登录[MySQL](http://www.ha97.com/tag/mysql)查看用[SHOW](http://www.ha97.com/tag/show) VARIABLES LIKE ‘character%’;下字符集，显示如下：  
  
+--------------------------+----------------------------+  
| Variable\_name | Value |  
+--------------------------+----------------------------+  
| character\_set\_client | [utf8](http://www.ha97.com/tag/utf8) |  
| character\_set\_connection | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_database | latin1 |  
| character\_set\_filesystem | binary |  
| character\_set\_results | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_server | latin1 |  
| character\_set\_system | utf8 |  
| character\_sets\_dir | /usr/share/mysql/charsets/ |  
+--------------------------+----------------------------+  
  
character\_set\_database和character\_set\_server的默认字符集还是latin1。

二、最简单的完美修改方法，修改mysql的[my.cnf](http://www.ha97.com/tag/my-cnf)文件中的字符集键值（注意配置的字段细节）：  
  
1、在[client]字段里加入default-character-set=utf8，如下：  
  
[client]  
port = 3306  
socket = /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock  
default-character-set=utf8  
  
2、在[mysqld]字段里加入character-set-[server](http://www.ha97.com/tag/server)=utf8，如下：  
  
[mysqld]  
port = 3306  
socket = /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock  
character-set-server=utf8  
  
3、在[mysql]字段里加入default-character-set=utf8，如下：  
  
[mysql]  
no-auto-rehash  
default-character-set=utf8  
  
修改完成后，service mysql restart重启mysql服务就生效。注意：[mysqld]字段与[mysql]字段是有区别的。这点在网上没人反馈过。

使用SHOW VARIABLES LIKE ‘character%’;查看，发现数据库编码全已改成utf8。  
  
+--------------------------+----------------------------+  
| Variable\_name | Value |  
+--------------------------+----------------------------+  
| character\_set\_client | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_connection | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_database | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_filesystem | binary |  
| character\_set\_results | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_server | utf8 |  
| character\_set\_system | utf8 |  
| character\_sets\_dir | /usr/share/mysql/charsets/ |  
+--------------------------+----------------------------+