

Working Effectively with Objective-C on iPhone OS

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Wizard of Runtimes



Working Effectively with Objective-C on iOS 4

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Objective-C is the language of Cocoa Touch. Take an in-depth working tour of Objective-C, from properties and memory management, to integrating your existing C and C++ code with Objective-C. Examine design patterns, exception models, and other important considerations. A valuable session to hone your knowledge of the language.

LISP/Scheme

C

Objective-C

C++

Java

C#

Ruby

Python

JavaScript

PHP

Perl

OCaml

Haskell

Erlang

Go



Syntax: Statements, Control Flow, Operators

Exceptions

Closures (ObjC: *Blocks*)

Primitives: Numbers, Strings

Aggregates: Structures, Objects

Inheritance

Interfaces (ObjC: *Protocols*)

Accessors

Collections: Lists, Arrays, Sets, Maps

Platform: Memory Management

Input/Output

Territory

- Map and Go With What You Know
 - Introduce Objective-C Terminology for Common Concepts
- Introduce Objective-C **Uncommon** Ideas
 - Blocks
 - @properties—let the compiler write your accessors!
 - Categories—add behavior (methods!) to any class
 - Selectors, Delegates, @optional
- Discuss Cocoa Touch Patterns
 - Memory Management—Retain, Release, Autorelease
 - Mutability, Class Clusters, "PLists"



Syntax: Statements, Control Flow, Operators Exceptions

Closures (ObjC: Blocks)

Blocks

iOS 4 Block APIs

- (void)enumerateIndexesUsingBlock:(void (^)(NSUInteger idx, BOOL*stop))block;

- (void)enumerateIndexesWithOptions:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))block;

- (void)enumerateIndexesInRange:(NSRange)range options:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(NSUInteger idx. BOOL *stop))block

```
typedef void (^ALAssetsGroupEnumerationResultsBlock)(ALAsset *result, NSUInteger index, BOOL *stop);
typedef void (^ALAssetsLibraryGroupsEnumerationResultsBlock)(ALAssetsGr<u>oup *group, BOOL *stop);</u>
typedef void (^ALAssetsLibraryAssetForURLResultBlock)(ALAsset *asset);
typedef void (^ALAssetsLibraryAccessFailureBlock)(NSError *error);
typedef void (^ALAssetsLibraryWriteImageCompletionBlock)(NSURL *assetURL, NSError *error);
typedef void (^ALAssetsLibraryWriteVideoCompletionBlock)(NSURL *assetURL, NSError *error);
typedef void (^AudioQueueOutputCallbackBlock)(
typedef void (^AudioQueueInputCallbackBlock)(
- (void)exportAsynchronouslyWithCompletionHandler:(void (^)(void))handler;
typedef void (^ÁVAssetImageGeneratorCompletionHandler)(CMTime requestedTime, CGImageRef image, CMTime actualTime, AVAssetImageGeneratorResult result, NSError *error);
- (void)loadValuesAsynchronouslyForKeys:(NSArray *)keys completionHandler:(void (^)(void))handler;
- (void)captureStillImageAsynchronouslyFromConnection:(AVCaptureConnection *)connection completionHandler:(void (^)(CMSampleBufferRef imageDataSampleBuffer, NSError *error))handler;
- (id)addPeriodicTimeObserverForInterval:(CMTime)interval queue:(dispatch_queue_t)queue usingBlock:(void (^)(CMTime time))block;

    - (id)addBoundaryTimeObserverForTimes:(NSArray *)times queue:(dispatch_queue_t)queue usingBlock:(void (^)(void))block;

CF_EXPORT void CFRunLoopPerformBlock(CFRunLoopRef rl, CFTypeRef mode, void (^block)(void)) CF_AVAILABLE(10_6, 4_0);
typedef void (^CMAccelerometerHandler)(CMAccelerometerData *accelerometerData, NSError *error);
typedef void (^CM/GyroHandler)(CM/GyroPata *gyroData, NSError *gyroDat
   void (^ subscriberCellularProviderDidUpdateNotifier)(CTCarrier*);
@property(nonatomic, copy) void (\(^subscriberCellularProviderDidUpdateNotifier)(CTCarrier*);
typedef void (^EKEventSearchCallback)(EKEvent *event, BOOL *stop);
- (void)enumerateObjectsUsingBlock:(void (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))block;
- (void)enumerateObjectsWithOptions:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))block;
- (void)enumerateObjectsAtIndexes:(NSIndexSet *)s options:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))block;
- (NSUInteger)indexOfObjectPassingTest:(BOOL (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))predicate;
- (NSUInteger)indexOfObjectWithOptions:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts passingTest:(BOOL (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))predicate;
- (NSUInteger)indexOfObjectAtIndexes:(NSIndexSet *)s options:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts passingTest:(BOOL (^)(id obj. NSUInteger idx. BOOL *stop))predicate :
- (NSIndexSet *)indexesOfObjectsPassingTest:(BOOL (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))predicate;
- (NSIndexSet *)indexesOfObjectsWithOptions:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts passingTest:(BOOL (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))predicate;
- (NSIndexSet *)indexesOfObjectsAtIndexes:(NSIndexSet *)s options:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts passingTest:(BOOL (^)(id obj, NSUInteger idx, BOOL *stop))predicate;
- (void)enumerateAttributesInRange:(NSRange)enumerationRange options:(NSAttributedStringEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(NSDictionary *attrs, NSRange range, BOOL *stop))block;
- (void)enumerateAttribute:(NSString *)attrName inRange:(NSRange)enumerationRange options:(NSAttributedStringEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(id value, NSRange range, BOOL *stop))
- (void)enumerateKeysAndObjectsUsingBlock:(void (^)(id key, id obj, BOOL *stop))block;

    - (void)enumerateKeysAndObjectsWithOptions:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts usingBlock:(void (^)(id key, id obj, BOOL *stop))block;

- (NSSet *)keysOfEntriesPassingTest:(BOOL (^)(id key, id obj, BOOL *stop))predicate;
- (NSSet *)keysOfEntriesWithOptions:(NSEnumerationOptions)opts passingTest:(BOOL (^)(id key, id obj, BOOL *stop))predicate ;
+ (NSExpression *)expressionForBlock:(id (^)(id evaluatedObject, NSArray *expressions, NSMutableDictionary *context))block arguments:(NSArray *)arguments;
- (id (^)(id, NSArray *, NSMutableDictionary *))expressionBlock;
```

- (NSDirectoryEnumerator*)enumeratorAtURL:(NSURL *)url includingPropertiesForKeys:(NSArray *)keys options:(NSDirectoryEnumerationOptions)mask errorHandler:(BOOL (^)(NSURL *url, NSError *error

Blocks

```
C: repeat(10, ^{ putc(d); });
     Ruby: z.each {|val| puts(val + d.to_s)}
Smalltalk: 10 timesRepeat:[pen turn:d; draw]
LISP closure: (repeat 10 (lambda (n) (putc d)))
 C++0x lambda: template [=](){ putc(d); }
```

Repeat Block N Times Function

```
NSMutableString *str = [NSMutableString string];
...
repeat(12, ^{
    [str appendFormat:@"rand: %d ", rand()];
});
```

```
void repeat(int n, void (^blkPtr)(void)) {
    while (n-- > 0) {
       blkPtr();
    }
}
```

Block Literal Syntax Summary

```
Return
          Arguments
                               Body
  Type
                  { return [str length] > num; }
  BOOL (id str)
^ int (int val) { return rand() % val; }
       (int val) { return rand() % val; }
                                              Type inferred!
^ void (id item) { [item doSomeThings]; }
        (id item) { [item doSomeThings]; }
                                                Type inferred!
        (void) { [local doSomeThing]; }
                                                Type inferred!
                                                (void) avoided!
                   { [local doSomeThing]; }
```

About Blocks...

```
Introducing Blocks and Grand Central Dispatch on iPhone
                                                                             Russian Hill
                                                                             Wednesday 11:30AM

    Blocks are objects!
    Advanced Objective-C and Garbage Collection Techniques

                                                                             Pacific Heights
                                                                             Friday 11:30AM

    Can be copied to heap!

                                                    if ([object isEqual:sought)]) {
                                                            keyForValue = key;
   ■ [^{...} copy]
                                                            *stop = YES;
   [block release]
                                                    }];

    Used for

   Enumerations
```

- Callback notifications
- With GCD, moving work off the main thread
- With GCD, mutual exclusion, concurrency

Cocoa Touch Iteration Best Practice

```
for (id e in array) { ..e.. }

Fastest!

Safest!

for (id k in dictionary) { ..k.. }

Extensible!
```

For enumerations that need more than one value at a time, use the collection Block APIs:



Objective-C++

```
MyMixedClass.mm
```

```
@class MyUIKitWidget;
class MyEngine {
    MyUIKitWidget *widget;
};
@interface MyUIKitWidget : NSObject {
    MyEngine eng;
}
@end
@implementation MyUIKitWidget
- (id)myUIKitWidgetMethod {
    MyEngine ff;
    throw [NSException new];
    return nil;
}
```

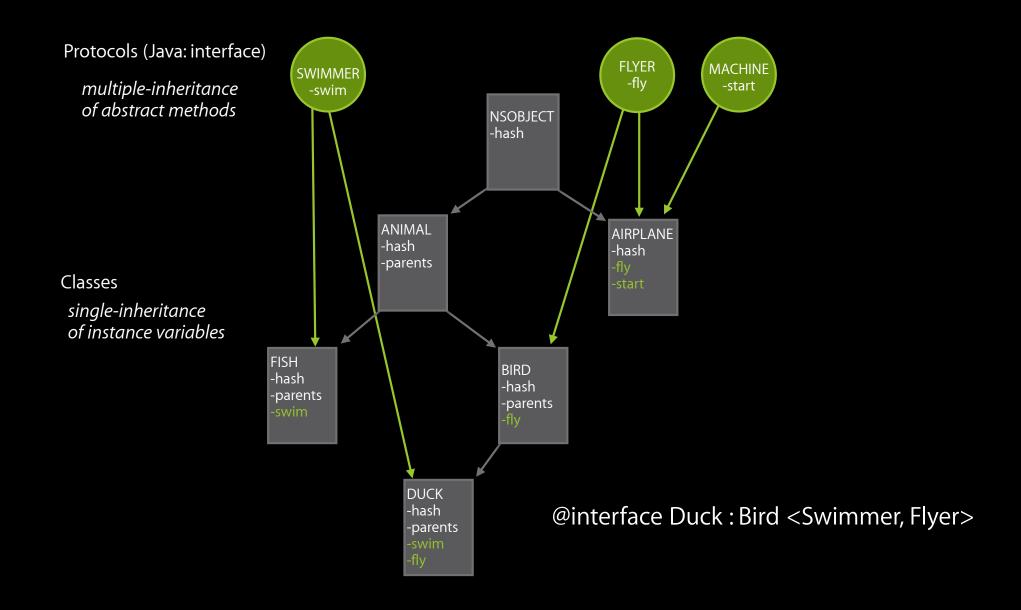
- Mix and match:
 - Instance/Member variables
 - Statements
 - Declarations
 - Exceptions
 - Whole Classes
- CAN'T mix methods/functions
- CAN'T subclass one from another

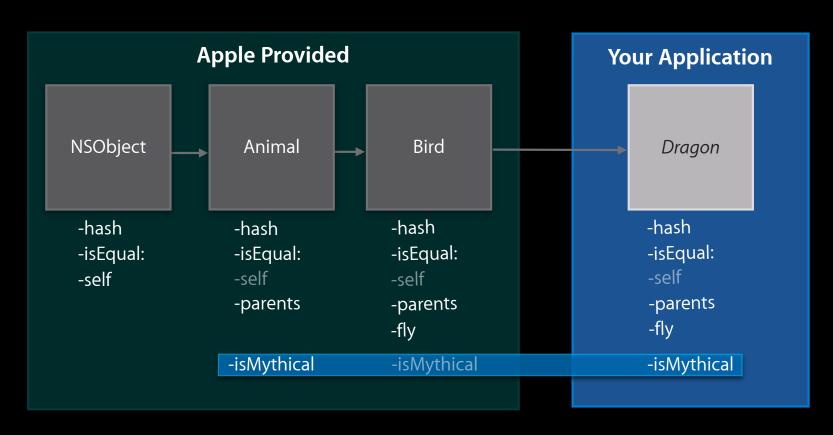
Objects Inheritance

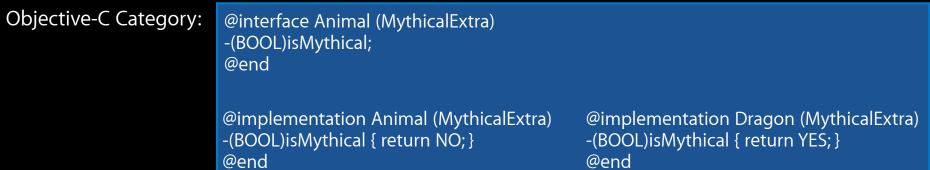
Terminology for Common Concepts

Table replaces code graphic. Table look good?

Java, C++, C#	Objective-C
member variable	instance variable, ivar
member function	method, instance method, -method, dash method
static method	class method, "plus method", +method, plus method
static variable	(global variable)
interface doing	@protocol <i>doing</i>
class aclass	@interface aclass
operator new	+alloc
~destructor	-dealloc







Categories

```
@interface Animal (MythicalExtra)
-(BOOL)isMythical;
@end
```

```
@implementation Animal (MythicalExtra)
-(B00L)isMythical { return N0; }
@end
```

- Add behavior to any class
 - Use judiciously!
- Act like normal methods
 - Can call [super ...]
- With a little code can add data
 - Use Associative References
- Also can partition implementation
 - Access to @private allowed
 - Only within App/Framework!

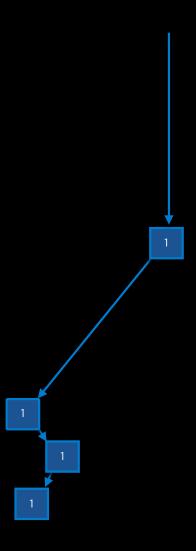
Memory Management

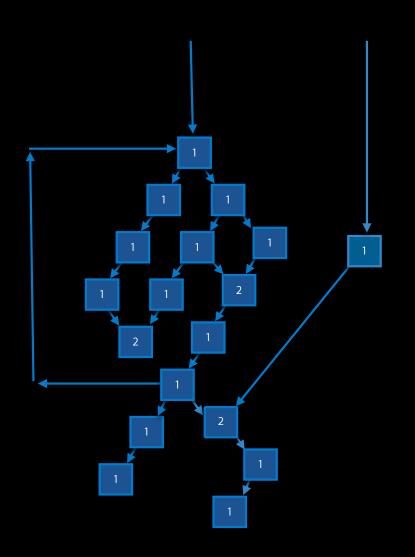
Memory Management: The Basics

- Motivation: No crashes! No leaks!
- Cocoa Touch system originally designed for eight-megabyte systems!
- Memory Management starts at the design phase
 - Object ownership is designed as Directed Acyclic Graph
 - Ownership arises from simple pattern
 - Only +alloc, -initXXX, -retain, -copy, +newXXX create/transfer ownership.
- Apple LLVM Static Analyzer helps you follow simple rules
- Apple Instrument Application measures memory behavior

Directed Acyclic Graph

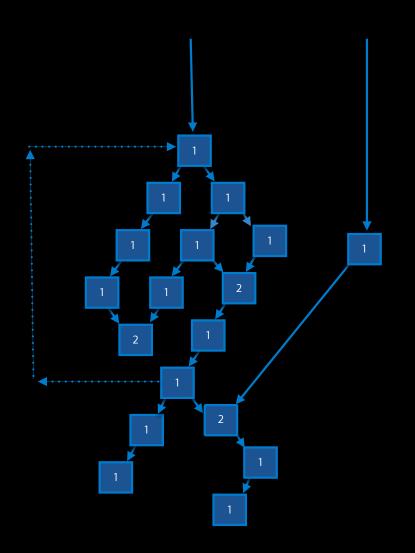
Directed Acyclic Graph





Cyclic Graph

- "Up" (back) pointer creates loop
- Objects never go away!



Simple Rules

- Instance variables are always either
 - Retained
 - Not retained
- Downlinks are retained
- Uplinks are not retained
- Release old and
 - Retain new values,
 - Unless from -initXXX or -copy
- Autorelease new results

How Autorelease Pools Work

```
@implementation NSDate
+ (id) date {
   return [[[self alloc] init] autorelease];
                                                               tmp
@end
void process(NSEvent *event) {
                                                              event
    if ([event start] < [[NSDate date] ...])</pre>
while (1) {
    NSEvent *event = getEvent();
    id pool = [NSAutoreleasePool new];
                                                              event
    process(event);
                                                               pool
    [pool drain];
                                                                       Autorelease Pool
                                                             Stack
```

How Autorelease Pools Work

```
void process(NSEvent *event) {
                                                              event
    if ([event start] < [[NSDate date] ...])</pre>
while (1) {
    NSEvent *event = getEvent();
    id pool = [NSAutoreleasePool new];
                                                              event
    process(event);
                                                               pool
    [pool drain];
                                                                       Autorelease Pool
                                                             Stack
```

How Autorelease Pools Work

```
void process(NSEvent *event) {
    if ([event start] < [[NSDate date] ...])
}

while (1) {
    NSEvent *event = getEvent();
    id pool = [NSAutoreleasePool new];
    process(event);
    [pool drain];
}</pre>
Autorelease Pool

Stack
```

Accessors

Cocoa Getter/Setter Pattern

CustomObject.h:

```
@interface CustomObject : NSObject {
    int balance;
}
- (int) balance;
- (void) setBalance:(int)newBalance;
@end
```

CustomObject.m:

```
@implementation CustomObject
- (int) balance { return balance; }
- (void) setBalance:(int)newBalance {
    balance = newBalance;
}
@end
```

Properties: Automatic Declaration and Methods

WWDC2010: 32-bit simulator uses modern runtime!

CustomObject.h:

```
@interface CustomObject : NSObject
@property int balance;
@end
```

CustomObject.m:

```
@implementation CustomObject
// @synthesize by default!!
@end // Xcode 4 LLVM 2.0 Compiler!!
```

Advanced Objective-C and Garbage Collection Techniques

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Property Attributes

Attributes define allowable behaviors

```
@interface CustomObject : NSObject
@property(readonly) int balance;
@end
```

```
@interface SuperCustom : CustomObject
@property(readwrite) int balance;
@end
```

All Attributes

getter=getBalance (and/or)
setter=markBalance:

Custom method names

assign (or) retain (or) copy

Object ownership policy

nonatomic

Single-threaded only

readonly (or) readwrite

Getter only (or) both, can be changed by subclass

Property Implementations

You can explicitly code any or all parts of an @property

```
@interface CustomObject : NSObject {
   int secretBalance;
}
@property int balance;
@end

@implementation CustomObject
```

```
@implementation CustomObject
- (int) balance { return secretBalance; }
- (void) setBalance:(int)newBalance {
    secretBalance = newBalance;
}
@end
```

Property Implementations

Can designate backing instance variable with @synthesize

```
@interface CustomObject : NSObject {
    int secretBalance;
}
@property int balance;
@end
```

```
@implementation CustomObject
@synthesize balance=secretBalance;
@end
```

Deferred Implementation

Must use @dynamic

```
@interface CustomObject : NSObject
@property int balance;
@end

@implementation CustomObject
@dynamic balance;
@end
```

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@property(copy) Getter/Setter Pattern

```
- (NSString *) title {
    @synchronized(self) {
      return [[title retain] autorelease];
    }
} (void) setTitle:(NSString *)newTitle {
    @synchronized(self) {
       NSString *tmp = [newTitle copy];
       [title release];
       title = tmp;
    }
} (void) dealloc {
    [title release]; // or self.title = nil;
    [super dealloc];
}
```

Cocoa Patterns

Selectors

- Selectors are data structures that represent a method "slot" name
- The id object type allows any message to be sent without warning
- Can ask respondsToSelector:

```
- (void) aMethod:(id)object {
    if ([object respondsToSelector:@selector(fred)])
        [object fred];
}
```

Delegation—Your Part

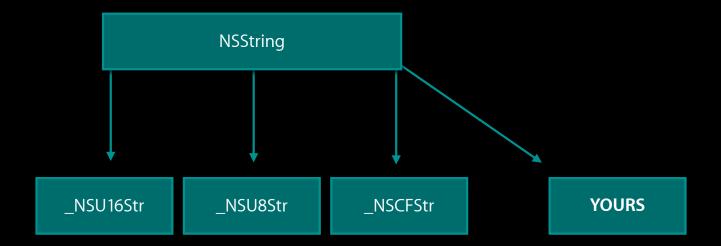
```
@interface MyDelegate <UIActionSheetDelegate>
...
@end

@implementation MyDelegate
- (void)setUp {
    uiactionsheet.delegate = self;
}
- (void)willPresentActionSheet:(UIActionSheet *)as {
    ...
}
...
```

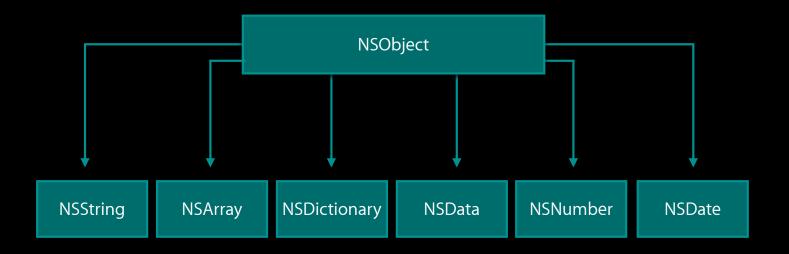
Delegation—UlKit Part

Class Clusters

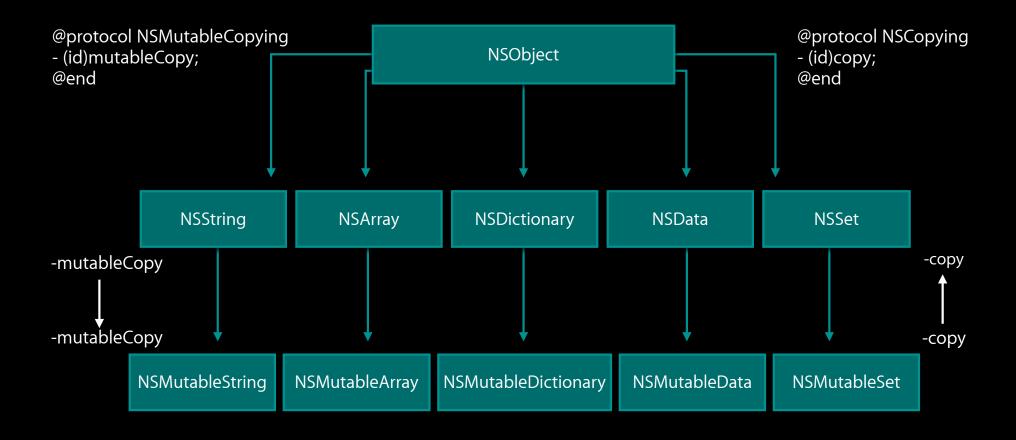
- Behavior specified in abstract super classes
- Private concrete implementations



"Property List" Abstract Value Classes



Abstract Mutable Value Class Pattern



Wrap-up



- Map and Go With What You Know
 - Introduced Objective-C Terminology for Common Concepts
- Introduced Objective-C **Uncommon** Ideas
 - Blocks
 - @properties—let the compiler write your accessors!
 - Categories—add behavior (methods!) to any class
 - Selectors, Delegates, @optional
- Discussed Cocoa Touch Patterns
 - Memory Management—Retain, Release, Autorelease
 - Mutability, Class Clusters, "PLists"

Related Sessions and Labs

Introducing Blocks and Grand Central Dispatch on iPhone	Russian Hill Wednesday 11:30AM
API Design for Cocoa and Cocoa Touch	Marina Thursday 4:30PM
Advanced Objective-C and Garbage Collection Techniques	Pacific Heights Friday 11:30AM

Objective-C and Garbage Collection Lab

Developer Tools Lab A Thursday 2:00PM

Developer Tools Lab A Thursday 2:00PM

More Information

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Apple Developer Forums

http://devforums.apple.com

Q & A

É WWDC10

