

choose标签

1 choose标签作用

<c:choose>标签用于指定多个条件选择的组合边界，它必须与<c:when>和<c:otherwise>标签一起使用。三个标签组合发挥java代码if(){}else if(){} else{}语句的作用。

2 choose标签子标签介绍

<c:when>，相当于else if(){}。<c:when>标签含有test属性，作用与if相同

<c:otherwise>，相当于else{}。

2.1 choose标签注意事项

三个标签必须组合使用，一组标签中不能出现两个<c:otherwise>。

2.2 choose标签演示

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8" language="java" %>
<%@ taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" %>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<%
    request.setAttribute("num", 4);
    request.setAttribute("flag", 1);

%>
<!-- c:choose 表示那些when 和 otherwise是一组的 -->
<c:choose>
    <c:when test="${num == 1 }">星期一</c:when>
    <c:when test="${num == 2 }">星期二</c:when>
    <c:when test="${num == 3 }">星期三</c:when>
    <c:when test="${num == 4 }">星期四</c:when>
    <c:when test="${num == 5 }">星期五</c:when>
    <c:when test="${num == 6 }">星期六</c:when>
    <c:when test="${num == 7 }">星期日</c:when>
    <c:otherwise>参数不合法</c:otherwise>
</c:choose>

<c:choose>
    <c:when test="${flag == 1 }">白天</c:when>
    <c:when test="${flag == 2 }">黑夜</c:when>
    <c:otherwise>参数不合法</c:otherwise>
</c:choose>
</body>
```



```
</html>
```