## **Assignment 2 Results**

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1. Consider the Cats & Dogs example. Start initially with a training sample of 1000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500 (like in the text). Use any technique to reduce overfitting and improve performance in developing a network that you train from scratch. What performance did you achieve?

Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of **1000**, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.4), the test results are: loss: 0.5437 - accuracy: 0.8490.

2. Increase your training sample size. You may pick any amount. Keep the validation and test samples the same as above. Optimize your network (again training from scratch). What performance did you achieve?

Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of **3000**, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.5), the test result is: loss: 0.3999 - accuracy: 0.8868

3. Now change your training sample so that you achieve better performance than those from Steps 1 and 2. This sample size may be larger, or smaller than those in the previous steps. The objective is to find the ideal training sample size to get best prediction results.

Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of **5000**, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.5), the test results is: loss: 0.2071 - accuracy: 0.9150.

Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of 8000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.5), the test results is: loss: 0.2239 - accuracy: 0.9070.

First, I increase the sample size to 5000, the test result is: loss: 0.2071 - accuracy: 0.9150.

Then, I increase the sample size to **8000**, and we have a test result of loss: 0.2239 - accuracy: 0.9070, which is worse than when sample size is 5000.

Therefore, the best result I can get when training a convnet from scratch is: loss: 0.2071 - accuracy: 0.9150, which is when the training sample size is 5000.

4. Repeat Steps 1-3, but now using a pretrained network. The sample sizes you use in Steps 2 and 3 for the pretrained network may be the same or different from those using the network where you trained from scratch. Again, use any and all optimization techniques to get the best performance.

Using a pretrained network with training sample of **1000**, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.5), the test results are: loss: 1.5191 - accuracy: 0.9810

Using a pretrained network with training sample of **3000**, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.5), the test results are: loss: 0.9459 - accuracy: 0.9790

Using a pretrained network with training sample of **5000**, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500. Use augmentation and dropout(0.5), the test results are: loss: 0.3557 - accuracy: 0.9810

Write a report summarizing your findings. What is the relationship between training sample size and choice of network?

#### **Summary:**

	training size	validation size	test size	augmentation	dropout	loss	accuracy
training from scratch	1000	500	500	yes	0.4	0.5437	0.849
	3000	500	500	yes	0.5	0.3999	0.8868
	5000	500	500	yes	0.5	0.2071	0.915
	8000	500	500	yes	0.5	0.2239	0.907
pretrained network	1000	500	500	yes	0.5	1.5191	0.981
	3000	500	500	yes	0.5	0.9459	0.979
	5000	500	500	yes	0.5	0.3557	0.981

As we see from the results above, using convnets and train from scratch could get a relatively good result for a small dataset. However, there are some overfitting problems. We can solve this problem to some degree by using techniques like dropout, augmentation, etc. When we set sample size to 1000, the accuracy is very low. As the sample size increases, the loss decreases and accuracy increases. When the sample size increases to 5000, the accuracy reaches peak and then decrease as sample size reach 8000.

When we use a pretrained network, the results of accuracy are all around 0.9800, although the loss reduces when the sample size increases. Therefore, in this case, the accuracy of the model doesn't change much, and the loss decreases as the sample size increases.

# Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of 1000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

## Downloading the data

```
!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=1000)
make subset("validation", start index=1000, end index=1500)
make subset("test", start index=1500, end index=2000)
```

## **Building the model**

### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
```

In [5]:

model.summary()
Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 180, 180, 3)]	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 180, 180, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 178, 178, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 89, 89, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 87, 87, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 43, 43, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 41, 41, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None, 20, 20, 128)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 18, 18, 256)	295168
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2	(None, 9, 9, 256)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 256)	590080
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 12544)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	12545

Total params: 991,041 Trainable params: 991,041 Non-trainable params: 0

## Configuring the model for training

## **Data preprocessing**

Using image\_dataset\_from\_directory to read images

In [6]:

```
In [7]:
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch_size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "validation",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "test",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 2000 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                             In [9]:
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(16,)
(16,)
(16,)
                                                                            In [10]:
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate(batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
                                                                            In [11]:
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate(reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
```

Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

```
In [12]:
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
   print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
   print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
   break
data batch shape: (32, 180, 180, 3)
labels batch shape: (32,)
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                            In [13]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
      filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
      save best only=True,
      monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=30,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/30
63/63 [================== ] - 5s 38ms/step - loss: 0.7281 - accura
cy: 0.5025 - val loss: 0.7877 - val accuracy: 0.5000
Epoch 2/30
cy: 0.5295 - val loss: 0.6778 - val accuracy: 0.6290
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.6879 - accura
cy: 0.6005 - val loss: 0.7451 - val accuracy: 0.5220
Epoch 4/30
cy: 0.6325 - val loss: 0.7421 - val accuracy: 0.5580
Epoch 5/30
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.6098 - accura
cy: 0.6705 - val loss: 0.6288 - val accuracy: 0.6430
Epoch 6/30
63/63 [===========] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.5627 - accura
cy: 0.7020 - val loss: 0.6872 - val accuracy: 0.6230
Epoch 7/30
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.5525 - accura
cy: 0.7360 - val loss: 0.9677 - val accuracy: 0.6000
Epoch 8/30
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 27ms/step - loss: 0.4833 - accura
cy: 0.7745 - val loss: 0.8117 - val accuracy: 0.6070
Epoch 9/30
cy: 0.7955 - val loss: 0.6178 - val accuracy: 0.6920
Epoch 10/30
63/63 [============ ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.3887 - accura
cy: 0.8390 - val loss: 0.5901 - val accuracy: 0.7150
```

Epoch 11/30

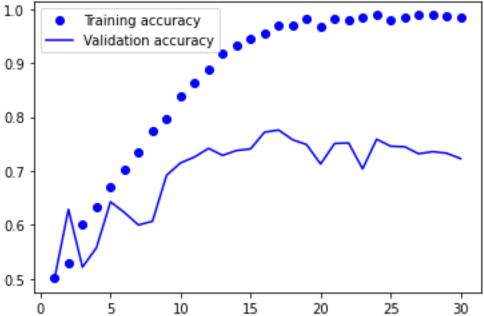
```
cy: 0.8645 - val loss: 0.6284 - val accuracy: 0.7260
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.2802 - accura
cy: 0.8885 - val loss: 0.7380 - val accuracy: 0.7420
Epoch 13/30
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.2119 - accura
cy: 0.9175 - val loss: 0.6878 - val accuracy: 0.7290
Epoch 14/30
cy: 0.9315 - val loss: 0.8529 - val_accuracy: 0.7380
Epoch 15/30
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.1394 - accura
cy: 0.9445 - val loss: 0.9875 - val accuracy: 0.7410
Epoch 16/30
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.1168 - accura
cy: 0.9540 - val loss: 0.8968 - val accuracy: 0.7720
Epoch 17/30
cy: 0.9690 - val loss: 1.1203 - val accuracy: 0.7760
Epoch 18/30
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.1041 - accura
cy: 0.9700 - val loss: 1.1405 - val accuracy: 0.7580
Epoch 19/30
63/63 [============ ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.0519 - accura
cy: 0.9825 - val loss: 1.6991 - val accuracy: 0.7490
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.0868 - accura
cy: 0.9675 - val loss: 1.4378 - val accuracy: 0.7130
Epoch 21/30
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.0478 - accura
cy: 0.9830 - val_loss: 1.4454 - val_accuracy: 0.7510
Epoch 22/30
cy: 0.9800 - val_loss: 1.3630 - val_accuracy: 0.7520
Epoch 23/30
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.0501 - accura
cy: 0.9835 - val loss: 1.8856 - val accuracy: 0.7040
Epoch 24/30
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.0361 - accura
cy: 0.9890 - val loss: 1.8424 - val accuracy: 0.7590
Epoch 25/30
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.0699 - accura
cy: 0.9800 - val loss: 1.5784 - val accuracy: 0.7460
Epoch 26/30
cy: 0.9835 - val loss: 1.7306 - val accuracy: 0.7450
Epoch 27/30
cy: 0.9885 - val_loss: 1.7925 - val_accuracy: 0.7320
Epoch 28/30
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.0331 - accura
cy: 0.9890 - val loss: 1.9974 - val accuracy: 0.7360
```

## Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training

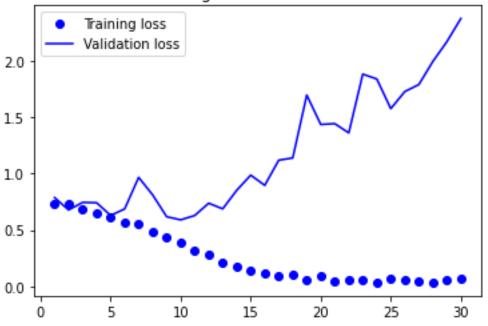
In [14]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

# Training and validation accuracy



# Training and validation loss



## Evaluating the model on the test set

# Using data augmentation

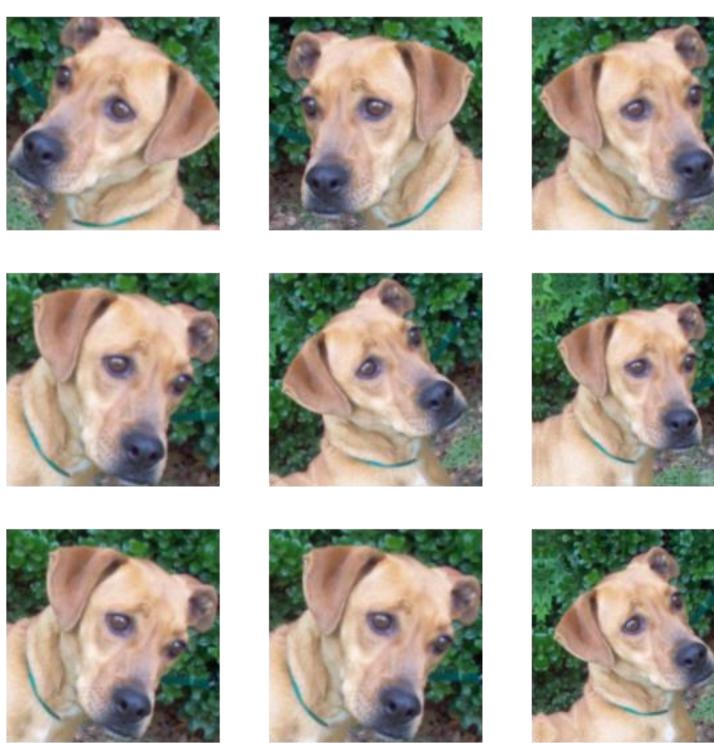
### Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model

In [17]:

#### Displaying some randomly augmented training images

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented_images = data_augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
```

plt.axis("off")



Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation, and dropout

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))  $x = data_augmentation(inputs)$ 

x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)

In [18]:

```
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.4)(x) # change the dropout from 0.5 to 0.4
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
```

## Training the regularized convnet

```
In [19]:
callbacks = [
  keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
     filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
     save best only=True,
     monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
  train dataset,
  epochs=80, # change epochs from 100 to 80
  validation data=validation dataset,
  callbacks=callbacks)
cy: 0.5165 - val loss: 0.6852 - val accuracy: 0.5560
cy: 0.5600 - val loss: 0.6838 - val accuracy: 0.5500
Epoch 3/80
cy: 0.6110 - val_loss: 0.6920 - val_accuracy: 0.5460
Epoch 4/80
cy: 0.6225 - val loss: 0.6604 - val accuracy: 0.5790
Epoch 5/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.6495 - accura
cy: 0.6425 - val loss: 0.6610 - val accuracy: 0.6140
Epoch 6/80
63/63 [============ ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.6109 - accura
cy: 0.6540 - val loss: 1.1658 - val accuracy: 0.5730
Epoch 7/80
cy: 0.6795 - val loss: 0.5736 - val accuracy: 0.6950
```

```
Epoch 8/80
cy: 0.7035 - val loss: 0.6279 - val accuracy: 0.6810
Epoch 9/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.5802 - accura
cy: 0.7040 - val loss: 0.6419 - val accuracy: 0.6910
Epoch 10/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.5710 - accura
cy: 0.7035 - val loss: 0.5431 - val accuracy: 0.7350
Epoch 11/80
63/63 [===========] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.5470 - accura
cy: 0.7240 - val loss: 0.6522 - val accuracy: 0.6880
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.5214 - accura
cy: 0.7425 - val loss: 0.5042 - val accuracy: 0.7430
Epoch 13/80
cy: 0.7565 - val loss: 0.6554 - val accuracy: 0.7340
Epoch 14/80
cy: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.5015 - val_accuracy: 0.7540
Epoch 15/80
cy: 0.7630 - val loss: 0.6987 - val accuracy: 0.6910
Epoch 16/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.4789 - accura
cy: 0.7775 - val_loss: 0.5838 - val_accuracy: 0.7250
Epoch 17/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.4715 - accura
cy: 0.7775 - val loss: 0.4991 - val accuracy: 0.7650
Epoch 18/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.4562 - accura
cy: 0.7945 - val loss: 0.5710 - val accuracy: 0.7350
Epoch 19/80
cy: 0.7915 - val loss: 0.4418 - val accuracy: 0.7900
Epoch 20/80
63/63 [===========] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.4599 - accura
cy: 0.7870 - val loss: 0.4657 - val accuracy: 0.7790
Epoch 21/80
cy: 0.7930 - val loss: 0.5815 - val accuracy: 0.7030
Epoch 22/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.4382 - accura
cy: 0.7940 - val loss: 0.6202 - val accuracy: 0.7490
Epoch 23/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.4339 - accura
cy: 0.8005 - val loss: 0.4995 - val accuracy: 0.7800
Epoch 24/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.4112 - accura
cy: 0.8145 - val loss: 0.4665 - val accuracy: 0.7950
Epoch 25/80
```

```
cy: 0.8330 - val loss: 0.5159 - val accuracy: 0.7550
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.3978 - accura
cy: 0.8225 - val loss: 0.4460 - val accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 27/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3964 - accura
cy: 0.8155 - val loss: 0.4716 - val accuracy: 0.7960
Epoch 28/80
cy: 0.8260 - val loss: 0.6183 - val_accuracy: 0.7300
Epoch 29/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3803 - accura
cy: 0.8360 - val loss: 0.5046 - val_accuracy: 0.7730
Epoch 30/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3758 - accura
cy: 0.8315 - val loss: 0.7977 - val accuracy: 0.7130
Epoch 31/80
cy: 0.8375 - val loss: 0.6236 - val accuracy: 0.8000
Epoch 32/80
cy: 0.8425 - val loss: 0.5660 - val accuracy: 0.7640
Epoch 33/80
63/63 [============ ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3353 - accura
cy: 0.8540 - val loss: 0.5750 - val accuracy: 0.8180
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.3402 - accura
cy: 0.8575 - val loss: 0.5400 - val accuracy: 0.7850
Epoch 35/80
cy: 0.8650 - val_loss: 0.5461 - val_accuracy: 0.7930
Epoch 36/80
63/63 [===========] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3298 - accura
cy: 0.8655 - val_loss: 0.4594 - val_accuracy: 0.7960
Epoch 37/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3310 - accura
cy: 0.8670 - val loss: 0.6904 - val accuracy: 0.7680
Epoch 38/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.3049 - accura
cy: 0.8745 - val loss: 0.5247 - val accuracy: 0.8190
Epoch 39/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.3203 - accura
cy: 0.8685 - val loss: 0.4621 - val accuracy: 0.8020
Epoch 40/80
cy: 0.8790 - val loss: 0.7653 - val accuracy: 0.7940
Epoch 41/80
cy: 0.8660 - val_loss: 0.4930 - val_accuracy: 0.8060
Epoch 42/80
cy: 0.8685 - val loss: 0.4781 - val accuracy: 0.8120
```

```
Epoch 43/80
cy: 0.8810 - val loss: 0.4700 - val accuracy: 0.8290
Epoch 44/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.2661 - accura
cy: 0.8930 - val loss: 1.2875 - val accuracy: 0.6740
Epoch 45/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.2815 - accura
cy: 0.8910 - val loss: 0.5469 - val accuracy: 0.7930
Epoch 46/80
63/63 [============] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2696 - accura
cy: 0.8940 - val loss: 0.8227 - val accuracy: 0.7920
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2462 - accura
cy: 0.8980 - val loss: 0.5565 - val accuracy: 0.8330
Epoch 48/80
cy: 0.8925 - val loss: 0.5671 - val accuracy: 0.7800
Epoch 49/80
cy: 0.8915 - val_loss: 0.5453 - val_accuracy: 0.8010
Epoch 50/80
63/63 [===========] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2383 - accura
cy: 0.8990 - val loss: 0.4764 - val accuracy: 0.8470
Epoch 51/80
63/63 [============ ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2692 - accura
cy: 0.8920 - val_loss: 0.4775 - val_accuracy: 0.8160
Epoch 52/80
cy: 0.9120 - val loss: 0.7375 - val accuracy: 0.8030
Epoch 53/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.2228 - accura
cy: 0.9065 - val loss: 0.5973 - val accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 54/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2456 - accura
cy: 0.9010 - val loss: 0.5144 - val accuracy: 0.8180
Epoch 55/80
cy: 0.9180 - val loss: 0.7244 - val accuracy: 0.8210
Epoch 56/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2265 - accura
cy: 0.9105 - val loss: 0.5406 - val accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 57/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2274 - accura
cy: 0.9110 - val loss: 0.5016 - val accuracy: 0.8160
Epoch 58/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2249 - accura
cy: 0.9165 - val loss: 0.4593 - val accuracy: 0.8380
Epoch 59/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 29ms/step - loss: 0.2030 - accura
cy: 0.9265 - val loss: 0.6098 - val accuracy: 0.8050
Epoch 60/80
```

```
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 39ms/step - loss: 0.2300 - accura
cy: 0.9165 - val loss: 0.7569 - val accuracy: 0.8280
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.2432 - accura
cy: 0.9115 - val loss: 0.4634 - val accuracy: 0.8470
Epoch 62/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1986 - accura
cy: 0.9270 - val loss: 0.5855 - val accuracy: 0.8290
Epoch 63/80
cy: 0.9320 - val loss: 0.5501 - val_accuracy: 0.8410
Epoch 64/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.2051 - accura
cy: 0.9255 - val loss: 0.5786 - val accuracy: 0.8270
Epoch 65/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.1830 - accura
cy: 0.9305 - val loss: 0.6350 - val accuracy: 0.8230
Epoch 66/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.2005 - accura
cy: 0.9205 - val loss: 0.5401 - val accuracy: 0.8370
Epoch 67/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1982 - accura
cy: 0.9245 - val loss: 0.6137 - val accuracy: 0.8020
Epoch 68/80
63/63 [============ ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.2312 - accura
cy: 0.9130 - val loss: 0.5874 - val accuracy: 0.8300
Epoch 69/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1951 - accura
cy: 0.9260 - val loss: 0.4314 - val accuracy: 0.8550
Epoch 70/80
cy: 0.9320 - val_loss: 0.7138 - val_accuracy: 0.8430
Epoch 71/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.2078 - accura
cy: 0.9200 - val_loss: 0.4732 - val_accuracy: 0.8670
Epoch 72/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1862 - accura
cy: 0.9265 - val loss: 1.2674 - val accuracy: 0.7960
Epoch 73/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.1802 - accura
cy: 0.9345 - val loss: 0.5652 - val accuracy: 0.8480
Epoch 74/80
63/63 [============== ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1870 - accura
cy: 0.9320 - val loss: 0.6469 - val accuracy: 0.8540
Epoch 75/80
cy: 0.9335 - val loss: 0.7291 - val accuracy: 0.8450
Epoch 76/80
cy: 0.9235 - val_loss: 0.5942 - val_accuracy: 0.8370
Epoch 77/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1893 - accura
cy: 0.9335 - val loss: 0.5588 - val accuracy: 0.8310
```

```
Epoch 78/80
63/63 [============= ] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 0.1505 - accura
cy: 0.9455 - val loss: 0.5778 - val accuracy: 0.8330
Epoch 79/80
cy: 0.9325 - val loss: 0.8527 - val accuracy: 0.8380
Epoch 80/80
cy: 0.9310 - val_loss: 0.7090 - val_accuracy: 0.8270
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                 In [20]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
  "convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc:.3f}")
cy: 0.8490
```

Test accuracy: 0.849

# Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of 3000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

## Downloading the data

```
#!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
#!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=2999)
make subset("validation", start index=3000, end index=3499)
make subset("test", start index=3500, end index=3999)
```

## **Building the model**

### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
```

In [5]:

model.summary()
Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 180, 180, 3)]	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 180, 180, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 178, 178, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 89, 89, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 87, 87, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 43, 43, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 41, 41, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None, 20, 20, 128)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 18, 18, 256)	295168
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2	(None, 9, 9, 256)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 256)	590080
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 12544)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	12545

Total params: 991,041 Trainable params: 991,041 Non-trainable params: 0

## Configuring the model for training

## **Data preprocessing**

Using image\_dataset\_from\_directory to read images

In [6]:

```
In [7]:
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch_size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "validation",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "test",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 5998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                             In [9]:
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(16,)
(16,)
(16,)
                                                                            In [10]:
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate(batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
                                                                            In [11]:
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate(reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
```

Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

```
In [12]:
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
    print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
    print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
data batch shape: (32, 180, 180, 3)
labels batch shape: (32,)
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                                          In [13]:
11 11 11
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
                                                                         Out[13]:
                                                                filepath="con
'\ncallbacks = [\n
                     keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
vnet from scratch.keras",\n
                                                                 monitor="val
loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train dataset, \n
                                                          epochs=30,\n
idation data=validation dataset, \n
                                      callbacks=callbacks) \n'
Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training
                                                                          In [14]:
11 11 11
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
                                                                         Out[14]:
'\nimport matplotlib.pyplot as plt\naccuracy = history.history["accuracy"]\nv
al accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]\nloss = history.history["loss"]
```

```
\nval loss = history.history["val loss"]\nepochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
\nplt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")\nplt.plot(epoch
s, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy") \nplt.title("Training and v
alidation accuracy") \nplt.legend() \nplt.figure() \nplt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo",
 label="Training loss") \nplt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation lo
ss") \nplt.title("Training and validation loss") \nplt.legend() \nplt.show() \n'
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                             In [15]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                            Out[15]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")\ntest 1
oss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset) \nprint(f"Test accuracy: {te
st acc:.3f}") \n'
Using data augmentation
Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model
                                                                             In [16]:
data augmentation = keras. Sequential (
    Γ
        layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
        layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
        layers.RandomZoom(0.2),
)
Displaying some randomly augmented training images
                                                                             In [17]:
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented images = data augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
        plt.axis("off")
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[17]:
'\nplt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))\nfor images, _{\rm in} in train_dataset.take(1):\n
for i in range(9):\n
                              augmented images = data augmentation(images)\n
      ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1) \n
                                               plt.imshow(augmented images[0].n
                                  plt.axis("off") \n'
umpy().astype("uint8"))\n
Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation, regularization and dropout
                                                                             In [18]:
```

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))

```
x = data augmentation(inputs)
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
```

#### Training the regularized convnet

Epoch 7/80

```
In [19]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
       filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
       save best only=True,
      monitor="val loss")
]
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=80,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 9s 28ms/step - loss: 0.7013 - accu
racy: 0.5367 - val loss: 0.6745 - val accuracy: 0.6222
racy: 0.6307 - val loss: 0.6223 - val accuracy: 0.6774
Epoch 3/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.6244 - accu
racy: 0.6557 - val loss: 0.5671 - val accuracy: 0.7194
Epoch 4/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.5998 - accu
racy: 0.6812 - val loss: 0.6425 - val accuracy: 0.6683
Epoch 5/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.5709 - accu
racy: 0.7062 - val loss: 0.5270 - val accuracy: 0.7545
Epoch 6/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.5397 - accu
racy: 0.7249 - val loss: 0.4980 - val accuracy: 0.7625
```

```
racy: 0.7487 - val loss: 0.4215 - val accuracy: 0.8146
188/188 [============= ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4977 - accu
racy: 0.7598 - val_loss: 0.4423 - val_accuracy: 0.7976
Epoch 9/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4810 - accu
racy: 0.7749 - val loss: 0.4341 - val accuracy: 0.8096
Epoch 10/80
racy: 0.7798 - val loss: 0.4010 - val accuracy: 0.8196
Epoch 11/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4539 - accu
racy: 0.7893 - val loss: 0.3904 - val accuracy: 0.8096
Epoch 12/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4378 - accu
racy: 0.8018 - val loss: 0.3867 - val accuracy: 0.8196
Epoch 13/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4131 - accu
racy: 0.8129 - val loss: 0.3734 - val accuracy: 0.8297
Epoch 14/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4097 - accu
racy: 0.8184 - val loss: 0.3403 - val accuracy: 0.8637
Epoch 15/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4037 - accu
racy: 0.8268 - val loss: 0.3120 - val accuracy: 0.8637
Epoch 16/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3826 - accu
racy: 0.8336 - val loss: 0.4983 - val accuracy: 0.7936
Epoch 17/80
racy: 0.8348 - val loss: 0.4090 - val accuracy: 0.8537
Epoch 18/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3632 - accu
racy: 0.8408 - val_loss: 0.3277 - val_accuracy: 0.8848
Epoch 19/80
racy: 0.8503 - val loss: 0.4235 - val accuracy: 0.8317
Epoch 20/80
racy: 0.8546 - val loss: 0.2837 - val accuracy: 0.8818
Epoch 21/80
racy: 0.8550 - val loss: 0.3131 - val accuracy: 0.8828
Epoch 22/80
racy: 0.8590 - val loss: 0.3317 - val accuracy: 0.8557
Epoch 23/80
racy: 0.8615 - val_loss: 0.3820 - val_accuracy: 0.8457
Epoch 24/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3298 - accu
racy: 0.8573 - val loss: 0.4611 - val_accuracy: 0.7836
```

```
Epoch 25/80
racy: 0.8560 - val loss: 0.3417 - val accuracy: 0.8717
Epoch 26/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3262 - accu
racy: 0.8651 - val loss: 0.2503 - val accuracy: 0.9108
Epoch 27/80
racy: 0.8646 - val loss: 0.2798 - val accuracy: 0.9068
Epoch 28/80
racy: 0.8733 - val loss: 0.3802 - val accuracy: 0.8577
Epoch 29/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.2980 - accu
racy: 0.8746 - val loss: 0.2611 - val accuracy: 0.9098
Epoch 30/80
racy: 0.8713 - val loss: 0.2998 - val accuracy: 0.8888
Epoch 31/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3241 - accu
racy: 0.8648 - val_loss: 0.3702 - val_accuracy: 0.8527
Epoch 32/80
188/188 [============= ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3175 - accu
racy: 0.8705 - val loss: 0.2866 - val_accuracy: 0.8938
Epoch 33/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3435 - accu
racy: 0.8593 - val loss: 0.4798 - val_accuracy: 0.8838
Epoch 34/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3433 - accu
racy: 0.8573 - val loss: 0.2443 - val accuracy: 0.9048
Epoch 35/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3306 - accu
racy: 0.8686 - val loss: 2.3848 - val accuracy: 0.7144
Epoch 36/80
188/188 [================ ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3549 - accu
racy: 0.8630 - val loss: 0.3681 - val accuracy: 0.8798
Epoch 37/80
racy: 0.8623 - val loss: 0.3490 - val accuracy: 0.8868
Epoch 38/80
188/188 [============= ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3542 - accu
racy: 0.8596 - val loss: 0.3876 - val accuracy: 0.8397
Epoch 39/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3368 - accu
racy: 0.8620 - val loss: 0.5940 - val accuracy: 0.8717
Epoch 40/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3310 - accu
racy: 0.8706 - val loss: 0.2680 - val accuracy: 0.8958
Epoch 41/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3299 - accu
racy: 0.8665 - val loss: 0.3128 - val accuracy: 0.8928
Epoch 42/80
```

```
racy: 0.8573 - val loss: 0.3010 - val accuracy: 0.8918
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3463 - accu
racy: 0.8610 - val_loss: 0.4598 - val_accuracy: 0.8377
Epoch 44/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3580 - accu
racy: 0.8603 - val loss: 0.2928 - val accuracy: 0.9018
Epoch 45/80
racy: 0.8621 - val loss: 0.3692 - val accuracy: 0.8287
Epoch 46/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3547 - accu
racy: 0.8610 - val loss: 0.3488 - val accuracy: 0.8798
Epoch 47/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3523 - accu
racy: 0.8560 - val loss: 0.5674 - val accuracy: 0.7946
Epoch 48/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3737 - accu
racy: 0.8553 - val loss: 0.6356 - val accuracy: 0.8146
Epoch 49/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3734 - accu
racy: 0.8503 - val loss: 0.9687 - val accuracy: 0.7445
Epoch 50/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3659 - accu
racy: 0.8525 - val loss: 0.3908 - val accuracy: 0.8427
Epoch 51/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3566 - accu
racy: 0.8606 - val loss: 0.9658 - val accuracy: 0.7495
Epoch 52/80
racy: 0.8521 - val loss: 0.3714 - val accuracy: 0.8968
Epoch 53/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3781 - accu
racy: 0.8506 - val_loss: 0.2634 - val_accuracy: 0.9038
Epoch 54/80
racy: 0.8456 - val loss: 1.2284 - val accuracy: 0.8176
Epoch 55/80
racy: 0.8453 - val loss: 0.2998 - val accuracy: 0.9148
Epoch 56/80
racy: 0.8251 - val loss: 0.3784 - val accuracy: 0.8828
Epoch 57/80
racy: 0.8386 - val loss: 0.2849 - val accuracy: 0.8968
Epoch 58/80
racy: 0.8403 - val loss: 0.2906 - val_accuracy: 0.9058
Epoch 59/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.3818 - accu
racy: 0.8479 - val loss: 0.4894 - val_accuracy: 0.8798
```

```
Epoch 60/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3876 - accu
racy: 0.8358 - val loss: 1.0239 - val accuracy: 0.8267
Epoch 61/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4747 - accu
racy: 0.8213 - val loss: 0.3941 - val accuracy: 0.8798
Epoch 62/80
racy: 0.8324 - val loss: 0.5380 - val accuracy: 0.8257
Epoch 63/80
racy: 0.8293 - val loss: 0.4603 - val accuracy: 0.8547
Epoch 64/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4307 - accu
racy: 0.8311 - val loss: 0.3651 - val accuracy: 0.8206
Epoch 65/80
racy: 0.8168 - val loss: 0.2663 - val accuracy: 0.8818
Epoch 66/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4361 - accu
racy: 0.8286 - val_loss: 0.3358 - val_accuracy: 0.8868
Epoch 67/80
188/188 [============= ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4496 - accu
racy: 0.8188 - val loss: 0.3353 - val_accuracy: 0.8808
Epoch 68/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4687 - accu
racy: 0.8269 - val loss: 0.4740 - val_accuracy: 0.8667
Epoch 69/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4311 - accu
racy: 0.8231 - val loss: 0.4173 - val accuracy: 0.8707
Epoch 70/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4982 - accu
racy: 0.8074 - val loss: 0.5288 - val accuracy: 0.8236
Epoch 71/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4758 - accu
racy: 0.8173 - val loss: 0.4178 - val accuracy: 0.8216
Epoch 72/80
racy: 0.8183 - val loss: 0.3006 - val accuracy: 0.8888
Epoch 73/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4372 - accu
racy: 0.8184 - val loss: 0.4484 - val accuracy: 0.8487
Epoch 74/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.6609 - accu
racy: 0.8118 - val loss: 2.0788 - val accuracy: 0.6703
Epoch 75/80
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.5195 - accu
racy: 0.8229 - val loss: 0.7086 - val accuracy: 0.8156
Epoch 76/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.5815 - accu
racy: 0.8069 - val loss: 0.3858 - val accuracy: 0.8858
Epoch 77/80
```

```
188/188 [============== ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.5060 - accu
racy: 0.8174 - val loss: 0.3619 - val accuracy: 0.8367
Epoch 78/80
188/188 [============= ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4919 - accu
racy: 0.8014 - val loss: 0.3146 - val accuracy: 0.8727
Epoch 79/80
188/188 [============= ] - 5s 25ms/step - loss: 0.4880 - accu
racy: 0.8144 - val loss: 2.6971 - val accuracy: 0.7094
Epoch 80/80
188/188 [=============== ] - 5s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4626 - accu
racy: 0.8159 - val loss: 0.3114 - val accuracy: 0.8657
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                              In [20]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
   "convnet from_scratch_with_augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
cy: 0.8868
```

Test accuracy: 0.887

# Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of 5000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

## Downloading the data

```
!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=5000)
make subset("validation", start index=5000, end index=5500)
make subset("test", start index=5500, end index=6000)
```

## **Building the model**

### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
```

In [5]:

model.summary()
Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 180, 180, 3)]	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 180, 180, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 178, 178, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 89, 89, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 87, 87, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 43, 43, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 41, 41, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None, 20, 20, 128)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 18, 18, 256)	295168
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2	(None, 9, 9, 256)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 256)	590080
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 12544)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	12545

Total params: 991,041 Trainable params: 991,041 Non-trainable params: 0

## Configuring the model for training

## **Data preprocessing**

Using image\_dataset\_from\_directory to read images

In [6]:

```
In [7]:
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch_size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "validation",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "test",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 10000 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                             In [9]:
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(16,)
(16,)
(16,)
                                                                            In [10]:
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate(batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
                                                                            In [11]:
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate(reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
```

Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

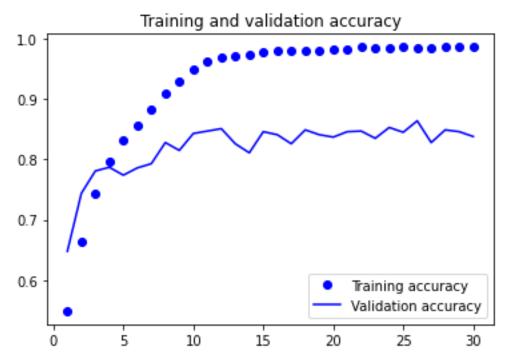
```
In [12]:
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
   print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
   print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
   break
data batch shape: (32, 180, 180, 3)
labels batch shape: (32,)
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                          In [13]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
      filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
      save best only=True,
      monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=30,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/30
uracy: 0.5490 - val loss: 0.6479 - val accuracy: 0.6480
Epoch 2/30
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.6220 - accu
racy: 0.6644 - val loss: 0.5241 - val_accuracy: 0.7440
Epoch 3/30
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.5212 - accu
racy: 0.7444 - val_loss: 0.4661 - val_accuracy: 0.7810
Epoch 4/30
racy: 0.7956 - val loss: 0.4746 - val accuracy: 0.7870
Epoch 5/30
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3822 - accu
racy: 0.8326 - val loss: 0.5290 - val accuracy: 0.7740
Epoch 6/30
racy: 0.8573 - val loss: 0.5761 - val accuracy: 0.7860
Epoch 7/30
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.2765 - accu
racy: 0.8835 - val loss: 0.4929 - val accuracy: 0.7930
Epoch 8/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.2166 - accu
racy: 0.9101 - val loss: 0.4669 - val accuracy: 0.8280
Epoch 9/30
racy: 0.9297 - val loss: 0.6306 - val accuracy: 0.8150
Epoch 10/30
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.1321 - accu
racy: 0.9482 - val loss: 0.6038 - val accuracy: 0.8430
Epoch 11/30
```

```
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.1071 - accu
racy: 0.9617 - val loss: 0.6322 - val accuracy: 0.8470
313/313 [============ ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.0902 - accu
racy: 0.9680 - val_loss: 0.6687 - val_accuracy: 0.8510
Epoch 13/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.0833 - accu
racy: 0.9704 - val loss: 0.7229 - val accuracy: 0.8260
Epoch 14/30
racy: 0.9729 - val loss: 0.7790 - val accuracy: 0.8110
Epoch 15/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0653 - accu
racy: 0.9785 - val loss: 0.7850 - val accuracy: 0.8460
Epoch 16/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0643 - accu
racy: 0.9800 - val loss: 0.8671 - val accuracy: 0.8410
Epoch 17/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0626 - accu
racy: 0.9803 - val loss: 1.5262 - val accuracy: 0.8260
Epoch 18/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.0674 - accu
racy: 0.9806 - val loss: 1.0057 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 19/30
racy: 0.9800 - val loss: 1.0948 - val accuracy: 0.8410
Epoch 20/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0641 - accu
racy: 0.9825 - val loss: 1.2610 - val accuracy: 0.8370
Epoch 21/30
racy: 0.9823 - val loss: 1.3441 - val accuracy: 0.8460
Epoch 22/30
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0557 - accu
racy: 0.9862 - val_loss: 1.4184 - val_accuracy: 0.8470
Epoch 23/30
racy: 0.9842 - val loss: 1.3167 - val accuracy: 0.8350
Epoch 24/30
racy: 0.9847 - val loss: 1.1253 - val accuracy: 0.8530
Epoch 25/30
racy: 0.9858 - val loss: 1.3824 - val accuracy: 0.8450
Epoch 26/30
racy: 0.9854 - val loss: 1.2968 - val accuracy: 0.8640
Epoch 27/30
racy: 0.9851 - val_loss: 1.4639 - val_accuracy: 0.8280
Epoch 28/30
racy: 0.9862 - val loss: 1.4657 - val_accuracy: 0.8490
```

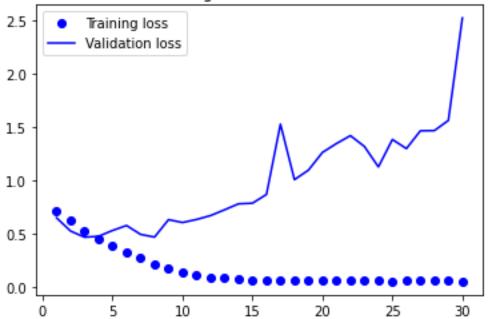
Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training

In [14]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



## Training and validation loss



## Evaluating the model on the test set

# Using data augmentation

### Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model

In [17]:

#### Displaying some randomly augmented training images

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented_images = data_augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
```

plt.axis("off")



Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation, regularization and dropout

In [18]:

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data\_augmentation(inputs)
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)

```
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
```

#### Training the regularized convnet

```
In [19]:
callbacks = [
  keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
     filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
     save best only=True,
     monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
  train dataset,
  epochs=80,
  validation data=validation dataset,
  callbacks=callbacks)
313/313 [============= ] - 8s 23ms/step - loss: 0.7085 - accu
racy: 0.5472 - val loss: 0.6473 - val accuracy: 0.6280
racy: 0.6348 - val loss: 0.5860 - val accuracy: 0.6870
Epoch 3/80
racy: 0.6773 - val loss: 0.5413 - val accuracy: 0.7280
Epoch 4/80
racy: 0.7158 - val loss: 0.6777 - val accuracy: 0.6710
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5249 - accu
racy: 0.7430 - val loss: 0.5795 - val accuracy: 0.7050
Epoch 6/80
racy: 0.7601 - val loss: 0.4453 - val accuracy: 0.7990
Epoch 7/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4714 - accu
racy: 0.7775 - val loss: 0.4263 - val accuracy: 0.8020
```

```
Epoch 8/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4315 - accu
racy: 0.8005 - val loss: 0.3825 - val accuracy: 0.8320
Epoch 9/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4126 - accu
racy: 0.8136 - val loss: 0.3821 - val accuracy: 0.8300
Epoch 10/80
racy: 0.8244 - val loss: 0.9279 - val accuracy: 0.6840
Epoch 11/80
racy: 0.8406 - val loss: 0.6279 - val accuracy: 0.7800
Epoch 12/80
racy: 0.8476 - val loss: 0.5450 - val accuracy: 0.8020
Epoch 13/80
racy: 0.8495 - val loss: 0.2726 - val accuracy: 0.8870
Epoch 14/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3357 - accu
racy: 0.8587 - val_loss: 0.2468 - val_accuracy: 0.9020
Epoch 15/80
racy: 0.8667 - val loss: 0.2766 - val accuracy: 0.8790
Epoch 16/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3212 - accu
racy: 0.8664 - val_loss: 1.1412 - val_accuracy: 0.6280
Epoch 17/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3134 - accu
racy: 0.8695 - val loss: 0.2261 - val accuracy: 0.9020
Epoch 18/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3096 - accu
racy: 0.8720 - val loss: 0.2283 - val accuracy: 0.9130
Epoch 19/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3088 - accu
racy: 0.8674 - val loss: 0.4922 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 20/80
racy: 0.8750 - val loss: 0.2459 - val accuracy: 0.8970
Epoch 21/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3020 - accu
racy: 0.8723 - val loss: 0.2751 - val accuracy: 0.8980
Epoch 22/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3065 - accu
racy: 0.8706 - val loss: 0.2204 - val accuracy: 0.9210
Epoch 23/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.2973 - accu
racy: 0.8759 - val loss: 0.2631 - val accuracy: 0.8910
Epoch 24/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3077 - accu
racy: 0.8753 - val loss: 0.2650 - val accuracy: 0.8980
Epoch 25/80
```

```
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3067 - accu
racy: 0.8758 - val loss: 0.2240 - val accuracy: 0.9170
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3196 - accu
racy: 0.8688 - val_loss: 0.2485 - val_accuracy: 0.8890
Epoch 27/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3124 - accu
racy: 0.8727 - val loss: 0.3176 - val accuracy: 0.8990
Epoch 28/80
racy: 0.8622 - val loss: 0.2380 - val accuracy: 0.8970
Epoch 29/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3271 - accu
racy: 0.8665 - val loss: 0.3226 - val accuracy: 0.8960
Epoch 30/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3322 - accu
racy: 0.8668 - val loss: 0.4391 - val accuracy: 0.8790
Epoch 31/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3331 - accu
racy: 0.8623 - val loss: 0.2398 - val accuracy: 0.9170
Epoch 32/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3690 - accu
racy: 0.8528 - val loss: 0.3074 - val accuracy: 0.8740
Epoch 33/80
313/313 [============ ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.3580 - accu
racy: 0.8530 - val loss: 0.2445 - val accuracy: 0.8970
Epoch 34/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3646 - accu
racy: 0.8568 - val loss: 0.3815 - val accuracy: 0.8040
Epoch 35/80
racy: 0.8419 - val loss: 0.3172 - val accuracy: 0.8670
Epoch 36/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3834 - accu
racy: 0.8471 - val_loss: 0.2677 - val_accuracy: 0.8950
Epoch 37/80
racy: 0.8369 - val loss: 0.9175 - val accuracy: 0.8380
Epoch 38/80
racy: 0.8404 - val loss: 0.3398 - val accuracy: 0.9140
Epoch 39/80
racy: 0.8388 - val loss: 0.3155 - val accuracy: 0.8780
Epoch 40/80
racy: 0.8331 - val loss: 0.6346 - val accuracy: 0.7710
Epoch 41/80
racy: 0.8352 - val_loss: 0.3256 - val_accuracy: 0.8680
Epoch 42/80
racy: 0.8353 - val loss: 0.2849 - val_accuracy: 0.8780
```

```
Epoch 43/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4292 - accu
racy: 0.8374 - val loss: 0.4640 - val accuracy: 0.7860
Epoch 44/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4406 - accu
racy: 0.8268 - val loss: 0.3164 - val accuracy: 0.8670
Epoch 45/80
racy: 0.8288 - val loss: 0.6347 - val accuracy: 0.8510
Epoch 46/80
racy: 0.8228 - val loss: 0.4618 - val accuracy: 0.8030
Epoch 47/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4790 - accu
racy: 0.8111 - val loss: 0.3703 - val accuracy: 0.8700
Epoch 48/80
racy: 0.8153 - val loss: 0.4769 - val accuracy: 0.8420
Epoch 49/80
313/313 [============= ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.5042 - accu
racy: 0.8108 - val_loss: 0.4332 - val_accuracy: 0.8170
Epoch 50/80
313/313 [============= ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.4661 - accu
racy: 0.8106 - val loss: 0.3641 - val_accuracy: 0.8390
Epoch 51/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5111 - accu
racy: 0.8038 - val loss: 0.5490 - val_accuracy: 0.7600
Epoch 52/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4933 - accu
racy: 0.8100 - val loss: 0.4601 - val accuracy: 0.8140
Epoch 53/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5665 - accu
racy: 0.7935 - val loss: 0.5204 - val accuracy: 0.8180
Epoch 54/80
313/313 [============== ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.8305 - accu
racy: 0.7883 - val loss: 0.4358 - val accuracy: 0.8030
Epoch 55/80
racy: 0.7699 - val loss: 1.1045 - val accuracy: 0.7030
Epoch 56/80
racy: 0.7654 - val loss: 0.6066 - val accuracy: 0.6160
Epoch 57/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.6231 - accu
racy: 0.7561 - val loss: 0.7035 - val accuracy: 0.8050
Epoch 58/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.6366 - accu
racy: 0.7521 - val loss: 0.3822 - val accuracy: 0.8320
Epoch 59/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.7207 - accu
racy: 0.7526 - val loss: 0.4978 - val accuracy: 0.7790
Epoch 60/80
```

```
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5988 - accu
racy: 0.7567 - val loss: 0.7791 - val accuracy: 0.8630
313/313 [============= ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.7173 - accu
racy: 0.7496 - val_loss: 0.3506 - val_accuracy: 0.8240
Epoch 62/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.6413 - accu
racy: 0.7624 - val loss: 0.5071 - val_accuracy: 0.7890
Epoch 63/80
racy: 0.7424 - val loss: 0.5318 - val accuracy: 0.7410
Epoch 64/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5900 - accu
racy: 0.7461 - val loss: 0.4062 - val accuracy: 0.8290
Epoch 65/80
313/313 [=============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.6657 - accu
racy: 0.7406 - val loss: 0.4436 - val accuracy: 0.7760
Epoch 66/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 24ms/step - loss: 0.6120 - accu
racy: 0.7284 - val loss: 0.3400 - val accuracy: 0.8570
Epoch 67/80
313/313 [============= ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.6894 - accu
racy: 0.7491 - val loss: 0.5961 - val accuracy: 0.7390
Epoch 68/80
racy: 0.7276 - val loss: 0.4832 - val accuracy: 0.7910
Epoch 69/80
313/313 [============== ] - 7s 23ms/step - loss: 0.6145 - accu
racy: 0.7428 - val loss: 0.4742 - val accuracy: 0.7550
Epoch 70/80
racy: 0.7363 - val loss: 0.5561 - val accuracy: 0.7350
Epoch 71/80
313/313 [============== ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.6692 - accu
racy: 0.7420 - val_loss: 0.5122 - val_accuracy: 0.7760
Epoch 72/80
313/313 [============ ] - 8s 24ms/step - loss: 0.6900 - accu
racy: 0.7354 - val loss: 2.8342 - val accuracy: 0.5990
Epoch 73/80
racy: 0.7213 - val loss: 0.5601 - val accuracy: 0.7590
Epoch 74/80
racy: 0.7248 - val loss: 1.0051 - val accuracy: 0.5290
Epoch 75/80
racy: 0.7268 - val loss: 0.5395 - val accuracy: 0.7330
Epoch 76/80
racy: 0.7017 - val_loss: 0.5606 - val_accuracy: 0.6710
Epoch 77/80
313/313 [============== ] - 8s 26ms/step - loss: 0.6801 - accu
racy: 0.7002 - val loss: 0.4867 - val_accuracy: 0.7900
```

```
Epoch 78/80
313/313 [============== ] - 9s 27ms/step - loss: 0.6834 - accu
racy: 0.7238 - val loss: 0.6524 - val accuracy: 0.7180
Epoch 79/80
racy: 0.7261 - val loss: 0.5264 - val accuracy: 0.7770
Epoch 80/80
racy: 0.7236 - val_loss: 0.5299 - val_accuracy: 0.7480
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                 In [20]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
  "convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc:.3f}")
cy: 0.9150
```

Test accuracy: 0.915

# Training a convnet from scratch with training sample of 8000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

### Downloading the data

```
#!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
#!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=7999)
make subset("validation", start index=8000, end index=8499)
make subset("test", start index=8499, end index=8999)
```

# **Building the model**

#### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
In [4]:
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
```

In [5]:

model.summary()
Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 180, 180, 3)]	0
rescaling (Rescaling)	(None, 180, 180, 3)	0
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 178, 178, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 89, 89, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 87, 87, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 43, 43, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 41, 41, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None, 20, 20, 128)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 18, 18, 256)	295168
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2	(None, 9, 9, 256)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 256)	590080
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 12544)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	12545

Total params: 991,041 Trainable params: 991,041 Non-trainable params: 0

#### Configuring the model for training

# **Data preprocessing**

Using image\_dataset\_from\_directory to read images

In [6]:

```
In [7]:
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch_size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new base dir / "validation",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "test",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 15998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                             In [9]:
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(16,)
(16,)
(16,)
                                                                            In [10]:
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate(batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
(32, 16)
                                                                            In [11]:
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate(reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
(4, 4)
```

Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

```
In [12]:
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
    print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
    print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
data batch shape: (32, 180, 180, 3)
labels batch shape: (32,)
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                                          In [13]:
11 11 11
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
                                                                         Out[13]:
                                                                filepath="con
'\ncallbacks = [\n
                     keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
vnet from scratch.keras",\n
                                                                 monitor="val
loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train dataset, \n
                                                          epochs=30,\n
idation data=validation dataset, \n
                                      callbacks=callbacks) \n'
Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training
                                                                          In [14]:
11 11 11
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
                                                                         Out[14]:
'\nimport matplotlib.pyplot as plt\naccuracy = history.history["accuracy"]\nv
al accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]\nloss = history.history["loss"]
```

```
\nval loss = history.history["val loss"]\nepochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
\nplt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")\nplt.plot(epoch
s, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy") \nplt.title("Training and v
alidation accuracy") \nplt.legend() \nplt.figure() \nplt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo",
 label="Training loss") \nplt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation lo
ss") \nplt.title("Training and validation loss") \nplt.legend() \nplt.show() \n'
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                             In [15]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                            Out[15]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")\ntest 1
oss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset) \nprint(f"Test accuracy: {te
st acc:.3f}") \n'
Using data augmentation
Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model
                                                                             In [16]:
data augmentation = keras. Sequential (
    Γ
        layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
        layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
        layers.RandomZoom(0.2),
)
Displaying some randomly augmented training images
                                                                             In [17]:
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented images = data augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
        plt.axis("off")
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[17]:
'\nplt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))\nfor images, _{\rm in} in train_dataset.take(1):\n
for i in range(9):\n
                              augmented images = data augmentation(images)\n
      ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1) \n
                                               plt.imshow(augmented images[0].n
                                  plt.axis("off") \n'
umpy().astype("uint8"))\n
Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation, regularization and dropout
                                                                             In [18]:
```

inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))

```
x = data augmentation(inputs)
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
```

#### Training the regularized convnet

```
In [19]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
       filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
       save best only=True,
       monitor="val loss")
]
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=80,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/80
500/500 [============= ] - 16s 24ms/step - loss: 0.6698 - acc
uracy: 0.5857 - val loss: 0.5948 - val accuracy: 0.6974
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5821 - acc
uracy: 0.6964 - val loss: 0.5041 - val accuracy: 0.7465
Epoch 3/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 23ms/step - loss: 0.5173 - acc
uracy: 0.7536 - val loss: 0.4001 - val accuracy: 0.8196
Epoch 4/80
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4723 - acc
uracy: 0.7782 - val_loss: 0.4987 - val_accuracy: 0.7836
Epoch 5/80
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.4270 - acc
uracy: 0.8062 - val loss: 0.3770 - val accuracy: 0.8367
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3997 - acc
uracy: 0.8220 - val loss: 0.2858 - val accuracy: 0.8818
Epoch 7/80
```

```
500/500 [============= ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3660 - acc
uracy: 0.8396 - val loss: 0.3034 - val accuracy: 0.8758
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 22ms/step - loss: 0.3541 - acc
uracy: 0.8462 - val loss: 0.2472 - val accuracy: 0.8988
Epoch 9/80
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3404 - acc
uracy: 0.8548 - val loss: 0.3367 - val accuracy: 0.8567
Epoch 10/80
uracy: 0.8629 - val loss: 0.2327 - val_accuracy: 0.8998
Epoch 11/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3237 - acc
uracy: 0.8645 - val loss: 0.2286 - val accuracy: 0.9058
Epoch 12/80
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3222 - acc
uracy: 0.8661 - val loss: 0.2522 - val accuracy: 0.9038
Epoch 13/80
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3229 - acc
uracy: 0.8694 - val loss: 0.2510 - val accuracy: 0.9128
Epoch 14/80
500/500 [============ ] - 12s 23ms/step - loss: 0.3242 - acc
uracy: 0.8648 - val loss: 0.2271 - val accuracy: 0.9098
Epoch 15/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.3219 - acc
uracy: 0.8669 - val loss: 0.4112 - val accuracy: 0.8246
Epoch 16/80
uracy: 0.8598 - val loss: 0.1919 - val accuracy: 0.9228
Epoch 17/80
uracy: 0.8607 - val loss: 0.2056 - val accuracy: 0.9188
Epoch 18/80
500/500 [============= ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.3450 - acc
uracy: 0.8559 - val_loss: 0.2414 - val_accuracy: 0.8908
Epoch 19/80
uracy: 0.8515 - val loss: 0.3468 - val accuracy: 0.8307
Epoch 20/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.3517 - acc
uracy: 0.8532 - val loss: 0.2270 - val accuracy: 0.9208
Epoch 21/80
uracy: 0.8481 - val loss: 0.3836 - val accuracy: 0.8888
Epoch 22/80
uracy: 0.8447 - val loss: 0.6300 - val accuracy: 0.7285
Epoch 23/80
uracy: 0.8415 - val loss: 0.5272 - val_accuracy: 0.8717
Epoch 24/80
uracy: 0.8377 - val loss: 0.2686 - val_accuracy: 0.8988
```

```
Epoch 25/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.4430 - acc
uracy: 0.8336 - val loss: 1.5721 - val accuracy: 0.7806
Epoch 26/80
uracy: 0.8182 - val loss: 0.3221 - val accuracy: 0.8707
Epoch 27/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.4203 - acc
uracy: 0.8275 - val loss: 0.2136 - val accuracy: 0.9118
Epoch 28/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.4422 - acc
uracy: 0.8264 - val loss: 0.2804 - val accuracy: 0.8788
uracy: 0.8213 - val loss: 0.3431 - val accuracy: 0.8677
Epoch 30/80
uracy: 0.8179 - val loss: 0.3673 - val accuracy: 0.8878
Epoch 31/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.4706 - acc
uracy: 0.8105 - val loss: 0.4326 - val accuracy: 0.8427
Epoch 32/80
500/500 [============= ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.4646 - acc
uracy: 0.8095 - val loss: 0.3251 - val_accuracy: 0.8707
Epoch 33/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.5123 - acc
uracy: 0.8054 - val loss: 1.0964 - val_accuracy: 0.6393
Epoch 34/80
500/500 [============= ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.5418 - acc
uracy: 0.7726 - val loss: 0.3325 - val accuracy: 0.8497
Epoch 35/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.4987 - acc
uracy: 0.8029 - val loss: 0.3348 - val accuracy: 0.8617
Epoch 36/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.5345 - acc
uracy: 0.8021 - val loss: 0.4660 - val accuracy: 0.8136
Epoch 37/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.5108 - acc
uracy: 0.7906 - val loss: 0.4385 - val accuracy: 0.8126
Epoch 38/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.5487 - acc
uracy: 0.7854 - val loss: 0.3410 - val accuracy: 0.8507
Epoch 39/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.5248 - acc
uracy: 0.7893 - val loss: 0.3030 - val accuracy: 0.8697
Epoch 40/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.5730 - acc
uracy: 0.7750 - val loss: 0.3053 - val accuracy: 0.8687
Epoch 41/80
uracy: 0.7735 - val loss: 0.4701 - val accuracy: 0.7595
Epoch 42/80
```

```
uracy: 0.7653 - val loss: 0.5299 - val accuracy: 0.8327
Epoch 43/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.5633 - acc
uracy: 0.7732 - val loss: 0.5697 - val accuracy: 0.7154
Epoch 44/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.6075 - acc
uracy: 0.7611 - val loss: 0.3907 - val accuracy: 0.8267
Epoch 45/80
uracy: 0.7528 - val loss: 0.4196 - val_accuracy: 0.8317
Epoch 46/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.7011 - acc
uracy: 0.7299 - val loss: 0.4721 - val accuracy: 0.8006
Epoch 47/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.7024 - acc
uracy: 0.7442 - val loss: 0.4047 - val accuracy: 0.8086
Epoch 48/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.7302 - acc
uracy: 0.7452 - val loss: 0.5936 - val accuracy: 0.7004
Epoch 49/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.7334 - acc
uracy: 0.7185 - val loss: 0.3979 - val accuracy: 0.8347
Epoch 50/80
500/500 [============= ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.6484 - acc
uracy: 0.7150 - val loss: 0.4708 - val accuracy: 0.8046
Epoch 51/80
uracy: 0.7255 - val loss: 0.4457 - val accuracy: 0.8036
Epoch 52/80
uracy: 0.7240 - val loss: 0.4706 - val accuracy: 0.8196
Epoch 53/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.6671 - acc
uracy: 0.7307 - val_loss: 0.5251 - val_accuracy: 0.7926
Epoch 54/80
uracy: 0.7216 - val loss: 0.4577 - val accuracy: 0.7966
Epoch 55/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.7185 - acc
uracy: 0.6918 - val loss: 0.5353 - val accuracy: 0.7405
Epoch 56/80
uracy: 0.7176 - val loss: 0.4469 - val accuracy: 0.7866
Epoch 57/80
uracy: 0.6987 - val loss: 0.7591 - val accuracy: 0.8377
Epoch 58/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.8962 - acc
uracy: 0.6985 - val loss: 0.4884 - val_accuracy: 0.7936
Epoch 59/80
uracy: 0.6948 - val loss: 0.5391 - val_accuracy: 0.8026
```

```
Epoch 60/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.7255 - acc
uracy: 0.6885 - val loss: 0.5430 - val accuracy: 0.7315
Epoch 61/80
uracy: 0.6950 - val loss: 0.4455 - val accuracy: 0.8056
Epoch 62/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.7661 - acc
uracy: 0.6893 - val loss: 0.4932 - val accuracy: 0.7996
Epoch 63/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.6789 - acc
uracy: 0.6858 - val loss: 0.7269 - val accuracy: 0.7325
uracy: 0.7032 - val loss: 0.4906 - val accuracy: 0.7575
Epoch 65/80
uracy: 0.7289 - val loss: 0.4875 - val accuracy: 0.7766
Epoch 66/80
uracy: 0.7186 - val loss: 0.5024 - val accuracy: 0.7856
Epoch 67/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.6605 - acc
uracy: 0.7142 - val loss: 0.5712 - val_accuracy: 0.8126
Epoch 68/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.7300 - acc
uracy: 0.6925 - val loss: 0.8057 - val_accuracy: 0.8146
Epoch 69/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.7359 - acc
uracy: 0.7048 - val loss: 0.4732 - val accuracy: 0.7826
Epoch 70/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.6933 - acc
uracy: 0.7053 - val loss: 0.5170 - val accuracy: 0.7485
Epoch 71/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.8406 - acc
uracy: 0.7012 - val loss: 0.9676 - val accuracy: 0.6253
Epoch 72/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.6573 - acc
uracy: 0.7063 - val loss: 1.1291 - val accuracy: 0.6914
Epoch 73/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.8186 - acc
uracy: 0.6640 - val loss: 0.6766 - val accuracy: 0.5561
Epoch 74/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 21ms/step - loss: 0.9503 - acc
uracy: 0.6762 - val loss: 0.5581 - val accuracy: 0.7375
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 21ms/step - loss: 0.7765 - acc
uracy: 0.6905 - val loss: 0.7470 - val accuracy: 0.6443
Epoch 76/80
uracy: 0.6849 - val loss: 0.4996 - val accuracy: 0.8126
Epoch 77/80
```

```
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.7122 - acc
uracy: 0.6692 - val loss: 0.9294 - val accuracy: 0.7615
Epoch 78/80
500/500 [============ ] - 11s 22ms/step - loss: 0.7860 - acc
uracy: 0.6724 - val loss: 0.5466 - val accuracy: 0.7365
Epoch 79/80
uracy: 0.6649 - val_loss: 0.5738 - val_accuracy: 0.6834
Epoch 80/80
500/500 [============ ] - 10s 20ms/step - loss: 0.8316 - acc
uracy: 0.6814 - val loss: 0.5858 - val accuracy: 0.7555
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                         In [20]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
   "convnet from_scratch_with_augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
cy: 0.9070
```

Test accuracy: 0.907

# Using a pretrained network with training sample of 1000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

### Downloading the data

```
#!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
#!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=1000)
make subset("validation", start index=1000, end index=1500)
make subset("test", start index=1500, end index=2000)
```

# **Building the model**

#### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
In [4]:
"""
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
                                                                           Out[4]:
'\nfrom tensorflow import keras\nfrom tensorflow.keras import layers\ninputs
= keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))\nx = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(inputs) \nx =
 layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.M
axPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, act
ivation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2
D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D
(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="r
elu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=
256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.Flatten()(x)\noutputs =
layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)\nmodel = keras.Model(inputs=inputs,
outputs=outputs) \n'
                                                                            In [5]:
# model.summary()
Configuring the model for training
                                                                            In [6]:
11 11 11
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
                                                                           Out[6]:
'\nmodel.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",\n
                                                              optimizer="rmspro
                   metrics=["accuracy"]) \n'
p", \n
Data preprocessing
Using image_dataset_from_directory to read images
                                                                            In [7]:
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new_base_dir / "validation",
    image_size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test dataset = image dataset from directory(
```

new base dir / "test",

```
image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 2000 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
11 11 11
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                            Out[8]:
'\nimport numpy as np\nimport tensorflow as tf\nrandom numbers = np.random.no
rmal(size=(1000, 16)) \ndataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random nu
mbers) \n'
                                                                             In [9]:
,, ,, ,,
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[9]:
'\nfor i, element in enumerate(dataset):\n print(element.shape)\n
                                                                             if i >
= 2: \n
              break\n'
                                                                            In [10]:
11 11 11
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate (batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
,, ,, ,,
                                                                           Out[10]:
'\nbatched dataset = dataset.batch(32)\nfor i, element in enumerate(batched d
ataset):\n
             print(element.shape)\n if i >= 2:\n
                                                             break\n'
                                                                            In [11]:
** ** **
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate (reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
                                                                           Out[11]:
'\nreshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))\nfor i, el
ement in enumerate(reshaped dataset):\n print(element.shape)\n
2:\n
            break\n'
```

#### Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

```
In [12]:
** ** **
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
    print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
    print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
    break
                                                                             Out[12]:
'\nfor data batch, labels batch in train dataset:\n print("data batch shap
e:", data batch.shape)\n print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)\
     break\n'
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                                              In [13]:
** ** **
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
]
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
11 11 11
                                                                             Out[13]:
'\ncallbacks = [\n keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
                                                                   filepath="con
vnet from scratch.keras",\n save best only=True,\n
                                                                    monitor="val
_loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train_dataset,\n epochs=30,\n idation_data=validation_dataset,\n callbacks=callbacks) \n'
Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training
                                                                              In [14]:
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
** ** **
                                                                            Out[14]:
'\nimport matplotlib.pyplot as plt\naccuracy = history.history["accuracy"]\nv
al accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]\nloss = history.history["loss"]
\nval loss = history.history["val loss"]\nepochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
\nplt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy") \nplt.plot(epoch
s, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy") \nplt.title("Training and v
alidation accuracy") \nplt.legend() \nplt.figure() \nplt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo",
 label="Training loss") \nplt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation lo
ss") \nplt.title("Training and validation loss") \nplt.legend() \nplt.show() \n'
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                            In [15]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                           Out[15]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")\ntest l
oss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset) \nprint(f"Test accuracy: {te
st acc:.3f}") \n'
Using data augmentation
Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model
                                                                            In [16]:
data augmentation = keras. Sequential (
        layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
        layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
        layers.RandomZoom(0.2),
)
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[16]:
'\ndata augmentation = keras.Sequential(\n
                                                            layers.RandomFlip("h
orizontal"),\n
                       layers.RandomRotation(0.1),\n
                                                              layers.RandomZoom
(0.2), n
            ]\n)\n'
Displaying some randomly augmented training images
                                                                            In [17]:
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, in train dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented images = data augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
```

```
plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
        plt.axis("off")
                                                                          Out[17]:
'\nplt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))\nfor images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):\n
for i in range(9):\n
                             augmented images = data augmentation(images) \n
      ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1) \n
                                              plt.imshow(augmented images[0].n
                                 plt.axis("off") \n'
umpy().astype("uint8"))\n
Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation and dropout
                                                                           In [18]:
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data_augmentation(inputs)
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
11 11 11
                                                                          Out[18]:
'\ninputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))\nx = data augmentation(inputs)\n
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x) \nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3,
activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.C
onv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling
2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation=
"relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filter
s=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool siz
e=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
nx = layers.Flatten()(x) \nx = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x) \noutputs = layers.Dense
(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)\nmodel = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outp
uts) \n\nmodel.compile(loss="binary crossentropy", \n
                                                                   optimizer="r
msprop", \n
                        metrics=["accuracy"]) \n'
Training the regularized convnet
                                                                           In [19]:
11 11 11
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
```

```
filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=100,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
                                                                        Out[19]:
'\ncallbacks = [\n keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
                                                                filepath="con
vnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",\n save best only=True,\n
     monitor="val loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train dataset, \n
             validation data=validation dataset,\n callbacks=callbacks)
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                          In [20]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model(
    "convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                         Out[20]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model(\n
                                              "convnet from scratch with augm
entation.keras")\ntest loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)\npr
int(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}") \n'
Leveraging a pretrained model
Feature extraction with a pretrained model
Instantiating the VGG16 convolutional base
                                                                          In [21]:
from tensorflow import keras # import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
conv base = keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16(
    weights="imagenet",
    include top=False,
    input shape=(180, 180, 3))
                                                                          In [22]:
conv base.summary()
Model: "vgg16"
```

Output Shape

\_\_\_\_\_\_

input\_1 (InputLayer) [(None, 180, 180, 3)] 0

Param #

Layer (type)

block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 180	), 180, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 180	), 180, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 90,	90, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 90,	90, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 90,	90, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 45,	45, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 22,	22, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 5,	5, 512)	0

Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 14,714,688

Non-trainable params: 0

## Fast feature extraction without data augmentation

#### Extracting the VGG16 features and corresponding labels

```
import numpy as np

def get_features_and_labels(dataset):
    all_features = []
    all_labels = []
    for images, labels in dataset:
```

In [23]:

```
preprocessed images =
keras.applications.vgg16.preprocess input(images)
       features = conv base.predict(preprocessed images)
       all features.append(features)
       all labels.append(labels)
   return np.concatenate(all features), np.concatenate(all labels)
train features, train labels = get_features_and_labels(train_dataset)
val features, val labels = get features and labels(validation dataset)
test features, test labels = get features and labels(test dataset)
                                                                  In [24]:
train features.shape
                                                                 Out[24]:
(2000, 5, 5, 512)
Defining and training the densely connected classifier
                                                                  In [25]:
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(5, 5, 512))
x = layers.Flatten()(inputs)
x = layers.Dense(256)(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
            optimizer="rmsprop",
            metrics=["accuracy"])
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
     filepath="feature extraction.keras",
     save best only=True,
     monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train features, train labels,
   epochs=20,
   validation data=(val features, val labels),
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/20
cy: 0.9210 - val loss: 4.7467 - val accuracy: 0.9660
Epoch 2/20
y: 0.9770 - val loss: 12.0533 - val accuracy: 0.9430
63/63 [============== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 2.1036 - accurac
y: 0.9850 - val loss: 3.2843 - val accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 4/20
63/63 [============= ] - Os 4ms/step - loss: 1.9179 - accurac
y: 0.9875 - val loss: 7.3282 - val accuracy: 0.9700
Epoch 5/20
```

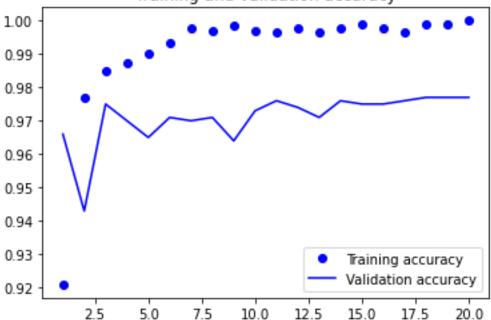
```
y: 0.9900 - val loss: 6.0118 - val accuracy: 0.9650
63/63 [============= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 1.2342 - accurac
y: 0.9935 - val loss: 6.0537 - val accuracy: 0.9710
Epoch 7/20
63/63 [============== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2122 - accurac
y: 0.9975 - val loss: 6.1084 - val accuracy: 0.9700
Epoch 8/20
y: 0.9970 - val loss: 5.7784 - val accuracy: 0.9710
Epoch 9/20
63/63 [============= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0937 - accurac
y: 0.9985 - val loss: 8.9953 - val accuracy: 0.9640
Epoch 10/20
63/63 [============== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4623 - accurac
y: 0.9970 - val loss: 5.5047 - val accuracy: 0.9730
Epoch 11/20
63/63 [============== ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.2748 - accurac
y: 0.9965 - val loss: 5.4949 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 12/20
63/63 [============== ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 0.4063 - accurac
y: 0.9975 - val loss: 5.0313 - val accuracy: 0.9740
Epoch 13/20
63/63 [============ ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2805 - accurac
y: 0.9965 - val loss: 6.3703 - val accuracy: 0.9710
63/63 [============= ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.5061 - accurac
y: 0.9975 - val loss: 5.6572 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 15/20
y: 0.9990 - val_loss: 5.7342 - val_accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 16/20
63/63 [============== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2083 - accurac
y: 0.9975 - val loss: 5.3191 - val accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 17/20
63/63 [============== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2813 - accurac
y: 0.9965 - val loss: 5.0407 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 18/20
y: 0.9990 - val loss: 5.0738 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 19/20
63/63 [============== ] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0072 - accurac
y: 0.9990 - val loss: 5.6584 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 20/20
uracy: 1.0000 - val loss: 5.6584 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Plotting the results
```

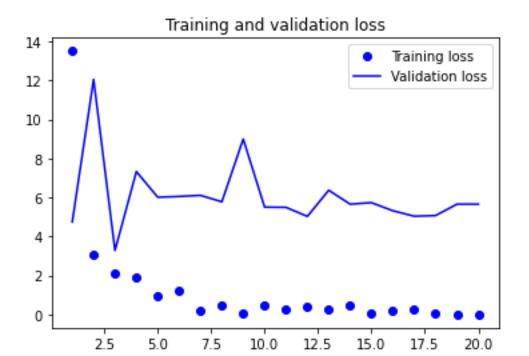
In [26]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
acc = history.history["accuracy"]
val acc = history.history["val accuracy"]
```

```
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, acc, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val acc, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```







#### Feature extraction together with data augmentation

layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
layers.RandomZoom(0.2),

#### Instantiating and freezing the VGG16 convolutional base

```
In [27]:
conv base = keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16(
    weights="imagenet",
    include top=False)
conv base.trainable = False
Printing the list of trainable weights before and after freezing
                                                                              In [28]:
conv base.trainable = True
print("This is the number of trainable weights "
      "before freezing the conv base: ", len(conv base.trainable weights))
This is the number of trainable weights before freezing the conv base: 26
                                                                              In [29]:
conv base.trainable = False
print("This is the number of trainable weights "
      "after freezing the conv base:", len(conv base.trainable weights))
This is the number of trainable weights after freezing the conv base: 0
Adding a data augmentation stage and a classifier to the convolutional base
                                                                              In [30]:
data augmentation = keras.Sequential(
```

```
)
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data augmentation(inputs)
x = keras.applications.vgg16.preprocess input(x)
x = conv base(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dense(256)(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
            optimizer="rmsprop",
            metrics=["accuracy"])
                                                                  In [31]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
       filepath="feature extraction with data augmentation.keras",
       save best only=True,
       monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=50,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/50
63/63 [============= ] - 5s 56ms/step - loss: 21.2061 - accur
acy: 0.8910 - val loss: 22.9828 - val accuracy: 0.8940
Epoch 2/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 7.0033 - accura
cy: 0.9445 - val loss: 5.7581 - val_accuracy: 0.9620
Epoch 3/50
63/63 [============== ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 6.5587 - accura
cy: 0.9570 - val loss: 5.6807 - val accuracy: 0.9590
Epoch 4/50
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 4.4935 - accura
cy: 0.9605 - val loss: 6.0700 - val accuracy: 0.9640
Epoch 5/50
cy: 0.9675 - val loss: 6.1735 - val accuracy: 0.9650
Epoch 6/50
63/63 [===========] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 5.4043 - accura
cy: 0.9590 - val loss: 7.8655 - val accuracy: 0.9640
Epoch 7/50
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 4.8845 - accura
cy: 0.9620 - val loss: 2.8868 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 8/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 2.2545 - accura
cy: 0.9765 - val loss: 5.1264 - val accuracy: 0.9700
Epoch 9/50
```

```
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 2.3987 - accura
cy: 0.9770 - val loss: 4.8956 - val accuracy: 0.9740
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 57ms/step - loss: 2.7642 - accura
cy: 0.9730 - val loss: 4.4262 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 11/50
63/63 [============== ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 2.7902 - accura
cy: 0.9755 - val loss: 3.1060 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 12/50
cy: 0.9755 - val loss: 4.9537 - val_accuracy: 0.9680
Epoch 13/50
63/63 [============== ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.4807 - accura
cy: 0.9795 - val loss: 3.4375 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 14/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.5025 - accura
cy: 0.9840 - val loss: 3.9441 - val accuracy: 0.9740
Epoch 15/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.9034 - accura
cy: 0.9805 - val loss: 3.6990 - val accuracy: 0.9730
Epoch 16/50
cy: 0.9770 - val loss: 4.0766 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 17/50
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.4646 - accura
cy: 0.9790 - val loss: 3.3099 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 18/50
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.4809 - accura
cy: 0.9820 - val loss: 3.2118 - val accuracy: 0.9720
Epoch 19/50
cy: 0.9815 - val_loss: 2.6941 - val_accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 20/50
63/63 [===========] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 1.6299 - accura
cy: 0.9805 - val_loss: 2.7439 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 21/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 1.1083 - accura
cy: 0.9845 - val loss: 3.9618 - val accuracy: 0.9790
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.3424 - accura
cy: 0.9835 - val loss: 3.0976 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 23/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.3167 - accura
cy: 0.9795 - val loss: 3.8232 - val accuracy: 0.9720
Epoch 24/50
cy: 0.9810 - val loss: 2.3537 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 25/50
cy: 0.9845 - val_loss: 2.9392 - val_accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 26/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 0.9766 - accura
cy: 0.9825 - val loss: 2.4336 - val accuracy: 0.9780
```

```
Epoch 27/50
cy: 0.9830 - val loss: 3.6002 - val accuracy: 0.9720
Epoch 28/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.6114 - accura
cy: 0.9850 - val loss: 2.4190 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 29/50
63/63 [============== ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.7387 - accura
cy: 0.9855 - val loss: 4.1295 - val accuracy: 0.9660
Epoch 30/50
63/63 [===========] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.5670 - accura
cy: 0.9845 - val loss: 3.4808 - val accuracy: 0.9740
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 0.7438 - accura
cy: 0.9855 - val loss: 2.7265 - val accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 32/50
63/63 [===========] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.6358 - accura
cy: 0.9880 - val loss: 4.9777 - val accuracy: 0.9630
Epoch 33/50
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 1.0329 - accura
cy: 0.9845 - val_loss: 2.0601 - val_accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 34/50
63/63 [===========] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.5896 - accura
cy: 0.9895 - val loss: 2.1925 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 35/50
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.9808 - accura
cy: 0.9855 - val_loss: 2.6108 - val_accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 36/50
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 53ms/step - loss: 0.8450 - accura
cy: 0.9850 - val loss: 2.7040 - val accuracy: 0.9710
Epoch 37/50
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 0.5562 - accura
cy: 0.9875 - val loss: 2.3025 - val accuracy: 0.9730
Epoch 38/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 51ms/step - loss: 1.2197 - accura
cy: 0.9820 - val loss: 2.5752 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 39/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.6530 - accura
cy: 0.9890 - val loss: 3.0409 - val accuracy: 0.9690
Epoch 40/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.3301 - accura
cy: 0.9940 - val loss: 2.8597 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 41/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.5592 - accura
cy: 0.9895 - val loss: 2.3041 - val accuracy: 0.9750
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.5874 - accura
cy: 0.9920 - val loss: 2.4542 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 43/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.3692 - accura
cy: 0.9905 - val loss: 2.3337 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 44/50
```

```
cy: 0.9860 - val loss: 2.7692 - val accuracy: 0.9780
63/63 [============ ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.8140 - accura
cy: 0.9860 - val loss: 2.4054 - val accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 46/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 0.7053 - accura
cy: 0.9885 - val loss: 2.5727 - val_accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 47/50
cy: 0.9865 - val_loss: 2.2830 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 48/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.5192 - accura
cy: 0.9885 - val loss: 2.3128 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 49/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.5046 - accura
cy: 0.9905 - val_loss: 2.6822 - val_accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 50/50
63/63 [============= ] - 3s 53ms/step - loss: 0.8204 - accura
cy: 0.9860 - val loss: 2.0805 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                           In [32]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
   "feature extraction with data augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
32/32 [============= ] - 1s 32ms/step - loss: 2.4537 - accura
cy: 0.9770
Test accuracy: 0.977
```

# Fine-tuning a pretrained model

In [33]:

conv\_base.summary()
Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<pre>input_3 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, None, None, 3)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	147584

```
block2 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 128)
block3 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                     295168
block3 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                     590080
block3 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                      590080
block3 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
block4 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     1180160
block4 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                      2359808
block4 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     2359808
block4 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     2359808
block5 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                      2359808
block5 conv3 (Conv2D)
                                                     2359808
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
______
Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 0
Non-trainable params: 14,714,688
Freezing all layers until the fourth from the last
conv base.trainable = True
for layer in conv base.layers[:-4]:
```

In [34]:

In [35]:

```
layer.trainable = False
```

#### Fine-tuning the model

```
model.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy",
              optimizer=keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning rate=1e-5),
              metrics=["accuracy"])
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="fine tuning.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
```

#### callbacks=callbacks)

```
Epoch 1/30
63/63 [============ ] - 5s 61ms/step - loss: 0.3013 - accura
cy: 0.9920 - val loss: 2.3283 - val accuracy: 0.9720
Epoch 2/30
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.4117 - accura
cy: 0.9850 - val loss: 2.0034 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 3/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.4557 - accura
cy: 0.9890 - val loss: 2.1317 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 4/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.3864 - accura
cy: 0.9875 - val loss: 2.2103 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 5/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 57ms/step - loss: 0.2877 - accura
cy: 0.9920 - val loss: 2.3774 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 6/30
cy: 0.9890 - val loss: 2.4382 - val accuracy: 0.9740
Epoch 7/30
cy: 0.9930 - val loss: 2.0192 - val accuracy: 0.9780
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.3179 - accura
cy: 0.9915 - val loss: 2.1185 - val accuracy: 0.9750
Epoch 9/30
cy: 0.9930 - val loss: 1.8964 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 10/30
cy: 0.9940 - val loss: 1.5055 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 11/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.2996 - accura
cy: 0.9920 - val loss: 1.2986 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 12/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.0817 - accura
cy: 0.9975 - val_loss: 1.7039 - val_accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 13/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.2091 - accura
cy: 0.9940 - val loss: 1.7767 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 14/30
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.2408 - accura
cy: 0.9940 - val loss: 1.6753 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 15/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.2389 - accura
cy: 0.9950 - val loss: 1.4084 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 16/30
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.1064 - accura
cy: 0.9955 - val loss: 1.6390 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 17/30
cy: 0.9990 - val loss: 1.6157 - val accuracy: 0.9790
```

```
Epoch 18/30
cy: 0.9930 - val loss: 1.7780 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 19/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.2795 - accura
cy: 0.9955 - val loss: 1.5480 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 20/30
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.0916 - accura
cy: 0.9970 - val_loss: 1.7212 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 21/30
cy: 0.9965 - val loss: 1.1029 - val accuracy: 0.9800
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.1037 - accura
cy: 0.9960 - val loss: 1.8676 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 23/30
cy: 0.9940 - val loss: 1.5035 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 24/30
cy: 0.9970 - val_loss: 1.4502 - val_accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 25/30
cy: 0.9965 - val loss: 1.5331 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 26/30
63/63 [============ ] - 4s 57ms/step - loss: 0.1049 - accura
cy: 0.9955 - val_loss: 1.3614 - val_accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 27/30
63/63 [============== ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.0205 - accura
cy: 0.9985 - val loss: 1.2473 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 28/30
63/63 [============ ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.1799 - accura
cy: 0.9940 - val loss: 1.7278 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 29/30
63/63 [============= ] - 4s 56ms/step - loss: 0.0545 - accura
cy: 0.9980 - val loss: 1.5502 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 30/30
63/63 [============ ] - 4s 57ms/step - loss: 0.0587 - accura
cy: 0.9950 - val loss: 2.0134 - val accuracy: 0.9760
                                                      In [36]:
model = keras.models.load model("fine tuning.keras")
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
32/32 [============= ] - 1s 33ms/step - loss: 1.5191 - accura
cy: 0.9810
Test accuracy: 0.981
```

# **Summary**

# Using a pretrained network with training sample of 3000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

### Downloading the data

```
#!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
#!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=2999)
make subset ("validation", start index=3000, end index=3499)
make subset("test", start index=3500, end index=3999)
```

# **Building the model**

#### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
"""
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
                                                                           Out[4]:
'\nfrom tensorflow import keras\nfrom tensorflow.keras import layers\ninputs
= keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))\nx = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(inputs) \nx =
 layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.M
axPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, act
ivation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2
D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D
(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="r
elu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=
256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.Flatten()(x)\noutputs =
layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)\nmodel = keras.Model(inputs=inputs,
outputs=outputs) \n'
                                                                            In [5]:
# model.summary()
Configuring the model for training
                                                                            In [6]:
11 11 11
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
                                                                           Out[6]:
'\nmodel.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",\n
                                                              optimizer="rmspro
                   metrics=["accuracy"]) \n'
p", \n
Data preprocessing
Using image_dataset_from_directory to read images
                                                                            In [7]:
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new_base_dir / "validation",
    image_size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test dataset = image dataset from directory(
```

new base dir / "test",

```
image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 5998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
11 11 11
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                            Out[8]:
'\nimport numpy as np\nimport tensorflow as tf\nrandom numbers = np.random.no
rmal(size=(1000, 16)) \ndataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random nu
mbers) \n'
                                                                             In [9]:
,, ,, ,,
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[9]:
'\nfor i, element in enumerate(dataset):\n print(element.shape)\n
                                                                             if i >
= 2: \n
              break\n'
                                                                            In [10]:
11 11 11
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate (batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
,, ,, ,,
                                                                           Out[10]:
'\nbatched dataset = dataset.batch(32)\nfor i, element in enumerate(batched d
ataset):\n
             print(element.shape)\n if i >= 2:\n
                                                             break\n'
                                                                            In [11]:
** ** **
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate (reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
                                                                           Out[11]:
'\nreshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))\nfor i, el
ement in enumerate(reshaped dataset):\n print(element.shape)\n
2:\n
            break\n'
```

#### Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

```
In [12]:
** ** **
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
    print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
    print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
    break
                                                                             Out[12]:
'\nfor data batch, labels batch in train dataset:\n print("data batch shap
e:", data batch.shape)\n print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)\
     break\n'
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                                              In [13]:
** ** **
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
]
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
11 11 11
                                                                             Out[13]:
'\ncallbacks = [\n keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
                                                                   filepath="con
vnet from scratch.keras",\n save best only=True,\n
                                                                    monitor="val
_loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train_dataset,\n epochs=30,\n idation_data=validation_dataset,\n callbacks=callbacks) \n'
Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training
                                                                              In [14]:
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
** ** **
                                                                            Out[14]:
'\nimport matplotlib.pyplot as plt\naccuracy = history.history["accuracy"]\nv
al accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]\nloss = history.history["loss"]
\nval loss = history.history["val loss"]\nepochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
\nplt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy") \nplt.plot(epoch
s, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy") \nplt.title("Training and v
alidation accuracy") \nplt.legend() \nplt.figure() \nplt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo",
 label="Training loss") \nplt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation lo
ss") \nplt.title("Training and validation loss") \nplt.legend() \nplt.show() \n'
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                            In [15]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                           Out[15]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")\ntest 1
oss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset) \nprint(f"Test accuracy: {te
st acc:.3f}") \n'
Using data augmentation
Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model
                                                                            In [16]:
data augmentation = keras. Sequential (
        layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
        layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
        layers.RandomZoom(0.2),
)
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[16]:
'\ndata augmentation = keras.Sequential(\n
                                                            layers.RandomFlip("h
orizontal"),\n
                       layers.RandomRotation(0.1),\n
                                                              layers.RandomZoom
(0.2), n
            ]\n)\n'
Displaying some randomly augmented training images
                                                                            In [17]:
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, in train dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented images = data augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
```

```
plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
        plt.axis("off")
                                                                          Out[17]:
'\nplt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))\nfor images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):\n
for i in range(9):\n
                             augmented images = data augmentation(images) \n
      ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1) \n
                                              plt.imshow(augmented images[0].n
                                 plt.axis("off") \n'
umpy().astype("uint8"))\n
Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation and dropout
                                                                           In [18]:
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data_augmentation(inputs)
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
11 11 11
                                                                          Out[18]:
'\ninputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))\nx = data augmentation(inputs)\n
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x) \nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3,
activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.C
onv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling
2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation=
"relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filter
s=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool siz
e=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
nx = layers.Flatten()(x) \nx = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x) \noutputs = layers.Dense
(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)\nmodel = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outp
uts) \n\nmodel.compile(loss="binary crossentropy", \n
                                                                   optimizer="r
msprop", \n
                        metrics=["accuracy"]) \n'
Training the regularized convnet
                                                                           In [19]:
11 11 11
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
```

```
filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=100,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
                                                                        Out[19]:
'\ncallbacks = [\n keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
                                                                filepath="con
vnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",\n save best only=True,\n
     monitor="val loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train dataset, \n
             validation data=validation dataset,\n callbacks=callbacks)
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                          In [20]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model(
    "convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                         Out[20]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model(\n
                                              "convnet from scratch with augm
entation.keras")\ntest loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)\npr
int(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}") \n'
Leveraging a pretrained model
Feature extraction with a pretrained model
Instantiating the VGG16 convolutional base
                                                                          In [21]:
from tensorflow import keras # import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
conv base = keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16(
    weights="imagenet",
    include top=False,
    input shape=(180, 180, 3))
                                                                          In [22]:
conv base.summary()
Model: "vgg16"
```

Output Shape

\_\_\_\_\_\_

input\_1 (InputLayer) [(None, 180, 180, 3)] 0

Param #

Layer (type)

block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 180	), 180, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 180	), 180, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 90,	90, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 90,	90, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 90,	90, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 45,	45, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 22,	22, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 5,	5, 512)	0

Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 14,714,688

Non-trainable params: 0

# Fast feature extraction without data augmentation

## Extracting the VGG16 features and corresponding labels

```
import numpy as np

def get_features_and_labels(dataset):
    all_features = []
    all_labels = []
    for images, labels in dataset:
```

In [23]:

```
preprocessed images =
keras.applications.vgg16.preprocess input(images)
       features = conv base.predict(preprocessed images)
       all features.append(features)
       all labels.append(labels)
   return np.concatenate(all features), np.concatenate(all labels)
train features, train labels = get_features_and_labels(train_dataset)
val features, val labels = get features and labels(validation dataset)
test features, test labels = get features and labels(test dataset)
                                                                  In [24]:
train features.shape
                                                                 Out[24]:
(5998, 5, 5, 512)
Defining and training the densely connected classifier
                                                                  In [25]:
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(5, 5, 512))
x = layers.Flatten()(inputs)
x = layers.Dense(256)(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
            optimizer="rmsprop",
            metrics=["accuracy"])
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
     filepath="feature extraction.keras",
     save best only=True,
     monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train features, train labels,
   epochs=20,
   validation data=(val features, val labels),
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/20
acy: 0.9505 - val loss: 5.5009 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 2/20
188/188 [============== ] - 1s 3ms/step - loss: 3.3456 - accur
acy: 0.9800 - val loss: 5.1963 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 3/20
188/188 [=============== ] - Os 3ms/step - loss: 2.2134 - accur
acy: 0.9860 - val loss: 4.7894 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 4/20
acy: 0.9892 - val loss: 3.9754 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 5/20
```

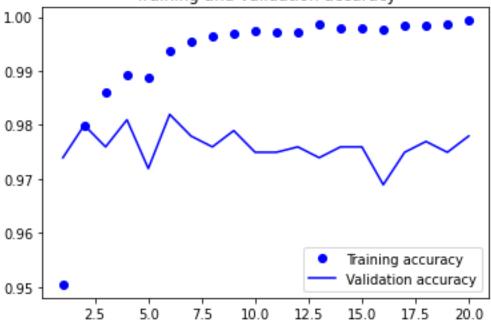
```
188/188 [=============== ] - 1s 3ms/step - loss: 1.4981 - accur
acy: 0.9888 - val loss: 5.3861 - val accuracy: 0.9719
188/188 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.8559 - accur
acy: 0.9938 - val loss: 3.9264 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 7/20
188/188 [============== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.6068 - accur
acy: 0.9955 - val loss: 6.1616 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 8/20
acy: 0.9965 - val loss: 4.5638 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 9/20
188/188 [============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2804 - accur
acy: 0.9970 - val loss: 4.9678 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 10/20
acy: 0.9973 - val loss: 7.0815 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 11/20
188/188 [============== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.2234 - accur
acy: 0.9972 - val_loss: 5.6555 - val_accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 12/20
188/188 [============== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.2629 - accur
acy: 0.9972 - val loss: 6.1986 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 13/20
188/188 [=============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1071 - accur
acy: 0.9987 - val loss: 5.3456 - val accuracy: 0.9739
188/188 [=============== ] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2354 - accur
acy: 0.9978 - val loss: 4.6037 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 15/20
acy: 0.9980 - val loss: 5.5216 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 16/20
188/188 [============== ] - Os 2ms/step - loss: 0.1429 - accur
acy: 0.9977 - val_loss: 5.7715 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 17/20
acy: 0.9985 - val loss: 5.8755 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 18/20
acy: 0.9985 - val loss: 6.7080 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 19/20
acy: 0.9987 - val loss: 5.6859 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 20/20
acy: 0.9993 - val loss: 5.6052 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Plotting the results
```

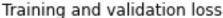
In [26]:

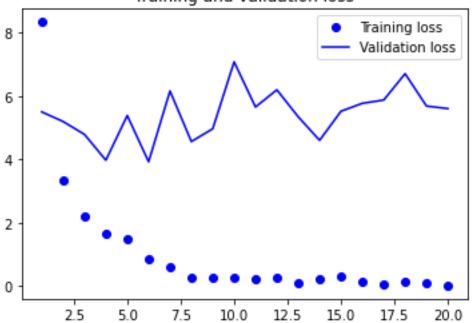
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
acc = history.history["accuracy"]
val acc = history.history["val accuracy"]
```

```
loss = history.history["loss"]
val_loss = history.history["val_loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, acc, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

# Training and validation accuracy







## Feature extraction together with data augmentation

## Instantiating and freezing the VGG16 convolutional base

```
In [27]:
conv_base = keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16(
    weights="imagenet",
    include_top=False)
conv_base.trainable = False
```

#### Printing the list of trainable weights before and after freezing

layers.RandomZoom(0.2),

```
)
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data augmentation(inputs)
x = keras.applications.vgg16.preprocess input(x)
x = conv base(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dense(256)(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
           optimizer="rmsprop",
           metrics=["accuracy"])
                                                             In [31]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
      filepath="feature extraction with data augmentation.keras",
      save best only=True,
      monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=50,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/50
uracy: 0.9263 - val loss: 2.8871 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 2/50
racy: 0.9498 - val loss: 4.5935 - val accuracy: 0.9669
Epoch 3/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 4.3118 - accu
racy: 0.9548 - val loss: 1.8875 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 4/50
racy: 0.9592 - val loss: 3.2645 - val accuracy: 0.9709
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 2.1827 - accu
racy: 0.9608 - val loss: 1.2957 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 6/50
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 1.7407 - accu
racy: 0.9615 - val loss: 0.8285 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 7/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 1.1840 - accu
racy: 0.9627 - val loss: 0.6427 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 8/50
188/188 [================ ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.8556 - accu
racy: 0.9668 - val loss: 0.3899 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 9/50
```

```
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7557 - accu
racy: 0.9648 - val loss: 0.6245 - val accuracy: 0.9800
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 39ms/step - loss: 0.6924 - accu
racy: 0.9673 - val_loss: 0.6261 - val_accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 11/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 39ms/step - loss: 0.6886 - accu
racy: 0.9693 - val loss: 0.5560 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 12/50
racy: 0.9708 - val loss: 0.8211 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 13/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 39ms/step - loss: 0.6507 - accu
racy: 0.9732 - val loss: 1.7536 - val accuracy: 0.9559
Epoch 14/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6279 - accu
racy: 0.9713 - val loss: 0.8081 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 15/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6727 - accu
racy: 0.9737 - val loss: 0.5705 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 16/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 39ms/step - loss: 0.6008 - accu
racy: 0.9743 - val loss: 0.7119 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 17/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6891 - accu
racy: 0.9707 - val loss: 0.9312 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 18/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 39ms/step - loss: 0.6361 - accu
racy: 0.9748 - val loss: 0.7632 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 19/50
racy: 0.9713 - val loss: 0.7708 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 20/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.5491 - accu
racy: 0.9773 - val_loss: 0.6233 - val_accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 21/50
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 39ms/step - loss: 0.6702 - accu
racy: 0.9740 - val loss: 1.2653 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 22/50
racy: 0.9743 - val loss: 0.6579 - val accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 23/50
racy: 0.9732 - val loss: 0.8399 - val accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 24/50
racy: 0.9733 - val loss: 0.6483 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 25/50
racy: 0.9788 - val_loss: 1.0020 - val_accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 26/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 41ms/step - loss: 0.5837 - accu
racy: 0.9802 - val loss: 0.7137 - val_accuracy: 0.9840
```

```
Epoch 27/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 41ms/step - loss: 0.6349 - accu
racy: 0.9785 - val loss: 0.6639 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 28/50
racy: 0.9770 - val loss: 0.8520 - val accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 29/50
racy: 0.9805 - val loss: 1.0098 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 30/50
racy: 0.9785 - val loss: 1.0824 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 31/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6461 - accu
racy: 0.9795 - val loss: 0.8808 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 32/50
racy: 0.9750 - val loss: 0.9471 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 33/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7060 - accu
racy: 0.9770 - val loss: 0.7227 - val_accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 34/50
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7301 - accu
racy: 0.9782 - val loss: 0.8728 - val_accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 35/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.5756 - accu
racy: 0.9798 - val_loss: 0.8718 - val_accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 36/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6341 - accu
racy: 0.9790 - val loss: 0.8387 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 37/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7626 - accu
racy: 0.9782 - val loss: 0.8807 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 38/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7786 - accu
racy: 0.9767 - val loss: 0.7706 - val accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 39/50
racy: 0.9780 - val loss: 0.9285 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 40/50
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7216 - accu
racy: 0.9783 - val loss: 0.9317 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 41/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7098 - accu
racy: 0.9780 - val loss: 0.9825 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 42/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6639 - accu
racy: 0.9813 - val loss: 0.9120 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 43/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6375 - accu
racy: 0.9815 - val loss: 1.2511 - val accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 44/50
```

```
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7082 - accu
racy: 0.9785 - val loss: 0.9283 - val accuracy: 0.9870
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6106 - accu
racy: 0.9845 - val loss: 0.8911 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 46/50
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6737 - accu
racy: 0.9808 - val loss: 1.0990 - val_accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 47/50
racy: 0.9787 - val loss: 1.3349 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 48/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.6577 - accu
racy: 0.9830 - val loss: 1.3496 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 49/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.9656 - accu
racy: 0.9787 - val loss: 1.0118 - val_accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 50/50
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 40ms/step - loss: 0.7398 - accu
racy: 0.9823 - val loss: 1.8748 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                               In [32]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
   "feature extraction with data augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
32/32 [============= ] - 1s 33ms/step - loss: 0.7367 - accura
cy: 0.9790
Test accuracy: 0.979
```

# Fine-tuning a pretrained model

In [33]:

conv\_base.summary()
Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<pre>input_3 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, None, None, 3)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	147584

```
block2 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 128)
block3 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                     295168
block3 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                     590080
block3 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                      590080
block3 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
block4 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     1180160
block4 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                      2359808
block4 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     2359808
block4 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     2359808
block5 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                      2359808
block5 conv3 (Conv2D)
                                                     2359808
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
______
Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 0
Non-trainable params: 14,714,688
Freezing all layers until the fourth from the last
conv base.trainable = True
for layer in conv base.layers[:-4]:
```

In [34]:

In [35]:

```
layer.trainable = False
```

## Fine-tuning the model

```
model.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy",
              optimizer=keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning rate=1e-5),
              metrics=["accuracy"])
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="fine tuning.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
```

#### callbacks=callbacks)

```
Epoch 1/30
uracy: 0.9780 - val loss: 0.7297 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 2/30
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.5555 - accu
racy: 0.9808 - val loss: 0.9200 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 3/30
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.3402 - accu
racy: 0.9852 - val loss: 0.7360 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 4/30
188/188 [============== ] - 9s 45ms/step - loss: 0.3804 - accu
racy: 0.9852 - val loss: 0.7474 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 5/30
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.3299 - accu
racy: 0.9845 - val loss: 0.7136 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 6/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.3167 - accu
racy: 0.9865 - val loss: 0.6155 - val accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 7/30
racy: 0.9855 - val loss: 0.5729 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 8/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.1810 - accu
racy: 0.9900 - val loss: 0.7391 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 9/30
racy: 0.9895 - val loss: 0.5627 - val accuracy: 0.9800
Epoch 10/30
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.1326 - accu
racy: 0.9900 - val loss: 0.5365 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 11/30
racy: 0.9918 - val loss: 0.6783 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 12/30
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.1389 - accu
racy: 0.9902 - val_loss: 0.4407 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 13/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.1394 - accu
racy: 0.9915 - val loss: 0.4445 - val accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 14/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.1565 - accu
racy: 0.9918 - val loss: 0.4780 - val accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 15/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.0792 - accu
racy: 0.9940 - val loss: 0.5984 - val accuracy: 0.9810
Epoch 16/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.1312 - accu
racy: 0.9907 - val loss: 0.7834 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 17/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.0776 - accu
racy: 0.9950 - val loss: 0.6558 - val accuracy: 0.9840
```

```
Epoch 18/30
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.0899 - accu
racy: 0.9920 - val loss: 0.6427 - val accuracy: 0.9840
Epoch 19/30
racy: 0.9933 - val loss: 0.5150 - val accuracy: 0.9870
Epoch 20/30
racy: 0.9940 - val loss: 0.5283 - val accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 21/30
racy: 0.9943 - val loss: 0.5145 - val accuracy: 0.9830
Epoch 22/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.0568 - accu
racy: 0.9953 - val loss: 0.5406 - val accuracy: 0.9880
Epoch 23/30
racy: 0.9957 - val loss: 0.5038 - val accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 24/30
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.0556 - accu
racy: 0.9948 - val_loss: 0.6287 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 25/30
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 43ms/step - loss: 0.0645 - accu
racy: 0.9947 - val loss: 0.4839 - val_accuracy: 0.9880
Epoch 26/30
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.0593 - accu
racy: 0.9953 - val_loss: 0.5203 - val_accuracy: 0.9890
Epoch 27/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 9s 45ms/step - loss: 0.0666 - accu
racy: 0.9952 - val loss: 0.4642 - val accuracy: 0.9850
Epoch 28/30
188/188 [============== ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.0503 - accu
racy: 0.9950 - val loss: 0.4715 - val accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 29/30
188/188 [=============== ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.0286 - accu
racy: 0.9975 - val loss: 0.5109 - val accuracy: 0.9890
Epoch 30/30
188/188 [============= ] - 8s 44ms/step - loss: 0.0466 - accu
racy: 0.9965 - val loss: 0.6845 - val accuracy: 0.9810
                                                         In [36]:
model = keras.models.load model("fine tuning.keras")
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
32/32 [============= ] - 1s 33ms/step - loss: 0.9459 - accura
cy: 0.9790
Test accuracy: 0.979
```

# **Summary**

# Using a pretrained network with training sample of 5000, a validation sample of 500, and a test sample of 500

In [1]:

# Downloading the data

```
#!unzip -qq '/fs/ess/PGS0333/BA 64061 KSU/data/dogs-vs-cats.zip'
                                                                             In [2]:
#!unzip -qq train.zip
Copying images to training, validation, and test directories
                                                                             In [3]:
import os, shutil, pathlib
original dir = pathlib.Path("train")
new_base_dir = pathlib.Path("cats vs dogs small")
def make subset(subset name, start index, end index):
    for category in ("cat", "dog"):
        dir = new base dir / subset name / category
        os.makedirs(dir)
        fnames = [f"{category}.{i}.jpg" for i in range(start_index,
end index)]
        for fname in fnames:
            shutil.copyfile(src=original dir / fname,
                             dst=dir / fname)
make subset("train", start index=0, end index=4999)
make subset ("validation", start index=5000, end index=5499)
make subset("test", start index=5500, end index=5999)
```

# **Building the model**

#### Instantiating a small convnet for dogs vs. cats classification

```
In [4]:
"""
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255) (inputs)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2) (x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=3, activation="relu") (x)
```

```
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
                                                                           Out[4]:
'\nfrom tensorflow import keras\nfrom tensorflow.keras import layers\ninputs
= keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))\nx = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(inputs) \nx =
 layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.M
axPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, act
ivation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2
D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D
(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="r
elu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=
256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.Flatten()(x)\noutputs =
layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)\nmodel = keras.Model(inputs=inputs,
outputs=outputs) \n'
                                                                            In [5]:
# model.summary()
Configuring the model for training
                                                                            In [6]:
11 11 11
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
                                                                           Out[6]:
'\nmodel.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",\n
                                                              optimizer="rmspro
                   metrics=["accuracy"]) \n'
p", \n
Data preprocessing
Using image_dataset_from_directory to read images
                                                                            In [7]:
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.utils import image dataset from directory
train_dataset = image_dataset_from_directory(
    new base dir / "train",
    image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
validation dataset = image dataset from directory(
    new_base_dir / "validation",
    image_size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
test dataset = image dataset from directory(
```

new base dir / "test",

```
image size=(180, 180),
    batch size=32)
Found 9998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
Found 998 files belonging to 2 classes.
                                                                             In [8]:
11 11 11
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
random numbers = np.random.normal(size=(1000, 16))
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random numbers)
                                                                            Out[8]:
'\nimport numpy as np\nimport tensorflow as tf\nrandom numbers = np.random.no
rmal(size=(1000, 16)) \ndataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(random nu
mbers) \n'
                                                                             In [9]:
,, ,, ,,
for i, element in enumerate(dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[9]:
'\nfor i, element in enumerate(dataset):\n print(element.shape)\n
                                                                             if i >
= 2: \n
              break\n'
                                                                            In [10]:
11 11 11
batched dataset = dataset.batch(32)
for i, element in enumerate (batched dataset):
   print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
,, ,, ,,
                                                                           Out[10]:
'\nbatched dataset = dataset.batch(32)\nfor i, element in enumerate(batched d
ataset):\n
             print(element.shape)\n if i >= 2:\n
                                                             break\n'
                                                                            In [11]:
** ** **
reshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))
for i, element in enumerate (reshaped dataset):
    print(element.shape)
    if i >= 2:
        break
                                                                           Out[11]:
'\nreshaped dataset = dataset.map(lambda x: tf.reshape(x, (4, 4)))\nfor i, el
ement in enumerate(reshaped dataset):\n print(element.shape)\n
2:\n
            break\n'
```

#### Displaying the shapes of the data and labels yielded by the Dataset

```
In [12]:
** ** **
for data batch, labels batch in train dataset:
    print("data batch shape:", data batch.shape)
    print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)
    break
                                                                             Out[12]:
'\nfor data batch, labels batch in train dataset:\n print("data batch shap
e:", data batch.shape)\n print("labels batch shape:", labels batch.shape)\
     break\n'
Fitting the model using a Dataset
                                                                              In [13]:
** ** **
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="convnet from scratch.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
]
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
11 11 11
                                                                             Out[13]:
'\ncallbacks = [\n keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
                                                                   filepath="con
vnet from scratch.keras",\n save best only=True,\n
                                                                    monitor="val
_loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train_dataset,\n epochs=30,\n idation_data=validation_dataset,\n callbacks=callbacks) \n'
Displaying curves of loss and accuracy during training
                                                                              In [14]:
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
loss = history.history["loss"]
val loss = history.history["val loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
** ** **
                                                                            Out[14]:
'\nimport matplotlib.pyplot as plt\naccuracy = history.history["accuracy"]\nv
al accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]\nloss = history.history["loss"]
\nval loss = history.history["val loss"]\nepochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
\nplt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "bo", label="Training accuracy") \nplt.plot(epoch
s, val accuracy, "b", label="Validation accuracy") \nplt.title("Training and v
alidation accuracy") \nplt.legend() \nplt.figure() \nplt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo",
 label="Training loss") \nplt.plot(epochs, val loss, "b", label="Validation lo
ss") \nplt.title("Training and validation loss") \nplt.legend() \nplt.show() \n'
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                            In [15]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                           Out[15]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model("convnet from scratch.keras")\ntest 1
oss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset) \nprint(f"Test accuracy: {te
st acc:.3f}") \n'
Using data augmentation
Define a data augmentation stage to add to an image model
                                                                            In [16]:
data augmentation = keras. Sequential (
        layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
        layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
        layers.RandomZoom(0.2),
)
11 11 11
                                                                            Out[16]:
'\ndata augmentation = keras.Sequential(\n
                                                            layers.RandomFlip("h
orizontal"),\n
                       layers.RandomRotation(0.1),\n
                                                              layers.RandomZoom
(0.2), n
            ]\n)\n'
Displaying some randomly augmented training images
                                                                            In [17]:
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, in train dataset.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        augmented images = data augmentation(images)
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
```

```
plt.imshow(augmented images[0].numpy().astype("uint8"))
        plt.axis("off")
                                                                          Out[17]:
'\nplt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))\nfor images, _ in train_dataset.take(1):\n
for i in range(9):\n
                             augmented images = data augmentation(images) \n
      ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1) \n
                                              plt.imshow(augmented images[0].n
                                 plt.axis("off") \n'
umpy().astype("uint8"))\n
Defining a new convnet that includes image augmentation and dropout
                                                                           In [18]:
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data_augmentation(inputs)
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)
x = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
              optimizer="rmsprop",
              metrics=["accuracy"])
11 11 11
                                                                          Out[18]:
'\ninputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))\nx = data augmentation(inputs)\n
x = layers.Rescaling(1./255)(x) \nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3,
activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.C
onv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling
2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=3, activation=
"relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filter
s=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)\nx = layers.MaxPooling2D(pool siz
e=2)(x)\nx = layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=3, activation="relu")(x)
nx = layers.Flatten()(x) \nx = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x) \noutputs = layers.Dense
(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)\nmodel = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outp
uts) \n\nmodel.compile(loss="binary crossentropy", \n
                                                                   optimizer="r
msprop", \n
                        metrics=["accuracy"]) \n'
Training the regularized convnet
                                                                           In [19]:
11 11 11
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
```

```
filepath="convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=100,
    validation data=validation dataset,
    callbacks=callbacks)
                                                                        Out[19]:
'\ncallbacks = [\n keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(\n
                                                                filepath="con
vnet from scratch with augmentation.keras",\n save best only=True,\n
     monitor="val loss") \n] \nhistory = model.fit(\n train dataset, \n
             validation data=validation dataset,\n callbacks=callbacks)
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                                          In [20]:
11 11 11
test model = keras.models.load model(
    "convnet from scratch with augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
                                                                         Out[20]:
'\ntest model = keras.models.load model(\n
                                              "convnet from scratch with augm
entation.keras")\ntest loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)\npr
int(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}") \n'
Leveraging a pretrained model
Feature extraction with a pretrained model
Instantiating the VGG16 convolutional base
                                                                          In [21]:
from tensorflow import keras # import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers
conv base = keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16(
    weights="imagenet",
    include top=False,
    input shape=(180, 180, 3))
                                                                          In [22]:
conv base.summary()
Model: "vgg16"
```

Output Shape

\_\_\_\_\_\_

input\_1 (InputLayer) [(None, 180, 180, 3)] 0

Param #

Layer (type)

block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 180	), 180, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 180	), 180, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 90,	90, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 90,	90, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 90,	90, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 45,	45, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 45,	45, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 22,	22, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 22,	22, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 11,	11, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 5,	5, 512)	0

Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 14,714,688

Non-trainable params: 0

# Fast feature extraction without data augmentation

## Extracting the VGG16 features and corresponding labels

```
import numpy as np

def get_features_and_labels(dataset):
    all_features = []
    all_labels = []
    for images, labels in dataset:
```

In [23]:

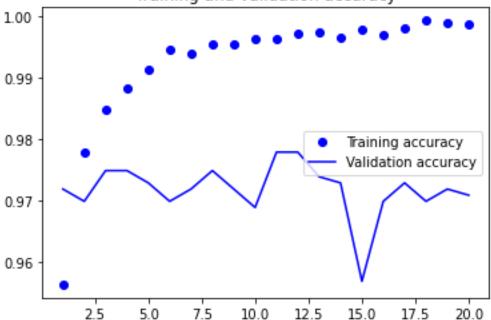
```
preprocessed images =
keras.applications.vgg16.preprocess input(images)
       features = conv base.predict(preprocessed images)
       all features.append(features)
       all labels.append(labels)
   return np.concatenate(all features), np.concatenate(all labels)
train features, train labels = get_features_and_labels(train_dataset)
val features, val labels = get features and labels(validation dataset)
test features, test labels = get features and labels(test dataset)
                                                                  In [24]:
train features.shape
                                                                 Out[24]:
(9998, 5, 5, 512)
Defining and training the densely connected classifier
                                                                  In [25]:
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(5, 5, 512))
x = layers.Flatten()(inputs)
x = layers.Dense(256)(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
            optimizer="rmsprop",
            metrics=["accuracy"])
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
     filepath="feature extraction.keras",
     save best only=True,
     monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train features, train labels,
   epochs=20,
   validation data=(val features, val labels),
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/20
acy: 0.9564 - val loss: 5.2808 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 2/20
acy: 0.9779 - val loss: 5.5756 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 3/20
313/313 [============== ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 1.9265 - accur
acy: 0.9849 - val loss: 5.5961 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 4/20
313/313 [============== ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 1.5110 - accur
acy: 0.9883 - val loss: 4.9416 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 5/20
```

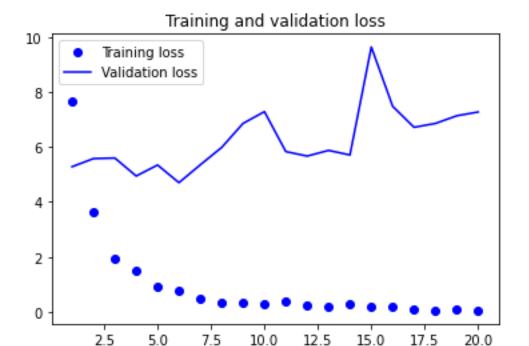
```
313/313 [============= ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.9044 - accur
acy: 0.9915 - val loss: 5.3424 - val accuracy: 0.9729
acy: 0.9947 - val loss: 4.7005 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 7/20
313/313 [============== ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.4912 - accur
acy: 0.9940 - val loss: 5.3495 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 8/20
acy: 0.9956 - val loss: 5.9827 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 9/20
acy: 0.9956 - val loss: 6.8560 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 10/20
313/313 [============== ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2664 - accur
acy: 0.9964 - val loss: 7.2837 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 11/20
313/313 [============== ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.3664 - accur
acy: 0.9964 - val loss: 5.8309 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 12/20
acy: 0.9973 - val loss: 5.6674 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 13/20
acy: 0.9976 - val loss: 5.8744 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 14/20
acy: 0.9966 - val loss: 5.7072 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 15/20
acy: 0.9980 - val loss: 9.6363 - val accuracy: 0.9569
Epoch 16/20
acy: 0.9971 - val_loss: 7.4781 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 17/20
acy: 0.9982 - val loss: 6.7146 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 18/20
acy: 0.9994 - val loss: 6.8548 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 19/20
313/313 [============== ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0696 - accur
acy: 0.9990 - val loss: 7.1342 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 20/20
acy: 0.9989 - val loss: 7.2712 - val accuracy: 0.9709
Plotting the results
```

In [26]:

```
loss = history.history["loss"]
val_loss = history.history["val_loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, acc, "bo", label="Training accuracy")
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, "b", label="Validation accuracy")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```







## Feature extraction together with data augmentation

## Instantiating and freezing the VGG16 convolutional base

layers.RandomRotation(0.1),
layers.RandomZoom(0.2),

```
In [27]:
conv base = keras.applications.vgg16.VGG16(
    weights="imagenet",
    include top=False)
conv base.trainable = False
Printing the list of trainable weights before and after freezing
                                                                             In [28]:
conv base.trainable = True
print("This is the number of trainable weights "
      "before freezing the conv base: ", len(conv base.trainable weights))
This is the number of trainable weights before freezing the conv base: 26
                                                                             In [29]:
conv base.trainable = False
print("This is the number of trainable weights "
      "after freezing the conv base:", len(conv base.trainable weights))
This is the number of trainable weights after freezing the conv base: 0
Adding a data augmentation stage and a classifier to the convolutional base
                                                                             In [30]:
data augmentation = keras.Sequential(
        layers.RandomFlip("horizontal"),
```

```
)
inputs = keras.Input(shape=(180, 180, 3))
x = data augmentation(inputs)
x = keras.applications.vgg16.preprocess input(x)
x = conv base(x)
x = layers.Flatten()(x)
x = layers.Dense(256)(x)
x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
model.compile(loss="binary crossentropy",
          optimizer="rmsprop",
          metrics=["accuracy"])
                                                        In [31]:
callbacks = [
   keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
      filepath="feature extraction with data augmentation.keras",
      save best only=True,
      monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
   train dataset,
   epochs=50,
   validation data=validation dataset,
   callbacks=callbacks)
Epoch 1/50
uracy: 0.9346 - val loss: 5.2397 - val accuracy: 0.9679
Epoch 2/50
uracy: 0.9525 - val loss: 2.3895 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 3/50
uracy: 0.9564 - val loss: 1.5804 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 4/50
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 1.1197 - acc
uracy: 0.9556 - val loss: 0.9224 - val accuracy: 0.9689
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.6696 - acc
uracy: 0.9590 - val loss: 0.8900 - val accuracy: 0.9639
Epoch 6/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.6269 - acc
uracy: 0.9626 - val loss: 0.7655 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 7/50
uracy: 0.9633 - val loss: 0.7202 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 8/50
uracy: 0.9650 - val loss: 1.2151 - val accuracy: 0.9629
Epoch 9/50
```

```
uracy: 0.9677 - val loss: 1.3147 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 10/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7644 - acc
uracy: 0.9653 - val loss: 1.2588 - val accuracy: 0.9709
Epoch 11/50
uracy: 0.9664 - val loss: 1.0466 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 12/50
uracy: 0.9679 - val loss: 0.8831 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 13/50
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7914 - acc
uracy: 0.9659 - val loss: 1.3361 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 14/50
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7501 - acc
uracy: 0.9682 - val loss: 1.0085 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 15/50
uracy: 0.9687 - val loss: 1.1531 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 16/50
uracy: 0.9715 - val loss: 1.2293 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 17/50
uracy: 0.9698 - val loss: 1.2263 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 18/50
uracy: 0.9700 - val loss: 2.0989 - val accuracy: 0.9589
Epoch 19/50
uracy: 0.9714 - val loss: 2.0393 - val accuracy: 0.9609
Epoch 20/50
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7890 - acc
uracy: 0.9707 - val_loss: 1.2456 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 21/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7665 - acc
uracy: 0.9715 - val loss: 1.3908 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 22/50
uracy: 0.9734 - val loss: 1.5127 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 23/50
uracy: 0.9741 - val loss: 1.7963 - val accuracy: 0.9639
Epoch 24/50
uracy: 0.9725 - val loss: 1.5686 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 25/50
uracy: 0.9714 - val loss: 1.5058 - val_accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 26/50
uracy: 0.9740 - val loss: 1.7395 - val_accuracy: 0.9679
```

```
Epoch 27/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8709 - acc
uracy: 0.9710 - val loss: 1.6984 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 28/50
uracy: 0.9765 - val loss: 2.1059 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 29/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.9013 - acc
uracy: 0.9723 - val loss: 3.1759 - val accuracy: 0.9549
Epoch 30/50
uracy: 0.9715 - val loss: 2.2850 - val accuracy: 0.9669
Epoch 31/50
uracy: 0.9762 - val loss: 2.2964 - val accuracy: 0.9619
Epoch 32/50
uracy: 0.9751 - val loss: 1.7148 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 33/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8062 - acc
uracy: 0.9731 - val loss: 1.8675 - val_accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 34/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8036 - acc
uracy: 0.9761 - val loss: 2.8071 - val accuracy: 0.9609
Epoch 35/50
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8583 - acc
uracy: 0.9745 - val loss: 1.7494 - val_accuracy: 0.9709
Epoch 36/50
uracy: 0.9755 - val loss: 2.0629 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 37/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7910 - acc
uracy: 0.9764 - val loss: 2.2334 - val accuracy: 0.9679
Epoch 38/50
uracy: 0.9767 - val loss: 1.9966 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 39/50
uracy: 0.9763 - val loss: 2.7698 - val accuracy: 0.9609
Epoch 40/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7939 - acc
uracy: 0.9778 - val loss: 2.7091 - val accuracy: 0.9679
Epoch 41/50
uracy: 0.9771 - val loss: 2.7788 - val accuracy: 0.9679
Epoch 42/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.9186 - acc
uracy: 0.9747 - val loss: 1.8424 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 43/50
uracy: 0.9773 - val loss: 3.0520 - val accuracy: 0.9589
Epoch 44/50
```

```
313/313 [=============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8122 - acc
uracy: 0.9754 - val loss: 1.7815 - val accuracy: 0.9709
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8498 - acc
uracy: 0.9762 - val loss: 1.9218 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 46/50
uracy: 0.9775 - val loss: 2.2869 - val accuracy: 0.9689
Epoch 47/50
uracy: 0.9753 - val loss: 2.1793 - val accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 48/50
313/313 [============== ] - 11s 35ms/step - loss: 0.8180 - acc
uracy: 0.9790 - val loss: 4.1362 - val accuracy: 0.9539
Epoch 49/50
uracy: 0.9769 - val loss: 2.7774 - val accuracy: 0.9619
Epoch 50/50
uracy: 0.9767 - val loss: 2.1626 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Evaluating the model on the test set
                                                     In [32]:
test model = keras.models.load model(
   "feature extraction with data augmentation.keras")
test loss, test acc = test model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
32/32 [============= ] - 1s 30ms/step - loss: 0.4685 - accura
cv: 0.9850
Test accuracy: 0.985
```

# Fine-tuning a pretrained model

In [33]:

conv\_base.summary()
Model: "vgg16"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, None, None, 3)]	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, None, None, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, None, None, 128)	147584

```
block2 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 128)
block3 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                     295168
block3 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                     590080
block3 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
                                                      590080
block3 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
block4 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     1180160
block4 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                      2359808
block4 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     2359808
block4 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 conv1 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                     2359808
block5 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                      2359808
block5 conv3 (Conv2D)
                                                     2359808
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
______
Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 0
Non-trainable params: 14,714,688
Freezing all layers until the fourth from the last
conv base.trainable = True
for layer in conv base.layers[:-4]:
```

In [34]:

In [35]:

```
layer.trainable = False
```

## Fine-tuning the model

```
model.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy",
              optimizer=keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning rate=1e-5),
              metrics=["accuracy"])
callbacks = [
    keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
        filepath="fine tuning.keras",
        save best only=True,
        monitor="val loss")
history = model.fit(
    train dataset,
    epochs=30,
    validation data=validation dataset,
```

#### callbacks=callbacks)

```
Epoch 1/30
uracy: 0.9767 - val loss: 1.6411 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 2/30
uracy: 0.9794 - val loss: 1.8219 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 3/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.4577 - acc
uracy: 0.9802 - val loss: 1.4528 - val accuracy: 0.9709
Epoch 4/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.2875 - acc
uracy: 0.9846 - val loss: 1.2672 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 5/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.2989 - acc
uracy: 0.9837 - val loss: 0.9301 - val accuracy: 0.9780
Epoch 6/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.2356 - acc
uracy: 0.9844 - val loss: 0.9989 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 7/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.2032 - acc
uracy: 0.9842 - val loss: 1.1434 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 8/30
uracy: 0.9864 - val loss: 1.0423 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 9/30
uracy: 0.9870 - val loss: 0.6818 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 10/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.1539 - acc
uracy: 0.9859 - val loss: 0.8058 - val accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 11/30
uracy: 0.9881 - val loss: 0.7075 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 12/30
uracy: 0.9900 - val loss: 0.7504 - val_accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 13/30
uracy: 0.9914 - val loss: 0.9088 - val accuracy: 0.9719
Epoch 14/30
313/313 [=============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.1122 - acc
uracy: 0.9895 - val loss: 0.5597 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 15/30
313/313 [=============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.0837 - acc
uracy: 0.9897 - val loss: 0.9406 - val accuracy: 0.9709
Epoch 16/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0726 - acc
uracy: 0.9915 - val loss: 0.9343 - val accuracy: 0.9669
Epoch 17/30
uracy: 0.9914 - val loss: 1.0177 - val accuracy: 0.9689
```

```
Epoch 18/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.0694 - acc
uracy: 0.9932 - val loss: 0.7923 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 19/30
uracy: 0.9949 - val loss: 0.7644 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 20/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0601 - acc
uracy: 0.9934 - val loss: 0.7196 - val accuracy: 0.9749
Epoch 21/30
uracy: 0.9943 - val loss: 0.6580 - val accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 22/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0531 - acc
uracy: 0.9933 - val loss: 0.9021 - val accuracy: 0.9739
Epoch 23/30
uracy: 0.9918 - val loss: 0.6082 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 24/30
uracy: 0.9943 - val loss: 0.6947 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 25/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.0404 - acc
uracy: 0.9949 - val loss: 0.5410 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 26/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0479 - acc
uracy: 0.9942 - val_loss: 0.7172 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
Epoch 27/30
313/313 [=============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0333 - acc
uracy: 0.9953 - val loss: 0.5674 - val accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 28/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 38ms/step - loss: 0.0354 - acc
uracy: 0.9957 - val loss: 0.5682 - val accuracy: 0.9770
Epoch 29/30
313/313 [============== ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0309 - acc
uracy: 0.9961 - val loss: 0.6533 - val accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 30/30
313/313 [============= ] - 12s 39ms/step - loss: 0.0487 - acc
uracy: 0.9945 - val loss: 0.6744 - val accuracy: 0.9770
                                                         In [36]:
model = keras.models.load model("fine tuning.keras")
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(test dataset)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc:.3f}")
32/32 [============== ] - 1s 30ms/step - loss: 0.3557 - accura
cy: 0.9810
Test accuracy: 0.981
```

# **Summary**