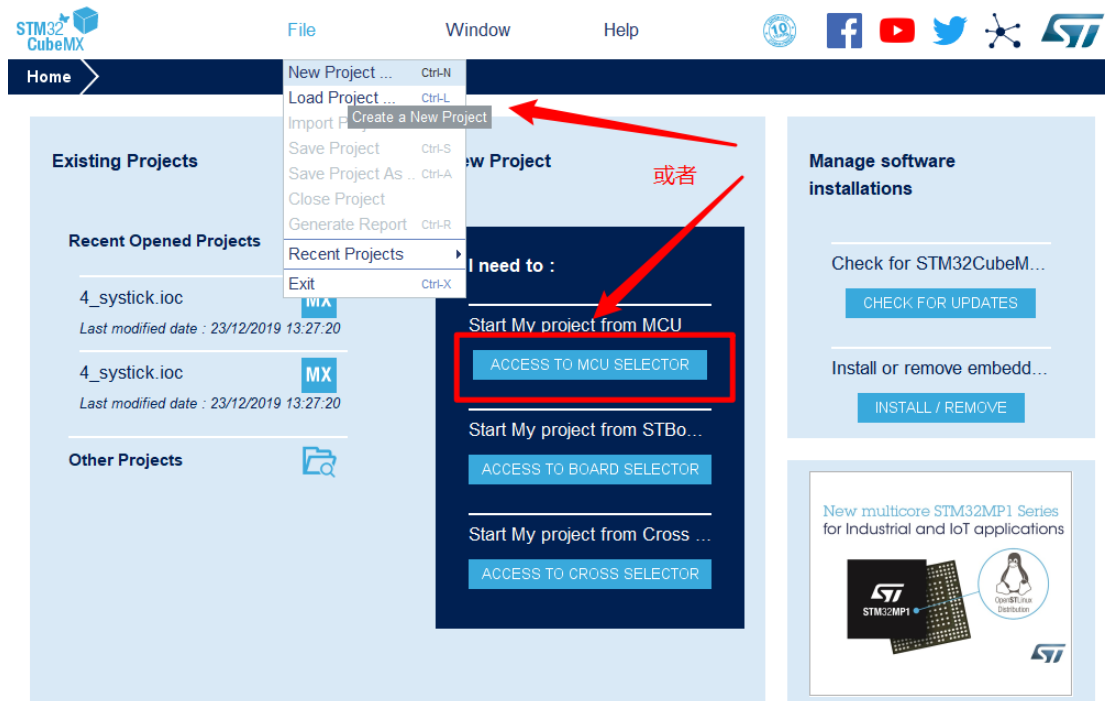
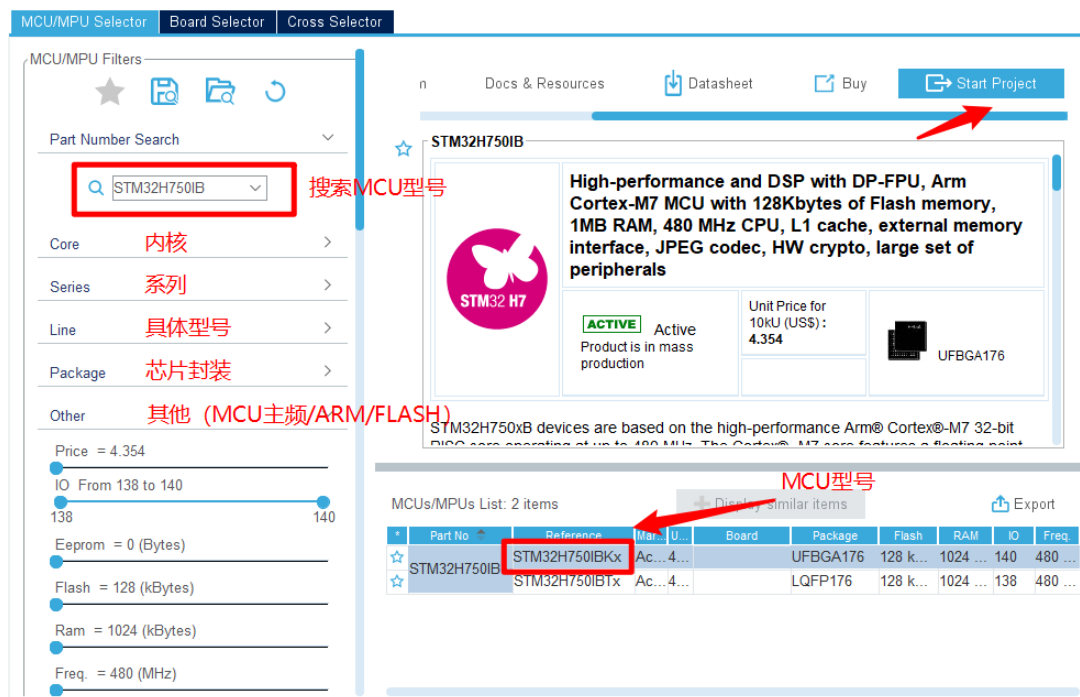


## STM32CubeMX 教程三十——USB\_MSC 实验

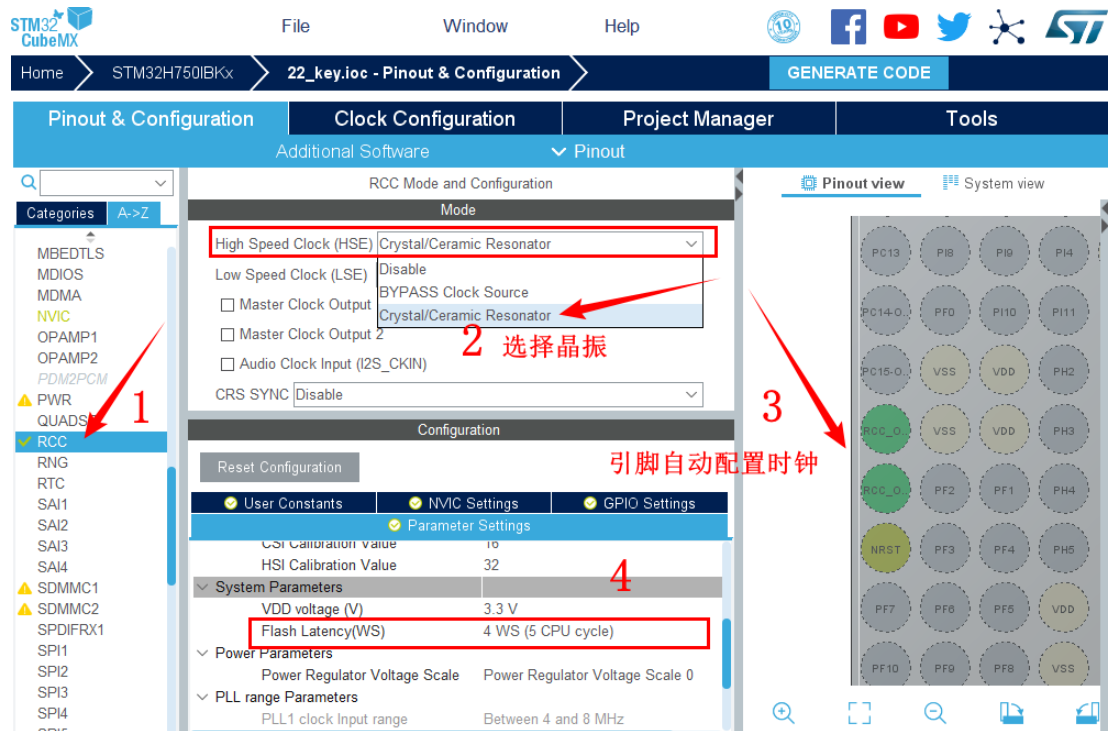
1. 在主界面选择 File-->New Project 或者直接点击 ACCEE TO MCU SELECTOR



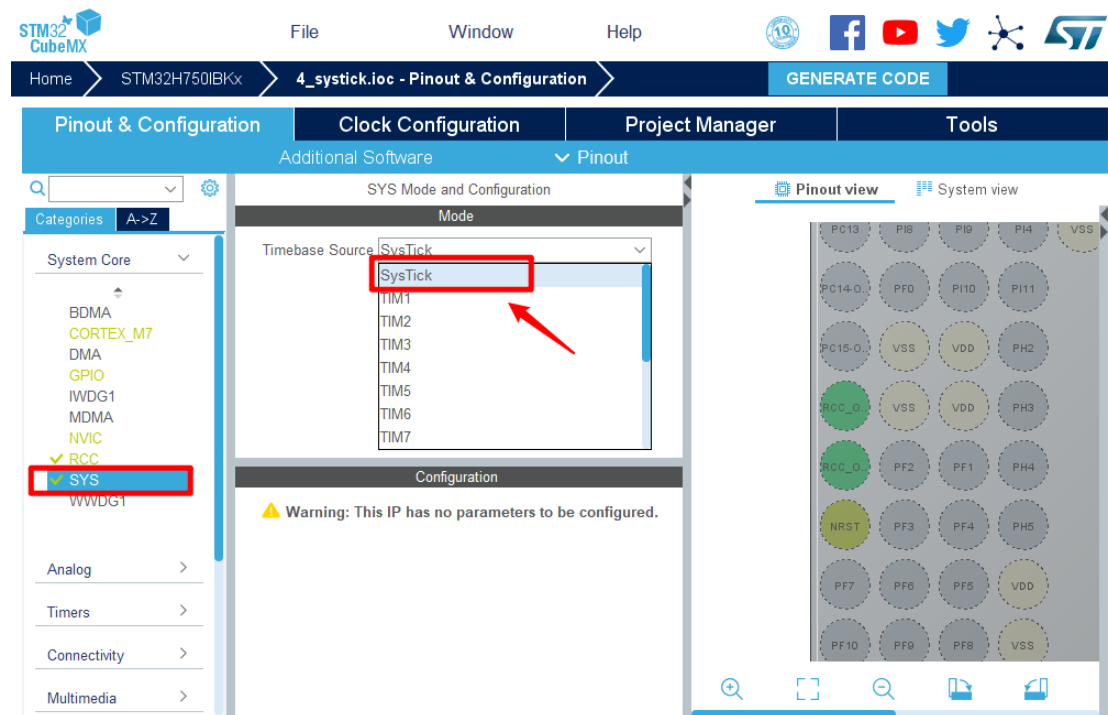
2. 出现芯片型号选择，搜索自己芯片的型号，双击型号，或者点击 Start Project 进入配置  
在搜索栏的下面，提供的各种查找方式，可以选择芯片内核，型号，等等，可以帮助你查找芯片。本实验选取的芯片型号为：STM32H750IBKx。



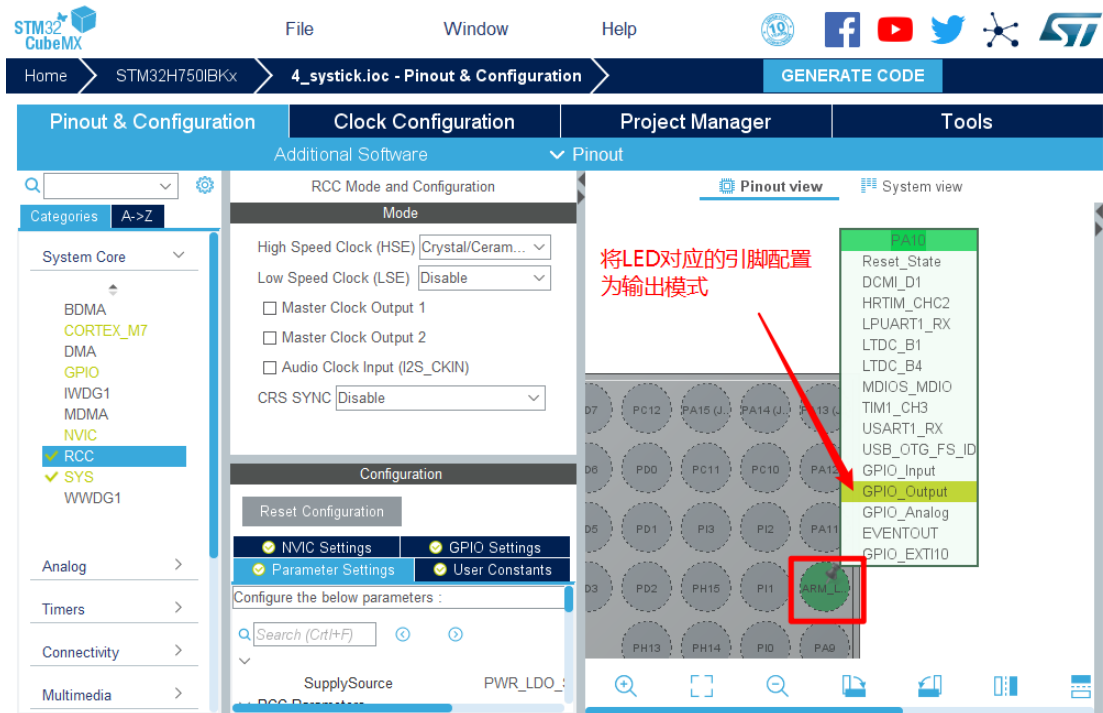
### 3. 配置 RCC，使用外部时钟源



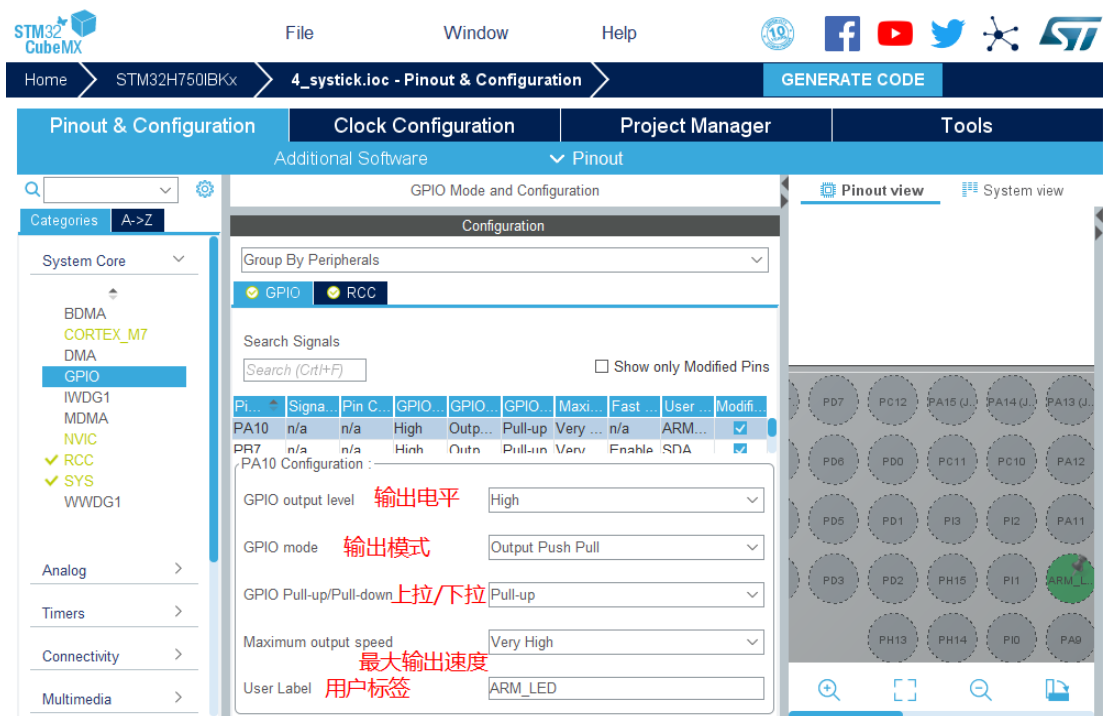
### 4. 时基源选择 SysTick

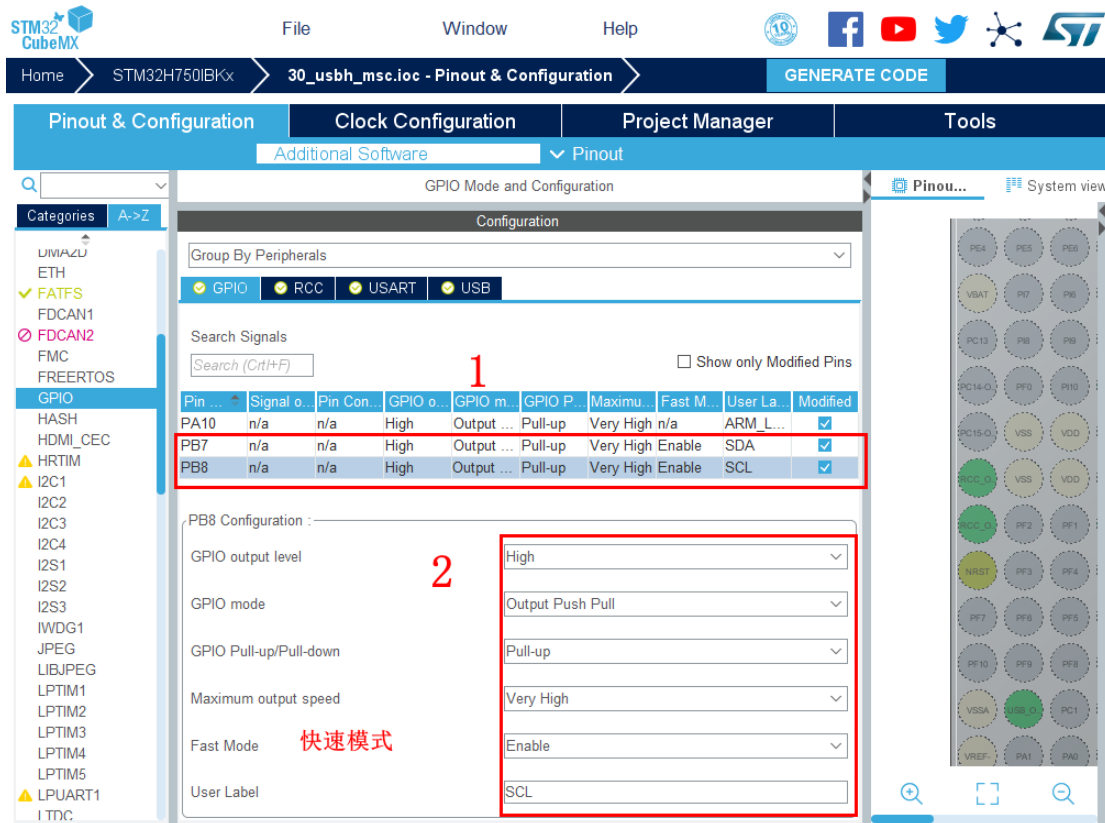


### 5. 将 PA10,PB7,PB8 设置为 GPIO\_Output



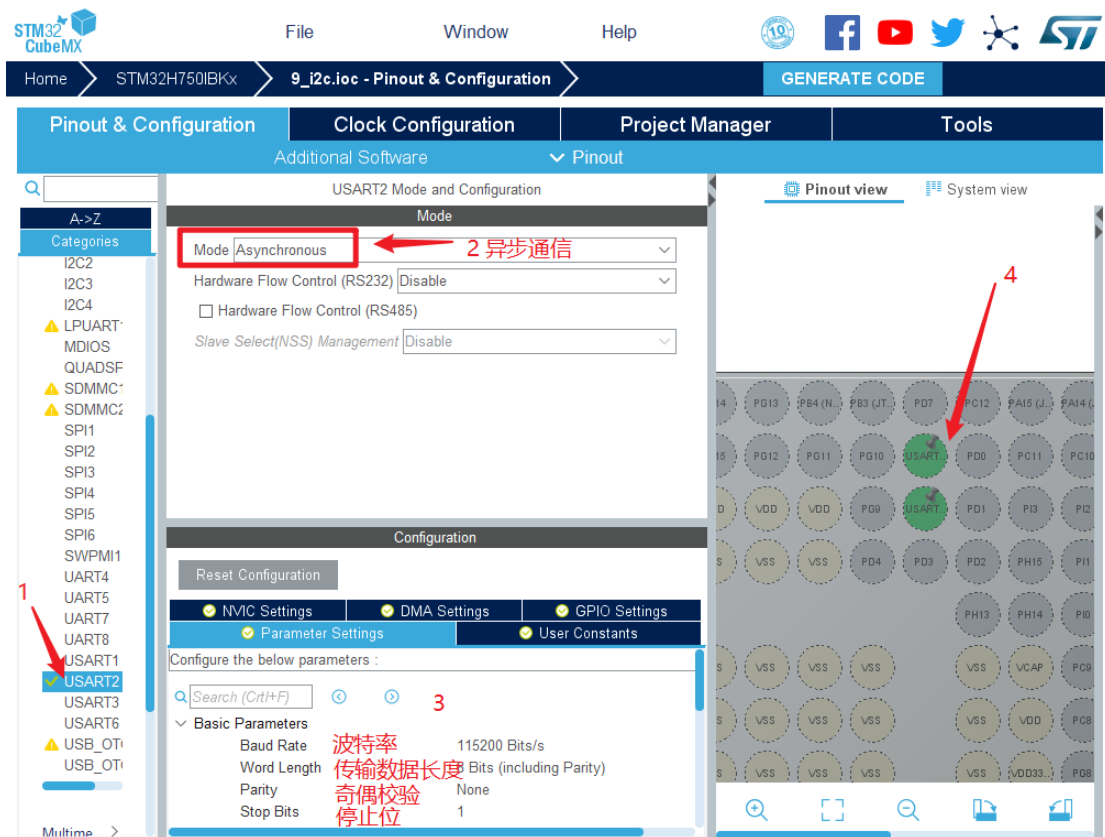
## 6. 引脚模式配置





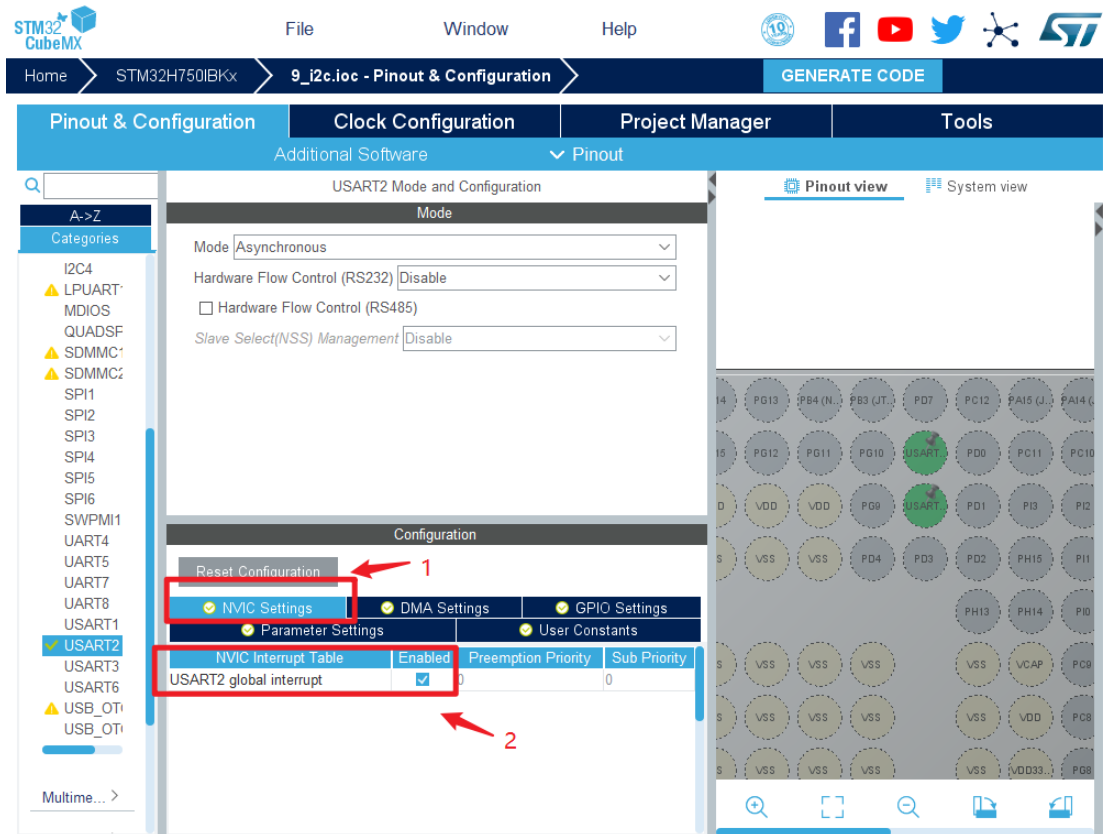
The screenshot shows the STM32CubeMX Pinout & Configuration window for the 30\_usbh\_msc.ioc project. The 'Pinout' tab is selected, and the 'GPIO Mode and Configuration' table is visible. The table lists pins PA10 and PB8, both configured as High Output Push Pull. The PB8 configuration is highlighted with a red box, and its settings are shown in the 'PB8 Configuration' panel on the right. The settings include: GPIO output level: High, GPIO mode: Output Push Pull, GPIO Pull-up/Pull-down: Pull-up, Maximum output speed: Very High, Fast Mode: Enable, and User Label: SCL. A red box highlights the 'Fast Mode' setting, which is labeled '快速模式' (Fast Mode).

## 7. 配置串口

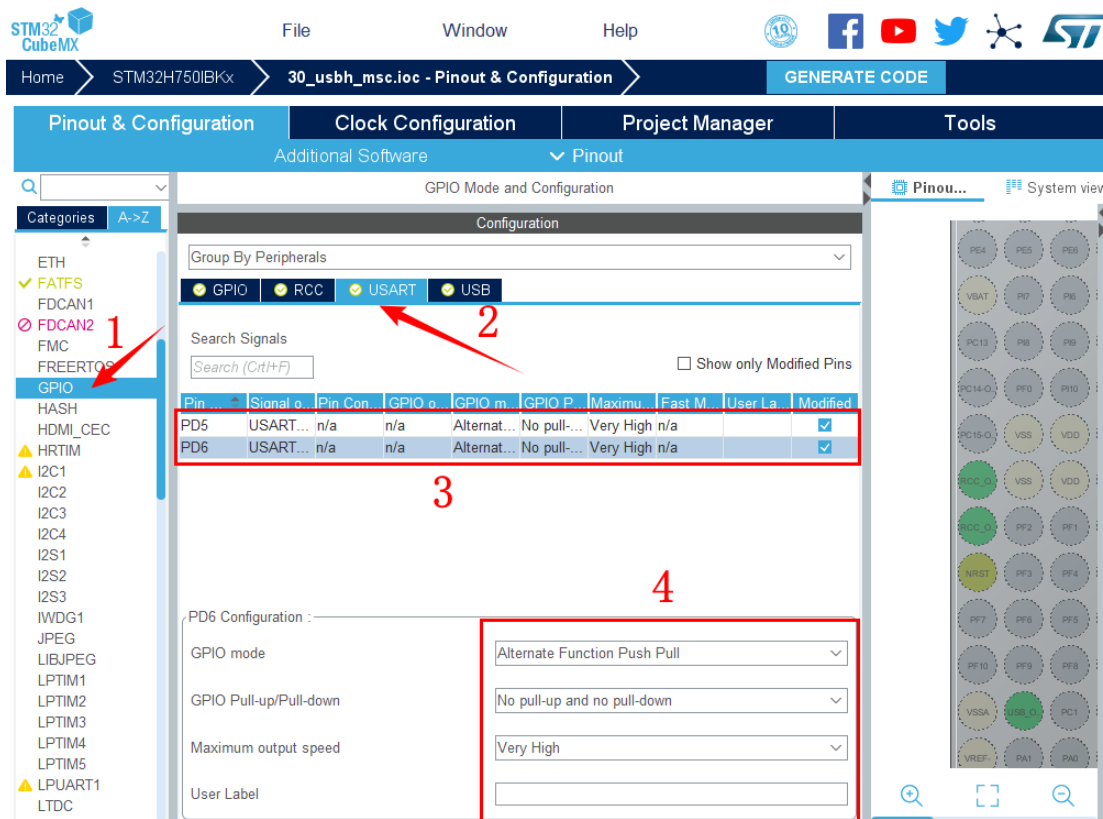


The screenshot shows the STM32CubeMX Pinout & Configuration window for the 9\_i2c.ioc project. The 'Pinout' tab is selected, and the 'USART2 Mode and Configuration' window is open. The 'Mode' is set to 'Asynchronous', which is highlighted with a red box and labeled '2 异步通信' (2 Asynchronous Communication). The 'Configuration' panel shows the 'Basic Parameters' section, which includes: Baud Rate: 115200 Bits/s, Word Length: 8 Bits (including Parity), Parity: None, and Stop Bits: 1. These parameters are labeled with red text: '波特率' (Baud Rate), '传输数据长度' (Transmission Data Length), '奇偶校验' (Parity), and '停止位' (Stop Bits). The 'USART2' pin is highlighted in the pinout view on the right, and its configuration is shown in the 'Pinout view' panel.

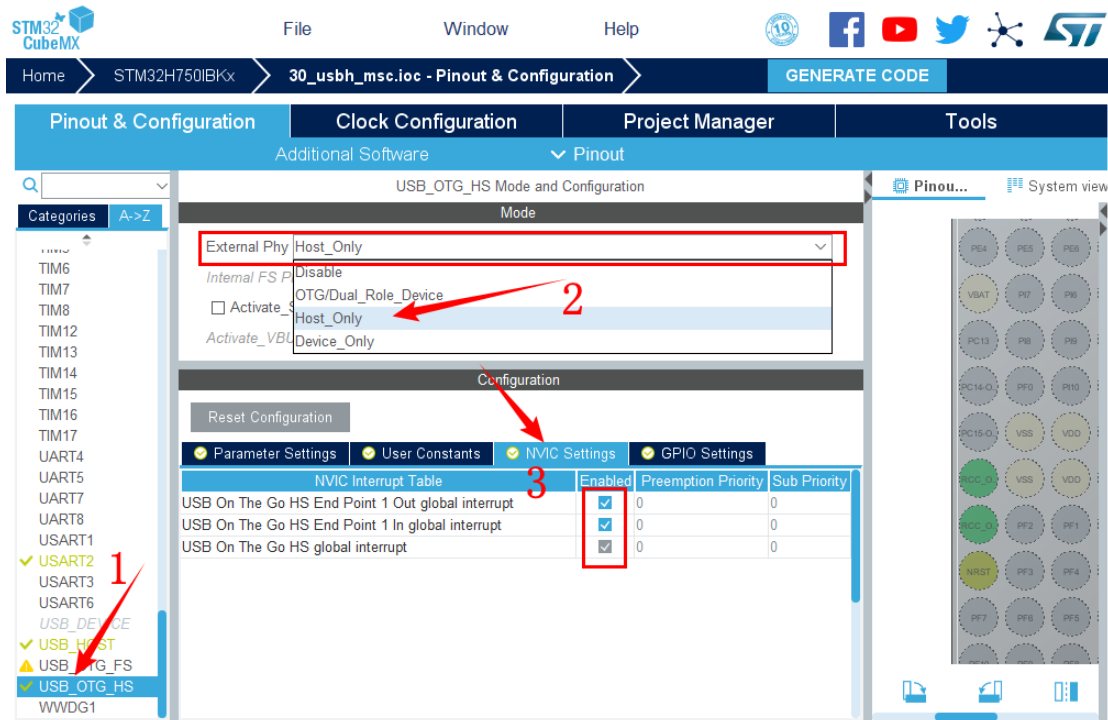
在 NVIC Settings 一栏使能接收中断



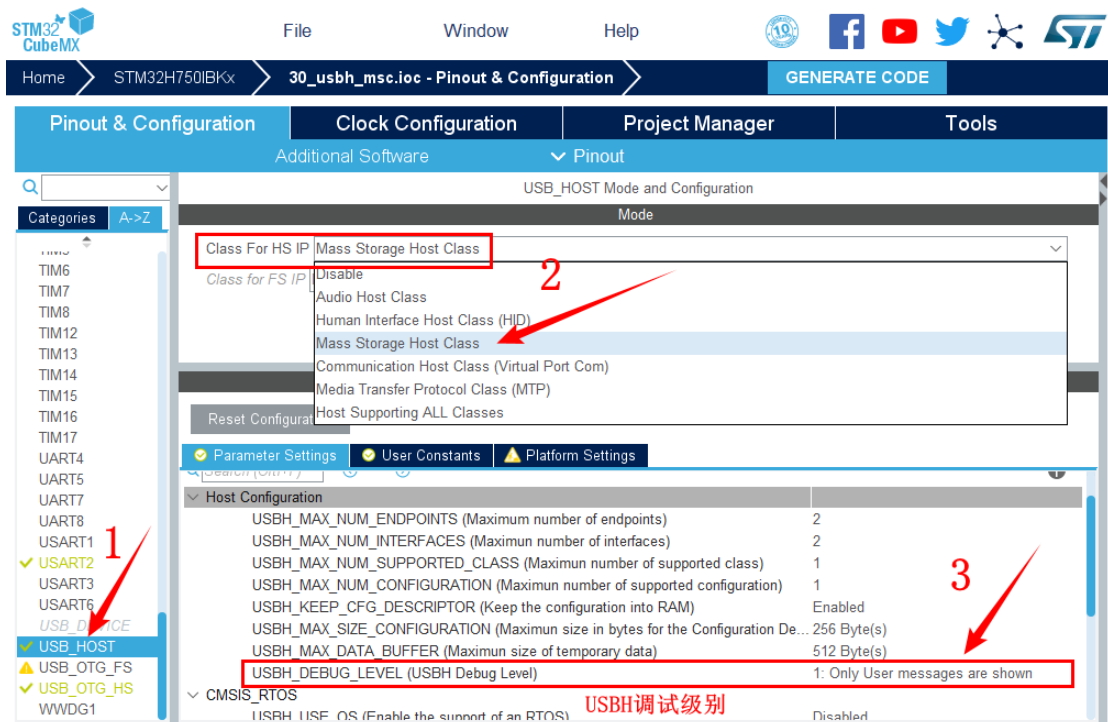
引脚配置



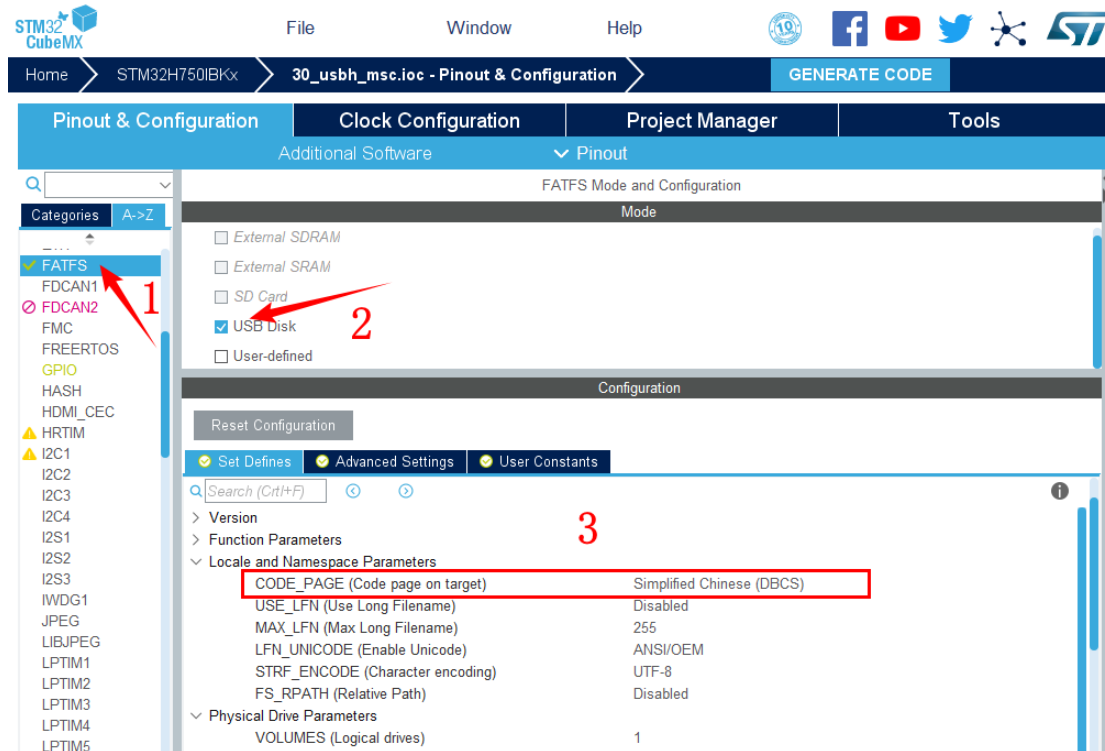
## 8. 配置 USB\_OTG\_HS



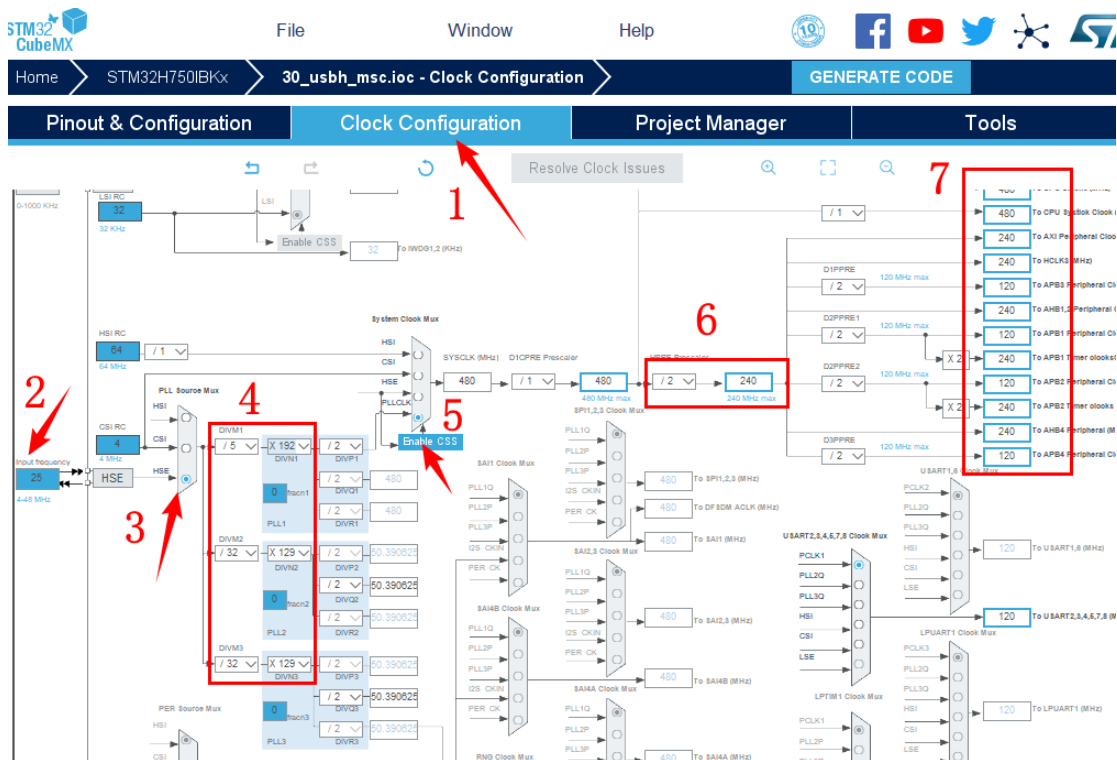
## 9. 配置 USB\_HOST



## 10. 配置 FATFS

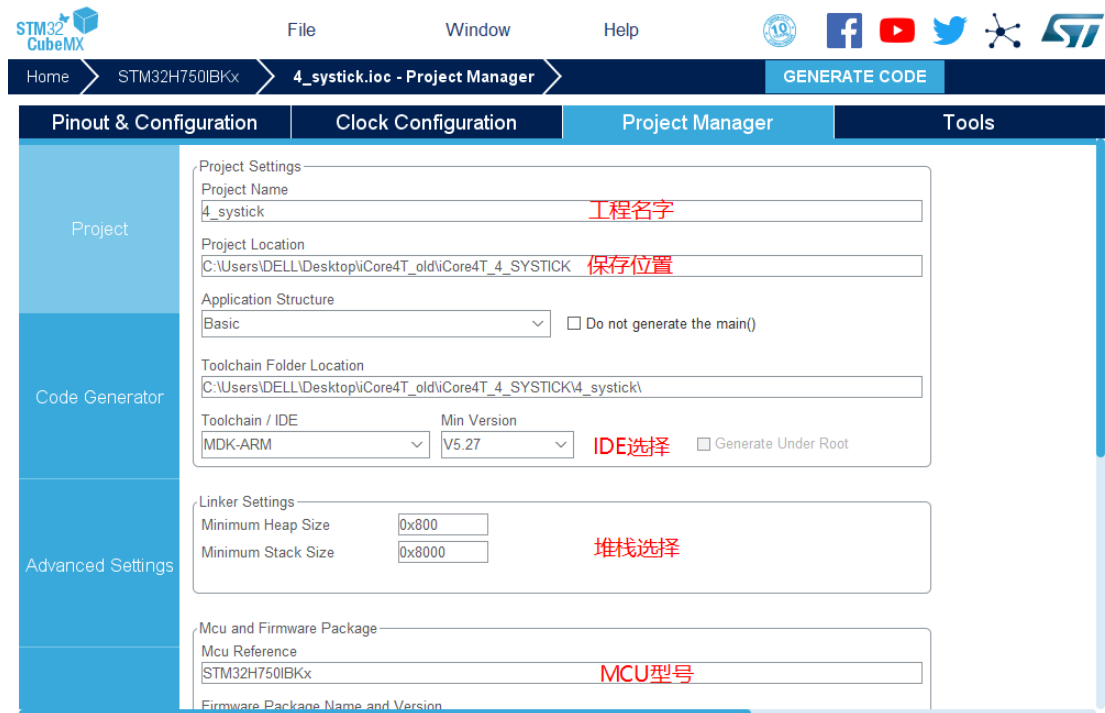


11. 时钟源设置，选择外部高速时钟源，配置为最大主频

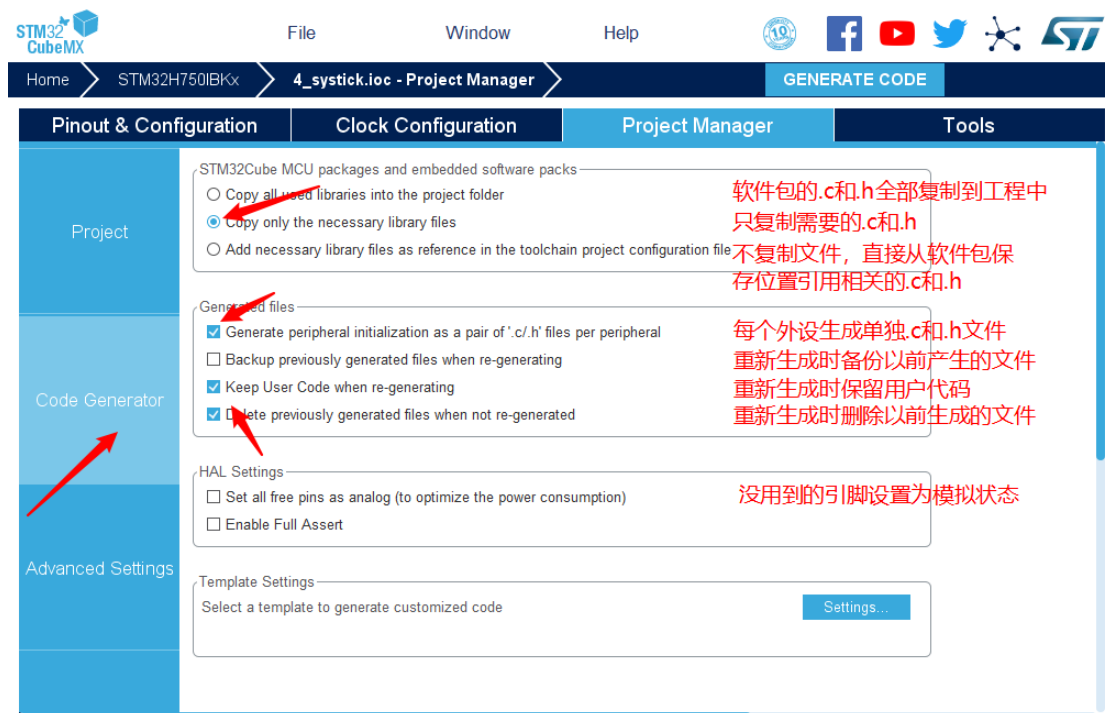


12. 工程文件的设置，这里就是工程的各种配置 我们只用到有限几个，其他的默认即可  
IDE 我们使用的是 MDK V5.27





## 13. 点击 Code Generator，进行进一步配置



### ● Copy all used libraries into the project folder

将 HAL 库的所有.C 和.H 都复制到所建工程中

优点：这样如果后续需要新增其他外设又可能不再用 STM32CubeMX 的时候便会很方便

缺点：体积大，编译时间很长

### ● Copy only the necessary library files

只复制所需要的.C 和.H（推荐）

优点：体积相对小，编译时间短，并且工程可复制拷贝



缺点：新增外设时需要重新用 STM32CubeMX 导入

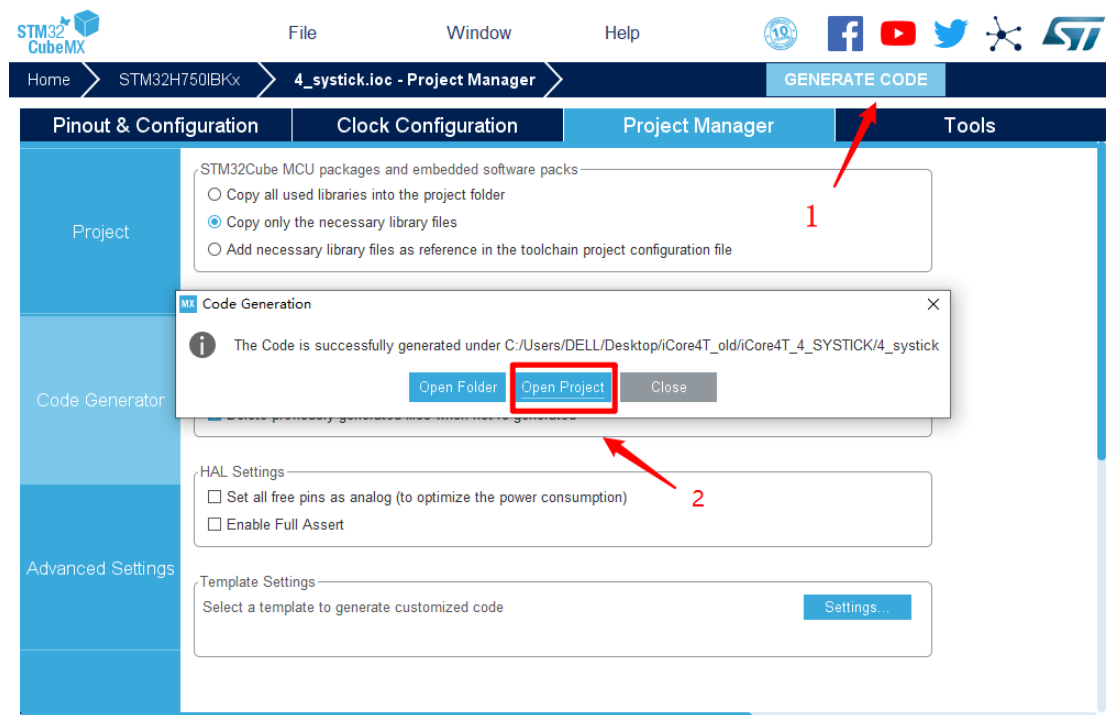
● Add necessary library files as reference in the toolchain project configuration file

不复制文件，直接从软件包存放位置导入.C 和.H

优点：体积小，比较节约硬盘空间

缺点：复制到其他电脑上或者软件包位置改变，就需要修改相对应的路径  
自行选择方式即可

#### 14. 然后点击 GENERATE CODE 创建工程



创建成功，打开工程。