6.图

邻接矩阵

模板实现

06-B2

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Vertex

```
typedef enum { UNDISCOVERED, DISCOVERED, VISITED } VStatus;

template <typename Tv> struct Vertex { //顶点对象（并未严格封装）
    Tv data; int inDegree, outDegree; //数据、出入度数
    VStatus status; //（如上三种）状态
    int dTime, fTime; //时间标签
    int parent; //在遍历树中的父节点
    int priority; //在遍历树中的优先级（最短通路、极短跨边等）
    Vertex( Tv const & d ) : //构造新顶点
        data( d ),  inDegree( 0 ),  outDegree( 0 ),  status( UNDISCOVERED ),
        dTime( -1 ),  fTime( -1 ),  parent( -1 ),    priority( INT_MAX ) {}
};
```

Edge

- typedef

```
enum { UNDETERMINED, TREE, CROSS, FORWARD, BACKWARD }
EType;
```

- template <typename Te> struct Edge { //边对象（并未严格封装）

```
Te data; //数据
int weight; //权重
EType type; //在遍历树中所属的类型
Edge( Te const & d, int w ) : //构造新边
   data(d), weight(w), type(UNDETERMINED) {}
};
```

GraphMatrix

```
❖ template <typename Tv, typename Te> class GraphMatrix : public Graph<Tv, Te> {
  private:
     Vector< Vertex<Tv> > V; //顶点集
     Vector< Vector< Edge<Te>* > > E; //边集
  public:
     /* 操作接口：顶点相关、边相关、... */
     GraphMatrix() { n = e = 0; } //构造
     ~GraphMatrix() { //析构
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)
           delete E[j][k]; //清除所有动态申请的边记录
     }
};
```