- ROI (region of interest), 感兴趣区域。
- 从被处理的图像以方框、圆、椭圆、不规则多边形等方式 勾勒出需要处理的区域。
- 可以通过各种算子(Operator)和函数来求得感兴趣区域 ROI,并进行图像的下一步处理。

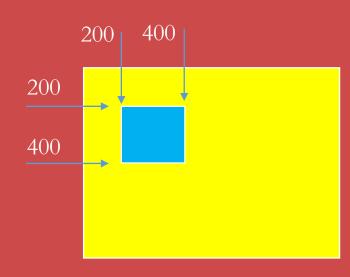




import cv2

img=cv2.imread('图像名称')

face=img[200:400,200:400]

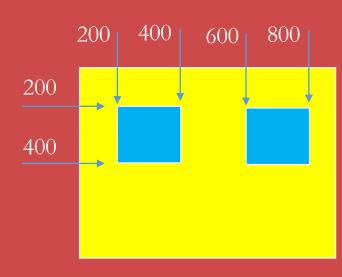


import cv2

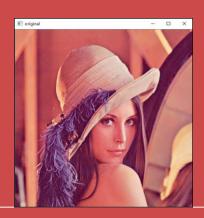
img=cv2.imread('图像名称')

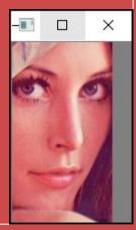
face=img[200:400,200:400]

img[200:400,600:800]=face



- import cv2
- import numpy as np
- a=cv2.imread("image\lenacolor.png",cv2.IMREAD\_UNCHANGED)
- face=np.ones((101,101,3))
- cv2.imshow("original",a)
- face=a[220:400,250:350]
- cv2.imshow("face",face)
- cv2.waitKey()
- cv2.destroyAllWindows()





- import cv2
- import numpy as np
- a=cv2.imread("image\lenacolor.png",cv2.IMREAD\_UNCHANGED)
- face=np.ones((101,101,3))
- cv2.imshow("original",a)
- face=a[220:400,250:350]
- a[0:180,0:100]=face
- cv2.imshow("result",a)
- cv2.waitKey()
- cv2.destroyAllWindows()





- import cv2
- import numpy as np
- a=cv2.imread("image\lenacolor.png",cv2.IMREAD\_UNCHANGED)
- b=cv2.imread("image\girl.bmp",cv2.IMREAD\_UNCHANGED)
- face=np.ones((101,101,3))
- cv2.imshow("originalA",a)
- cv2.imshow("originalB",b)
- face=a[220:400,250:350]
- b[0:180,0:100]=face
- cv2.imshow("result",b)
- cv2.waitKey()
- cv2.destroyAllWindows()







### OpenCV+Python图像处理

图像处理利器 ——



