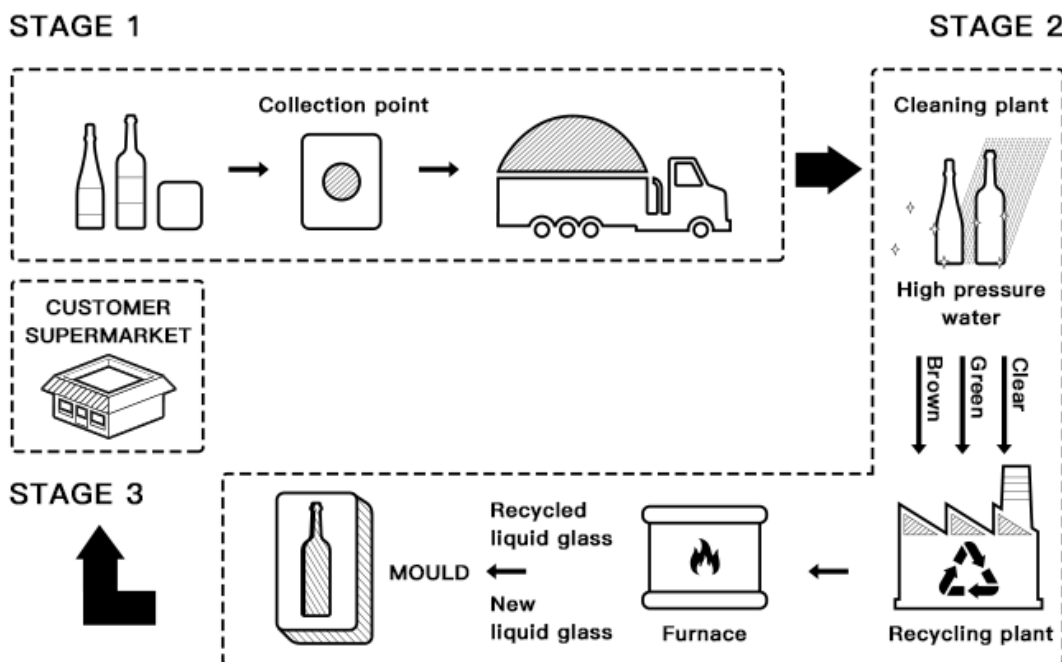


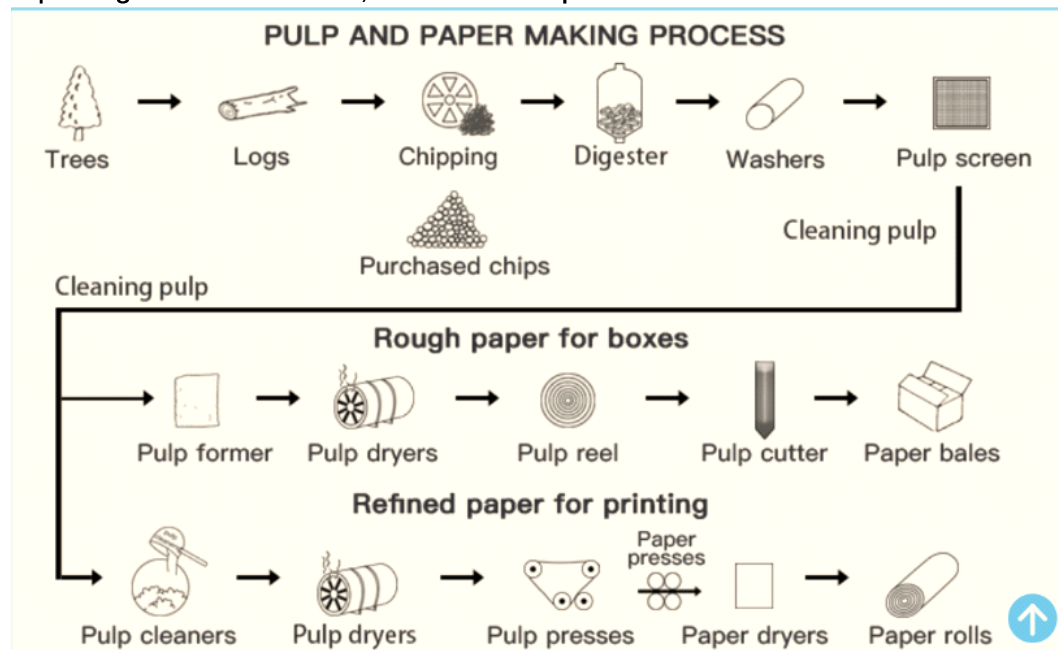
The diagram presents the process of recycling glass bottles. Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



The steps taken when recycling glass bottles are illustrated in the diagram above. These steps are further sorted into three different stages.

Collection of the glass bottles to be recycled is the main step in the first stage. After enough bottles are collected, a truck is used to transport them from a collection point to a cleaning plant which is the start of the second state of recycling. The second stage starts with the cleaning of the glass bottles with the use of high-pressure water. After a thorough cleaning, the bottles are sorted depending on the type of glass they use-brown, green, or clear glass. The next step is taking the sorted bottles to a recycling plant where they are melted down in a furnace. The result is recycled liquid glass. Some new liquid glass is also added before the liquid is poured into different molds to shape new bottles. The final and third stage is where these new bottles are reused in customer supermarkets.

The diagram presents how pulp and paper is made. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

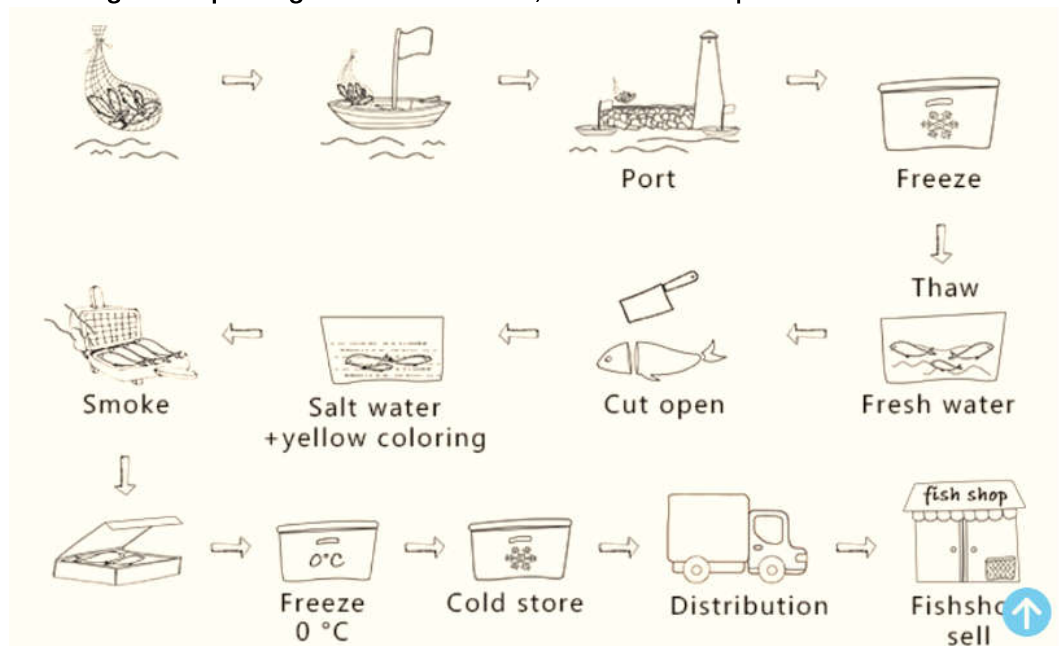


The diagram shows the process of making pulp and paper. There are more than ten steps for the whole process.

First, trees are cut down for the logs are the original material for the production. Then the logs are chipped and mixed with purchased chips in the digester. The pulp is later moved into washers and then purified through a screen.

After the cleaning process, the pulp is used to either make rough paper for boxes or refined paper for printing. In the rough-paper-making process, the cleaned pulp first is put into pulp former and then is dried in a dryer. Later the material is processed by pulp reel and cut into pieces. In the end, the final product is used for paper bales. In the process of producing printing paper, the pulp first is cleaned one more time before it is dried. After the drying step, the pulp is pressed by pulp presses and paper presses and then moved in to paper dryers for the final drying process. When the paper is dry, it is rolled up for printing.

The diagram presents the process of producing smoked fish. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



The diagram shows how smoked fish is produced. There are 12 steps in the making process.

First, all the fish are captured by net in the sea and loaded to fishing boats which later take all the fish to the port. Next, they are kept in a freezing container and after a while they are thawed in the fresh water. All the fish then are taken out of the water and they are to be cut open. The cut pieces are kept in a container where there is a mixture of salt water and yellow coloring material. Smoking all the fish on a special type of machine is the following step. Afterwards, all the smoked fish are packaged in boxes and then stored in a freezer in which the temperature is freezing point. After the freezing step, the fish is moved to cold storing containers which then are transported by truck to fish shops where the fish are sold to customers.