

常微分方程作业

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题十: 求方程通解 $x' - 8x = e^{2t}$

解: 考查其特征方程 $\lambda^2 - 8 = 0 \implies \lambda_1 = 2\lambda_2 = \sqrt{3}i - 2, \lambda_3 = -\sqrt{3}i - 2$

$\because f(t) = e^{2t}$

\therefore 方程有特解 $x = Ate^{2t}$ 代入原式得 $A(12e^{2t} + 8te^{2t}) - 8Ate^{2t} = e^{2t}$

$\therefore A = \frac{1}{12}$

\therefore 通解为 $x = c_1e^{2t} + c_2e^{(\sqrt{3}i-2)t} + c_3e^{(-\sqrt{3}i-2)t} + \frac{te^{2t}}{12}$

题十二: 已知方程组

$$y = \begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = x_1 \cos^2 t - x_2(1 - \sin t \cos t) \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = x_1(1 + \cos t \sin t) + x_2 \sin^2 t \end{cases}$$

有解 $\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\sin t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix}$ 求其通解

解: $\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 t & -1 + \sin t \cos t \\ 1 + \sin t \cos t & \sin^2 t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$ 由 P217 题四

题一: A 为 $n \times n$ 矩阵, 证明对任意正整数 k 都有 $(\exp A)^k = \exp kA$

证明: $k = 0$ 时, $(\exp A)^0 = I, \exp 0 = I$, 命题成立

k 为正整数时, $(\exp A)^k = \underbrace{(\exp A) \times (\exp A) \times \cdots \times (\exp A)}_k = \exp kA$

k 为负整数时, $(\exp A)^k = [(\exp A)^{(-1)}]^{-k}$

由以上结论得

$(\exp A)^k = \exp(-k)(-A) = \exp kA$

题五: 求方程组 $x' = Ax$ 的基解矩阵, 并求满足初值条件 $\varphi_0 = \eta$ 的解 $\varphi(t)$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 8 & 1 & -1 \\ 5 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \eta = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{解: } \lambda I - A = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda - 1 & 0 & -3 \\ -8 & \lambda & 1 \\ -5 & -1 & \lambda + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore f(\lambda) = \lambda^3 - \lambda^2 - 15\lambda - 9 = (\lambda + 3)(\lambda - 2 + \sqrt{7})(\lambda - 2 - \sqrt{7})$$

$$\therefore \lambda_1 = -3, \lambda_2 = 2 + \sqrt{7}, \lambda_3 = 2 - \sqrt{7}$$

算得矩阵属于 $-3, 2 + \sqrt{7}, 2 - \sqrt{7}$ 的三个特征向量为

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4\sqrt{7} - 5 \\ \sqrt{7} + 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4\sqrt{7} + 5 \\ 1 - \sqrt{7} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \text{基解矩阵 } \Phi(t) = \begin{pmatrix} -3e^{-3t} & 3e^{(2+\sqrt{7})t} & 3e^{(2-\sqrt{7})t} \\ 7e^{-3t} & (4\sqrt{7} - 5)e^{(2+\sqrt{7})t} & (-4\sqrt{7} + 5)e^{(2-\sqrt{7})t} \\ 4e^{-3t} & (\sqrt{7} + 1)e^{(2+\sqrt{7})t} & (1 - \sqrt{7})e^{(2-\sqrt{7})t} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \varphi(t) = \Phi(t)\Phi(0)^{-1}\eta + \Phi(t) \int_0^t \Phi^{-1}(s) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} ds$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{52\sqrt{7}}{3}e^{-3t} + \frac{-4-26\sqrt{7}}{3}e^{(2+\sqrt{7})t} + \frac{-4-26\sqrt{7}}{3}e^{(2-\sqrt{7})t} \\ \frac{-364\sqrt{7}}{9}e^{-3t} + \frac{-748+146\sqrt{7}}{9}e^{(2+\sqrt{7})t} + \frac{748+146\sqrt{7}}{9}e^{(2-\sqrt{7})t} \\ \frac{-208\sqrt{7}}{9}e^{-3t} + \frac{-178-22\sqrt{7}}{9}e^{(2+\sqrt{7})t} + \frac{178-22\sqrt{7}}{9}e^{(2-\sqrt{7})t} \end{pmatrix}$$