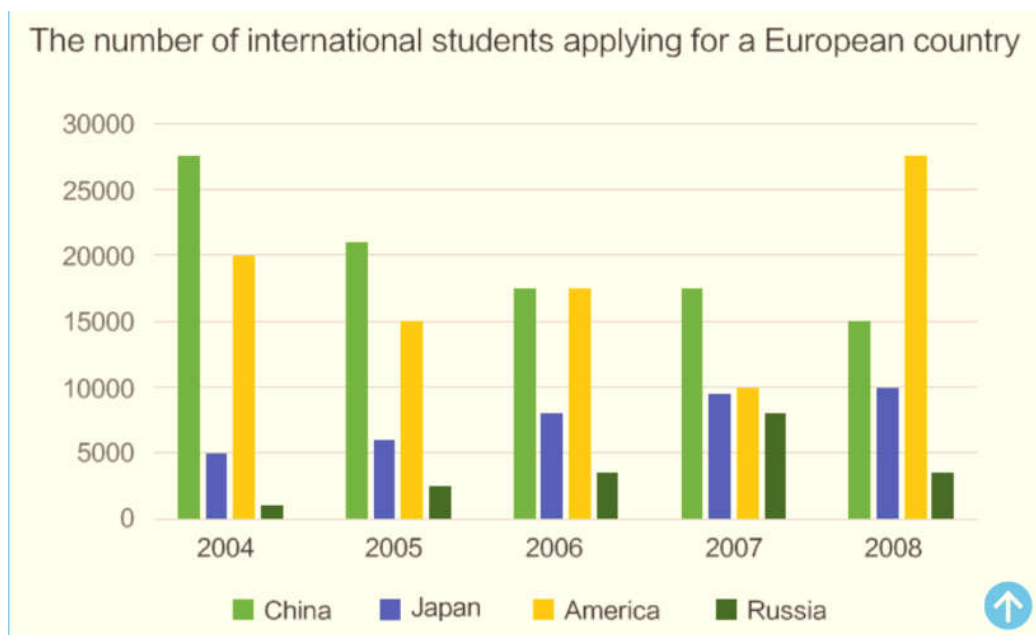


The chart below shows the number of international applicants from four countries that a European university had from 2004 to 2008. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



The bar chart gives information about how many international students from four countries applied to a European university from 2004 to 2008. Overall, applicants from China and USA were much more than those from the other two countries.

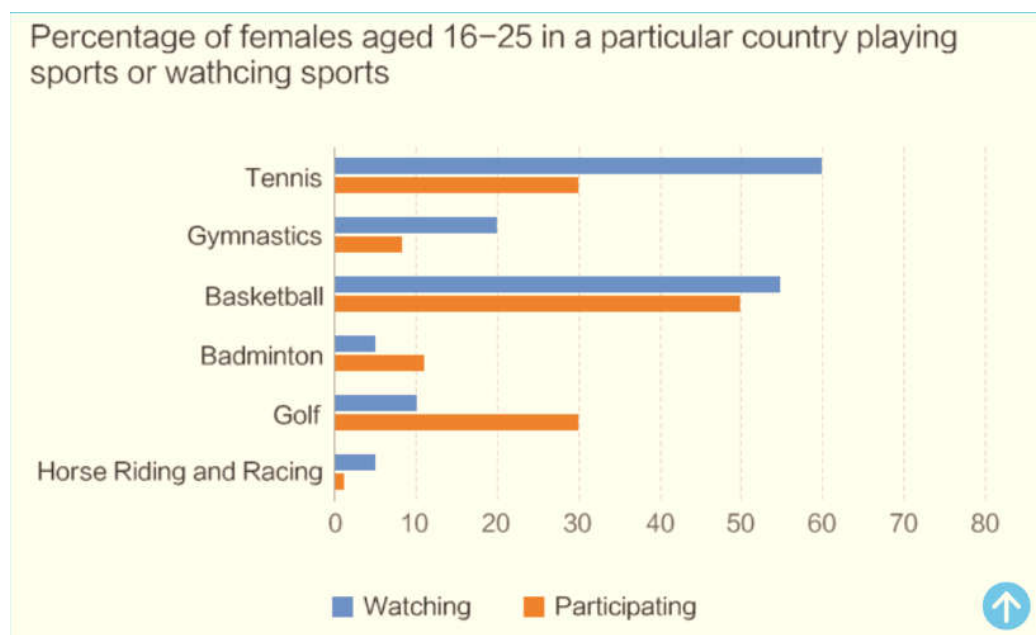
There were over 25000 Chinese applicants in 2004 which was the highest record among the four countries. Then a gradual decrease started after that year, eventually failing to 15000 in 2008.

For Japanese applicants, there was a continuous increase over the period of five years. Japan had 10000 applicants in 2008, which doubled the number in 2004.

Clearly, we can see the fluctuation in the number of American applicants, starting from 20000 in 2004 and dropping to 10000 in 2007. Surprisingly, the number soared up to about 27000 applicants in 2008, which was even higher than the record in 2004.

The number of applicants from Russia was lower than those of the other three countries over the five years. Although it reached 8000 students in 2007, the figure decreased back to fewer than 5000 students.

The chart below shows women aged from 16 to 25 in a particular country who prefer to watch or participate in a variety of sports. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

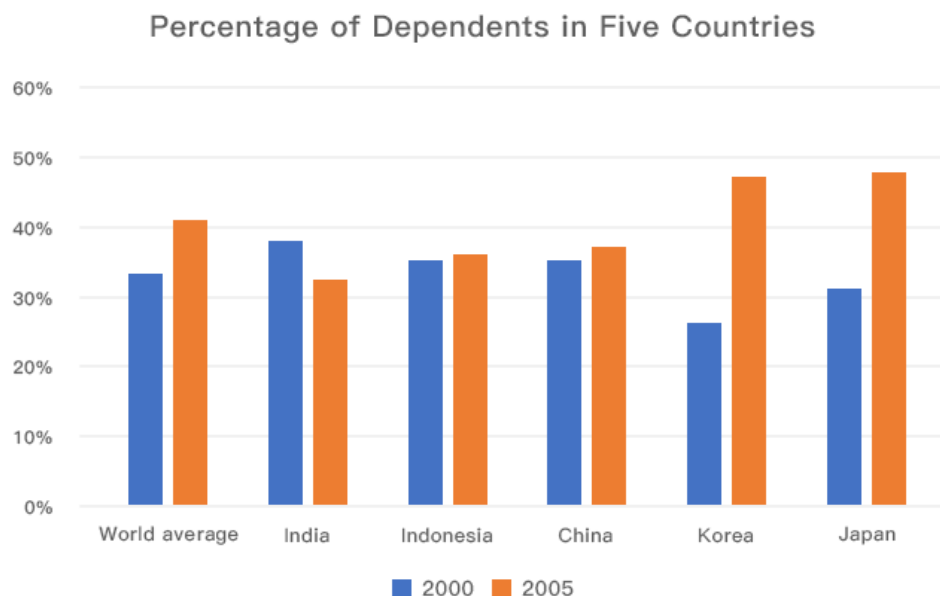


The chart presents what sports women aged from 16 to 25 in a particular country prefer to watch or to participate. Overall, tennis attracts the largest proportion of women to watch whereas horse riding and racing is the least attracting sport to watch and play. Badminton and golf are the only sports which have more players than viewers in this country.

In terms of sports for watching, tennis and basketball are the most popular, with 60% and 55% respectively. There are 20% of women watch gymnastics events whereas badminton and horse riding and racing appeal to less than 10% of female citizens.

Looking at the figures for participating sports, around 50% of women choose to play basketball, which is the highest participation rate. Interestingly, both golf and tennis attract 30% of women to participate. The level of passion for participation is quite low for badminton and gymnastics. For horse riding and racing, it is the least popular sport for women in this age group.

The chart shows the percentage of dependents in five countries in 2000 and 2005. Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



The data in the chart above shows the percentage of dependents in five different countries, and the information used was gathered in the years 2000 and 2005.

Comparing the data from 2000 and 2005, Korea showed the largest increase in the percentage of dependents. It increased from 25% to 48% in the span of five years. The country with the second highest increase in percentage was Japan whose percentage of dependents increased from 31% to 49% between 2000 and 2005.

China and Indonesia showed similar increases in percentage. To be specific, China increased by 2% and Indonesia increased by 1%. India was the only country that showed a decrease in its percentage of dependents. From 38% in 2000, it decreased to 32% in 2005. The world average percentage of dependents in countries showed an increase of 9% in 2005.

All countries shown in the chart, except India, showed a general increase of the percentage of dependents from 2000 and 2005.