

Simple Tight-Binding Model on Triangular Lattice

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THE MODEL DEFINITION

The simple tight-binding model on the triangular lattice is defined as follow:

- Only nearest-neighbor hopping is considered
- No spin-flip hopping is involved
- Only one orbit and two spin flavors (spin-up and spin-down) are involved on every lattice site

The model Hamiltonian:

$$H = -t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle \alpha} c_{i\alpha}^\dagger c_{j\alpha} + \mu \sum_{i\alpha} c_{i\alpha}^\dagger c_{i\alpha} \quad (1)$$

where $\langle ij \rangle$ stands for nearest-neighbor and α correspond to spin-up and spin-down.

The resulting dispersion relation is:

$$E_{\mathbf{k}} = \mu - 2t(\cos \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}_1 + \cos \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}_2 + \cos \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}_3) \quad (2)$$

THE BASIC ASPECTS

The basic aspects of this model is shown in Fig. 1.

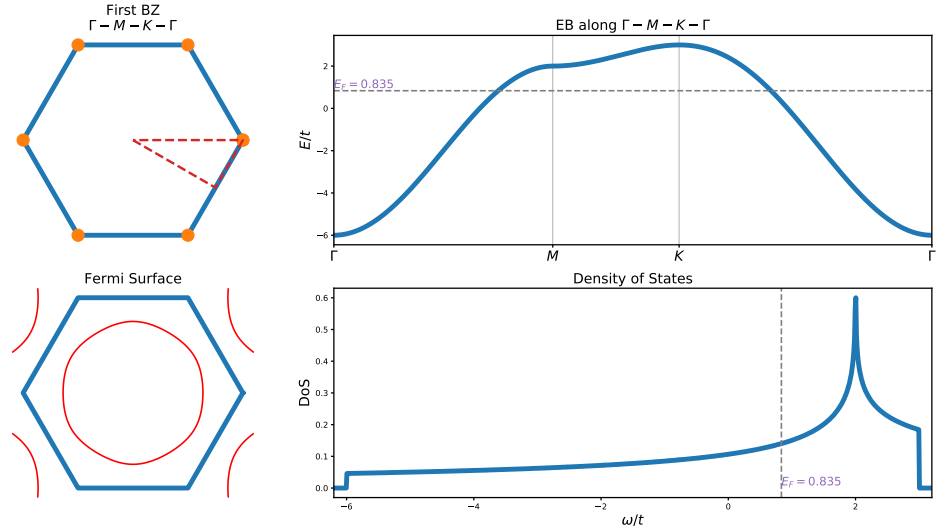


FIG. 1: The basic aspects of the tight-binding model.