计算机科学与技术学院 数据库系统 课程实验报告

实验题目: 复制表, 删除数据		学号: 201600301291
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实验目的:

练习复制表操作,对数据中不符合要求的进行筛选及删除操作

实验软件和硬件环境:

Windows10操作系统,实验提供的数据库操作平台

实验原理和方法:

复制表 create table test3_01 as select * from tablename 删除数据 delete from tablename where condition 常用的筛选操作 like '% %'字符匹配

Substr(sid, 1, 1)截取字符或字符串

Extract(year from birthday) 返回 birthday 的年份

Length(name) 求长度函数

删除表 drop table

实验步骤: (不要求罗列完整源代码)

1. 题目分析

首先执行 复制表操作

Create table test3 01 as

Select * from pub. student_31

删除学号中的错误数据

Delete from test3 01

Where Length (name) <>12

Substr(name, 1, 1) not between '0' and

·9,

create table test3_01 as

select *

from pub. student 31

delete from test3_01

where substr(sid, 1, 1) not between '0' and '9'

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or substr(sid, 2, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 3, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 4, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 5, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 6, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 7, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 8, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 9, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 10, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 11, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 12, 1) not between '0' and '9'
create table test3_02 as
 select *
 from pub. student 31
delete from test3 02
 where (2012-extract (year from birthday)) <> age
create table test3 03 as
 select *
 from pub. student 31
delete from test3 03
 where sex<>'男'
 and sex<>'女'
 and sex is not null
create table test3_04 as
 select *
 from pub. student 31
delete from test3 04
 where dname like '% %' or length(dname) <3 or dname is null
create table test3_05 as
    select *
    from pub. student 31
delete from test3 05
    where length(class) <>4 or substr(class, 1, 4) not between '2004' and
'2011'
create table test3 06 as
 select *
 from pub. student 31
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delete from test3 06
 where substr(sid, 1, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 2, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 3, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 4, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 5, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 6, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 7, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 8, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 9, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 10, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 11, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or substr(sid, 12, 1) not between '0' and '9'
 or (2012-extract (year from birthday)) <> age
 or name like '% %' or length(name) <2
 or dname like '% %' or length(dname) <3 or dname is null
or sex<>'男'
 and sex<>'女'
 and sex is not null
 or length(class)<>4
create table test3 07 as
 select *
 from pub. student_course_32
delete from test3 07
 where sid not in(select sid
                   from pub. student)
create table test3_08 as
 select *
 from pub.student_course_32
delete from test3 08
 where (cid, tid) not in (select s. cid, s. tid
                  pub. teacher_course s)
create table test3 09 as
 select *
 from pub.student_course_32
delete from test3 09
 where score<0 or score>100
create table test3 10 as
 select *
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from pub.student_course_32

delete from test3_10

where sid not in (select sid from pub. STUDENT) or cid not in(select cid from pub.course) or tid not in(select tid from pub.teacher) or score<0 or score >100 or (cid, tid) not in(select cid, tid from pub. TEACHER_COURSE)

结论分析与体会:

进行对数据的删除操作时,一定要将数据复制到新表中在进行操作,以 免丢失数据,对数据的筛选时要考虑到各种不符合情况,例如数字中含有的字符, 空值等等,有时还需要对数据进行分析从而找出与大多数数据不一样的数据