HOMEWORK SET #1

EE 510: Linear Algebra for Engineering Assigned: 25 August 2023

Due: 31 August 2023

Directions: Please show all work and box answers when appropriate.

- 1. Introduction to Linear Algebra by Gilbert Strang (5th Edition):
 - a) Problem Set 1.2: #5, #6, #13, and #16
- 2. Prove: For any $u, v, w \in \mathbb{C}^n$ and $k \in \mathbb{C}$:
 - a) $(u+v)\cdot w = u\cdot w + v\cdot w$
 - b) $||u|| \ge 0$; and ||u|| = 0 if and only if $u = \mathbf{0}$
 - c) k(u+v) = ku + kv

NOTE:
$$u \cdot v = \sum_{k=1}^{n} u_k v_k^*$$
.

- 3. Prove: Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ and $B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$:
 - a) If A has a zero row, then AB has a zero row
 - b) If B has a zero column, then AB has a zero column
- 4. Prove: Let $A_1, A_2, ..., A_n \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$:
 - a) $(A_1 A_2 A_{n-1} A_n)^T = A_n^T A_{n-1}^T A_2^T A_1^T$
 - b) $(A_1A_2...A_{n-1}A_n)^{-1} = A_n^{-1}A_{n-1}^{-1}...A_2^{-1}A_1^{-1}$ if the A_k 's are invertible.
- 5. Suppose A and B are unitary. Show that $A^H,\,A^{-1},\,A^HB^{-1}$ are unitary.
- 6. Let A be a square matrix. Show that
 - a) $A + A^H$ is Hermitian
 - b) $A A^H$ is skew-Hermitian
 - c) A = B + C, where B is Hermitian and C is skew-Hermitian.