

a. 离队(按编号): 2 3 4 6 5 7 8 9 10 11 12

时延: 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 4 3 3 4

$$\overline{D} = \Sigma D/n = 3.091$$

b. 离队(按编号): 3 2 7 4 8 5 10 6 11 9 12

时延: 3 1 6 1 6 2 5 1 4 1 4

$$\overline{D} = \Sigma D/n = 3.091$$

c. 离队(按编号): 3 5 2 4 7 6 8 10 12 9 11

时延: 3 4 1 1 5 3 3 5 5 1 3

$$\overline{D} = \Sigma D/n = 3.091$$

d. 离队(按编号): 3 2 6 4 8 5 10 7 11 9 12

时延: 3 1 5 1 6 2 5 2 4 1 4

$$\overline{D} = \Sigma D/n = 3.091$$

e. 各种方法的平均时延都一样

无标题

马克思基本原理...

计算机网络

P₅

$$00 : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{min: } 00000000 \\ \text{max: } 00111111 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \xrightarrow{\text{num}} 2^6 = 64$$

$$010 : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{min: } 01000000 \\ \text{max: } 01011111 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow 1 \xrightarrow{\text{num}} 2^5 = 32$$

$$011 : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{min: } 01100000 \\ \text{max: } 01111111 \end{array} \right.$$

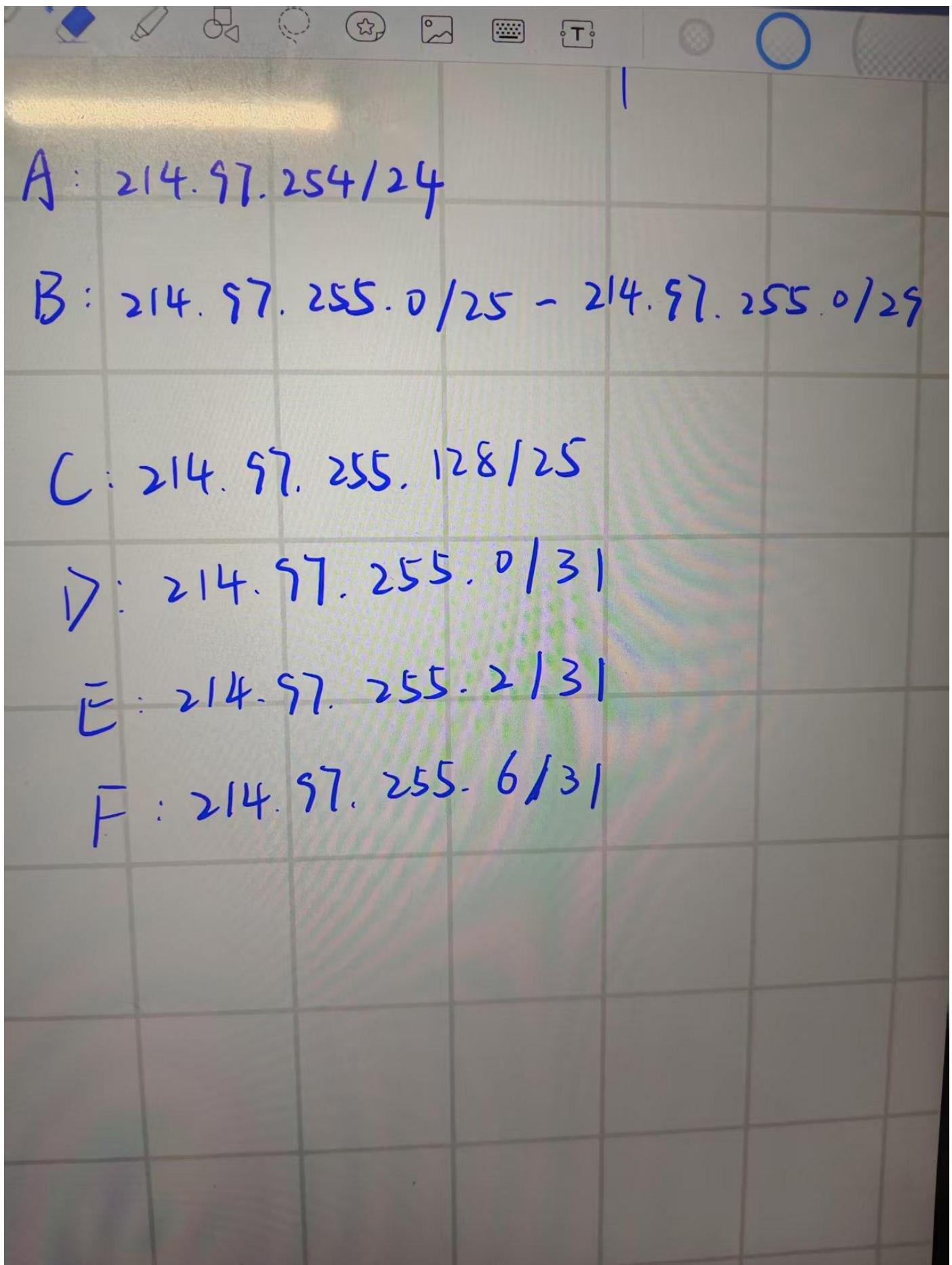
$$\rightarrow 2 \xrightarrow{\text{num}} 2^6 + 2^5 = 96$$

$$10 : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{min: } 10000000 \\ \text{max: } 10111111 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow 2$$

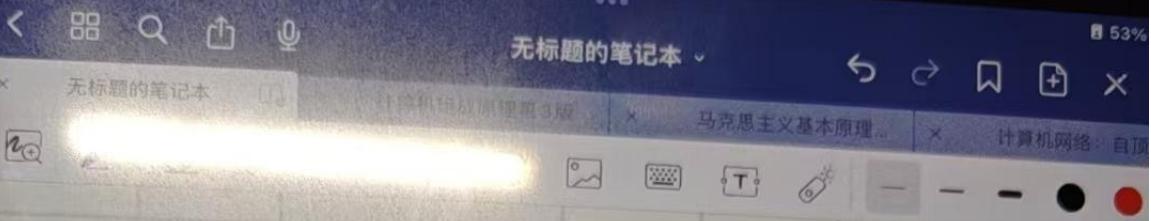
$$11 : \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{min: } 11000000 \\ \text{max: } 11111111 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \xrightarrow{\text{num}} 2^6 = 64$$



17:17 3月29日周六

53%



R1:

11010110	01100001	11111110	→ A
11010110	01100001	11111111	00000000 → D
11010110	01100001	11111111	00000001 → E

R2:

11010110	01100001	11111111	00000000 → D
11010110	01100001	11111111	0 → B
11010110	01100001	11111111	00000011 → F

R3:

11010110	01100001	11111111	00000001 → E
11010110	01100001	11111111	00000011 → F
11010110	01100001	11111111	1 → C

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P₁₈ (a) 主机: { 192.168.1.1
192.168.1.2
192.168.1.3

路由器: 192.168.1.4

(b)	WAN	LAN
24.34.112.235, 6666	192.168.1.1, 3333	
24.34.112.235, 6667	192.168.1.1, 3334	
24.34.112.235, 6668	192.168.1.2, 3335	
24.34.112.235, 6669	192.168.1.2, 3336	
24.34.112.235, 6670	192.168.1.3, 3337	
24.34.112.235, 6671	192.168.1.3, 3338	