Problem 1: Implicit Function Derivative

For the following equations:

- 1. view z = z(x, y) from the equations, then use implicit function method to compute the partial derivatives $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$;
- 2. view y = y(x,z) from the equations, then use implicit function method to compute the partial derivatives $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$; 2. at which points the partial derivatives $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ are not defined? at which points the partial
- derivatives $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$ are not defined?

derivatives
$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$$
 are not defined?

Similarly,

$$1. x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} = 1$$

$$2. x^{2}y + y^{2}z + z^{2}x = 0$$

$$3. xy + yz + xz = -1$$

$$4. F(x, y, z) = x^{2} + y^{2}z + z^{2}x = 0$$

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$$4. F(x, y, z) = x^{2} + y^{2}z + z^{2}x = 0$$

$$5x = -\frac{Fx}{Fy} = -\frac{x}{y}$$

$$7x = 2xy + z^{2}z = 0$$

$$7x = 2x$$

Problem 2: Chain Rule Use chain rule to compute $\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}$ (and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial w}$):

1.
$$f(x,y) = \sin(x^2 + y^2)$$
; $x(u,v) = u^2 - v^2$; $y(u,v) = 2uv$;

2.
$$f(x,y) = x^2y$$
; $x(u,v) = \sin uv$, $y(u,v) = e^{uv}$;

3. $f(x,y,z) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$; $x(u,v) = u \sin v \cos w$, $y(u,v) = u \sin v \sin w$, $z(u,v) = u \sin v \sin w$ $u\cos v$;

3.
$$F(x,y,z) = xy + yz + xz + 1$$

$$F_{x} = y + z \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{y + z}{x + y} \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -\frac{x + z}{x + y} \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \text{ is not obtained}$$

$$F_{y} = x + z \qquad \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = -\frac{y + z}{x + z} \qquad \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} = -\frac{x + y}{x + z} \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial z} \text{ is not obtained}$$

$$F_{z} = x + y \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{y + z}{x + z} \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial z} \text{ is not obtained}$$

$$At \qquad x + z = 0$$

1.
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial n} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 2x \cdot \cos(x^2 + y^2) \cdot 2u + 2y \cdot \cos(x^2 + y^2) \cdot (2v)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 2x \cdot \cos(x^2 + y^2) \cdot (-2v) + 2y \cdot \cos(x^2 + y^2) \cdot (2u)$$

$$2. \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 2xy \cdot \cos(uv) \cdot v + x^2 \cdot e^{uv}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 2xy \cdot \cos(uv) \cdot u + x^2 \cdot e^{v}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 2xy \cdot \cos(uv) \cdot u + x^2 \cdot e^{v}$$

$$3. \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \int_{x} \cdot x \cdot u + \int_{y} \cdot y \cdot u + \int_{z} \cdot z \cdot u - \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \cdot \sin v \cdot \cos u + \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \cdot \sin v \cdot \sin v + \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \cdot \cos v$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial v} = \frac{\pi i}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \cdot \left[x \cdot u \cdot \cos w \cdot \cos v + y \cdot u \cdot \sin v \cdot (-\sin v) + y \cdot u \cdot \sin v \cdot \cos w \right] = \frac{\pi i}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \cdot \left[x \cdot u \cdot \sin v \cdot (-\sin v) + y \cdot u \cdot \sin v \cdot \cos w \right] = \frac{\pi i}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 +$$