文件编码识别源码

- 转自: java自动探测文件的字符编码
- 其中 chardet.jar 包可在 主页下载, 也可在 maven 仓库直接下载
- 识别是通过统计数据得到的,可能不准

```
import org.mozilla.intl.chardet.nsDetector;
import org.mozilla.intl.chardet.nsICharsetDetectionObserver;
import java.io.BufferedInputStream;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.IOException;
public class FileCharsetDetector {
   private boolean found = false;
   private String encoding = null;
   public static void main(String[] argv) throws Exception {
       File file1 = new File("D:\\testg.txt");
       System.out.println("文件编码:" + new
FileCharsetDetector().guessFileEncoding(file1));
   }
   /**
    * 传入一个文件(File)对象,检查文件编码
    * @param file
                File对象实例
    * @return 文件编码, 若无,则返回null
    * @throws FileNotFoundException
    * @throws IOException
   public String guessFileEncoding(File file) throws FileNotFoundException,
IOException {
       return guessFileEncoding(file, new nsDetector());
   }
    /**
    * 
    * 获取文件的编码
    * @param file
                File对象实例
```

```
* @param languageHint
                 语言提示区域代码 @see #nsPSMDetector ,取值如下:
                  1 : Japanese
                  2 : Chinese
                 3 : Simplified Chinese
                  4 : Traditional Chinese
                 5 : Korean
                  6 : Dont know(default)
    * 
    * @return 文件编码,eg:UTF-8,GBK,GB2312形式(不确定的时候,返回可能的字符编码序列);若无,则
返回null
    * @throws FileNotFoundException
    * @throws IOException
    */
   public String guessFileEncoding(File file, int languageHint) throws
FileNotFoundException, IOException {
       return guessFileEncoding(file, new nsDetector(languageHint));
   }
   /**
    * 获取文件的编码
    * @param file
    * @param det
    * @return
    * @throws FileNotFoundException
    * @throws IOException
    private String guessFileEncoding(File file, nsDetector det) throws
FileNotFoundException, IOException {
       // Set an observer...
       // The Notify() will be called when a matching charset is found.
       det.Init(new nsICharsetDetectionObserver() {
           public void Notify(String charset) {
               encoding = charset;
               found = true;
           }
       });
       BufferedInputStream imp = new BufferedInputStream(new FileInputStream(file));
       byte[] buf = new byte[1024];
       int len;
       boolean done = false;
       boolean isAscii = false;
       while ((len = imp.read(buf, 0, buf.length)) != -1) {
           // Check if the stream is only ascii.
           isAscii = det.isAscii(buf, len);
           if (isAscii) {
               break;
           // DoIt if non-ascii and not done yet.
```

```
done = det.DoIt(buf, len, false);
           if (done) {
               break;
           }
       }
       imp.close();
       det.DataEnd();
       if (isAscii) {
           encoding = "ASCII";
           found = true;
       }
       if (!found) {
           String[] prob = det.getProbableCharsets();
           //这里将可能的字符集组合起来返回
           for (int i = 0; i < prob.length; i++) {
               if (i == 0) {
                   encoding = prob[i];
               } else {
                   encoding += "," + prob[i];
               }
           }
           if (prob.length > 0) {
               // 在没有发现情况下,也可以只取第一个可能的编码,这里返回的是一个可能的序列
               return encoding;
           } else {
               return null;
       }
       return encoding;
   }
}
```

编码格式转换源码

- 递归找到目标路径下所有 .java 文件
- 将这些文件格式转换为目标格式

```
public class ChangeEncoding {

public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    String path = "C:\\Users\\wangk\\Desktop\\多线程并发编程";
    String toEncoding = "utf-8";
    getAllJavaDoc(path,toEncoding);
}

private static void getAllJavaDoc(String path, String toEncoding) throws
IOException {
    File file = new File(path);
    File[] files = file.listFiles();
```

```
for (File file1 : files) {
            if(file1.isDirectory()) {
                getAllJavaDoc(path + "\\" + file1.getName(), toEncoding);
            } else {
                if(file1.getName().endsWith(".java")) {
                    changeTo(file1, toEncoding);
            }
        }
   }
    private static void changeTo(File file1, String toEncoding) throws IOException {
        String fromEncoding = new FileCharsetDetector().guessFileEncoding(file1);
        if(toEncoding.equalsIgnoreCase(fromEncoding)) return;
        BufferedReader bdf = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(new
FileInputStream(file1), fromEncoding));
        String str=null;
        StringBuilder context = new StringBuilder();
        while((str=bdf.readLine())!=null){
            context.append(str).append("\n");
        }
        BufferedWriter bdw = new BufferedWriter(new OutputStreamWriter(new
FileOutputStream(file1), toEncoding));
        bdw.write(context.toString());
        System.out.println("将" + file1.getPath() + "文件格式从 " + fromEncoding + " 转换
为 " + toEncoding);
        bdw.close();
        bdf.close();
    }
}
```