have a timeout or hangcheck safety net as a last-ditch effort in case the hardware has gone bananas.
- Have testcases for the really tricky corner cases in your error recovery code
 it's way too easy to create a deadlock between your hangcheck code and waiters.

* Time, Waiting and Missing it

GPUs do most everything asynchronously, so we have a need to time operations and wait for outstanding ones. This is really tricky business; at the moment none of the ioctls supported by the drm/i915 get this fully right, which means there's still tons more lessons to learn here.

- Use CLOCK_MONOTONIC as your reference time, always. It's what alsa, drm and v4l use by default nowadays. But let userspace know which timestamps are derived from different clock domains like your main system clock (provided by the kernel) or some independent hardware counter somewhere else. Clocks will mismatch if you look close enough, but if performance measuring tools have this information they can at least compensate. If your userspace can get at the raw values of some clocks (e.g. through in-command-stream performance counter sampling instructions) consider exposing those also.
- Use <u>__</u>s64 seconds plus <u>__</u>u64 nanoseconds to specify time. It's not the most convenient time specification, but it's mostly the standard.
- Check that input time values are normalized and reject them if not. Note that the kernel native struct ktime has a signed integer for both seconds and nanoseconds, so beware here.
- For timeouts, use absolute times. If you' re a good fellow and made your ioctl restartable relative timeouts tend to be too coarse and can indefinitely extend your wait time due to rounding on each restart. Especially if your reference clock is something really slow like the display frame counter. With a spec lawyer hat on this isn't a bug since timeouts can always be extended but users will surely hate you if their neat animations starts to stutter due to this.
- Consider ditching any synchronous wait ioctls with timeouts and just deliver an asynchronous event on a pollable file descriptor. It fits much better into event driven applications' main loop.

• Have testcases for corner-cases, especially whether the return values for already-completed events, successful waits and timed-out waits are all sane and suiting to your needs.

* Leaking Resources, Not

A full-blown drm driver essentially implements a little OS, but specialized to the given GPU platforms. This means a driver needs to expose tons of handles for different objects and other resources to userspace. Doing that right entails its own little set of pitfalls:

- Always attach the lifetime of your dynamically created resources to the lifetime of a file descriptor. Consider using a 1:1 mapping if your resource needs to be shared across processes fd-passing over unix domain sockets also simplifies lifetime management for userspace.
- Always have O CLOEXEC support.
- Ensure that you have sufficient insulation between different clients. By default pick a private per-fd namespace which forces any sharing to be done explicitly. Only go with a more global per-device namespace if the objects are truly device-unique. One counterexample in the drm modeset interfaces is that the per-device modeset objects like connectors share a namespace with framebuffer objects, which mostly are not shared at all. A separate namespace, private by default, for framebuffers would have been more suitable.
- Think about uniqueness requirements for userspace handles. E.g. for most drm drivers it's a userspace bug to submit the same object twice in the same command submission ioctl. But then if objects are shareable userspace needs to know whether it has seen an imported object from a different process already or not. I haven't tried this myself yet due to lack of a new class of objects, but consider using inode numbers on your shared file descriptors as unique identifiers it's how real files are told apart, too. Unfortunately this requires a full-blown virtual filesystem in the kernel.

* Last, but not Least

Not every problem needs a new ioctl:

- Think hard whether you really want a driver-private interface. Of course it's much quicker to push a driver-private interface than engaging in lengthy discussions for a more generic solution. And occasionally doing a private interface to spearhead a new concept is what's required. But in the end, once the generic interface comes around you'll end up maintainer two interfaces. Indefinitely.
- Consider other interfaces than ioctls. A sysfs attribute is much better for per-device settings, or for child objects with fairly static lifetimes (like output connectors in drm with all the detection override attributes). Or maybe only your testsuite needs this interface, and then debugfs with its disclaimer of not having a stable ABI would be better.

Finally, the name of the game is to get it right on the first attempt, since if your driver proves popular and your hardware platforms long-lived then you'll be stuck with a given ioctl essentially forever. You can try to deprecate horrible ioctls on newer iterations of your hardware, but generally it takes years to accomplish this. And then again years until the last user able to complain about regressions disappears, too.

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CHAPTER TWENTYEIGHT

CLANG-FORMAT

clang-format is a tool to format $C/C++/\cdots$ code according to a set of rules and heuristics. Like most tools, it is not perfect nor covers every single case, but it is good enough to be helpful.

clang-format can be used for several purposes:

- Quickly reformat a block of code to the kernel style. Specially useful when moving code around and aligning/sorting. See *clangformatreformat*.
- Spot style mistakes, typos and possible improvements in files you maintain, patches you review, diffs, etc. See *clangformatreview*.
- Help you follow the coding style rules, specially useful for those new to kernel development or working at the same time in several projects with different coding styles.

Its configuration file is .clang-format in the root of the kernel tree. The rules contained there try to approximate the most common kernel coding style. They also try to follow Linux kernel coding style as much as possible. Since not all the kernel follows the same style, it is possible that you may want to tweak the defaults for a particular subsystem or folder. To do so, you can override the defaults by writing another .clang-format file in a subfolder.

The tool itself has already been included in the repositories of popular Linux distributions for a long time. Search for clang-format in your repositories. Otherwise, you can either download pre-built LLVM/clang binaries or build the source code from:

https://releases.llvm.org/download.html

See more information about the tool at:

https://clang.llvm.org/docs/ClangFormat.html

https://clang.llvm.org/docs/ClangFormatStyleOptions.html

* Review files and patches for coding style

By running the tool in its inline mode, you can review full subsystems, folders or individual files for code style mistakes, typos or improvements.

To do so, you can run something like:

```
# Make sure your working directory is clean!
clang-format -i kernel/*.[ch]
```

And then take a look at the git diff.

Counting the lines of such a diff is also useful for improving/tweaking the style options in the configuration file; as well as testing new clang-format features/versions.

clang-format also supports reading unified diffs, so you can review patches and git diffs easily. See the documentation at:

```
https://clang.llvm.org/docs/ClangFormat.html#script-for-patch-reformatting
```

To avoid clang-format formatting some portion of a file, you can do:

```
int formatted_code;
// clang-format off
   void   unformatted_code ;
// clang-format on
void formatted_code_again;
```

While it might be tempting to use this to keep a file always in sync with clang-format, specially if you are writing new files or if you are a maintainer, please note that people might be running different clang-format versions or not have it available at all. Therefore, you should probably refrain yourself from using this in kernel sources; at least until we see if clang-format becomes commonplace.

* Reformatting blocks of code

By using an integration with your text editor, you can reformat arbitrary blocks (selections) of code with a single keystroke. This is specially useful when moving code around, for complex code that is deeply intended, for multi-line macros (and aligning their backslashes), etc.

Remember that you can always tweak the changes afterwards in those cases where the tool did not do an optimal job. But as a first approximation, it can be very useful.

There are integrations for many popular text editors. For some of them, like vim, emacs, BBEdit and Visual Studio you can find support built-in. For instructions, read the appropriate section at:

https://clang.llvm.org/docs/ClangFormat.html

For Atom, Eclipse, Sublime Text, Visual Studio Code, XCode and other editors and IDEs you should be able to find ready-to-use plugins.

For this use case, consider using a secondary .clang-format so that you can tweak a few options. See *clangformatextra*.

* Missing support

clang-format is missing support for some things that are common in kernel code. They are easy to remember, so if you use the tool regularly, you will quickly learn to avoid/ignore those.

In particular, some very common ones you will notice are:

• Aligned blocks of one-line #defines, e.g.:

```
#define TRACING_MAP_BITS_DEFAULT 11
#define TRACING_MAP_BITS_MAX 17
#define TRACING_MAP_BITS_MIN 7
```

vs.:

```
#define TRACING_MAP_BITS_DEFAULT 11
#define TRACING_MAP_BITS_MAX 17
#define TRACING_MAP_BITS_MIN 7
```

• Aligned designated initializers, e.g.:

vs.:

```
static const struct file_operations uprobe_events_ops = {
    .owner = THIS_MODULE,
    .open = probes_open,
    .read = seq_read,
    .llseek = seq_lseek,
    .release = seq_release,
    .write = probes_write,
};
```

* Extra features/options

Some features/style options are not enabled by default in the configuration file in order to minimize the differences between the output and the current code. In other words, to make the difference as small as possible, which makes reviewing full-file style, as well diffs and patches as easy as possible.

In other cases (e.g. particular subsystems/folders/files), the kernel style might be different and enabling some of these options may approximate better the style there.

For instance:

- Aligning assignments (AlignConsecutiveAssignments).
- Aligning declarations (AlignConsecutiveDeclarations).
- Reflowing text in comments (ReflowComments).
- Sorting #includes (SortIncludes).

They are typically useful for block re-formatting, rather than full-file. You might want to create another .clang-format file and use that one from your editor/IDE instead.

ARCH/RISCV MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPERS

* Overview

The RISC-V instruction set architecture is developed in the open: in-progress drafts are available for all to review and to experiment with implementations. New module or extension drafts can change during the development process sometimes in ways that are incompatible with previous drafts. This flexibility can present a challenge for RISC-V Linux maintenance. Linux maintainers disapprove of churn, and the Linux development process prefers well-reviewed and tested code over experimental code. We wish to extend these same principles to the RISC-V-related code that will be accepted for inclusion in the kernel.

* Submit Checklist Addendum

We'll only accept patches for new modules or extensions if the specifications for those modules or extensions are listed as being "Frozen" or "Ratified" by the RISC-V Foundation. (Developers may, of course, maintain their own Linux kernel trees that contain code for any draft extensions that they wish.)

Additionally, the RISC-V specification allows implementors to create their own custom extensions. These custom extensions aren't required to go through any review or ratification process by the RISC-V Foundation. To avoid the maintenance complexity and potential performance impact of adding kernel code for implementor-specific RISC-V extensions, we'll only to accept patches for extensions that have been officially frozen or ratified by the RISC-V Foundation. (Implementors, may, of course, maintain their own Linux kernel trees containing code for any custom extensions that they wish.)

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UNALIGNED MEMORY ACCESSES

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Linux runs on a wide variety of architectures which have varying behaviour when it comes to memory access. This document presents some details about unaligned accesses, why you need to write code that doesn't cause them, and how to write such code!

* The definition of an unaligned access

Unaligned memory accesses occur when you try to read N bytes of data starting from an address that is not evenly divisible by N (i.e. addr % N != 0). For example, reading 4 bytes of data from address 0x10004 is fine, but reading 4 bytes of data from address 0x10005 would be an unaligned memory access.

The above may seem a little vague, as memory access can happen in different ways. The context here is at the machine code level: certain instructions read or write a number of bytes to or from memory (e.g. movb, movw, movl in x86 assembly). As will become clear, it is relatively easy to spot C statements which will compile to multiple-byte memory access instructions, namely when dealing with types such as u16, u32 and u64.

* Natural alignment

The rule mentioned above forms what we refer to as natural alignment: When accessing N bytes of memory, the base memory address must be evenly divisible by N, i.e. addr % N == 0.

When writing code, assume the target architecture has natural alignment requirements.

In reality, only a few architectures require natural alignment on all sizes of memory access. However, we must consider ALL supported architectures; writing code that satisfies natural alignment requirements is the easiest way to achieve full portability.

* Why unaligned access is bad

The effects of performing an unaligned memory access vary from architecture to architecture. It would be easy to write a whole document on the differences here; a summary of the common scenarios is presented below:

- Some architectures are able to perform unaligned memory accesses transparently, but there is usually a significant performance cost.
- Some architectures raise processor exceptions when unaligned accesses happen. The exception handler is able to correct the unaligned access, at significant cost to performance.
- Some architectures raise processor exceptions when unaligned accesses happen, but the exceptions do not contain enough information for the unaligned access to be corrected.
- Some architectures are not capable of unaligned memory access, but will silently perform a different memory access to the one that was requested, resulting in a subtle code bug that is hard to detect!

It should be obvious from the above that if your code causes unaligned memory accesses to happen, your code will not work correctly on certain platforms and will cause performance problems on others.

* Code that does not cause unaligned access

At first, the concepts above may seem a little hard to relate to actual coding practice. After all, you don't have a great deal of control over memory addresses of certain variables, etc.

Fortunately things are not too complex, as in most cases, the compiler ensures that things will work for you. For example, take the following structure:

```
struct foo {
    u16 field1;
    u32 field2;
```

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```
u8 field3;
};
```

Let us assume that an instance of the above structure resides in memory starting at address 0x10000. With a basic level of understanding, it would not be unreasonable to expect that accessing field2 would cause an unaligned access. You'd be expecting field2 to be located at offset 2 bytes into the structure, i.e. address 0x10002, but that address is not evenly divisible by 4 (remember, we're reading a 4 byte value here).

Fortunately, the compiler understands the alignment constraints, so in the above case it would insert 2 bytes of padding in between field1 and field2. Therefore, for standard structure types you can always rely on the compiler to pad structures so that accesses to fields are suitably aligned (assuming you do not cast the field to a type of different length).

Similarly, you can also rely on the compiler to align variables and function parameters to a naturally aligned scheme, based on the size of the type of the variable.

At this point, it should be clear that accessing a single byte (u8 or char) will never cause an unaligned access, because all memory addresses are evenly divisible by one.

On a related topic, with the above considerations in mind you may observe that you could reorder the fields in the structure in order to place fields where padding would otherwise be inserted, and hence reduce the overall resident memory size of structure instances. The optimal layout of the above example is:

```
struct foo {
    u32 field2;
    u16 field1;
    u8 field3;
};
```

For a natural alignment scheme, the compiler would only have to add a single byte of padding at the end of the structure. This padding is added in order to satisfy alignment constraints for arrays of these structures.

Another point worth mentioning is the use of _attribute_((packed)) on a structure type. This GCC-specific attribute tells the compiler never to insert any padding within structures, useful when you want to use a C struct to represent some data that comes in a fixed arrangement 'off the wire'.

You might be inclined to believe that usage of this attribute can easily lead to unaligned accesses when accessing fields that do not satisfy architectural alignment requirements. However, again, the compiler is aware of the alignment constraints and will generate extra instructions to perform the memory access in a way that does not cause unaligned access. Of course, the extra instructions obviously cause a loss in performance compared to the non-packed case, so the packed attribute should only be used when avoiding structure padding is of importance.

* Code that causes unaligned access

With the above in mind, let's move onto a real life example of a function that can cause an unaligned memory access. The following function taken from include/linux/etherdevice.h is an optimized routine to compare two ethernet MAC addresses for equality:

In the above function, when the hardware has efficient unaligned access capability, there is no issue with this code. But when the hardware isn't able to access memory on arbitrary boundaries, the reference to a[0] causes 2 bytes (16 bits) to be read from memory starting at address addr1.

Think about what would happen if addr1 was an odd address such as 0x10003. (Hint: it' d be an unaligned access.)

Despite the potential unaligned access problems with the above function, it is included in the kernel anyway but is understood to only work normally on 16-bit-aligned addresses. It is up to the caller to ensure this alignment or not use this function at all. This alignment-unsafe function is still useful as it is a decent optimization for the cases when you can ensure alignment, which is true almost all of the time in ethernet networking context.

Here is another example of some code that could cause unaligned accesses:

```
void myfunc(u8 *data, u32 value)
{
       [...]
       *((u32 *) data) = cpu_to_le32(value);
       [...]
}
```

This code will cause unaligned accesses every time the data parameter points to an address that is not evenly divisible by 4.

In summary, the 2 main scenarios where you may run into unaligned access problems involve:

1. Casting variables to types of different lengths

2. Pointer arithmetic followed by access to at least 2 bytes of data

* Avoiding unaligned accesses

The easiest way to avoid unaligned access is to use the get_unaligned() and put unaligned() macros provided by the <asm/unaligned.h> header file.

Going back to an earlier example of code that potentially causes unaligned access:

```
void myfunc(u8 *data, u32 value)
{
       [...]
       *((u32 *) data) = cpu_to_le32(value);
       [...]
}
```

To avoid the unaligned memory access, you would rewrite it as follows:

```
void myfunc(u8 *data, u32 value)
{
      [...]
      value = cpu_to_le32(value);
      put_unaligned(value, (u32 *) data);
      [...]
}
```

The get_unaligned() macro works similarly. Assuming 'data' is a pointer to memory and you wish to avoid unaligned access, its usage is as follows:

```
u32 value = get_unaligned((u32 *) data);
```

These macros work for memory accesses of any length (not just 32 bits as in the examples above). Be aware that when compared to standard access of aligned memory, using these macros to access unaligned memory can be costly in terms of performance.

If use of such macros is not convenient, another option is to use memcpy(), where the source or destination (or both) are of type u8* or unsigned char*. Due to the byte-wise nature of this operation, unaligned accesses are avoided.

* Alignment vs. Networking

On architectures that require aligned loads, networking requires that the IP header is aligned on a four-byte boundary to optimise the IP stack. For regular ethernet hardware, the constant NET_IP_ALIGN is used. On most architectures this constant has the value 2 because the normal ethernet header is 14 bytes long, so in order to get proper alignment one needs to DMA to an address which can be expressed as 4*n + 2. One notable exception here is powerpc which defines NET_IP_ALIGN to 0 because DMA to unaligned addresses can be very expensive and dwarf the cost of unaligned loads.

Linux Process Documentation

For some ethernet hardware that cannot DMA to unaligned addresses like 4*n+2 or non-ethernet hardware, this can be a problem, and it is then required to copy the incoming frame into an aligned buffer. Because this is unnecessary on architectures that can do unaligned accesses, the code can be made dependent on CONFIG_HAVE_EFFICIENT_UNALIGNED_ACCESS like so:

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