Advanced Balanced Search Tree

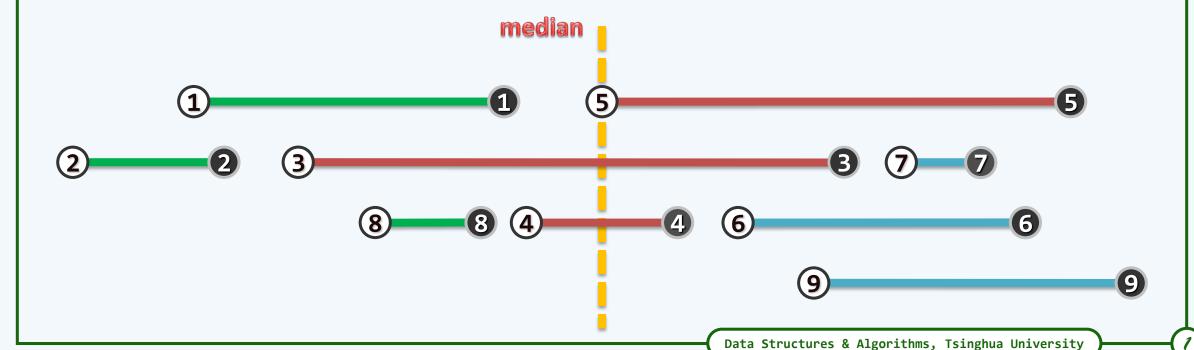
Interval Tree
Construction

邓俊辉

deng@tsinghua.edu.cn

Median

- \star Let S = { s_1 , ..., s_n } be the set of intervals
- \clubsuit Let P = ∂ S be the set of all endpoints
 - // by general position assumption, |P| = 2n
- \star Let median(P) = x_{mid} be the median of P



Partitioning (1)

❖ All intervals can be then categorized into 3 subsets

$$S_{\text{left}} = \{ S_i \mid x_{ii} < x_{mid} \}$$
 //intervals lying entirely left to x_{mid}

$$S_{\text{right}} = \{ S_i \mid x_{mid} < x_i \}$$
 //intervals lying entirely right to x_{mid}

$$S_{\text{mid}} = \{ S_i \mid x_i \leq x_{mid} \leq x_{ii} \}$$
 //intervals that contain x_{mid}

$$S_{\text{mid}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{mid}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{right}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{right}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{right}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{right}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{right}}(v)$$

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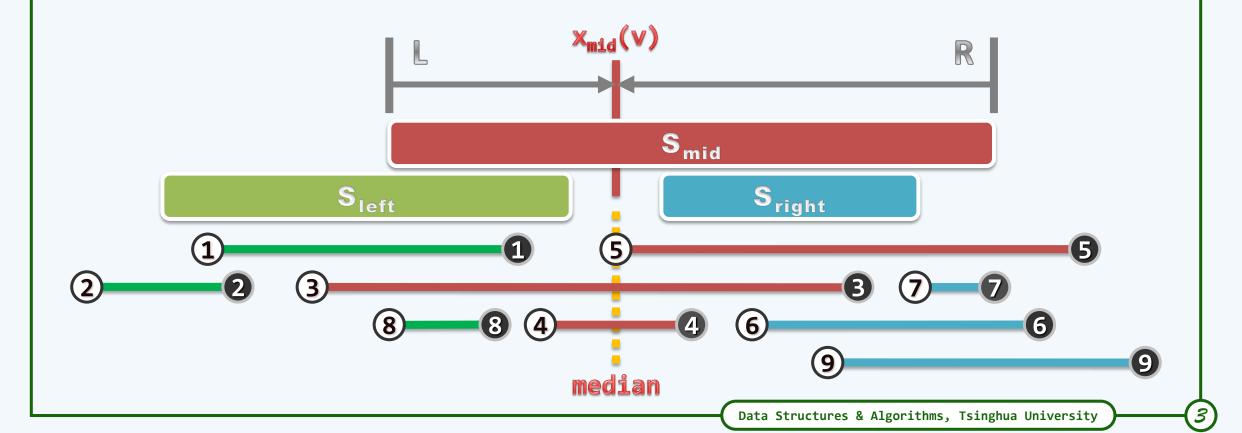
$$S_{\text{right}}(v)$$

$$S_{\text{mid}}(v)$$

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Partitioning (2)

❖S_{left/right} will be recursively partitioned until they are empty (leaves)



Balance $\star max \{ |S_{left}|, |S_{right}| \} \le n/2$ ❖ Best/worst case: |S_{mid}| = n/1 $x_{mid}(v)$ Smid Sright Sleft 6 8 median Data Structures & Algorithms, Tsinghua University

Associative Lists

 $L_{left/right}$ = all intervals of S_{mid} sorted by the left/right endpoints

