Case Study 2

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10/28/2021 Tools -> Global Options -> Code -> Display -> Show Margin # contains info about the aggregate counts of voters who actually voted by demographic variables history <- read.table("history_stats_20201103.txt", header = TRUE, fill = TRUE, sep = '\t') # contains info about the aggregate counts of registered voters by demographic variables voter <- read.table("voter_stats_20201103.txt", header = TRUE, fill = TRUE, sep = '\t')</pre> # set "" or " " to NA voter[voter == ""] <- NA</pre> voter[voter == " "] <- NA</pre> history[history == " "] <- NA unique(voter\$election_date) # "11/03/2020" NA ## [1] "11/03/2020" NA unique(voter\$stats_type) # "history" NA ## [1] "voter" NA unique(voter\$update_date) # "01/13/2021" NA ## [1] NA # remove above three columns voter <- voter %>% select(-election_date, -stats_type, -update_date) history <- history %>% select(-election_date, -stats_type, -update_date) history <- history %>% mutate(total_voters = as.numeric(total_voters)) voter <- voter %>%

mutate(total_voters2 = as.numeric(total_voters))

```
# aggregated_data <- aggregate(voter$total_voters,</pre>
                                list(county_desc = voter$county_desc,
#
                                     age=voter$age,
                                     party_cd=voter$party_cd,
#
#
                                     race_code = voter$race_code,
#
                                     sex_code = voter$sex_code,
#
                                     precinct_abbrv = voter$precinct_abbrv,
                                     ethnic_code = voter$ethnic_code,
#
#
                                     voting_method_desc = voter$voting_method_desc),
#
                                sum)
#
# aggregated_data <- aggregated_data %>%
\# rename(total_voters = x)
history <- history %>%
  group_by(county_desc, age, party_cd, race_code, ethnic_code, sex_code) %%
  summarize(total_vot = sum(total_voters,na.rm =T))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'county_desc', 'age', 'party_cd', 'race_code', 'ethnic_code'. Yo
data <- voter %>%
  group_by(county_desc, party_cd, race_code, ethnic_code, sex_code, age) %>%
  summarize(total_reg = sum(total_voters2, na.rm= T)) %>%
  left_join(history, by = c("county_desc", "age", "party_cd", "race_code",
                      "ethnic_code", "sex_code"))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'county_desc', 'party_cd', 'race_code', 'ethnic_code', 'sex_code
data <- data %>%
  mutate(total_vot = as.numeric(total_vot),
         total_reg = as.numeric(total_reg),
         county_desc = as.factor(county_desc),
         party_cd = as.factor(party_cd),
         race_code = as.factor(race_code),
         sex_code = as.factor(sex_code),
         ethnic_code = as.factor(ethnic_code),
         age = as.factor(age))
data <- data %>%
  filter( !is.na(total_reg))
data$total_vot <- ifelse(is.na(data$total_vot), 0, data$total_vot)</pre>
set.seed(1031)
counties <- sample(unique(data$county_desc), 30)</pre>
data <- data %>%
  filter(county_desc %in% counties)
```

```
sum(is.na(data))
## [1] 5
data <- data %>% drop_na()
```

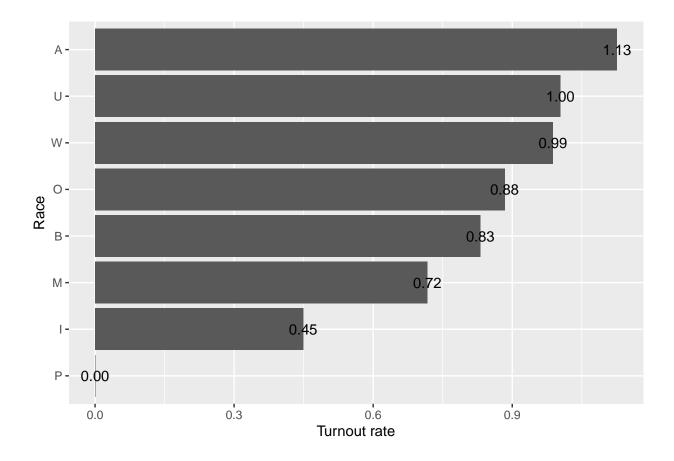
EDA

```
turnout_rate <- sum(data$total_vot) / sum(data$total_reg)

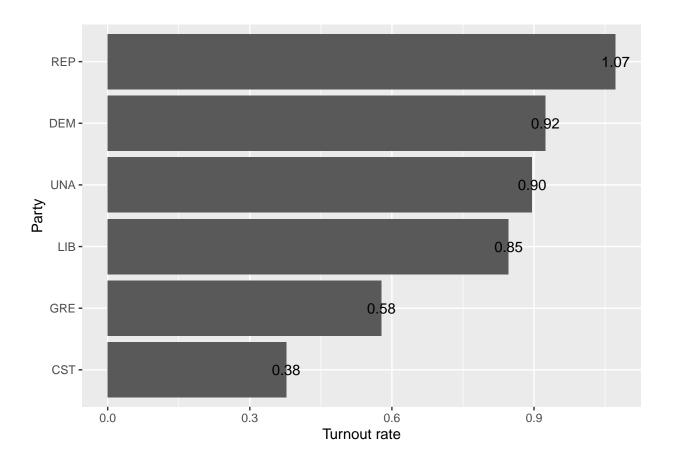
data.frame(group = "Total", turnout_rate = turnout_rate)

## group turnout_rate
## 1 Total     0.9482582

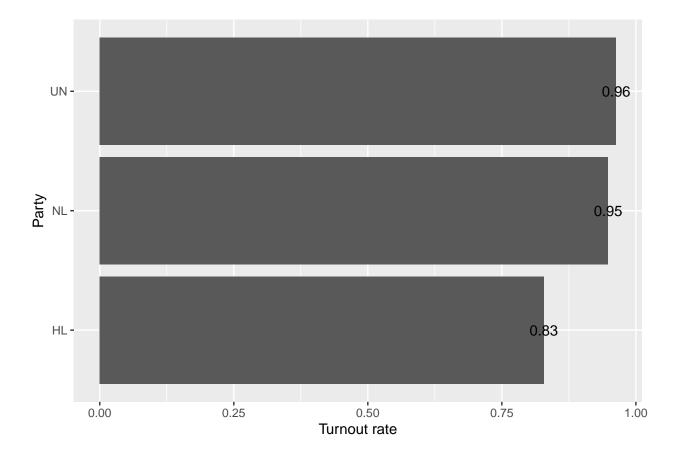
race</pre>
```



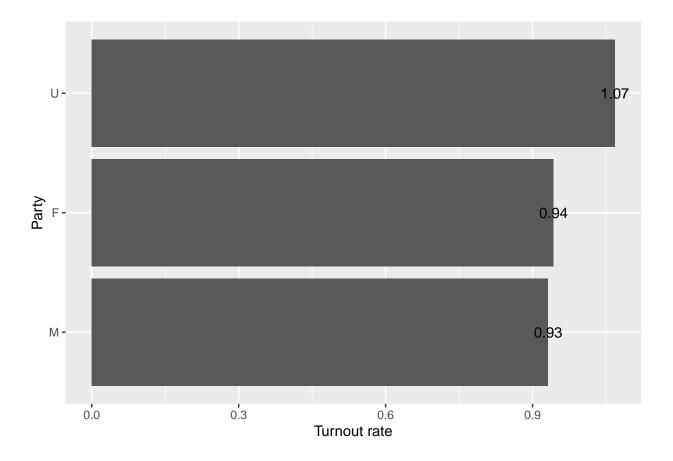
party



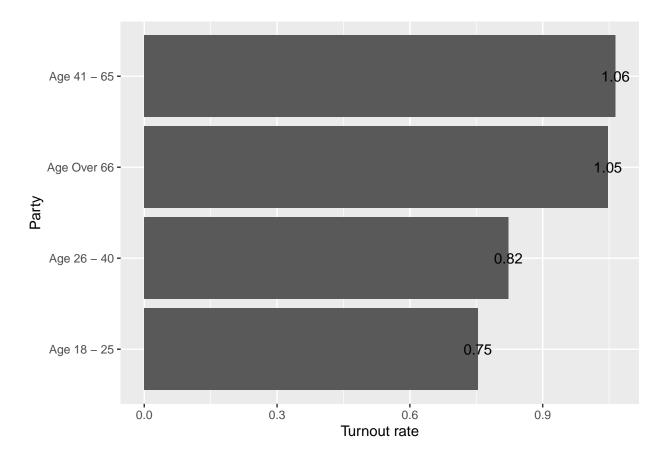
ethnic groups



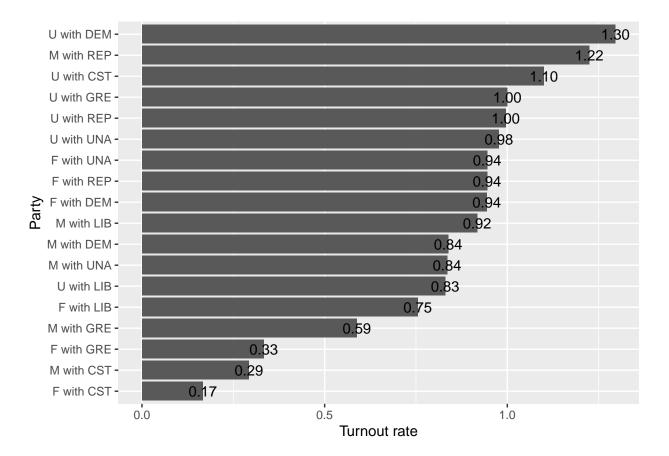
sex



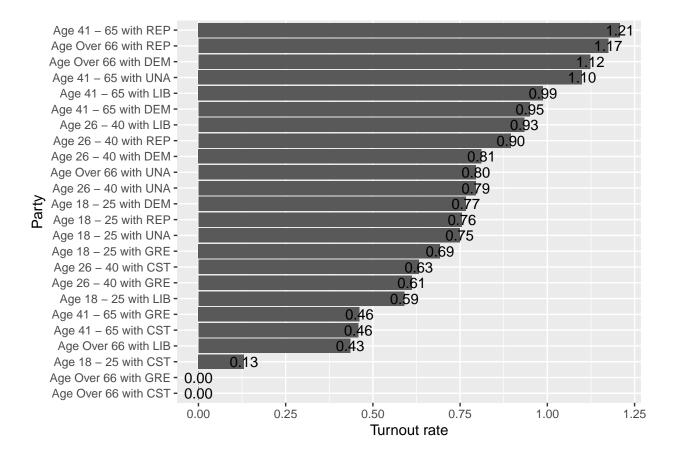
age



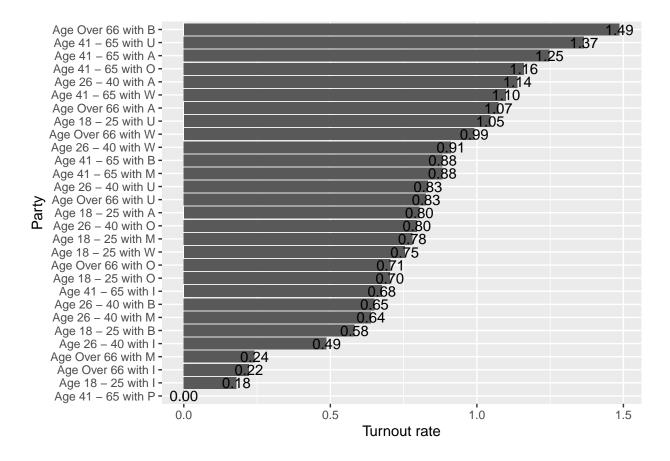
$\mathbf{sex}\ \&\ \mathbf{party}$



age & party



age & race



Model