

- [主页](#)
- [题目集](#)
 - [基本信息](#)
 - [题目列表](#)
 - [提交列表](#)
 - [排名](#)
- [帮助](#)

1142. Maximal Clique (25)

时间限制

400 ms

内存限制

65536 kB

代码长度限制

16000 B

判题程序

Standard

作者

CHEN, Yue

A **clique** is a subset of vertices of an undirected graph such that every two distinct vertices in the clique are adjacent. A **maximal clique** is a clique that cannot be extended by including one more adjacent vertex. (Quoted from [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clique_\(graph_theory\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clique_(graph_theory)))

Now it is your job to judge if a given subset of vertices can form a maximal clique.

Input Specification:

Each input file contains one test case. For each case, the first line gives two positive integers N_v (≤ 200), the number of vertices in the graph, and N_e , the number of undirected edges. Then N_e lines follow, each gives a pair of vertices of an edge. The vertices are numbered from 1 to N_v .

After the graph, there is another positive integer M (≤ 100). Then M lines of query follow, each first gives a positive number K ($\leq N_v$), then followed by a sequence of K distinct vertices. All the numbers in a line are separated by a space.

Output Specification:

For each of the M queries, print in a line "Yes" if the given subset of vertices can form a maximal clique; or if it is a clique but not a **maximal clique**, print "Not Maximal"; or if it is not a clique at all, print "Not a Clique".

Sample Input:

```
8 10
5 6
7 8
6 4
3 6
4 5
2 3
8 2
2 7
5 3
3 4
6
4 5 4 3 6
3 2 8 7
2 2 3
1 1
3 4 3 6
3 3 2 1
```

Sample Output:

```
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Not Maximal
Not a Clique
```

[提交代码](#)
