

SYS-6581 Principles of Modeling for Cyber-Physical Systems

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1 State-space modeling in MATLAB

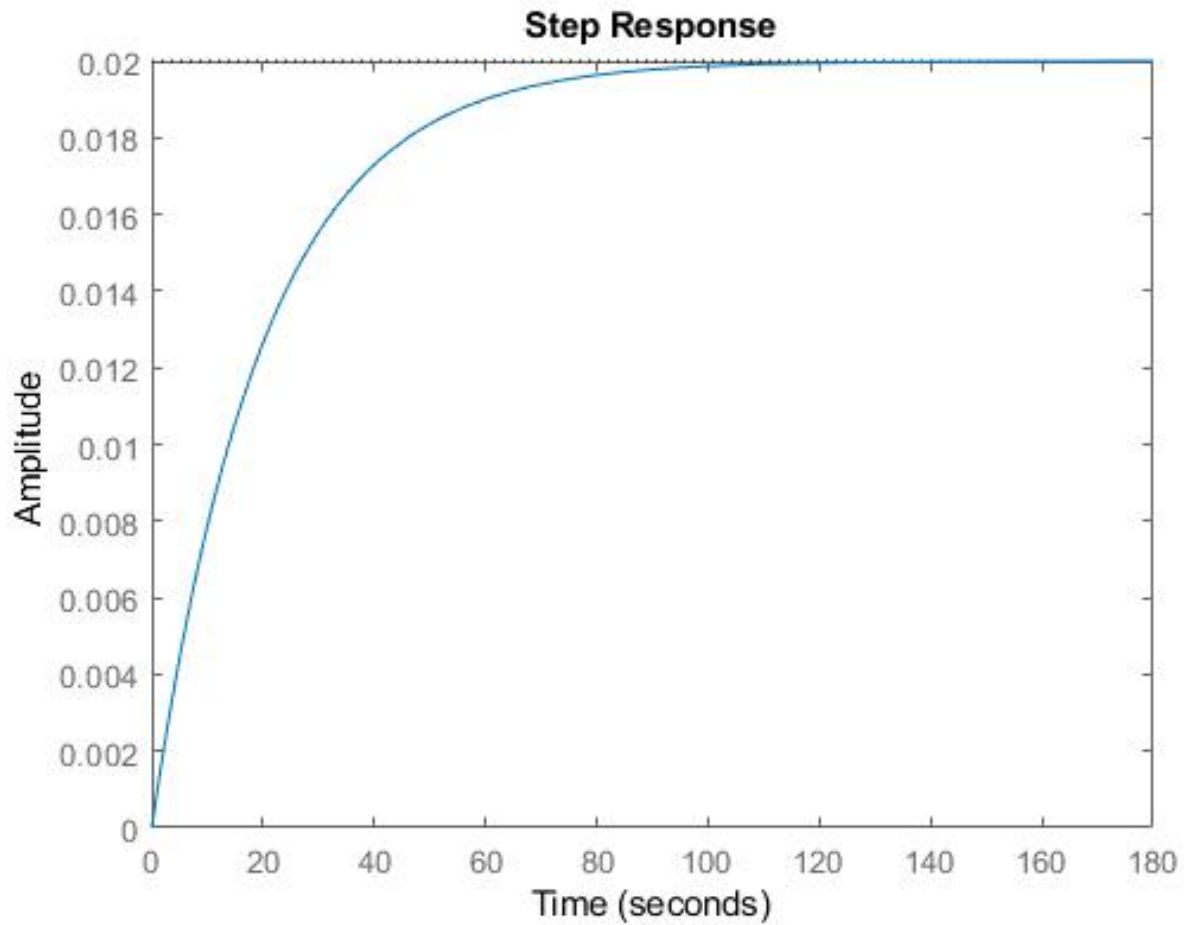
1.1 Simplified Car Dynamics

- (a) Dynamic equation of the system in state space representation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -bx_1/m \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1/m \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = v = x_1$$

- (b) Only one state is needed.
- (c) System is linear in the state.
- (d) The system is time invariant.
- (e) x_2 is equal to v , or velocity.
- (f) The dimension for A, B, C, D are all 1 x 1.
- (g) I attached cruise.m.
- (h) "ss" is in continuous time.
- (i) Here is the plot:



- (j) One can infer the order of the system from the step response; there seems to be a particular signature for each.

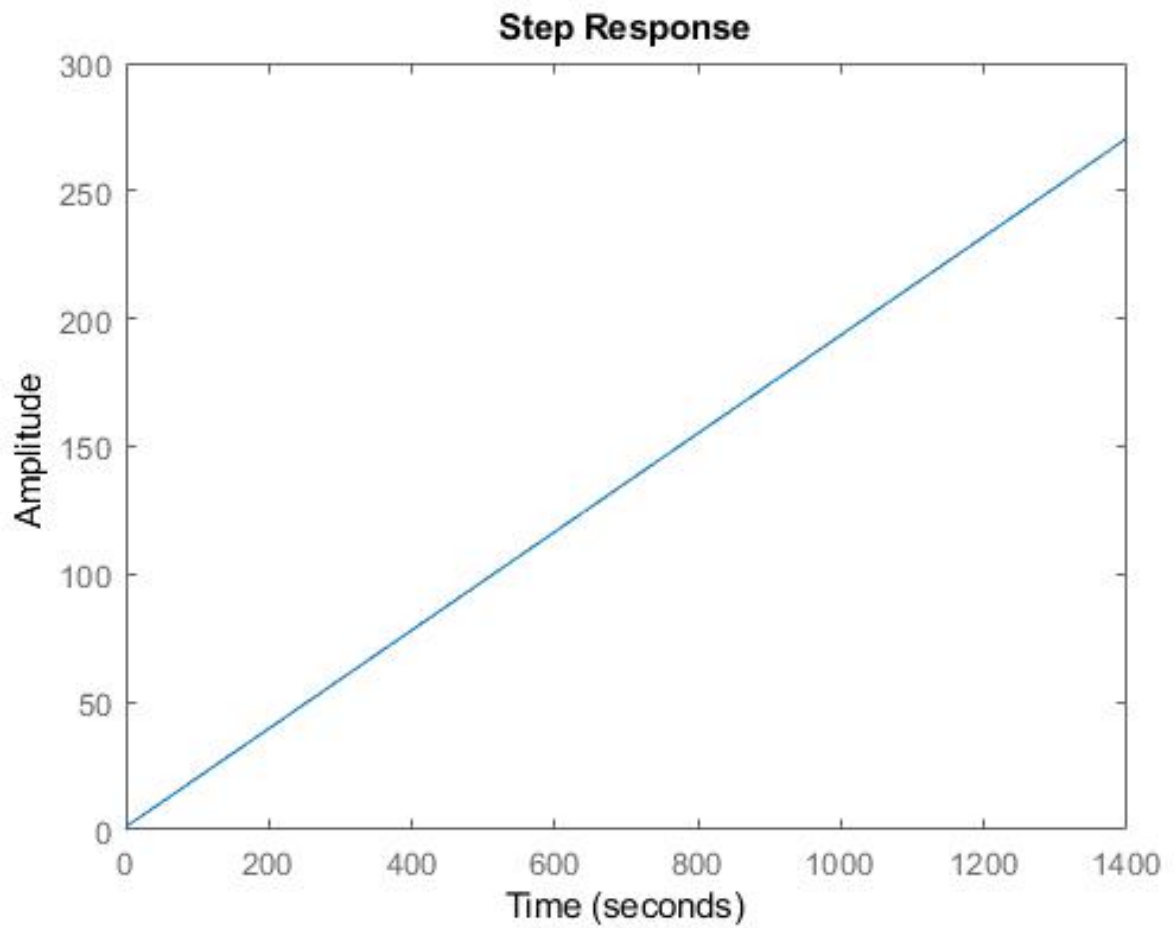
1.2 Aircraft pitch autopilot

- (a) Here is the dynamical equation of the system in state space representation

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\alpha} \\ \dot{q} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.313 & 56.7 & 0.232 \\ -0.0139 & -0.426 & 0.0203 \\ 0 & 56.7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ q \\ \theta \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.232 \\ 0.0203 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \delta$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ q \\ \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Three states are needed.
- (c) A is 3×3 , B is 3×1 , C is 1×3 , and D is a 1×1 zero matrix.
- (d) Attached aircraft.m.
- (e) Here is the plot:



The physical interpretation indicates that changing the deflection angle δ has a linear relationship with the pitch angle θ of the aircraft.